



# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant: Telepower Communication Co., Ltd.

5 Bld, Zone A, Hantian Technology Town No.17 ShenHai RD,

Nanhai District Foshan China

Product Name: POS Terminal

FCC ID: 2AJ2B-M8

**Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)** 

**Report Number: 2402S54552E-20** 

Report Date: 2024/07/25

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

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# SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Mode		Max. Reported SAR Level(s) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.94					
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	1.17					
WCDMA Band 2	1g Body SAR	1.06					
WCDMA Band 5	1g Body SAR	0.68					
LTE Band 2	1g Body SAR	1.15					
LTE Band 4	1g Body SAR	1.32	1.6				
LTE Band 7							
LTE Band 38	1g Body SAR						
WLAN 2.4G	1g Body SAR	0.54					
WLAN 5.2G	1g Body SAR	0.34					
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.58					
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.58 (Hotspot)					
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices						
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques						
Applicable Standards	Amendment 1 - Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)  KDB procedures  KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06  KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02  KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01  KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05  KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01  KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02						

**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in **FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093** and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
1.0	2402S54552E-20	Original Report	2024/07/25	

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	POS Terminal	
EUT Model:	M8	
Device Type:	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	None	
Proximity Sensor:	None	
Carrier Aggregation:	None	
Operation Modes:	GPRS/EDGE Data, WCDMA( R99 (Data), HSUPA/HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+), FDD-LTE, TDD-LTE,WLAN, Bluetooth and NFC	
Operation Frequency:	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX); 2620-2690 MHz(RX) LTE Band 38: 2570-2620 MHz(TX/RX) WLAN 2.4G: 2412-2462 MHz/2422MHz-2452 MHz(TX/RX) WLAN 5.2G: 5150 -5250 MHz(TX/RX) Bluetooth: 2402-2480MHz(TX/RX) NFC: 13.56MHz	
Maximum Output Power (Conducted):	GSM 850: 32.69 dBm; PCS 1900: 28.81 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 22.12 dBm; WCDMA Band 5: 22.28 dBm LTE Band 2: 22.49 dBm; LTE Band 4: 21.92 dBm LTE Band 7:21.9 dBm; LTE Band 38: 21.91 dBm WLAN 2.4G: 18.83 dBm WLAN 5.2G: 17.29 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 7.57 dBm BLE: -2.21 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	270mm (L) *120mm (W) *80mm (H)	
Rated Input Voltage:	DC7.6V from Rechargeable Battery	
Serial Number:	2KIZ-1	
Normal Operation:	: Body Supported	
EUT Received Date:	: 2024/05/13	
Test Date:	2024/05/18~2024/07/21	
<b>EUT Received Status:</b>	Good	

# 2. REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### 2.1 SAR Limits

#### **FCC Limit**

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) applied to the EUT.

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# 2.2 Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 829273, the FCC Designation No. : CN5044.

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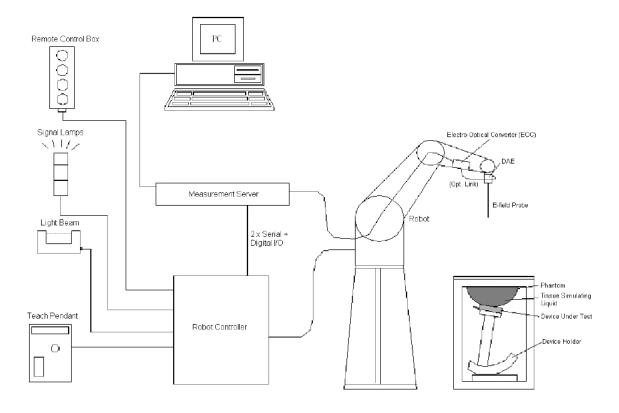
# 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



# **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



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processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

## **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

# **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	4 MHz - 10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz - 10 GHz)
Directivity(typical)	$\pm$ 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g $^- > 100$ mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically $<$ 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Applications	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52, DASY6, DASY8, EASY6, EASY4/MRI

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

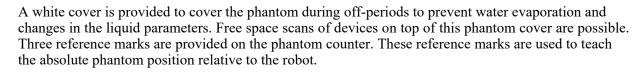
increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left Head
- Right Head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the

standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



#### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS7MB robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.



When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

# Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

# Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 - Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (a)		
MHz	$arepsilon_{ m r}$	S/m		
300	45,3	0,87		
450	43,5	0,87		
750	41,9	0,89		
835	41,5	0,90		
900	41,5	0,97		
1 450	40,5	1,20		
1 500	40,4	1,23		
1 640	40,2	1,31		
1 750	40,1	1,37		
1 800	40,0	1,40		
1 900	40,0	1,40		
2 000	40,0	1,40		
2 100	39,8	1,49		
2 300	39,5	1,67		
2 450	39,2	1,80		
2 600	39,0	1,96		
3 000	38,5	2,40		
3 500	37,9	2,91		
4 000	37,4	3,43		
4 500	36,8	3,94		
5 000	36,2	4,45		
5 200	36,0	4,66		
5 400	35,8	4,86		
5 600	35,5	5,07		
5 800	35,3	5,27		
6 000	35,1	5,48		

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

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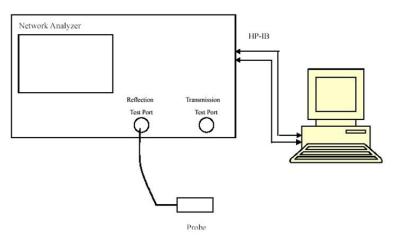
# 4. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

# 4.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	772	2024/1/23	2025/1/22
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7839	2023/9/21	2024/9/20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 835 MHz	D835V2	453	2021/8/31	2024/8/30
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1141	2021/6/29	2024/6/28
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	543	2022/11/2	2025/11/1
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2021/6/28	2024/6/27
Dipole, 2600 MHz	D2600V2	1132	2022/11/1	2025/10/31
Dipole, 5 GHz	D5GHzV2	1246	2022/11/1	2025/10/31
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	HBBL600- 10000V6	SL AAH U16 BC (Batch:220809-1)	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	3033A02857	2023/11/18	2024/11/17
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
synthesized signal generator	8665B	3438a00584	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
EPM Series Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
Power Sensor	8482A	US37296108	2023/10/19	2024/10/18
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2023/10/19	2024/10/18
Power Amplifier	ZHL-5W-202-S+	416402204	NCR	NCR
Power Amplifier	ZVE-6W-83+	637202210	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Thermometer	DTM3000	3635	2023/8/11	2024/8/10
Hygrothermograph	HTC-2	EM072	2023/11/6	2024/11/5
Wireless communication tester	8960	MY50266471	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	147473	2023/10/18	2024/10/17

# 5. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# 5.1 Liquid Verification



# **5.2 Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid Tomo	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.262	0.917	41.55	0.9	-0.69	1.89	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.223	0.921	41.54	0.9	-0.76	2.33	±5
835	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.204	0.922	41.5	0.9	-0.71	2.44	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.187	0.929	41.5	0.9	-0.75	3.22	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.041	0.935	41.5	0.91	-1.11	2.75	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.992	0.947	41.5	0.91	-1.22	4.07	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/07/20.

