SAR TEST REPORT

For

Collage Investments LLC.

Smart phone

Test Model: Smooth 5.0 2022

Additional Model No.: /

Prepared for	:	Collage Investments LLC.
Address	:	6030 NW 99 Ave #414, Doral, FL, United States, 33178

Prepared by	:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address	:	101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
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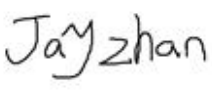
Date of receipt of test sample	:	March 09, 2022
Number of tested samples	:	2
Sample No.	:	220228141A-1, 220228141A-2
Serial number	:	Prototype
Date of Test	:	March 09, 2022~March 29, 2022
Date of Report	:	April 08, 2022

Scan code to check authenticity

SAR TEST REPORT	
Report Reference No.....:	**LCS220228141AEB**
Date Of Issue.....:	April 08, 2022
Testing Laboratory Name.....:	**Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**
Address.....:	101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Testing Location/ Procedure.....:	Full application of Harmonised standards ■ Partial application of Harmonised standards □ Other standard testing method □
Applicant's Name.....:	**Collage Investments LLC.**
Address.....:	6030 NW 99 Ave #414, Doral, FL, United States, 33178
Test Specification:	
Standard.....:	IEEE Std C95.1, 2019& IEEE Std 1528™-2013&FCC Part 2.1093
Test Report Form No.....:	LCSEMC-1.0
TRF Originator.....:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF.....:	Dated 2011-03

Test Item Description.....:	**Smart phone**
Trade Mark.....:	S Smooth
Model/Type Reference.....:	Smooth 5.0 2022
Operation Frequency.....:	GSM 850/PCS1900,WCDMA Band II/V; LTE Band 2/4/5/38 WLAN2.4G and Bluetooth4.2.
Ratings.....:	Input: DC 5V, 1.5A For Adapter Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A For Adapter Output: DC 5.0V, 1.5A DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 2200mAh
Result .....:	**Positive**

Compiled by:	**Supervised by:**	**Approved by:**
		
Jay Zhan/ File administrators	Jin Wang/ Technique principal	Gavin Liang/ Manager

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : LCS220228141AEB	April 08, 2022 Date of issue

Type / Model.....	: Smooth 5.0 2022
EUT.....	: Smart phone
Applicant.....	**: Collage Investments LLC.**
Address.....	: 6030 NW 99 Ave #414, Doral, FL, United States, 33178
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Manufacturer.....	**: Collage Investments LLC.**
Address.....	: 6030 NW 99 Ave #414, Doral, FL, United States, 33178
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Factory.....	**: Collage Investments LLC.**
Address.....	: 6030 NW 99 Ave #414, Doral, FL, United States, 33178
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /

Test Result	Positive

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revison History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	April 08, 2022	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

IEEE Std C95.1, 2019: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric,Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields,0 Hz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.
IEEE Std 1528™-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
FCC Part 2.1093:Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB648474 D04: Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR Guidance For Ieee 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR Meaurement Procedures
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode: SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	March 09, 2022
Testing commenced on	:	March 09, 2022
Testing concluded on	:	March 29, 2022

1.4. Product Description

The Collage Investments LLC.. Model: Smooth 5.0 2022 or the “EUT” as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user’s manual of the EUT.

General Description	
Product Name:	Smart phone
Test Model:	Smooth 5.0 2022
List Model No.:	/
Model Declaration	/
Hardware Version:	J517C_63_32EMB_D3AFV1.0
Software Version:	/
Power supply:	Input: DC 5V, 1.5A For Adapter Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A For Adapter Output: DC 5.0V, 1.5A DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 2200mAh
The EUT is GSM,WCDMA,LTE,WLAN. the Smart phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM850,PCS1900,WCDMA Band II,Band V,LTE Band2,Band4,Band5,Band38, , Bluetooth,WiFi2.4G functions. For more information see the following datasheet	

Technical Characteristics	
GSM	
Support Band:	☒ GSM 900 (EU-Band) ☒ DCS 1800 (EU-Band) ☒ GSM 850 (U.S.-Band) ☒ PCS 1900 (U.S.-Band)
Frequency:	GSM850:824.2~848.8MHz GSM1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz
Release Version:	R6
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class12 PCS1900:Power Class12
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; 8PSK for EGPRS
DTM Mode:	Not Supported
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna 0dBi (max.) For GSM 850 0dBi (max.) For PCS 1900
UMTS	
Support Networks:	☒ WCDMA Band II (U.S.-Band) ☒ WCDMA Band V (U.S.-Band) ☐ WCDMA Band IV (U.S.-Band) ☐ WCDMA Band I (EU-Band) ☒ WCDMA Band VIII (EU-Band)
Release Version:	R9
Modulation Type:	QPSK, 16QAM
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna 0dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band II 0dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band V
LTE	
Support Band:	☒ E-UTRA Band 2(U.S.-Band) ☒ E-UTRA Band 3(Non U.S.-Band) ☒ E-UTRA Band 4(U.S.-Band) ☒ E-UTRA Band 5(U.S.-Band) ☒ E-UTRA Band 28(Non U.S.-Band) ☒ E-UTRA Band 38(U.S.-Band)
Power Class:	Class 3
LTE Release Version:	R12
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM
VoLTE	Not Support
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna 0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 2 0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 4 0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 5 0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 38
Bluetooth	
Frequency Range:	2402MHz-2480MHz
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2
Bluetooth Channel Number:	79 channels for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)
Bluetooth Channel Spacing:	1MHz for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)
Bluetooth Modulation Type:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna, 0dBi (max.)
2.4G WLAN	
Frequency Range:	2412 – 2462 MHz
Channel Number:	11 Channel for 20MHz bandwidth(2412~2462MHz) 7 Channel for 40MHz bandwidth(2422~2452MHz)
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Channel Spacing:	5MHz
Antenna Description:	Internal Antenna, 0dBi (max.)

GPS function:	Support and only RX
FM function	Support and only RX

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for **Smooth 5.0 2022** are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Hotspot (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
			(Separation Distance 10mm)	
PCE	GSM 850	0.027	0.435	0.435
	GSM1900	0.216	0.290	0.290
	WCDMA Band V	0.273	0.331	0.331
	WCDMA Band II	0.334	0.304	0.304
	LTE Band 2	0.387	0.288	0.288
	LTE Band 4	0.659	0.506	0.506
	LTE Band 5	0.216	0.319	0.319
	LTE Band 38	0.078	0.164	0.164
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.113	0.133	0.133

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Classment Class	Head (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Head	PCE	0.659	**0.772**
	DTS	0.113	

2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.
FCC Designation Number is CN5024.
CAB identifier is CN0071.
CNAS Registration Number is L4595.
.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
4	Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
5	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
6	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2021-11-20	2022-11-19
7	E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	2021-10-06	2022-10-05
8	DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
9	DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
10	DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
11	DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	2021-09-29	2024-09-28
12	DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
13	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
14	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
15	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
16	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
17	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
18	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
19	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	2021-11-13	2022-11-12
20	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
21	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2021-11-20	2022-11-19
22	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2021-11-20	2022-11-19
23	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2021-06-11	2022-06-10
34	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2021-06-11	2022-06-10

Note:

1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.

a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;

b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;

c) The most recent return-loss results,measued at least annually,deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;

d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the provious measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch,It sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

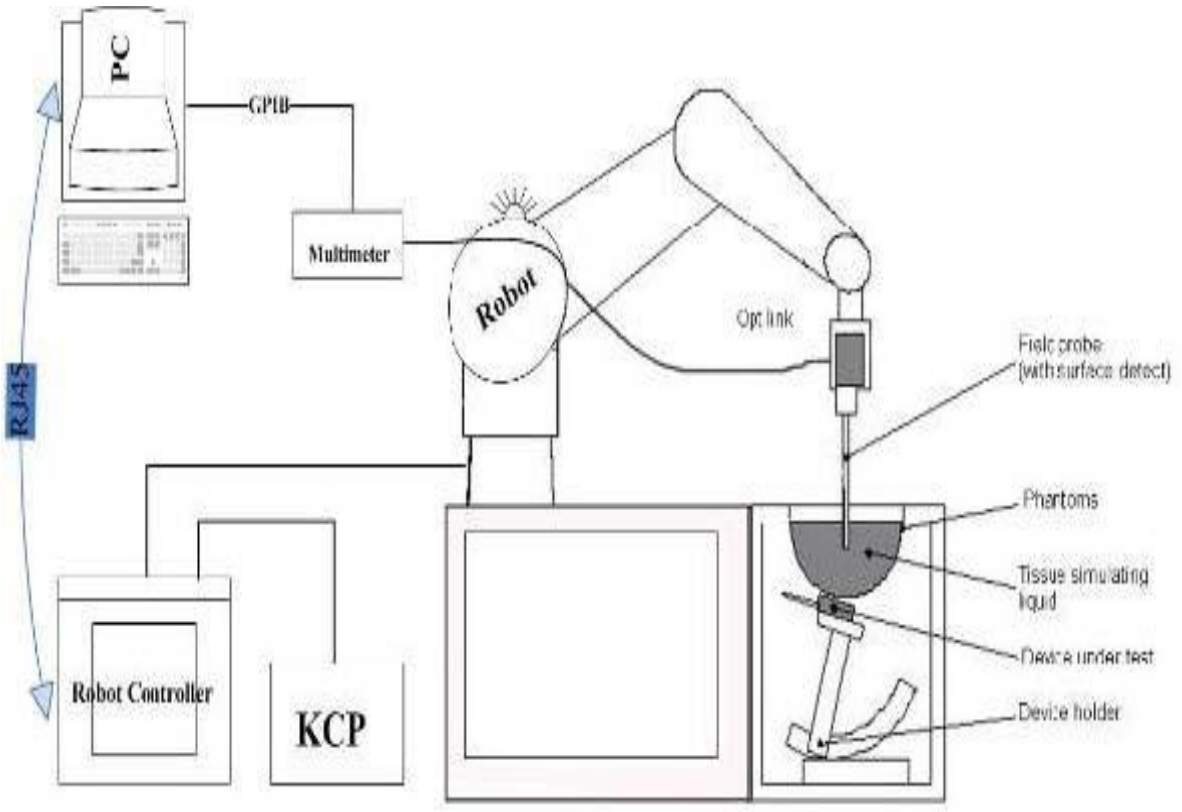
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

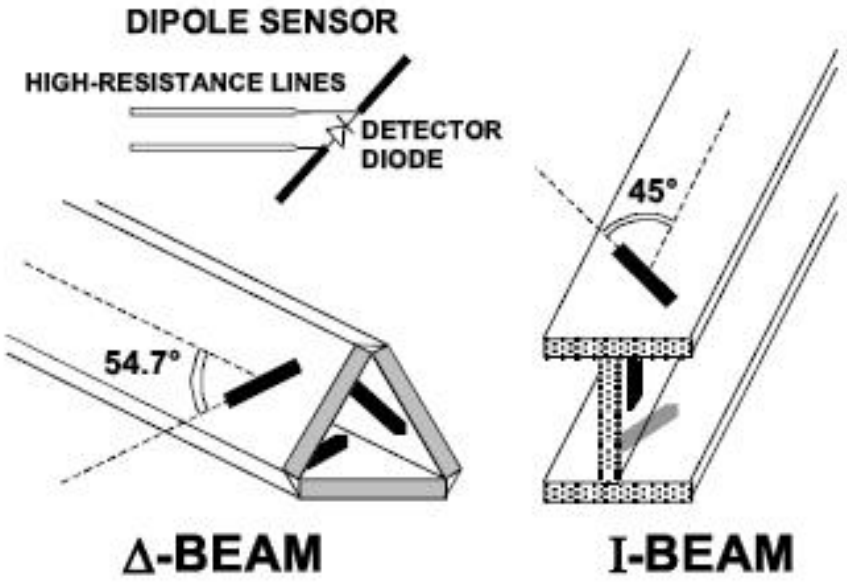
CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency	450 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity:0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

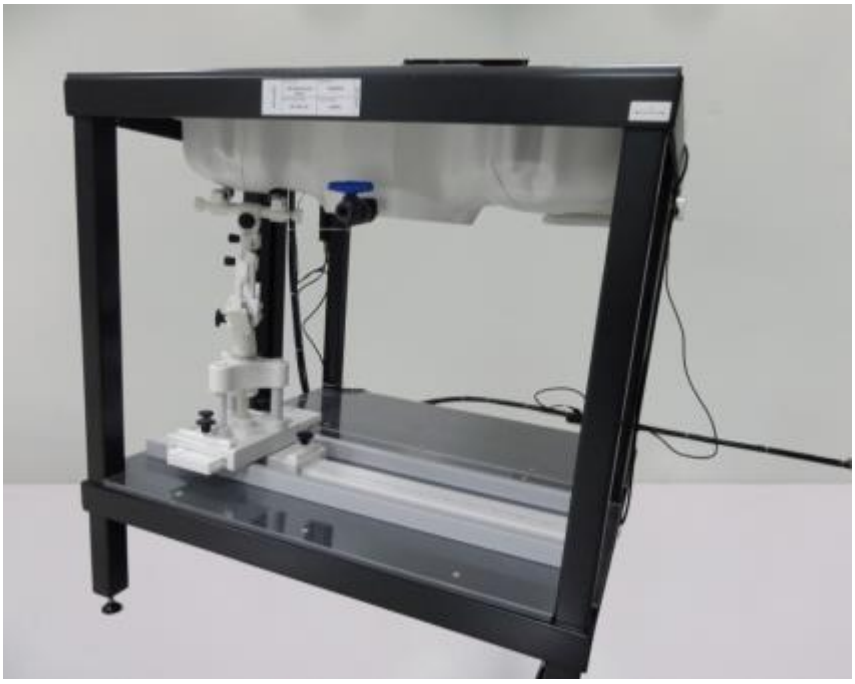
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1 , EN62209-2:2010.The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

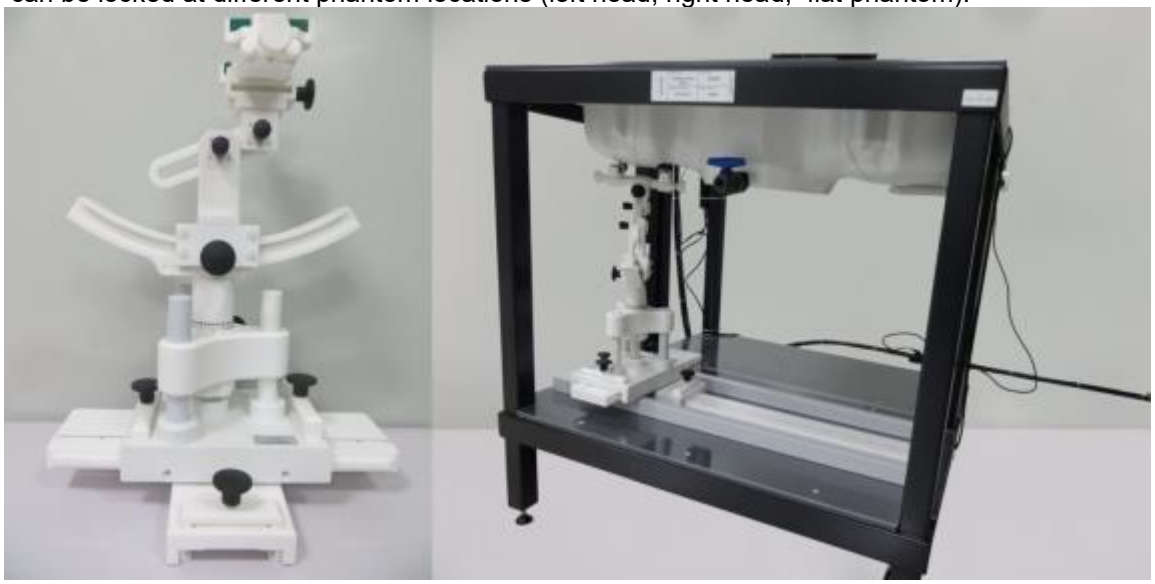
System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$½ \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field
dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\text{H} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

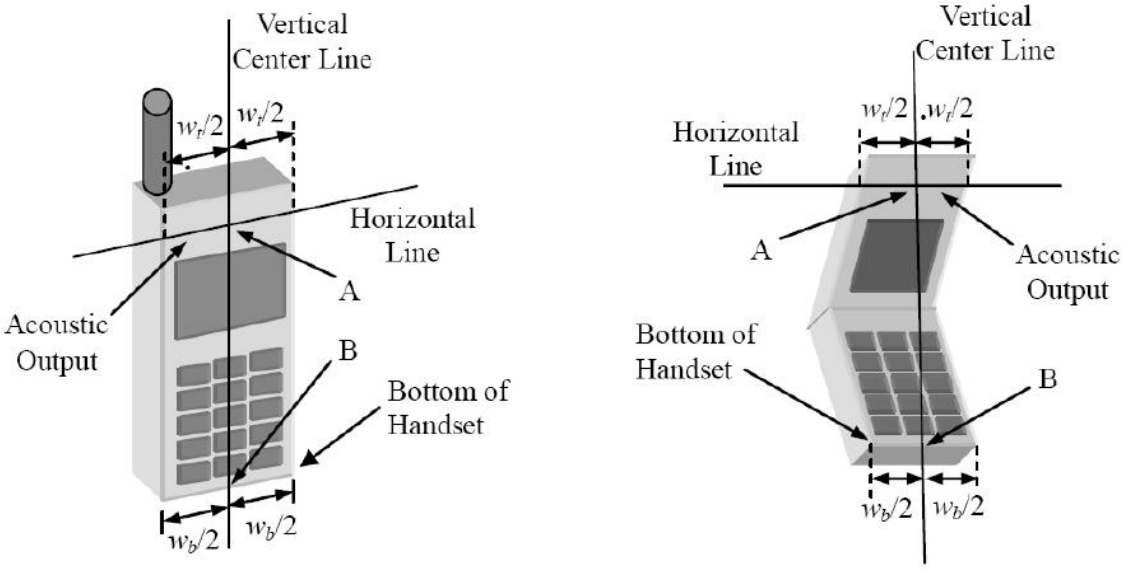
General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

