

# TEST REPORT

**Product Name** : Wireless Bluetooth speaker  
**Model Number** : SL526, EL224  
**FCC ID** : 2BCGV0013

**Prepared for** : NINGBO CSTAR IMPRINT E-COMMERCE CO.,LTD  
**Address** : B46, BUILDING B, INDUSTRIAL BLOCK, QIAOTOUHU STREET, NINGHAI COUNTY, NINGBO CITY, ZHEJIANG PROVINCE

**Prepared by** : EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.  
**Address** : -1&2/F., Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology Research and Development Base, No.9, Xincheng Avenue, Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

TEL: +86-0769-22807078  
FAX: +86-0769-22807079

**Report Number** : EDG2404150242E00101R  
**Date(s) of Tests** : Apr 15, 2024 to Apr 26, 2024  
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## 1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : NINGBO CSTAR IMPRINT E-COMMERCE CO.,LTD  
Address : B46, BUILDING B, INDUSTRIAL BLOCK, QIAOTOUHU STREET, NINGHAI COUNTY, NINGBO CITY, ZHEJIANG PROVINCE  
Manufacturer : NINGBO CSTAR IMPRINT E-COMMERCE CO.,LTD  
Address : B46, BUILDING B, INDUSTRIAL BLOCK, QIAOTOUHU STREET, NINGHAI COUNTY, NINGBO CITY, ZHEJIANG PROVINCE  
EUT : Wireless Bluetooth speaker  
Model Name : SL526, EL224  
Trademark : N/A

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	PASS
IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021) IC RSS-247 Issue 3(08-2023)	PASS

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK(DONGGUAN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2, Part 15.247, IC RSS-247 Issue 3 and IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report

Date of Test : Apr 15, 2024 to Apr 26, 2024

Prepared by : 

Warren Deng /Editor

Reviewer : 

Tim Dong /Supervisor

Approve & Authorized Signer : 

Sam Lv /Manager

Modified History

Version	Report No.	Revision Date	Summary
	EDG2404150242E00101R	/	Original Report



## 2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description
<b>Product:</b>	Wireless Bluetooth speaker
<b>Model Number:</b>	SL526, EL224 These models are the same except the model name and appearance, Here select SL526 for test.
<b>Sample:</b>	1#
<b>Data Rate:</b>	1Mbps for GFSK modulation 2Mbps for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation
<b>Modulation:</b>	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
<b>Operating Frequency Range(s) :</b>	2402-2480MHz
<b>Number of Channels:</b>	79 channels
<b>Transmit Power Max:</b>	2.45 dBm(0.001758 W)
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	PCB Antenna
<b>Antenna Gain:</b>	-0.58 dBi
<b>Rating:</b>	Input: DC 5V/2A 9V/2A Battery capacity: 3.7V/1800mAh 6.66Wh Wireless Output Power:5W/7.5W/10W Speaker output power:5W
<b>Product SW/HW version:</b>	HW: V1.0 SW: V1.0
<b>Radio SW/HW version:</b>	HW: V1.0 SW: V1.0
<b>Temperature Range:</b>	-10°C ~ +45°C

**Note:** for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	IC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1 RSS-Gen.6.7	Emission Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247.5.4 RSS-Gen 6.12	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209 15.205	RSS-Gen 8.9 RSS-Gen 8.10 RSS-Gen 6.13 RSS-247 3.3 RSS-247 5.5	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.203 15.247(b)	RSS-Gen 6.8 RSS-247 5.4	Antenna Application	PASS	
15.247 (a) (1)/g/h	-	Frequency Hopping System	PASS	
NOTE: According to FCC OET KDB 558074, the report use radiated measurements in the restricted frequency bands. In addition, the radiated test is also performed to ensure the emissions emanating from the device cabinet also comply with the applicable limits.				

#### RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2BCGV0013** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

## 4 TEST METHODOLOGY

### 4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C

IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021)

IC RSS-247 Issue 3(08-2023)

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

### 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

#### Conducted Emission Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	100137	2023/5/11	1Year
AMN	Rohde&Schwarz	ENV216	101209	2023/5/11	1Year
AMN	Rohde&Schwarz	ENV216	100017	2023/5/11	1Year
RF Switching Unit	CDS	RSU-M2	38401	2023/5/11	1Year
AMN	Schwarzbeck	NNLK8121	8121-641	2023/5/11	1Year
AMN	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH3-Z6	101101	2023/5/11	1Year
AMN	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH3-Z6	101102	2023/5/11	1Year
Power Splitters & Dividers	Weinschel Associates	WA1506A	A1066	2023/5/11	1Year
Current Probe	FCC	F-52	8377	2023/5/11	1Year
Passive voltage probe	Rohde&Schwarz	ESH2-Z3	100122	2023/5/11	1Year

#### For Spurious Emissions Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	101415	2023/5/11	1Year
Bi-log Hybrid Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	141	2023/5/15	1Year
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447F	OPTH64	2023/5/11	1 Year
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103039	2023/5/11	1 Year
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	1272	2023/5/15	1Year
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-567	2023/5/15	1Year
Pre-Amplifier	LUNAR EM	PM1-18-40	J10100000081	2023/5/11	1Year
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-012	2023/5/15	1Year

#### For other test items:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Wireless Connectivity Tester	R&S	CMW270	102543	2023/05/11	1Year
Automatic Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	2118060480	2023/05/11	1Year
Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY60242456	2023/05/11	1Year
Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61252625	2023/05/11	1Year
UP/DOWN-Converter	R&S	CMW-Z800A	100274	2023/05/11	1Year
Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY61252674	2023/05/11	1Year
Frequency Extender	KEYSIGHT	N5182BX07	MY59362541	2023/05/11	1Year
Temperature&Humidity test chamber	ESPEC	EL-02KA	12107166	2023/05/11	1 Year

### 4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for GFSK modulation(DH5); 2Mbps for  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation(2DH5); 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation(3DH5);)were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

#### Frequency and Channel list for Bluetooth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	...	...
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
...	...	...	...	78	2480

Note:  $f_c = 2402\text{MHz} + k \times 1\text{MHz}$   $k=0$  to 78

#### Test Frequency and channel for Bluetooth

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480



## 5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at:

EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.

-1&2/F., Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology Research and Development Base, No.9, Xincheng Avenue, Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

### 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

### 5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

#### Site Description

EMC Lab.

