

Report on the Radio Testing

For

bf1 systems

on

2.4GHz, Generation 1, Electronic Control Unit

Report no. TRA-049589-47-03A

22 January 2021

RF915 7.0







Report Number: TRA-049589-47-03A

Issue: Α

> REPORT ON THE RADIO TESTING OF A bf1 systems 2.4GHz, Generation 1, Electronic Control Unit WITH RESPECT TO SPECIFICATION FCC 47CFR 15.247

TEST DATE: 2021-01-14 to 2021-01-15

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Date: 22 January 2021

[1] THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE REPRODUCED ONLY IN ITS ENTIRETY AND WITHOUT CHANGE [2] THE RESULTS CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT RELATE ONLY TO THE ITEM(S) TESTED

1 Revision Record

Issue Number	Issue Date	Revision History
Α	22 January 2021	Original

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2 Summary

TEST REPORT NUMBER: TRA-049589-47-03A WORKS ORDER NUMBER TRA-049589-05 PURPOSE OF TEST: USA: Testing of radio frequency equipment per the relevant authorization procedure of chapter 47 of CFR (code of federal regulations) Part 2, subpart J. TEST SPECIFICATION(S): 47CFR15.247 **EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT):** 2.4GHz, Generation 1, Electronic Control Unit FCC IDENTIFIER: USX-BF24G1EC MAC ADDRESS: 00:0d:6f:59:95:5d MANUFACTURER/AGENT: bf1 systems ADDRESS: **Technical Centre** Owen Road Diss Norfolk IP22 4ER United Kingdom CLIENT CONTACT: Ilias Siomadis ***** +44 (0)1379 646 235 ⊠ ilias.siomadis@bf1systems.com **ORDER NUMBER:** 0000097471 TEST DATE: 2021-01-14 to 2021-01-15 **TESTED BY:** D Winstanley

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Element

2.1 Test Summary

Test Method and Descr	iption	Requirement Clause 47CFR15	Applicable to this equipment	Result / Note
Radiated spurious emissio (restricted bands of operat cabinet radiation)		15.205		Pass
AC power line conducted emissions		15.207		Note 1
Occupied bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)		Pass	
Conducted carrier power	Peak	15.247(b)(3)		Pass
Conducted carrier power	Max.	13.247(0)(3)		Fass
Conducted / radiated RF p out-of-band	ower	15.247(d)		Pass
Power spectral density, conducted	15.247(e)	\boxtimes	Pass	
Calculation of duty correcti	on	15.35(c)		Pass

Notes:

1- Battery powered device.

The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested, in the condition at time of test, and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configurations, modes of operation and arrangements defined in this report only. Any modifications made are identified in Section 8 of this report.

Particular operating modes, apparatus monitoring methods and performance criteria required by the standards tested to have been performed except where identified in Section 5.2 of this test report (Deviations from Test Standards).

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4 Introduction

This report TRA-049589-47-03A presents the results of the Radio testing on a bf1 systems, 2.4GHz, Generation 1, Electronic Control Unit to specification 47CFR15 Radio Frequency Devices.

The testing was carried out for bf1 systems by Element, at the address

☐ Element Hull ☑ Element Skelmersdale
Unit E Unit 1
South Orbital Trading Park Pendle Place

Hedon Road
Hull
HU9 1NJ
UK

Hendie Place
Skemersdale
West Lancashire
WN8 9PN
UK

UK

This report details the configuration of the equipment, the test methods used and any relevant modifications where appropriate.

All test and measurement equipment under the control of the laboratory and requiring calibration is subject to an established programme and procedures to control and maintain measurement standards. The quality management system meets the principles of ISO 9001, and has quality control procedures for monitoring the validity of tests undertaken. Records and sufficient detail are retained to establish an audit trail of calibration records relating to its test results for a defined period. Under control of the established calibration programme, key quantities or values of the test & measurement instrumentation are within specification and comply with the relevant traceable internationally recognised and appropriate standard specifications, which are UKAS calibrated as such where these properties have a significant effect on results. Participation in inter-laboratory comparisons and proficiency testing ensures satisfactory correlation of results conform to Elements own procedures, as well as statistical techniques for analysis of test data providing the appropriate confidence in measurements.

