





# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant** Cypress Semiconductor

FCC ID WAP3047

**Product** EZ-BT WICED Module

Model CYBT-333032-02, CYBT-333047-02

**Report No.** R1808A0400-R2V1

Issue Date October 30, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2018). The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Performed by: Peng Tao

Approved by: Kai Xu

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# **Summary of Measurement Results**

Number	Summary of measurements of results	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict		
1	Peak Power Output -Conducted	15.247(b)(1)	PASS		
2	Occupied Bandwidth (20dB)	15.247(a)(1)	PASS		
3	Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	PASS		
4	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	PASS		
5	Band Edge Compliance	15.247(d)	PASS		
6	Number of Hopping Frequency	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	PASS		
7	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	15.247(d)	PASS		
8	Unwanted Emissions	15.247(d),15.205,15.209	PASS		
9	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207	PASS		
10	Frequency Hopping System	15.247 (g), (h)	PASS		
Date of Te	Date of Testing: August 15, 2018 ~ September 7, 2018				



# 1 Test Laboratory

# 1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

# 1.2 Test facility

# CNAS (accreditation number: L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

# FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

# VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

#### A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



# 1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China

City: Shanghai

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# 2 General Description of Equipment under Test

# **Client Information**

Applicant	Cypress Semiconductor		
Applicant address	198 Champion Ct, San Jose, California 95134,United States		
Manufacturer	Cypress Semiconductor		
Manufacturer address	198 Champion Ct, San Jose, California 95134,United States		

## **General information**

EUT Description				
Model	CYBT-333032-02, CYBT-333047-02			
IMEI	1	I		
Hardware Version	REV1.0			
Software Version	REV1.0			
Power Supply	External Power Su	pply		
Antenna Type	The EUT don't have standard Antenna, The Antenna used for testing in this report is the after-market accessory (Dipole Antenna)			
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)			
Antenna Gain	2.0dBi, 2.2 dBi			
Test Mode(s)	Basic Rate	Enhanced Data Rate(EDR)		
Madulation Type	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)			
Modulation Type	GFSK	π/4 DQPSK	8DPSK	
Packet Type (Maximum Payload)	DH5	2DH5	3DH5	
Max. Conducted Power 9.70dBm				
Operating Frequency Range(s)	2402-2480 MHz			
Note: 1. The information of the EUT is declared by the manufacturer.				



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Show compliance with 15.203 antenna requirements:

There are two kinds of configuration for the module:

CYBT-333032-02, it is configured with RF pin to connect external antenna, details is as below:

Manufacture	Part Number	Gain
Antenova	B4844-01	2.2dBi
Pulse	W1030	2.0dBi

# CYBT-333047-02, it is configured with RF connector to connect external antenna, details is as below:

Manufacture	Part Number	Gain			
Antenova	B4844-01	2.2dBi			
Pulse	W1030	2.0dBi			

Antenna Type 1: Gain = 2.2 dBi, Antenna Type 2: Gain =2.0 dBi. each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, however, only the test result of larger antenna gain (Antenna Type 1: Gain = 2.2 dBi) will be recorded in this report.



# 3 Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

## **Test standards**

- · FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2018) Radio Frequency Devices
- · ANSI C63.10 (2013)
- DA00-705 Filing and Frequency Measurement Guidelines For Frequency Hopping Spread
   Spectrum System (2000).



# 4 Information about the FHSS characteristics

# 4.1 Frequency Hopping System Requirement

#### Standard requirement:

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(g):

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packets with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h):

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinate with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.



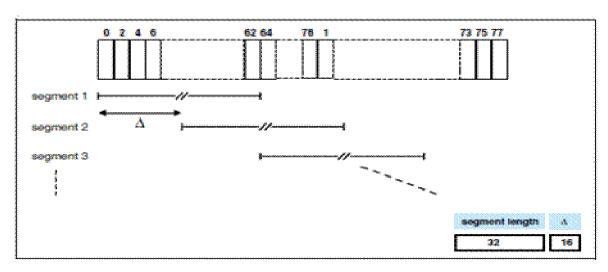
# 4.2 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Frequency Hopping Systems. A spread spectrum system in which the carrier is modulated with the coded information in a conventional manner causing a conventional spreading of the RF energy about the frequency carrier. The frequency of the carrier is not fixed but changes at fixed intervals under the direction of a coded sequence. The wide RF bandwidth needed by such a system is not required by spreading of the RF energy about the carrier but rather to accommodate the range of frequencies to which the carrier frequency can hop. The test of a frequency hopping system is that the near term distribution of hops appears random, the long term distribution appears evenly distributed over the hop set, and sequential hops are randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hop set.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its pioneer to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

The selection scheme chooses a segment of 32 hop frequencies spanning about 64 MHz and visits these hops in a pseudo-random order. Next, a different 32-hop segment is chosen, etc. In the page, master page response, slave page response, page scan, inquiry, inquiry response and inquiry scan hopping sequences, the same 32-hop segment is used all the time (the segment is selected by the address; different devices will have different paging segments).

When the basic channel hopping sequence is selected, the output constitutes a pseudo-random sequence that slides through the 79 hops. The principle is depicted in the figure below.



Hop selection scheme in CONNECTION state.

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45, etc. Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.



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The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



# 4.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the Pico net are time and hop-synchronized to the channel. Each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event.

# 4.4 System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1MHz. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

# 4.5 Test Configuration

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded.

## After pre test, DH5/2DH5/3DH5 was selected as the worst Mode.

Test Cases	Test Modes
Peak Power Output -Conducted	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Occupied Bandwidth (20dB)	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Frequency Separation	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Band Edge Compliance	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Number of Hopping Frequency	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	DH5/2DH5/3DH5
Unwanted Emission	DH5/3DH5
Conducted Emission	DH5/3DH5



# 5 Test Case Results

# 5.1 Peak Power Output -Conducted

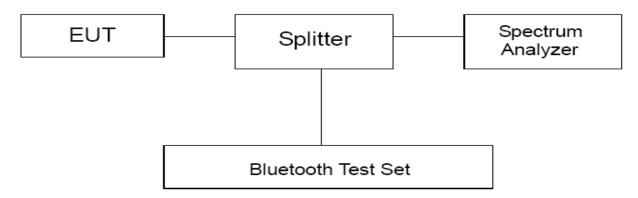
#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Methods of Measurement**

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The EUT is controlled by the Bluetooth test set to ensure max power transmission with proper modulation. The peak detector is used. RBW is set to 2 MHz; VBW is set to 6 MHz. These measurements have been tested at following channels: 0, 39, and 78.