: Accredited by CNAS, 2020.08.27

The certificate is valid until 2024.07.05

The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01:2018

The Certificate Registration Number is L3150

Accredited by FCC

Designation Number: CN1300

Test Firm Registration Number: 945551

Accredited by A2LA, April 30, 2025

The Certificate Registration Number is 4321.02

Accredited by Industry Canada

The Certificate Registration Number is CN0113

#### Name of Firm

: EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.

#### Site Location

: -1&2/F., Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology Research and Development Base, No.9, Xincheng Avenue, Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

## 6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Test Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	$\pm 1.0\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions Test	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission Test	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Power Density	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth Test	$\pm 1.0\text{dB}$
Band Edge Test	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
All emission, radiated	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
Antenna Port Emission	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
Temperature	$\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 3\%$

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%

## 7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

```

graph LR
    EUT[EUT] --- Attenuator[Attenuator]
    Attenuator --- MeasurementInstrument[Measurement Instrument]
  
```

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m. The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

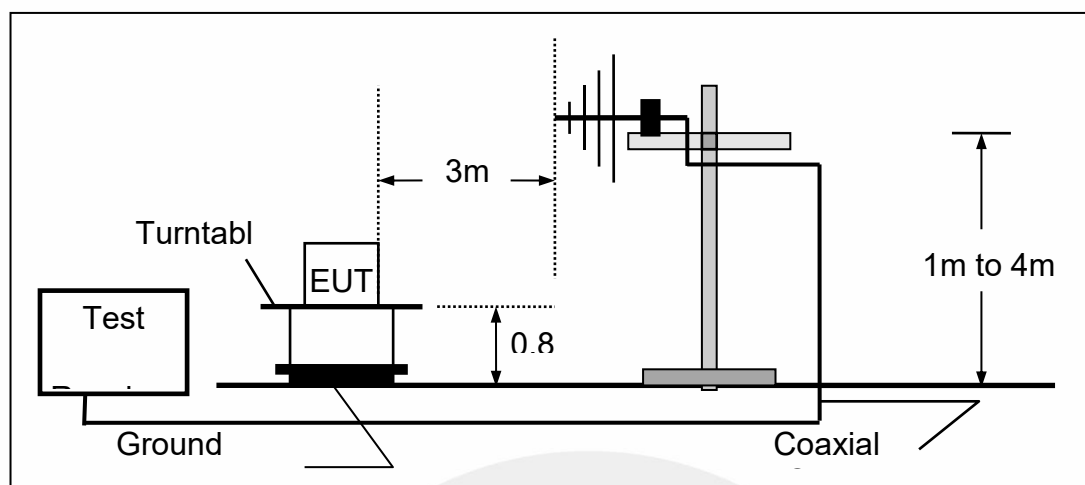
The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.)

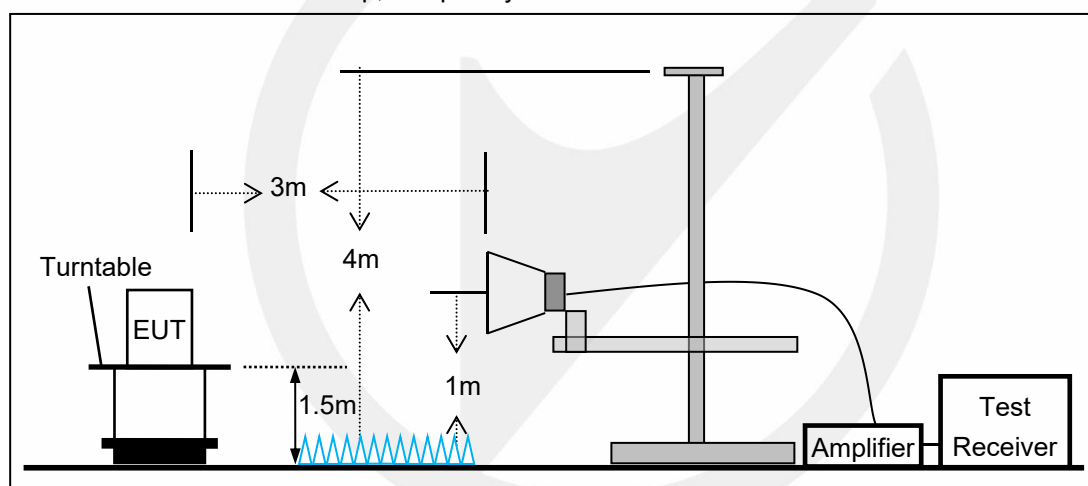
The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

The diagram illustrates the experimental setup for the antenna measurement. It shows a Turntable with a height of 0.8 m, supporting the EUT. The EUT is positioned 3 m away from the Coaxial Cable, which is connected to the Test Receiver. The entire setup is placed on a Ground Plane.

(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz

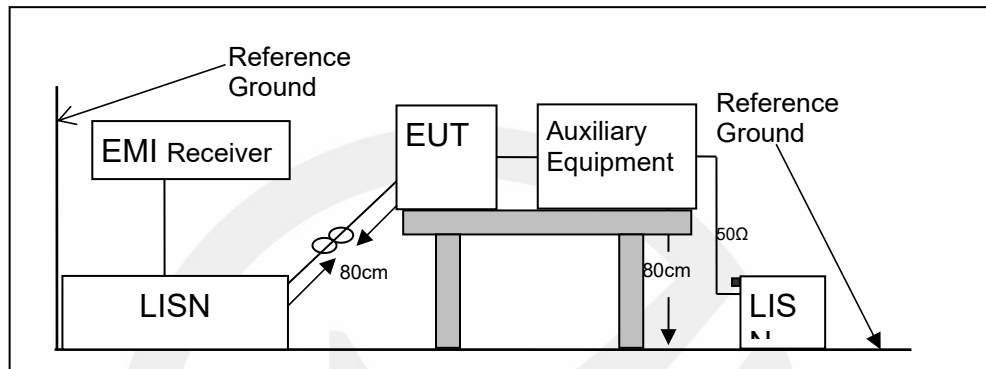


### 7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

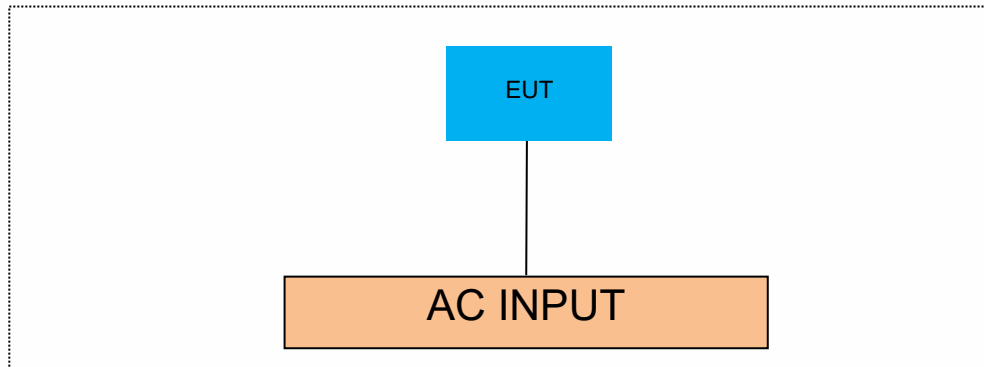
The mains cable of the EUT (Perfect Share Mini) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.8m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.