Frequency	Liquid Tomo	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε <sub>r</sub>	O	ε <sub>r</sub>	Q	$\Delta arepsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ	(%)
		-1	(S/m)	-1	(S/m)	-1	(S/m)	
1720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.307	1.394	40.13	1.35	-2.05	3.26	±5
1732.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.244	1.402	40.12	1.36	-2.18	3.09	±5
1745	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.125	1.416	40.1	1.37	-2.43	3.36	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.012	1.428	40.1	1.37	-2.71	4.23	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/05/18.

Frequency		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance	
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)	
1850.2	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.319	1.394	40	1.4	-1.7	-0.43	±5	
1852.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.255	1.404	40	1.4	-1.86	0.29	±5	
1860	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.011	1.421	40	1.4	-2.47	1.5	±5	
1880	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.933	1.445	40	1.4	-2.67	3.21	±5	
1900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.869	1.453	40	1.4	-0.33	3.79	±5	
1907.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.852	1.456	40	1.4	-2.87	4	±5	
1909.8	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.799	1.469	40	1.4	-3	4.93	±5	

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/07/20.

Frequency	I : : d T	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
2402	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.689	1.734	39.3	1.76	3.53	-1.48	±5
2412	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.641	1.752	39.28	1.77	3.46	-1.02	±5
2437	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.526	1.771	39.23	1.79	3.3	-1.06	±5
2441	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.501	1.786	39.19	1.79	3.35	-0.22	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.453	1.797	39.2	1.8	3.2	-0.17	±5
2462	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.421	1.804	39.18	1.81	3.17	-0.33	±5
2480	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.386	1.813	39.16	1.83	3.13	-0.93	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/05/18.

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
2510	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.341	1.849	39.12	1.86	3.12	-0.59	±5
2535	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.249	1.874	39.09	1.89	2.96	-0.85	±5
2560	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.125	1.893	39.05	1.92	2.75	-1.41	±5
2580	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.012	1.908	39.05	1.92	2.46	-0.63	±5
2595	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.992	1.957	39.01	1.95	2.52	0.36	±5
2600	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.856	1.981	39	1.96	2.19	1.07	±5
2610	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.715	1.995	38.9	2.05	2.1	-2.68	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/07/21.

Frequency	Liquid Tuno	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
5180	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.442	4.568	36.02	4.64	1.17	-1.55	±5
5200	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.315	4.592	36	4.66	0.87	-1.46	±5
5240	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.269	4.612	35.96	4.7	0.86	-1.87	±5
5250	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.234	4.637	35.95	4.71	0.79	-1.55	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/07/20.

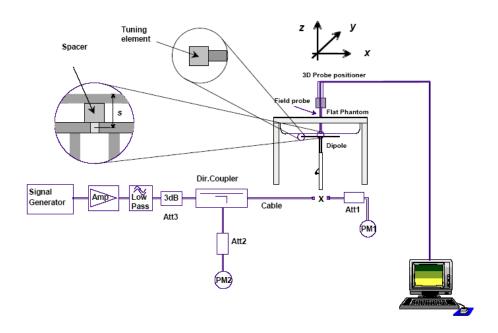
# 5.3 System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 300 MHz  $\leq f \leq 1$  000 MHz;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$ .

### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



### **5.4 System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2024/07/20	835 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	0.937	9.37	9.33	0.43	±10
2024/05/18	1750 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	3.46	34.6	36.1	-4.16	±10
2024/07/20	1900 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	3.94	39.4	40.2	-1.99	±10
2024/05/18	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	5.63	56.3	53.5	5.23	±10
2024/07/21	2600 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	5.96	59.6	55.8	6.81	±10
2024/07/20	5250 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g	7.25	72.5	77.5	-6.45	±10

<sup>\*</sup>The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

#### 5.5 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

### System Performance 835 MHz Head

DUT: D835V2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.922$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.204$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(9.55, 8.6, 8.54) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

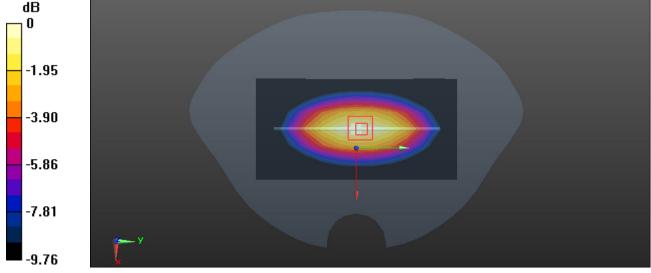
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.953 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.937 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.608 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.964 W/kg



0 dB = 0.964 W/kg = -0.16 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 1750MHz Head

### **DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1141**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.428$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.012$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(8.54, 7.65, 7.43) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

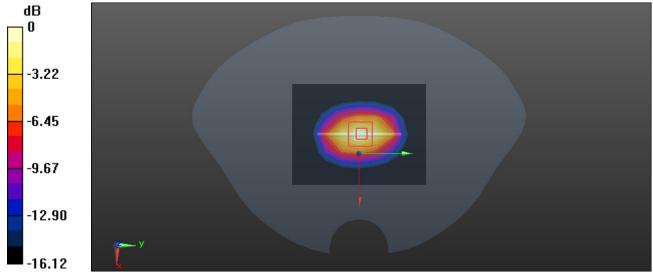
**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.69 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.91 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.53 W/kg



0 dB = 4.53 W/kg = 6.56 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 1900MHz Head

### DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 543

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.453$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.869$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(8, 7.27, 7.03) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

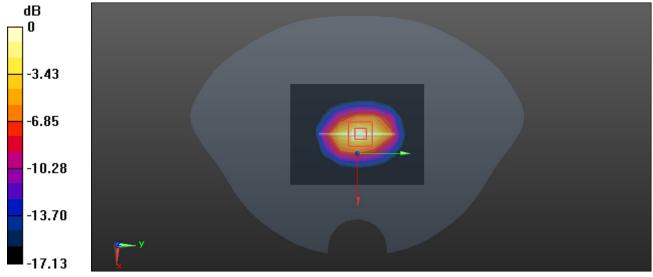
**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.84 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.66 W/kg



0 dB = 4.66 W/kg = 6.68 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 2450MHz Head

### DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used : f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.797$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 40.453$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(7.49, 6.81, 6.61) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

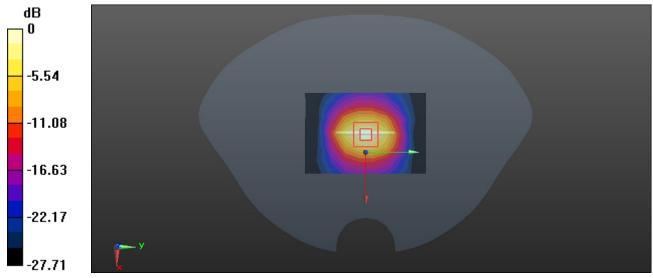
Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.02 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.37 W/kg



0 dB = 7.37 W/kg = 8.67 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 2600MHz Head

#### **DUT: D2600V2; Type: 2600 MHz; Serial: 1132**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.981 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.856$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(7.61, 6.94, 6.73) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

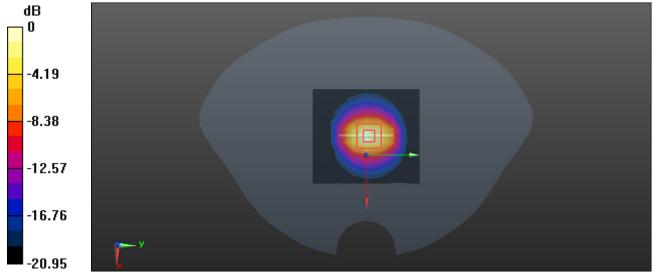
**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.33 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.59 W/kg



0 dB = 7.59 W/kg = 8.80 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 5250 MHz Head

#### DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5250 MHz; Serial: 1246

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.637$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.234$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(5.62, 5.1, 4.97) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

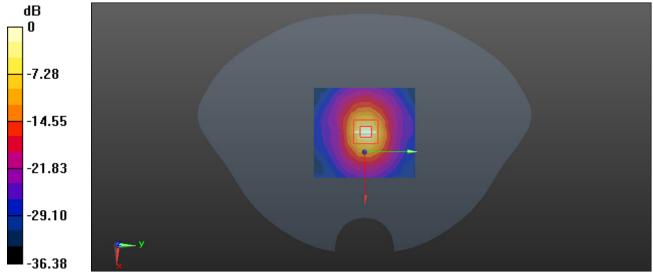
Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x16)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 46.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg



0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg

# 6. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### 6.1 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

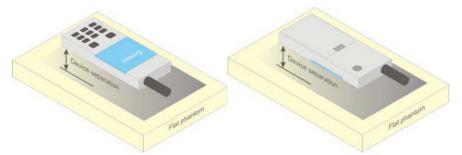


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

#### **6.2 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set directly against the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

### **6.3 SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

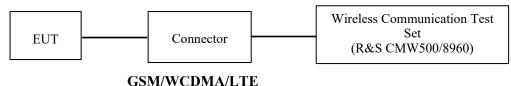
Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Report Template Version: FCC SAR-V1.0

# 7. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

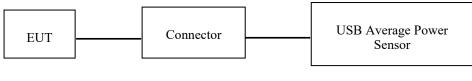
#### 7.1 Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Wireless Communication Test Set through Connector.



Report No.: 2402S54552E-20

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the USB Average Power Sensor through Connector.



#### WLAN/BT

# 7.2 Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

#### **GSM/GPRS/EGPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

- > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma
- > 33 dBm for GPRS 850
- > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900
- > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850
- > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

Main Timeslot > 3

Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

### **WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1		
WCDMA General Settings	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC		
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2		
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15		

### **HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the

TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA				
	Subset	1	2	3	4				
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	1				
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	1C				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2							
General	$\beta_{\rm c}$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15				
Settings	$\beta_{d}$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15				
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64							
	$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d}$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4				
	$eta_{ m hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15				
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5				
	DACK	8							
	DNAK			8					
HSDPA	DCQI			8					
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3					
Settings	factor								
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms							
	CQI Repetition Factor			2					
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15					

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA				
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5				
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC		1	2.2kbps RM	C					
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1						
	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopb	ack					
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2						
General	$\beta_{\rm c}$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15				
Settings	$\dot{\beta}_{ m d}$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0				
	$\dot{eta}_{ m ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15				
	$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d}$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-				
	$\beta_{ m hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15				
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0				
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0				
	DACK			8						
	DNAK	8								
	DCQI	8								
HSDPA	Ack-Nack			3						
Specific	repetition factor			3						
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms						
	CQI Repetition	2								
	Factor									
	Ahs= $\beta_{hs}/\beta_{c}$			30/15						
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7				
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0				
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21				
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81				
	Associated Max	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9				
	UL Data Rate kbps									
HSUPA Specific Settings	Reference E_FCls	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI PO27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC E-TFC	CI 11 E CI PO 4 CI 67 I PO 18 CI 71 I PO23 CI 75 I PO26 CI 81 I PO 27				

#### **DC-HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTľs	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6
	ses	0
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA
mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	cal
parameters as listed in the table.		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.,

retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

Constellation version o shall be used

#### HSPA+

Sub- test	β <sub>c</sub> (Note3)	β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 30/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d = 0$  by default.

Note 4: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

#### **FDD-LTE**

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	nnel bandw	idth / Tra	ansmission	bandwidth (	N <sub>RB</sub> )	MPR (dB)
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified sub clauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in sub clause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤ 1
		2, 4,10, 23, 25,	5	>6	≤1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
		35, 30	15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
_			10, 15, 20		6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤1 ≤2
NS_10		20	15, 20		6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table	6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5 10, 15, 20	≥2 ≥1	≤ 1 ≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20		6.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-15
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

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### **TDD-LTE**

P TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special subframe configurations.

