

Center for Quality Engineering

Test Report No.: U04U0004

FCC ID: NE3PCS101

Order No.: U04U

Pages: 42

Munich, Dec 19, 2005

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Client:	Siemens Communications, Inc. 900 Broken Sound Parkway Boca Raton, FL33478 USA
Equipment Under Test:	Base Transceiver Station Equipment for W-CDMA NB-580 UMR5.0
Manufacturer:	Siemens AG / NEC
Task:	Conformance test according to the below mentioned test specification
Test Specification(s): [covered by accreditation]	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 and 22
Result:	The EUT complies with the requirements of the test specification

The results relate only to the items tested as described in this test report.

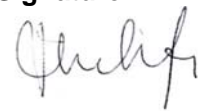
approved by:

Date

Signature

Dr. - Ing. Khelifi
Director 'System Qualification'

Dec 19, 2005



Bauer
Director 'EMC'

Dec 19, 2005



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Director 'Environmental Engineering'

Dec 21, 2005



This document was signed electronically.

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1 Summary

The measurements described in this report were conducted pursuant to 47 CFR § 2.947. All applicable paragraphs of the 47 CFR parts 2 and 22 of the most current version of the rules were considered.

The following tests were performed according to the FCC rules in order to verify the compliance of the EUT with the FCC requirements:

Table 1.1: Results – Summary

Test No.	Measurement	FCC Rule	Page Number of this Report	Result
1	RF Power Output	§ 2.1046	13	Compliant
2	Modulation Characteristics	§ 2.1047, § 2.201	14	Compliant
3	Occupied Bandwidth	§ 2.1049	15	Compliant
4	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	§ 2.1051, § 2.1057, § 22.917	16	Compliant
5	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	§ 2.1053, § 2.1057, § 22.917	18	Compliant
6	Frequency Stability	§ 2.1055, § 22.355	20	Compliant

In accordance with the FCC Rule §15.3 (z) the equipment was tested with the limits that are valid for an *unintentional radiator*.

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2 References

2.1 Specifications

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Code of Federal Regulations, (2005-10)
Part 2 and 22
Title 47: Telecommunication
Part 2: Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters;
General Rules and Regulations
Part 22: Public Mobile Services

2.2 Glossary of Terms

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°C	Degree Celsius
16QAM	16 Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
3GPP	3 rd Generation Partnership Project
A	Ampere
AC	Alternating Current
ACLR	Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio
ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity
AMR	Adaptive Multi Rate
ANT	Antenna
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
BB	Base Band
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
BTS	Base Transceiver Station
BTSE	Base Transceiver Station Equipment
CAN	Controller Access Network
CPICH	Common Pilot Channel
DAR	Deutscher Akkreditierungsrat (German Accreditation Council)
DATech	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle Technik e.V.
dB	Decibel
dBc	Decibel per Carrier
dBm	Decibel per Milliwatt
DC	Direct Current
DCH	Dedicated Channel
DL	Downlink
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
DRS	Data Rate Stability
DUT	Device Under Test
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	European Norm
ETR	ETSI Technical Report
ETS	European Telecommunications Standard
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EUT	Equipment Under Test
EVM	Error Vector Magnitude
FACH	Forward Access Channel
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FDMA	Frequency Division Multiple Access
GERAN	GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network
GPB	General Purpose Interface Bus (Interface IEEE 488/IEC 625-1)
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HF	High Frequency

HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HSFT	High Speed Downlink Packet Access Functional Test
HS-SCCH	High Speed Shared Control Channel
HS-PDSCH	High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel
HU	Height Unit = 44.45 mm for 19" frames
HWIT	Hardware Integration Test
ID_WI	CQE Internal Document / Work Instruction
IDN	Identification Number
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
I-ETS	Interim– European Telecommunication Standard
IF	Intermediate Frequency
Iub	Interface between an RNC and a NodeB
Kbps	Kilobits per second
LMT	Local Maintenance Terminal
LPA	Linear Power Amplifier
LPT	Line Printer Terminal
Max	Maximum
Min	Minimum
MOBNET	Mobile Networks
MS	Mobile Station
n/a	Not Applicable
NB	NodeB
No.	Number
Nom	nominal
n/p	Not Performed
O&M	Operating & Maintenance
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OMC	Operation and Maintenance Centre
OMS	Operation and Maintenance System
P	Power
PC	Personal Computer
PCCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
PCDE	Peak Code Domain Error
PCH	Paging Channel
PCPICH	Primary Common Pilot Channel
PDH	Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy
PDU	Packet Data Unit
PHS	Personal Handyphone System
PICH	Paging Indication Channel
PID	Proportional Integral Differential (Controller)
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
Pmax	Maximum Output Power
Prat	Rated Output Power
PSCH	Primary Synchronisation Channel
QPSK	Quadrature Phase Shift Keying
QRS	Quality Requirement Specification
R&S	Company "Rohde & Schwarz"
RACH	Random Access Channel
R _b	Measurement channel data rate
RBER	Residual Bit Error Ratio
RBW	Resolution Bandwidth
Ref	Reference
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root Mean Square
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RNS	Radio Network Subsystem
RX	Receive Path
RxDiv	RX Diversity
SCCPCH	Secondary Common Control Physical Channel
SDH	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy
SEM	Spectrum Emission Mask
SMT	Signal Modulated Terminal
SN	Serial Number
SSCH	Secondary Synchronisation Channel
STM	Synchronous Transfer Mode
SW	Software

T	Temperature
TC	Testcase
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access
TM	Test Model
TRX	Transceiver
TS	Technical Specification
TV	Test Volume
TX	Transmit Path
TxDiv	TX-Diversity
UARFCN	UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
UE	User Equipment
UL	Uplink
ULRef CH	Uplink Reference Channel
UMR	UMTS Release
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network
Uu	UMTS Air Interface
V	Volt
VC	Virtual Channel
VP	Virtual Path
W	Watt
w/	with
w/o	without

2.3 Bibliographical Data

- | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| [2] | 3GPP TS 25.141,
V6.11.0 | Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD) | 2005-09 |
| [3] | 3GPP TS 25.213,
V6.4.0 | Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
Spreading and modulation (FDD) | 2005-09 |

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3 General Information

3.1 Identification of Client

Siemens Communications, Inc.
900 Broken Sound Parkway
Boca Raton, FL33478
USA

3.2 Test Laboratory

Center for Quality Engineering
Siemens AG
Hofmannstraße 51
81359 München
Germany

3.3 Time Schedule

Test No.:	1, 2, 3, 4	5	6
Delivery of EUT:	Nov 30, 2005	Nov 21, 2005	Dec 06, 2005
Start of Test:	Nov 30, 2005	Nov 21, 2005	Dec 07, 2005
End of Test:	Nov 30, 2005	Nov 25, 2005	Dec 12, 2005

3.4 Participants

Name	Function
Dr. Jochen Beier	Accredited testing (1, 2, 3, 4)
Jan Huber	Accredited testing (5)
Werner Johne	Accredited testing (6)
Gudrun Neumann	Accredited testing (6)
Stéphane Nakpane	Accredited testing (6)
Ralf Geissbauer	Set-up of EUT
Jens Jachmann	Set-up of EUT
Jörg Matschuk	Set-up of EUT

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4 Equipment Under Test

The client affirmed that the equipment is representative for serial production.

4.1 Description of EUT

The Equipment Under Test (EUT), the NodeB is a part of the UMTS Radio Access Network (UTRAN) developed by Siemens and NEC. The UTRAN consists of one or more Radio Network Subsystems (RNS) containing one Radio Network Control Unit (RNC) and several NodeB. The NodeB is responsible for the radio transmission/reception to/from the User Equipment (UE) via the air interface.

The maximum transmitter output power possible for the NB-580 is 48 dBm = 63.1 W.

4.2 Configuration of EUT

The equipment under test (EUT) was fully equipped with 6 transceivers, although for tests 1 to 4 and 6 only one transceiver was tested for compliance. Test 5 is an over all test that covers the whole EUT. The tested transceivers are listed in the table below.

Table 4.1: Configuration of EUT (NB-580)

Module Name	Siemens Part No.	Serial No.	Test No.
CAT40-3-4850V1	S30861-U4289-X-B1/01	AWG/T9400054	1, 2, 3, 4
DUAMCORT850FV1	S30861-U4291-X-D1/01	FMM/T9010463	1, 2, 3, 4
CAT40-3-4UFV1	S30861-U4287-X-03/01	RMX/T2000022	5
CAT40-3-4UFV1	S30861-U4287-X-03/01	RMX/T3010032	5
CAT40-3-4UFV1	S30861-U4287-X-03/01	RMX/T2000028	5
CAT40-3-4850V1	S30861-U4289-X-02/01	AWG/TO400125	5
CAT40-3-4850V1	S30861-U4289-X-02/01	AWG/TO400120	5
CAT40-3-4850V1	S30861-U4289-X-02/01	AWG/TO400121	5
DUAMCORETUFV1	S30861-U4270-X-02/01	KSA/T2655787	5
DUAMCORETUFV1	S30861-U4270-X-02/01	KSA/T2403514	5
DUAMCORETUFV1	S30861-U4270-X-02/01	KSA/T2403502	5
DUAMCORT850FV1	S30861-U4291-X-D1/01	FMM/T9010472	5
DUAMCORT850FV1	S30861-U4291-X-D1/01	FMM/T9010464	5
DUAMCORT850FV1	S30861-U4291-X-D1/01	FMM/T9010483	5
CAT40-3-4850V1	S30861-U4289-X-B3/01	AWG/T9400118	6
DUAMCORT850FV1	S30861-U4291-X-D1/01	FMM/T9010472	6

For a functional description of the modules, please refer to the appropriate related parts and exhibit sections of this certification application.

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4.3 Operating Conditions

If not stated otherwise, the following standard setup procedure for the EUT was used:

The NodeB was activated and controlled by an application SW (LMT) running on a PC, connected to the Core Controller of the NodeB via an ethernet connection. A combination of QPSK and 16QAM modulated channels was used to ensure that the influences of both possible modulations are covered by the tests (test model "TM5" with 30 QPSK and 8 16QAM channels as specified in 3GPP TS 25.141 [2]) (see also section 5.2).

The NB-580 is supplied with -48 V DC.

During the measurements, one carrier channel was tested at a time. The carrier was set to the maximum power level to ensure the maximum emission amplitudes during all measurements.

During the tests the NodeB is transmitting a pseudo random bit pattern on the data channels. This ensures that the measurements of the emission characteristics of the transmitter are pursuant to § 2.1049.

4.4 Compliance Criteria

The EUT must fulfill the requirements (described in the specifications mentioned in chapter 2.1, Specifications) for the selected test cases.

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5 General Description of Tests

5.1 Tested Carrier Frequencies

The measurements were performed on 3 carrier frequencies, according to the following table:

Table 5.1: Carrier Frequencies

Carrier Frequency [MHz]	Remark
871.5	lowest possible carrier frequency
881.6	frequency at the middle of the band
891.4	highest possible carrier frequency

5.2 Modulation Characteristics

The EUT supports QPSK and 16QAM modulation. The modulation characteristic of the QPSK and the 16QAM modulation are defined in standard 3GPP TS 25.213 [3].

5.3 Test Configuration

If not stated otherwise, the following measurement configuration was used to perform all measurements (see figure below).

The RF output of the transceiver (cell) under test is connected to a spectrum analyzer (FSIQ26, Rohde&Schwarz) via a high power 30 dB attenuator. The attenuator is used to protect the input of the spectrum analyzer from high RF power levels. A description of the analyzer settings is given in each of the sections describing the measurements. The other transceivers are terminated. The FSIQ is remote controlled from a PC via a GPIB interface.