#### 7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM



#### 7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
power line	0.8	Unshielded	/

Auxiliary Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	Lenovo	E46L	11S168003748Z0LR06E0HG
Adapter	Apple	/	/

##### Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

## 8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

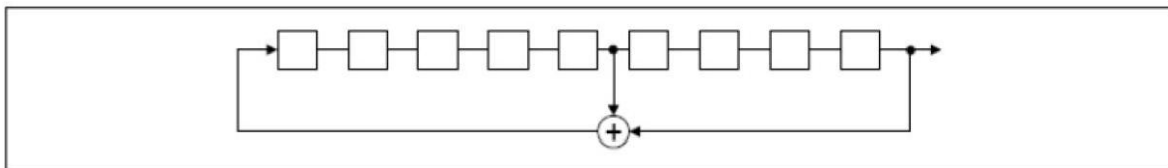
### 8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

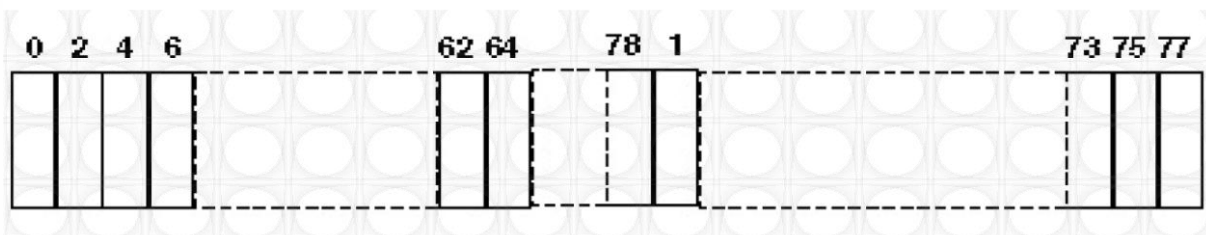
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits

Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53

Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

### 8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.



## 9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

### 9.1 20DB&99%BANDWIDTH

#### 9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02  
According to IC RSS-247.5.1 and RSS-Gen.6.7

#### 9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

#### 9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating in Bluetooth mode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously

Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 100 kHz.

Set Span= approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdelta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

#### 20dB Emission Bandwidth

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	1.044	2401.487	2402.531	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	1.047	2440.484	2441.531	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	1.053	2479.478	2480.531	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.341	2401.343	2402.684	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.344	2440.343	2441.687	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.344	2479.340	2480.684	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.305	2401.358	2402.663	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.299	2440.361	2441.660	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.296	2479.361	2480.657	---	---