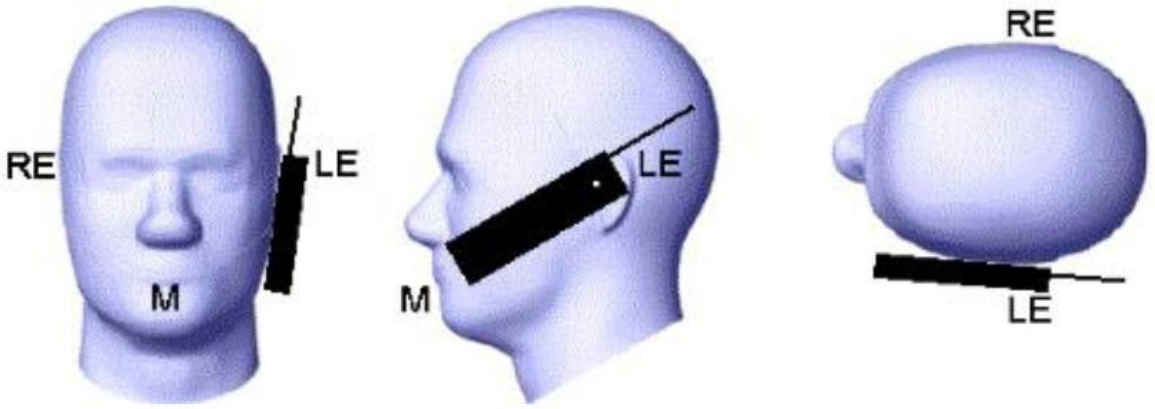
$$P_{(pwe)} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{(pwe)} = H^2_{tot} \cdot 37.7$$

Where P_{pwe}=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2
E_{tot}=total electric field strength in V/m
H_{tot}=total magnetic field strength in A/m

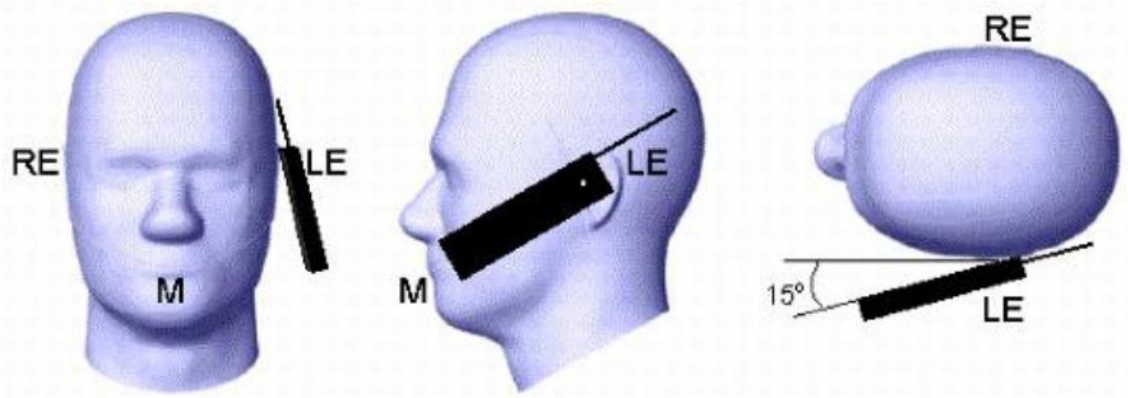


W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical “fixed” case handset Picture 1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	750MHz		835MHz		1800 MHz		1900 MHz		2450MHz		2600MHz		5000MHz	
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ε_r	$\sigma(S/m)$	ε_r	$\sigma(S/m)$
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

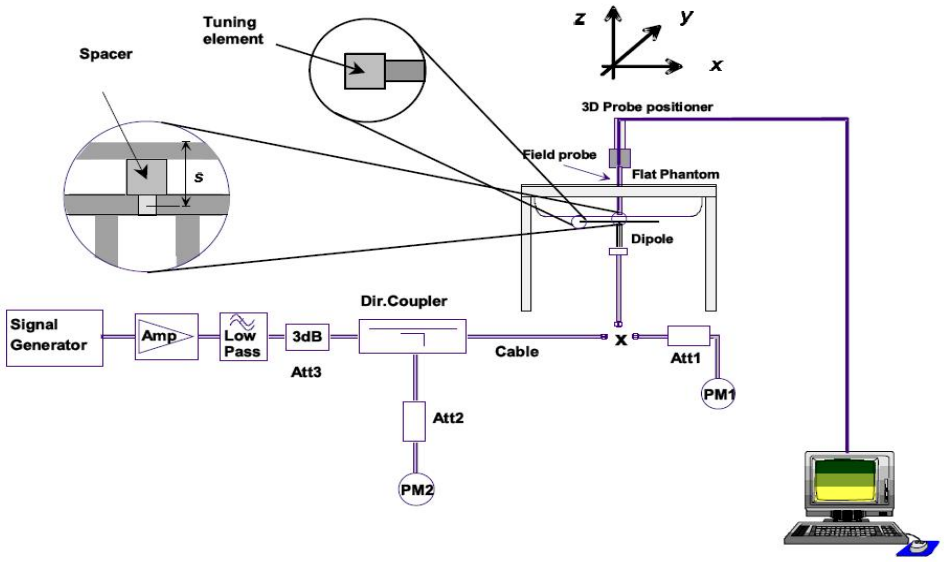
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Engineer: Jay Zhan									
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue				Liquid Temp.	Test Data
		σ	ε_r	σ	Dev.	ε_r	Dev.		
835H	835	0.90	41.50	0.92	2.22%	42.82	1.81%	21.2	03/09/2022
1800H	1800	1.52	53.30	1.50	-1.32%	52.11	-2.23%	21.5	03/14/2022
1900H	1900	1.40	40.00	1.37	-2.14%	38.56	-3.60%	22.4	03/18/2022
2450H	2450	1.80	39.20	1.84	2.22%	39.70	1.28%	23.3	03/25/2022
2600H	2600	4.66	36.00	4.59	-1.50%	35.81	-0.53%	22.2	03/29/2022

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency.The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2021-09-29	-24.49		54.9		2.8	

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2021-09-29	-20.26		43.1		6.9	

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2021-09-29	-26.43		50.5		4.7	

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2021-09-29	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2021-09-29	-29.14		49.2		3.4	

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/kg)	Drift (%)	1W Target		Difference percentage		Liquid Temp	Date
						SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/kg)	1g	10g		
Head	835	100 mW	0.923	0.639	2.03	9.60	6.20	-3.85%	3.06%	21.2	03/09/2022
		Normalize to 1 Watt	9.23	6.39							
Head	1800	100 mW	3.853	2.055	1.62	38.13	20.20	1.05%	-0.48%	21.5	03/14/2022
		Normalize to 1 Watt	38.53	20.55							
Head	1900	100 mW	3.911	2.096	-1.20	40.03	20.55	-2.30%	2.00%	22.4	03/18/2022
		Normalize to 1 Watt	39.11	20.96							
Head	2450	100 mW	5.487	2.521	-0.08	53.89	24.15	1.82%	4.39%	23.3	03/25/2022
		Normalize to 1 Watt	54.87	25.21							
Head	2600	100 mW	5.747	2.246	3.14	56.91	24.69	0.98%	-9.03%	21.2	03/29/2022
		Normalize to 1 Watt	57.47	22.46							

3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to “5” for GSM 850, set to “0” for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 4.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure
In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are requied in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(βc, βd), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (ΔACK, ΔNACK, ΔCQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: $\triangle_{ACK}$, $\triangle_{NACK}$ and $\triangle_{CQI}$= 8⇔ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$=30/15⇔ β_{hs}=30/15*β_c
Note2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.
Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c=11/15 and β_d=15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs}(1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG(4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}:47/15 β_{ed2}:47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71

5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, ΔNACK and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c = 30/15 ⇔ β_{hs}= 30/15 *β_c.
Note 2: CM = 1 for βc/βd =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the βc/βd ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 14/15 and βd = 15/15.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.
Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3.11.4 LTE Test Configuration

QPSK with 1 RB allocation
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation
The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation
For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

3.11.5 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:
1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an “initial test configuration” is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.

4. An “initial test position”is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions .
a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration.
802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures .
6. The “subsequent test configuration”procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures
Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.
1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements
SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:
a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements
When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations
When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.
3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements
The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.
a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.

d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.

2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.

d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying

the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:

1) replace “subsequent test configuration” with “next subsequent test configuration” (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
2) replace “initial test configuration” with “all tested higher output power configurations.

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1 Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

<GSM Conducted Power>
General Note:
1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slot) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.
3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4 Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

GSM 850		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm)		
			Channel/Frequency(MHz)					Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8		Max	128/ 824.2	190/ 836.6	251/8 48.8
GSM		33.00	32.70	32.69	32.67	-9.03dB	23.97	23.67	23.66	23.64
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	33.00	32.51	32.52	32.49	-9.03dB	23.97	23.48	23.49	23.46
	2TX slot	31.00	30.97	30.99	30.95	-6.02dB	24.98	24.95	24.97	24.93
	3TX slot	**30.00**	**29.51**	**29.50**	**29.49**	**-4.26dB**	**25.74**	**25.25**	**25.24**	**25.23**
	4TX slot	28.50	27.96	28.02	27.93	-3.01dB	25.49	24.95	25.01	24.92
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	26.50	25.97	26.01	25.94	-9.03dB	17.47	16.94	16.98	16.91
	2TX slot	24.50	24.46	24.48	24.48	-6.02dB	18.48	18.44	18.46	18.46
	3TX slot	23.00	22.99	22.97	22.96	-4.26dB	18.74	18.73	18.71	18.70
	4TX slot	22.00	21.48	21.51	21.44	-3.01dB	18.99	18.47	18.50	18.43
GSM 1900		Tune-up	Burst Conducted power (dBm)			Division Factors	Tune-up	Average power (dBm)		
			Channel/Frequency(MHz)					Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
		Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8		Max.	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8
GSM		30.00	29.66	29.71	29.63	-9.03dB	20.97	20.63	20.68	20.60
GPRS (GMSK)	1TX slot	30.00	29.54	29.55	29.50	-9.03dB	20.97	20.51	20.52	20.47
	2TX slot	28.00	27.95	27.99	27.93	-6.02dB	21.98	21.93	21.97	21.91
	3TX slot	**26.50**	**26.44**	**26.48**	**26.46**	**-4.26dB**	**22.24**	**22.18**	**22.22**	**22.20**
	4TX slot	25.00	24.98	24.98	24.97	-3.01dB	21.99	21.97	21.97	21.96
EGPRS (8PSK)	1TX slot	26.00	25.44	25.51	25.48	-9.03dB	16.97	16.41	16.48	16.45
	2TX slot	25.00	24.00	24.00	23.93	-6.02dB	18.98	17.98	17.98	17.91
	3TX slot	23.00	22.50	22.51	22.46	-4.26dB	18.74	18.24	18.25	18.20
	4TX slot	21.50	20.98	21.01	20.93	-3.01dB	18.49	17.97	18.00	17.92

Notes:
1. Division Factors
To average the power, the division factor is as follows:
1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB
2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB
3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 3Txslot for GPRS850 and 3Txslot GPRS1900.

<UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station R&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 47/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

General Note

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V)

Item	band	WCDMA Band II result (dBm)			WCDMA Band V result (dBm)		
		Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
	sub-test	9262/ 1852.4	9400/ 1880	9538/ 1907.6	4132/ 826.4	4182/ 836.4	4233/ 846.6
	12.2kbps	23.50	23.53	23.59	23.52	23.39	23.56
HSDPA	Sub –Test 1	22.97	22.93	23.00	22.84	22.73	22.80
	Sub –Test 2	22.71	22.74	22.78	22.81	22.72	22.71
	Sub –Test 3	22.86	22.77	22.85	22.71	22.78	22.87
	Sub –Test 4	22.80	22.85	22.84	22.84	22.87	22.71
HSUPA	Sub –Test 1	22.83	22.82	22.82	22.82	22.85	22.71
	Sub –Test 2	22.81	22.83	22.75	22.88	22.79	22.84
	Sub –Test 3	22.86	22.72	22.78	22.76	22.84	22.86
	Sub –Test 4	22.80	22.86	22.85	22.82	22.70	22.85
	Sub –Test 5	22.84	22.79	22.70	22.80	22.75	22.82

Note: When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/2dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

LTE Band2

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1850.7	1	0	21.97	21.11
		1	3	22.34	21.43
		1	5	22.13	21.10
		3	0	22.16	20.92
		3	2	22.21	20.75
		3	3	22.12	20.99
		6	0	21.17	20.26
	1880.0	1	0	22.05	20.96
		1	3	22.06	21.20
		1	5	21.95	20.78
		3	0	22.10	20.88
		3	2	22.05	20.92
		3	3	21.98	20.87
		6	0	21.08	20.14
	1909.3	1	0	22.49	21.25
		1	3	22.03	21.14
		1	5	22.03	20.88
		3	0	22.21	20.99
		3	2	22.19	21.01
		3	3	21.97	21.06
		6	0	21.16	20.18
3	1851.5	1	0	22.03	21.00
		1	7	22.03	21.43
		1	14	22.14	21.26
		8	0	21.12	20.09
		8	4	21.10	20.07
		8	7	21.12	20.10
		15	0	21.09	20.11
	1880.0	1	0	22.00	20.92
		1	7	21.98	21.02
		1	14	21.94	20.76
		8	0	21.17	20.28
		8	4	21.10	20.10
		8	7	21.03	20.20
		15	0	21.02	20.02
	1908.5	1	0	22.22	21.14
		1	7	22.07	21.43
		1	14	22.06	21.54
		8	0	21.30	20.63
		8	4	21.23	20.66
		8	7	21.38	20.35
		15	0	21.22	20.22
5	1852.5	1	0	22.07	21.03
		1	12	22.16	21.12
		1	24	22.18	21.05
		12	0	21.15	20.09
		12	6	21.20	20.24
		12	13	21.16	20.11
		25	0	21.03	20.22
	1880.0	1	0	22.12	20.97
		1	12	22.14	21.06
		1	24	22.07	20.94
		12	0	21.13	20.38
		12	6	21.19	20.30
		12	13	21.06	20.21
		25	0	21.12	20.33
	1907.5	1	0	22.02	21.01

		1	12	22.48	21.19
		1	24	22.08	21.11
		12	0	21.09	20.16
		12	6	21.06	20.21
		12	13	21.19	20.18
		25	0	21.13	20.15
10	1855.0	1	0	22.08	21.05
		1	24	22.31	21.46
		1	49	22.12	21.17
		25	0	21.14	20.08
		25	12	21.21	20.23
		25	25	21.40	20.43
		50	0	21.21	20.25
	1880.0	1	0	21.95	21.13
		1	24	22.34	21.62
		1	49	21.82	21.01
		25	0	21.21	20.33
		25	12	21.26	20.39
		25	25	21.09	20.24
		50	0	21.20	20.18
	1905.0	1	0	20.17	19.16
		1	24	22.68	21.63
		1	49	21.13	20.12
		25	0	21.32	20.56
		25	12	21.45	20.50
		25	25	21.19	20.37
		50	0	22.03	20.66
15	1857.5	1	0	22.13	21.06
		1	37	22.13	21.37
		1	74	21.94	21.23
		37	0	21.16	21.03
		37	18	21.73	21.28
		37	38	21.07	21.27
		75	0	21.22	20.30
	1880.0	1	0	22.00	20.97
		1	37	21.95	21.02
		1	74	21.76	20.89
		37	0	21.10	21.02
		37	18	21.07	20.86
		37	38	20.97	20.99
		75	0	21.18	20.20
	1902.5	1	0	21.11	20.32
		1	37	21.59	20.89
		1	74	21.86	21.22
		37	0	20.14	20.78
		37	18	21.27	21.03
		37	38	21.03	21.11
		75	0	20.97	20.08
20	1860.0	1	0	22.14	20.82
		1	49	22.39	21.43
		1	99	21.56	20.94
		50	0	21.27	20.41
		50	25	21.24	20.45
		50	50	21.28	20.42
		100	0	21.14	20.35
	1880.0	1	0	21.93	21.12
		1	49	22.36	22.02
		1	99	21.70	21.25
		50	0	21.13	20.22
		50	25	21.18	20.24
		50	50	21.02	20.14

		100	0	21.19	20.20
	1900.0	1	0	21.86	20.61
		1	49	21.57	20.47
		1	99	22.07	21.14
		50	0	20.76	19.98
		50	25	20.90	19.99
		50	50	21.04	20.14
		100	0	21.05	20.04

LTE Band4

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1710.7	1	0	22.41	21.47
		1	3	22.41	21.56
		1	5	22.47	21.53
		3	0	22.57	21.52
		3	2	22.54	21.37
		3	3	22.44	21.39
		6	0	21.43	20.57
	1732.5	1	0	22.42	21.40
		1	3	22.39	21.36
		1	5	22.47	21.28
		3	0	22.47	21.24
		3	2	22.43	21.21
		3	3	22.37	21.13
		6	0	21.35	20.41
	1754.3	1	0	21.99	21.12
		1	3	22.21	21.25
		1	5	22.18	21.07
		3	0	22.13	20.88
		3	2	22.11	20.91
		3	3	22.06	20.88
		6	0	21.16	20.36
3	1711.5	1	0	22.24	21.50
		1	7	22.49	21.41
		1	14	22.39	21.67
		8	0	21.73	20.87
		8	4	21.59	20.60
		8	7	21.72	20.68
		15	0	21.74	20.56
	1732.5	1	0	22.50	21.46
		1	7	22.46	21.54
		1	14	22.52	21.09
		8	0	21.59	20.51
		8	4	21.64	20.49
		8	7	21.50	20.55
		15	0	21.47	20.46
	1753.5	1	0	22.05	20.89
		1	7	21.99	20.93
		1	14	22.09	21.32
		8	0	21.17	20.07
		8	4	21.12	20.34
		8	7	21.18	20.18
		15	0	21.12	20.16
5	1712.5	1	0	22.59	21.60
		1	12	22.54	21.53
		1	24	22.48	21.51
		12	0	21.72	20.60
		12	6	21.77	20.56
		12	13	21.58	20.51
		25	0	21.62	20.51
	1732.5	1	0	22.70	21.34
		1	12	22.41	21.31
		1	24	22.44	21.37
		12	0	21.50	20.56
		12	6	21.48	20.54
		12	13	21.34	20.31
		25	0	21.47	20.56