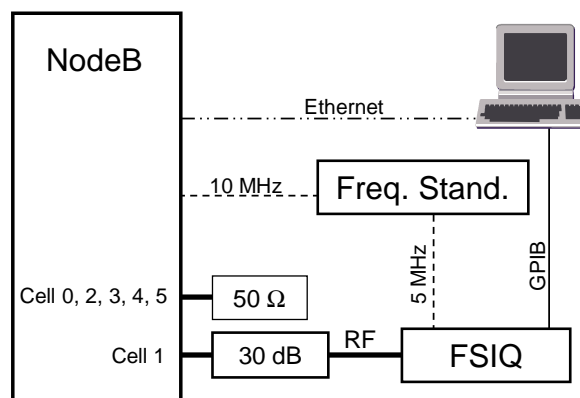


Fig. 1 – Test Configuration

A complete list of the measurement equipment is included on page 22 of this measurement report.

5.4 Calibration of the Test Equipment

All relevant test equipment has a valid calibration from an external calibration laboratory. Additionally the spectrum analyzer has a built-in self-calibration procedure. This calibration procedure was activated prior to the measurements so that the analyzer is deemed accurate. High quality cables were used to connect the measurement equipment to the EUT. The actual loss of the attenuator and the cables was measured with a high precision network analyzer and taken into account for all measurements.

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6 Test Results

6.1 Test No. 1: RF power output (§ 2.1046)

6.1.1 Purpose

The RF power output measurements were performed pursuant to § 2.1046 in order to determine the base station maximum RF output power of the EUT.

6.1.2 EUT Operating Condition

The standard setup procedure as described in section 4.3 of this report was used.

6.1.3 Test Configuration

The test configuration used is described in section 5.3 of this report.

6.1.4 Test Procedure and Results

Using a spectrum analyzer the RF power is measured with a frequency sweep across the carrier (see screenshots). The carrier power is calculated from the spectrum analyzer by integration over the result. The base station maximum output power is the sum of the measured carrier power and the external attenuation (cable loss of the test set up).

The following table shows the measured output powers at the antenna connector. Screenshots of the measurements are included on pages 23 – 24 of this report.

Table 6.1: Results – Base Station Maximum Output Power

Carrier Frequency [MHz]	Measured Carrier Power [dBm]	External Attenuation [dB]	Base Station Maximum Output Power	Result
871.5	14.18	32.28	46.5 dBm = 44.7 W	compliant
881.6	14.29	32.21	46.5 dBm = 44.7 W	compliant
891.4	14.13	32.18	46.3 dBm = 42.7 W	compliant

The base station maximum output power was found to be compliant with the manufacturer's specifications and with all requirements of the FCC rules.

6.2 Test No. 2: Modulation Characteristics (§ 2.1047, § 2.201)

The occupied bandwidth was measured to be 4.1 MHz, which represents the 99% power bandwidth (see the following section and screenshots on pages 26 – 27). Therefore, the modulation characteristic of the base stations transceiver is 4M10F9W.

No further testing is required under this section of the FCC rules. No measurements other than the occupied bandwidth are required.

The modulation characteristics were found to be compliant with the manufacturer's specifications and with all requirements of the FCC rules.

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6.3 Test No. 3: Occupied Bandwidth (§ 2.1049)

6.3.1 Purpose

The measurements are performed to determine the occupied bandwidth of the EUT pursuant to § 2.1049.

6.3.2 EUT Operating Condition

The standard setup procedure as described in section 4.3 of this report was used.

6.3.3 Test Configuration

The test configuration used is described in section 5.3 of this report.

6.3.4 Test Procedure and Results

The 99% power bandwidth (occupied bandwidth) was determined with the spectrum analyzer (see screenshots on pages 26 – 27 for details). The following table summarizes the results:

Table 6.2: Results – Occupied Bandwidth

Carrier Frequency [MHz]	Occupied Bandwidth [MHz]	Result
871.5	4.1	compliant
881.6	4.1	compliant
891.4	4.1	compliant

The occupied bandwidth was found to be compliant with the manufacturer's specifications and with all requirements of the FCC rules.

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6.4 Test No. 4: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals (§ 2.1051, § 2.1057, § 22.917)

6.4.1 Purpose

The measurements of the spurious emissions at the equipment output terminals were performed pursuant to § 2.1051 in order to verify that all emissions are below the limits given by § 22.917.

6.4.2 Limits

Compliance with § 22.917 requires that any emission be attenuated below the transmitter power by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} P$ (P = transmitter power in Watts).

The compliance limit was calculated in the following way:

Maximum transmitter output power [W]:	P
Maximum transmitter output power [dBm]:	$30 + 10 \log_{10} P$ (conversion form W to dBm)
Attenuation required by FCC:	$43 + 10 \log_{10} P$

Compliance limit	=	Maximum transmitter output power	-	Required attenuation		
	=	$30 + 10 \log_{10} P$	-	$(43 + 10 \log_{10} P)$	=	<u>-13 dBm</u>

6.4.3 EUT Operating Condition

The standard setup procedure as described in section 4.3 of this report was used.

6.4.4 Test Configuration

The test configuration used is described in section 5.3 of this report.

6.4.5 Test Procedure and Results

The tests were carried out in accordance with § 22.917. For all frequency ranges except two (the one immediately below and the one immediately above the carrier frequency block) a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth was used for the measurements. Thereby the integration method mentioned in § 22.917 was used in the two frequency ranges from 1 MHz to 3.5 MHz distance from the carrier frequency block.

In the 1 MHz frequency bands immediately outside and adjacent to the carrier frequency block a resolution bandwidth of 48 kHz (one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter as defined in § 22.917) was employed. Again the integration method was used.

The following figure gives an overview of the bandwidths used for the tests.

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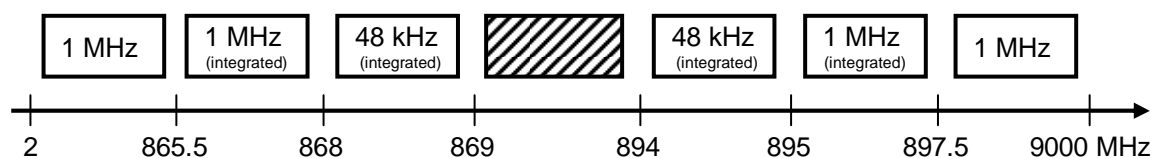


Fig. 2 – Resolution Bandwidths for Spurious Emission Tests

According to § 2.1057, all emission including the fundamental frequency of the transceiver and all frequencies up to the 10th harmonic were investigated.

The following tables summarize the worst case detected emission levels (see screenshots on pages 28 – 37 for details). The external attenuation (cable loss of the set up) is already added in the results. It can be seen separately as the “Offset” value in the screenshots.

Table 6.3: Results - Spurious Emissions

Frequency Range [MHz]	Emission Frequency [MHz]	Maximum Emission Level [dBm]	Compliance Limit [dBm]	Result
Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz				
2.0 – 865.5	865.5	-35.0	-13	compliant
865.5 – 868.0	868.0	-19.9	-13	compliant
868.0 – 869.0	869.0	-18.6	-13	compliant
894.0 – 895.0	894.1	-48.8	-13	compliant
895.0 – 897.5	895.0	-31.9	-13	compliant
897.5 – 9000.0	1741.8	-22.8	-13	compliant
Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz				
2.0 – 865.5	839.5	-39.9	-13	compliant
865.5 – 868.0	868.0	-30.4	-13	compliant
868.0 – 869.0	868.7	-45.6	-13	compliant
894.0 – 895.0	894.0	-45.8	-13	compliant
895.0 – 897.5	895.0	-31.1	-13	compliant
897.5 – 9000.0	1758.1	-24.3	-13	compliant
Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz				
2.0 – 865.5	834.4	-39.9	-13	compliant
865.5 – 868.0	868.0	-31.0	-13	compliant
868.0 – 869.0	868.9	-47.5	-13	compliant
894.0 – 895.0	894.5	-31.8	-13	compliant
895.0 – 897.5	895.0	-22.1	-13	compliant
897.5 – 9000.0	2667.4	-21.8	-13	compliant

The measured conducted emission levels were found to be compliant with the manufacturer's specifications and with all requirements of the FCC rules.

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6.5 Test No. 5: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (§ 2.1053, § 2.1057, § 22.917)

6.5.1 Purpose

The measurement of spurious radiated emissions was performed pursuant to § 2.1053 and § 2.1057 to verify that the field strength of any spurious emissions radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads or intermediate circuit elements are attenuated below the transmitter power P by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P \text{ in Watts})$ dB as is required by § 22.917 (Emission limits).

6.5.2 Limits

Compliance with § 22.917 requires that all spurious emissions be attenuated below the transmitter power by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} P$ (P = rated maximum transmitter output power in Watts).

The compliance limit was calculated as per the following table:

Rated maximum transmitter output power	63.1 W (= 48.0 dBm)
Required attenuation	$43 + 10 \log_{10} 63.1 = \mathbf{61.0 \text{ dB}}$

According to § 2.1057, all emissions to the 10th harmonic were investigated.

6.5.3 EUT Operating Condition

The NodeB was activated and controlled by NetHawk RNC/lub simulator via the lub interface. TM 1 (16) (as specified in 3GPP TS 25.141 [2]) was used to cover the EMC worst case scenario. The carriers were set to the maximum power level to ensure the maximum emission amplitudes during all measurements.

During the tests the NodeB is transmitting a pseudo random bit pattern on the data channels. This ensures that the measurements of the emission characteristics of the transmitter are pursuant to § 2.1049.

The radiated spurious emissions were determined for three selected carrier test frequencies, according to section 5.1. During all testing, the EUT's RF output power was terminated into a non-radiating 50 Ω dummy load.

6.5.4 Test Configuration

The measurements (scans) were conducted for NB-580. The measurements were performed in an anechoic chamber. The radiated test site complies with the site attenuation requirements listed in ANSI C63.4 1992 and is listed with the FCC.

The test antenna was positioned at a distance of 3 m from the EUT. Photographs of the EUT in the anechoic chamber are shown on page 38 of this measurement report.

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6.5.5 Test Procedure

For maximizing the radiated spurious emission measured levels the EUT was rotated 360°. The antenna height was adjusted between 1 m and 4 m. Both, horizontal and vertical polarizations were investigated.

To verify that all spurious emissions are compliant to the limits specified in § 22.917, the substitution method described in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992 document was used. Initially the EUT's spurious emission frequencies and field-strength values were measured and recorded. The measured, maximized field strength values were then used as the references levels for dipole substitution measurements.

For substitution measurements the EUT was removed and replaced with a signal generator and a transmitting antenna. TIA/EIA-603 requires that all substitution measurement transmissions have to be done using a "dipole" antenna, as the reference antenna. As per TIA/EIA-603, corrections were done to equate the results to a dipole antenna. Using the same measurement techniques listed above (for maximizing), output power of the signal generator was adjusted until the initial spurious emission reference levels were matched. The signal generator's indicated output power level was then recorded and corrected to an equivalent level at the transmitting antenna's input connector.

To determine compliance with the FCC Rules, the corrected dipole substitution powers were then set into relation to the EUT's (transmitter) power, measured at the antenna connector.

6.5.6 Test Results & Limits

Worst case detected emission levels are reported in the following table (refer to spectral plots included on pages 39 – 41 for details). The antenna factor and cable loss is according to the manufacturer's specification.

Table 6.4: Results – Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Spurious Emission Frequency	Spurious Emission Reference Field Strength	Signal Generator Output	Power at dipole antenna ¹	Maximum Transmitter Output Power at the Antenna Port	Spurious Emissions in reference to Output Power of EUT ²	Limit	Result
[MHz]	[dBμV/m]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[dBc]	[dB]	
5133.0	62.3	-43	-39.00	48.0	87.00	61.0	compliant
5215.5	62.3	-43	-38.60	48.0	99.60	61.0	compliant
8554.5	63.1	-42	-37.34	48.0	98.34	61.0	compliant
13359.0	64.4	-53	-48.63	48.0	109.63	61.0	compliant
13677.0	65.4	-53	-48.94	48.0	109.94	61.0	compliant
17576.0	63.8	-41	-42.95	48.0	103.95	61.0	compliant

The measured emission levels were found to be compliant with the manufacturer's specifications and with all requirements of the FCC rules.

