

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**In accordance with the requirements of
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and
IEEE Std 1528-2013**

Product Name : Mobile Phone

Trademark : ulefone

Model Name : GQ3085

Family Model : Armor X6, Armor X6S, Armor X6E,
Armor X6P, Armor X6A, Armor X6 Pro,
Armor X6 lite, Armor X6 Plus

Report No. : STR190923002001E

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**Applicant's name**.....: Shenzhen Gotron Electronic CO.,LTD.Address.....: 518, 5F, R&D building, Tsinghua Hi-Tech park, Nanshan district,
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Shenzhen 518057 P.R.China**Product description**

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Model Name.....: GQ3085

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Armor X6 Pro, Armor X6 lite, Armor X6 Plus
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)**Standards**.....: ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

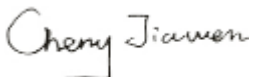

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests.....: Sep. 28, 2019 ~ Oct. 10, 2019

Date of Issue.....: Nov. 26, 2019

Test Result.....: **Pass**Prepared By
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(Cheng Jiawen)Approved By
(Lab Manager): 
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※ ※ Revision History ※ ※

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Nov. 26, 2019	Cheng Jiawen

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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
 HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
 1.6 W/kg
 APPLIED TO THIS EUT

1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for GQ3085 are as follows.

Band	Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)			
	1-g Head	1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 10mm)	1-g Hotspot (Separation distance of 10mm)	Max Simultaneous Tx
GSM 850	1.071	1.272	1.272	1.592
GSM 1900	0.705	0.649	0.967	
WCDMA Band 2	0.859	0.785	1.455	
WCDMA Band 4	0.952	0.655	0.655	
WCDMA Band 5	0.509	0.579	0.579	
WLAN 2.4G	0.521	0.238	0.238	

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information			
Product Name	Mobile Phone		
Trade Name	ulefone		
Model Name	GQ3085		
Family Model	Armor X6, Armor X6S, Armor X6E, Armor X6P, Armor X6A, Armor X6 Pro, Armor X6 lite, Armor X6 Plus		
FCC ID	2AOWKGQ3085		
Device Phase	Identical Prototype		
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment		
Antenna	FPC Antenna		
Battery Information	DC 3.85V, 4000mAh, 15.40Wh		
Device Operating Configurations			
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band 2/4/5, WLAN 2.4G, Bluetooth		
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK), WCDMA(QPSK), WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	B		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894

	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155
	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462	
	Bluetooth	2402-2480	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
Power Class	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)		
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 2)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 4)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)		
Test Channels (low-mid-high)	128-189-251(GSM 850)		
	512-661-810(GSM 1900)		
	9262-9400-9538(WCDMA Band 2)		
	1312-1413-1513(WCDMA Band 4)		
	4132-4182-4233(WCDMA Band 5)		
	1-3-6-9-11(WLAN 2.4G)		

1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"

2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 41/18 EPGO330 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
 - Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm
 - Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm
 - Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ± 1 mm).
 - Probe linearity: ± 0.10 dB
 - Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
 - Hemispherical Isotropy: 0.09 dB
 - Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
 - Lower detection limit: 9mW/kg
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30° .

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

2.4. SAM phantoms

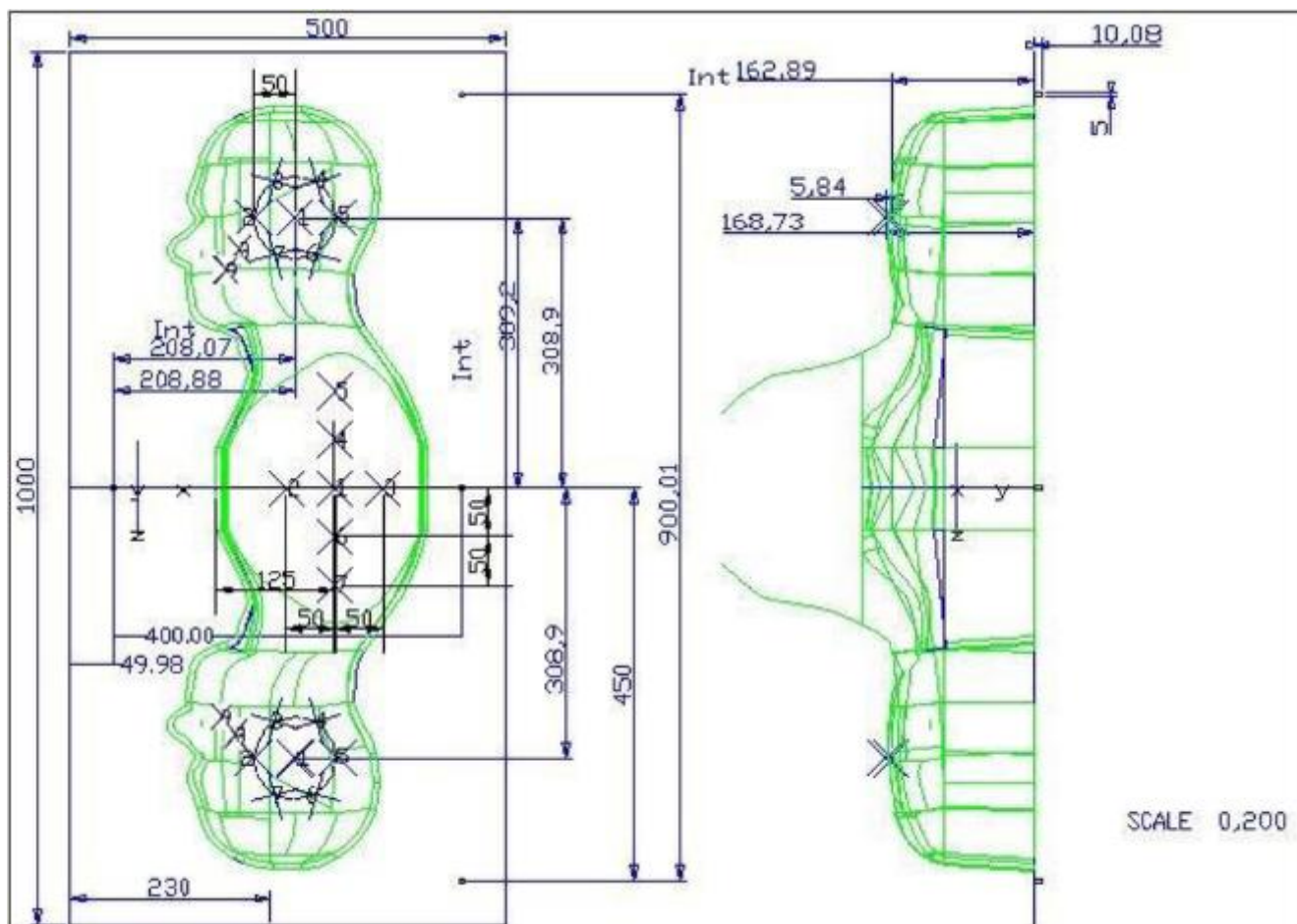
Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02

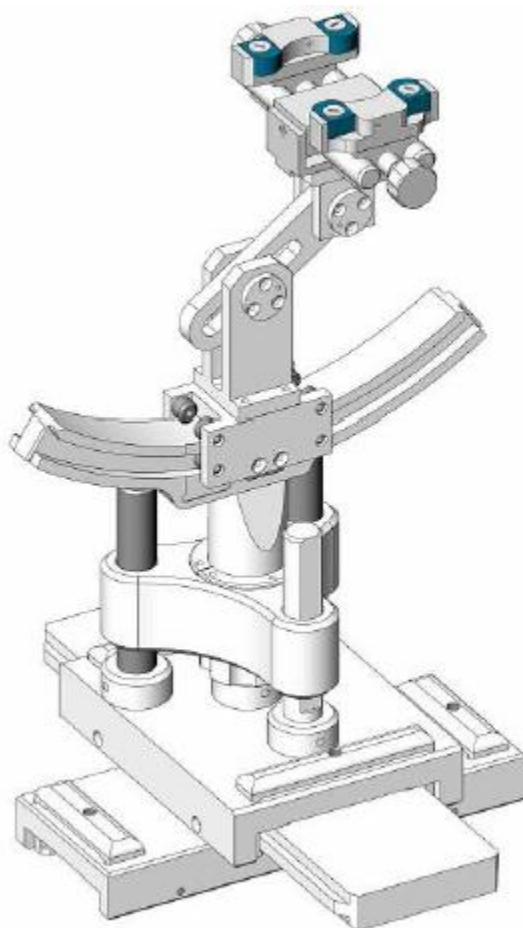


Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
SN 16/15 SAM119	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μm .

2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005

2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked ☒

	Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 41/18 EPG0330	May 21, 2019	May 20, 2020
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP 0G900-348	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Apr. 19, 2018	Apr. 18, 2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020
<input type="checkbox"/>	R&S	Wideband radio communication tester	CMW500	103917	Aug. 28, 2019	Aug. 27, 2020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	PSG Analog Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Aug. 06, 2019	Aug. 05, 2020

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than $\pm 5\%$, the SAR will be retested.



4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)	Body Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.

Photo of Liquid depth for Head Position	Photo of Liquid depth for Body Position
	

4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

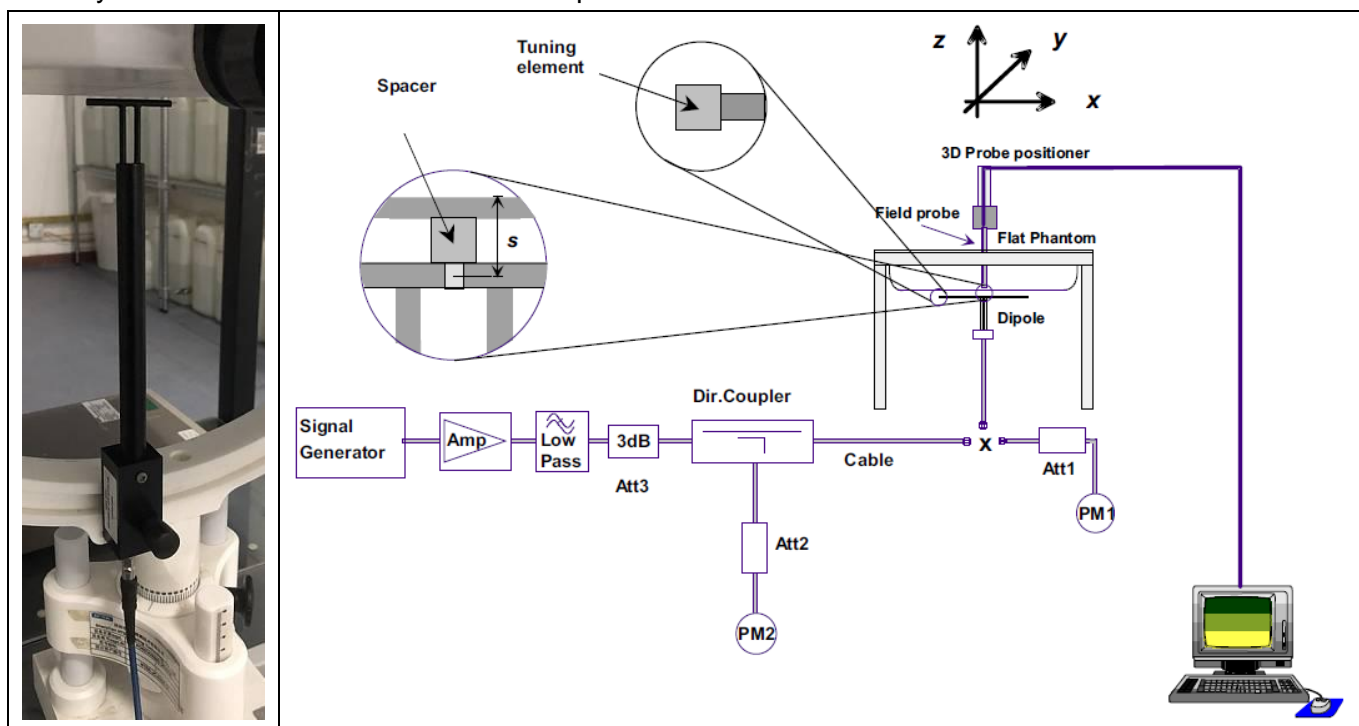
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		ϵ_r ($\pm 5\%$)	σ (S/m) ($\pm 5\%$)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
Head 850	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	40.36	0.93	21.5 °C	Sep. 28, 2019
Body 850	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.36	1.01	21.5 °C	Sep. 28, 2019
Head 1800	1800	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.47	1.41	21.7 °C	Sep. 29, 2019
Body 1800	1800	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.15	1.57	21.5 °C	Sep. 29, 2019
Head 1900	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.89	1.46	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2019
Body 1900	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	52.48	1.58	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2019
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	38.94	1.79	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2019
Body 2450	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.18	2.03	21.3 °C	Oct. 10, 2019

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:



4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System Verification	Target SAR (1W) ($\pm 10\%$)		Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)		
835MHz Head	9.55 (8.60~10.51)	6.10 (5.49~6.71)	9.53	6.07	21.5 °C	Sep. 28, 2019
835MHz Body	9.83 (8.85~10.81)	6.45 (5.81~7.10)	9.82	6.41	21.5 °C	Sep. 28, 2019
1800MHz Head	38.11 (34.30~41.92)	20.05 (18.05~22.06)	38.09	20.01	21.7 °C	Sep. 29, 2019
1800MHz Body	38.13 (34.32~41.94)	20.65 (18.59~22.72)	38.06	20.59	21.5 °C	Sep. 29, 2019
1900MHz Head	38.92 (35.03~42.81)	20.09 (18.08~22.10)	38.86	20.04	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2019
1900MHz Body	39.02 (35.12~42.92)	20.57 (18.51~22.63)	38.99	20.52	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2019
2450MHz Head	53.76 (48.38~59.14)	24.12 (21.71~26.53)	53.74	23.98	21.5 °C	Sep. 30, 2019
2450MHz Body	52.90 (47.61~58.19)	24.09 (21.68~26.50)	52.78	24.05	21.3 °C	Oct. 10, 2019

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Ear and handset reference point

Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M”, the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE”, and the right ERP is marked “RE”.



Fig 6.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM phantom

6.2. Definition of the cheek position

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
3. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
5. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.

6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

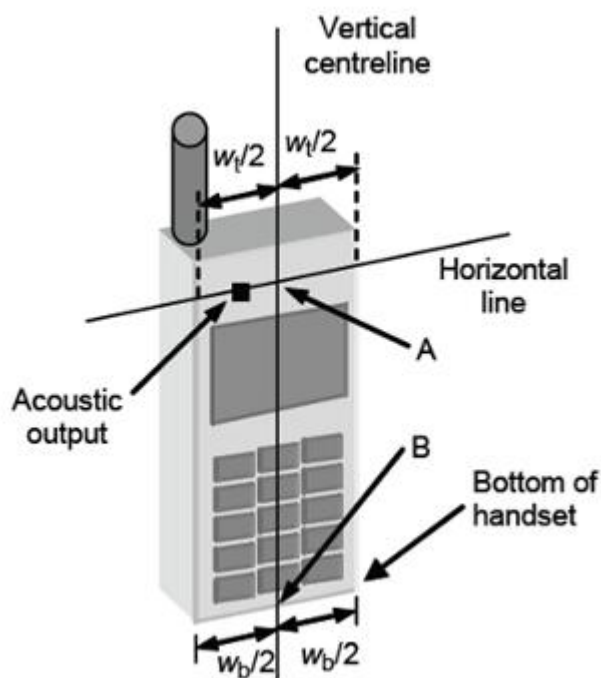


Fig 6.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

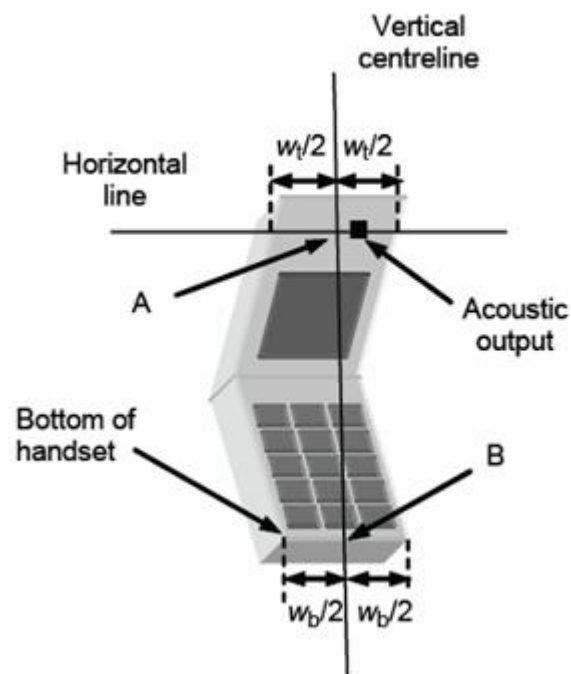


Fig 6.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

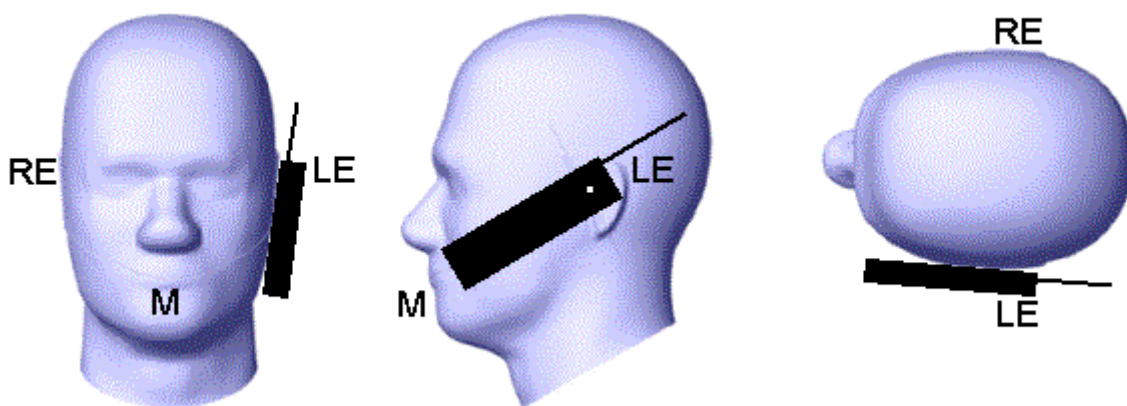


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

6.3. Definition of the tilt position

1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).
3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.