Throughout this report EUT denotes equipment under test.

FCC Site Listing:

Element is accredited for the above sites under the US-EU MRA, Designation number UK0009.

IC Registration Number(s):

Element Hull 3483A Element North West 3930B

The test site requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 are met up to 1GHz.

The test site SVSWR requirements of CISPR 16-1-4:2010 are met over the frequency range 1 GHz to 18 GHz.

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5 Test Specifications

5.1 Normative References

- FCC 47 CFR Ch. I Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices.
- ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- ANSI C63.4-2014 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

5.2 Deviations from Test Standards

There were no deviations from the test standard.

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6 Glossary of Terms

§ denotes a section reference from the standard, not this document

\$ denotes a section reAC Alternating Current

ANSI American National Standards Institute

BW bandwidth C Celsius

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CW Continuous Wave

dB decibel

dBm dB relative to 1 milliwatt

DC Direct Current

DSSS Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

ERP Effective Radiated Power EUT Equipment Under Test

FCC Federal Communications Commission FHSS Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

Hz hertz

IC Industry Canada

ITU International Telecommunication Union

LBT Listen Before Talk

m metremax maximum

MIMO Multiple Input and Multiple Output

min minimum

MRA Mutual Recognition Agreement

N/A Not Applicable
PCB Printed Circuit Board
PDF Portable Document Format

Pt-mpt Point-to-multipoint
Pt-pt Point-to-point
RF Radio Frequency
RH Relative Humidity
RMS Root Mean Square

Rx receiver second

SVSWR Site Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

Tx transmitter

UKAS United Kingdom Accreditation Service

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{V} & \text{volt} \\ \textbf{W} & \text{watt} \\ \boldsymbol{\Omega} & \text{ohm} \end{array}$

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7 Equipment Under Test

7.1 EUT Identification

• Name: 2.4GHz, Generation 1, Electronic Control Unit

MAC Address: 00:0d:6f:59:95:5d
Model Number: BF24G1EC
Software Revision: Not Stated

• Build Level / Revision Number: Not Stated

7.2 System Equipment

Equipment listed below forms part of the overall test setup and is required for equipment functionality and/or monitoring during testing. The compliance levels achieved in this report relate only to the EUT and not items given in the following list.

Not Applicable - No support/monitoring equipment required.

7.3 EUT Mode of Operation

7.3.1 Transmission

The mode of operation for transmitter tests was as follows:-

The unit was transmitting modulated carrier on top, middle or bottom channels as required.

7.4 EUT Radio Parameters

7.4.1 General

Frequency of operation:	2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
Modulation type(s):	GFSK
Occupied channel bandwidth(s):	2 MHz
Channel spacing:	2 MHz
ITU emission designator(s):	G1D
Declared output power(s):	0 dBm
Antenna type:	Integral antenna
Gain	2.9 dBi
Nominal Supply Voltage:	12 Vdc

7.5 EUT Description

The EUT is an ECU for Tyre Pressure Monitoring System working on the 2.4 GHz frequency band.

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8 Modifications

No modifications were performed during this assessment.

9 EUT Test Setup

9.1 Block Diagram

The following diagram shows basic EUT interconnections with cable type and cable lengths identified:



9.2 Measurement software

Where applicable, the following software was used to perform measurements contained within this report.

Element Emissions R5 (See Note) Element Transmitter Bench Test (See Note) ETS Lindgren EMPower V1.0.4.2

Note:

The version of the Element software used is recorded in the results sheets contained within this report.

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10 General Technical Parameters

10.1 Normal Conditions

The E U T was tested under the normal environmental conditions of the test laboratory, except where otherwise stated. The normal power source applied was 12 V dc from a lead battery.