¹ Power at Dipole Antenna = Signal Generator Output – cable loss + correction factor antenna gain

² [dBc] = Maximum Transmitter Output Power [dBm] - Power at dipole antenna [dBm]

6.6 Test No. 6: Frequency Stability (§ 2.1055, § 22.355)

6.6.1 Purpose

Frequency stability measurements were performed to verify that the frequency deviation of the emission stays within the licensee's frequency block under extreme temperature conditions (-30°C to +50 °C) according to § 2.1055.

6.6.2 Limits

According to § 22.355, the carrier frequency must be maintained within the tolerance of 1.5 ppm, independent of the ambient temperature.

6.6.3 EUT Operating Condition

The NodeB was activated and controlled by NetHawk RNC/Iub simulator via the Iub interface. A combination of QPSK and 16QAM modulated channels was used to ensure that the influences of both possible modulations are covered by the tests (test model "TM5" with 6 QPSK and 5 16QAM channels) (see also section 5.2). A test mobile (TM500) is used to provide the NodeB with the data necessary in uplink direction in order to stimulate the 16QAM channels in downlink direction.

During the measurements, one carrier channel was tested at a time. The carrier was set to the maximum power level to ensure the maximum emission amplitudes during all measurements.

The rated supply voltage of -48 V DC was kept constant for all temperatures. Additionally the supply voltage was set to maximum and minimum voltage at room temperature.

During the tests the NodeB is transmitting a pseudo random bit pattern on the data channels. This ensures that the measurements of the emission characteristics of the transmitter are pursuant to § 2.1049.

The EUT was operated and tested in a climatic chamber.

6.6.4 Test Configuration

The RF output of the transceiver (cell) under test is connected to a spectrum analyzer (FSU26, Rohde&Schwarz) via a high power 40 dB attenuator. The attenuator is used to protect the input of the spectrum analyzer from high RF power levels. The other transceivers are terminated. The FSU is remote controlled from a laptop via a GPIB interface.

A complete list of the measurement equipment is included on page 22 of this measurement report.

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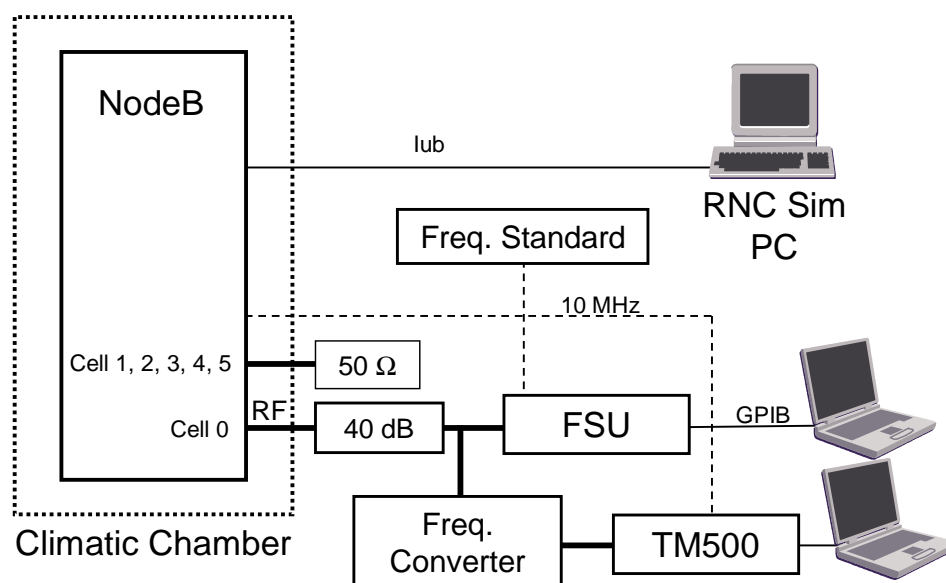


Fig. 3 – Test Configuration for Frequency Stability

6.6.5 Test Procedure and Results

The center frequency deviation of the highest and lowest test frequency was measured at ambient temperature levels from -5°C to +50°C in intervals of not more than 10°C using the rated normal supply voltage. Additionally the center frequency deviation was measured at room temperature using maximum and minimum supply voltage.

The NB-580 is designed for indoor locations. Therefore the EUT does not work below a temperature of -5°C, thus no RF signals were measured at the antenna port.

The following table reports the worst case detected frequency deviations. For the complete measurement data of the frequency stability see page 42.

Table 6.5: Results – Frequency Stability (Normal Supply Voltage)

Ambient Temp. [°C]	Frequency Deviation [ppm]	Limit [ppm]	Result
-5	0.033	1.5	compliant
0	0.035	1.5	compliant
+10	0.042	1.5	compliant
+20	0.033	1.5	compliant
+30	0.043	1.5	compliant
+40	-0.035	1.5	compliant
+50	-0.033	1.5	compliant
+20 V_{min}/V_{max}	0.035	1.5	compliant

In all cases, the fundamental emission stayed within the required tolerance.

The measured frequency stability was found to be compliant with the manufacturer's specifications and with all requirements of the FCC rules.

7 Test Data and Screenshots

7.1 Part List of the RF Measurement Test Equipment

No.	Item	Model (Manufacturer)	Serial Number	Test No.
1	Spectrum Analyzer	FSIQ 26 (Rohde & Schwarz)	100230	1, 2, 3, 4
2	Frequency Standard	Rb-TSR (Datum GmbH)	151	1, 2, 3, 4
3	Personal Computer	Scenic Pro M6 (Siemens Nixdorf)	VKO25345	1, 2, 3, 4
4	EMC Chamber 2	Siemens	Z242607	5
5	Antenna	Ailtech	K0108491	5
6	Antenna	Ailtech	87000609	5
7	Preamplifier	miteq	761140006798	5
8	ESMI display section	Rohde & Schwarz	00017615	5
9	Coax Cable	Rosenberger Micro-Coax	---	5
10	Antenna	SCIEN	100	5
11	Mast	Deisel	00017617	5
12	Controller	Deisel	100/503	5
13	Antenna	Chase	00000658	5
14	Antenna	Emco	C01-0391	5
15	Antenna	Emco	E100043	5
16	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	761100030786	5
17	Frequency Standard	RubiSource 2000 (Datum GmbH)	727765001167	5
18	STM1-E1 Converter	ACE 101 (ACE)	27020814	5
19	RNC Iub Simulator	D3 SM v1.2 PCI Card (NetHawk)	329	5
20	Personal Computer	P4C800-E (Arlt)	60105622	5
21	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU 26 (Rohde & Schwarz)	200073	6
22	Laptop	Lifebook E-7010 (FSC)	R2X05096	6
23	Frequency Standard	RubiSource 2000 (Datum GmbH)	224	6
24	Testmobile	TM500-3 (Ubinetics)	116	6
25	Signal Generator	IFR 2026 (IFR)	202601/690	6
26	Laptop	Lifebook E-6585 (FSC)	YBPJ012178	6
27	RNC Iub Simulator	D3 SM v1.2 PCI Card (NetHawk)	329	6
28	Personal Computer	P4C800-E (Arlt)	60105622	6
29	Climatic Chamber	TKE22.000/60N (Brabender)	230	6

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7.2 Spectral Plots

7.2.1 Test No. 1: RF Power Output

The value "CH PWR" is the carrier power measured by the FSIQ. "REF PWR" (and also "Offset") is the external attenuation (cable loss of the test set up). The sum of both values is base station maximum output power given on page 13. The external attenuation is frequency dependant. Thus the various "Offset" values in the screenshots may differ.

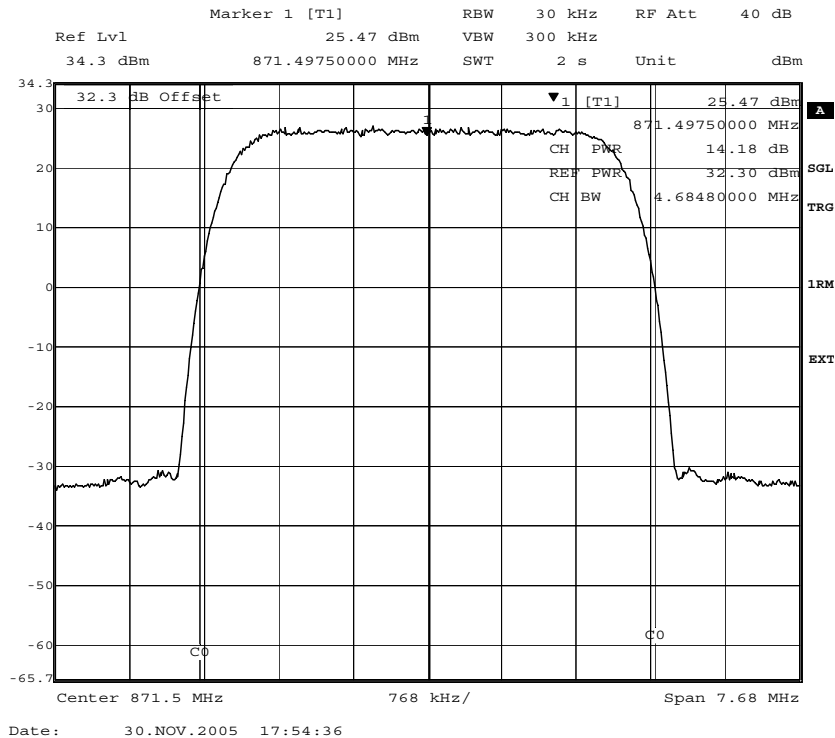
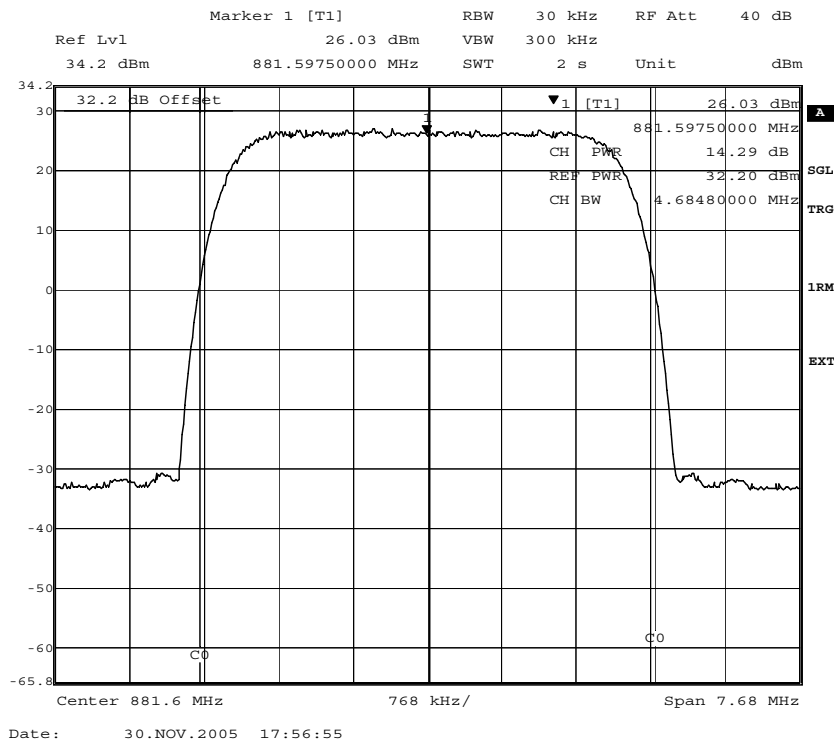
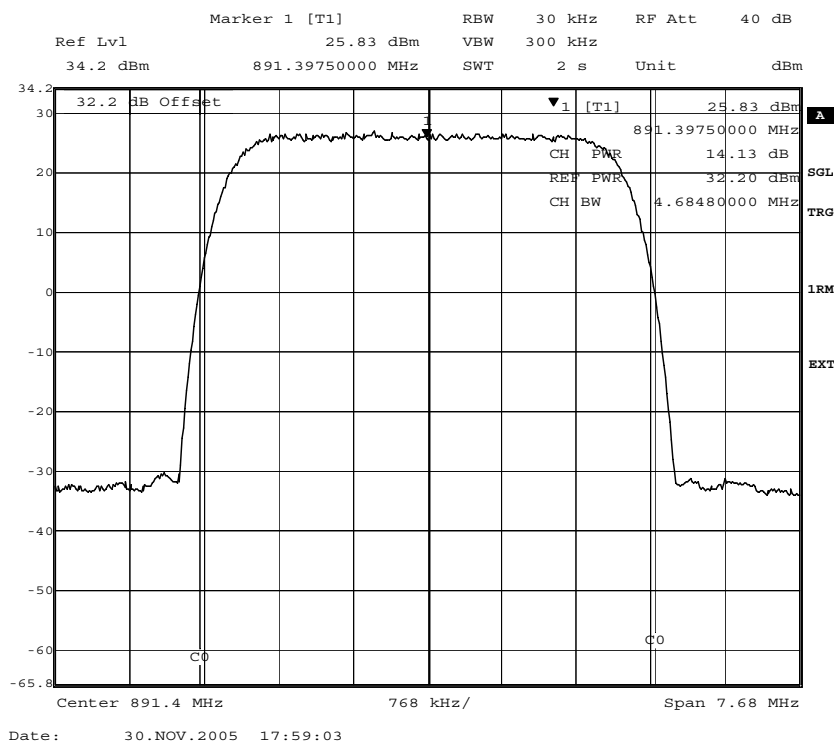