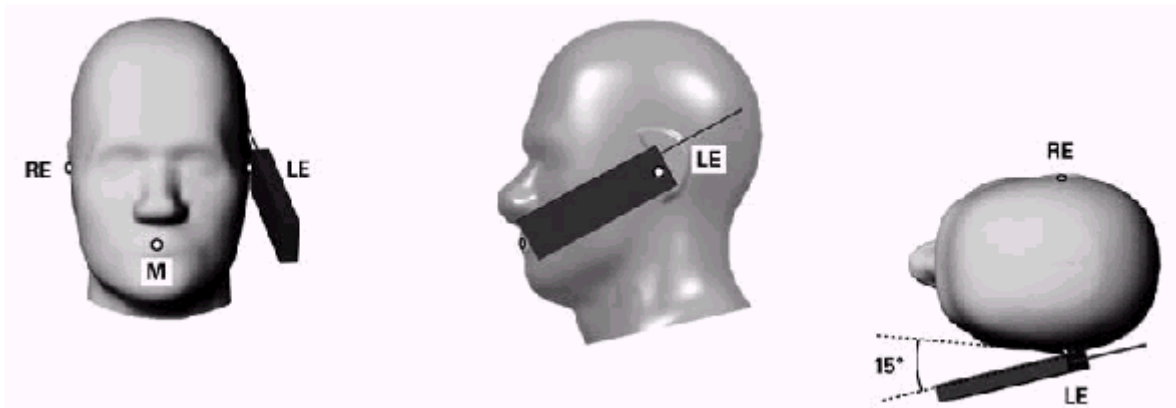


Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

6.4. Body Worn Accessory

1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.
2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest

spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

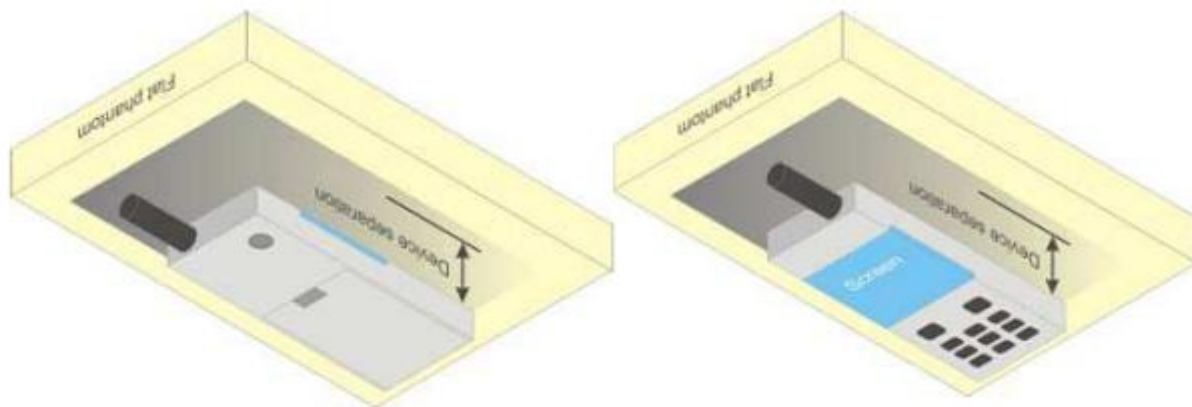


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

6.5. Wireless Router Devices

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WLAN simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WLAN transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WLAN transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK)	32.00	31.82	31.76	31.52	22.97	22.79	22.73	22.49
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	32.00	31.70	31.84	31.56	22.97	22.67	22.81	22.53
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	32.00	31.20	31.12	30.75	25.98	25.18	25.10	24.73
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	30.00	29.35	29.20	28.78	25.74	25.09	24.94	24.52
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	29.00	28.10	28.02	27.49	25.99	25.09	25.01	24.48
Band GSM1900	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK)	30.00	29.49	29.35	29.38	20.97	20.46	20.32	20.35
GPRS(GMSK, 1 TS)	30.00	29.44	29.29	29.31	20.97	20.41	20.26	20.28
GPRS(GMSK, 2 TS)	29.00	29.00	28.74	28.74	22.98	22.98	22.72	22.72
GPRS(GMSK, 3 TS)	28.00	27.56	27.07	27.09	23.74	23.30	22.81	22.83
GPRS(GMSK, 4 TS)	27.00	26.45	25.92	25.91	23.99	23.44	22.91	22.90

Note: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 TS) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 TS) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 TS) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 TS) - 3.01 dB

7.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

Band	WCDMA Band 2			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	21.77	21.92	22.26
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	20.67	20.93	21.32
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.05	20.29	20.96
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.00	18.96	19.39	19.61
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.00	18.70	19.43	19.65
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	19.95	20.57	20.54
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.37	20.45	20.97
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	19.26	19.25	20.08

HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	20.39	20.41	21.05
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	19.27	19.75	20.40
Band	WCDMA Band 4			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	21.82	21.98	22.69
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	20.84	20.91	21.66
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	20.22	20.16	21.13
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.00	19.30	19.30	20.14
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.00	19.45	19.19	20.24
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	20.73	20.53	21.52
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	20.70	20.74	21.51
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	19.59	19.76	20.13
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	20.89	20.98	21.62
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.00	20.17	20.69
Band	WCDMA Band 5			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	22.50	22.36	21.94
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	21.46	21.36	21.12
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.03	20.62	20.17
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.02	19.90	19.63
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.00	19.90	19.94	19.54
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.99	20.92	20.56
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.04	21.08	20.72
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.06	19.95	19.68
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	21.43	21.28	20.73
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.79	20.69	20.01

7.3. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

7.3.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	14.00	13.36
	6	2437	14.00	13.47
	11	2462	14.00	13.66
802.11g	1	2412	12.00	11.48
	6	2437	12.00	11.28
	11	2462	12.00	11.89

802.11n HT20	1	2412	12.00	11.70
	6	2437	12.00	11.24
	11	2462	12.00	11.90
802.11n HT40	3	2422	12.00	10.76
	6	2437	12.00	11.06
	9	2452	12.00	11.19

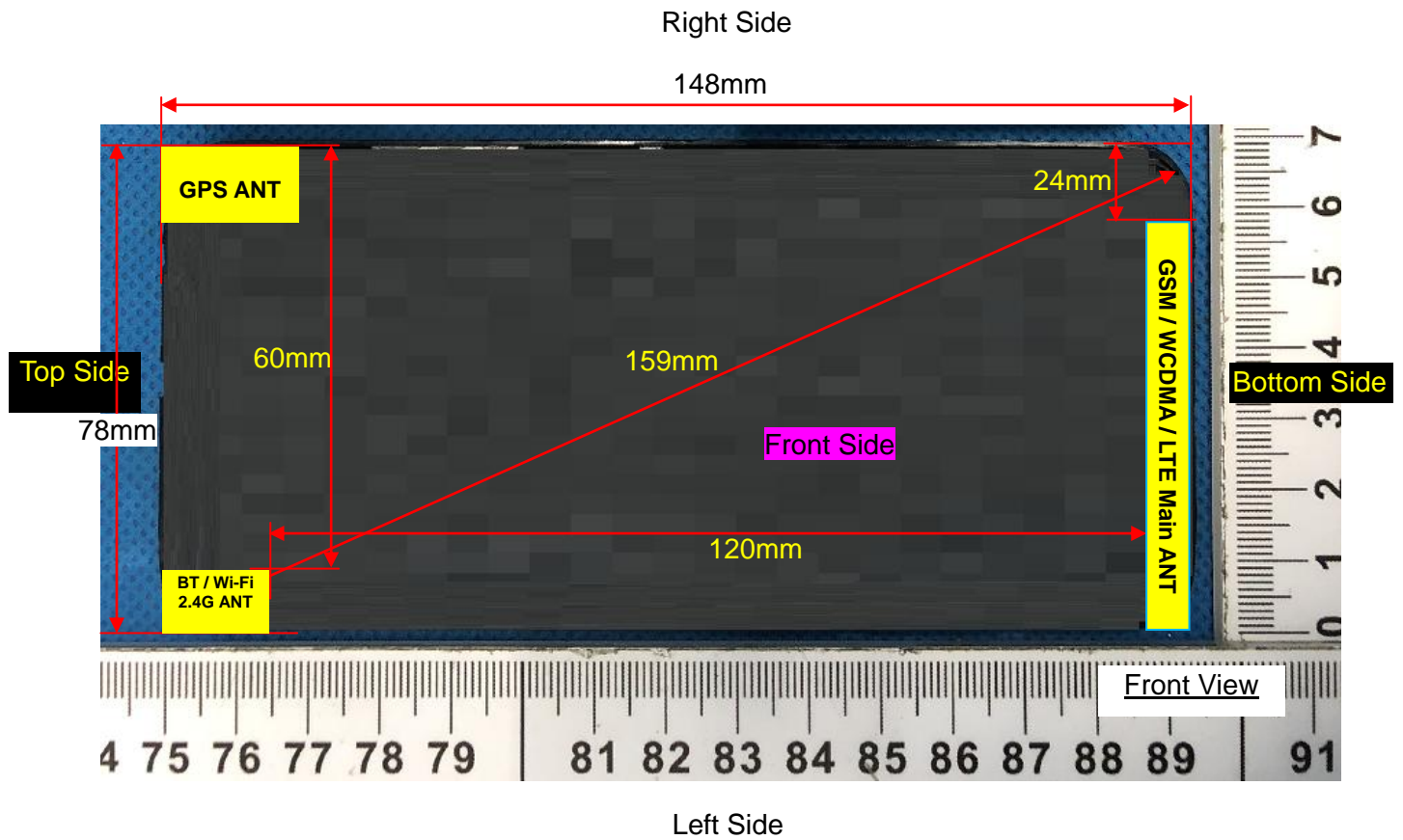
NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

7.3.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

BR+EDR	Output Power (dBm)				
	Channel	Tune-up	Data Rates		
			1M	2M	3M
	0CH	2.000	1.323	1.046	1.187
	39CH	3.000	2.366	2.112	2.218
	78CH	3.000	2.879	2.621	2.731

BLE	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	0CH	2.000	1.213
	19CH	3.000	2.265
	39CH	3.000	2.748

8. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm
Positions for SAR tests						
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO

9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f_{\text{(GHz)}}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P_{max} (dBm)	P_{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
Bluetooth	3.000	1.995	5	2.48	0.6	3.0	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}/x}] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P_{max} (dBm)	P_{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	3.000	1.995	5	2.48	7.5	0.084
Bluetooth	Body	3.000	1.995	10	2.48	7.5	0.042
Bluetooth	Hotspot	3.000	1.995	10	2.48	7.5	0.042

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Left Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.875	0.717	-0.97	31.12	32.00	1.071
Left Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.458	0.340	0.09	31.12	32.00	0.561
Right Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.623	0.459	0.53	31.12	32.00	0.763
Right Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.330	0.221	3.65	31.12	32.00	0.404
Left Cheek	128/824.2	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.812	0.660	-2.33	31.20	32.00	0.976
Left Cheek	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.741	0.513	4.31	30.75	32.00	0.988

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.334	0.235	3.57	31.12	32.00	0.409
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	1.039	0.752	-2.04	31.12	32.00	1.272
Back Side Repeated	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	1.005	0.737	4.27	31.12	32.00	1.231
Back Side	128/824.2	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.764	0.548	-3.03	31.20	32.00	0.919
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.711	0.520	4.72	30.75	32.00	0.948

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.334	0.235	3.57	31.12	32.00	0.409
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	1.039	0.752	-2.04	31.12	32.00	1.272
Back Side Repeated	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	1.005	0.737	4.27	31.12	32.00	1.231
Left Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.423	0.317	0.32	31.12	32.00	0.518
Right Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.339	0.237	-2.70	31.12	32.00	0.415
Bottom Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.530	0.366	4.27	31.12	32.00	0.649

Back Side	128/824.2	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.764	0.548	-3.03	31.20	32.00	0.919
Back Side	251/848.8	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.711	0.520	4.72	30.75	32.00	0.948

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Left Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.550	0.316	-1.85	25.92	27.00	0.705
Left Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.237	0.136	-4.63	25.92	27.00	0.304
Right Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.473	0.273	4.21	25.92	27.00	0.607
Right Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.221	0.129	3.66	25.92	27.00	0.283

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.488	0.273	0.03	25.92	27.00	0.626
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.506	0.288	-2.02	25.92	27.00	0.649

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.488	0.273	0.03	25.92	27.00	0.626
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.506	0.288	-2.02	25.92	27.00	0.649
Left Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.451	0.257	1.32	25.92	27.00	0.578
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.469	0.268	4.51	25.92	27.00	0.601
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.754	0.399	-1.13	25.92	27.00	0.967
Bottom Side Repeated	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.733	0.380	0.01	25.92	27.00	0.940
Bottom Side	512/1850.2	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.543	0.277	-3.21	26.45	27.00	0.616
Bottom Side	810/1909.8	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.512	0.283	0.04	25.91	27.00	0.658

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Left Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.670	0.392	-0.80	21.92	23.00	0.859
Left Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.338	0.197	-1.89	21.92	23.00	0.433
Right Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.569	0.330	-2.98	21.92	23.00	0.730
Right Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.277	0.161	-0.04	21.92	23.00	0.355
Left Cheek	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.478	0.230	-2.50	21.77	23.00	0.634
Left Cheek	9538/1907.6	RMC12.2K	0.510	2.411	-3.71	22.26	23.00	0.605

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.551	0.354	-2.41	21.92	23.00	0.707
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.601	0.385	-1.73	21.92	23.00	0.771

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.551	0.354	-2.41	21.92	23.00	0.707
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.601	0.385	-1.73	21.92	23.00	0.771
Left Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.612	0.337	-1.08	21.92	23.00	0.785
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.598	0.326	4.68	21.92	23.00	0.767
Bottom Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	1.005	0.538	-0.76	21.92	23.00	1.289
Bottom Side	9262/1852.4	RMC12.2K	0.789	0.431	-0.09	21.77	23.00	1.047
Bottom Side	9538/1907.6	RMC12.2K	1.227	0.648	-0.46	22.26	23.00	1.455
Bottomside Repeated	9538/1907.6	RMC12.2K	1.217	0.641	-0.33	22.26	23.00	1.443

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 4

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Left Cheek	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.753	0.476	2.60	21.98	23.00	0.952
Left Tilt 15	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.326	0.205	0.40	21.98	23.00	0.412

Degree								
Right Cheek	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.611	0.341	-2.07	21.98	23.00	0.773
Right Tilt 15 Degree	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.248	0.115	3.84	21.98	23.00	0.314
Left Cheek	1312/1712.4	RMC12.2K	0.533	0.201	-3.01	21.82	23.00	0.699
Left Cheek	1513/1752.6	RMC12.2K	0.513	0.222	2.81	22.69	23.00	0.551

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.440	0.279	-4.51	21.98	23.00	0.556
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.518	0.321	-0.63	21.98	23.00	0.655

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.440	0.279	-4.51	21.98	23.00	0.556
Back Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.518	0.321	-0.63	21.98	23.00	0.655
Left Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.457	0.281	4.18	21.98	23.00	0.578
Right Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.392	0.244	3.43	21.98	23.00	0.496
Bottom Side	1413/1732.6	RMC12.2K	0.491	0.304	0.05	21.98	23.00	0.621

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Left Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.439	0.340	0.92	22.36	23.00	0.509
Left Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.205	0.116	-0.15	22.36	23.00	0.238
Right Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.384	0.216	0.33	22.36	23.00	0.445
Right Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.159	0.100	-0.17	22.36	23.00	0.184

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				

Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.374	0.287	-0.27	22.36	23.00	0.433
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.500	0.376	-0.92	22.36	23.00	0.579

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.374	0.287	-0.27	22.36	23.00	0.433
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.500	0.376	-0.92	22.36	23.00	0.579
Left Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.087	0.069	2.31	22.36	23.00	0.101
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.075	0.051	1.07	22.36	23.00	0.087
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.121	0.095	4.33	22.36	23.00	0.140

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

10.1.6. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Left Cheek	6/2437	802.11 b	0.461	0.253	-0.78	13.47	14.00	0.521
Left Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11 b	0.244	0.135	0.40	13.47	14.00	0.276
Right Cheek	6/2437	802.11 b	0.330	0.183	3.46	13.47	14.00	0.373
Right Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11 b	0.156	0.087	-0.40	13.47	14.00	0.176

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.155	0.075	2.33	13.47	14.00	0.175
Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.211	0.124	0.14	13.47	14.00	0.238

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)
			1g	10g				
Front Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.155	0.075	2.33	13.47	14.00	0.175

Back Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.211	0.124	0.14	13.47	14.00	0.238
Left Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.132	0.071	-3.57	13.47	14.00	0.149
Top Side	6/2437	802.11 b	0.110	0.069	-1.39	13.47	14.00	0.124

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.2. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$.
- 2) $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 850	WLAN 2.4G			
Head	Left Cheek	1.071	0.521	1.592	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.561	0.276	0.837	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.763	0.373	1.136	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.404	0.176	0.580	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.409	0.175	0.584	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.272	0.238	1.511	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.409	0.175	0.584	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.272	0.238	1.511	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.518	0.149	0.667	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.415	N/A	0.415	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.124	0.124	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.649	N/A	0.649	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 1900	WLAN 2.4G			
Head	Left Cheek	0.705	0.521	1.226	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.304	0.276	0.580	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.607	0.373	0.979	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.283	0.176	0.460	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.626	0.175	0.801	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.238	0.887	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.626	0.175	0.801	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.238	0.887	N/A	N/A