	1752.5	1	0	22.54	21.26
		1	12	22.32	21.05
		1	24	22.28	21.22
		12	0	21.20	20.36
		12	6	21.09	20.04
		12	13	21.12	20.08
		25	0	21.13	20.28
10	1715.0	1	0	22.30	21.18
		1	24	22.40	21.34
		1	49	21.15	20.12
		25	0	22.23	21.01
		25	12	22.18	20.76
		25	25	21.52	20.64
		50	0	21.78	20.89
	1732.5	1	0	22.25	21.34
		1	24	22.42	21.80
		1	49	21.99	21.17
		25	0	21.41	20.46
		25	12	21.40	20.38
		25	25	21.29	20.35
		50	0	21.34	20.37
	1750.0	1	0	22.30	21.20
		1	24	22.69	21.67
		1	49	22.37	21.03
		25	0	21.47	20.59
		25	12	21.46	20.67
		25	25	21.26	20.31
		50	0	21.28	20.33
15	1717.5	1	0	21.70	20.66
		1	37	21.59	20.61
		1	74	21.63	20.89
		37	0	20.90	21.58
		37	18	21.81	21.81
		37	38	21.36	21.10
		75	0	21.57	20.55
	1732.5	1	0	22.43	21.53
		1	37	22.57	21.42
		1	74	22.09	21.47
		37	0	21.50	21.42
		37	18	21.60	21.44
		37	38	21.40	21.35
		75	0	21.60	20.40
	1747.5	1	0	22.32	21.74
		1	37	22.67	21.44
		1	74	22.15	21.37
		37	0	21.80	21.42
		37	18	21.61	21.60
		37	38	21.38	21.54
		75	0	21.62	20.59
20	1720.0	1	0	21.64	20.53
		1	49	21.83	20.78
		1	99	22.18	21.43
		50	0	21.53	20.50
		50	25	21.42	20.41
		50	50	21.25	20.41
		100	0	21.47	20.41
	1732.5	1	0	21.72	20.98
		1	49	22.70	21.45
		1	99	22.05	21.01
		50	0	21.40	20.58
		50	25	21.38	20.44

		50	50	21.28	20.34
		100	0	21.44	20.50
	1745.0	1	0	22.18	21.58
		1	49	22.66	22.36
		1	99	22.18	21.20
		50	0	21.47	20.56
		50	25	21.36	20.43
		50	50	21.23	20.29
		100	0	21.34	20.47

LTE Band5

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	824.7	1	0	23.20	22.44
		1	3	23.27	22.49
		1	5	23.08	21.64
		3	0	23.66	22.47
		3	2	23.63	22.44
		3	3	22.79	21.53
		6	0	22.95	21.90
	836.5	1	0	23.52	22.50
		1	3	23.48	22.80
		1	5	23.46	22.53
		3	0	23.45	22.40
		3	2	23.31	22.04
		3	3	23.37	22.13
		6	0	22.50	21.51
	848.3	1	0	23.23	22.09
		1	3	23.44	22.72
		1	5	23.49	22.52
		3	0	23.33	22.11
		3	2	23.38	22.06
		3	3	23.34	22.20
		6	0	22.41	21.47
3	825.5	1	0	23.39	22.41
		1	7	23.27	22.54
		1	14	23.55	22.59
		8	0	22.28	21.20
		8	4	22.28	21.41
		8	7	22.24	21.49
		15	0	22.33	21.34
	836.5	1	0	23.52	22.61
		1	7	23.64	22.83
		1	14	23.44	22.42
		8	0	22.52	21.29
		8	4	22.44	21.44
		8	7	22.45	21.33
		15	0	22.45	21.47
	847.5	1	0	23.08	22.45
		1	7	23.26	22.40
		1	14	23.41	22.42
		8	0	22.45	21.28
		8	4	22.37	21.46
		8	7	22.41	21.59
		15	0	22.34	21.30
5	826.5	1	0	23.20	22.32
		1	12	23.62	22.63
		1	24	23.36	22.29
		12	0	22.42	21.36
		12	6	22.36	21.43
		12	13	22.28	21.18
		25	0	22.42	21.43
	836.5	1	0	23.28	22.33
		1	12	23.50	22.46
		1	24	23.27	22.20
		12	0	22.52	21.43
		12	6	22.50	21.32
		12	13	22.52	21.43
		25	0	22.44	21.38
	846.5	1	0	23.23	22.25

		1	12	23.48	22.33
		1	24	23.29	22.50
		12	0	22.42	21.47
		12	6	22.37	21.30
		12	13	22.37	21.44
		25	0	22.41	21.34
10	829.0	1	0	22.98	22.15
		1	24	23.17	22.56
		1	49	23.09	22.05
		25	0	22.33	21.39
		25	12	22.50	21.40
		25	25	22.53	21.48
		50	0	22.43	21.33
	836.5	1	0	23.41	22.83
		1	24	23.80	23.35
		1	49	23.26	22.43
		25	0	22.48	21.51
		25	12	22.56	21.49
		25	25	22.42	21.46
		50	0	22.44	21.47
	844.0	1	0	23.17	22.38
		1	24	23.38	22.64
		1	49	23.09	22.24
		25	0	22.49	21.39
		25	12	22.46	21.45
		25	25	22.49	21.41
		50	0	22.47	21.42

LTE Band38

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	2572.5	1	0	22.41	21.69
		1	12	22.44	21.54
		1	24	22.24	21.44
		12	0	21.47	20.36
		12	6	21.48	20.36
		12	13	21.37	20.37
		25	0	21.40	20.31
	2595.0	1	0	22.45	21.48
		1	12	22.56	21.18
		1	24	22.41	21.37
		12	0	21.58	20.42
		12	6	21.59	20.43
		12	13	21.55	20.37
		25	0	21.53	20.49
	2617.5	1	0	22.81	21.92
		1	12	22.92	22.02
		1	24	22.66	21.76
		12	0	21.85	20.61
		12	6	21.81	20.61
		12	13	21.77	20.57
		25	0	21.81	20.81
10	2575.0	1	0	22.16	21.19
		1	24	22.36	21.35
		1	49	22.23	21.28
		25	0	21.43	20.31
		25	12	21.43	20.31
		25	25	21.46	20.46
		50	0	21.43	20.43
	2595.0	1	0	22.27	21.32
		1	24	22.50	21.50
		1	49	22.28	21.23
		25	0	21.58	20.28
		25	12	21.58	20.28
		25	25	21.50	20.21
		50	0	21.54	20.55
	2615.0	1	0	22.55	21.94
		1	24	22.82	22.19
		1	49	22.53	21.40
		25	0	21.77	20.70
		25	12	21.77	20.90
		25	25	21.88	20.84
		50	0	21.82	20.87
15	2577.5	1	0	22.21	21.73
		1	37	22.56	21.63
		1	74	22.16	21.68
		37	0	21.70	21.71
		37	18	21.81	21.83
		37	38	21.76	21.70
		75	0	21.47	20.52
	2595.0	1	0	22.16	21.22
		1	37	22.40	22.32
		1	74	22.56	21.77
		37	0	21.25	21.73
		37	18	21.82	21.84
		37	38	21.82	21.81
		75	0	21.51	20.44
	2612.5	1	0	22.34	21.86

		1	37	22.70	21.67
		1	74	22.29	21.90
		37	0	21.89	21.88
		37	18	21.95	21.76
		37	38	21.49	21.88
		75	0	21.65	20.60
20	2580.0	1	0	22.09	20.80
		1	49	22.37	21.59
		1	99	22.05	21.00
		50	0	21.34	20.31
		50	25	21.34	20.43
		50	50	21.42	20.42
		100	0	21.38	20.42
	2595.0	1	0	22.30	21.63
		1	49	22.62	21.91
		1	99	22.31	21.12
		50	0	21.44	20.57
		50	25	21.54	20.53
		50	50	21.48	20.44
		100	0	21.51	20.42
	2610.0	1	0	22.41	21.23
		1	49	22.69	22.23
		1	99	22.56	21.87
		50	0	21.51	20.51
		50	25	21.58	20.48
		50	50	21.74	20.73
		100	0	21.59	20.50

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	1	15.84
			2	15.76
			5.5	15.64
			11	15.59
	6	2437	1	15.88
			2	15.79
			5.5	15.72
			11	15.66
	11	2462	1	14.98
			2	14.91
			5.5	14.86
			11	14.82
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	6	14.32
			9	14.28
			12	14.21
			18	14.15
			24	14.06
			36	13.92
			48	13.85
			54	13.76
	6	2437	6	14.48
			9	14.41
			12	14.36
			18	14.28
			24	14.23
			36	14.16
			48	14.11
			54	13.93
	11	2462	6	14.16
			9	14.08
			12	14.02
			18	13.95
			24	13.87
			36	13.81
			48	13.77
			54	13.68
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	MCS0	14.51
			MCS1	14.46
			MCS2	14.41
			MCS3	14.35
			MCS4	14.30
			MCS5	13.94
			MCS6	13.88
			MCS7	13.83
	6	2437	MCS0	14.69
			MCS1	14.60
			MCS2	14.57
			MCS3	14.53
			MCS4	14.49
			MCS5	14.46
			MCS6	14.40
			MCS7	14.36
	11	2462	MCS0	14.15
			MCS1	14.09
			MCS2	14.01
			MCS3	13.94

			MCS4	13.89
			MCS5	13.82
			MCS6	13.77
			MCS7	13.71

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

<BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted AVG output power (dBm)
GFSK-BLE	0	2402	-1.81
	19	2440	-2.48
	39	2480	-2.49
GFSK	0	2402	5.43
	39	2441	4.25
	78	2480	3.59
π/4-DQPSK	0	2402	5.41
	39	2441	4.87
	78	2480	4.10
8DPSK	0	2402	5.64
	39	2441	5.14
	78	2480	4.52

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

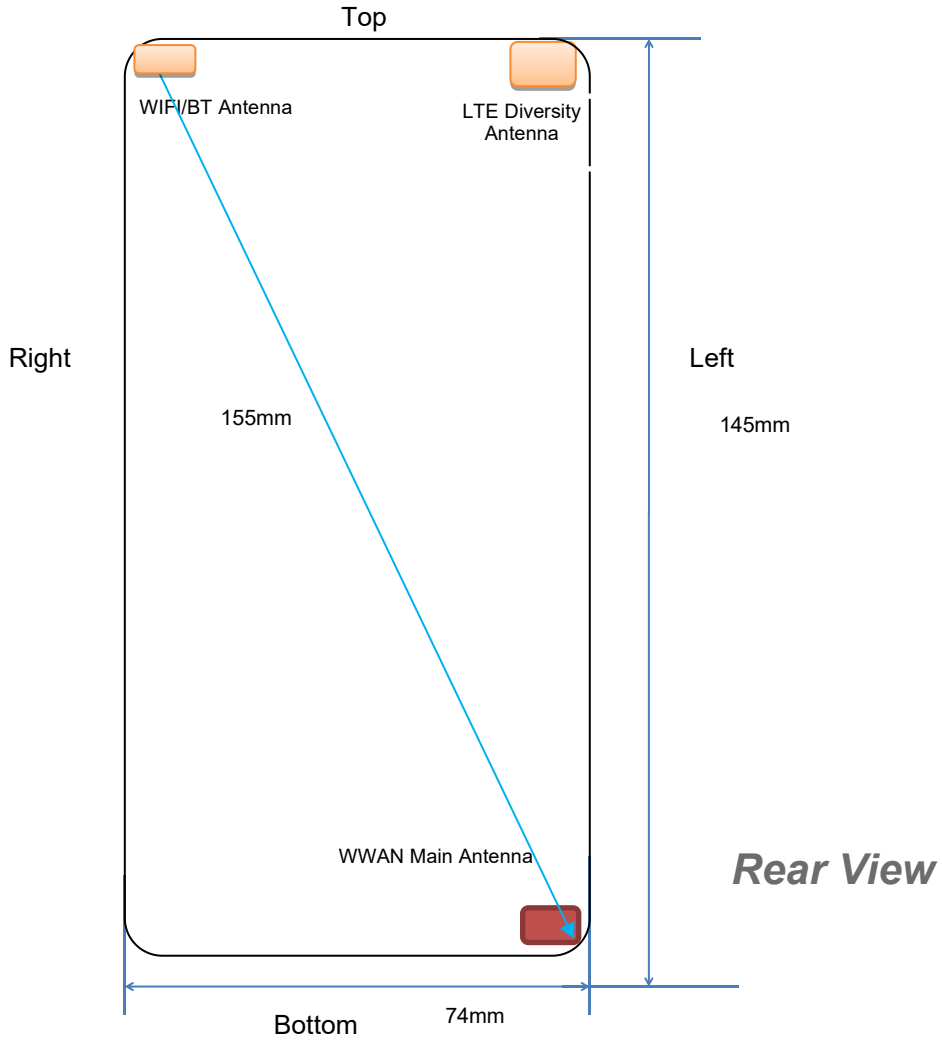
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
5.5	5	2.45	1.1

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.1< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

4.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

WWAN Main Antenna	GSM/UMTS/LTE TX/RX
LTE Diversity antenna	Only RX
WLAN/BT Antenna	WLAN/BT TX/RX

Note:
1). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.
2). According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02, the edges with less than 25 mm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	<5	<5	131	<5	<5	58
BT/WLAN	<5	<5	<5	133	56	<5

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
BT/WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

4.3 SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Scaling factor=$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

$P_{measured}$ is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	3:8
GPRS850	1:2.67
GPRS1900	1:2.67
UMTS	1:1
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1

4.3.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head										
128	824.2	Voice	Left Cheek	32.70	33.00	-1.00	1.072	**0.025**	**0.027**	**Plot 1**
128	824.2	Voice	Left Tilt	32.70	33.00	3.65	1.072	0.015	0.016	
128	824.2	Voice	Right Cheek	32.70	33.00	-3.50	1.072	0.021	0.023	
128	824.2	Voice	Right Tilt	32.70	33.00	3.99	1.072	0.012	0.013	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
128	824.2	3Txslots	Front	29.51	30.00	-0.01	1.119	0.255	0.285	
128	824.2	3Txslots	Rear	29.51	30.00	-0.68	1.119	**0.389**	**0.435**	**Plot 2**
128	824.2	3Txslots	Left	29.51	30.00	1.54	1.119	0.243	0.272	
128	824.2	3Txslots	Bottom	29.51	30.00	0.06	1.119	0.232	0.260	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	time slots	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head										
661	1880.0	Voice	Left Cheek	29.71	30.00	0.32	1.069	**0.202**	**0.216**	**Plot 3**
661	1880.0	Voice	Left Tilt	29.71	30.00	3.65	1.069	0.158	0.169	
661	1880.0	Voice	Right Cheek	29.71	30.00	-4.88	1.069	0.196	0.210	
661	1880.0	Voice	Right Tilt	29.71	30.00	3.98	1.069	0.145	0.155	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Front	26.48	26.50	0.48	1.005	**0.289**	**0.290**	
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Rear	26.48	26.50	4.96	1.005	0.227	0.228	**Plot 4**
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Left	26.48	26.50	3.65	1.005	0.211	0.212	
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Bottom	26.48	26.50	0.89	1.005	0.201	0.202	

Remark:

1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. The frame average of GPRS (4Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (4Tx slots) mode for head.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head										
4233	846.6	RMC*	Left Cheek	23.56	24.00	-0.54	1.107	**0.247**	**0.273**	**Plot 5**
4233	846.6	RMC*	Left Tilt	23.56	24.00	-3.65	1.107	0.164	0.181	
4233	846.6	RMC*	Right Cheek	23.56	24.00	0.20	1.107	0.239	0.264	
4233	846.6	RMC*	Right Tilt	23.56	24.00	-1.47	1.107	0.152	0.168	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
4132	826.4	RMC*	Front	22.88	23.00	0.40	1.028	0.257	0.264	
4132	826.4	RMC*	Rear	22.88	23.00	-0.73	1.028	**0.322**	**0.331**	**Plot 6**
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left	22.88	23.00	3.66	1.028	0.238	0.245	
4132	826.4	RMC*	Bottom	22.88	23.00	1.56	1.028	0.229	0.235	

Remark:
1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC - RMC 12.2kbps mode;*

SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head										
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Left Cheek	23.59	24.00	-0.12	1.099	**0.304**	**0.334**	**Plot 7**
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Left Tilt	23.59	24.00	3.66	1.099	0.189	0.208	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Right Cheek	23.59	24.00	2.06	1.099	0.293	0.322	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Right Tilt	23.59	24.00	-1.59	1.099	0.176	0.193	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Front	23.00	23.00	-0.12	1.000	**0.304**	**0.304**	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Rear	23.00	23.00	0.81	1.000	0.270	0.270	**Plot 8**
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Left	23.00	23.00	-0.06	1.000	0.259	0.259	
9538	1907.6	RMC*	Bottom	23.00	23.00	2.58	1.000	0.247	0.247	

Remark:
1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. RMC - RMC 12.2kbps mode;*