Fig. 4 – Maximum Output Power at the Antenna Connector (871.5 MHz)

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**Fig. 5 – Maximum Output Power at the Antenna Connector (881.6 MHz)****Fig. 6 – Maximum Output Power at the Antenna Connector (891.4 MHz)**

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7.2.2 Test No. 2: Modulation Characteristics

No additional measurements are required for the modulation characteristics. Please refer to test no. 3, occupied bandwidth on pages 26 - 27.

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7.2.3 Test No. 3: Occupied Bandwidth

The value "OPB" is the measured occupied bandwidth.

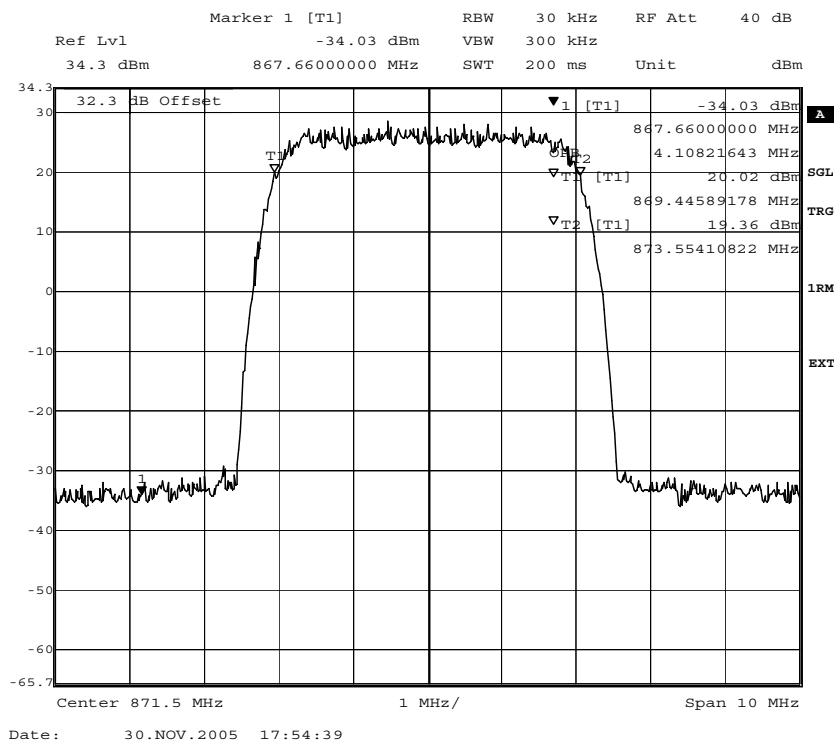


Fig. 7 – Occupied Bandwidth (871.5 MHz)

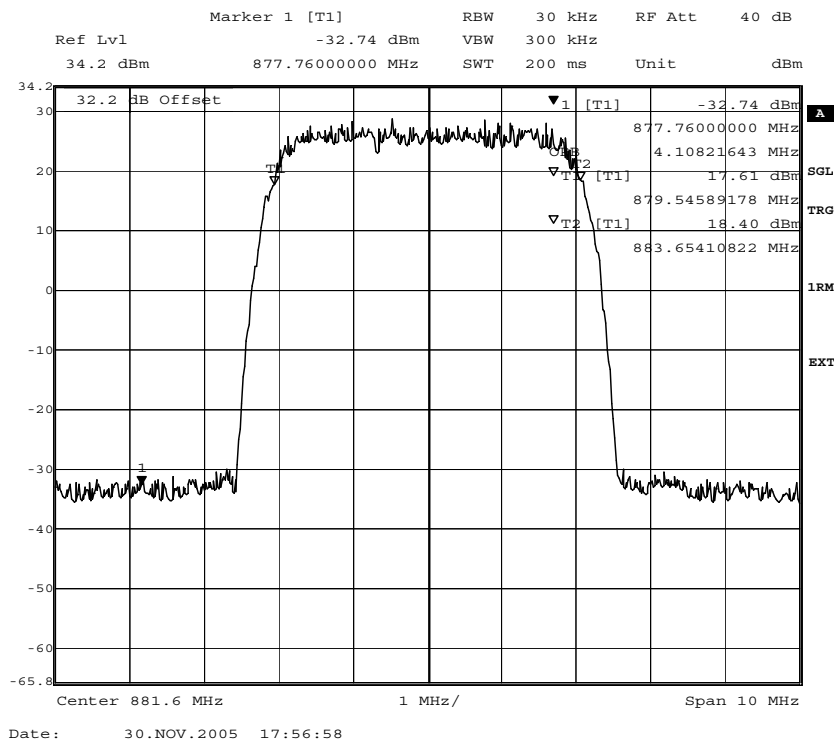


Fig. 8 – Occupied Bandwidth (881.6 MHz)

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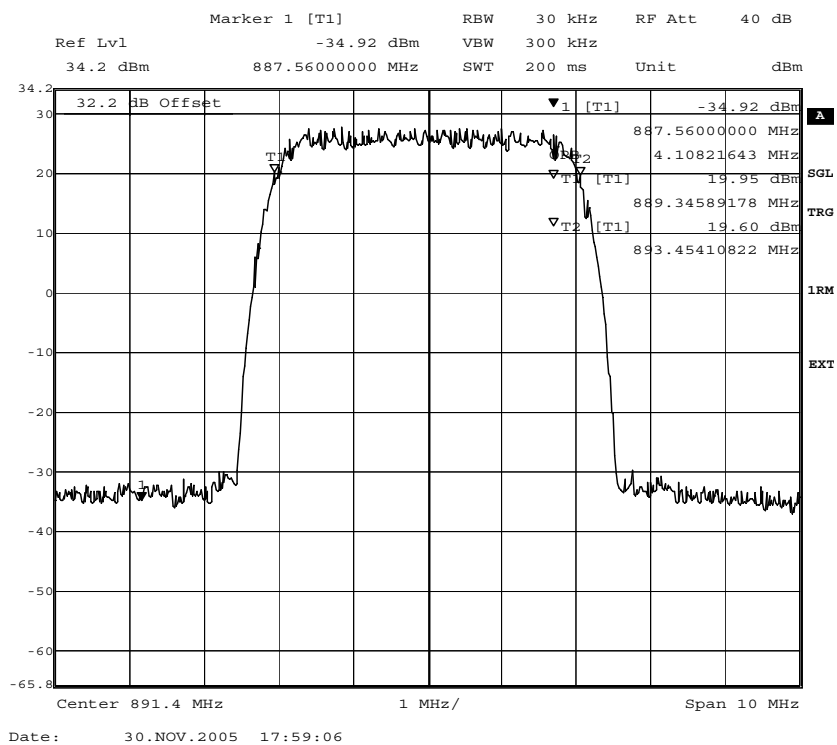
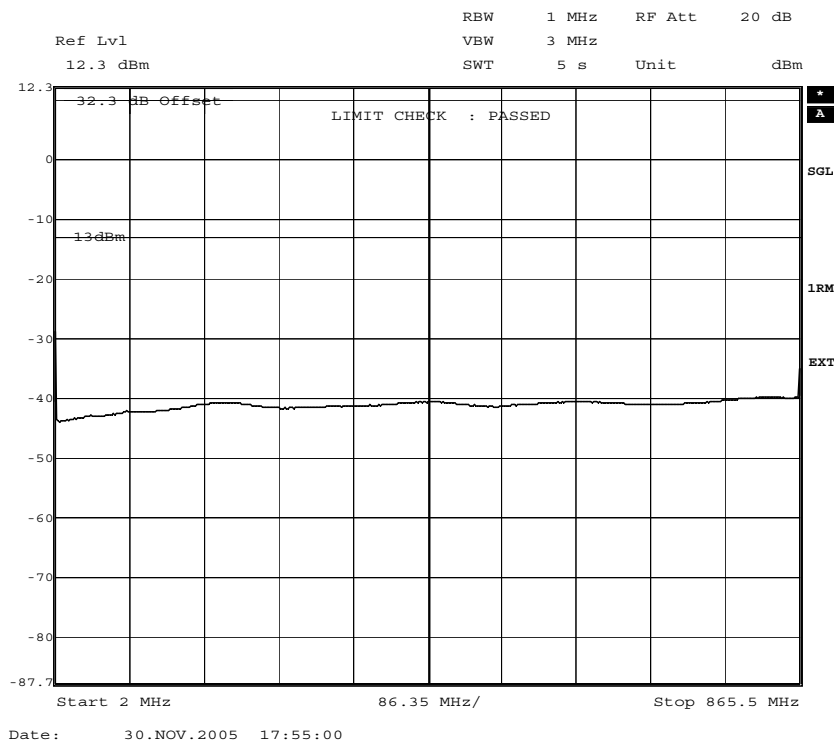


Fig. 9 – Occupied Bandwidth (891.4 MHz)

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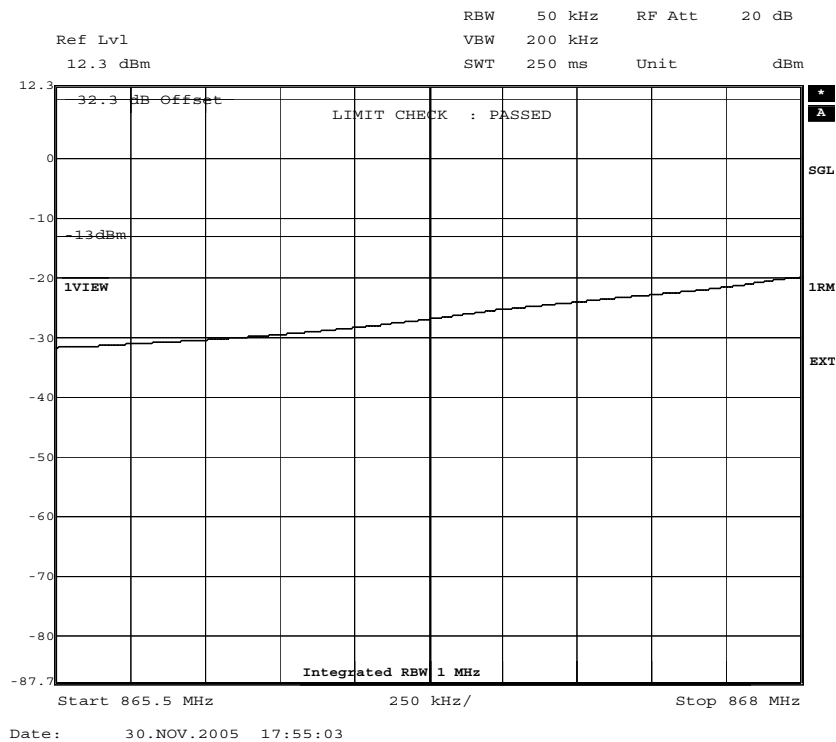
7.2.4 Test No. 4: Spurious Emissions at the Antenna Terminals

The external attenuation (cable loss of the setup) can be seen as the “Offset” value in the screenshots. The external attenuation is frequency dependant. Thus the various “Offset” values in the screenshots may differ.