	Left Side	0.578	0.149	0.727	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.601	N/A	0.601	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.124	0.124	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.967	N/A	0.967	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band 2	WLAN 2.4G			
Head	Left Cheek	0.859	0.521	1.380	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.433	0.276	0.709	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.730	0.373	1.102	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.355	0.176	0.531	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.707	0.175	0.882	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.771	0.238	1.009	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.707	0.175	0.882	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.771	0.238	1.009	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.785	0.149	0.934	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.767	N/A	0.767	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.124	0.124	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	1.455	N/A	1.455	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 2 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band 4	WLAN 2.4G			
Head	Left Cheek	0.952	0.521	1.473	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.412	0.276	0.688	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.773	0.373	1.146	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.314	0.176	0.490	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.556	0.175	0.732	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.655	0.238	0.894	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.556	0.175	0.732	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.655	0.238	0.894	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.578	0.149	0.727	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.496	N/A	0.496	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.124	0.124	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.621	N/A	0.621	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 4 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band 5	WLAN 2.4G			
Head	Left Cheek	0.509	0.521	1.030	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.238	0.276	0.513	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.445	0.373	0.818	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.184	0.176	0.360	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.433	0.175	0.609	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.579	0.238	0.818	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.433	0.175	0.609	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.579	0.238	0.818	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.101	0.149	0.250	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.087	N/A	0.087	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.124	0.124	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.140	N/A	0.140	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 5 and WLAN 2.4G.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 850	Bluetooth			
Head	Left Cheek	1.071	0.084	1.155	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.561	0.084	0.645	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.763	0.084	0.847	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.404	0.084	0.488	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.409	0.042	0.451	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.272	0.042	1.314	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.409	0.042	0.451	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	1.272	0.042	1.314	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.518	0.042	0.560	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.415	N/A	0.415	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.649	N/A	0.649	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and Bluetooth.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		GSM 1900	Bluetooth			
Head	Left Cheek	0.705	0.084	0.789	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.304	0.084	0.388	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.607	0.084	0.690	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.283	0.084	0.367	N/A	N/A

Body-Worn	Front Side	0.626	0.042	0.668	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.042	0.691	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.626	0.042	0.668	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.649	0.042	0.691	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.578	0.042	0.620	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.601	N/A	0.601	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.967	N/A	0.967	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and Bluetooth.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band 2	Bluetooth			
Head	Left Cheek	0.859	0.084	0.943	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.433	0.084	0.517	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.730	0.084	0.813	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.355	0.084	0.439	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.707	0.042	0.748	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.771	0.042	0.813	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.707	0.042	0.748	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.771	0.042	0.813	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.785	0.042	0.827	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.767	N/A	0.767	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	1.455	N/A	1.455	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 2 and Bluetooth.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band 4	Bluetooth			
Head	Left Cheek	0.952	0.084	1.036	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.412	0.084	0.496	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.773	0.084	0.857	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.314	0.084	0.397	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.556	0.042	0.598	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.655	0.042	0.697	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.556	0.042	0.598	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.655	0.042	0.697	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.578	0.042	0.620	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.496	N/A	0.496	N/A	N/A

	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.621	N/A	0.621	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 4 and Bluetooth.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WCDMA Band 5	Bluetooth			
Head	Left Cheek	0.509	0.084	0.592	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.238	0.084	0.321	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.445	0.084	0.529	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.184	0.084	0.268	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.433	0.042	0.475	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.579	0.042	0.621	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.433	0.042	0.475	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.579	0.042	0.621	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	0.101	0.042	0.143	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.087	N/A	0.087	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.042	0.042	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.140	N/A	0.140	N/A	N/A

NOTE: 1-g SAR Simultaneous Tx Combination of WCDMA Band 5 and Bluetooth.

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 1

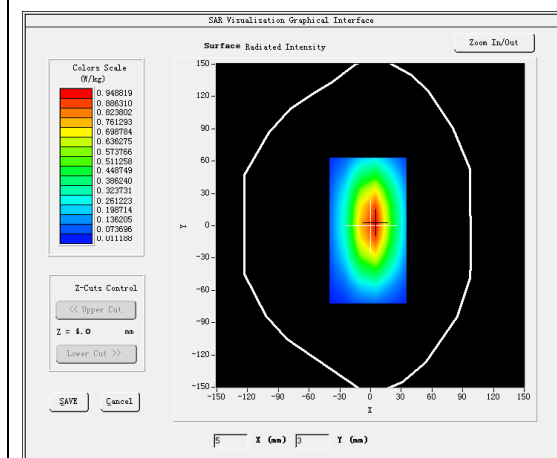
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW835</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

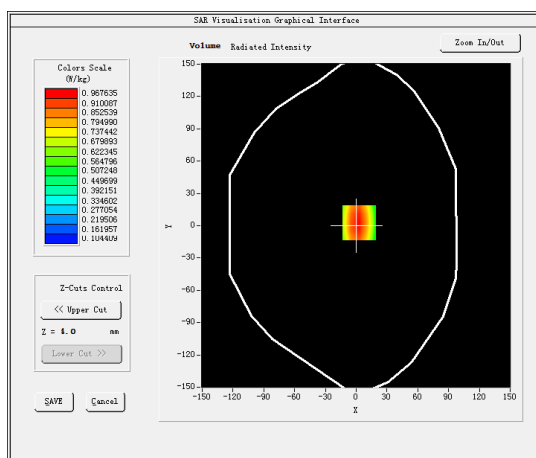
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.361241
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.050512
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931642
Variation (%)	1.120000

SURFACE SAR



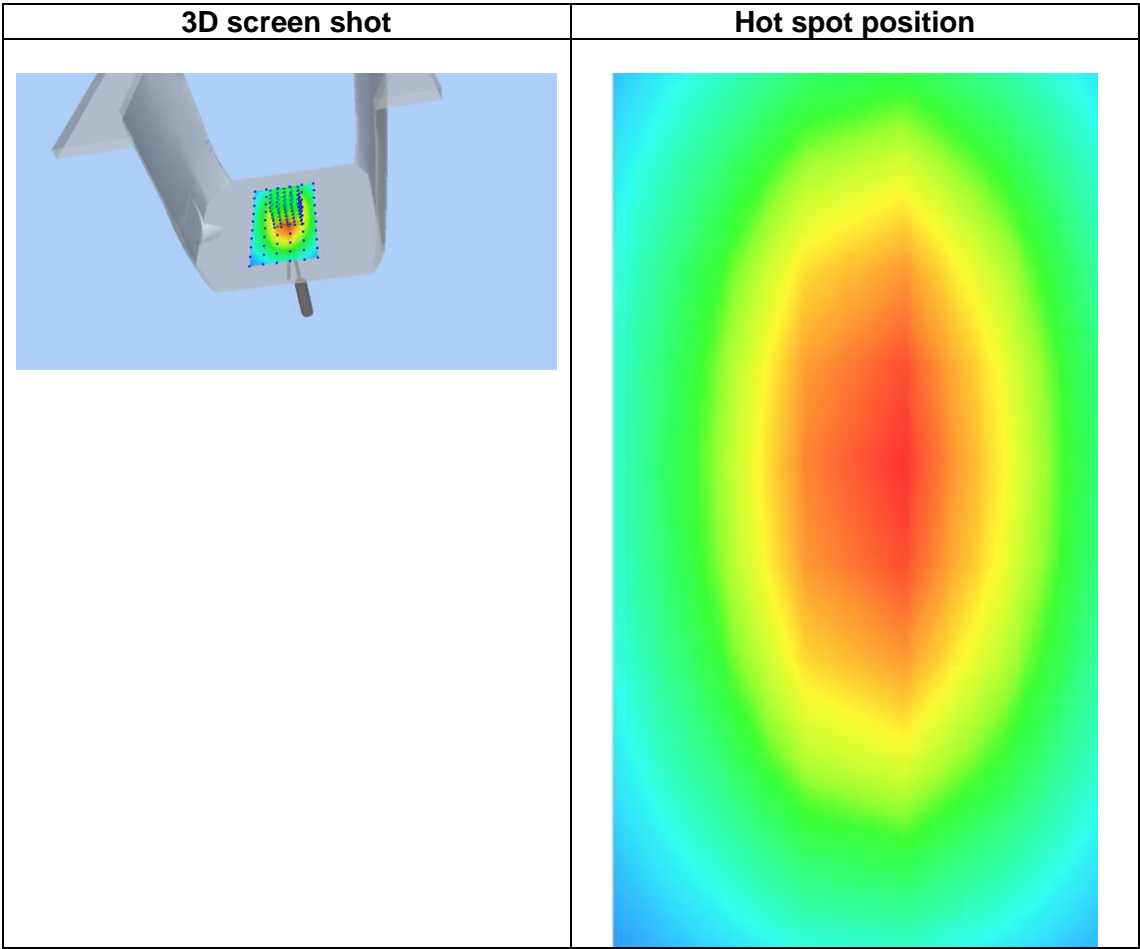
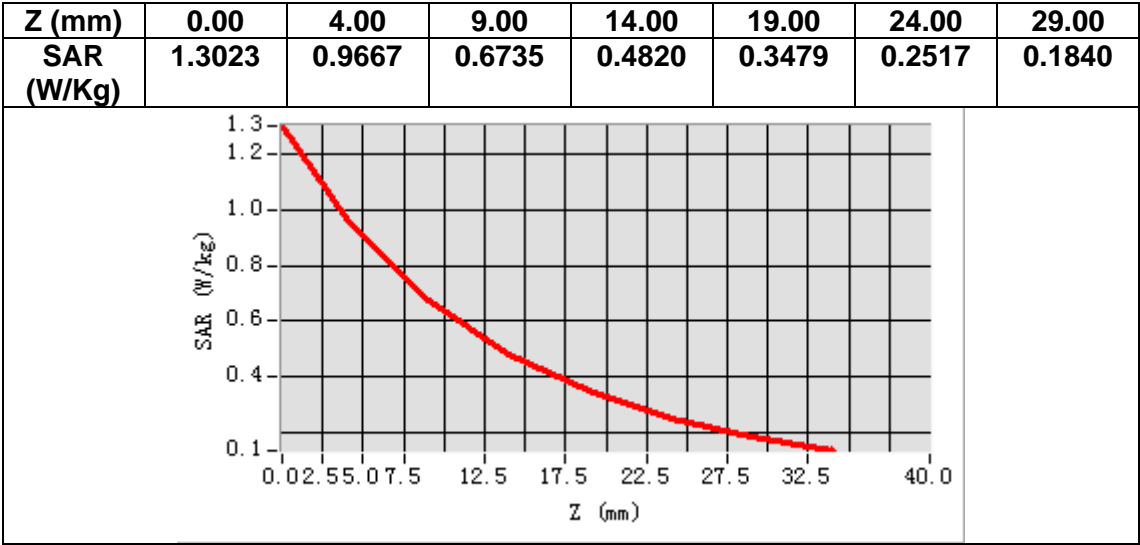
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.607376
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.953438



MEASUREMENT 2

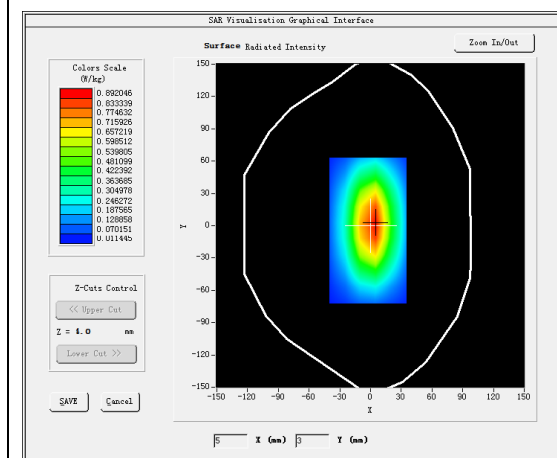
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

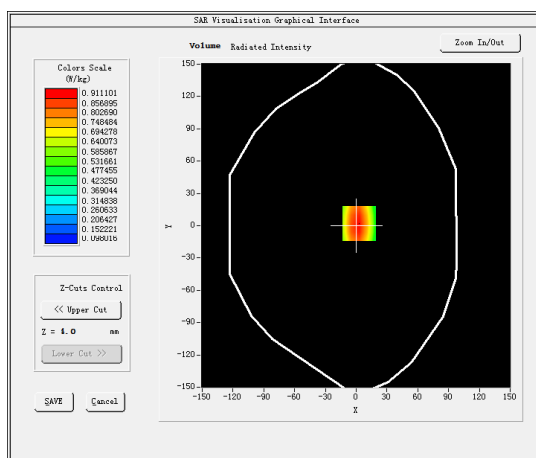
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.362222
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.733419
Conductivity (S/m)	1.011056
Variation (%)	-4.330000

SURFACE SAR



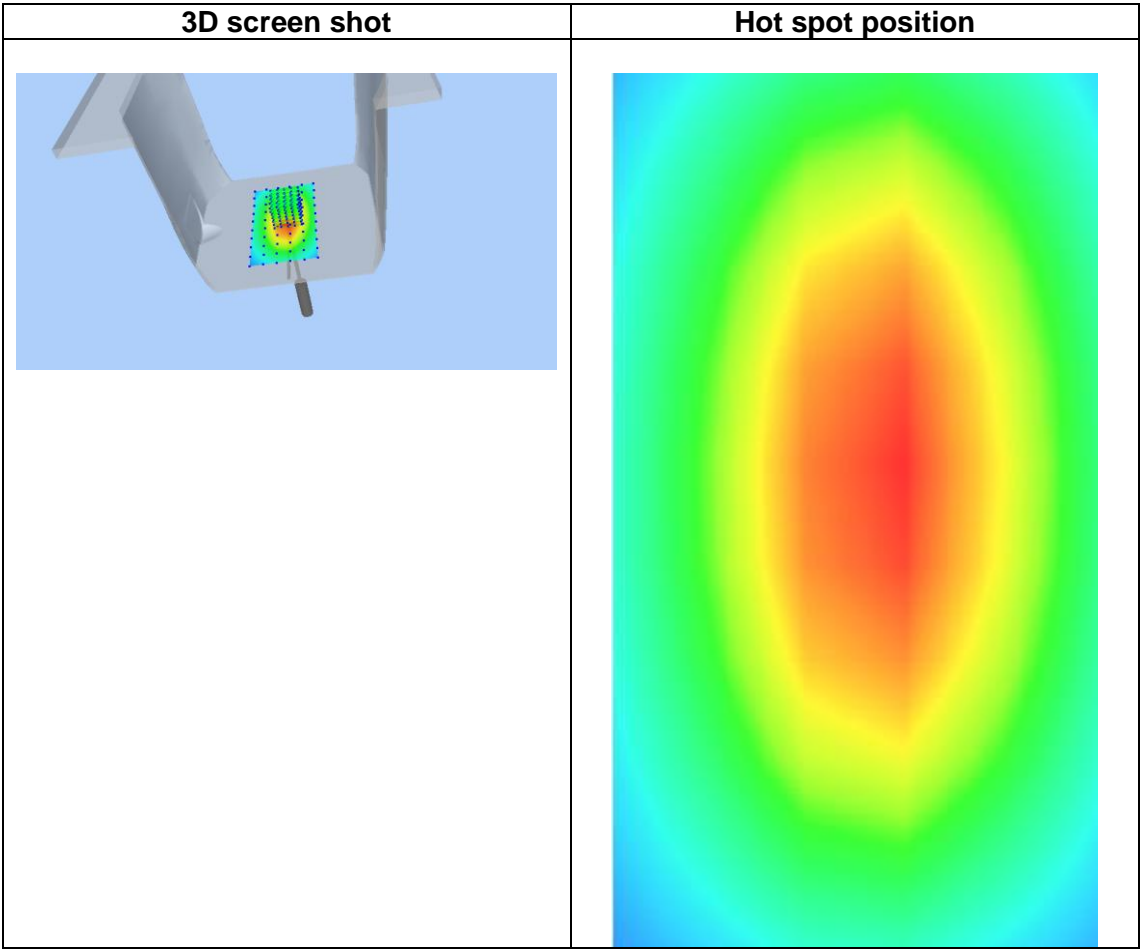
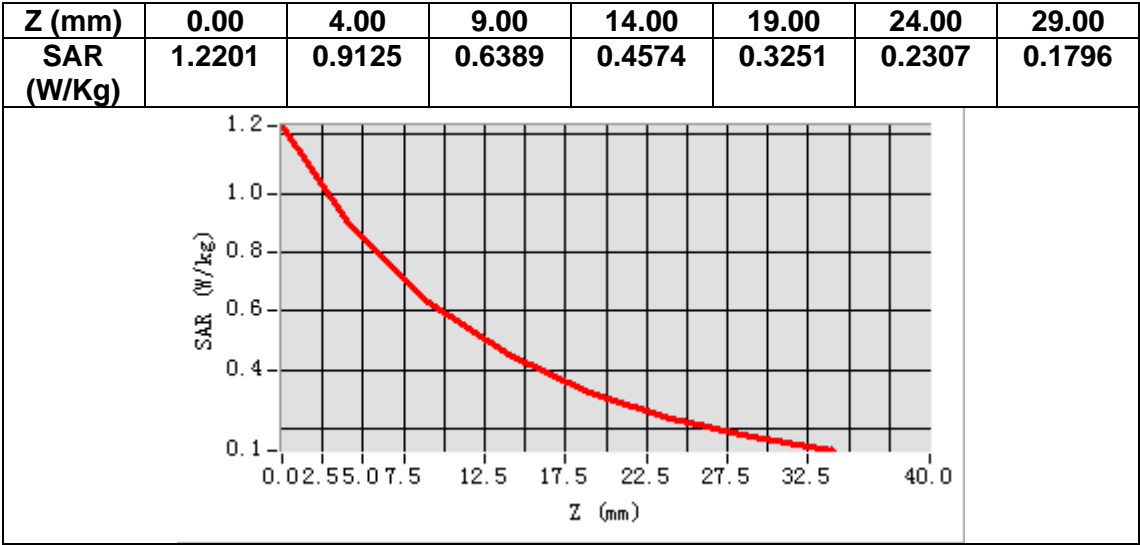
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.641102
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.982209



MEASUREMENT 3

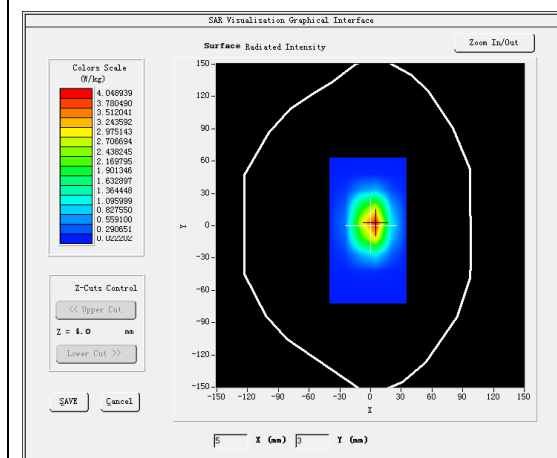
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1800</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