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head										
18700	1860.0	1RB	Left Cheek	22.39	22.50	-1.34	1.026	**0.377**	**0.387**	**Plot 9**
18700	1860.0	1RB	Left Tilt	22.39	22.50	3.99	1.026	0.246	0.252	
18700	1860.0	1RB	Right Cheek	22.39	22.50	0.15	1.026	0.371	0.381	
18700	1860.0	1RB	Right Tilt	22.39	22.50	2.55	1.026	0.336	0.345	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	21.28	21.50	-3.56	1.052	0.256	0.269	

18700	1860.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	21.28	21.50	0.01	1.052	0.167	0.176	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	21.28	21.50	-3.01	1.052	0.248	0.261	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	21.28	21.50	2.65	1.052	0.159	0.167	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
18700	1860.0	1RB	Front	22.39	22.50	-0.50	1.026	**0.281**	**0.288**	**Plot 10**
18700	1860.0	1RB	Rear	22.39	22.50	0.28	1.026	0.266	0.273	
18700	1860.0	1RB	Left	22.39	22.50	3.68	1.026	0.251	0.257	
18700	1860.0	1RB	Bottom	22.39	22.50	-0.88	1.026	0.246	0.252	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Front	21.28	21.50	1.84	1.052	0.195	0.205	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Rear	21.28	21.50	-3.47	1.052	0.187	0.197	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Left	21.28	21.50	-0.05	1.052	0.141	0.148	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.28	21.50	3.77	1.052	0.129	0.136	

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Channel Type (10M)*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR1-g results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head										
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left Cheek	22.70	23.00	-0.44	1.072	**0.615**	**0.659**	**Plot 11**
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left Tilt	22.70	23.00	0.90	1.072	0.384	0.411	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Right Cheek	22.70	23.00	-1.47	1.072	0.604	0.647	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Right Tilt	22.70	23.00	3.56	1.072	0.369	0.395	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	21.53	22.00	3.47	1.114	0.375	0.418	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	21.53	22.00	-0.50	1.114	0.247	0.275	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	21.53	22.00	1.69	1.114	0.358	0.399	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	21.53	22.00	-2.35	1.114	0.236	0.263	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
20175	1732.5	1RB	Front	22.70	23.00	0.00	1.072	**0.472**	**0.506**	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Rear	22.70	23.00	-1.11	1.072	0.373	0.400	**Plot 12**
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left	22.70	23.00	0.01	1.072	0.358	0.384	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Bottom	22.70	23.00	-3.15	1.072	0.349	0.374	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Front	21.53	22.00	-3.33	1.114	0.256	0.285	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Rear	21.53	22.00	2.06	1.114	0.168	0.187	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Left	21.53	22.00	0.56	1.114	0.157	0.175	
20050	1720.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.53	22.00	3.99	1.114	0.149	0.166	

SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Channel Type (10M)*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR1-g results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head										
20525	836.5	1RB	Left Cheek	23.80	24.00	0.16	1.047	**0.206**	**0.216**	**Plot 13**
20525	836.5	1RB	Left Tilt	23.80	24.00	-3.65	1.047	0.138	0.145	
20525	836.5	1RB	Right Cheek	23.80	24.00	0.48	1.047	0.198	0.207	
20525	836.5	1RB	Right Tilt	23.80	24.00	-1.25	1.047	0.130	0.136	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.56	23.00	0.60	1.107	0.121	0.134	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.56	23.00	3.56	1.107	0.086	0.095	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Right Cheek	22.56	23.00	-1.22	1.107	0.114	0.126	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.56	23.00	-0.79	1.107	0.069	0.076	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)										
20525	836.5	1RB	Front	23.80	24.00	-0.19	1.047	0.233	0.244	
20525	836.5	1RB	Rear	23.80	24.00	-0.75	1.047	**0.305**	**0.319**	**Plot 14**
20525	836.5	1RB	Left	23.80	24.00	3.66	1.047	0.224	0.235	
20525	836.5	1RB	Bottom	23.80	24.00	-4.54	1.047	0.217	0.227	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Front	22.56	23.00	0.15	1.107	0.154	0.170	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Rear	22.56	23.00	3.99	1.107	0.167	0.185	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Left	22.56	23.00	0.56	1.107	0.149	0.165	
20525	836.5	50%RB	Bottom	22.56	23.00	-1.22	1.107	0.142	0.157	

SAR Values [LTE Band 38]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
38150	2610.0	1RB	Left Cheek	22.69	23.00	-0.18	1.074	**0.073**	**0.078**	**Plot 15**
38150	2610.0	1RB	Left Tilt	22.69	23.00	1.54	1.074	0.045	0.048	
38150	2610.0	1RB	Right Cheek	22.69	23.00	-1.14	1.074	0.066	0.071	
38150	2610.0	1RB	Right Tilt	22.69	23.00	2.05	1.074	0.038	0.041	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	21.74	22.00	3.98	1.062	0.039	0.041	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	21.74	22.00	0.88	1.062	0.028	0.030	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	21.74	22.00	-4.55	1.062	0.034	0.036	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	21.74	22.00	3.77	1.062	0.021	0.022	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
38150	2610.0	1RB	Front	22.69	23.00	-0.32	1.074	0.123	0.132	
38150	2610.0	1RB	Rear	22.69	23.00	-0.71	1.074	**0.153**	**0.164**	**Plot 16**
38150	2610.0	1RB	Left	22.69	23.00	-2.85	1.074	0.118	0.127	
38150	2610.0	1RB	Bottom	22.69	23.00	3.65	1.074	0.109	0.117	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Front	21.74	22.00	-4.45	1.062	0.112	0.119	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Rear	21.74	22.00	-0.33	1.062	0.135	0.143	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Left	21.74	22.00	2.89	1.062	0.106	0.113	
38150	2610.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.74	22.00	2.64	1.062	0.101	0.107	

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head										
1	2412	802.11b	Left Cheek	15.20	15.50	1.32	1.072	**0.105**	**0.113**	**Plot 17**
1	2412	802.11b	Left Tilt	15.20	15.50	3.65	1.072	0.065	0.070	
1	2412	802.11b	Right Cheek	15.20	15.50	1.48	1.072	0.089	0.095	
1	2412	802.11b	Right Tilt	15.20	15.50	-2.89	1.072	0.054	0.058	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
1	2412	802.11b	Front	15.20	15.50	-1.32	1.072	0.107	0.115	
1	2412	802.11b	Rear	15.20	15.50	-2.19	1.072	**0.124**	**0.133**	**Plot 18**
1	2412	802.11b	Right	15.20	15.50	0.02	1.072	0.086	0.092	
1	2412	802.11b	Top	15.20	15.50	0.45	1.072	0.074	0.079	

Remark:
1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4.3.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

● (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

● 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio}=\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})}<0.04$$

Estimated stand alone SAR					
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Bluetooth*	2450	Head	5.5	5	0.149
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	5.5	10	0.074
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	5.5	10	0.074

Remark:

1. *Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth*
2. *Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;*
3. *When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion*
4. *Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual*

4.4 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.4.1 Introduction

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna.
The device has 4 antennas, WWAN main antenna, WWAN diversity antenna(RX only), and WiFi/BT antenna supports 2.4Wi-Fi and BT.The 2 TX antennas can always transmit simultaneously.The work mode combination is showed as below table.;

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Combination No.	Mode
1	WWAN+WIFI
2	WWAN+BT

4.4.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Head Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.027	**0.216**	**0.113**	**0.329**	1.6	no	no
Left Tilt	0.016	**0.169**	**0.070**	0.239	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.023	**0.210**	**0.095**	0.305	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.013	**0.155**	**0.058**	0.213	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.273	**0.334**	**0.113**	**0.447**	1.6	no	no
Left Tilt	0.181	**0.208**	**0.070**	0.278	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.264	**0.322**	**0.095**	0.417	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.168	**0.193**	**0.058**	0.251	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position			
	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band2	0.387	0.252	0.381	0.345
LTE Band4	**0.659**	**0.411**	**0.647**	**0.395**
LTE Band5	0.216	0.145	0.207	0.136
LTE Band38	0.078	0.048	0.071	0.041
WiFi2.4G	**0.113**	**0.070**	**0.095**	**0.058**
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.772**	0.481	0.742	0.453
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.027	**0.216**	**0.149**	**0.365**	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.016	**0.169**	**0.149**	0.318	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.023	**0.210**	**0.149**	0.359	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.013	**0.155**	**0.149**	0.304	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.273	**0.334**	**0.149**	**0.483**	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.181	**0.208**	**0.149**	0.357	1.6	no	no
RightChek	0.264	**0.322**	**0.149**	0.471	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.168	**0.193**	**0.149**	0.342	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position			
	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band2	0.387	0.252	0.381	0.345
LTE Band4	**0.659**	**0.411**	**0.647**	**0.395**
LTE Band5	0.216	0.145	0.207	0.136
LTE Band38	0.078	0.048	0.071	0.041
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.149**	**0.149**	**0.149**	**0.149**
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.808**	0.560	0.796	0.544
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.285	**0.290**	**0.115**	0.405	1.6	no	no
Rear	**0.435**	0.228	**0.133**	**0.568**	1.6	no	no
Left	**0.272**	0.212	/	0.272	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	**0.092**	0.092	1.6	no	no
Bottom	**0.260**	0.202	/	0.260	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	**0.079**	0.079	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.264	**0.304**	**0.115**	0.419	1.6	no	no
Rear	**0.331**	0.270	**0.133**	**0.464**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.245	**0.259**	/	0.259	1.6	no	no
Right	/	**/**	**0.092**	0.092	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.235	**0.247**	/	0.247	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	**0.079**	0.079	1.6	no	no

SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band2	0.288	0.273	0.257	/	0.252	/
LTE Band4	**0.506**	**0.400**	**0.384**	/	**0.374**	/
LTE Band5	0.244	0.319	0.235	**/**	0.227	/
LTE Band38	0.132	0.164	0.127	/	0.117	/
WiFi2.4G	**0.115**	**0.133**	**/**	**0.092**	/	**0.079**
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.661**	0.533	0.384	0.092	0.374	0.079
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.285	**0.290**	**0.074**	0.364	1.6	no	no
Rear	**0.435**	0.228	**0.074**	**0.663**	1.6	no	no
Left	**0.272**	0.212	**/**	0.272	1.6	no	no
Right	/	/	**0.074**	0.074	1.6	no	no
Bottom	**0.260**	0.202	/		1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	**0.074**	0.074	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.264	**0.304**	**0.074**	0.378	1.6	no	no
Rear	**0.331**	0.270	**0.074**	**0.405**	1.6	no	no
Left	0.245	**0.259**	**/**	0.259	1.6	no	no
Right	/	**/**	**0.074**	0.074	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.235	**0.247**	/	0.247	1.6	no	no
Top	/	/	**0.074**	0.074	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band2	0.288	0.273	0.257	/	0.252	/
LTE Band4	**0.506**	**0.400**	**0.384**	/	**0.374**	/
LTE Band5	0.244	0.319	0.235	/	0.227	/
LTE Band38	0.132	0.164	0.127	/	0.117	/
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.074**	**0.074**	/	**0.074**	/	**0.074**
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.580	0.474	0.384	0.074	0.374	0.074
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Note:
1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of $\sum SAR_{1-g}$

4.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR_{1-g} (Wkg)	First Repeated	
						Measued SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
835	GSM850	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.389	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.322	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 5	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.305	n/a	n/a
1800	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.615	n/a	n/a
1900	GSM1900	Standalone	Body -Front	no	0.289	n/a	n/a
	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.532	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.377	n/a	n/a
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.124	n/a	n/a
2600	LTE Band 38	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.601	n/a	n/a

Remark:
1. *Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the orignal and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)*

4.6 General description of test procedures

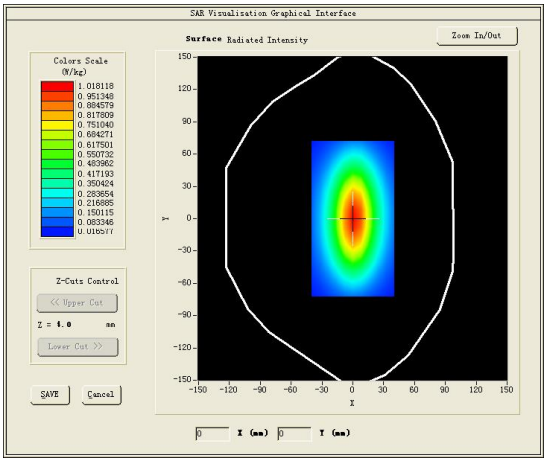
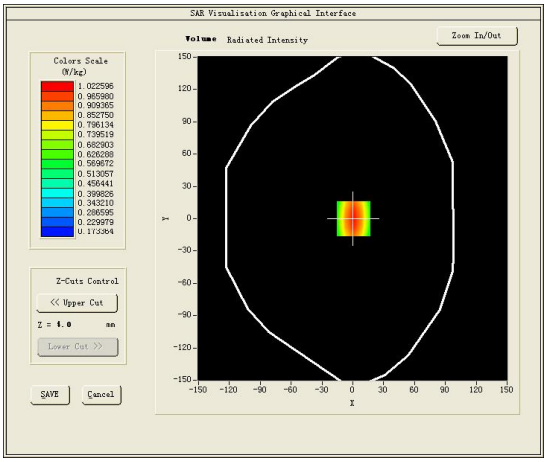
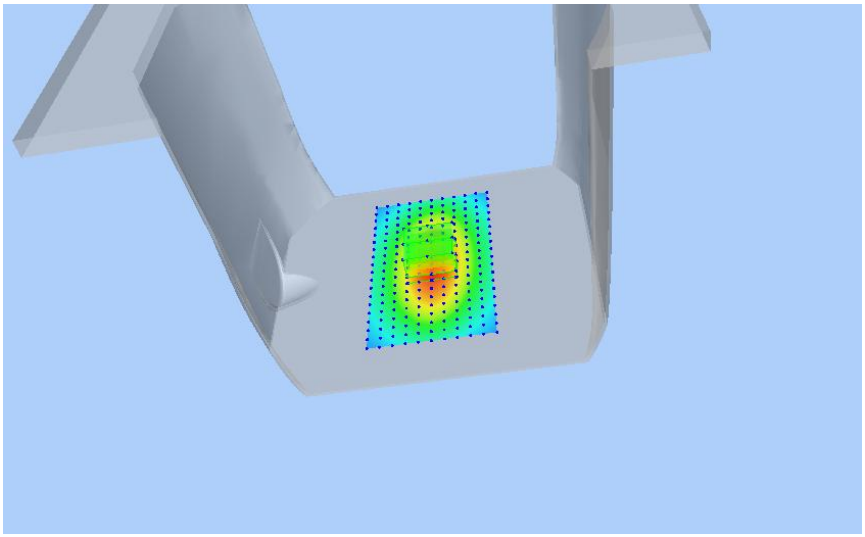
1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to 'all 1'.
6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
    - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
    - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
    - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations，For Smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

4.7 Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

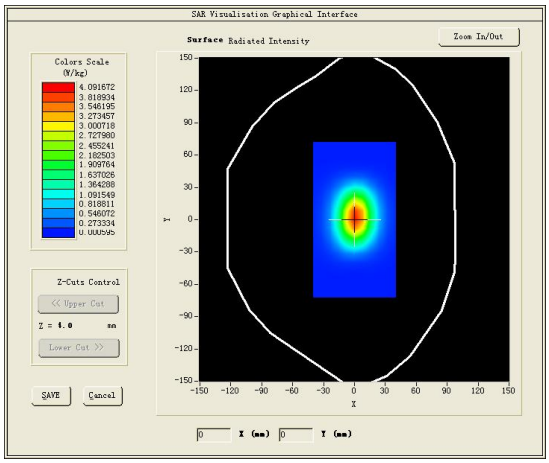
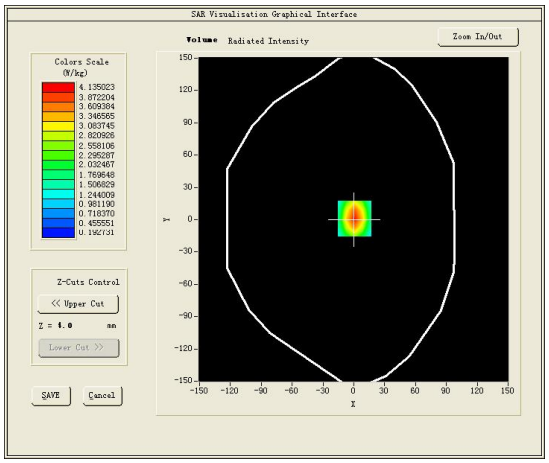
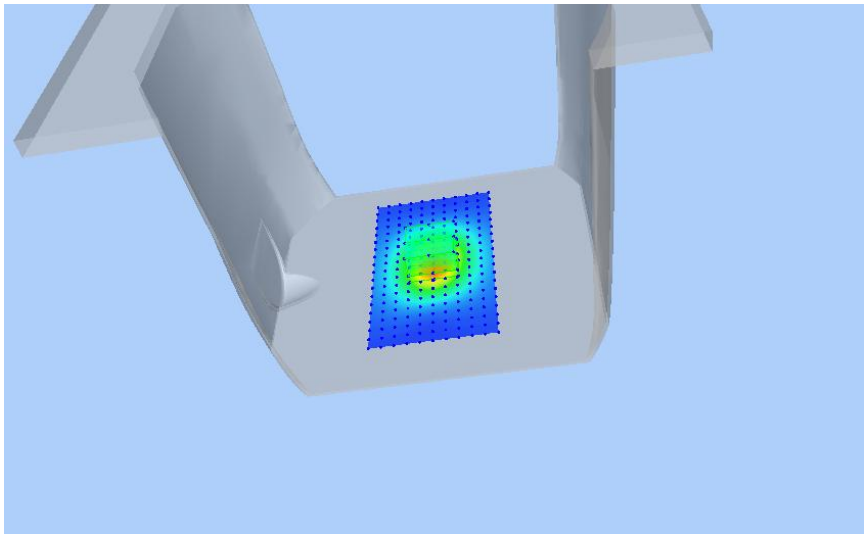
Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR accoridng to KDB865664D01.