DH5-Ant1-2402



DH5-Ant1-2441



DH5-Ant1-2480



2DH5-Ant1-2402

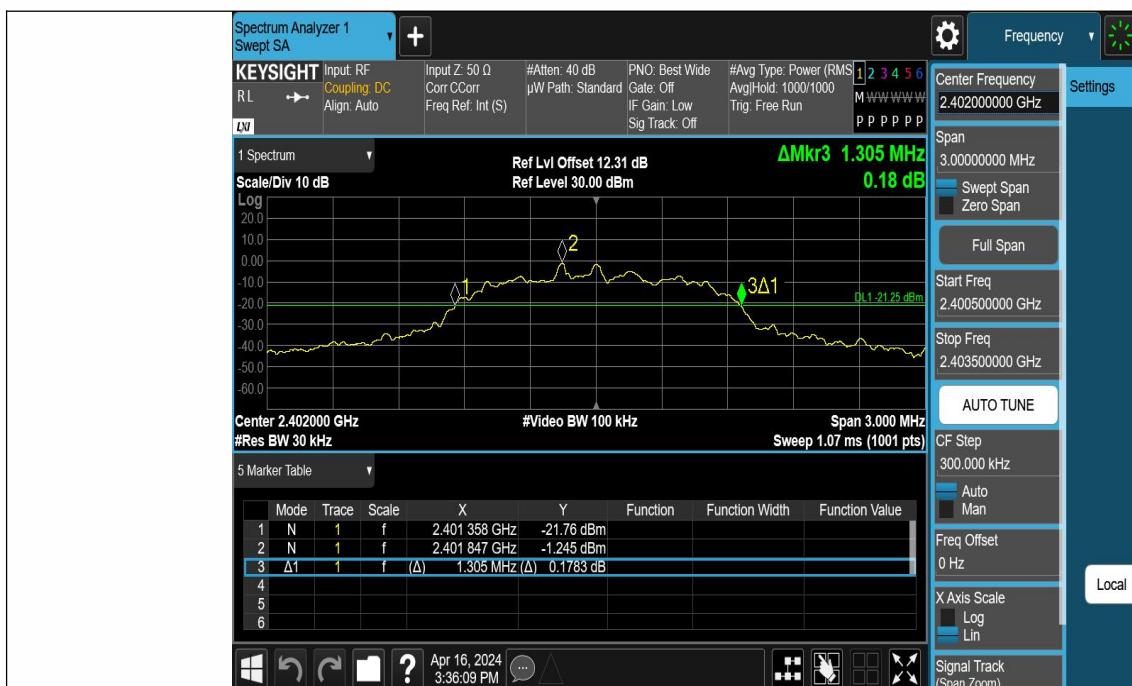


2DH5-Ant1-2441

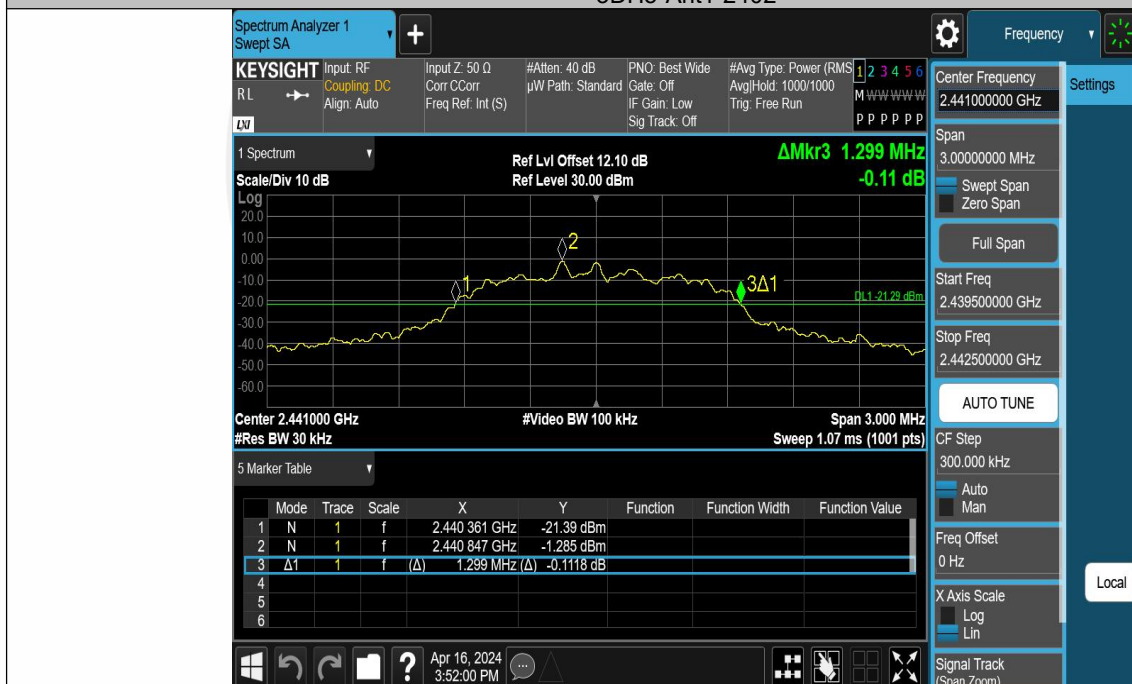


2DH5-Ant1-2480

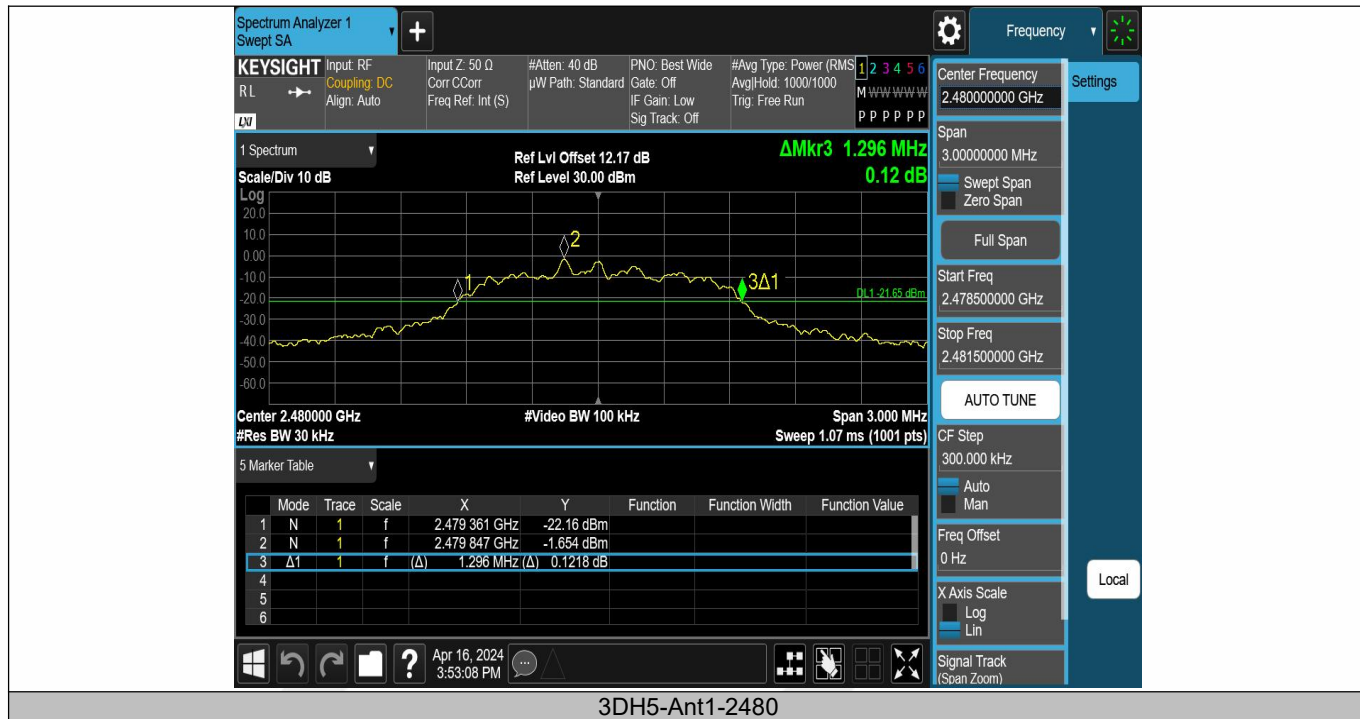




3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441

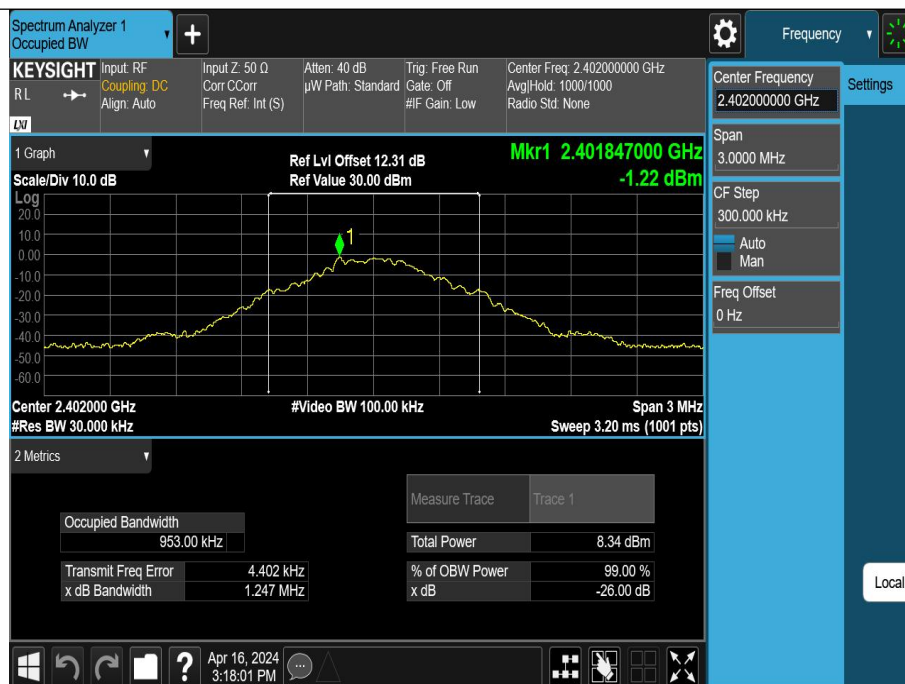


3DH5-Ant1-2480

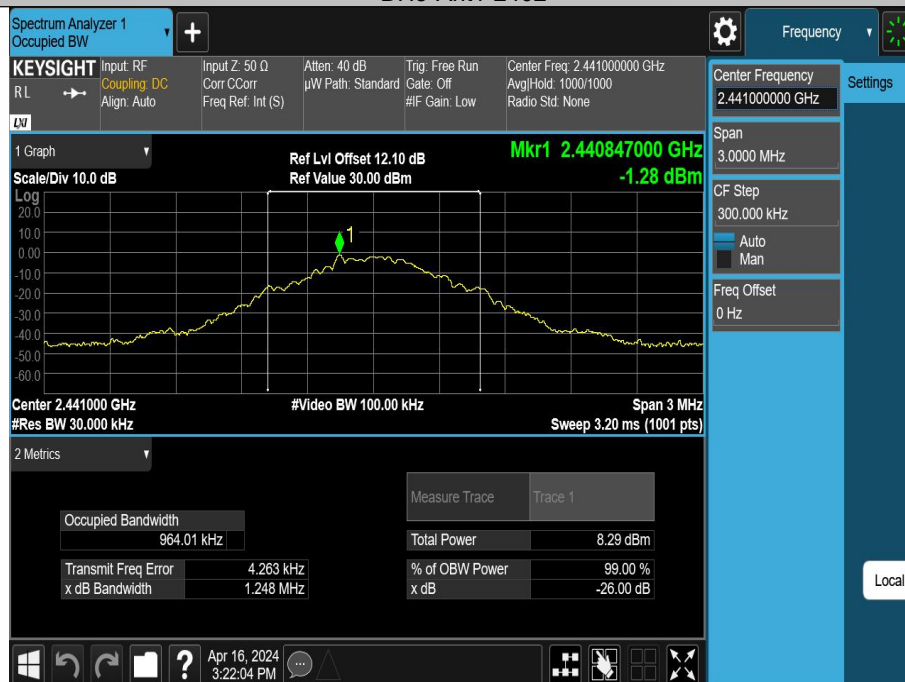
# Occupied Channel Bandwidth

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.95300	2401.5279	2402.4809	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.96401	2440.5223	2441.4863	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.97412	2479.5175	2480.4916	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.2237	2401.4058	2402.6295	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.2334	2440.4027	2441.6361	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.2464	2479.3961	2480.6425	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.2222	2401.3952	2402.6174	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.2260	2440.3937	2441.6197	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.2275	2479.3948	2480.6223	---	---