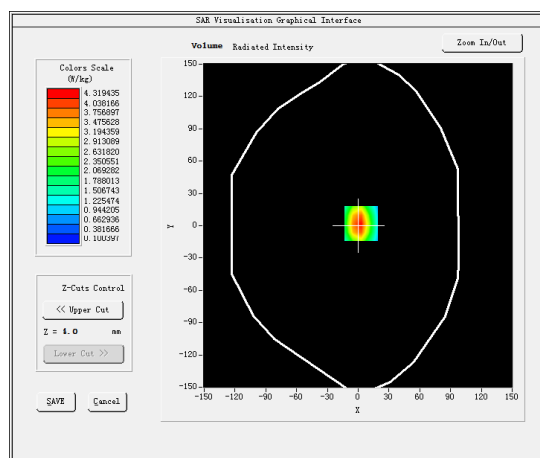
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.471117
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.132429
Conductivity (S/m)	1.412367
Variation (%)	-0.17000

SURFACE SAR



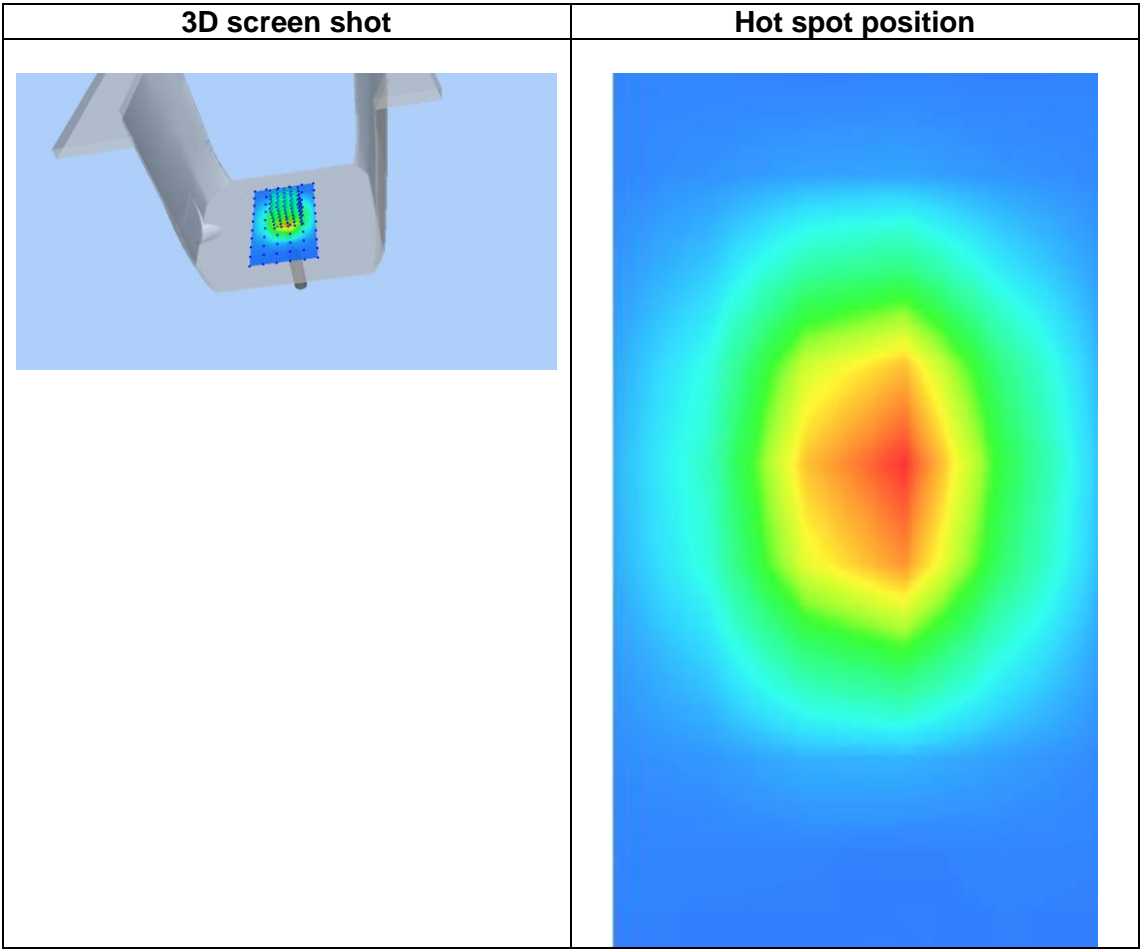
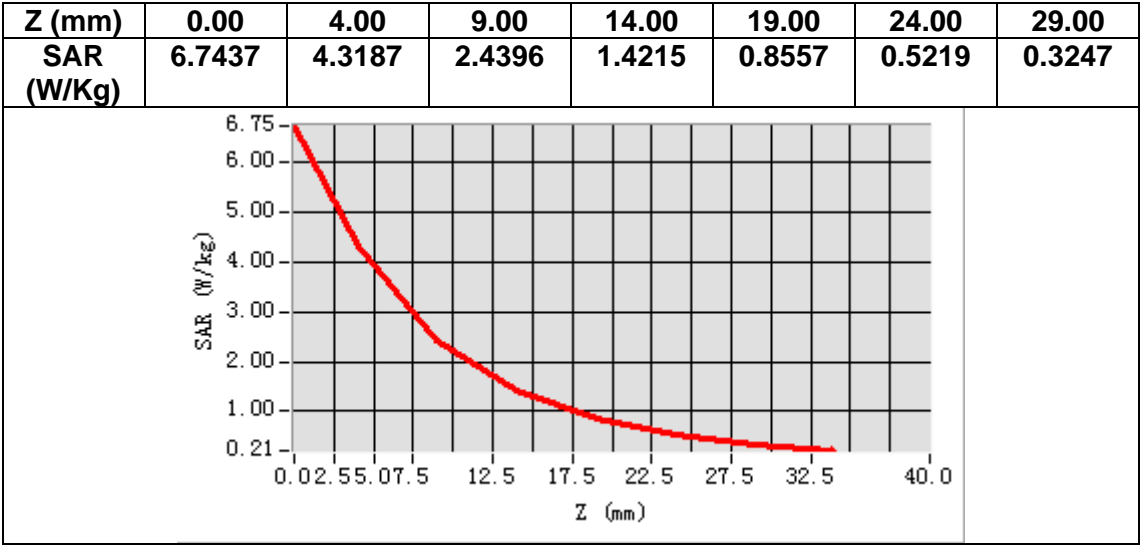
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.001367
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.809451



MEASUREMENT 4

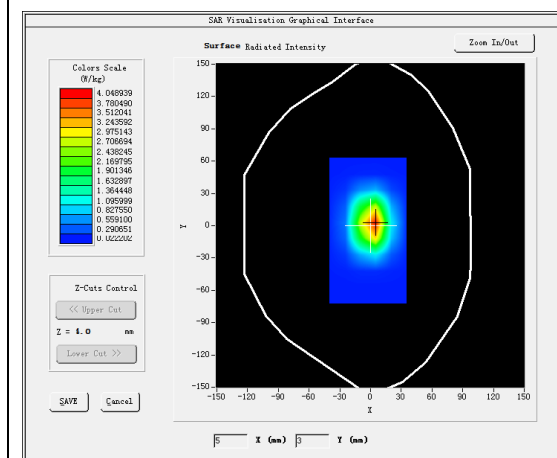
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1800</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

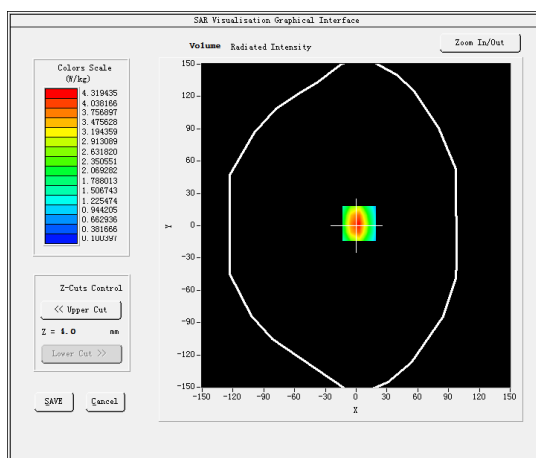
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.152310
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.670013
Conductivity (S/m)	1.573096
Variation (%)	1.240000

SURFACE SAR



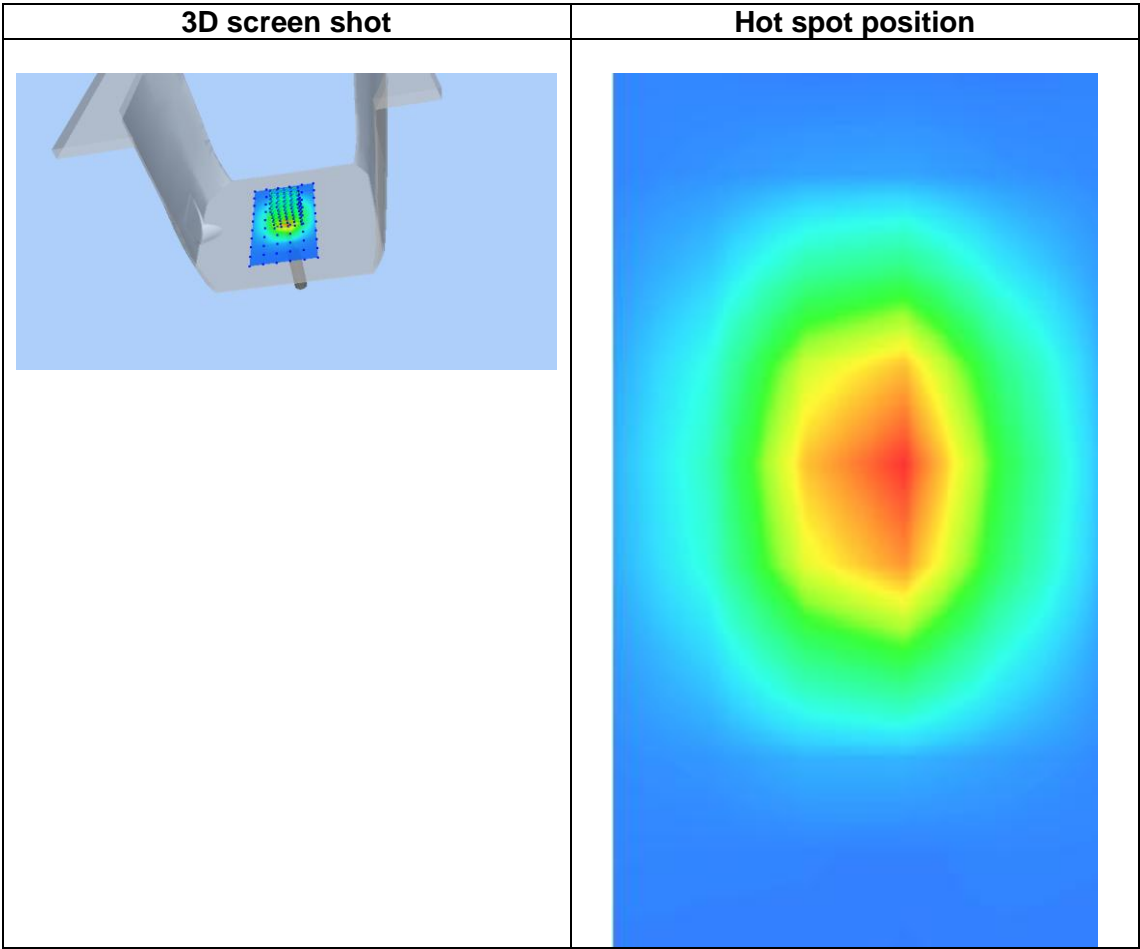
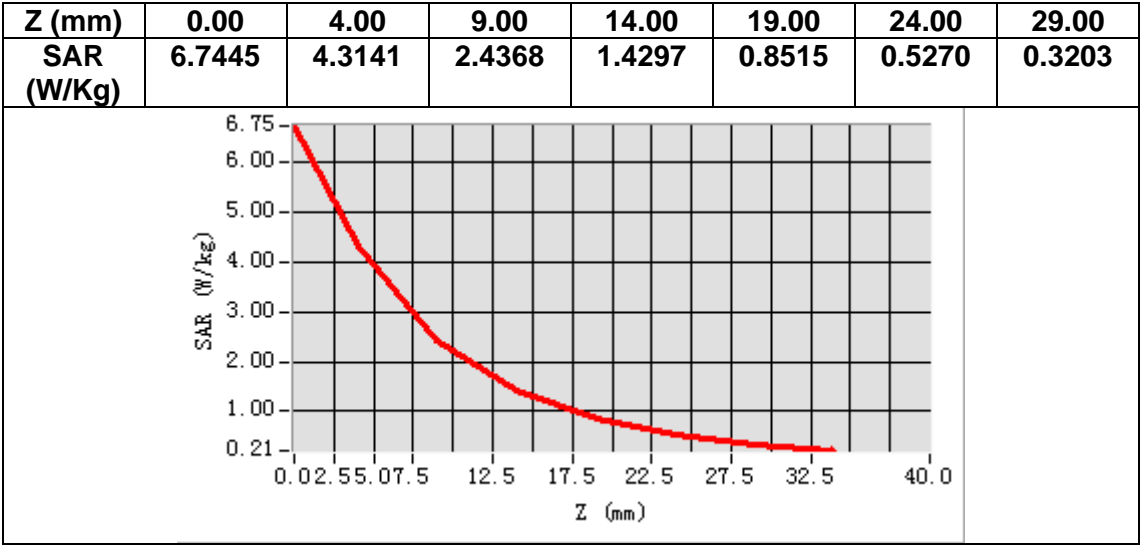
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.059079
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.806468



MEASUREMENT 5

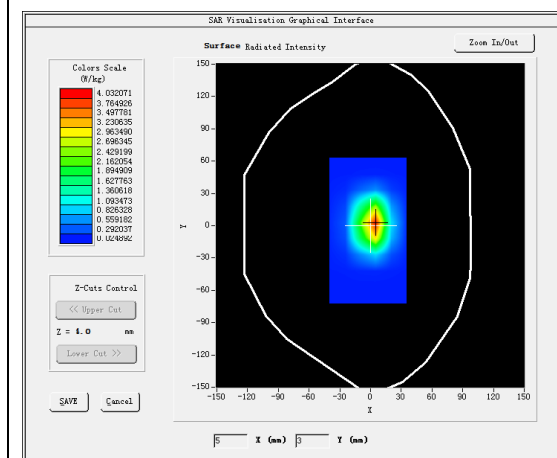
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

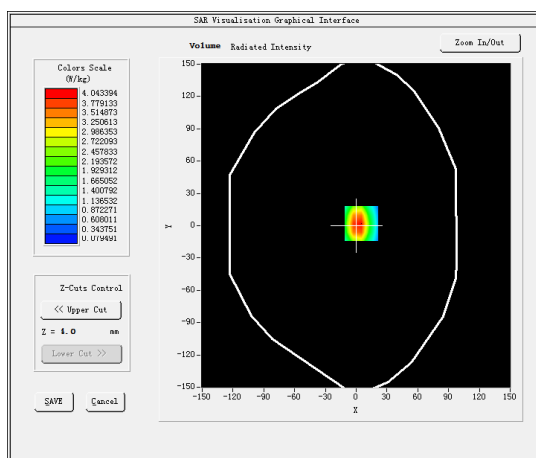
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.893087
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.839000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.462036
Variation (%)	-0.430000