4.8 System Check Results

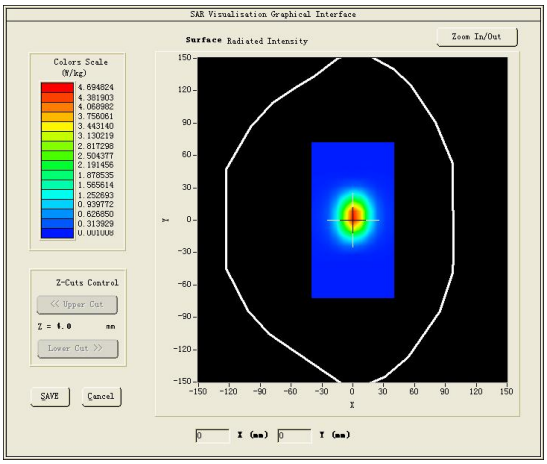
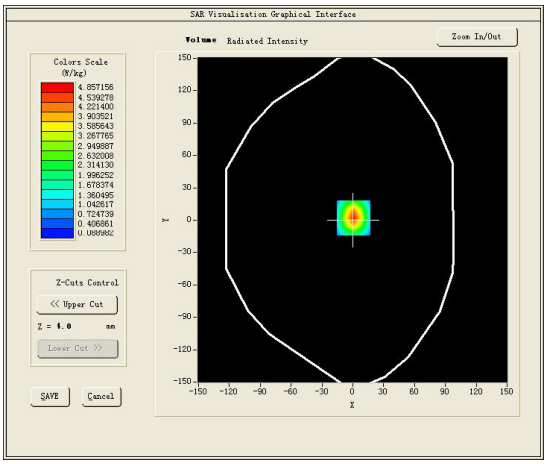
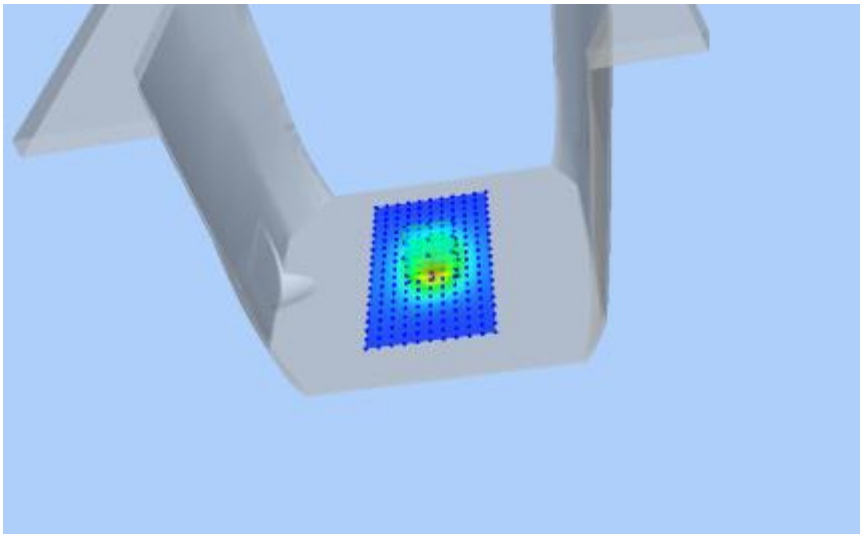
Test mode:835MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID835
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: March 09, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.82
Conductivity (S/m)	0.92
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Variation (%)	2.030000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.639431
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.923150
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

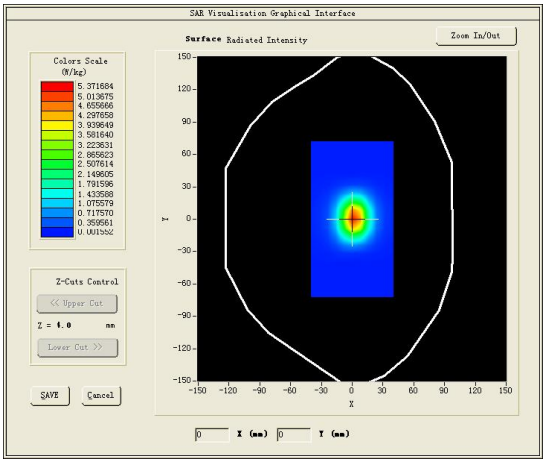
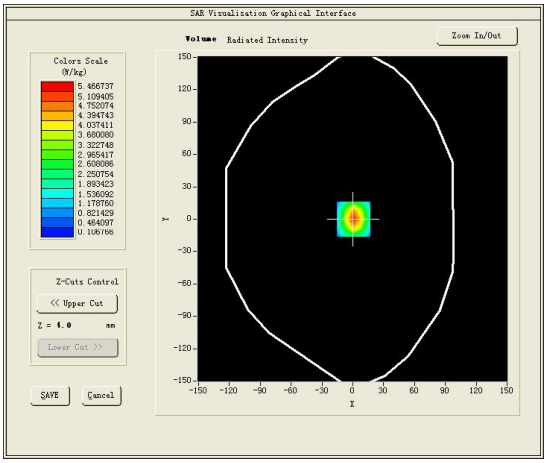
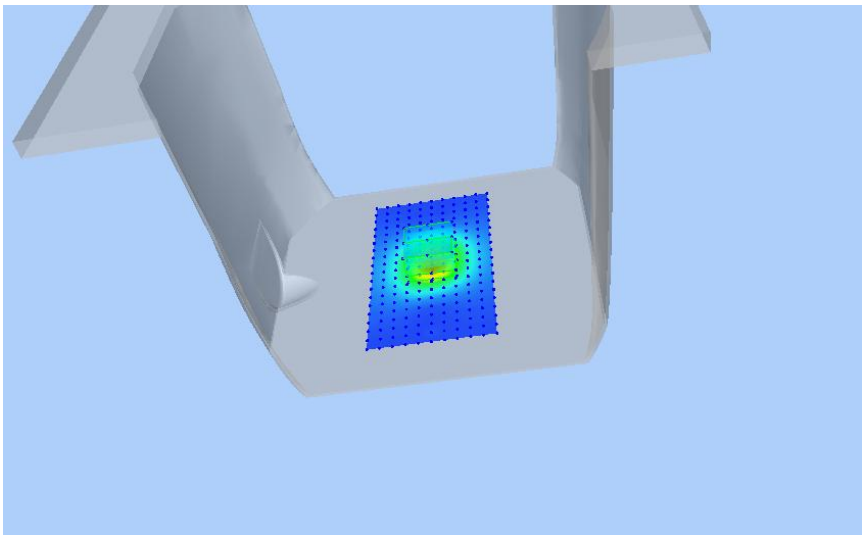
Test mode:1800MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1800
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: March 14, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.11
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Variation (%)	1.620000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.055284
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.853458
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

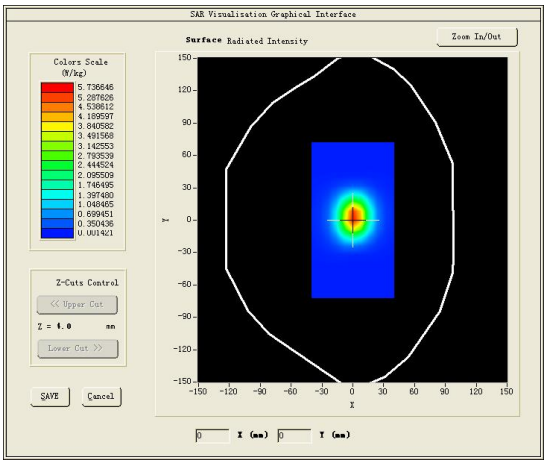
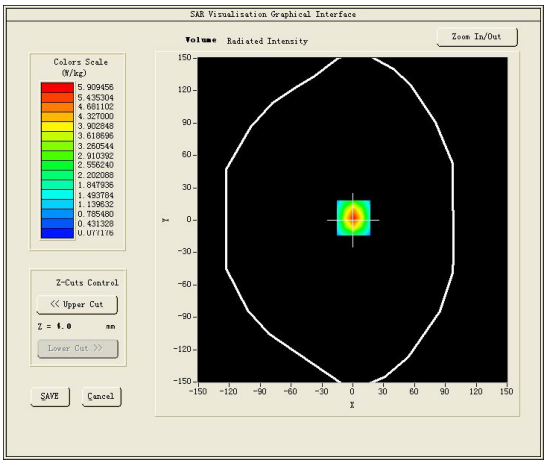
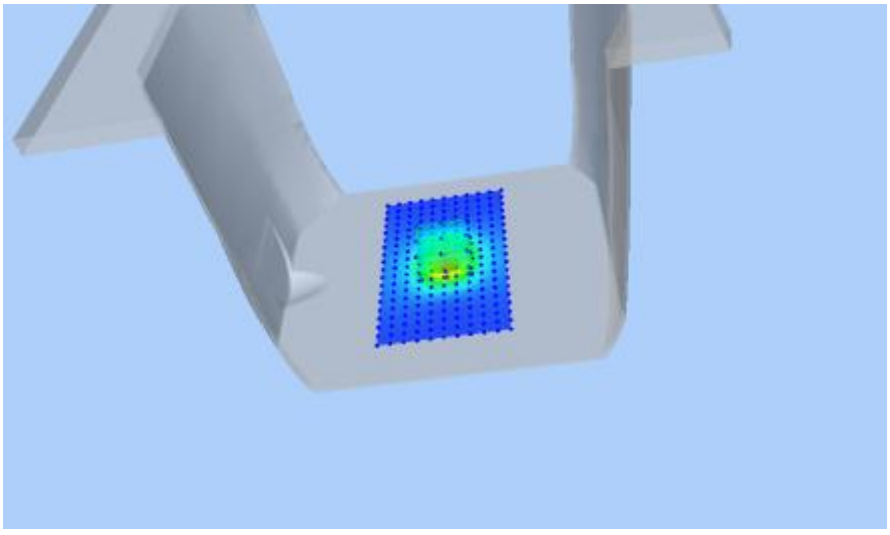
Test mode:1900MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1900
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.56
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Variation (%)	-1.200000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.096152
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.911080
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Test mode:2450MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2450
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: March 25, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.70
Conductivity (S/m)	1.84
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Variation (%)	-0.080000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.521150
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.487144
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Test mode:2600MHz
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2600
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: March 29, 2022

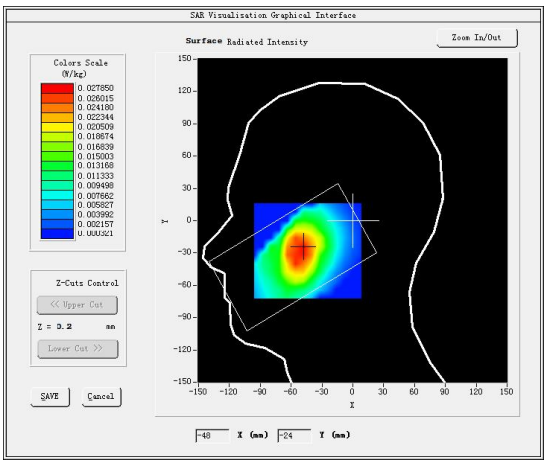
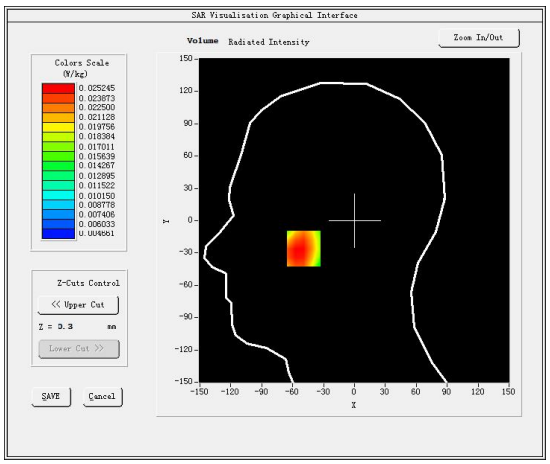
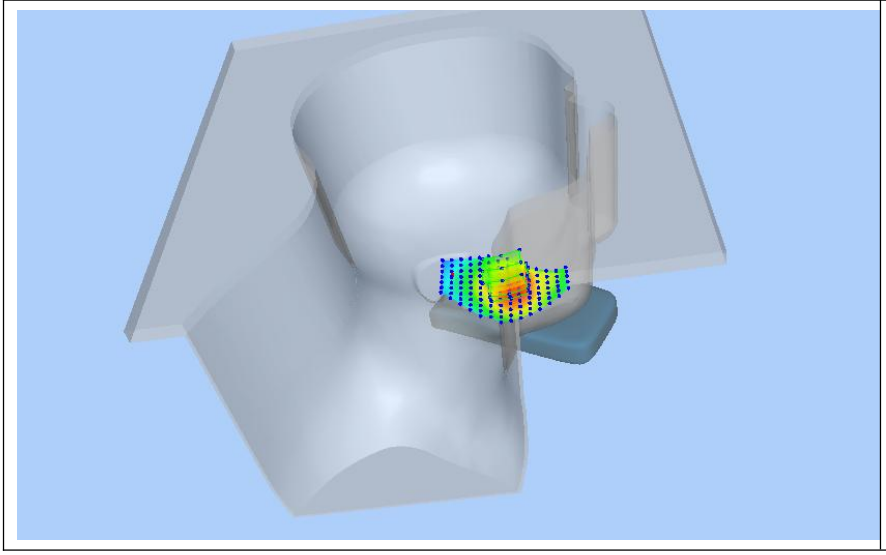
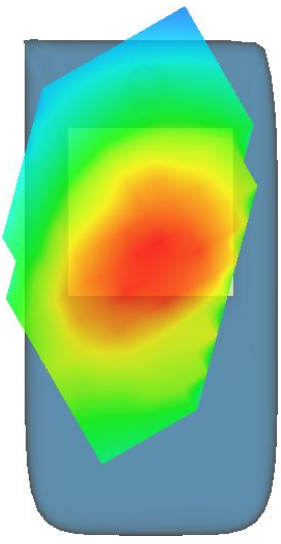
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.81
Conductivity (S/m)	1.90
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Variation (%)	3.140000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.246307
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.747411
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

4.9 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

#1

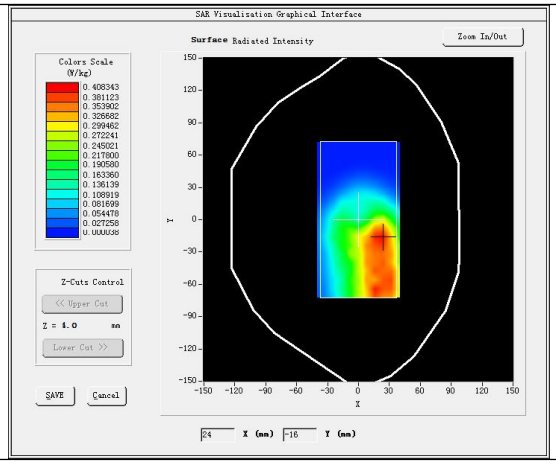
Test Mode:GSM 850MHz,Low channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 09, 2022

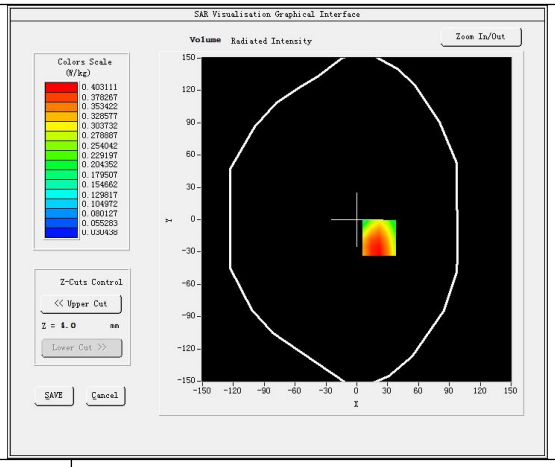
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	824.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	8.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.020107
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.025330
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

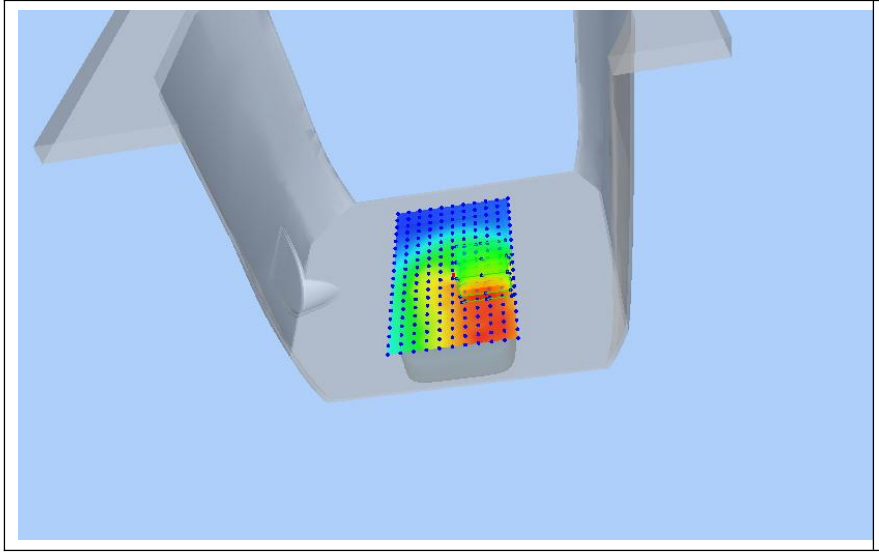
#2

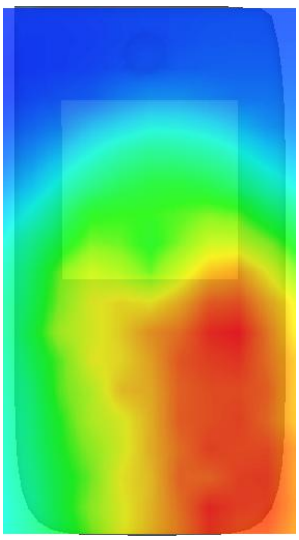
Test Mode: GSM850MHz,Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 09, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _850
Frequency (MHz)	824.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.23
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.680000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.267221
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.388823
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR



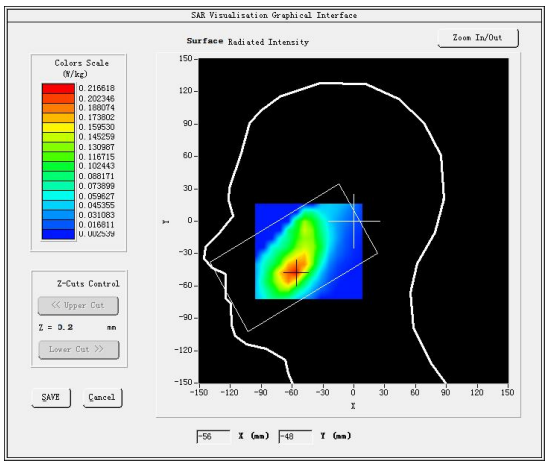
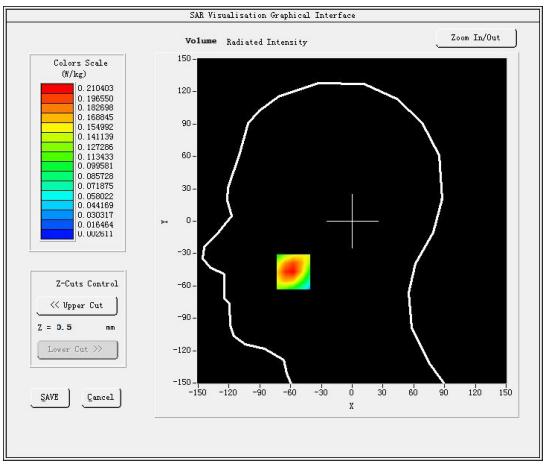
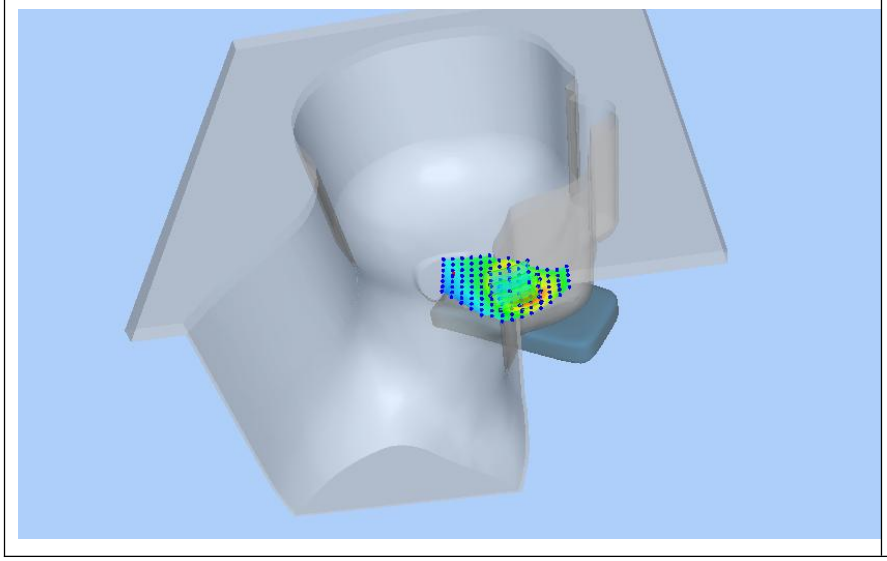
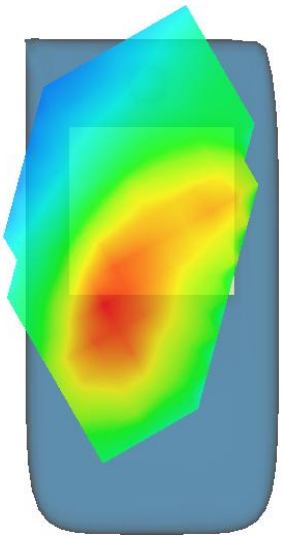






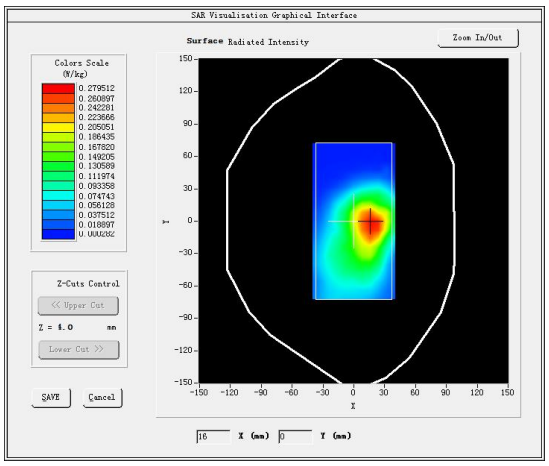
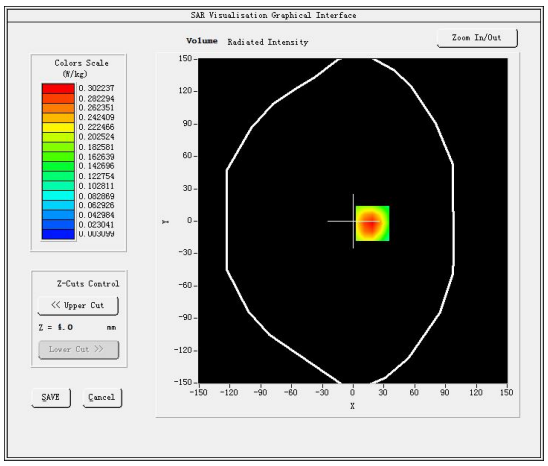
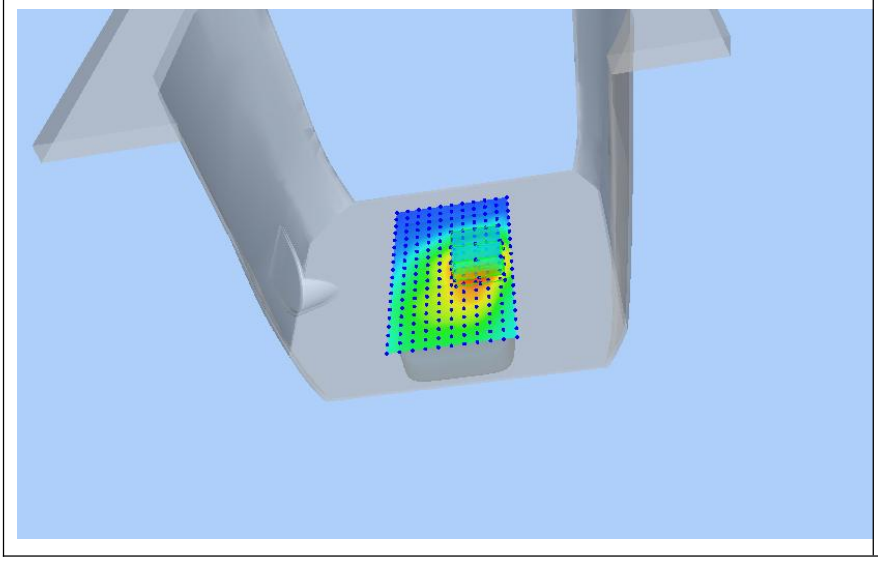
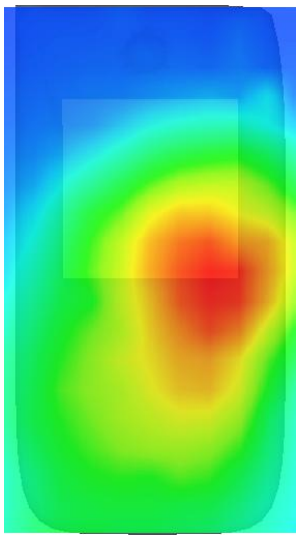
#3

Test Mode:GSM 1900MHz,Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.86
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	8.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.101508
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.202356
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

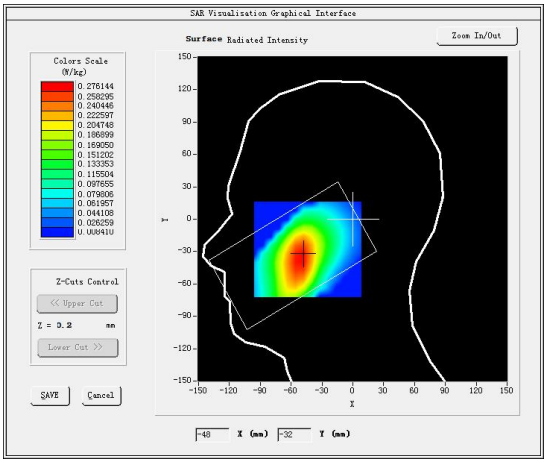
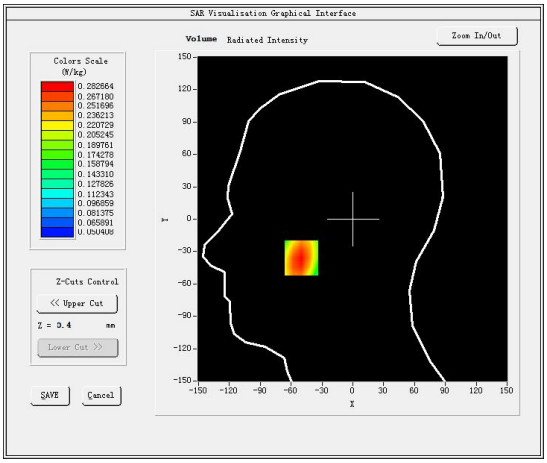
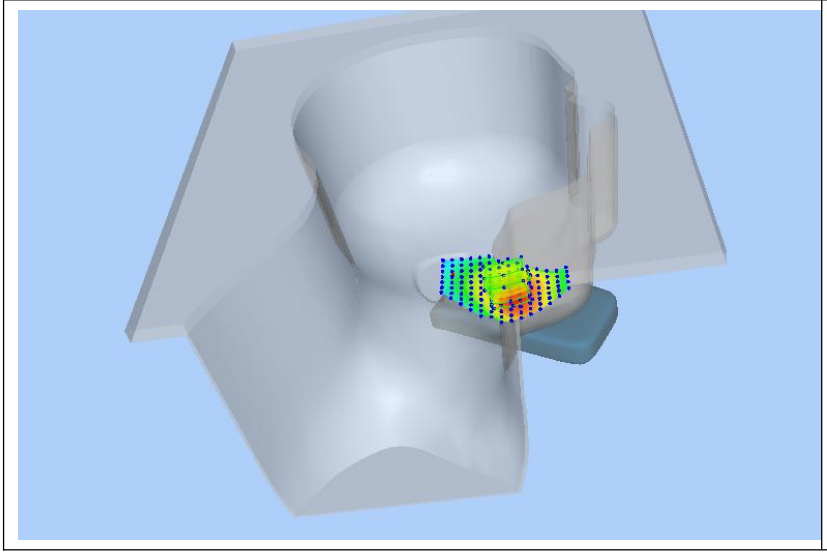
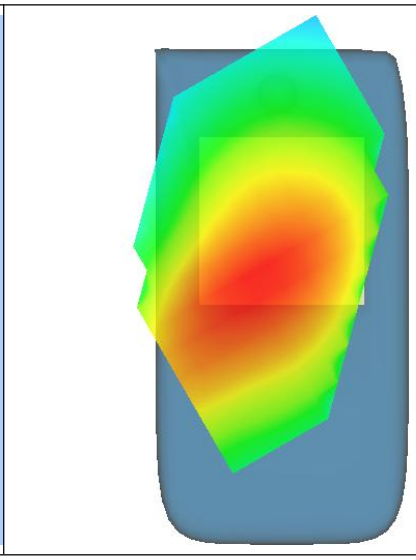
#4

Test Mode: GPRS1900MHz, Middle channel(Body Front Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _1900
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.42
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	2.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.480000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.141203
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.289382
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

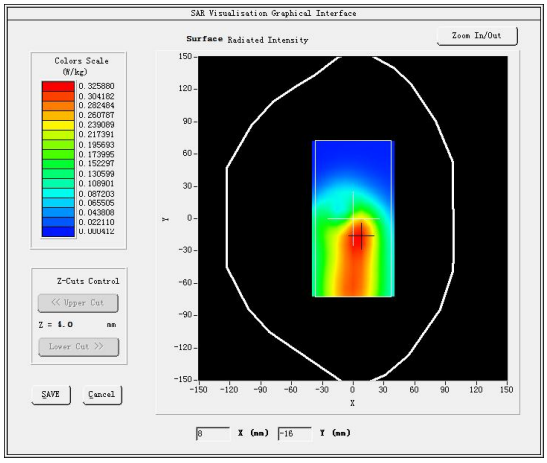
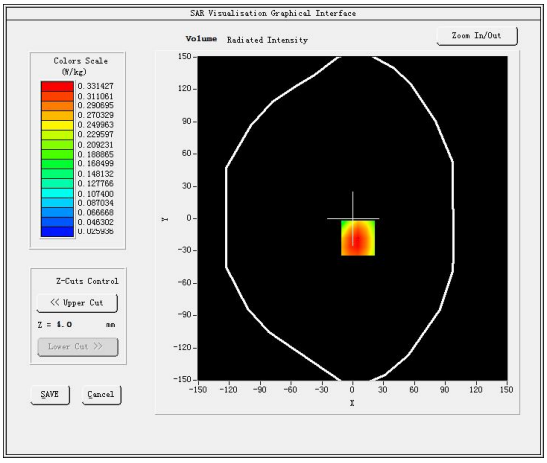
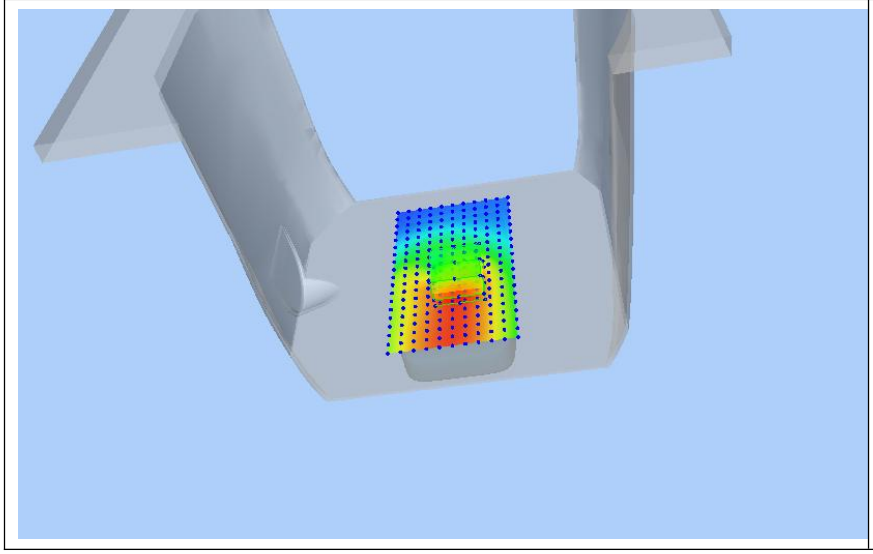
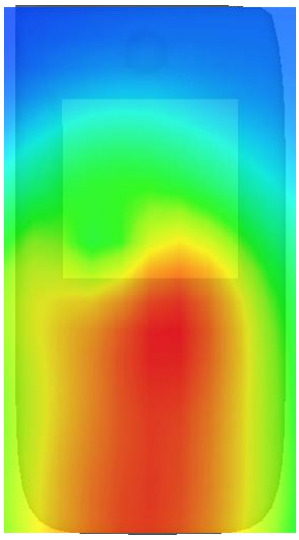
#5

Test Mode:WCDMA Band V,High channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 09, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	846.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.36
Conductivity (S/m)	0.93
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.540000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.201357
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.273746
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

#6

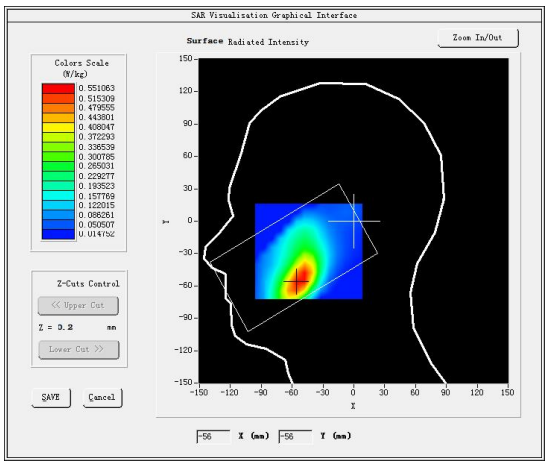
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V, Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 09, 2022

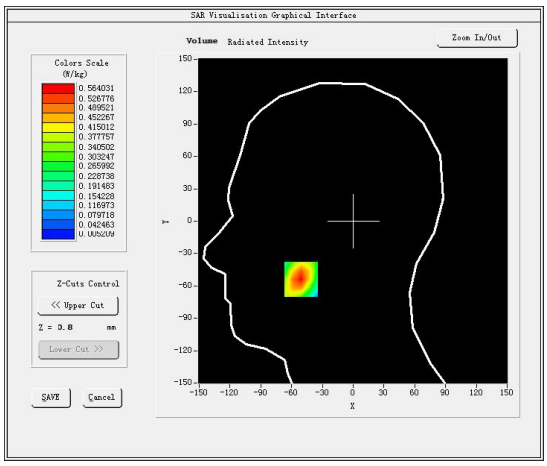
Medium(liquid type)	HSL _850
Frequency (MHz)	826.4000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.62
Conductivity (S/m)	0.87
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.730000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.222759
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.321868
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