#### **Test Setup**



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (1) specifies that "For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts."

Peak Output Power	≤ 0.125W (21dBm)
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#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 0.44 dB.

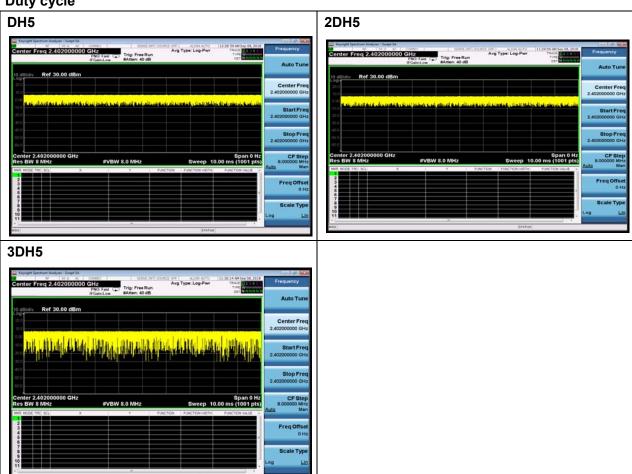


#### **Test Results**

Band	Ton (ms)	T(on+off) (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	
DH5	1.00	1.00	1.000	N/A	
2DH5	1.00	1.00	1.000	N/A	
3DH5	1.00	1.00	1.000	N/A	
Notes where Data and a Co. Data and a competing Fortes and a society					

Note: when Duty cycle>0.98, Duty cycle correction Factor not required.

# **Duty cycle**



Channal	Frequency	Peak Output Power (dBm)			Canalysian	
Channel	(MHz)	DH5	2DH5	3DH5	Conclusion	
0	2402	7.96	6.62	7.16	PASS	
39	2441	9.34	7.82	8.28	PASS	
78	2480	9.70	7.83	8.33	PASS	

Note: The measured power density (dBm) has the offset with cable loss already.

Note: For AFH mode using 20 hopping channels, the maximum output power limit is 20.1dBm.



# 5.2 Occupied Bandwidth (20dB)

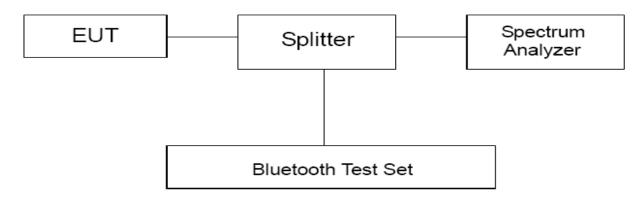
#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure	
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa	

#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer. RBW is set to 30kHz and VBW is set to 100kHz on spectrum analyzer. -20dB occupied bandwidths are recorded.

## **Test Setup**



#### Limits

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 15.247(a) (1).

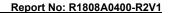
# **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 936 Hz.

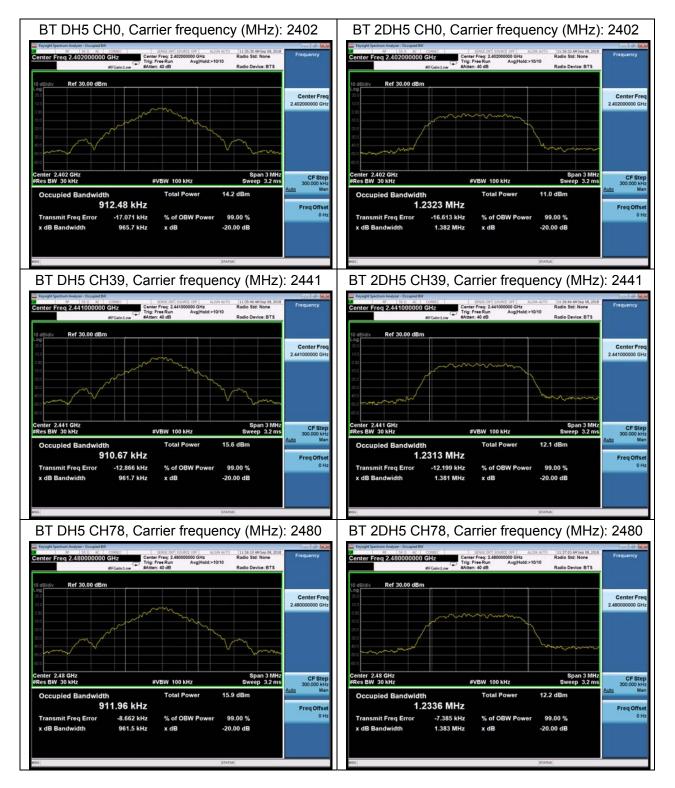


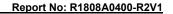
# **Test Results**

Mode		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth(kHz)	20dB Bandwidth(kHz)
		0	2402	912.48	965.7
	DH5	39	2441	910.67	961.7
		78	2480	911.96	961.5
	2DH5	0	2402	1232.3	1382.0
ВТ		39	2441	1231.3	1381.0
		78	2480	1233.6	1383.0
		0	2402	1231.4	1371.0
	3DH5	39	2441	1231.5	1374.0
	-	78	2480	1231.9	1375.0



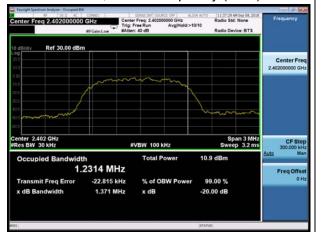




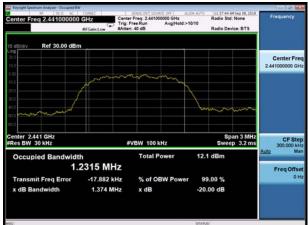


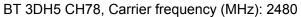


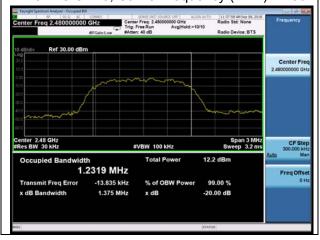
## BT 3DH5 CH0, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2402



## BT 3DH5 CH39, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2441









# 5.3 Frequency Separation

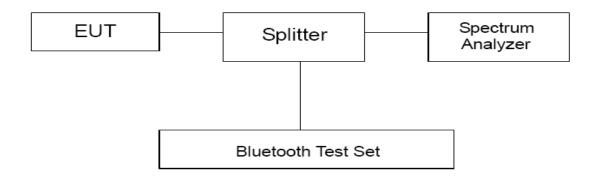
#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. RBW is set to 30 kHz and VBW is set to 100 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Set EUT on Hopping on mode.