SURFACE SAR



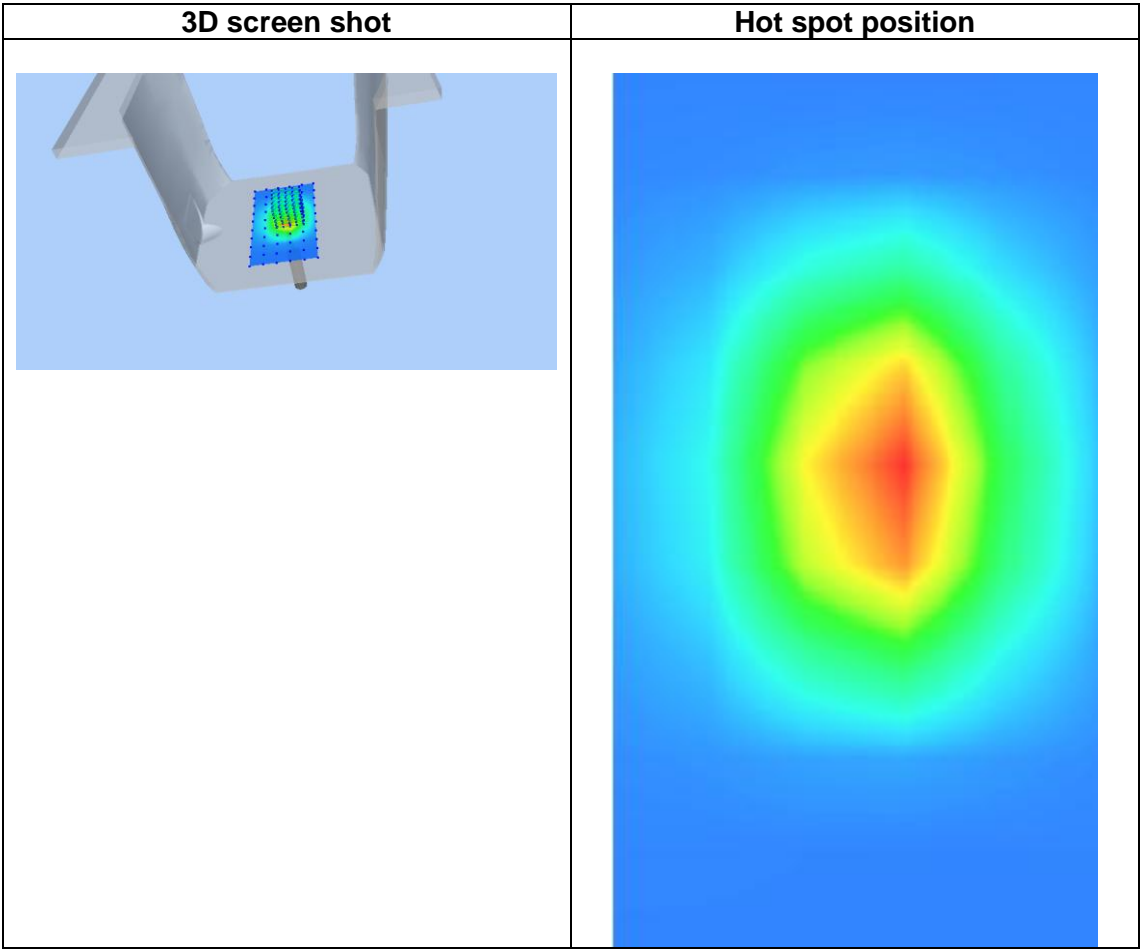
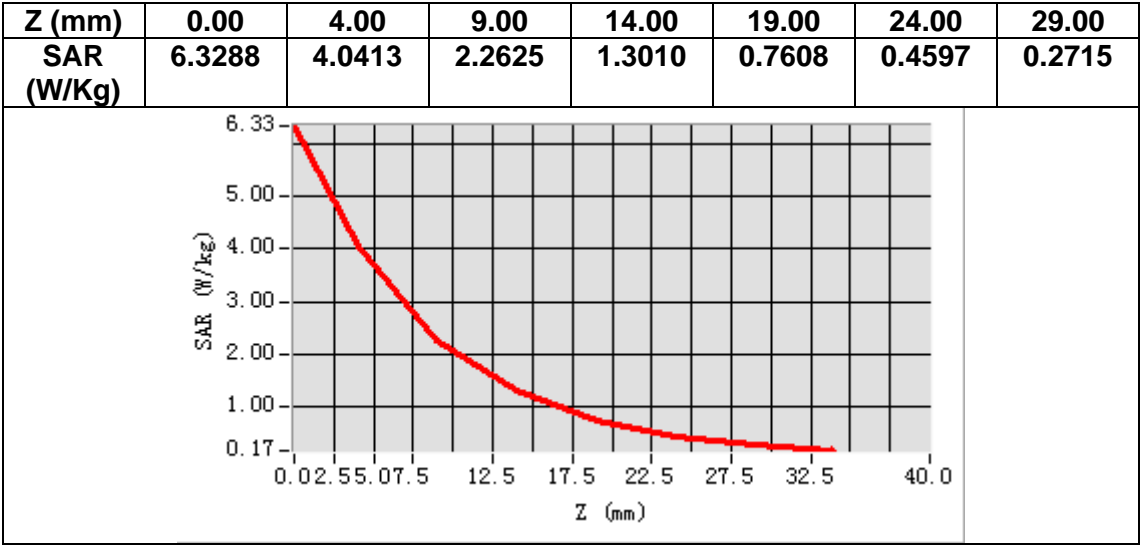
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.004456
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.886165



MEASUREMENT 6

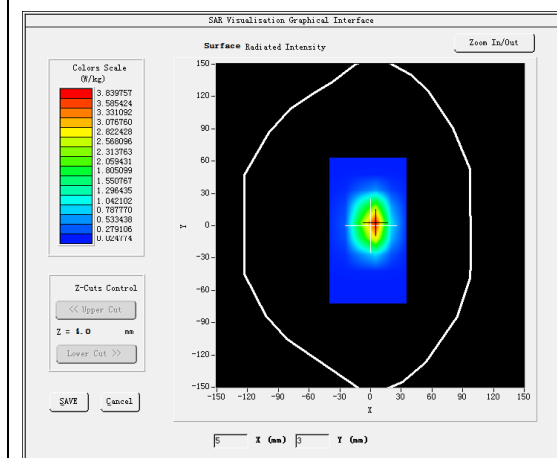
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

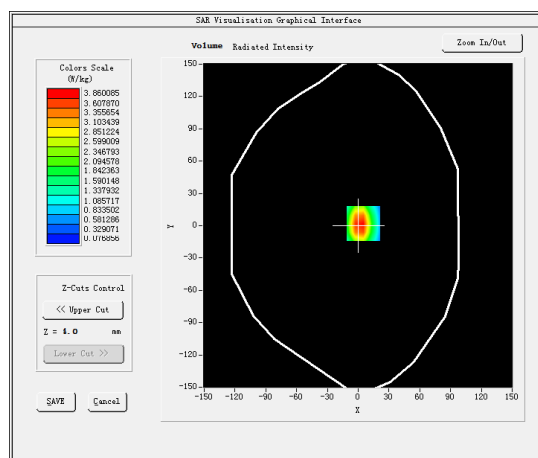
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.483435
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.941103
Conductivity (S/m)	1.580066
Variation (%)	4.660000

SURFACE SAR



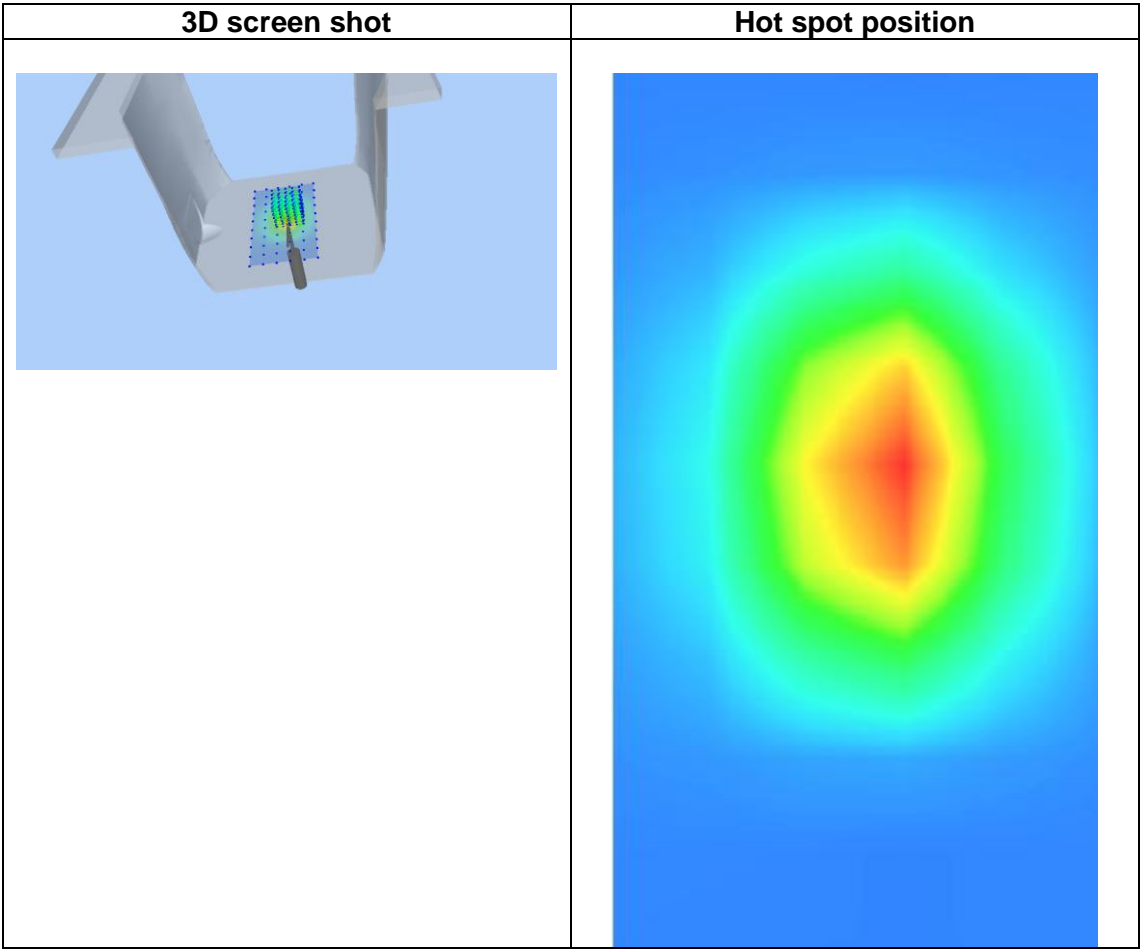
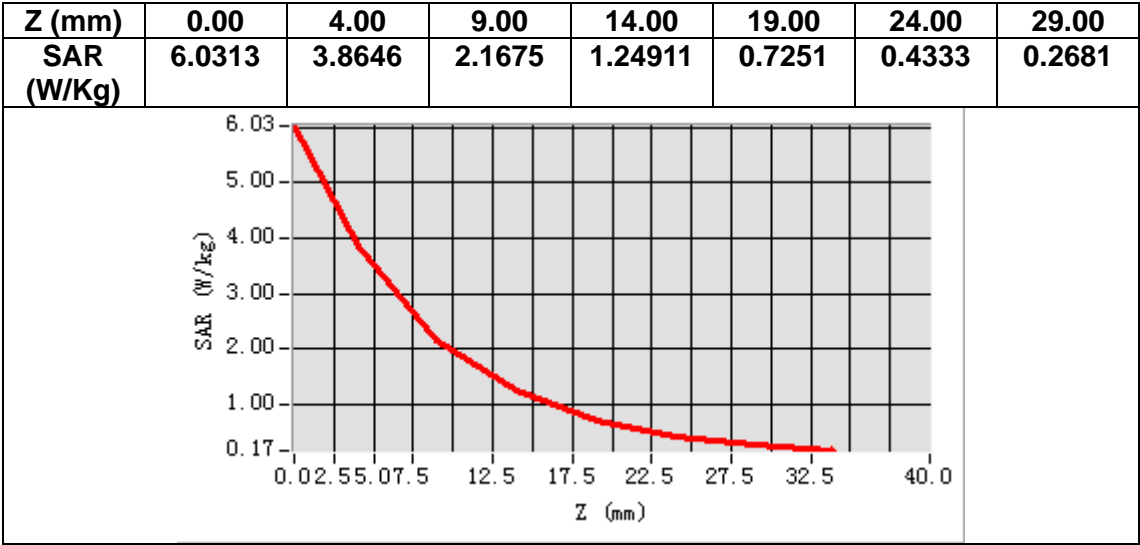
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.052019
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.899402



MEASUREMENT 7

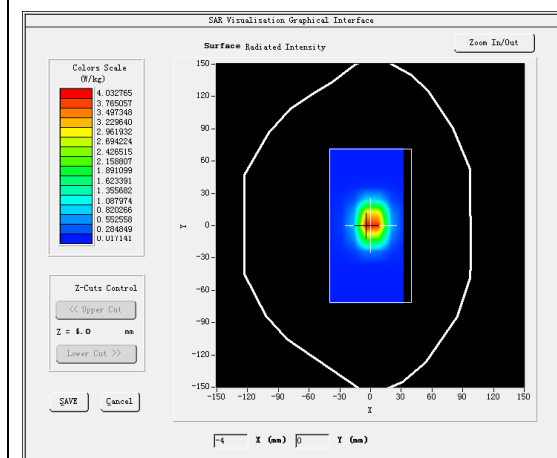
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW2450</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

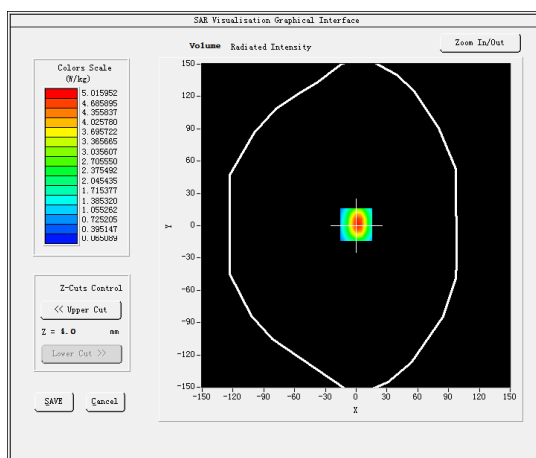
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.941421
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.432631
Conductivity (S/m)	1.792063
Variation (%)	-0.310000

SURFACE SAR



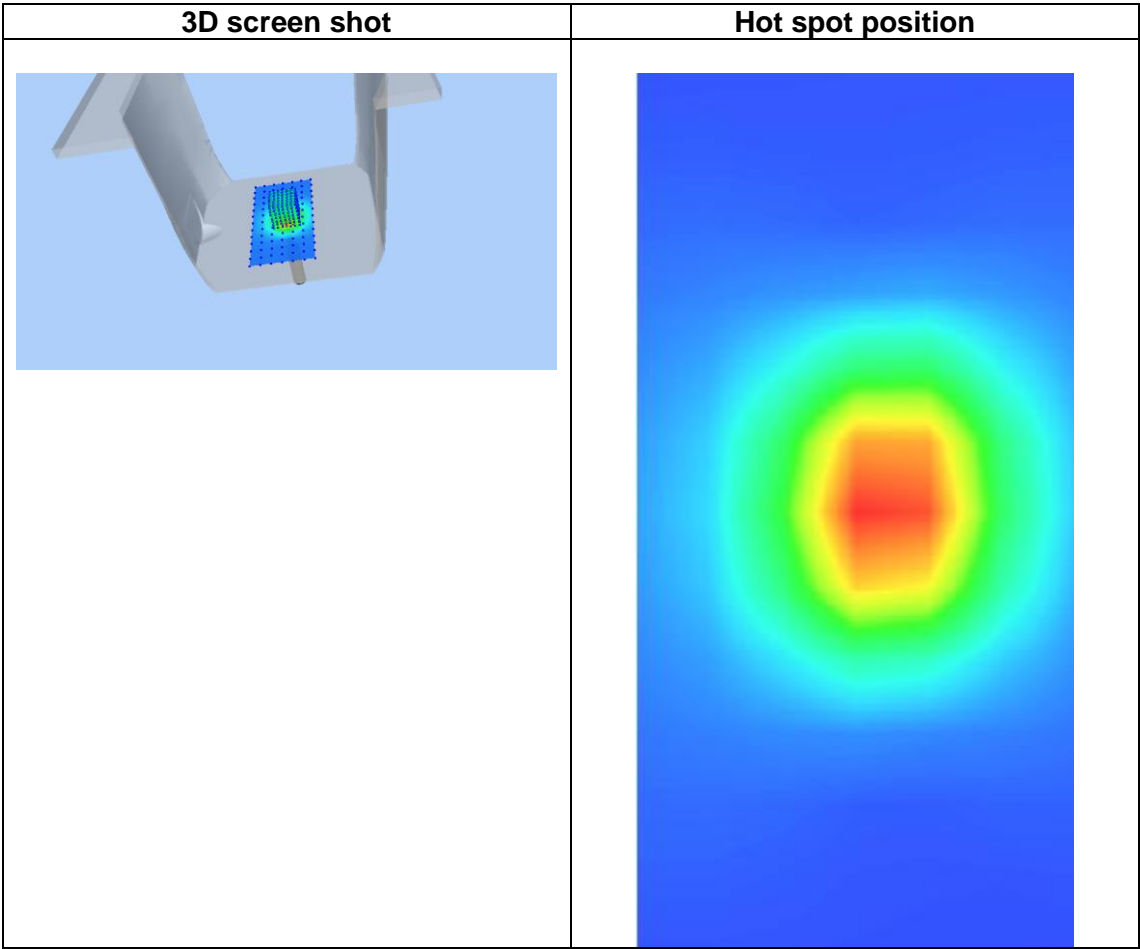
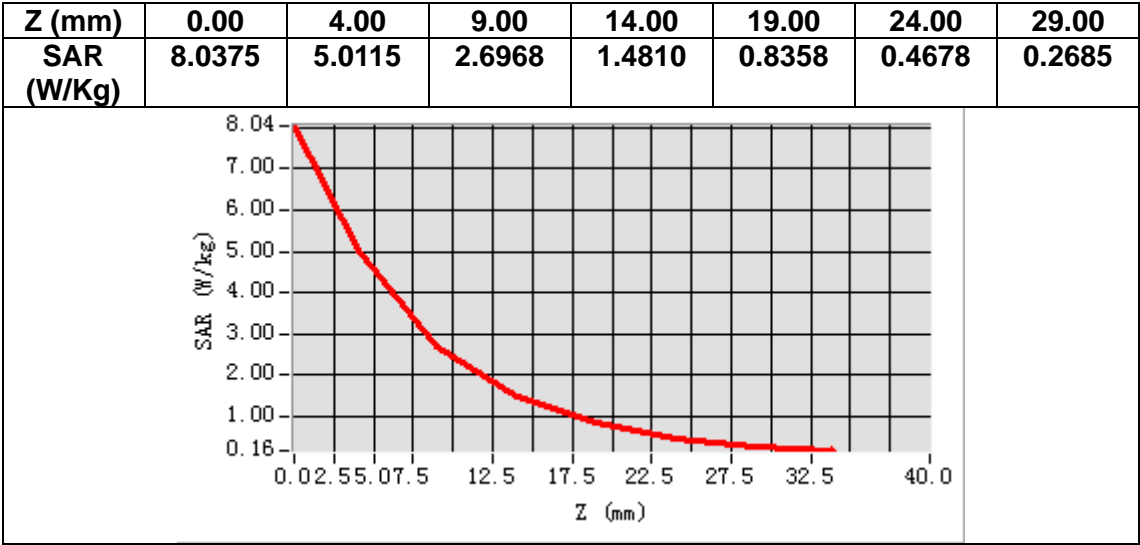
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 8.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.398275
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.374415



MEASUREMENT 8

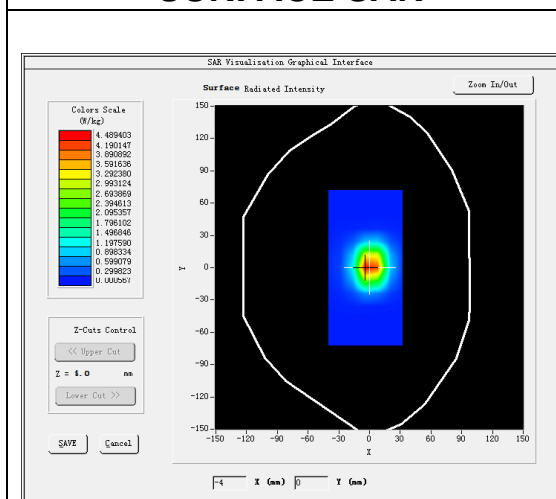
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