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

		lormal cyclic prefix in d			xtended cyclic prefix in	n downlink
Special subframe	DwPTS	UpF		DwPTS		PTS
configuration		Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic		Normal cyclic	Extended cyclic
		in uplink	prefix in uplink		prefix in uplink	prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
1	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			20480·T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T.	2560·T.
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	2560·T <sub>s</sub>	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	2172 1 <sub>8</sub>	2500·1 <sub>s</sub>
3	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			25600·T <sub>s</sub>		
4	26336·T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>		
5	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T.	5120 · T <sub>s</sub>
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	4364 · 1 <sub>S</sub>	3120·1 <sub>s</sub>
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$12800 \cdot T_{s}$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	•	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-				Sı	ubframe	numb	er			
configuration	Uplink Switch- point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	0	С
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	О
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	٥	D

### Calculated Duty Cycle

Uplink-	Downlink-to-		Subframe Number								Calculated	
Downlink Configuration	Uplink Switch- point Periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Duty Cycle (%)
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	63.33
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	43.33
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	23.33
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	31.67
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	21.67
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	11.67
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	53.33

We used configuration 0 for LTE Band 41 SAR test, that is 63.33%(1:1.58)for duty cycle.

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# 7.3 Maximum Target Output Power

	Max Target	Power(dBm)	
		Channel	
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850 GPRS 1 TX Slot	31.5	31.5	31.5
GSM 850 GPRS 2 TX Slot	29	29	29
GSM 850 GPRS 3 TX Slot	27.5	27.5	27.5
GSM 850 GPRS 4 TX Slot	27	27	27
GSM 850 EDGE 1 TX Slot	25.5	25.5	25.5
GSM 850 EDGE 2 TX Slot	24.5	24.5	24.5
GSM 850 EDGE 3 TX Slot	23.5	23.5	23.5
GSM 850 EDGE 4 TX Slot	31.5	31.5	31.5
PCS 1900 GPRS 1 TX Slot	29	29	29
PCS 1900 GPRS 2 TX Slot	28	28	28
PCS 1900 GPRS 3 TX Slot	26	26	26
PCS 1900 GPRS 4 TX Slot	24.5	24.5	24.5
PCS 1900 EDGE 1 TX Slot	26	26	26
PCS 1900 EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.5	25.5	25.5
PCS 1900 EDGE 3 TX Slot	24.5	24.5	24.5
PCS 1900 EDGE 4 TX Slot	22.5	22.5	22.5
WCDMA Band 2	22.5	22.5	22.5
HSDPA	20	20	20
HSUPA	20.5	20.5	20.5
DC-HSDPA	20	20	20
HSPA+	20	20	20
WCDMA Band 5	22.5	22.5	22.5
HSDPA	19.5	19.5	19.5
HSUPA	20	20	20
DC-HSDPA	19.5	19.5	19.5
HSPA+	19.5	19.5	19.5
LTE Band 2	22.5	22.5	22.5
LTE Band 4	22	22	22
LTE Band 7	22	22	22
LTE Band 38	22	22	22
Wi-Fi 2.4G(802.11b)	19	19	19
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11g)	17.5	17.5	17.5
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11n ht20)	16.5	16.5	16.5
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11n ht40)	14.5	14.5	14.5
Wi-Fi 5.2G(802.11a)	17.5	17.5	17.5
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11ac20)	15	15	15
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11ac40)	12.5	12.5	12.5
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11ac80)	11	11	11
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	6	8	8
BLE	-2	-2	-2

# 7.4 Test Results:

# **GPRS:**

Band	Channel Frequency (MHz)		RF Output Power (dBm)					
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	32.69	31.13	28.63	27.13		
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.54	31.23	28.66	27.31		
	251	848.8	32.50	31.12	28.53	27.28		
	512	1850.2	28.81	27.56	25.82	24.01		
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.70	27.81	25.66	24.35		
	810	1909.8	28.80	27.86	25.62	24.23		

# **EDGE:**

<b>Band</b>	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	26.88	25.35	24.35	23.18		
GSM 850	190	836.6	26.72	25.22	24.13	23.34		
	251	848.8	26.74	25.28	24.04	23.01		
	512	1850.2	25.52	25.16	24.14	22.31		
PCS 1900	661	1880	25.82	25.11	24.30	22.11		
	810	1909.8	25.68	25.32	24.09	22.21		

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)					
	No. (MHz)		1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	23.69	25.13	24.38	24.13		
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.54	25.23	24.41	24.31		
	251	848.8	23.50	25.12	24.28	24.28		
	512	1850.2	19.81	21.56	21.57	21.01		
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.70	21.81	21.41	21.35		
	810	1909.8	19.80	21.86	21.37	21.23		

### The time based average power for EDGE

Band	Channel Frequency		Time based average Power (dBm)						
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots			
	128	824.2	17.88	19.35	20.10	20.18			
GSM 850	190	836.6	17.72	19.22	19.88	20.34			
	251	848.8	17.74	19.28	19.79	20.01			
	512	1850.2	16.52	19.16	19.89	19.31			
PCS 1900	661	1880	16.82	19.11	20.05	19.11			
	810	1909.8	16.68	19.32	19.84	19.21			

### Note:

- 1. Agilent Technologies Communication Tester (8960) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2 .For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3 .For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
- 4. According to KDB941225D01-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode.