10.2 Varying Test Conditions

There are no specific frequency stability requirements for the type of device. The results contained in this report demonstrate that the occupied bandwidth is contained within the authorised band and the manufacturer has declared sufficient frequency stability (refer to section 7.4).

Variation of supply voltage is required to ensure stability of the declared output power. During carrier power testing the following variations were made:

Category	Nominal	Variation		
Mains	110 V ac +/-2 %	85 % and 115 %		
Battery	New battery	N/A		

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11 Radiated emissions

11.1 Definitions

Spurious emissions

Emissions on a frequency or frequencies, which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

Restricted bands

A frequency band in which intentional radiators are permitted to radiate only spurious emissions but not fundamental signals.

11.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Chamber 1

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Frequencies Measured: 2402 MHz / 2440 MHz / 2480 MHz

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 2 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz; Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz

Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: quasi-peak; Above 1 GHz: RMS average and Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 18 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 42 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

11.3 Test Limit

Unwanted emissions that fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply with the limits specified:

General Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters at Frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)			
30 to 88	100			
88 to 216	150			
216 to 960	200			
Above 960	500			

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11.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure i, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver.

Radiated electromagnetic emissions from the EUT are checked first by preview scans. Preview scans for all spectrum and modulation characteristics are checked, using a peak detector and where applicable worst-case determined for function, operation, orientation, etc. for both vertical and horizontal polarisations. Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.10 are followed. Alternatively, a layout closest to normal use (as declared by the provider) is employed, (see EUT setup photographs for more detail).

Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz are measured using calibrated broadband antennas. Emissions above 1 GHz are characterized using standard gain horn antennas. Pre-amplifiers and filters are used where required. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and detector type(s) meet the regulatory requirements.

For both horizontal and vertical polarizations, the EUT is then rotated through 360 degrees in azimuth until the highest emission is detected. At the previously determined azimuth the test antenna is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m in height until a maximum emission level is detected, this maximum value is recorded.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in $dB\mu V/m$ at the regulatory distance, using:

Where,

PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in dBµV;

CL is the cable loss in dB;

AF is the test antenna factor in dB/m:

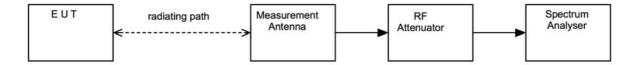
PA is the pre-amplifier gain in dB (where used);

DC is the duty correction factor in dB (where used, e.g. harmonics of pulsed fundamental);

CF is the distance factor in dB (where measurement distance different to limit distance);

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Figure i Test Setup



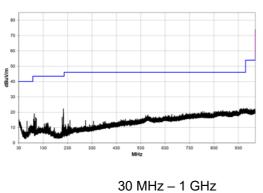
11.5 Test Equipment

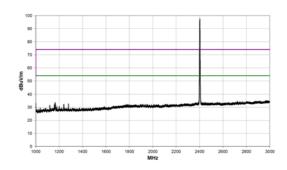
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2021-07-17
CBL611/A	Chase	Bilog	U573	2021-09-19
LNA6901	AMETEK	Pre Amp	U724	2021-12-16
3115	EMCO	1-18GHz Horn	L139	2021-07-16
20240-20	Flann	Horn 18-26GHz (&U330)	L300	2022-04-23
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2021-10-19

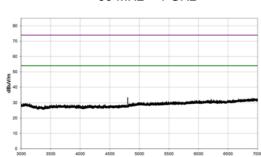
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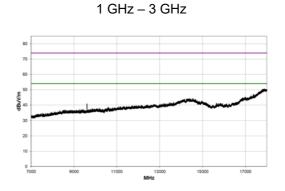
11.6 Test Results

High Power; Channel: 2402 MHz										
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
	No Significant Emissions Within 20 dB of the Limit									