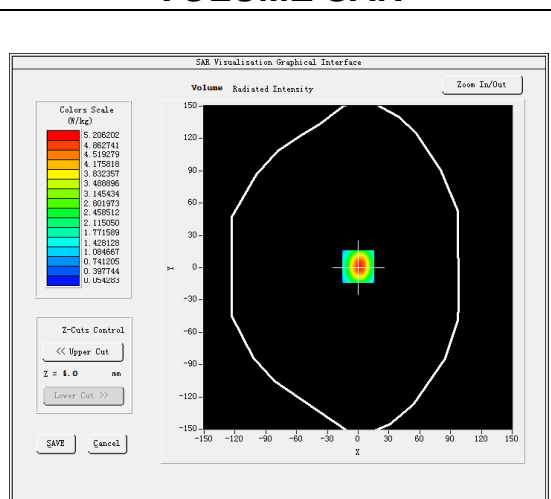
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.183497
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.924266
Conductivity (S/m)	2.031316
Variation (%)	3.020000

SURFACE SAR



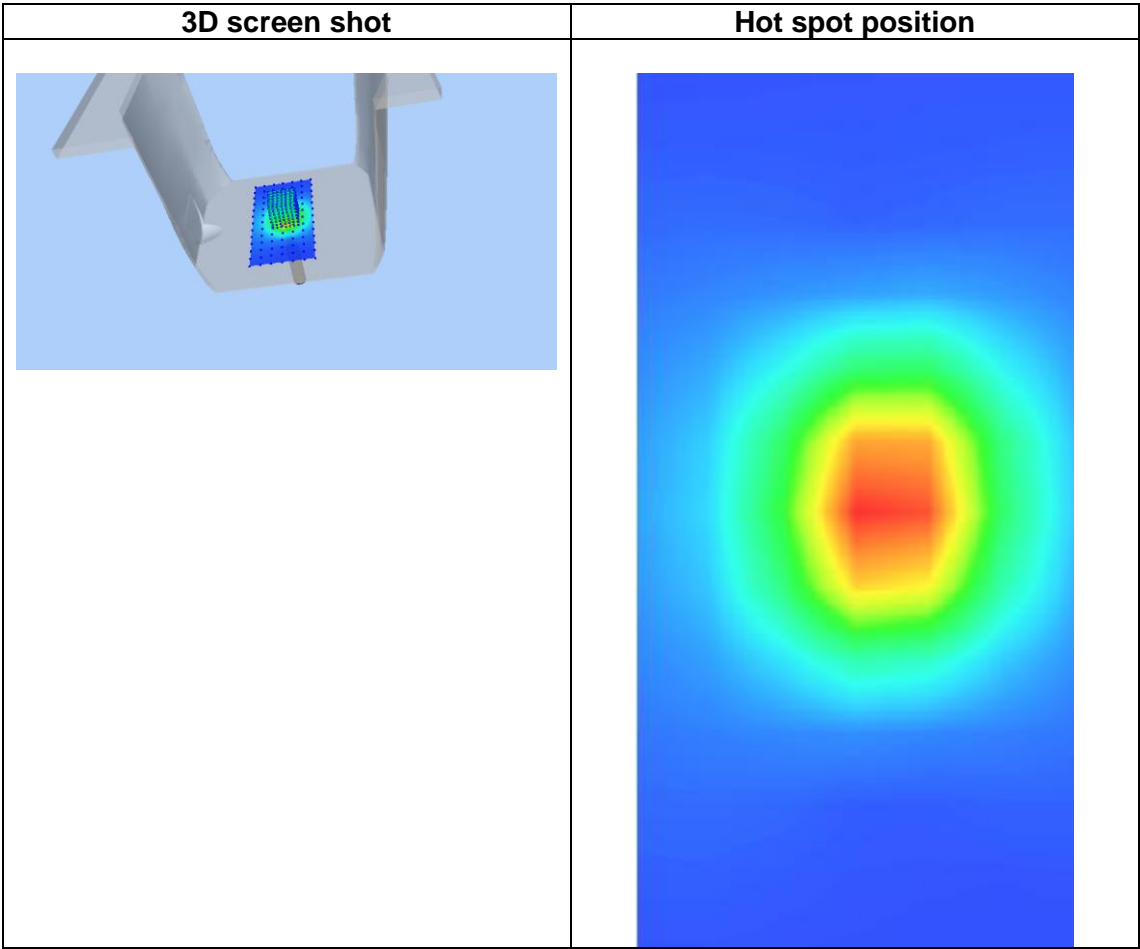
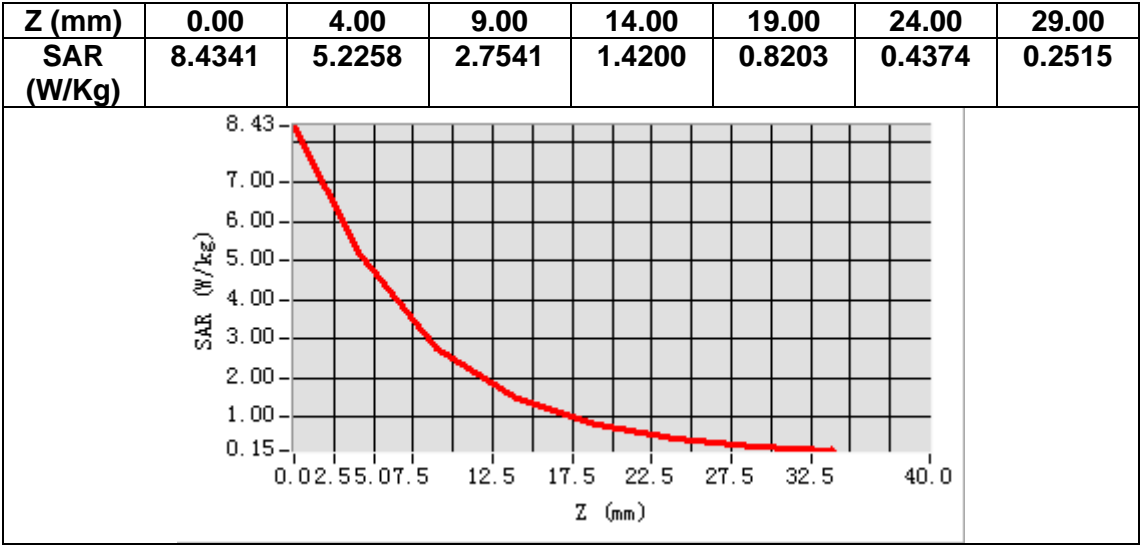
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 8.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.405285
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.278270



13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 12 WLAN 2.4G Body

MEASUREMENT 1

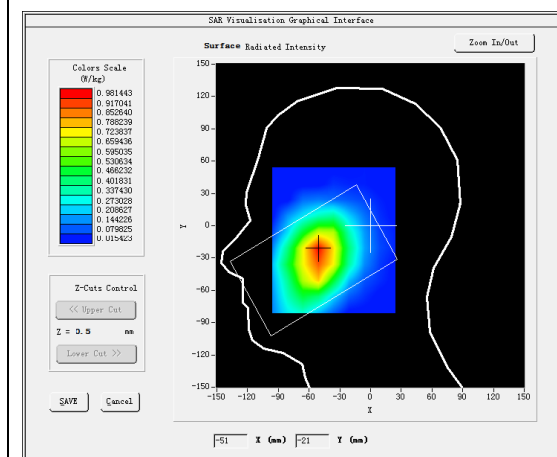
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)</u>

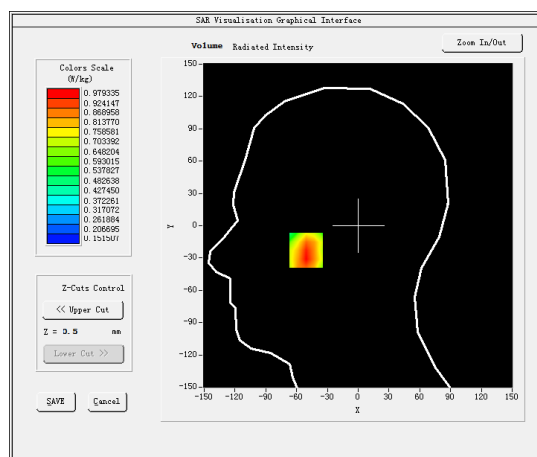
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.540958
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.071541
Conductivity (S/m)	0.932658
Variation (%)	-0.970000

SURFACE SAR



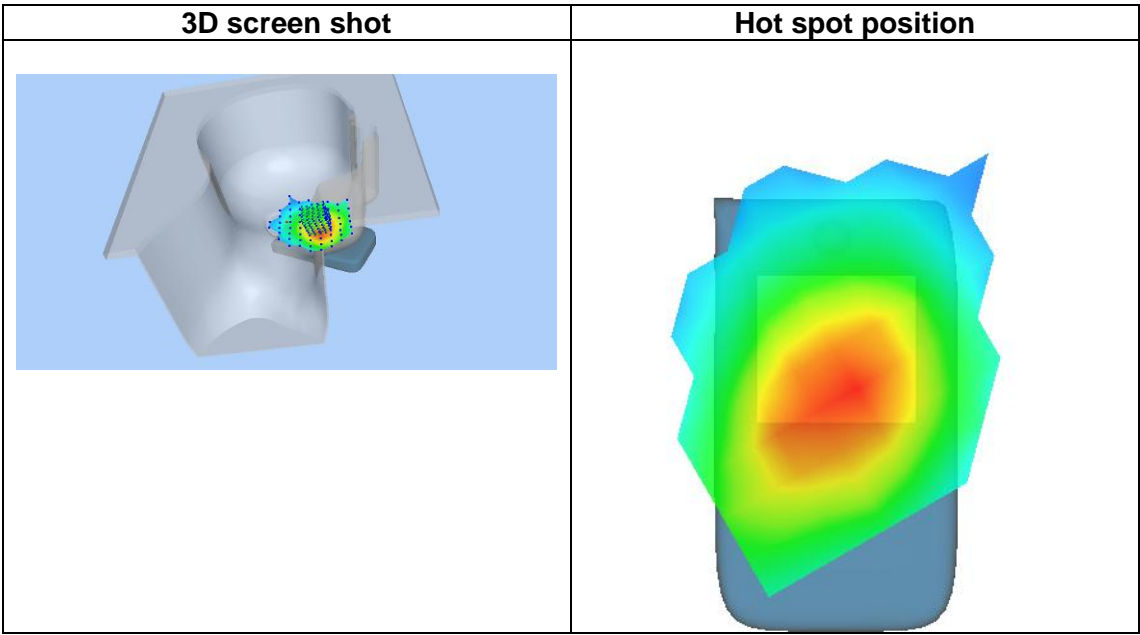
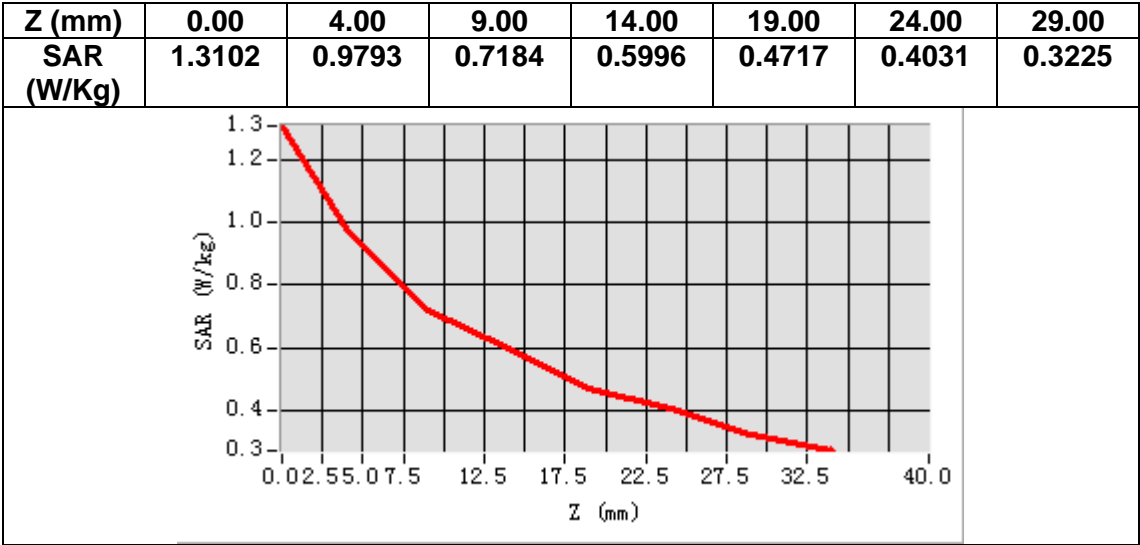
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-23.00

SAR Peak: 1.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.716950
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.874905



MEASUREMENT 2

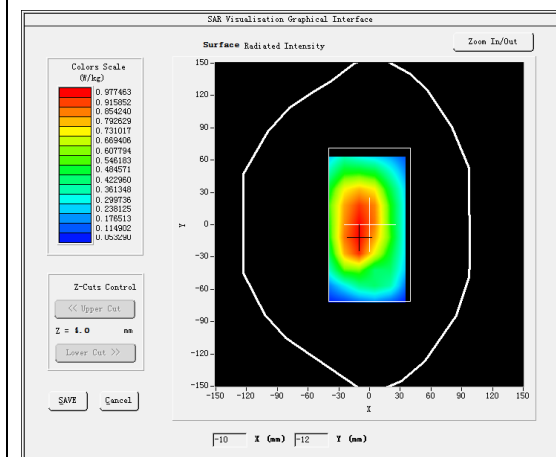
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)</u>

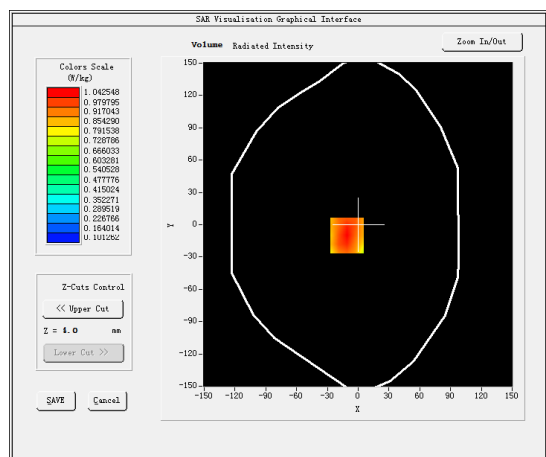
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.369579
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.712740
Conductivity (S/m)	1.008919
Variation (%)	-2.040000

SURFACE SAR



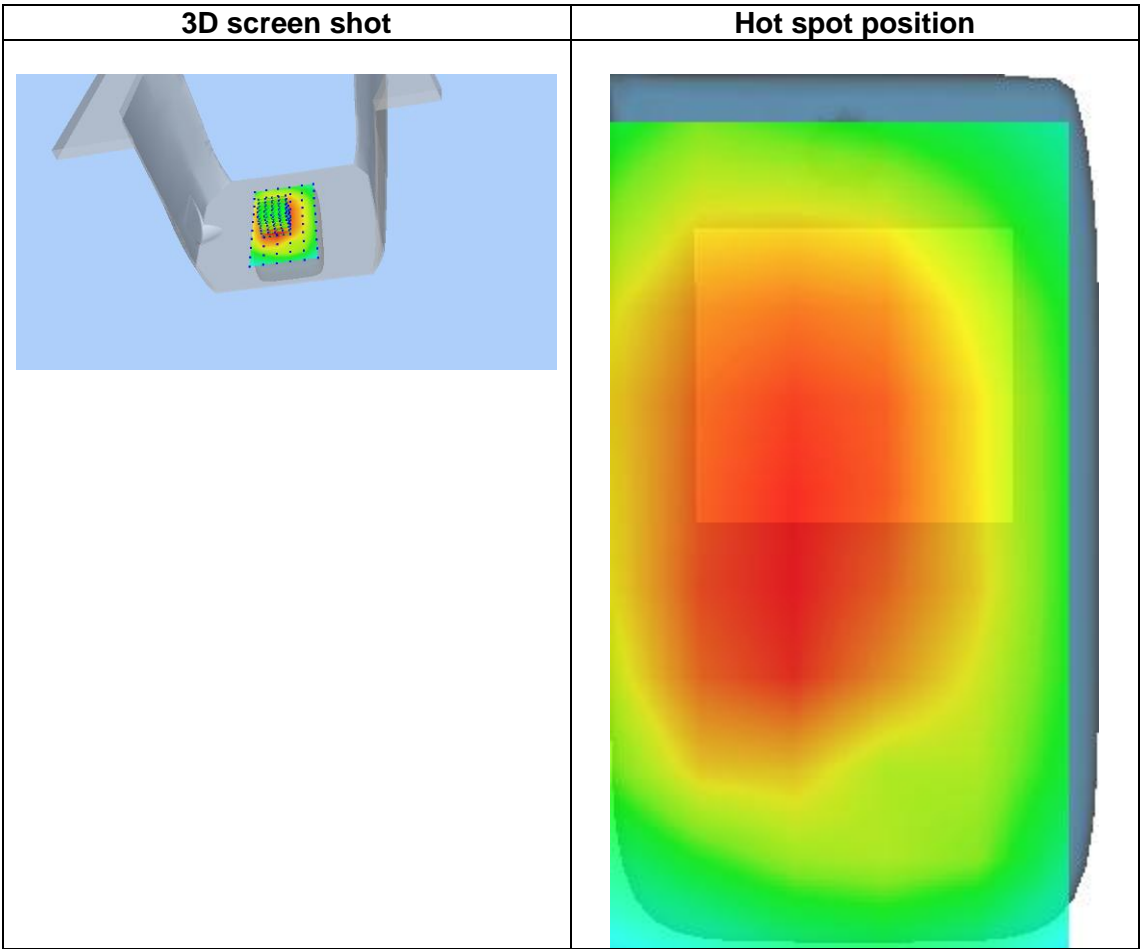
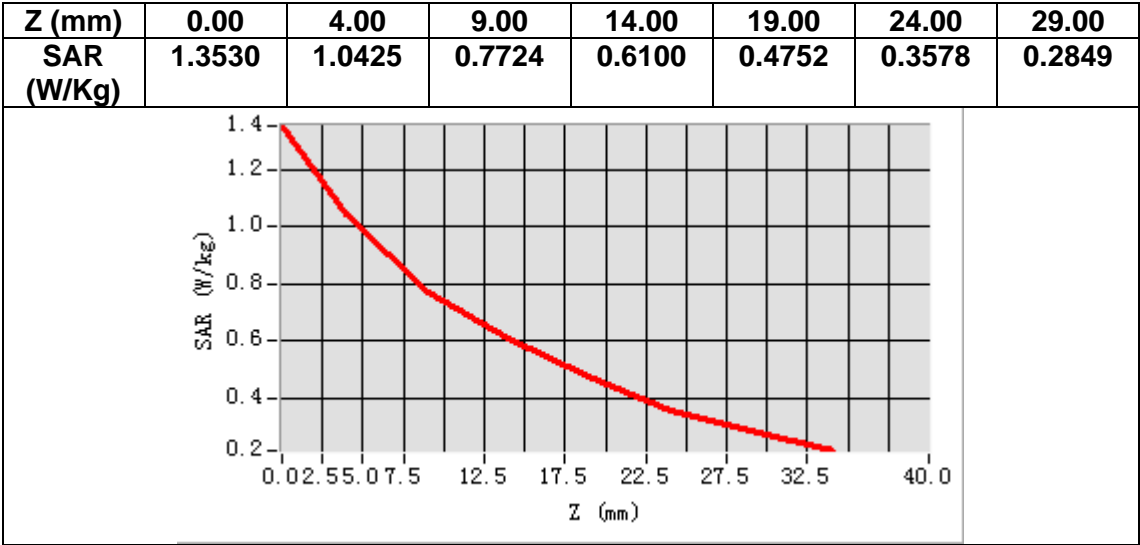
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=-10.00