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.08
	1880	22.08
	1907.6	22.12
	826.4	22.28
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	22.05
	846.6	22

# **Results (HSDPA)**

Band	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)							
	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4				
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	19.78	19.51	19.84	19.57				
	1880	19.65	19.74	19.61	19.58				
	1907.6	19.68	19.84	19.75	19.63				
	826.4	19.31	19.32	19.07	19.32				
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	19.05	19.37	19.1	19.07				
	846.6	19.12	19.05	19.18	19.18				

# **Results (HSUPA)**

Band	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)							
Danu	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5			
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	20.2	20.35	20.25	20.28	20.01			
	1880	20.06	20	20.31	20.38	20.36			
	1907.6	20	20.28	20.39	20.07	20.06			
	826.4	19.61	19.78	19.73	19.59	19.8			
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	19.64	19.73	19.66	19.71	19.6			
	846.6	19.87	19.58	19.49	19.86	19.89			

# **Results (DC-HSDPA)**

Band	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Danu	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4		
	1852.4	19.57	19.59	19.52	19.49		
WCDMA Band 2	1880	19.66	19.84	19.57	19.7		
	1907.6	19.81	19.81	19.73	19.49		
	826.4	19.02	19.11	19.03	19		
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	19.26	19.33	19.09	19.36		
	846.6	19	19.3	19.13	19.05		

# **Results (HSPA+)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	19.55
	1880	19.79
	1907.6	19.85
	826.4	19.12
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	19.07
	846.6	19.36

### Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

# LTE Band 2:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.4	22.31	22.25
		RB1#3	0	0	22.23	22.23	22.39
	ODGIZ	RB1#5	0	0	22.22	22.35	22.29
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	21.73	21.8	21.77
		RB3#3	1	1	21.75	21.74	21.87
1 434		RB6#0	1	1	21.82	21.83	21.72
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	21.58	21.53	21.66
		RB1#3	1	1	21.49	21.57	21.56
	16.0434	RB1#5	2	2	21.66	21.49	21.5
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.07	20.98	21.03
		RB3#3	2	2	21.03	21.1	21.09
		RB6#0	2	2	21.08	21.16	21.13
		RB1#0	0	0	22.12	22.05	22.14
		RB1#8	0	0	22.11	22.15	22.23
	ODGIZ	RB1#14	0	0	22.11	22.08	22.07
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	21.67	21.68	21.64
		RB6#9	1	1	21.61	21.6	21.6
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	21.63	21.59	21.74
3M		RB1#0	1	1	21.44	21.53	21.42
		RB1#8	1	1	21.49	21.5	21.43
	16 0 4 14	RB1#14	1	1	21.38	21.52	21.41
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	20.9	21	20.98
		RB6#9	2	2	20.9	20.84	20.99
		RB15#0	2	2	20.95	20.86	20.97
		RB1#0	0	0	22.07	22.03	21.98
		RB1#13	0	0	21.98	22.13	22.12
	ODGIZ	RB1#24	0	0	22.06	22.06	22.01
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.55	21.46	21.55
		RB15#10	1	1	21.59	21.6	21.61
53.4		RB25#0	1	1	21.45	21.61	21.6
5M		RB1#0	1	1	21.93	21.86	21.99
		RB1#13	1	1	21.81	21.98	21.91
	16.0434	RB1#24	1	1	21.94	21.99	21.97
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.36	21.43	21.48
		RB15#10	2	2	21.41	21.54	21.54
		RB25#0	2	2	21.41	21.35	21.52

RB100#0

2

2

21.71

21.72

21.66

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.47	21.48	21.33
		RB1#3	0	0	21.44	21.37	21.46
	ODGIZ	RB1#5	0	0	21.37	21.37	21.36
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	20.82	20.84	20.81
		RB3#3	1	1	20.87	20.88	20.89
1 43 6		RB6#0	1	1	20.9	20.83	20.88
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	20.9	20.98	20.98
		RB1#3	1	1	20.91	20.97	20.96
	16.0434	RB1#5	2	2	21.01	21	20.83
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	20.45	20.45	20.5
		RB3#3	2	2	20.34	20.44	20.5
		RB6#0	2	2	20.48	20.32	20.41
		RB1#0	0	0	21.37	21.52	21.42
		RB1#8	0	0	21.4	21.38	21.48
	ODGIZ	RB1#14	0	0	21.52	21.45	21.51
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	20.86	20.95	20.88
		RB6#9	1	1	21.01	20.93	20.89
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	20.92	20.88	20.92
3M		RB1#0	1	1	21	21.02	21.02
		RB1#8	1	1	20.94	21.02	21.06
	16 0 4 14	RB1#14	1	1	21.11	21.05	21.09
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	20.58	20.53	20.47
		RB6#9	2	2	20.5	20.62	20.55
		RB15#0	2	2	20.46	20.59	20.46
		RB1#0	0	0	21.46	21.34	21.5
		RB1#13	0	0	21.32	21.38	21.39
	QPSK	RB1#24	0	0	21.34	21.47	21.47
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	20.96	20.9	20.97
		RB15#10	1	1	20.95	20.89	20.9
514		RB25#0	1	1	20.9	20.9	20.91
5M		RB1#0	1	1	21.11	21.17	21.17
		RB1#13	1	1	21.25	21.09	21.22
	16 0 4 14	RB1#24	1	1	21.09	21.11	21.08
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.61	20.77	20.76
		RB15#10	2	2	20.76	20.72	20.66
		RB25#0	2	2	20.79	20.62	20.65

RB100#0

2

2

20.69

20.87

20.76

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.23	21.13	21.07
		RB1#13	0	0	21.17	21.13	21.11
	QPSK	RB1#24	0	0	21.24	21.16	21.16
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	20.6	20.58	20.67
		RB15#10	1	1	20.64	20.75	20.61
5M		RB25#0	1	1	20.65	20.7	20.76
3101		RB1#0	1	1	20.19	20.18	20.15
		RB1#13	1	1	20.22	20.17	20.22
	16 0 4 14	RB1#24	1	1	20.32	20.28	20.2
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	19.69	19.73	19.77
		RB15#10	2	2	19.7	19.66	19.67
		RB25#0	2	2	19.79	19.79	19.78
		RB1#0	0	0	21.21	21.33	21.27
		RB1#25	0	0	21.27	21.21	21.18
	ODCK	RB1#49	0	0	21.23	21.15	21.28
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	20.69	20.72	20.66
		RB25#25	1	1	20.82	20.83	20.77
1014		RB50#0	1	1	20.83	20.66	20.82
10M		RB1#0	1	1	21.43	21.46	21.39
		RB1#25	1	1	21.35	21.33	21.42
	16 0 4 14	RB1#49	1	1	21.31	21.45	21.34
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	20.84	20.87	20.87
		RB25#25	2	2	20.86	20.86	20.82
		RB50#0	2	2	20.83	20.84	20.94
		RB1#0	0	0	21.26	21.29	21.27
		RB1#38	0	0	21.39	21.28	21.29
	ODGIZ	RB1#74	0	0	21.3	21.3	21.23
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	20.76	20.7	20.75
		RB36#39	1	1	20.9	20.87	20.73
1534		RB75#0	1	1	20.74	20.81	20.79
15M		RB1#0	1	1	20.8	20.95	20.9
		RB1#38	1	1	20.79	20.86	20.78
	16.0434	RB1#74	1	1	20.91	20.77	20.85
	16-QAM	RB36#0	2	2	20.49	20.46	20.47
		RB36#39	2	2	20.32	20.35	20.34
		RB75#0	2	2	20.4	20.49	20.46