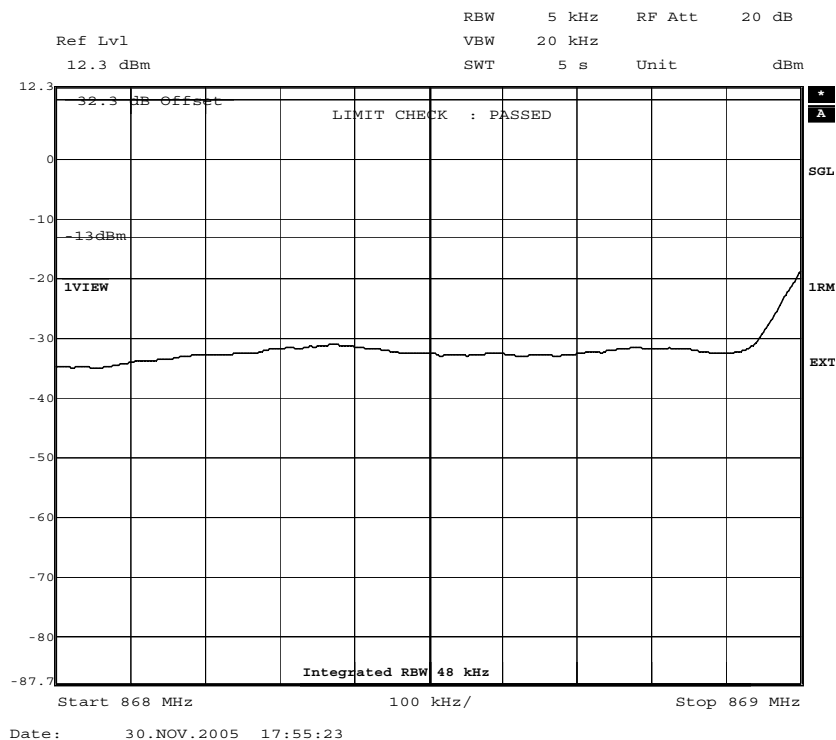


**Fig. 10 – Spurious Emissions 2.0 – 865.5 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz)**

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the written approval of the testing laboratory

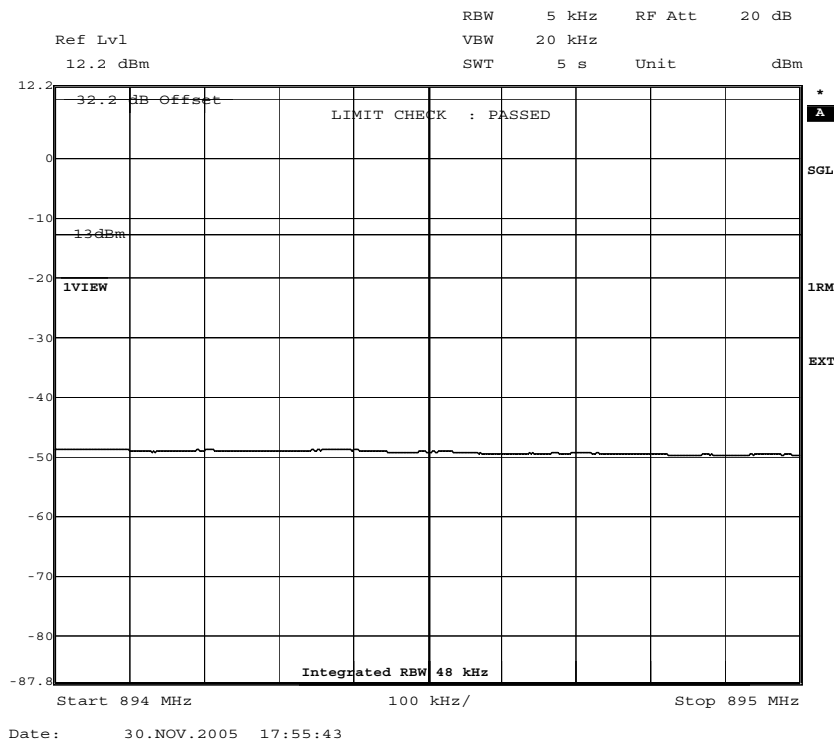


**Fig. 11 – Spurious Emissions 865.5 – 868.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz)**

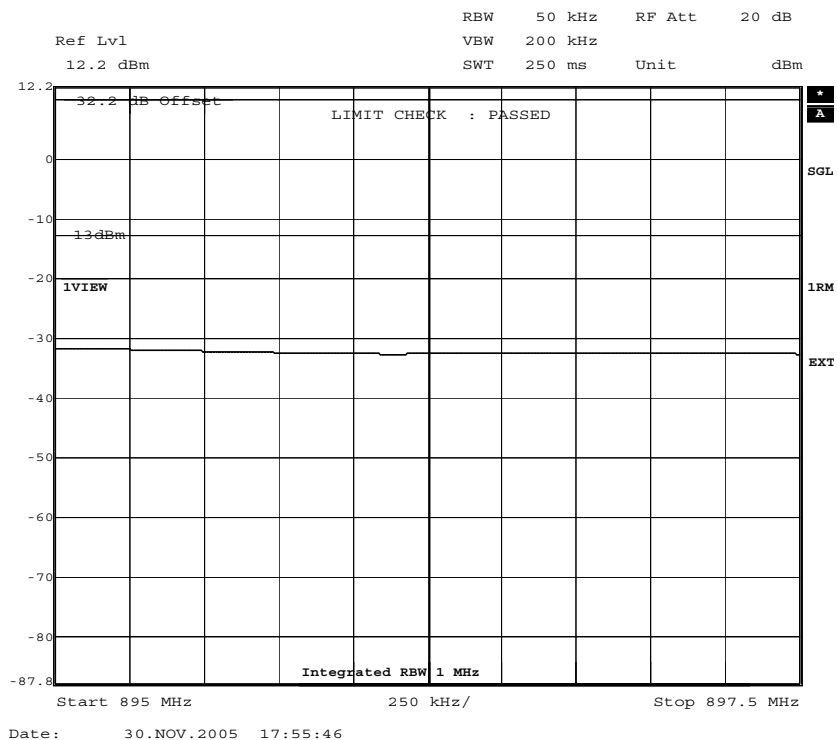


**Fig. 12 – Spurious Emissions 868.0 – 869.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz)**

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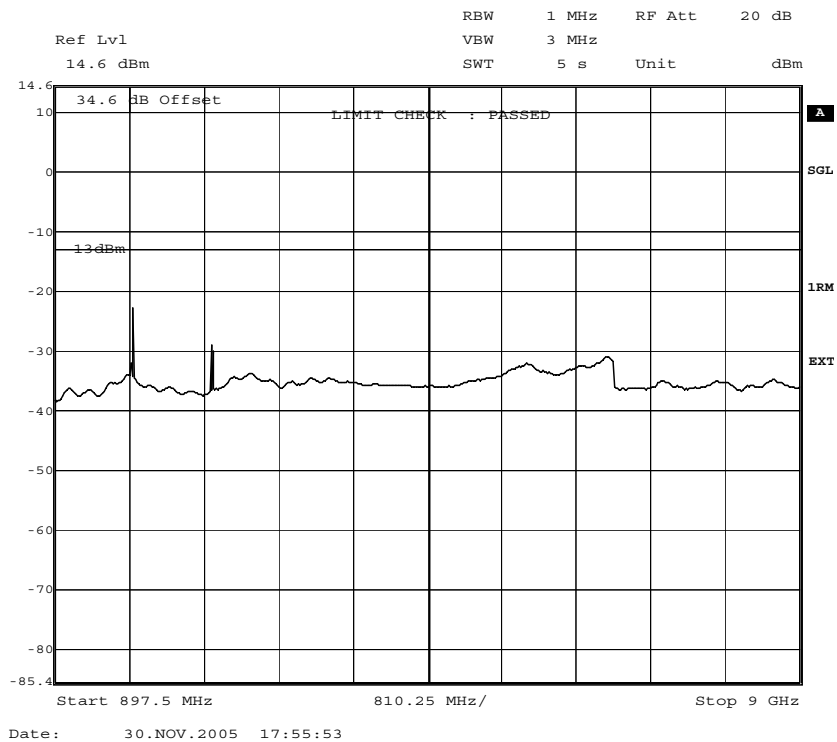


**Fig. 13 – Spurious Emissions 894.0 – 895.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz)**

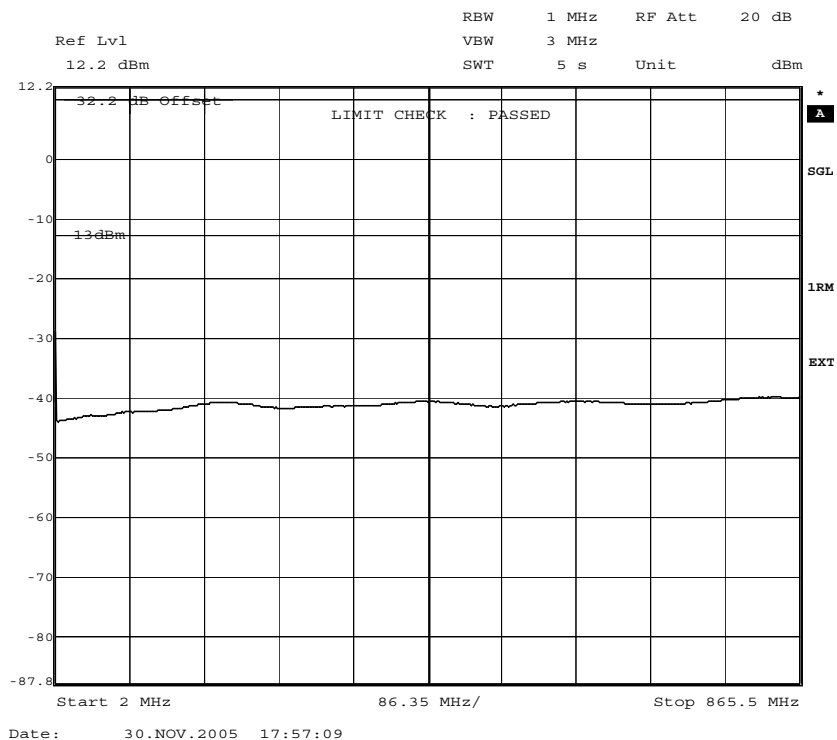


**Fig. 14 – Spurious Emissions 895.0 – 897.5 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz)**

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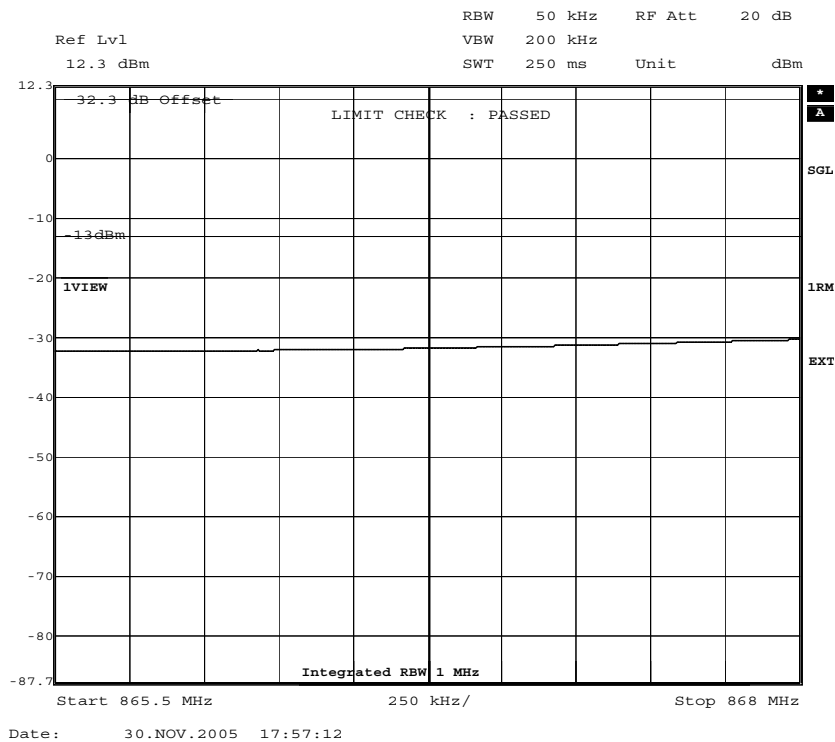