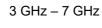


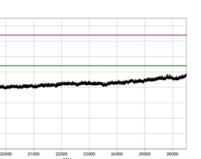






7 GHz – 18 GHz

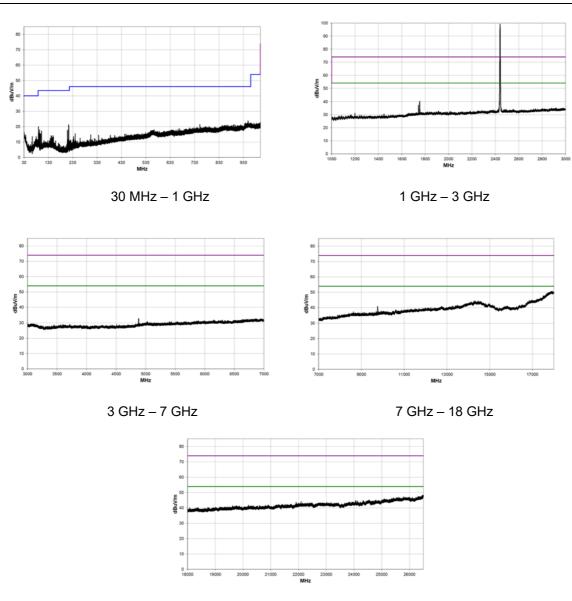




18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

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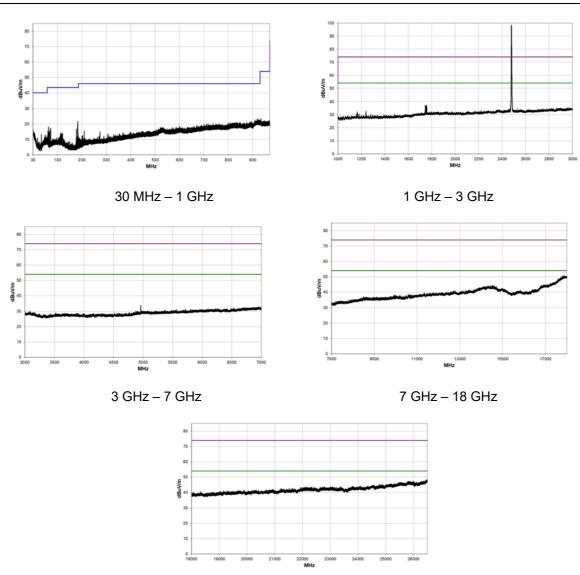
High Power; Channel: 2440 MHz										
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
No Significant Emissions Within 20 dB of the Limit										



18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

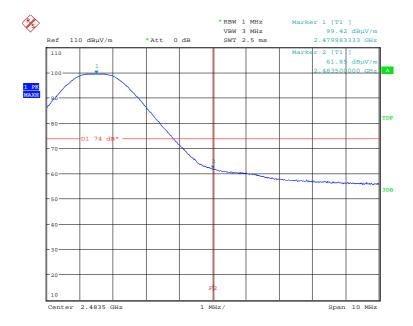
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High Power; Channel: 2480 MHz										
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
No Significant Emissions Within 20 dB of the Limit										

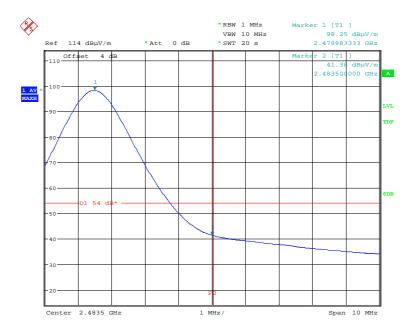


18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

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Upper bandedge Compliance - Peak



Upper bandedge Compliance - Average

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12 Occupied Bandwidth

12.1 Definition

The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal.