2

2

2

RB50#0

RB50#50

RB100#0

2

2

2

21.18

20.98

21.14

21.15

20.99

21.18

Report No.: 2402S54552E-20

21.09

21.04

21.03

# LTE Band 38:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
	-	RB1#0	0	0	21.57	21.45	21.48
		RB1#13	0	0	21.55	21.4	21.41
	ODGIZ	RB1#24	1	1	21.51	21.58	21.51
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	20.89	21.01	21.04
		RB15#10	1	1	20.99	20.93	21.02
514		RB25#0	1	1	21	20.92	20.9
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.96	21.04	21.03
		RB1#13	1	1	21.02	20.87	20.91
	16 OAM	RB1#24	1	1	20.95	21.03	20.85
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.52	20.55	20.52
		RB15#10	2	2	20.54	20.42	20.38
		RB25#0	2	2	20.54	20.46	20.46
		RB1#0	0	0	21.5	21.43	21.47
		RB1#25	0	0	21.52	21.44	21.59
	o Date	RB1#49	1	1	21.53	21.56	21.6
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.12	21.07	21.11
		RB25#25	1	1	20.97	21.03	21.13
1014		RB50#0	1	1	21.02	21.01	21.04
10M		RB1#0	1	1	21.11	21.12	21.09
		RB1#25	1	1	21.22	21.09	21.06
	16 OAM	RB1#49	2	2	21.14	21.16	21.21
	16-QAM	RB25#0	2	2	20.58	20.53	20.53
		RB25#25	2	2	20.72	20.58	20.68
		RB50#0	2	2	20.73	20.55	20.64
		RB1#0	0	0	21.49	21.5	21.55
		RB1#38	0	0	21.44	21.54	21.56
	QPSK	RB1#74	1	1	21.48	21.5	21.52
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	21.02	20.97	21.06
		RB36#39	1	1	21.11	21.09	21.06
1514		RB75#0	1	1	21.11	21.07	20.94
15M		RB1#0	1	1	20.62	20.74	20.78
		RB1#38	1	1	20.78	20.73	20.77
	16 OAM	RB1#74	1	1	20.75	20.7	20.62
	16-QAM	RB36#0	2	2	20.22	20.31	20.19
		RB36#39	2	2	20.17	20.23	20.16
		RB75#0	2	2	20.28	20.19	20.29

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.35	21.53	21.48
		RB1#50	0	0	21.6	21.91	21.44
	QPSK	RB1#99	1	1	21.49	21.5	21.46
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	21.59	21.89	21.68
		RB50#50	1	1	21.01	20.9	20.93
2014		RB100#0	1	1	20.93	20.99	20.98
20M		RB1#0	1	1	21.26	21.17	21.4
		RB1#50	1	1	21.3	21.26	21.27
	16 0 4 14	RB1#99	2	2	21.2	21.22	21.34
	16-QAM	RB50#0	2	2	20.75	20.8	20.77
		RB50#50	2	2	20.8	20.69	20.77
		RB100#0	2	2	20.73	20.75	20.71

# **WLAN 2.4G:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (%)	Maximum Conducted Average Output Power (dBm)
	2412			18.56
802.11b	2437	1Mbps	98.95	18.83
	2462			18.78
	2412	6Mbps		17.10
802.11g	2437		98.07	17.42
	2462			17.15
	2412			15.96
802.11n ht20	2437	MCS0	97.93	16.14
	2462			16.02
	2422			13.78
802.11n ht40	2437	MCS0	94.90	14.35
	2452			14.04

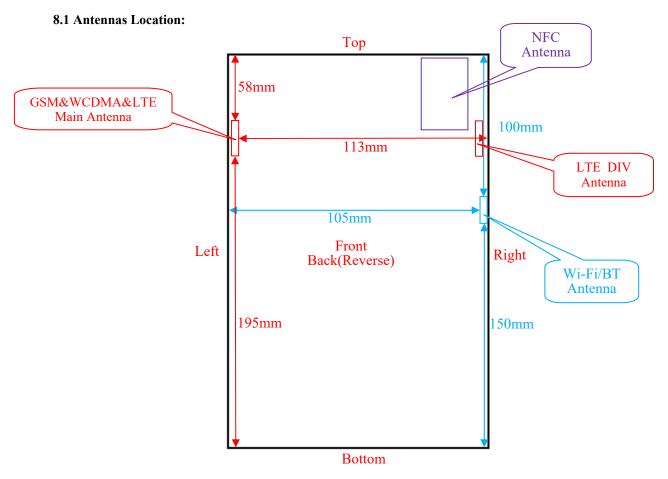
# Wi-Fi 5.2G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (%)	Max Average Output Power(dBm)
	5180			17.21
802.11a	5200	6Mbps	6Mbps 98.07	17.05
	5240			17.29
	5180	MCS0		14.92
802.11ac vht20	5200		97.94	14.76
	5240			14.91
802.11ac vht40	5190	MCS0	95.92	12.07
602.11ac VIII40	5230	MCSU	93.92	12.09
802.11ac vht80	5210	MCS0	93.88	10.80

# **Bluetooth:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	2402		4.46
BDR(GFSK)	2441	62.15	6.18
	2480		6.39
	2402		5.18
$EDR(\pi/4-DQPSK)$	2441	62.15	6.84
	2480		7.12
	2402		5.60
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	62.15	7.29
	2480		7.57
	2402		-3.97
Bluetooth LE	2440	62.15	-2.70
	2480		-2.21

# 8. STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS



Note: The LTE DIV antenna can not transmit, and is receiving only.