SAR Peak: 1.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.752269
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.038850



MEASUREMENT 3

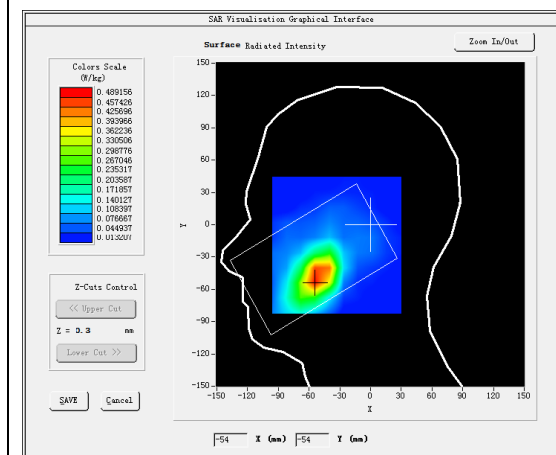
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

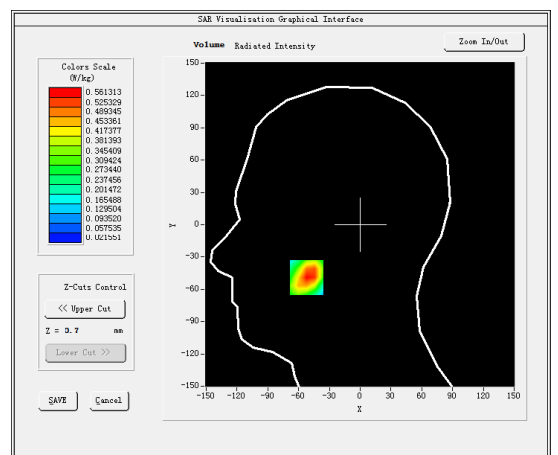
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.928200
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.784300
Conductivity (S/m)	1.439694
Variation (%)	-1.850000

SURFACE SAR



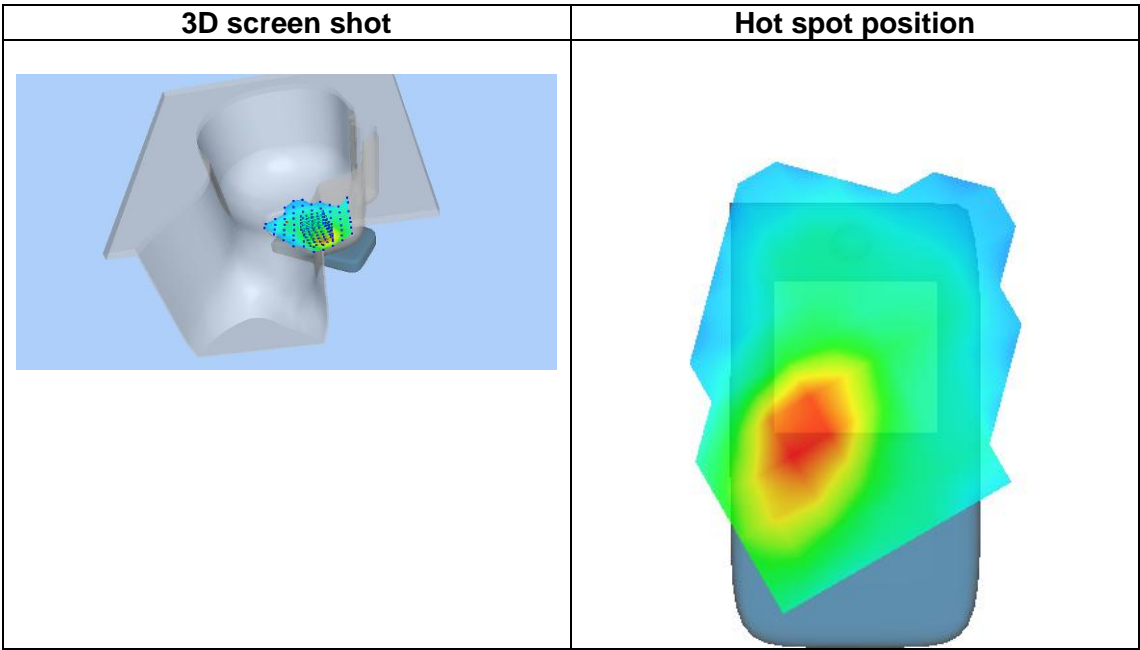
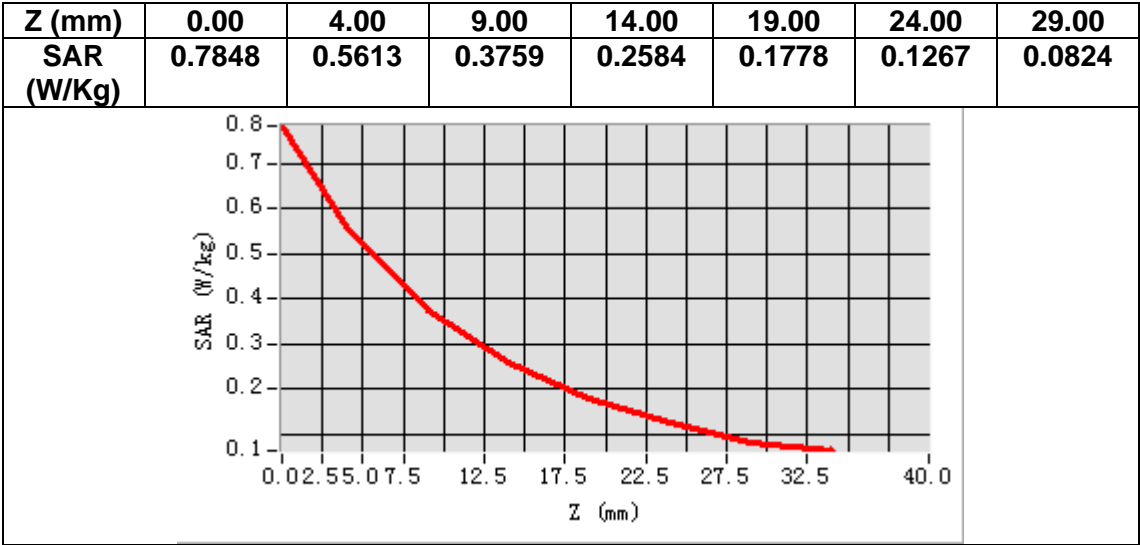
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-49.00

SAR Peak: 0.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.316271
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.550275



MEASUREMENT 4

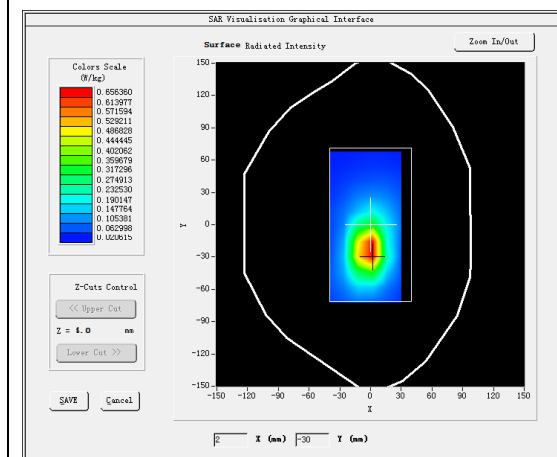
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

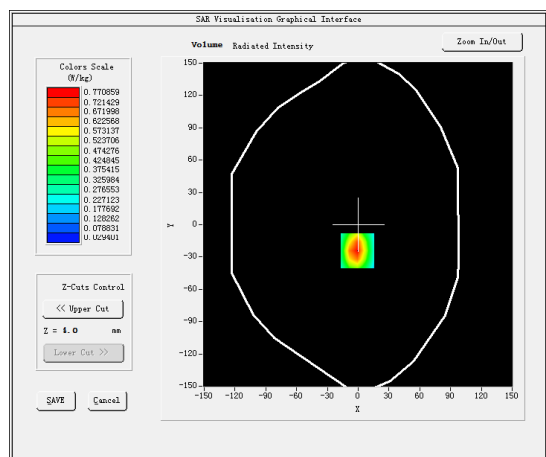
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.558899
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.027700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.569560
Variation (%)	-1.130000

SURFACE SAR



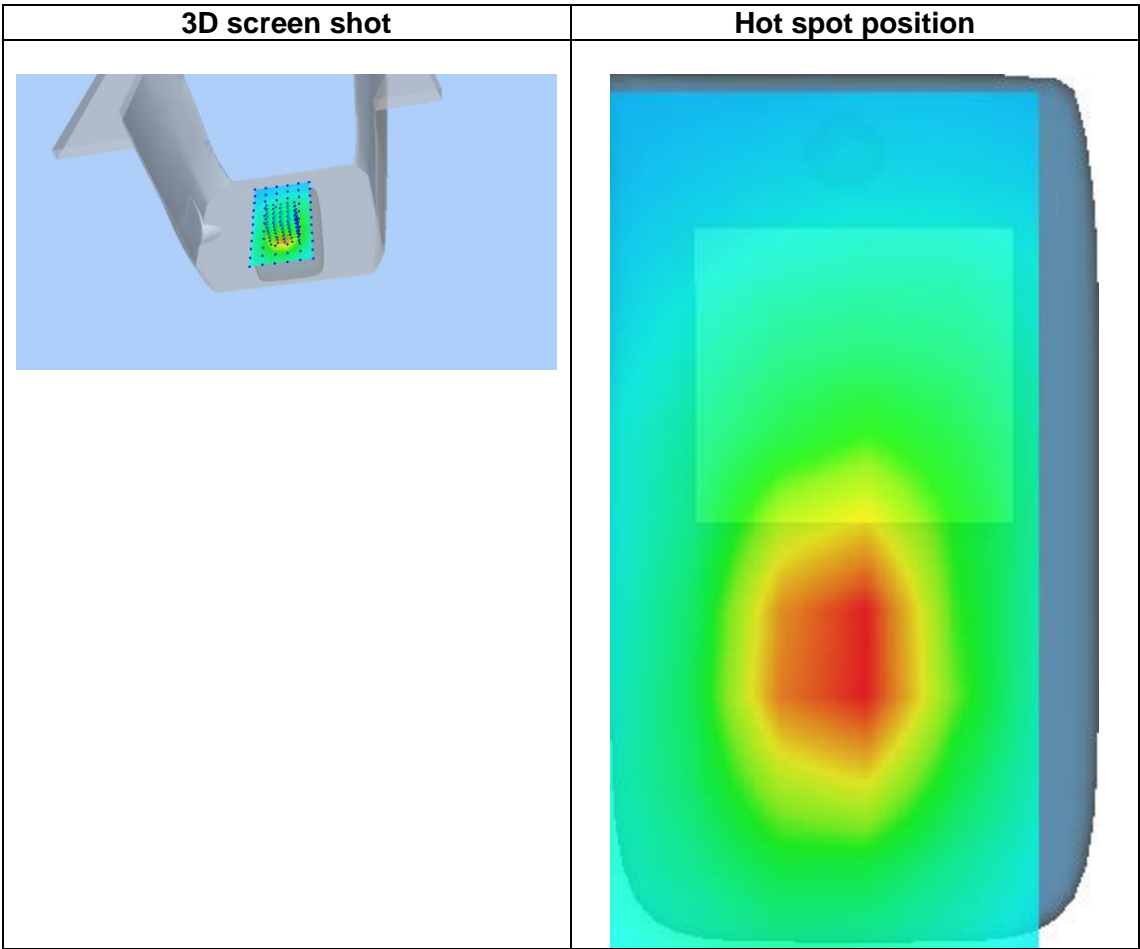
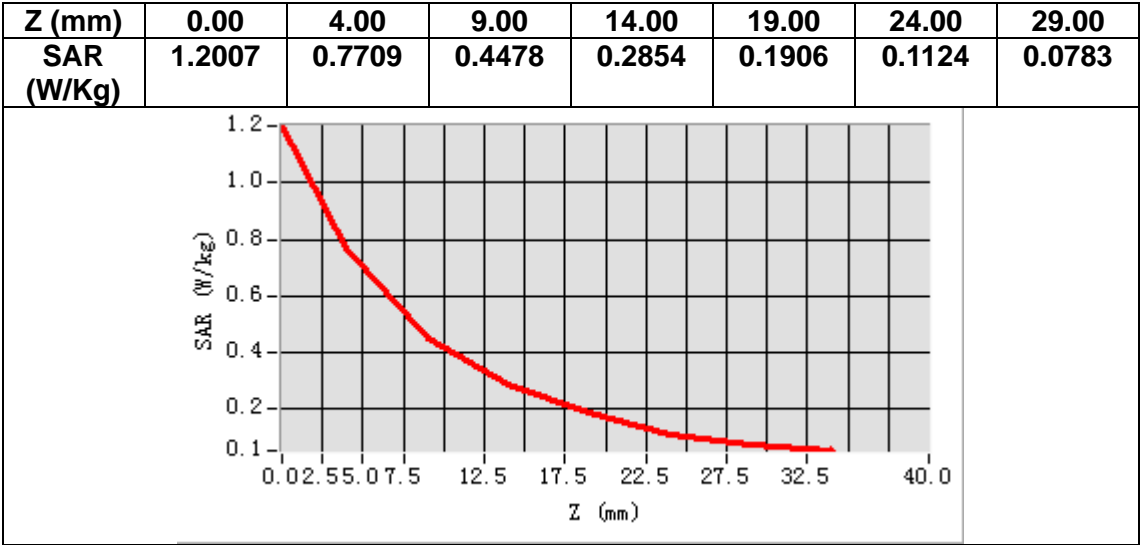
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-24.00

SAR Peak: 1.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.398806
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.754411



MEASUREMENT 5

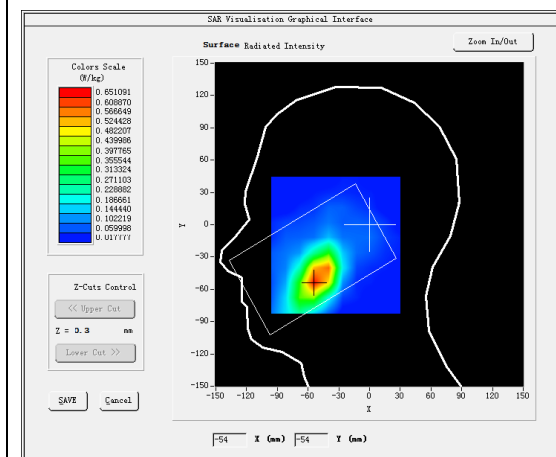
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

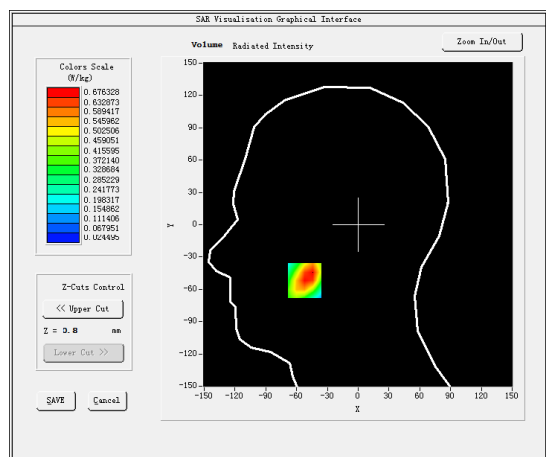
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.928200
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.784300
Conductivity (S/m)	1.439694
Variation (%)	-0.800000