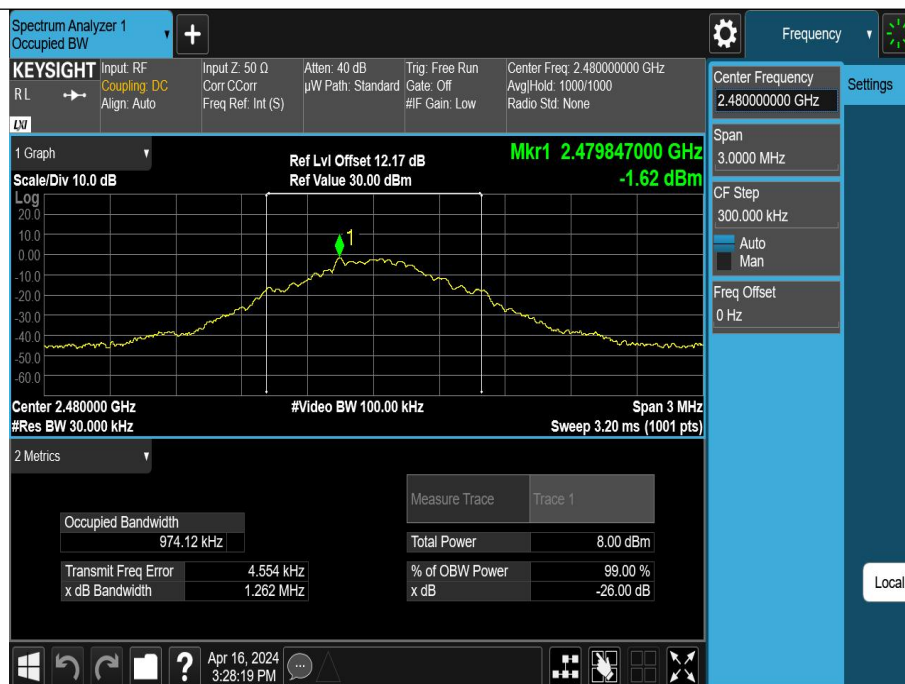


DH5-Ant1-2402

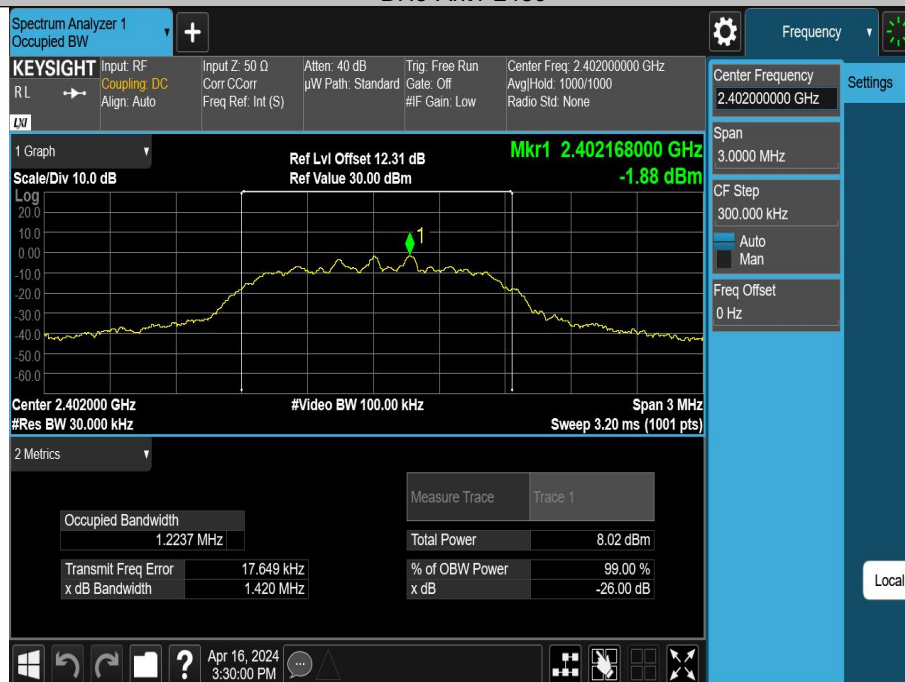


DH5-Ant1-2441

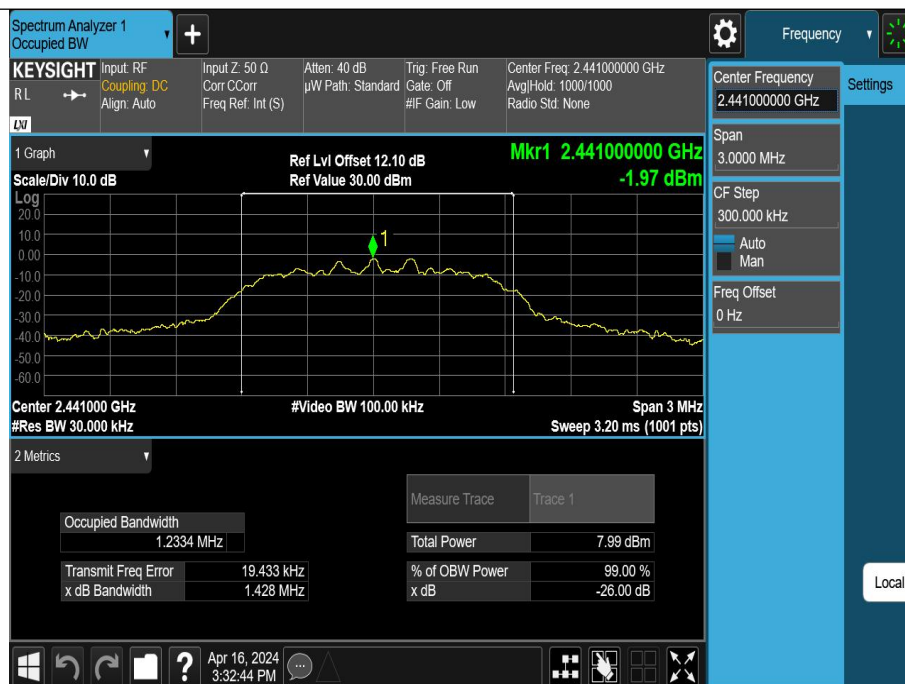




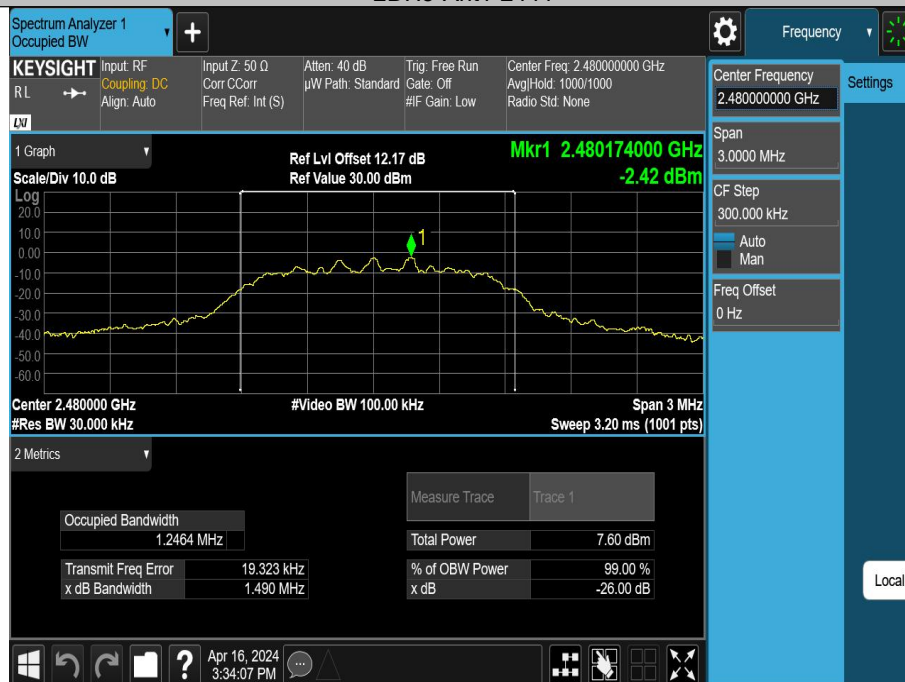
DH5-Ant1-2480



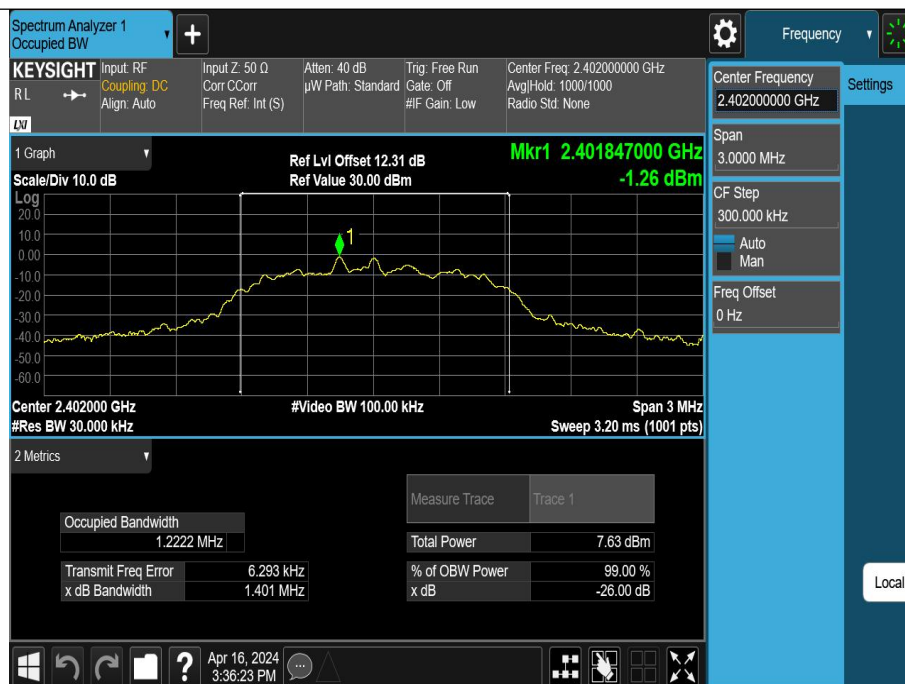
2DH5-Ant1-2402



2DH5-Ant1-2441



2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



## 9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

### 9.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02  
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

### 9.2.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 9.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

### 9.2.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set the RBW =300kHz. Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Detector = peak. Set Trace mode = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

### Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: For Limit = 20dB bandwidth \* 2/3

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	0.92	≥0.702	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.134	≥0.896	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	0.928	≥0.870	PASS







### 9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

#### 9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02  
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