#### **Test setup**



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(a)(1)specifies that "Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW."

Note: The value of two-thirds of 20 dB bandwidth is always greater than 25 kHz.

# **Measurement Uncertainty**

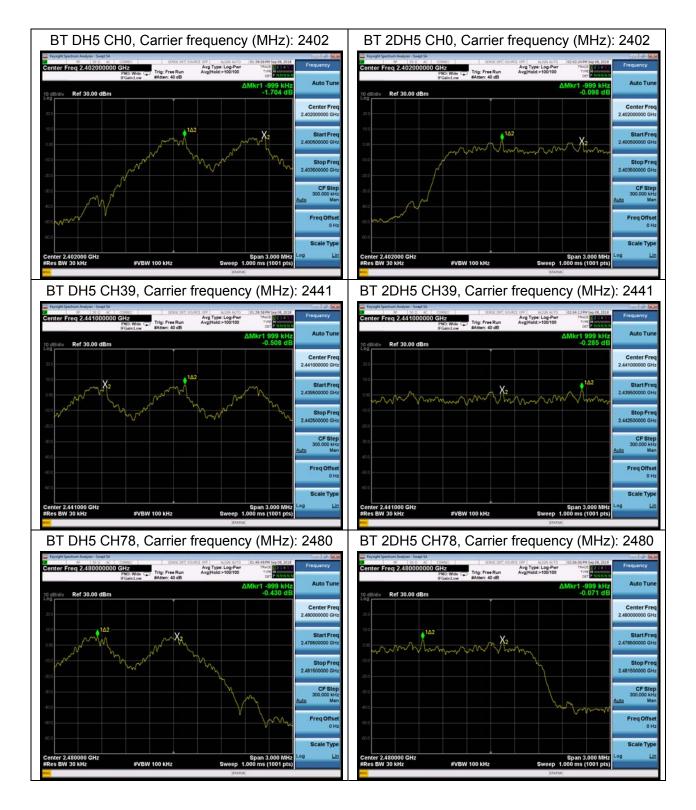
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 936 Hz.

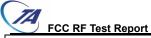


# **Test Results:**

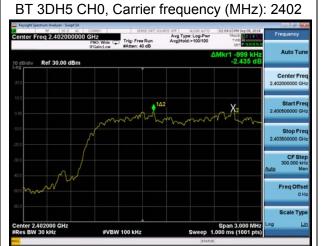
Packet type	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Carrier frequency separation(kHz)	20dB Bandwidth(kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Conclusion
	2402	999	965.7	643.8	PASS
DH5	2441	999	961.7	641.1	PASS
	2480	999	961.5	641.0	PASS
	2402	999	1382.0	921.3	PASS
2DH5	2441	999	1381.0	920.7	PASS
	2480	999	1383.0	922.0	PASS
	2402	999	1371.0	914.0	PASS
3DH5	2441	999	1374.0	916.0	PASS
	2480	999	1375.0	916.7	PASS
Note: The limit is two-thirds of 20 dB bandwidth.					

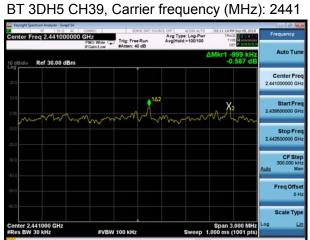






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BT 3DH5 CH78, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2480





# 5.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Temperature Relative humidity	
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

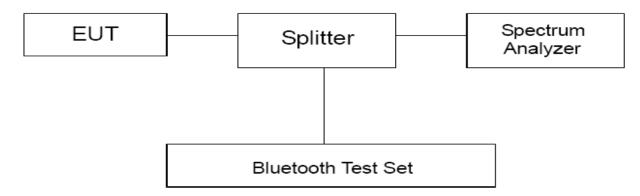
#### **Methods of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. RBW is set to 1MHz and VBW is set to 1MHz on spectrum analyzer. The dwell time is calculated by:

Dwell time = time slot length \* hop rate \* 0.4s with:

In normal mode, The selected EUT Packet type uses a slot type of DH5 packet and a hopping rate of 1600(ch\*hop/s) for all channels. So the final hopping rate for all channel is1600/5=320(ch\*hop/s) In AFH mode, The selected EUT Packet type uses a slot type of DH5 packet and a hopping rate of 800(ch\*hop/s) for all channels. So the final hopping rate for all channel is800/5=320(ch\*hop/s)

#### **Test Setup**



#### Limits

Rule Part15.247(a) specifies that "Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed."

Dwell time
------------

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2.

Requirements		Uncer	tainty			
Dwell Time	DH5	<i>U</i> =0.70ms	2DH5	<i>U</i> =0.70ms	3DH5	<i>U</i> =0.70ms



# **Test Results:**

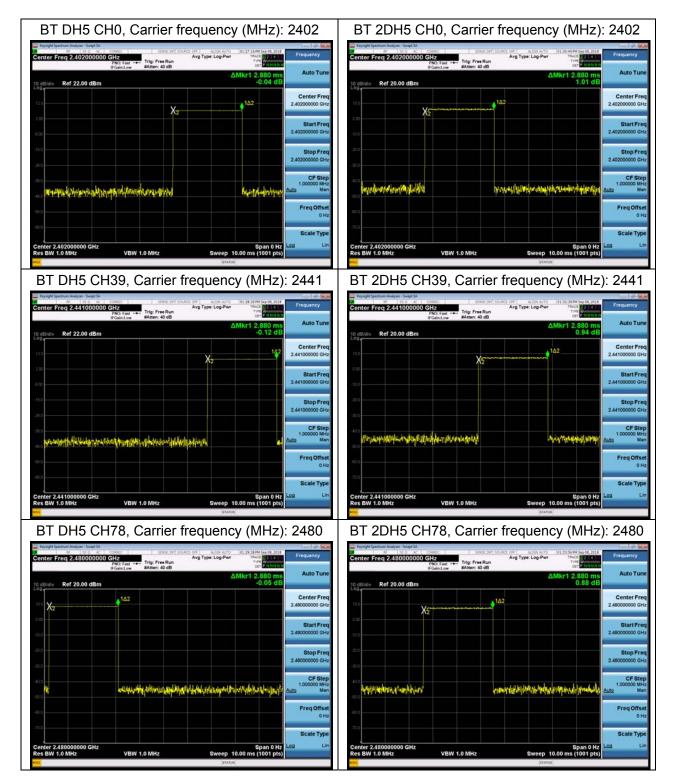
# In normal mode:

Packet type	Channel	hop rate (1/s)	Time slot length(ms)	Dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Conclusion	
	0	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
DH5	39	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
	78	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
	0	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
2DH5	39	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
	78	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
	0	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
3DH5	39	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
	78	320	2.88	368.64	400	PASS	
Note: Dwell tim	Note: Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate * 0.4s						

# In AFH mode:

Packet type	Channel	hop rate (1/s)	Time slot length(ms)	Dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Conclusion
	0	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
DH5	39	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
	78	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
	0	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
2DH5	39	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
	78	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
	0	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
3DH5	39	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
	78	160	2.88	184.32	400	PASS
Note: Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate * 0.4s						



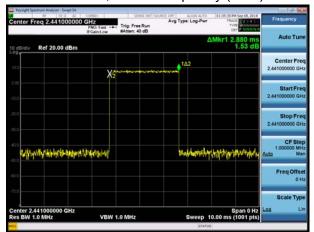


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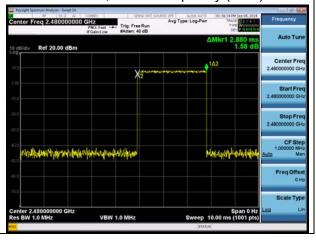




# BT 3DH5 CH39, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2441



# BT 3DH5 CH78, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2480





# 5.5 Band Edge Compliance

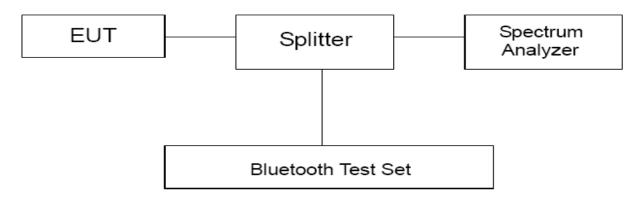
#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The lowest and highest channels were measured. The peak detector is used. RBW is set to 100 kHz and VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. EUT test for Hopping On mode and Hopping Off mode.

#### **Test Setup**



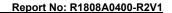
#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that "In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits."

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96.

Frequency	Uncertainty	
2GHz-3GHz	1.407 dB	

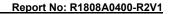




## **Test Results**

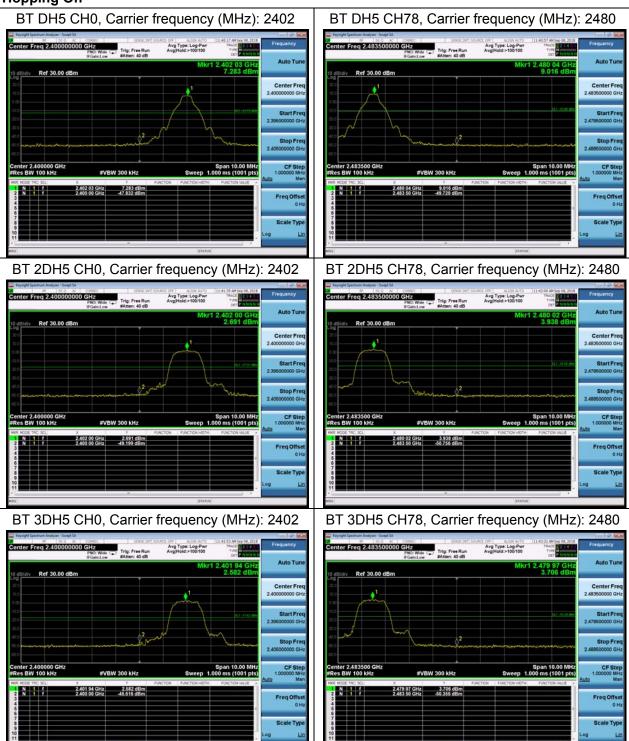
# **Hopping On**







# **Hopping Off**





# 5.6 Number of hopping Frequency

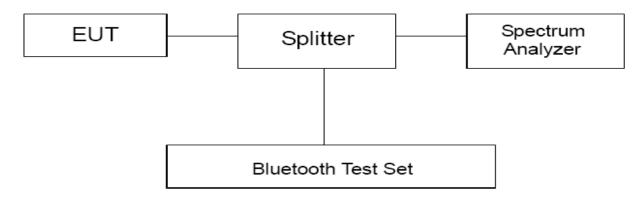
#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. RBW is set to 100kHz and VBW is set to 300kHz on spectrum analyzer. Set EUT on Hopping on mode.

# **Test setup**



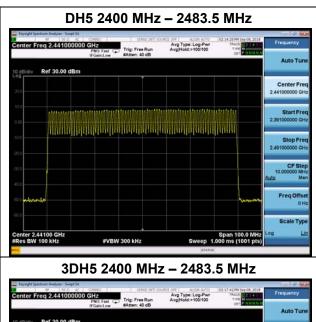
## Limits

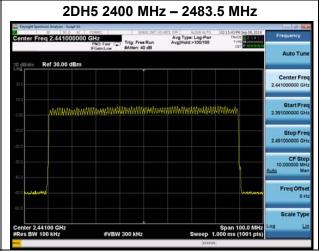
Rule Part 15.247(a) (1) (iii) specifies that" Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels."

Limits	≥ 15 channels

# Test Results:

Mode		Number of hopping channels	conclusion
	DH5	79	PASS
ВТ	2DH5	79	PASS
	3DH5	79	PASS









# 5.7 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

#### **Ambient condition**

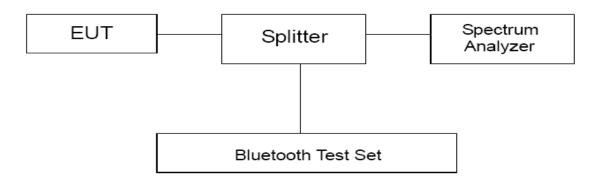
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and Bluetooth test set via a power splitter with a known loss. The spectrum analyzer scans from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. Set RBW 100kHz and VBW 300 kHz, Sweep is set to ATUO.

The test is in transmitting mode.

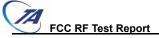
# **Test setup**



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) pacifies that "In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power."

Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Reference value (dBm)	Limit
DH5	2402	7.28	-12.72
	2441	8.53	-11.47
	2480	8.92	-11.08
2DH5	2402	2.96	-17.04
	2441	3.00	-17.00
	2480	2.92	-17.08
3DH5	2402	2.85	-17.15
	2441	3.62	-16.38
	2480	4.23	-15.77

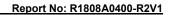


FCC RF Test Report No: R1808A0400-R2V1

# **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96.

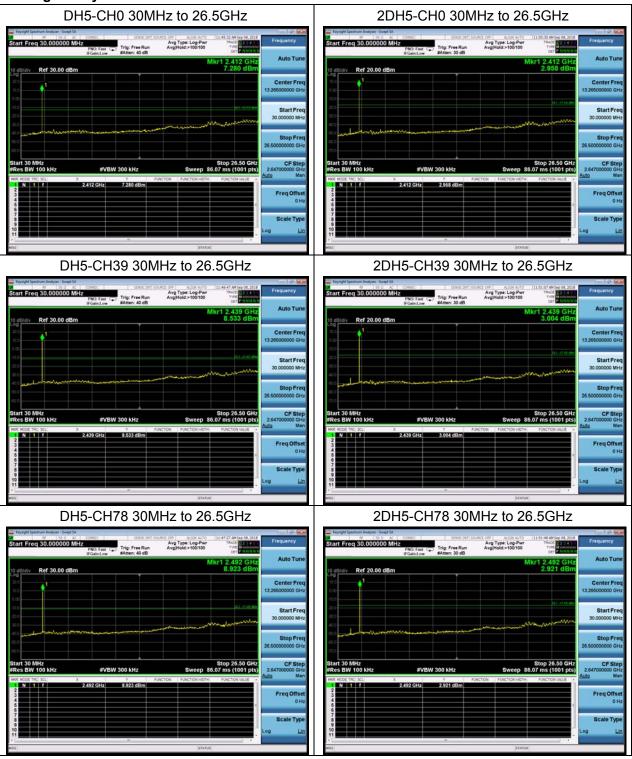
Frequency	Uncertainty	
100kHz-2GHz	0.684 dB	
2GHz-26GHz	1.407 dB	





## **Test Results:**

# The signal beyond the limit is carrier.





# 



3DH5-CH78 30MHz to 26.5GHz





#### 5.8 Unwanted Emission

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Method of Measurement**

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10-2013. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna. The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

During the test, below 30MHz, the center of the loop shall be 1 meters; above 30MHz, the height of receive antenna shall be moved from 1 to 4 meters, and the antenna shall be performed under horizontal and vertical polarization. The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing.

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

Below 1GHz (detector: Peak and Quasi-Peak) RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz(detector: Peak):

(a) PEAK: RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

The dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log(dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit.

If the emission is pulsed, modify the unit for continuous operation; use the settings shown above, then correct the reading by subtracting the peak- average correction factor, derived form the appropriate duty cycle calculation.

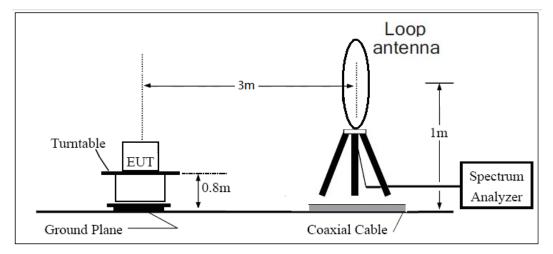
This setting method can refer to **DA00-705**.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded. Then this mode was measured in the following mode: EUT with cradle and EUT without cradle. The worst emission was found in EUT with cradle mode and the worst case was recorded.

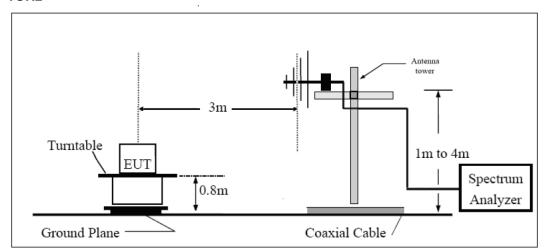
The test is in transmitting mode.



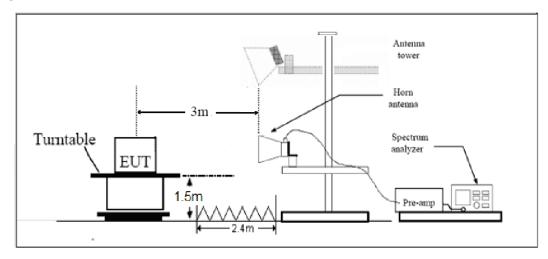
# Test setup 9KHz ~ 30MHz



# 30MHz ~ 1GHz



#### **Above 1GHz**



FCC RF Test Report No: R1808A0400-R2V1

#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that "In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c))."

#### Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)		
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	1		
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	1		
1.705–30.0	30	1		
30-88	100	40		
88-216	150	43.5		
216-960	200	46		
Above960	500	54		

# §15.35(b)

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Peak Limit=74dBuV/m

Average Limit=54dBuV/m

Spurious Radiated Emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
10.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

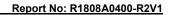


Report No: R1808A0400-R2V1

# **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96.

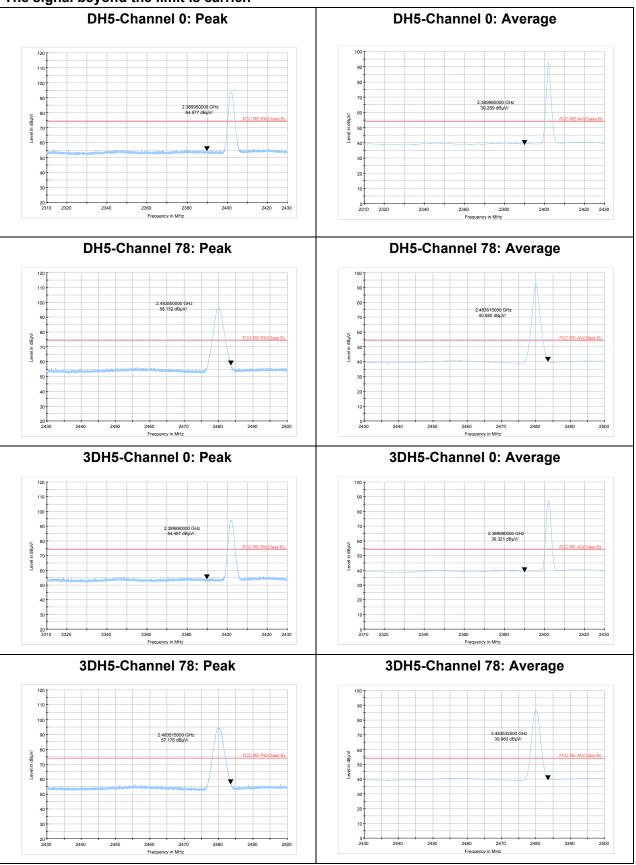
Frequency	Uncertainty
9KHz-30MHz	3.55 dB
30MHz-200MHz	4.19 dB
200MHz-1GHz	3.63 dB
Above 1GHz	3.68 dB





# **Test Results:**

# The signal beyond the limit is carrier.





#### Result of RE

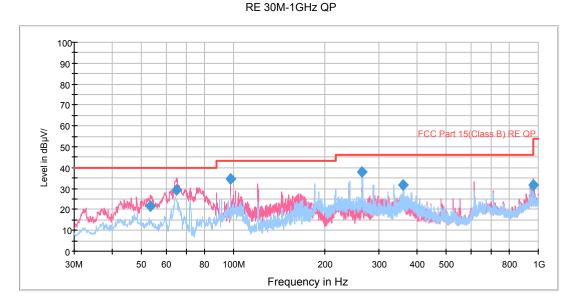
#### **Test result**

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the Emissions in the frequency band 9kHz-30MHz and 18GHz -26.5GHz are more than 20dB below the limit are not reported.