### 8.2 Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)						
Antenna Back Front Left Right Top Bottom						Bottom
WWAN (GSM/WCDMA/LTE) Antenna	< 5	< 5	< 5	113	58	195
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	< 5	< 5	105	< 5	100	150

### 8.3 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN 2.4G	2462	19	79.43	0	24.9	3	NO
WLAN 5.2G	5240	17.5	35.48	0	16.2	3	NO
Bluetooth	2480	8	6.31	0	2.0	3	YES

*Note:* The WLAN based average power for calculation. and bluetooth based peak output power for calculation. **NOTE:** 

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

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- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

#### 8.4 Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Body	2480	8	6.31	0	0.26

*Note:* The bluetooth based peak power for calculation.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/( min. test separation distance,mm)] · [√f(GHz)/x ]

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: 4.3. General SAR test exclusion guidance c) For frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion (also illustrated in Appendix C):

- 1) For test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm, the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step b) is multiplied by  $[1 + \log(100/f(MHz))]$
- 2) For test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by ½
- 3) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz

### **Measurement Result:**

For NFC, the power of EUT: E Field@3m is 77.99dBuV/m =-17.21dBm (0.019mW)

Note:  $E[dB\mu V/m] = EIRP[dBm] + 95.2$  for d = 3 m.

SAR test exclusion threshold for NFC(13.56MHz) separation distance < 50mm

 $=[474*(1 + \log(100/f(MHz)))]/2$ 

=443 mW

>0.019mW

### **Conclusion:**

The NFC SAR evaluation can be exempted.

### 8.5 SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Test Exclusion Distance (mm)
GSM 850	848.8	23	199.5	56.4
PCS 1900	1909.8	22	158.5	54.9
WCDMA Band 2	1907.6	22.5	177.8	56.9
WCDMA Band 5	846.6	22.5	177.8	52.6
LTE Band 2	1900	22.5	177.8	56.8
LTE Band 4	1745	22	158.5	54.4
LTE Band 7	2560	22	158.5	56.4
LTE Band 38	2610	22	158.5	56.5
WLAN 2.4G	2462	19	79.4	41.5
WLAN 5.2G	5240	17.5	56.2	42.8

*Note: The GSM850/PCS1900 based average power for calculation.* 

Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
BT	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*
WLAN	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Exclusion

### Note:

**Required:** The distance is less than **Test Exclusion Distance**, the SAR test is required **Exclusion:** The distance is large than **Test Exclusion Distance**, SAR test is not required.

Exclusion\*: SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above.

### SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations detail:

### Distance < 50mm (To Edges)

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.
- 5. The Time based average Power is used for calculation

### Distance > 50mm(To Edges)

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

- a) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- b) [Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz.

Report Template Version: FCC SAR-V1.0

# 9. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

# 9.1 SAR Test Data

# **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.8-23.4 ℃	22.5-23.4℃	22.3-22.9 ℃
Relative Humidity:	37 %	42%	38 %
ATM Pressure:	100.4 kPa	100.2 kPa	100.8 kPa
Test Date:	2024/05/18	2024/07/20	2024/07/21

Testing was performed by Rain Yu, Wen Wang, Mark Dong.

Report Template Version: FCC SAR-V1.0

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### **GSM 850:**

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	836.6	GPRS	31.23	31.5	1.064	0.152	0.16	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	836.6	GPRS	31.23	31.5	1.064	0.279	0.30	/
(omm)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 I 0	824.2	GPRS	31.13	31.5	1.089	0.793	0.86	/
Body Left (0mm)	836.6	GPRS	31.23	31.5	1.064	0.880	0.94	1#
(VIIIII)	848.8	GPRS	31.12	31.5	1.091	0.762	0.83	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > 0.5 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

#### PCS 1900:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	1880	GPRS	27.81	28	1.045	0.050	0.05	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
D I E	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	1880	GPRS	27.81	28	1.045	0.146	0.15	/
(Ollilli)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 I 0	1850.2	GPRS	27.56	28	1.107	1.06	1.17	2#
Body Left (0mm)	1880	GPRS	27.81	28	1.045	0.939	0.98	/
(0.11111)	1909.8	GPRS	27.86	28	1.033	0.881	0.91	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > 0.5 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

#### WCDMA Band 2:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.529	0.58	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
D. I. E.	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.181	0.20	/
(Ollilli)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.898	0.99	/
Body Left (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.911	1.00	/
(Olimii)	1907.6	RMC	22.12	22.50	1.091	0.975	1.06	3#

### WCDMA Band 5:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.50	1.109	0.100	0.11	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.50	1.109	0.204	0.23	/
(omm)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 I 0	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.05	22.50	1.109	0.611	0.68	4#
(omm)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$ W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

# LTE Band 2:

EUT	Fraguency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	1880	20	1RB	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.065	0.07	/
(0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	21.94	22.5	1.138	0.061	0.07	/
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front	1880	20	1RB	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.092	0.09	/
Body Front (0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	21.94	22.5	1.138	0.089	0.10	/
	1860	20	1RB	22.46	22.5	1.009	1.12	1.13	/
	1880	20	1RB	22.43	22.5	1.016	1.08	1.10	/
5 1 7 0	1900	20	1RB	22.49	22.5	1.002	1.15	1.15	5#
Body Left (0mm)	1860	20	50%RB	21.87	22.5	1.156	0.921	1.06	/
(OIIIII)	1880	20	50%RB	21.94	22.5	1.138	0.943	1.07	/
	1900	20	50%RB	21.92	22.5	1.143	0.979	1.12	/
	1900	20	100%RB	21.89	22.5	1.151	0.921	1.06	/

# LTE Band 4:

EUT	Fraguency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAF	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	1732.5	20	1RB	21.64	22	1.086	0.071	0.08	/
(0mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.6	22	1.096	0.074	0.08	/
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front	1732.5	20	1RB	21.64	22	1.086	0.092	0.10	/
(0mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.6	22	1.096	0.089	0.10	/
	1720	20	1RB	21.63	22	1.089	1.12	1.22	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	21.64	22	1.086	1.15	1.25	/
5 1 7 0	1745	20	1RB	21.92	22	1.019	1.30	1.32	6#
Body Left (0mm)	1720	20	50%RB	21.51	22	1.119	0.943	1.06	/
(Ollilli)	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.6	22	1.096	0.957	1.05	/
	1745	20	50%RB	21.43	22	1.14	0.938	1.07	/
	1745	20	100%RB	20.94	22	1.276	0.866	1.11	/