**Fig. 15 – Spurious Emissions 897.5 – 9000.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 871.5 MHz)**

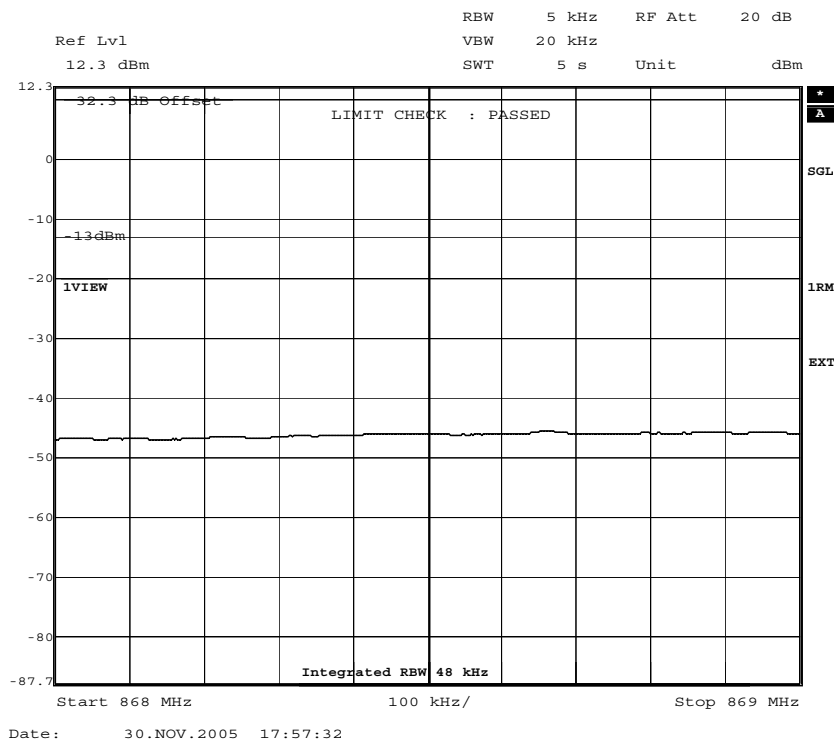


**Fig. 16 – Spurious Emissions 2.0 – 865.5 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz)**

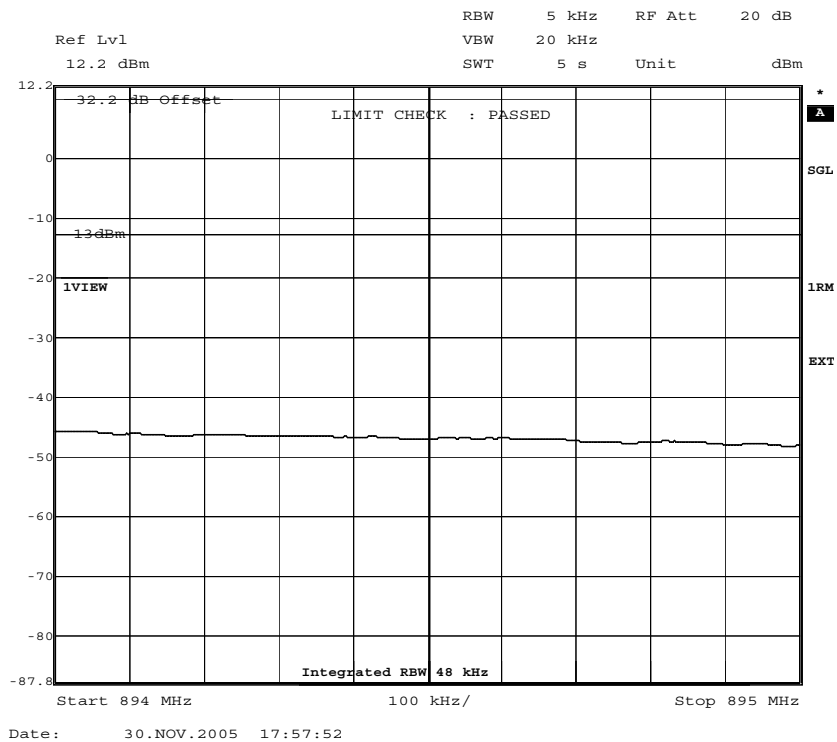
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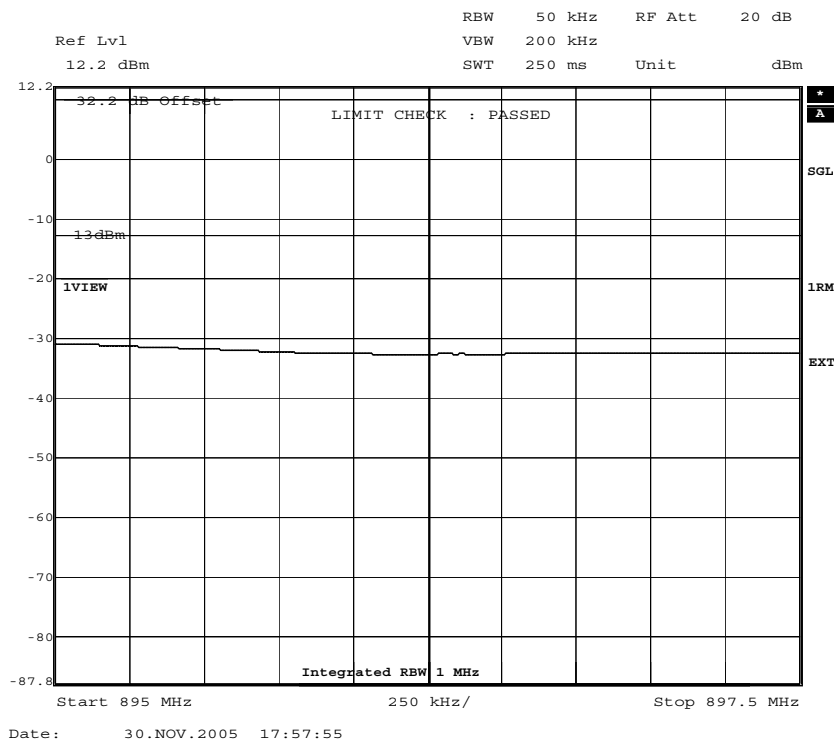
**Fig. 17 – Spurious Emissions 865.5 – 868.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz)**



**Fig. 18 – Spurious Emissions 868.0 – 869.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz)**

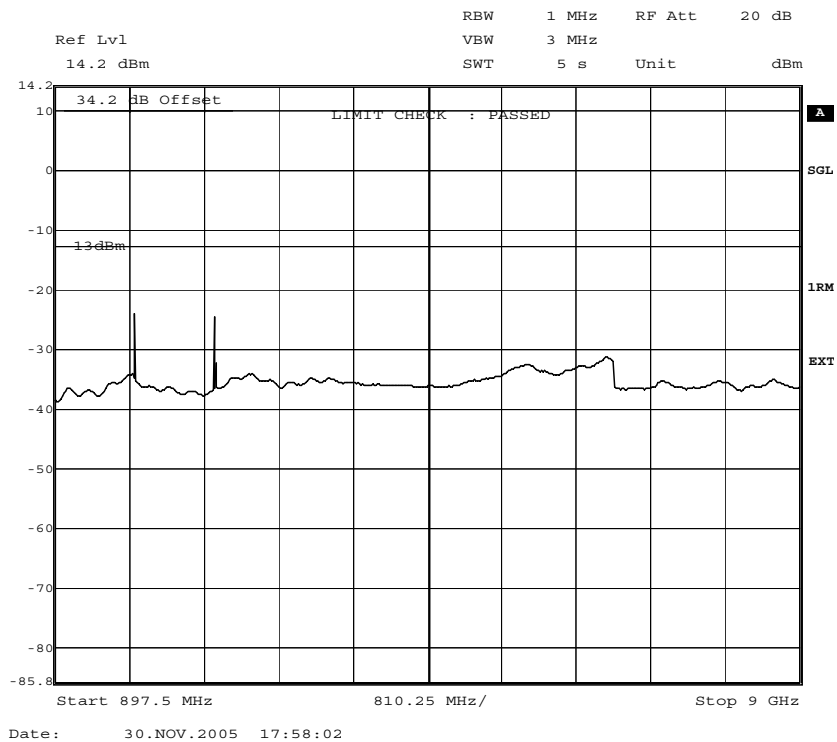


**Fig. 19 – Spurious Emissions 894.0 – 895.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz)**

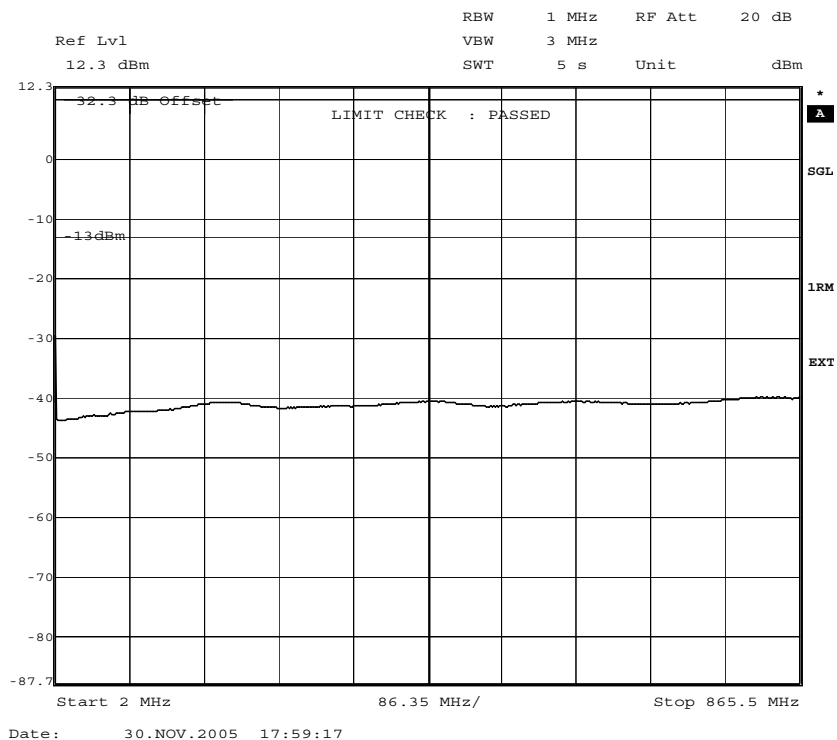


**Fig. 20 – Spurious Emissions 895.0 – 897.5 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz)**

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the written approval of the testing laboratory