12.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Chamber 1

Test Standard and Clause: IC: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.9 FCC: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.8

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: Low / Mid / High

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 2 MHz
EUT Test Modulations: GFSK
Deviations From Standard: None
Measurement BW: 100 kHz

(IC requirement: 1% to 5% OBW; FCC requirement: 100 kHz)

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 300 kHz

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Span: 5 MHz / 4 MHz

(requirement 2 to 5 times OBW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 18 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 42 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

12.3 Test Limit

The minimum -6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

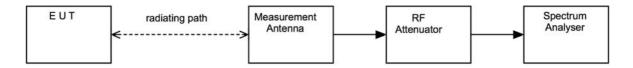
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12.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iii, the bandwidth of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iii Test Setup



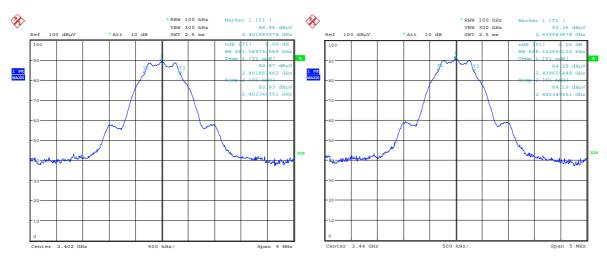
12.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2021-07-17
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2021-10-19
3115	EMCO	1-18GHz Horn	L139	2021-07-16

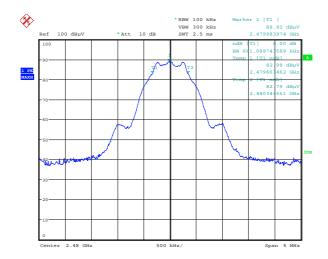
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12.6 Test Results

6 dB Bandwidth; Modulation: GFSK							
Channel Frequency (MHz)	equency F _L F _H Bandwidth						
2402	2401.663462	2402.344551	681.089	PASS			
2440	2439.655449	2440.344551	689.102	PASS			
2480	2479.663462	2480.344551	681.089	PASS			







2480 MHz

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13 Maximum peak conducted output power

13.1 Definition

The maximum peak conducted output power is defined as the maximum power level measured with a peak detector using a filter with width and shape of which is sufficient to accept the signal bandwidth.

The maximum conducted output power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level.

13.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Radio Chamber

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.9.1 EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 2402 MHz / 2440 MHz / 2480 MHz

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 2 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 2 MHz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 10 MHz

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 18 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)
Humidity: 42% RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

13.3 Test Limit

For systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902 to 928 MHz, 2400 to 2483.5 MHz and 5725 to 5850 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W.

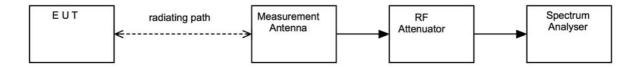
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13.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iv, the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser was increased above the EUT occupied bandwidth and the peak emission data noted.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iv Test Setup



13.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Type	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2021-07-17
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2021-10-19
3115	EMCO	1-18GHz Horn	L139	2021-07-16

13.6 Test Results

The following formula may be used to convert field strength (FS) in volts/metre to transmitter output power (TP) in watts:

$$TP = (FS \times D)^2 / (30 \times G)$$

where D is the distance in metres between the two antennas and G is the antenna numerical gain referenced to isotropic gain.

Modulation: GFSK;						
Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Field Strength (dBµV/m)	rield Distance Gain Numeric rength (m) (dRi) Gain		Max. Power (W)	Result	
2402	99.50	3.00	2.9	1.95	0.0014	PASS
2440	99.10	3.00	2.9	1.95	0.0013	PASS
2480	99.40	3.00	2.9	1.95	0.0013	PASS

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14 Out-of-band and conducted spurious emissions

14.1 Definition

Out-of-band emission.

Emission on a frequency or frequencies immediately outside the necessary bandwidth that results from the modulation process but excluding spurious emissions.

Spurious emission.