The following graphs display the maximum values of horizontal and vertical by software. For above 1GHz, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection.

During the test, the Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz was performed in all modes with all channels, BT EDR-Channel 0 are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.

#### Continuous TX mode:



Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz

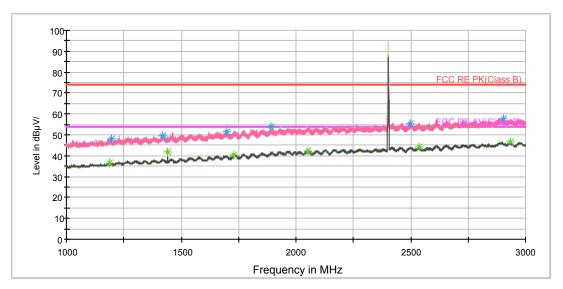
	Nadates Emission nom sown 2 to 1612										
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBuV/m)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)			
53.413200	21.8	41.4	100.0	V	240.0	-19.6	18.2	40.0			
65.077700	29.2	53.9	125.0	V	77.0	-24.7	10.8	40.0			
97.733356	34.8	58.6	100.0	V	22.0	-23.8	8.7	43.5			
264.078000	38.2	62.6	100.0	Н	19.0	-24.4	7.8	46.0			
360.430750	31.7	50.9	100.0	Н	10.0	-19.2	14.3	46.0			
959.706750	31.8	42.5	196.0	V	56.0	-10.7	14.2	46.0			

Remark: 1. Quasi-Peak = Reading value + Correction factor

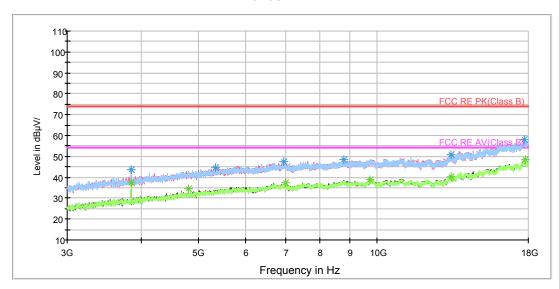
- 2. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss(cable loss+amplifier gain)
- 3. Margin = Limit Quasi-Peak

# GFSK-Channel 0





RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1197.000000	48.1	200.0	V	201.0	47.1	1.0	25.9	74
1420.000000	49.5	101.0	Н	136.0	46.9	2.6	24.5	74
1696.750000	51.5	200.0	Н	0.0	46.6	4.9	22.5	74
1892.750000	53.7	101.0	V	10.0	47.6	6.1	20.3	74
2497.750000	55.1	200.0	Н	150.0	45.8	9.3	18.9	74
2902.250000	57.7	200.0	Н	132.0	46.5	11.2	16.3	74

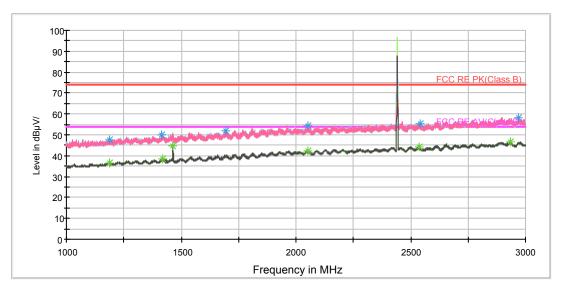
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1186.750000	36.6	200.0	V	351.0	35.5	1.1	17.4	54
1441.250000	42.1	200.0	Н	27.0	39.5	2.6	11.9	54
1731.000000	40.6	200.0	Н	16.0	35.5	5.1	13.4	54
2054.250000	42.5	101.0	V	21.0	35.3	7.2	11.5	54
2535.000000	44.3	101.0	Н	163.0	35.3	9.0	9.7	54
2935.500000	46.5	200.0	V	282.0	35.5	11.0	7.5	54

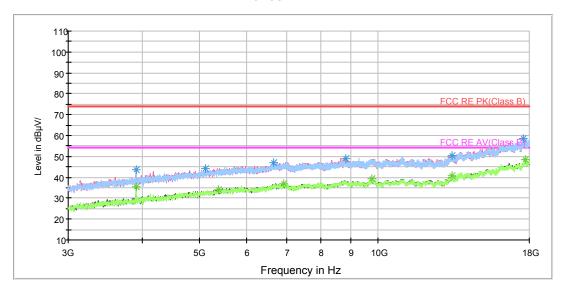
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

# **GFSK-Channel 39**





RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1187.250000	47.7	101.0	V	92.0	46.6	1.1	26.3	74
1415.000000	50.0	101.0	V	263.0	47.6	2.4	24.0	74
1692.750000	52.1	200.0	Н	238.0	47.2	4.9	21.9	74
2051.500000	54.3	200.0	Н	215.0	47.1	7.2	19.7	74
2540.500000	55.3	101.0	V	46.0	46.4	8.9	18.7	74
2971.000000	58.2	101.0	V	324.0	46.9	11.3	15.8	74

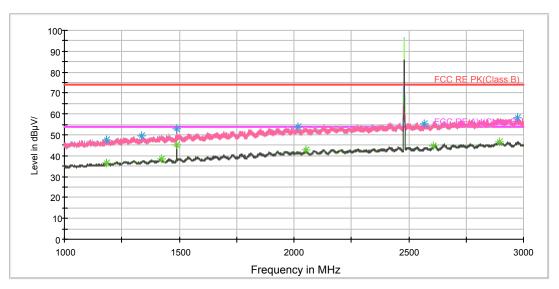
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1187.750000	36.6	200.0	Н	172.0	35.5	1.1	17.4	54
1417.500000	38.3	200.0	V	166.0	35.8	2.5	15.7	54
1464.500000	44.6	101.0	Н	355.0	41.9	2.7	9.4	54
2051.500000	42.5	101.0	V	151.0	35.3	7.2	11.5	54
2536.000000	44.2	101.0	V	7.0	35.2	9.0	9.8	54
2933.500000	46.6	101.0	Н	124.0	35.6	11.0	7.4	54