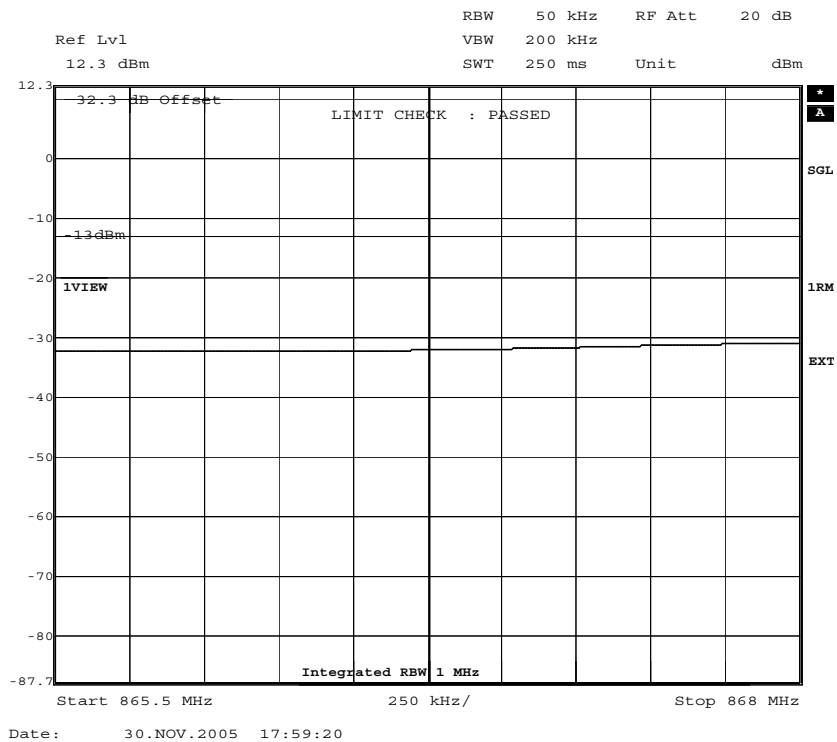


**Fig. 21 – Spurious Emissions 897.5 – 9000.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 881.6 MHz)**

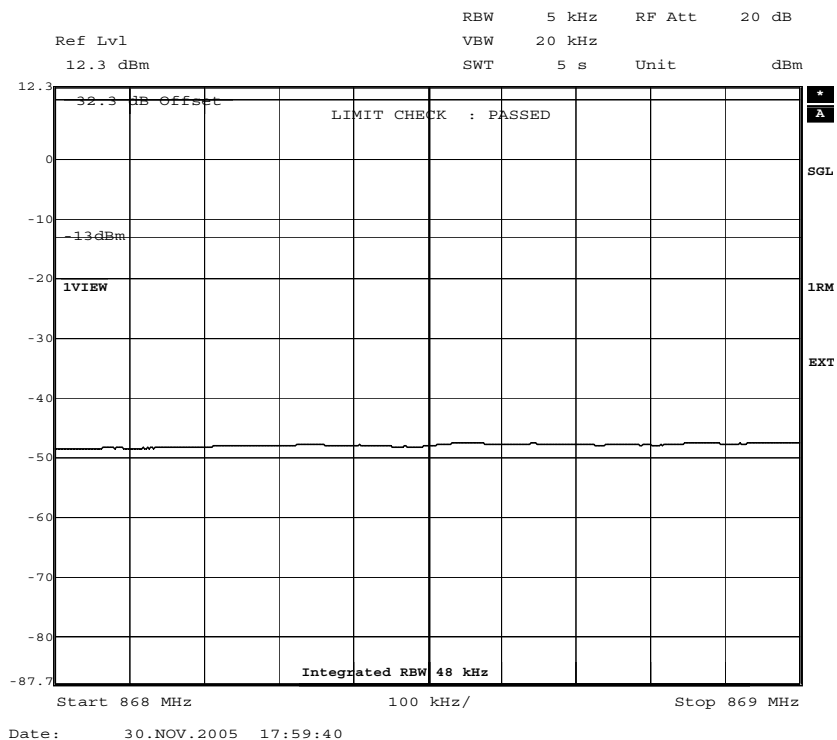


**Fig. 22 – Spurious Emissions 2.0 – 865.5 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz)**

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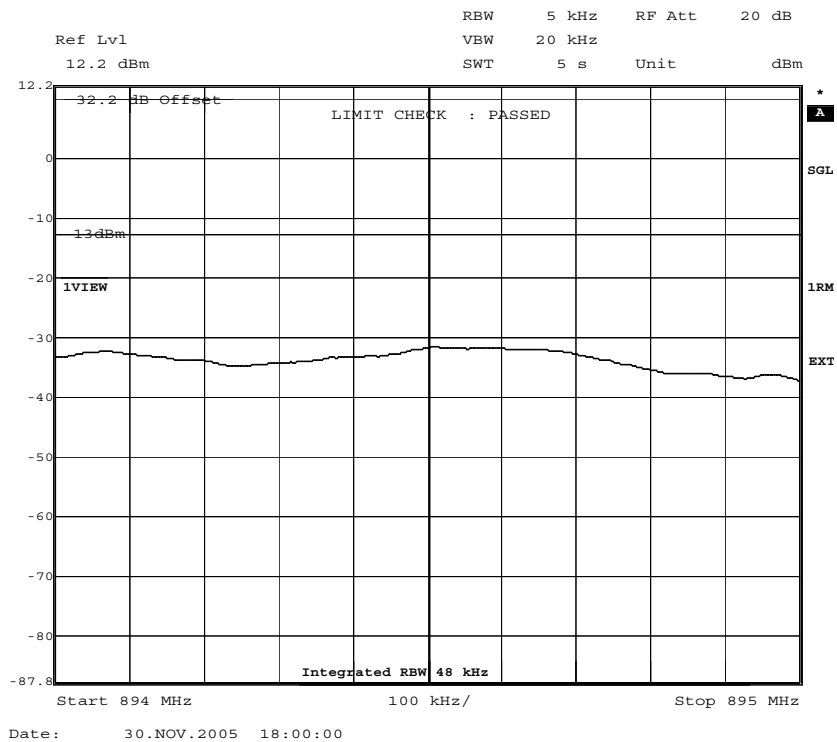


**Fig. 23 – Spurious Emissions 865.5 – 868.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz)**

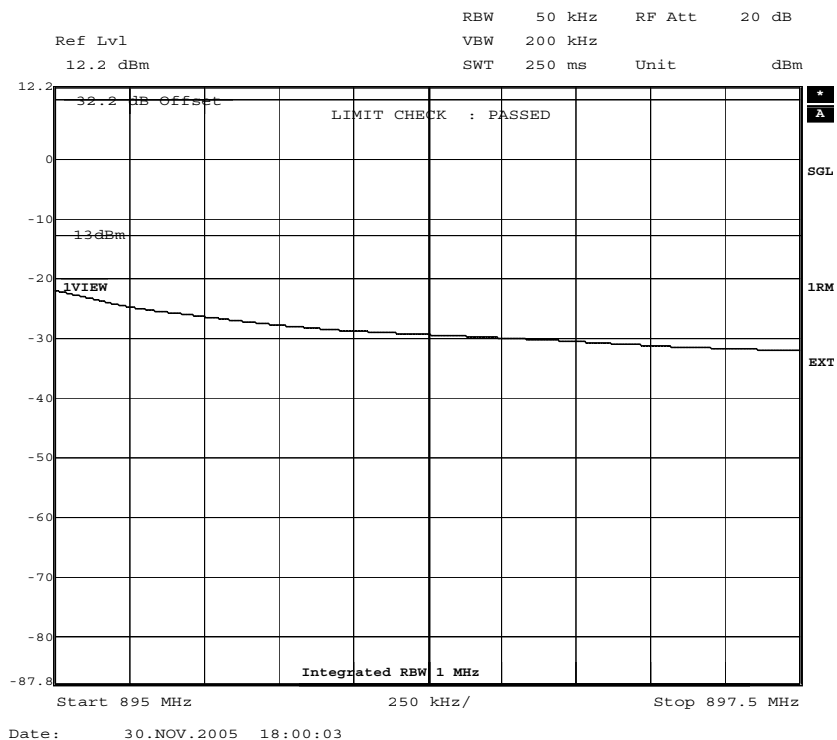


**Fig. 24 – Spurious Emissions 868.0 – 869.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz)**

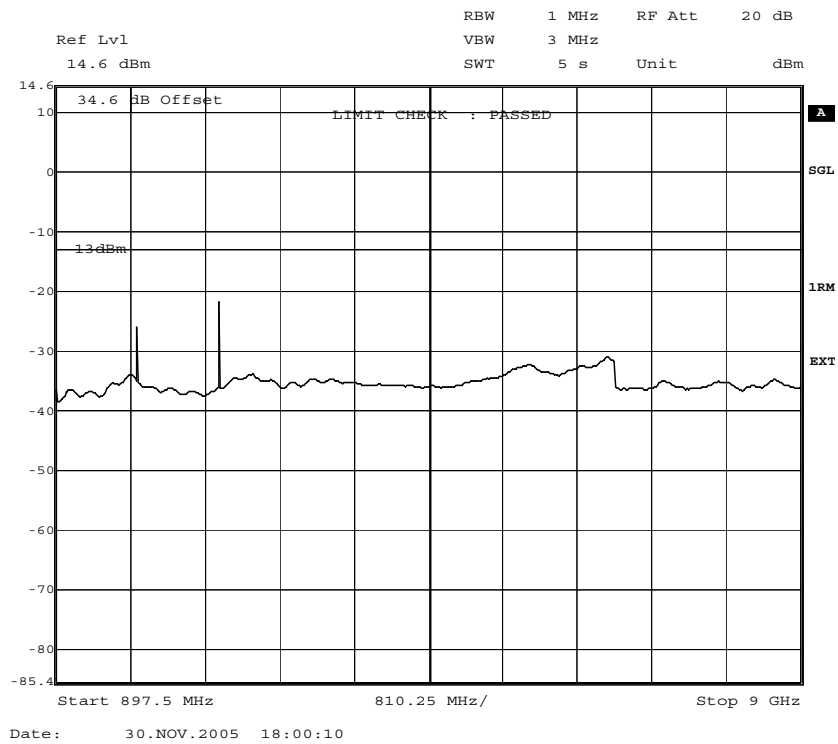
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**Fig. 25 – Spurious Emissions 894.0 – 895.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz)**



**Fig. 26 – Spurious Emissions 895.0 – 897.5 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz)**



**Fig. 27 – Spurious Emissions 897.5 – 9000.0 MHz
(Carrier Frequency 891.4 MHz)**

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7.2.5 Test No. 5: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