### LTE Band 7:

EUT	Euggnonge	Dandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	2535	20	1RB	21.91	22	1.021	0.099	0.10	/
(0mm)	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.34	22	1.164	0.083	0.10	/
	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front	2535	20	1RB	21.91	22	1.021	0.156	0.16	/
(0mm)	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.34	22	1.164	0.122	0.14	/
	2510	20	1RB	21.88	22	1.028	1.16	1.19	/
	2535	20	1RB	21.91	22	1.021	1.17	1.19	7#
	2560	20	1RB	21.9	22	1.023	0.97	0.99	/
Body Left (0mm)	2510	20	50%RB	21.29	22	1.178	0.814	0.96	/
(omin)	2535	20	50%RB	21.34	22	1.164	0.856	1.00	/
	2560	20	50%RB	21.36	22	1.159	0.631	0.73	/
	2535	20	100%RB	21.34	22	1.164	0.963	1.12	/

#### LTE Band 38:

EUT	Frequency	Randwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR	(W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2580	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	2595	20	1RB	21.91	22	1.021	0.032	0.03	/
(0mm)	2610	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2595	20	50%RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.032	0.03	/
	2580	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front	2595	20	1RB	21.91	22	1.021	0.068	0.07	/
(0mm)	2610	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2595	20	50%RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.068	0.07	/
	2580	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left	2595	20	1RB	21.91	22	1.021	0.777	0.79	8#
(0mm)	2610	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2595	20	50%RB	21.89	22	1.026	0.765	0.78	1

### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 3. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 0.5 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg.

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- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.
- 8. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

### **WLAN 2.4G:**

			Max.	Max.		1g	SAR (W/	kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	2437	802.11b	18.83	19.0	1.04	1.01	0.080	0.08	/
(Ollilli)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
_ , _	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	2437	802.11b	18.83	19.0	1.04	1.01	0.052	0.05	/
(Ollilli)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (0mm)	2437	802.11b	18.83	19.0	1.04	1.01	0.518	0.54	9#
(OIIIII)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3.For 802.11b mode power is the largest among 802.11b/g/n, 802.11 b mode as initial test configuration is selected to test.

### **WLAN 5.2G:**

			Max.	Max.		1g :	SAR (W/	kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0mm)	5200	802.11a	17.05	17.50	1.109	1.02	0.069	0.08	/
(Ollilli)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (0mm)	5200	802.11a	17.05	17.50	1.109	1.02	0.080	0.09	/
(Ollilli)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (0mm)	5200	802.11a	17.05	17.50	1.109	1.02	0.302	0.34	10#
(OIIIII)	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 3.For 802.11a mode power is the largest among 802.11a/ac, 802.11 a mode as initial test configuration is selected to test.
- 4. According 2016 Oct. TCB, for SAR testing of 5G WIFI 802.11a signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/( duty cycle)".

# 10. MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

# The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

### Body

SAR probe	r n 1	E (MIL)	EITED '	Meas. SA	AR (W/kg)	Largest to
calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
835MHz	GSM 850	836.6	Body Left	0.880	0.846	1.04
1750MHz	LTE Band 4	1745	Body Left	1.30	1.21	1.07
1900MHz	LTE Band 2	1900	Body Left	1.15	1.09	1.06
2600MHz	LTE Band 7	2535	Body Left	1.17	1.11	1.05

#### Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

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# 11. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### 11.1 Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabi	lities	
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)Antenna + WLAN 2.4G/5G + NFC	√	√
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) Antenna + Bluetooth + NFC	√	×
2.4G WLAN + BT	×	×
2.4G WLAN + 5G WLAN	×	×
5G WLAN + BT	×	×

### 11.2 Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	Reported SAR(W/kg)     ΣSAR <	
ivioue(exiter · saite2)	1 05141011	SAR1		
	Body Back	0.58	0.26	0.84
MAX.WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)+Bluetooth	Body Front	0.30	0.26	0.56
MAA. W WAN(GSW/ WCDWA/L1E)+Bluetootii	Body Left	1.32	0.26	1.58
	Body Right	NA	0.26	NA
	Body Back	ody Back 0.58 0.08 0.6	0.66	
MAX.WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)+	Body Front	0.30	0.05	0.35
WLAN 2.4G	Body Left	1.32	NA	NA
	Body Right	NA	0.54	NA
	Body Back	0.58	0.08	0.66
MAX.WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)+	AX.WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)+ Body Front 0.30	0.09	0.39	
WLAN 5G	Body Left	1.32	NA	NA
	Body Right	NA	0.34	NA

Note:

1. For the EIRP of NFC is 0.019mW, per KDB447498 D01 clause 4.3, the estimated SAR is so lower, so the NFC almost have no influence on the results of simultaneous transmission.

### **Conclusion:**

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma$ SAR  $\leq$ 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

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# **APPENDIX A - MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Wieasur	Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test						
Uncertainty component	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measurement	system				
Probe calibration(k=1)	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
System detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions-noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. tolerance	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample r	related				
Test sample positioning	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3
Device holder uncertainty	4.7	N	1	1	1	4.7	4.7
Output power variation – SAR draft measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
SAR scaling	2.8	R	√3	1	1	1.6	1.6
	Phan	tom and tissue	e paramete	rs			
Phantom shell uncertainty – shape, thickness and permittivity	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
Liquid conductivity meas.	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
Liquid permittivity meas.	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.1	12.0
Expanded uncertainty (95 % confidence interval)		k=2				24.2	24.0

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test							
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ Uncertainty value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measureme	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Probe modulation response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions – reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sampl	e related				
Device holder uncertainty	4.7	N	1	1	1	4.7	4.7
Test sample positioning	3.3	Ν	1	1	1	3.3	3.3
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
	<u> </u>	Phantom a	nd set-up			<u> </u>	
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				11.8	11.7
Expanded uncertainty (95 % confidence interval)						23.6	23.4

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APPENDIX B - SAR PLOTS	
Please refer to the attachment.	
Please refer to the attachment.	

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)  APPENDIX C - EUT TEST POSITION PHOT	Report No.: 2402S54552E-20  OS
Please refer to the attachment.	

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)	Report No.: 2402S54552E-20			
APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES				
Please refer to the attachment.				

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# **APPENDIX E - DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

Please refer to the attachment.

**====** END OF REPORT **====** 

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