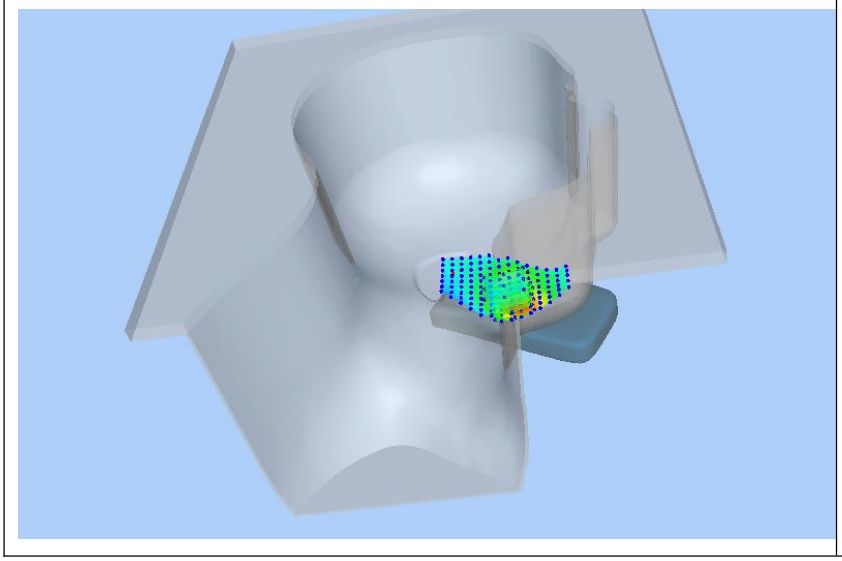
#7

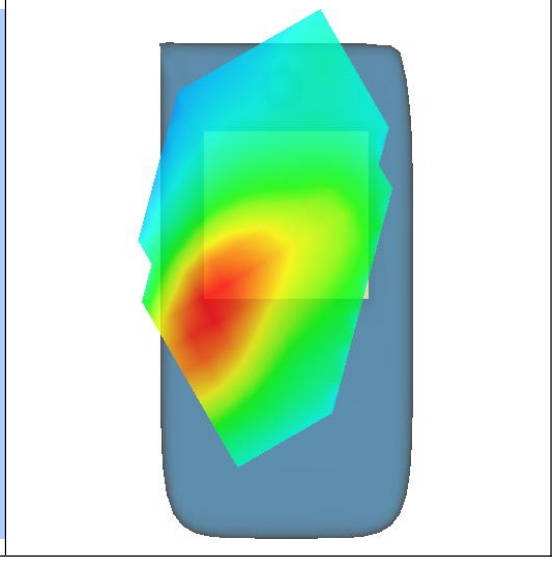
Test Mode:WCDMA Band II, High channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.22
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.700000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.265471
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.531524
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





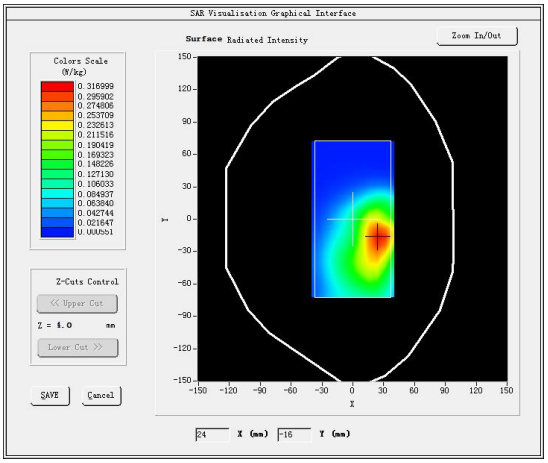


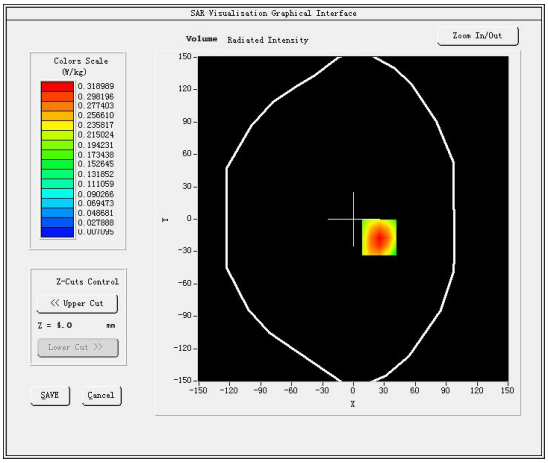


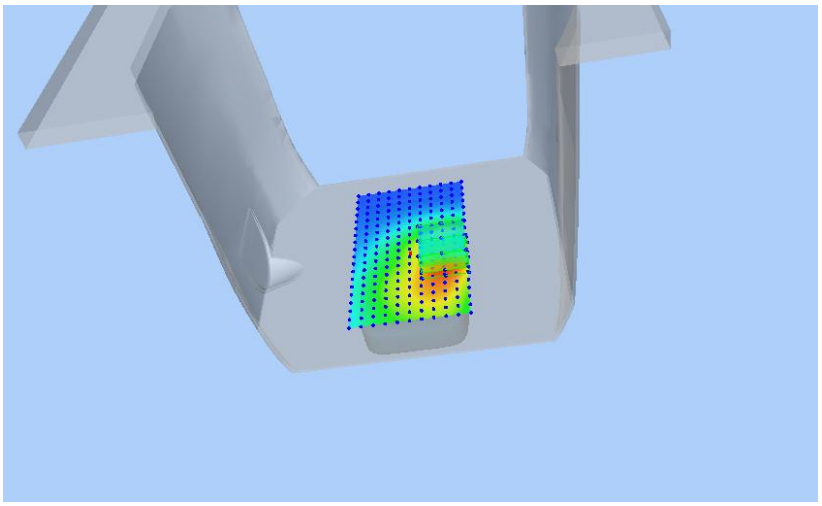
#8

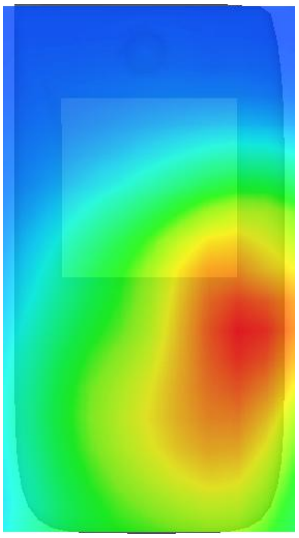
Test Mode: WCDMA Band II,High channel(Body Front Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _1900
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.45
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.120000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.157613
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.303973
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





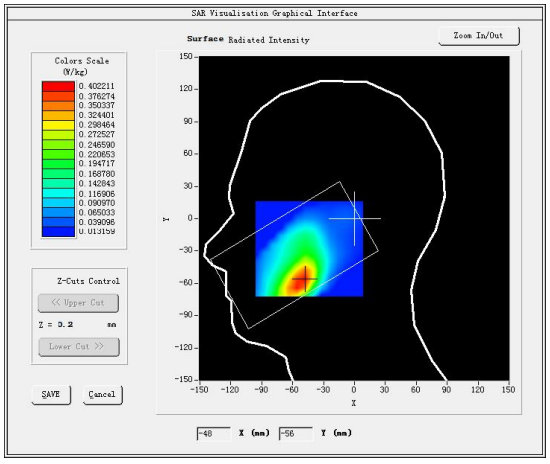


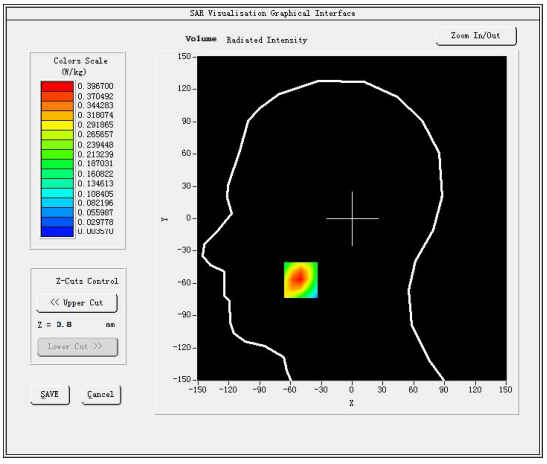


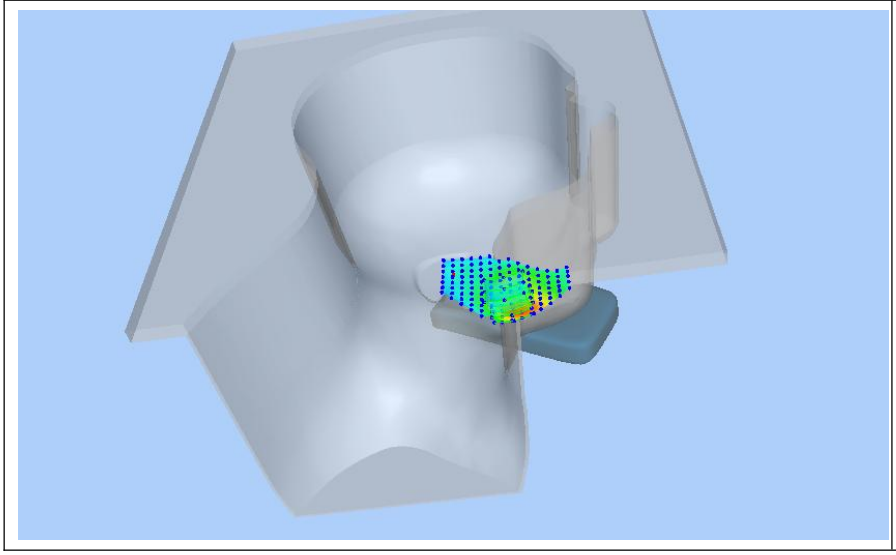
#9

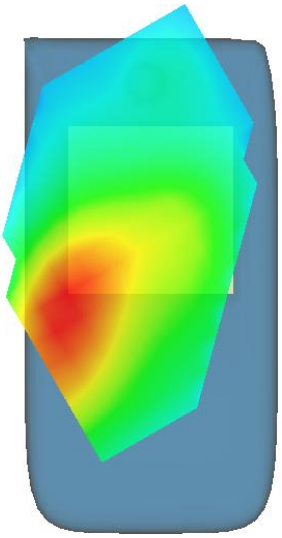
Test Mode: LTE Band 2, 1RB,Low channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _1900
Frequency (MHz)	1860.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.340000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.189044
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.377324
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





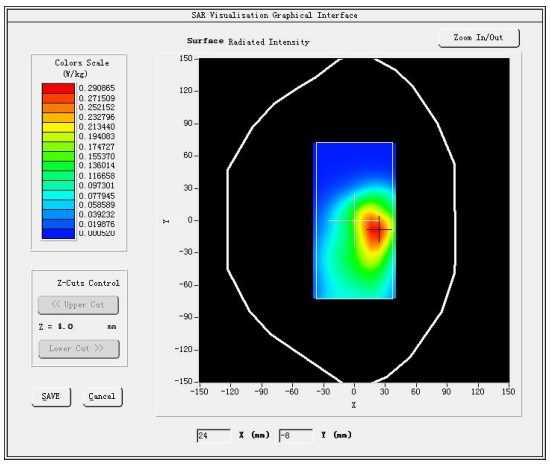


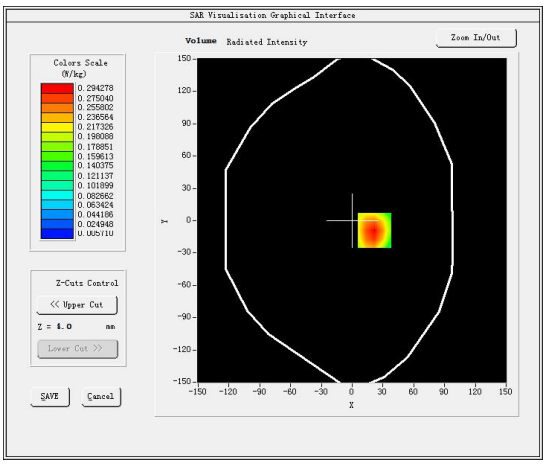


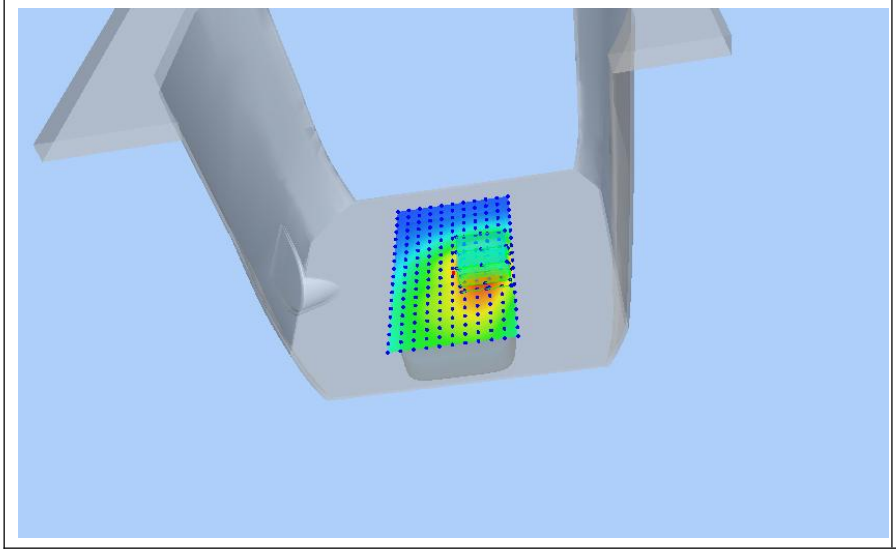
#10

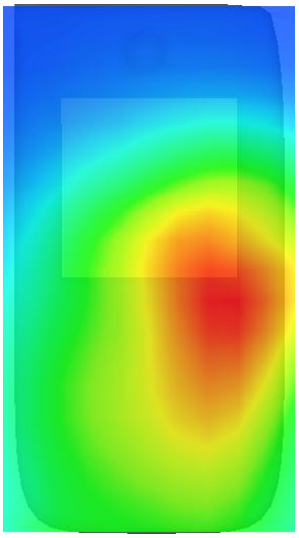
Test Mode: LTE Band 2, 1RB, Low channel(Body Front Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 18, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _1900
Frequency (MHz)	1860.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.500000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.143987
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.280823
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



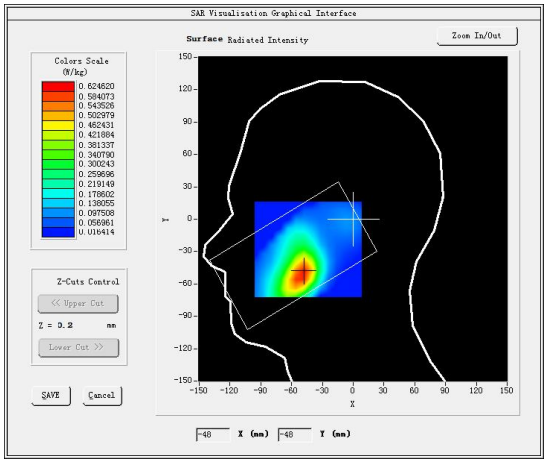
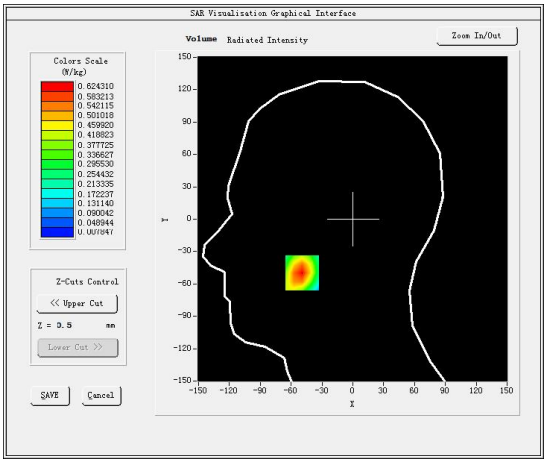
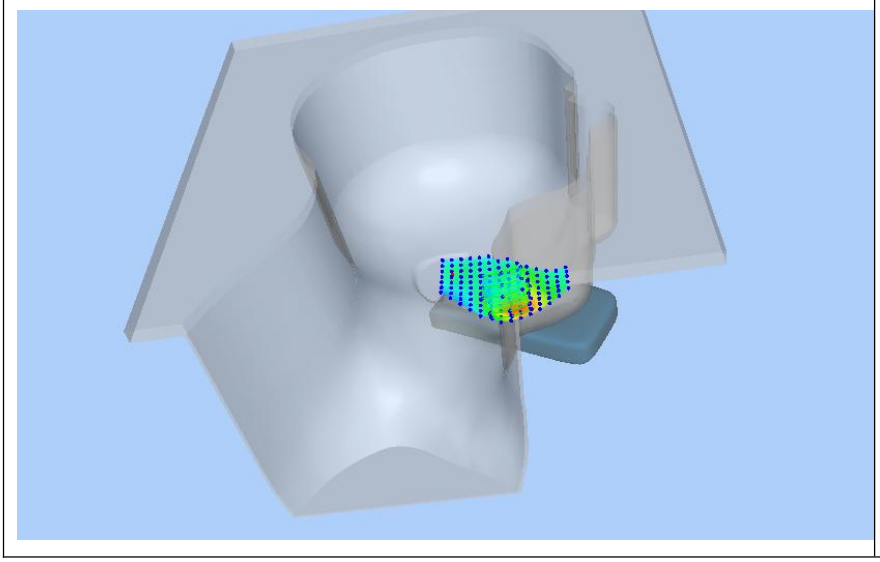
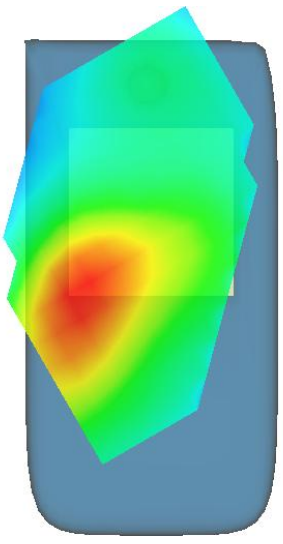