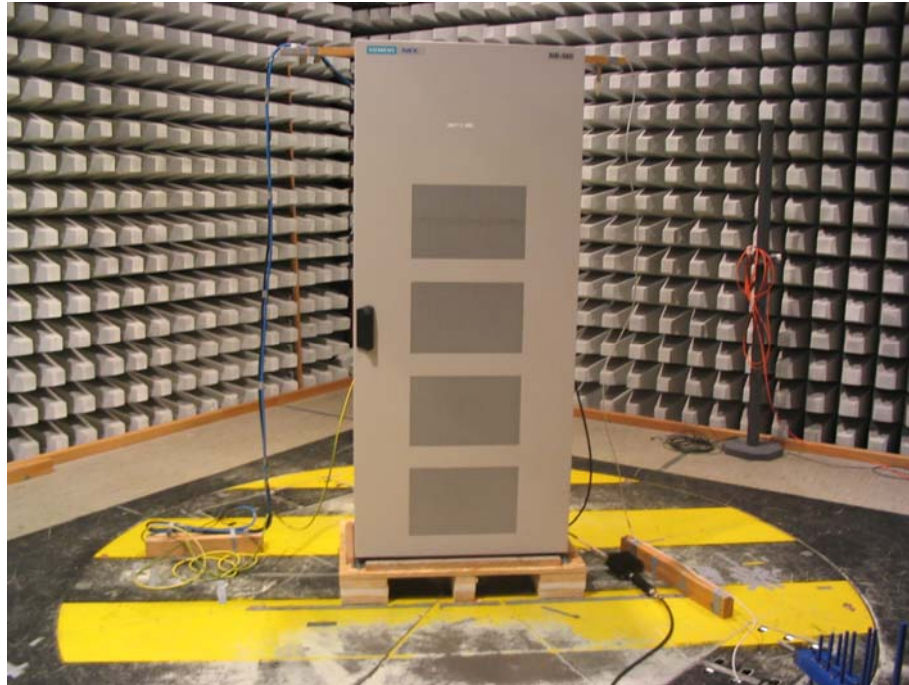


Fig. 28 – Photograph of the anechoic chamber with the EUT



Fig. 29 – Photograph of the anechoic chamber with the test configuration for substitution method

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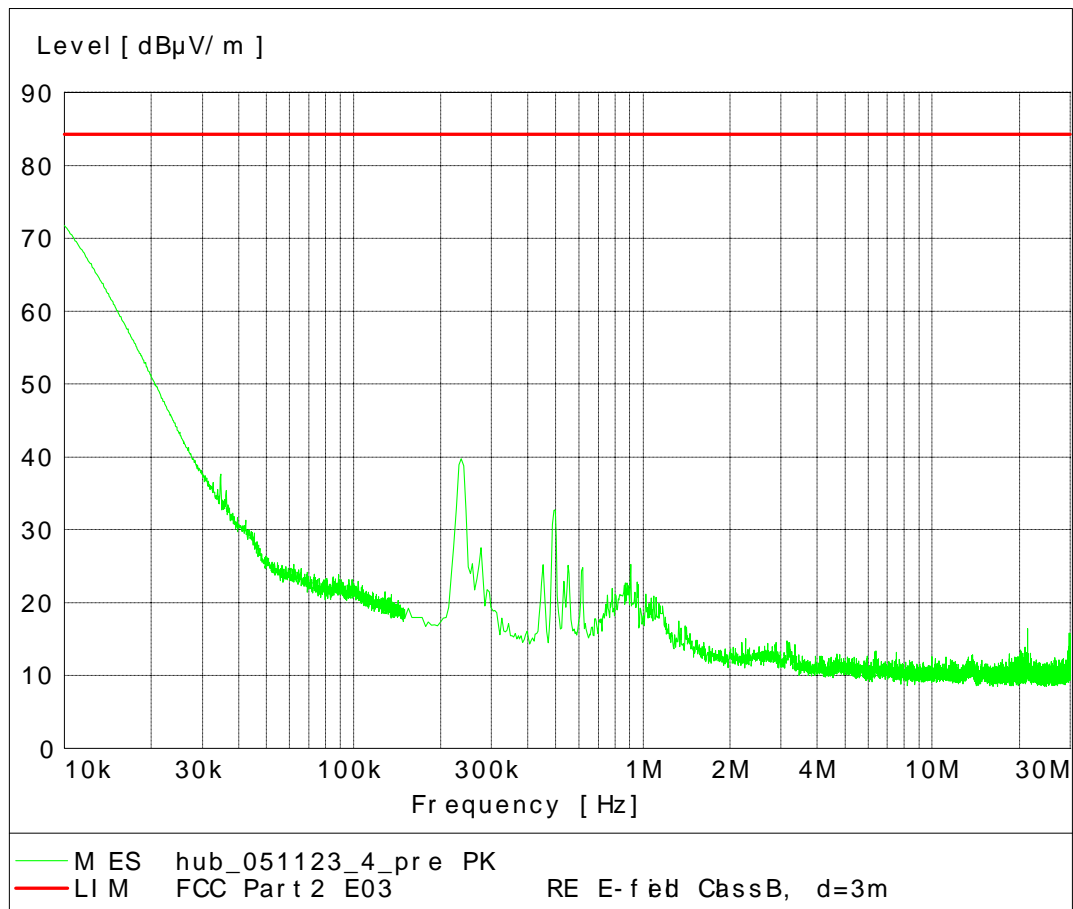
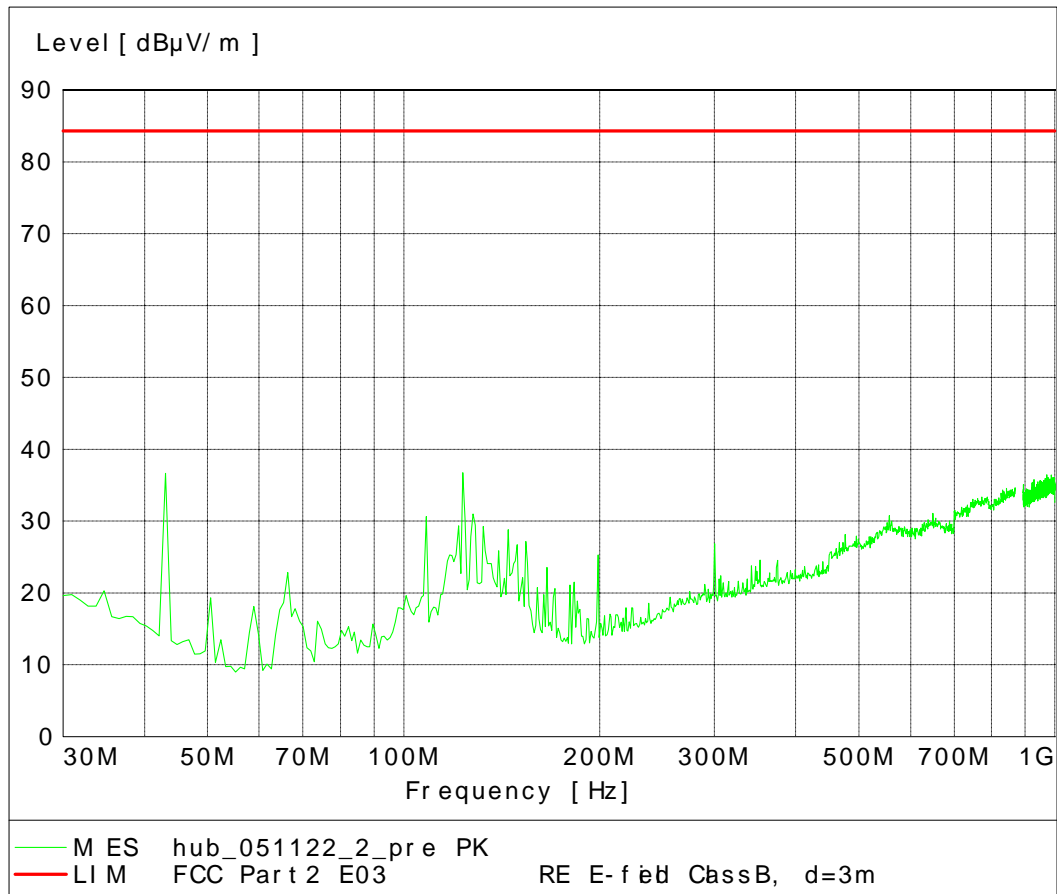
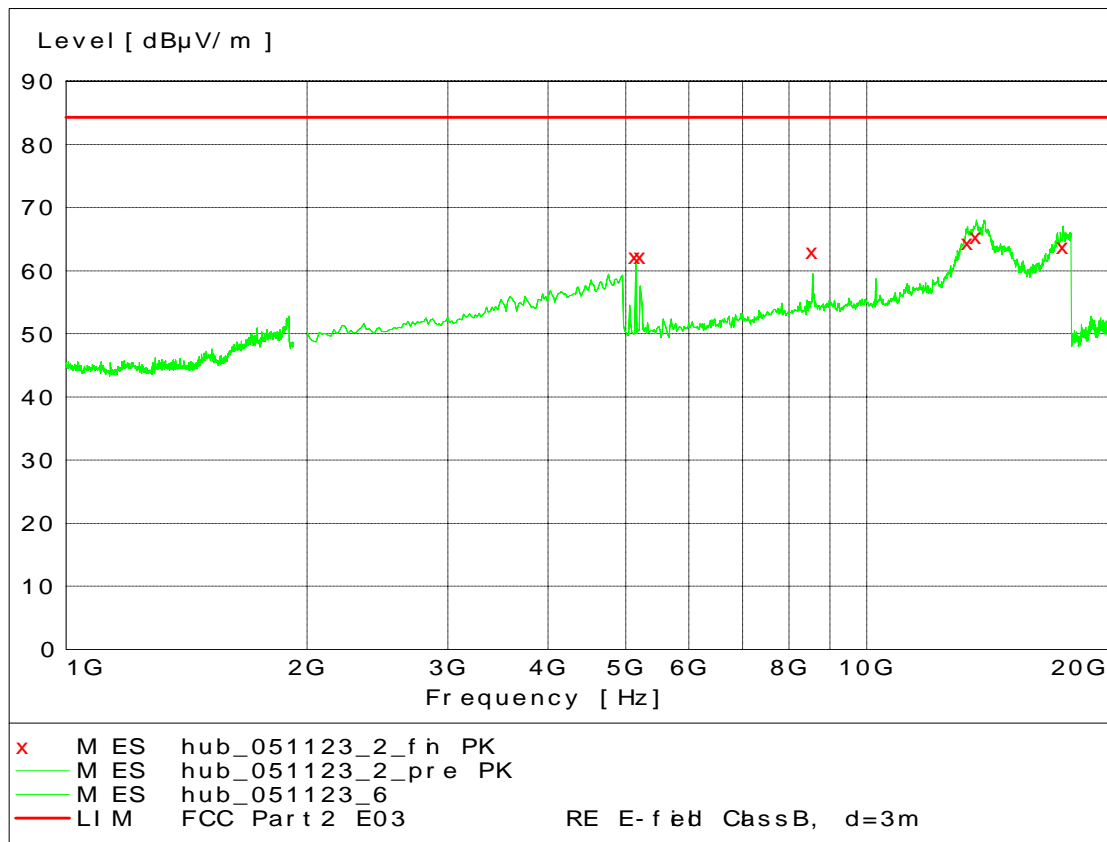


Fig. 30 – Radiated Emission 10 kHz – 30 MHz

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**Fig. 31 – Radiated Emission 30 MHz – 1 GHz**

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**Fig. 32 – Radiated Emission 1 GHz – 20 GHz**

Note: The frequencies shown on the plot were used for the spurious emission measurements using the "dipole substitution method".

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7.2.6 Test No. 6: Frequency Stability

The following tables give the full test data for the frequency stability measurements.

Table 7.1: Results – Frequency Stability (Normal Supply Voltage)

Ambient Temp. [°C]	Frequency Deviation @ 871.5 MHz [ppm]	Frequency Deviation @ 891.4 MHz [ppm]	Limit [ppm]	Result
-5	0.033	0.033	1.5	compliant
0	0.032	0.035	1.5	compliant
+10	0.032	0.042	1.5	compliant
+20	-0.029	0.033	1.5	compliant
+30	0.043	-0.036	1.5	compliant
+40	0.033	-0.035	1.5	compliant
+50	0.033	-0.033	1.5	compliant

Table 7.2: Results – Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation at Room Temperature)

Tested Frequency [MHz]	Frequency Deviation @ -40 V [ppm]	Frequency Deviation @ -57 V [ppm]	Limit [ppm]	Result
871.5	0.033	-0.031	1.5	compliant
891.4	-0.028	0.035	1.5	compliant

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