Emission on a frequency or frequencies that are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products, and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

14.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Chamber 1

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.11 EUT Frequencies Measured: 2402 MHz / 2440 MHz / 2480 MHz

EUT Channel Bandwidths:

Deviations From Standard:

None

Measurement BW:

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW:
(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Detector:

Peak

Measurement Range: 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 65 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

14.3 Test Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in FCC 47CFR15.209(a) / RSS-Gen is not required.

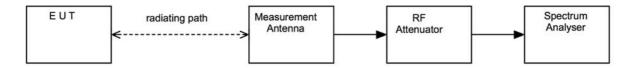
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14.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure v, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure v Test Setup



14.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2021-07-17
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2021-10-19
3115	EMCO	1-18GHz Horn	L139	2021-07-16

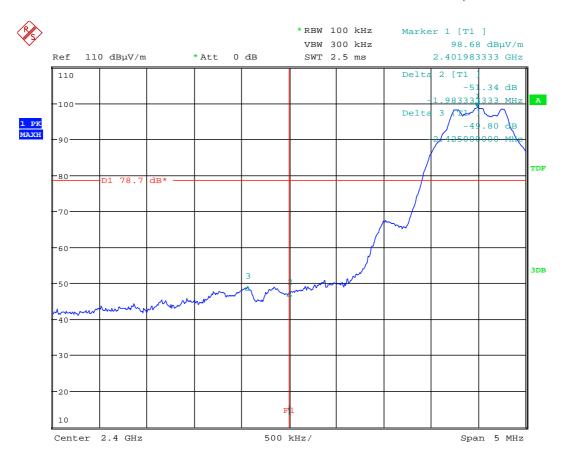
14.6 Test Results

	Modulation: GFSK; Frequency 2402 MHz					
Emission Frequency (MHz)	Peak Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Distance (m)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
No Significant Emissions See Plots in Section 11					PASS	

	Modulation: GFSK; Frequency 2440 MHz					
Emission Frequency (MHz)	Peak Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Distance (m)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
	No Significant Emissions See Plots in Section 11 PASS					PASS

	Modulation: GFSK; Frequency 2480 MHz					
Emission Frequency (MHz)	Peak Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Distance (m)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result
	No Significant Emissions See Plots in Section 11 PASS					PASS

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Lower Bandedge compliance

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15 Power spectral density

15.1 Definition

The power per unit bandwidth.

15.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Chamber: Chamber 1

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.10 EUT Frequencies Measured: 2402 MHz / 2440 MHz / 2480 MHz

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 2 MHz
Deviations From Standard: None
Measurement BW: 100 kHz
Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 300 kHz

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Span: 1.1 MHz

(requirement 1.5 times Channel BW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 18 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 42 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

15.3 Test Limit

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

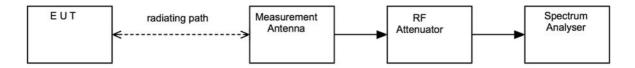
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15.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure vi, the peak emission of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser, with path losses taken into account.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure vi Test Setup



15.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	ufacturer Description		Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2021-07-17
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2021-10-19
3115	EMCO	1-18GHz Horn	L139	2021-07-16

15.6 Test Results

The following formula may be used to convert field strength (FS) in volts/metre to transmitter output power (TP) in watts:

TP =
$$(FS \times D)^2 / (30 \times G)$$

where D is the distance in metres between the two antennas and G is the antenna numerical gain referenced to isotropic gain.

	Modulation: GFSK;						
Channel Frequency (MHz)	requency Strongth (m) Gain Namum		Nmumeric Gain	Max. Power (dBm)	Result		
2402	98.60	3.00	2.9	1.95	0.47	PASS	
2440	98.40	3.00	2.9	1.95	0.27	PASS	
2480	98.50	3.00	2.9	1.95	0.37	PASS	

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16 Duty Cycle

16.1 Definition

The ratio of the sum of all pulse durations to the total period, during a specified period of operation.

16.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Skelmersdale

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 11.6

Deviations From Standard: None
Temperature Extreme Environment Test Range: N/A
Voltage Extreme Environment Test Range: N/A

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 65 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

16.3 Test Limit

N/A.

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16.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure vii, the duty of the EUT was calculated from the sum of total on and off times over the observation period.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, bandwidths, data rates and power settings were measured

[1] Single antenna output devices

Duty was measured at the antenna port / at a distance of 3 m.