#### 9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### 9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 9.3.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2400-2483.5MHz)

RBW = 300KHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

#### Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	$\geq 15$	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	$\geq 15$	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	$\geq 15$	PASS







## 9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

### 9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02  
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

### 9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 9.4.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

### 9.4.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

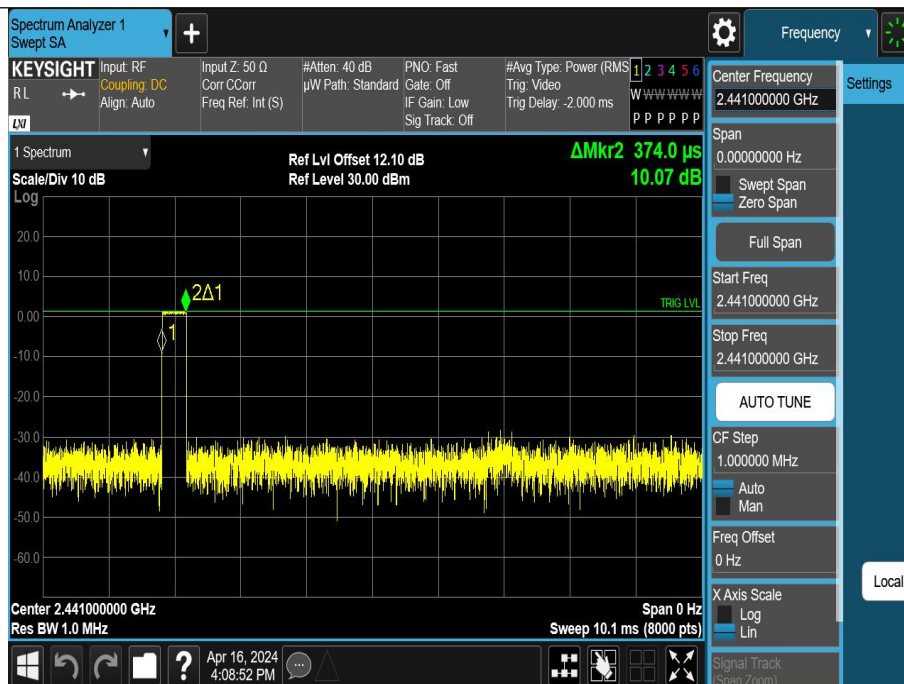
If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

### 9.4.5 Test Results

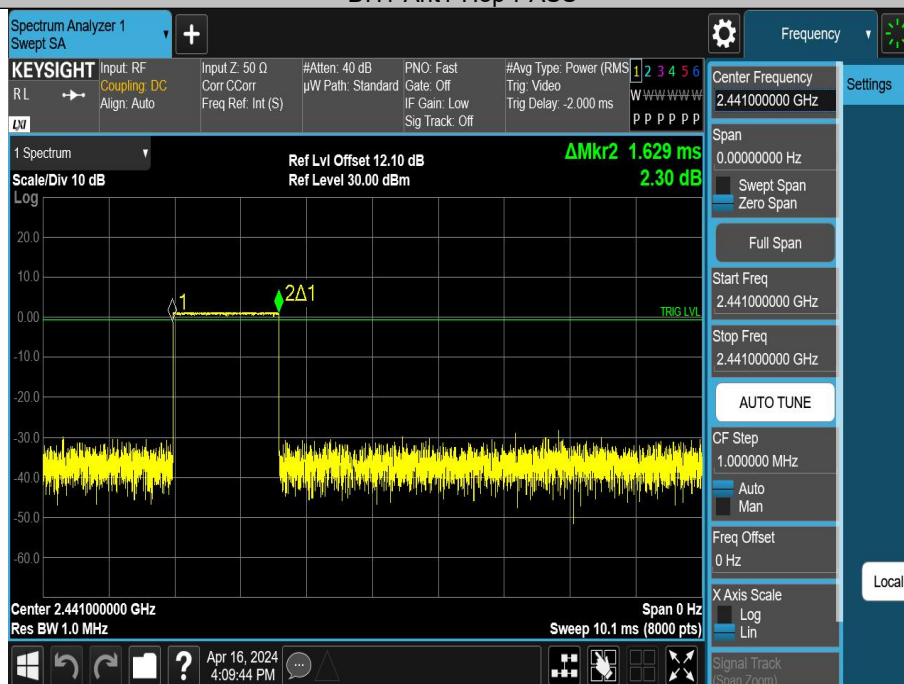
Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note:  $TotalHops(DH1) = (1600/2/79) * 31.6$   
 $TotalHops(DH3) = (1600/4/79) * 31.6$   
 $TotalHops(DH5) = (1600/6/79) * 31.6$   
Dwell Time = BurstWidth \* TotalHops