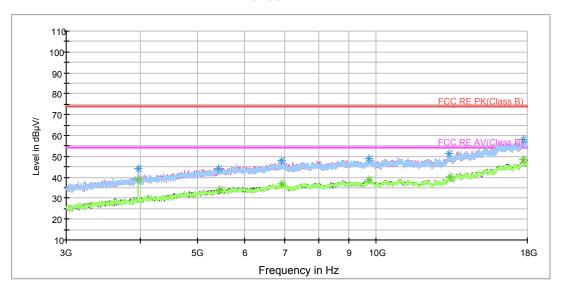
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

# **GFSK-Channel 78**





RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz



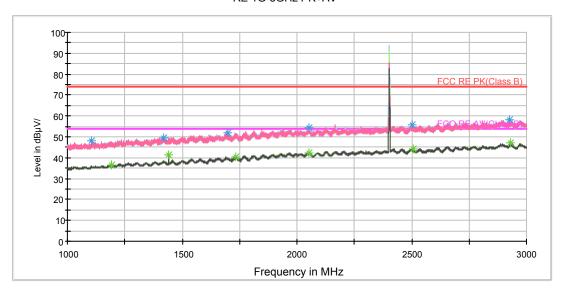
Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1185.500000	47.8	101.0	V	11.0	46.7	1.1	26.2	74
1335.750000	49.7	200.0	Н	142.0	47.8	1.9	24.3	74
1488.000000	52.6	101.0	V	128.0	49.8	2.8	21.4	74
2017.250000	53.9	101.0	V	17.0	47.0	6.9	20.1	74
2567.250000	55.3	101.0	V	0.0	46.6	8.7	18.7	74
2972.250000	57.9	101.0	Н	247.0	46.6	11.3	16.1	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

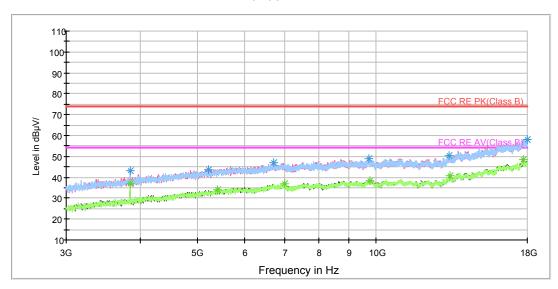
Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1183.250000	36.8	101.0	V	133.0	35.6	1.2	17.2	54
1423.500000	38.3	101.0	V	146.0	35.8	2.5	15.7	54
1488.000000	45.3	101.0	Н	0.0	42.5	2.8	8.7	54
2053.250000	42.6	101.0	Н	265.0	35.4	7.2	11.4	54
2607.000000	44.8	101.0	V	5.0	35.2	9.6	9.2	54
2896.250000	46.7	200.0	V	329.0	35.4	11.3	7.3	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

#### RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz



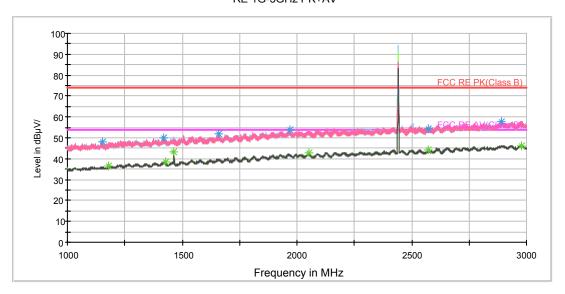
Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1104.750000	48.2	100.0	Н	288.0	47.9	0.3	25.8	74
1421.000000	49.6	200.0	Н	0.0	47.0	2.6	24.4	74
1698.250000	52.0	200.0	Н	192.0	47.1	4.9	22.0	74
2054.250000	54.1	200.0	V	133.0	46.9	7.2	19.9	74
2501.250000	55.5	100.0	V	67.0	46.4	9.1	18.5	74
2927.750000	58.2	200.0	V	312.0	47.3	10.9	15.8	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

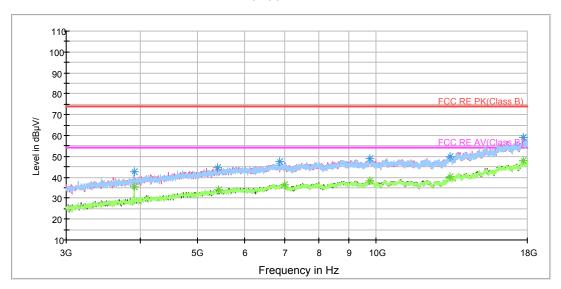
Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1191.500000	36.8	100.0	V	185.0	35.8	1.0	17.2	54
1441.250000	41.6	100.0	Н	357.0	39.0	2.6	12.4	54
1731.500000	40.6	100.0	V	21.0	35.5	5.1	13.4	54
2050.750000	42.5	100.0	V	226.0	35.3	7.2	11.5	54
2505.250000	44.1	200.0	V	300.0	35.0	9.1	9.9	54
2930.500000	47.0	200.0	Н	163.0	36.1	10.9	7.0	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

#### RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

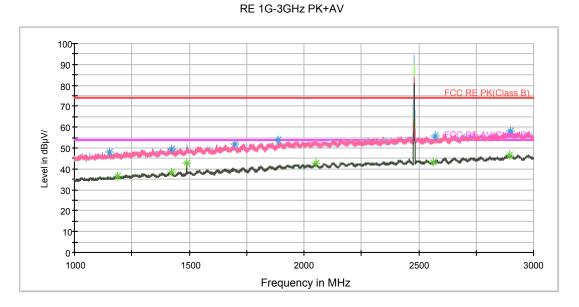


Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1152.750000	48.1	100.0	Н	0.0	47.4	0.7	25.9	74
1419.750000	49.8	100.0	Н	200.0	47.2	2.6	24.2	74
1659.000000	51.8	200.0	V	327.0	47.2	4.6	22.2	74
1968.000000	53.7	100.0	V	0.0	46.8	6.9	20.3	74
2574.000000	54.5	100.0	Н	111.0	45.8	8.7	19.5	74
2888.750000	57.8	100.0	V	140.0	46.4	11.4	16.2	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