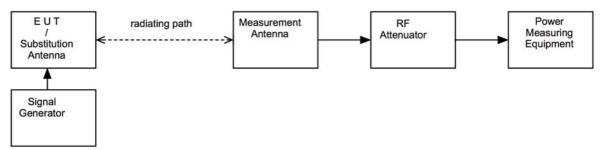
[2] Multiple antenna output devices

Duty was measured as the combination of all ports simultaneously / at a distance of 3 m.

The duty cycle correction factor, DC, shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as:

- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / *D*)], where *D* is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ($D \ge 98\%$) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Figure vii Test Setup



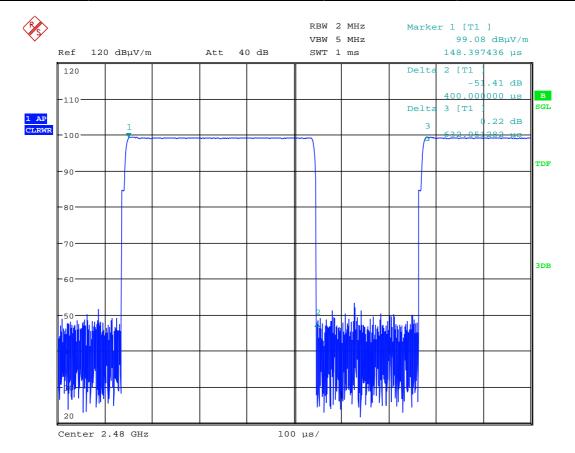
16.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
FSU26	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	U405	2021-07-17
8449B	Agilent	Pre Amp	L572	2021-10-19
3115	EMCO	1-18GHz Horn	L139	2021-07-16

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16.6 Test Results

Test Environment		TxOn time	Frame Period	Calculated Factor
		(ms)	(ms)	(dB)
V _{nominal}	T _{nominal}	400.00	632.05	4



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17 Measurement Uncertainty

Calculated Measurement Uncertainties

All statements of uncertainty are expanded standard uncertainty using a coverage factor of 1.96 to give a 95 % confidence:

[1] Radiated spurious emissions

Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = **4.75 dB**Uncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = **4.46 dB**

[2] AC power line conducted emissions

Uncertainty in test result = 3.2 dB

[3] Occupied bandwidth

Uncertainty in test result = 15.58 %

[4] Conducted carrier power

Uncertainty in test result (Power Meter) = **0.93 dB**

[5] Conducted RF power out-of-band

Uncertainty in test result – up to 8.1 GHz = 3.31 dBUncertainty in test result – 8.1 GHz to 15.3 GHz = 4.43 dB

[6] Radiated RF power out-of-band

Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = **4.75 dB**Uncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = **4.46 dB**

[7] Power spectral density

Uncertainty in test result (Spectrum Analyser) = 3.11 dB

[8] ERP / EIRP

Uncertainty in test result (Laboratory) = **4.71 dB**Uncertainty in test result (Pershore OATS) = **4.26 dB**

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18 RF Exposure

MPE Calculation

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

For purposes of these requirements mobile devices are defined by the FCC as transmitters designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. These devices are normally evaluated for exposure potential with relation to the MPE limits. As the 20 cm separation specified under FCC rules may not be achievable under normal operation of the EUT, an RF exposure calculation is needed to show the minimum distance required to be less than the power density limit, as required under FCC rules.

Equation from IEEE C95.1

$$S = \frac{EIRP}{4 \pi R^2}$$
 re - arranged $R = \sqrt{\frac{EIRP}{S 4 \pi}}$

Where:

S = power density

R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna

EIRP = EUT Maximum power

Result

Channel Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (mW)	Power density limit (S) (mW/cm²)	Distance (R) cm required to be less than the power density limit
2402	2.7	1.0	0.5
2440	2.4	1.0	0.4
2480	2.6	1.0	0.5

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