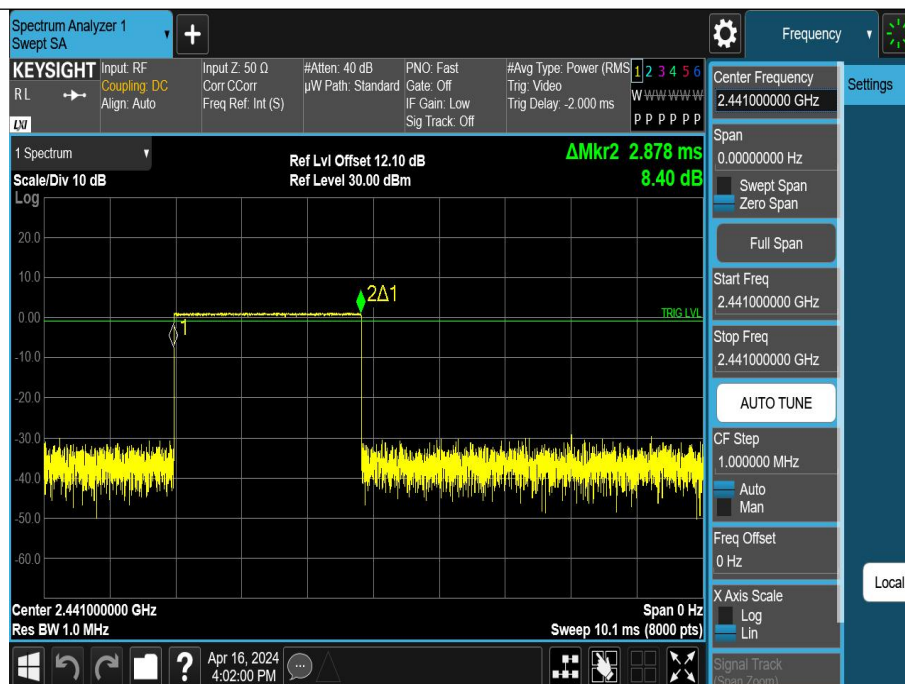
TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.374	320	0.12	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.629	160	0.261	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.878	106.67	0.307	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.384	320	0.123	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.635	160	0.262	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.884	106.67	0.308	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.384	320	0.123	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.634	160	0.261	$\leq 0.4$	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.885	106.67	0.308	$\leq 0.4$	PASS



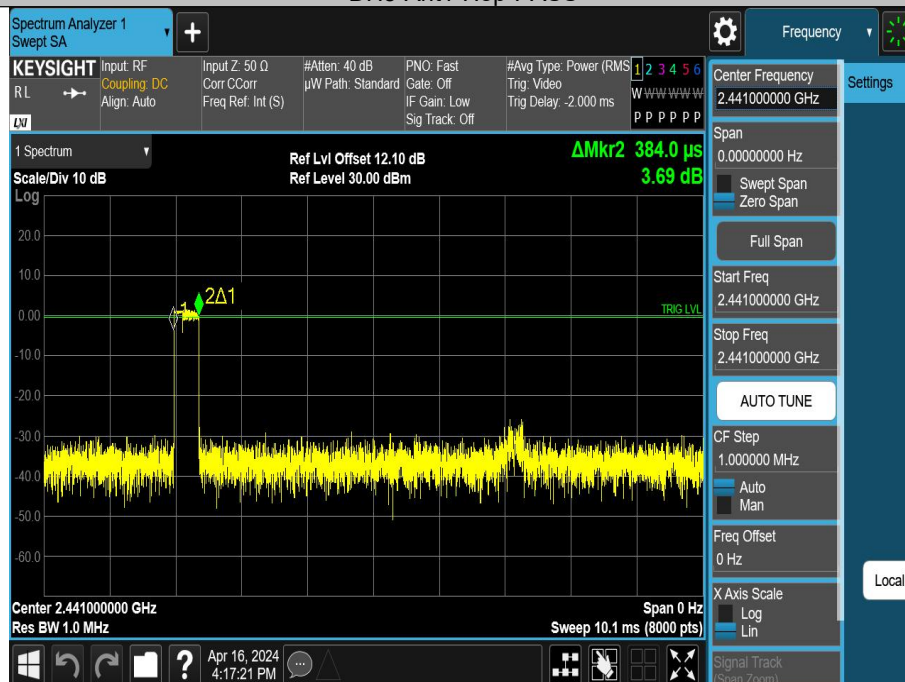
DH1-Ant1-Hop-PASS



DH3-Ant1-Hop-PASS

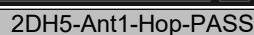
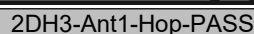


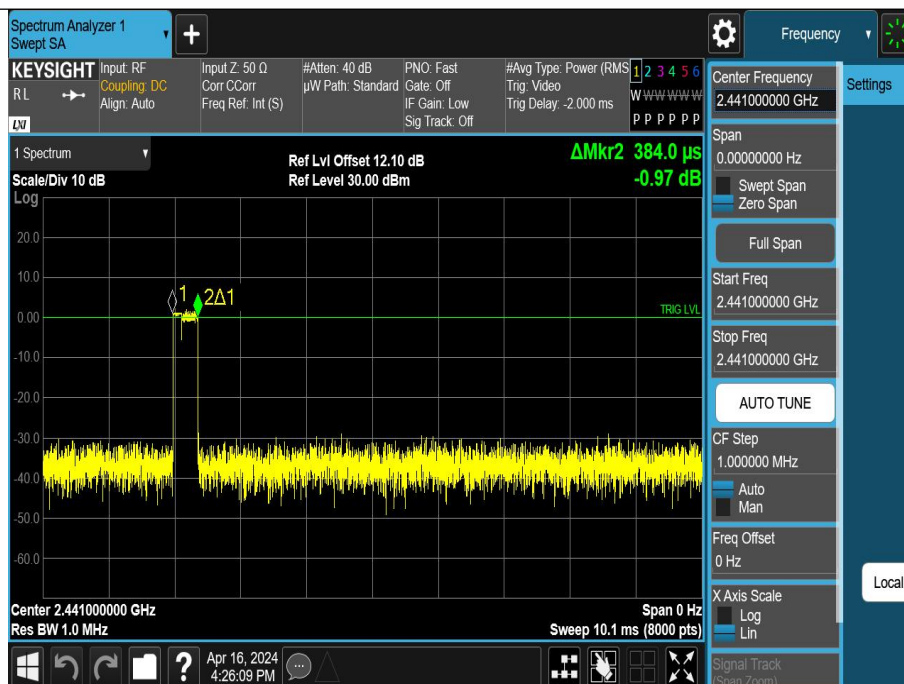
DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS



2DH1-Ant1-Hop-PASS







3DH1-Ant1-Hop-PASS



3DH3-Ant1-Hop-PASS