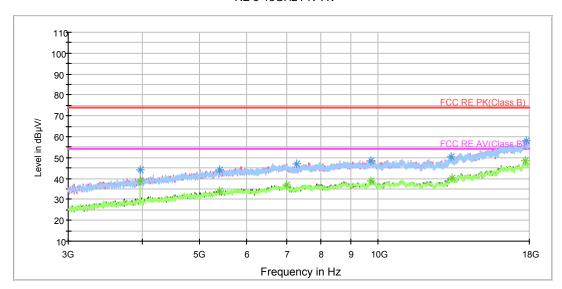
Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1181.000000	36.6	100.0	Н	0.0	35.4	1.2	17.4	54
1426.000000	38.4	200.0	V	269.0	35.9	2.5	15.6	54
1464.500000	43.2	100.0	Н	356.0	40.5	2.7	10.8	54
2052.750000	42.7	100.0	Н	182.0	35.5	7.2	11.3	54
2573.250000	44.0	200.0	Н	10.0	35.3	8.7	10.0	54
2979.250000	46.4	100.0	V	88.0	35.0	11.4	7.6	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1154.250000	48.0	100.0	Н	225.0	47.3	0.7	26.0	74
1423.250000	49.5	100.0	V	96.0	47.0	2.5	24.5	74
1698.000000	51.7	200.0	V	157.0	46.8	4.9	22.3	74
1884.750000	53.9	200.0	V	315.0	48.0	5.9	20.1	74
2570.500000	55.6	200.0	Н	61.0	46.9	8.7	18.4	74
2897.750000	58.4	100.0	Н	354.0	47.1	11.3	15.6	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1186.750000	36.7	200.0	Н	21.0	35.6	1.1	17.3	54
1423.250000	38.4	100.0	V	96.0	35.9	2.5	15.6	54
1488.000000	42.8	100.0	Н	0.0	40.0	2.8	11.2	54
2050.750000	42.7	200.0	V	257.0	35.5	7.2	11.3	54
2565.250000	43.4	100.0	Н	237.0	34.6	8.8	10.6	54
2894.500000	46.7	100.0	V	0.0	35.4	11.3	7.3	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)



### 5.9 Conducted Emission

#### **Ambient condition**

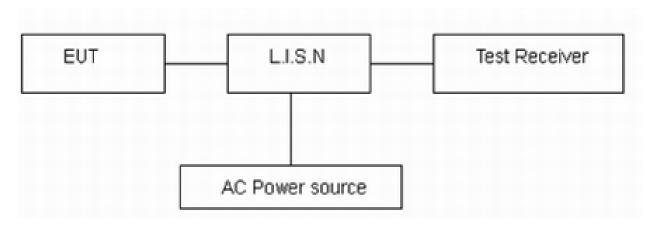
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

#### **Methods of Measurement**

The EUT is placed on a non-metallic table of 80cm height above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. During the test, the EUT was operating in its typical mode. The test method is according to ANSI C63.10-2013. Connect the AC power line of the EUT to the L.I.S.N. Use EMI receiver to detect the average and Quasi-peak value. RBW is set to 9 kHz, VBW is set to 30kHz.The measurement result should include both L line and N line.

The test is in transmitting mode.

# **Test Setup**



Note: AC Power source is used to 120V/60Hz.

#### Limits

Frequency	Conducted Limits(dBμV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average				
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 <sup>*</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>*</sup>				
0.5 - 5	56	46				
5 - 30	60	50				
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.						

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

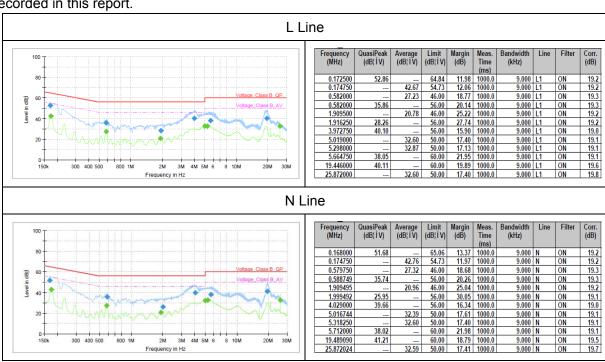
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96, U=2.69 dB.





### Test Results:

Following plots, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection. During the test, the Conducted Emission was performed in all modes with all channels, BT EDR-Channel 0, are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.





# **6** Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer Type		Serial	Calibration	Expiration
		,,	Number	Date	Date
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	CBT	100271	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2017-12-17	2018-12-16
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100948	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-047	2017-09-26	2019-09-25
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2019-11-17
Double Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2018-07-07	2020-07-06
Standard Gain Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	00102643	2018-06-20	2020-06-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR	101667	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
LISN	R&S	ENV216	101171	2016-12-16	2019-12-15
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY47191109	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	1	1
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2 -13	10120101	1	1
Software	R&S	EMC32	9.26.0	1	1

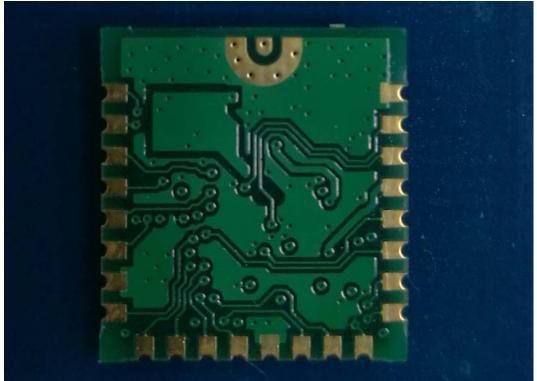
\*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*



# **ANNEX A: EUT Appearance and Test Setup**

# A.1 EUT Appearance









CYBT-333032-02











**CYBT-333047-02** a: EUT



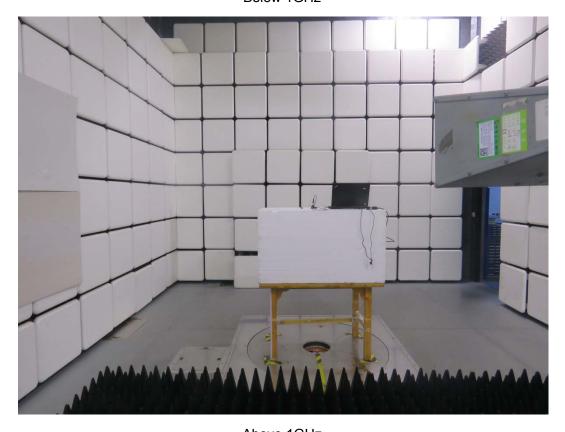
b: external antenna
Picture 1 EUT and Accessory



# A.2 Test Setup



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Picture 2 Radiated Emission Test Setup





**Picture 3 Conducted Emission Test Setup**