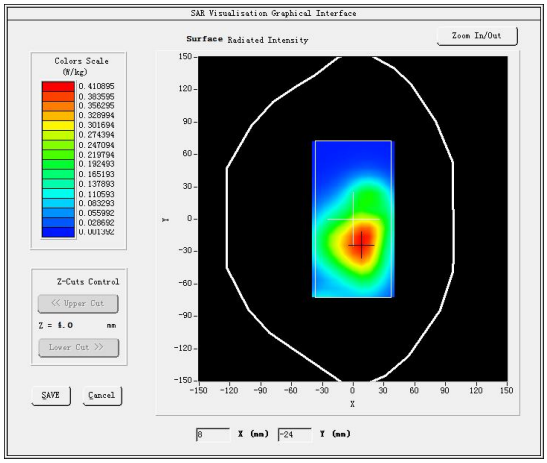
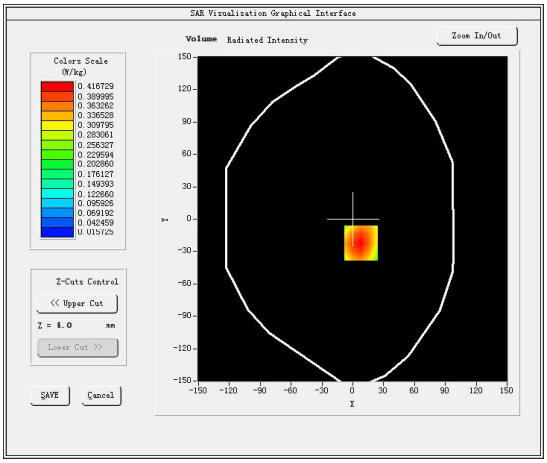
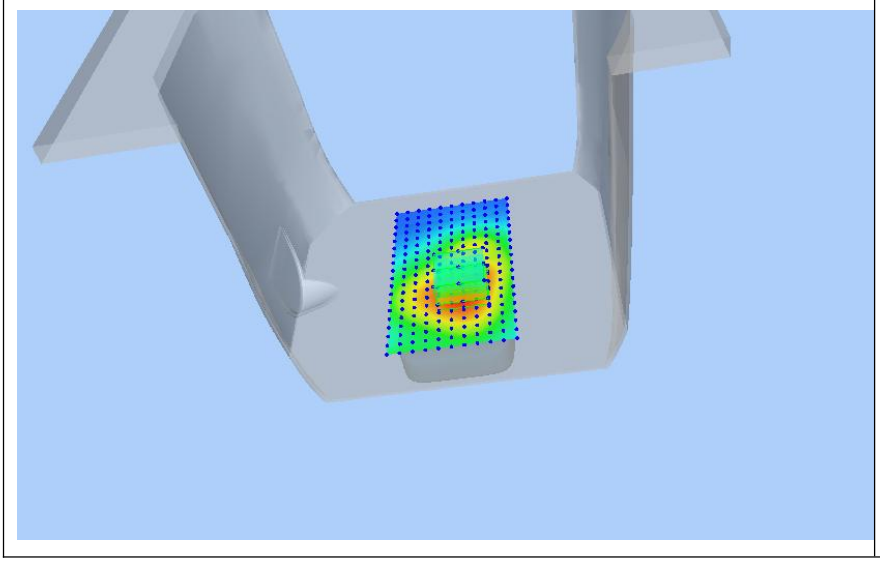
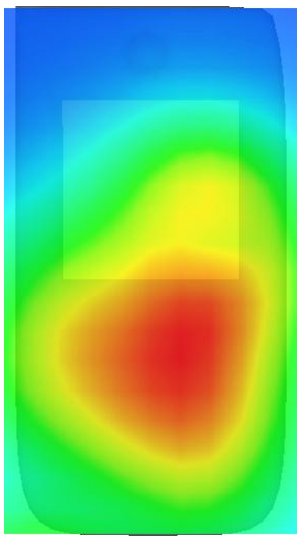
#11

Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB,Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 14, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.92
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.440000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.311817
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.615054
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

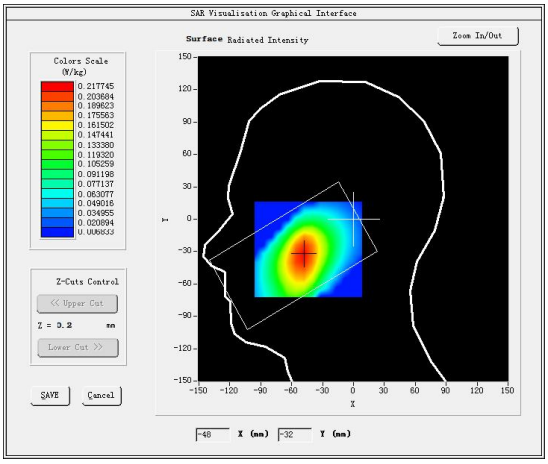
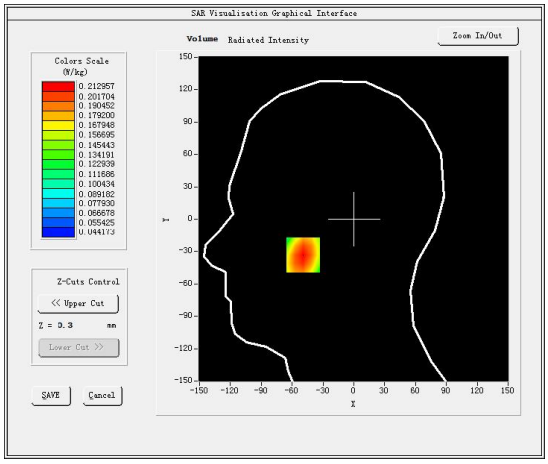
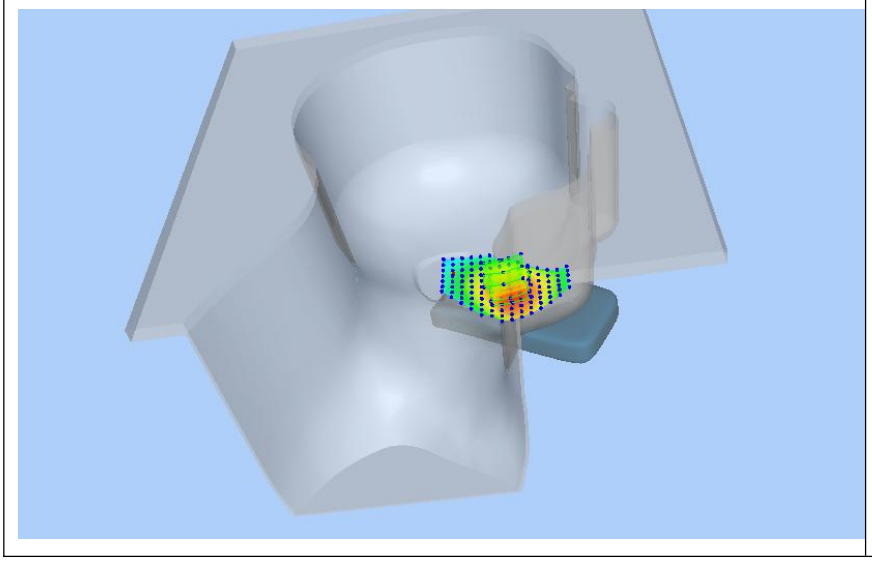
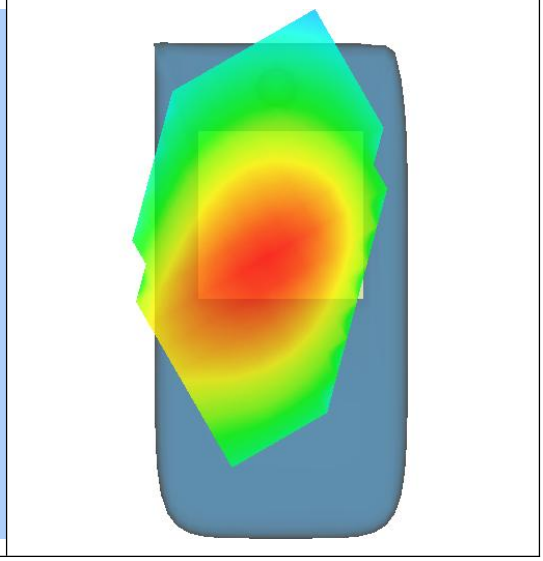
#12

Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 4, 1RB, Middle channel(Body Front Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 14, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.92
Conductivity (S/m)	1.50
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.246722
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.472298
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

#13

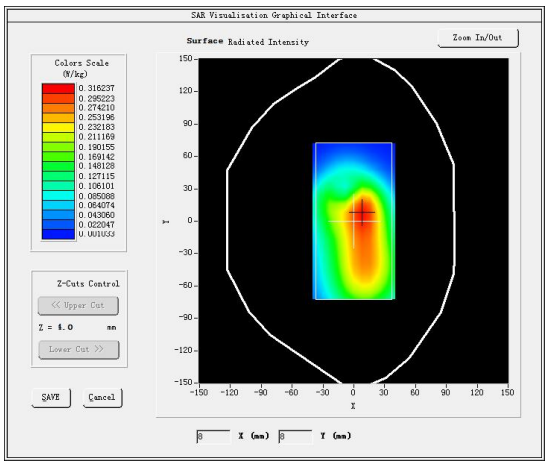
Test Mode: LTE Band 5, 1RB, Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 09, 2022

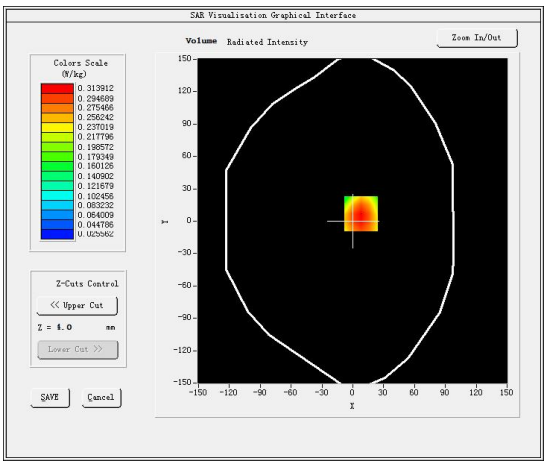
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_835
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.160000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.153004
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.206031
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

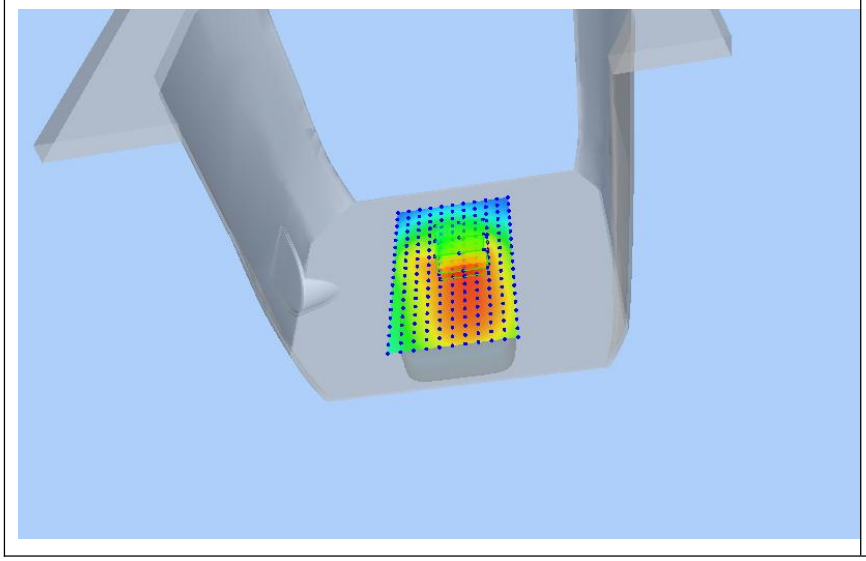
#14

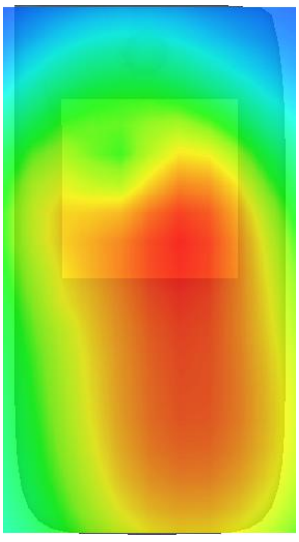
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 5, 1RB,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 09, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL _835
Frequency (MHz)	836.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.68
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.750000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.212380
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.304536
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





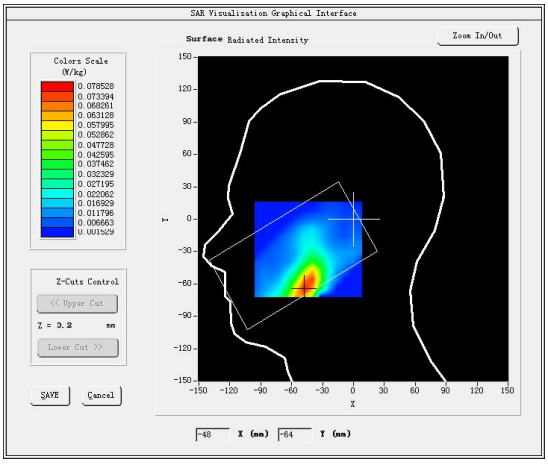


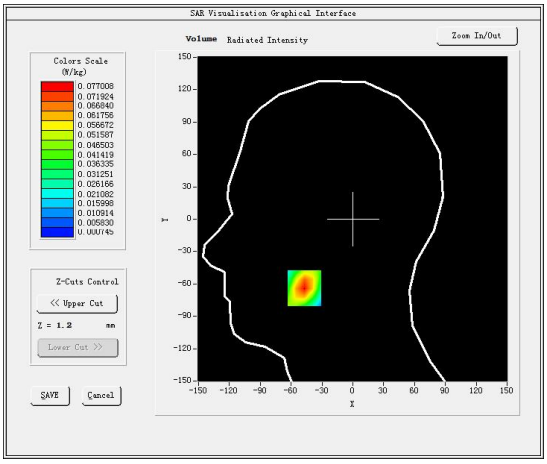


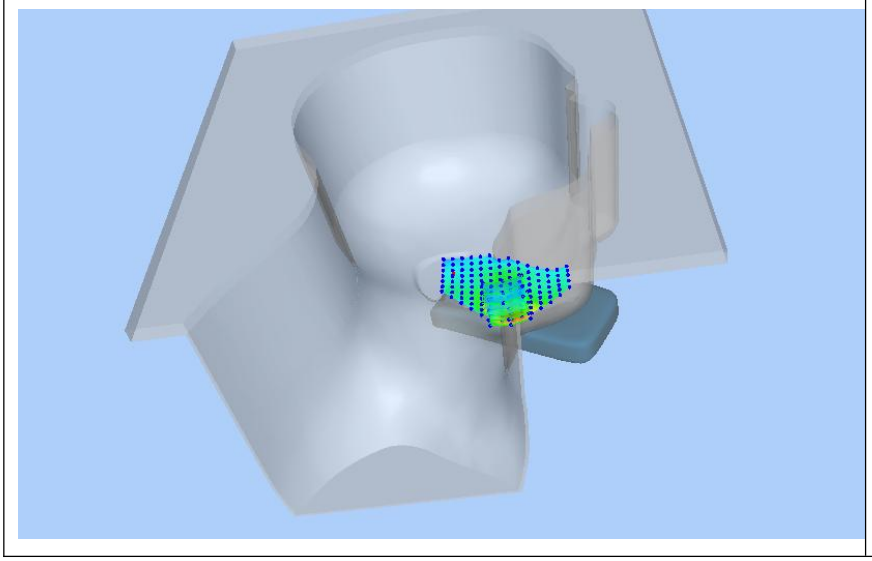
#15

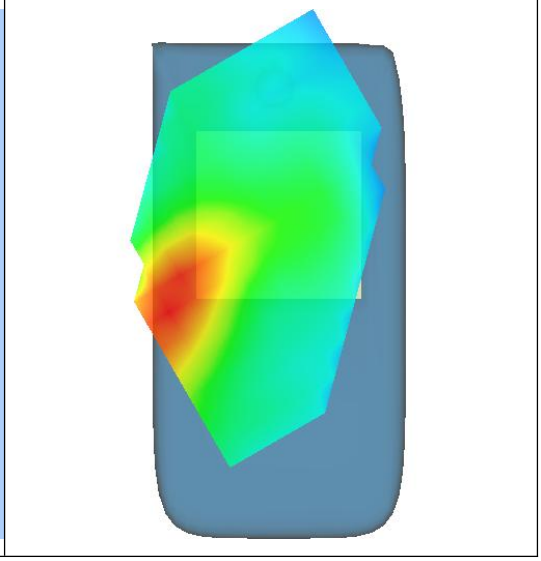
Test Mode: LTE Band 38, 1RB, High channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 29, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2610.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.33
Conductivity (S/m)	1.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.180000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.032707
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.073090
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**









#16

Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 38, 1RB, High channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Smart phone
Model: Smooth 5.0 2022
Test Date: March 29, 2022

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2610.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.38
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.710000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.065744
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.152513
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**