SURFACE SAR



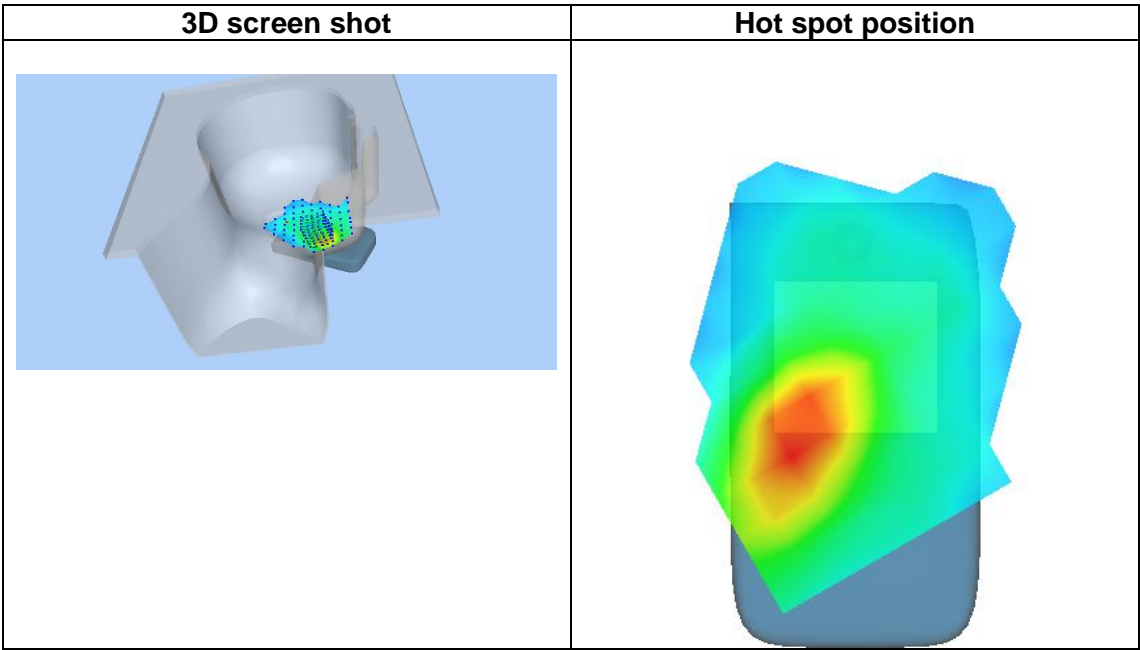
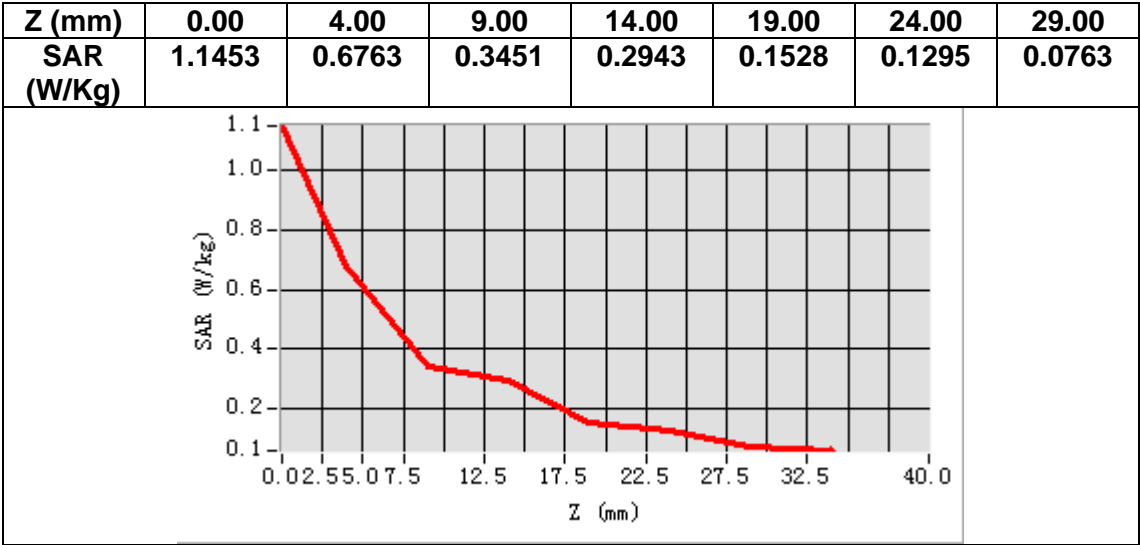
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-52.00

SAR Peak: 1.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.391729
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.670366



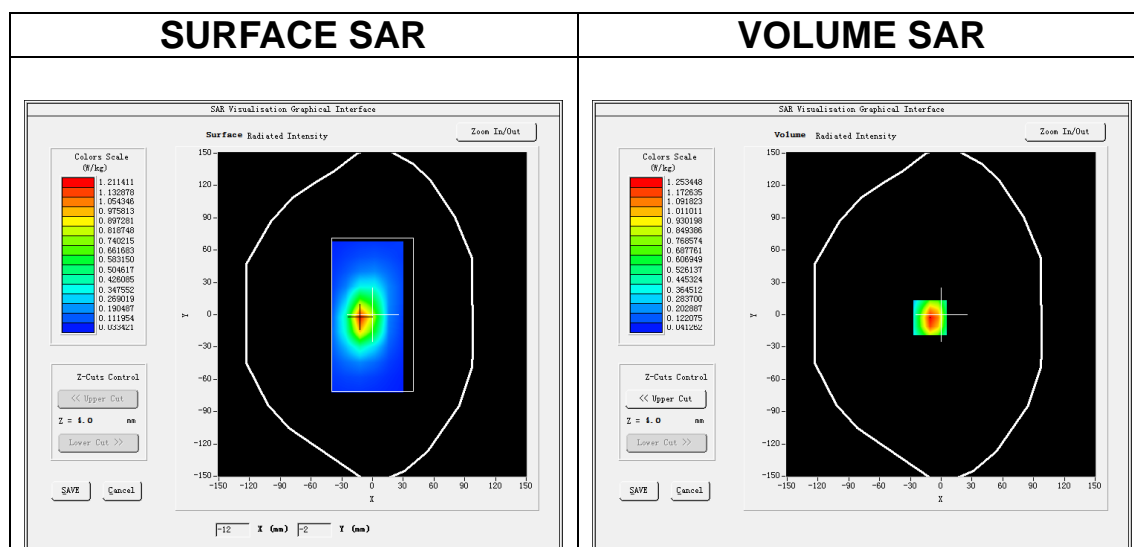
MEASUREMENT 6

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

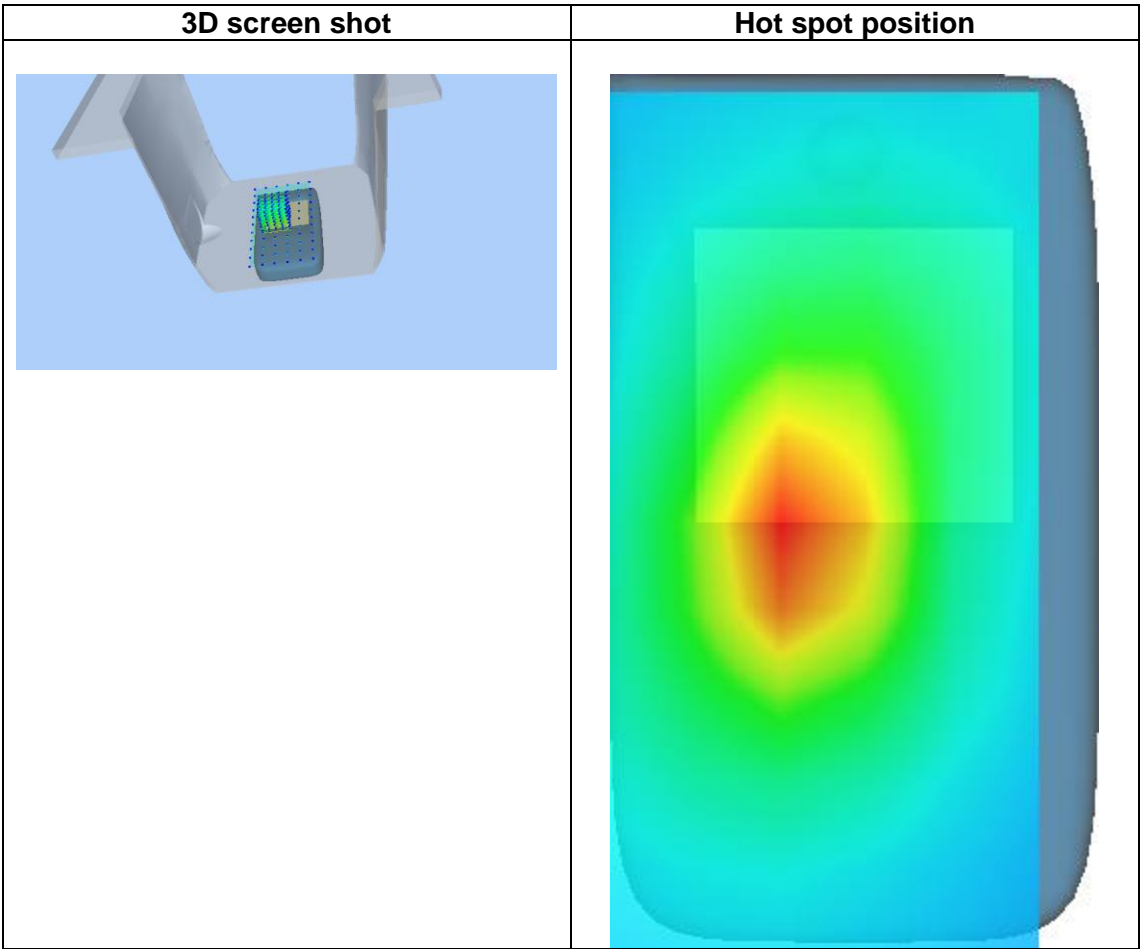
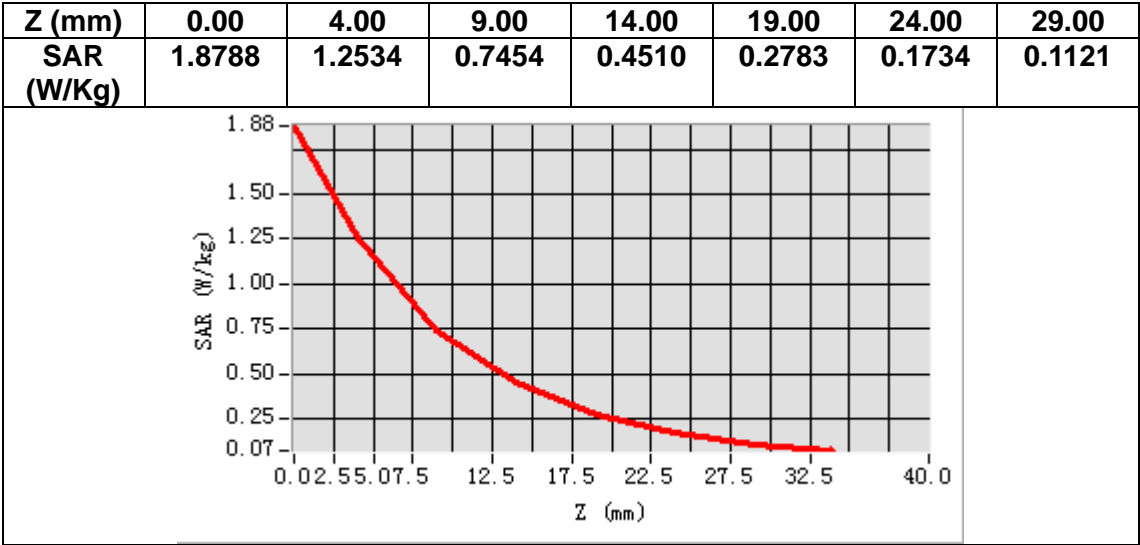
Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.476601
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.958460
Conductivity (S/m)	1.585264
Variation (%)	-0.460000



Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=-3.00

SAR Peak: 1.93 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.647971
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.227116



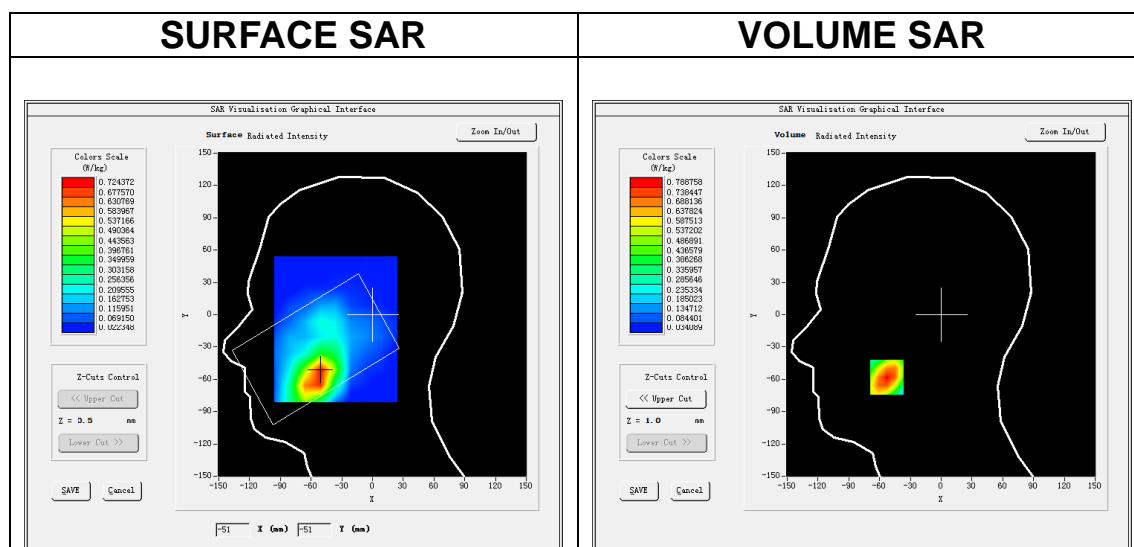
MEASUREMENT 7

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band4 WCDMA1700</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

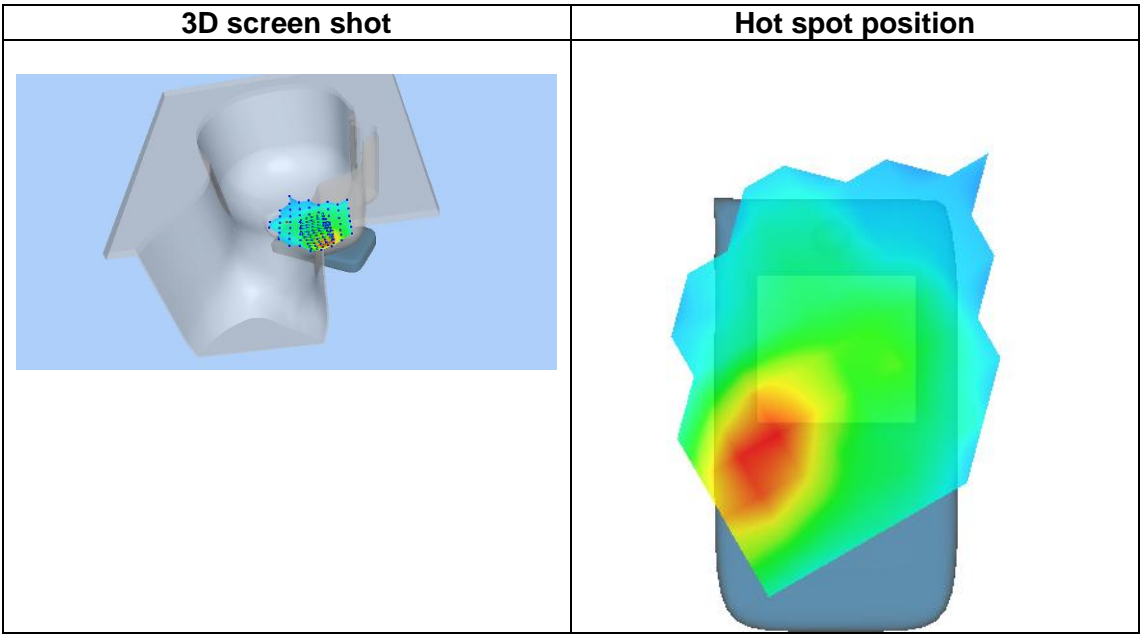
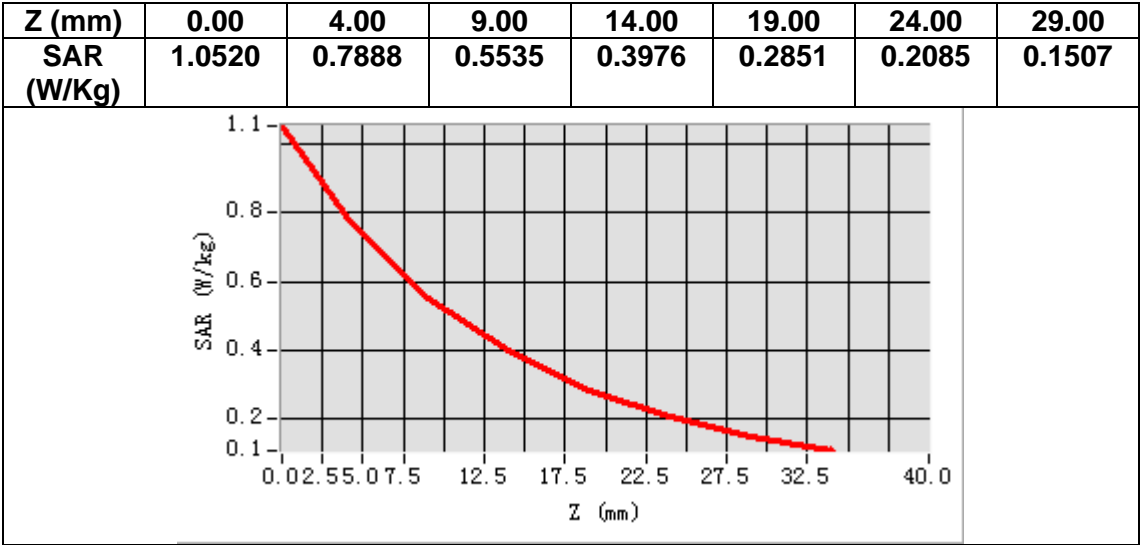
Frequency (MHz)	1732.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.927391
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.055742
Conductivity (S/m)	1.352475
Variation (%)	2.600000



Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-58.00

SAR Peak: 1.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.476343
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.753246



MEASUREMENT 8

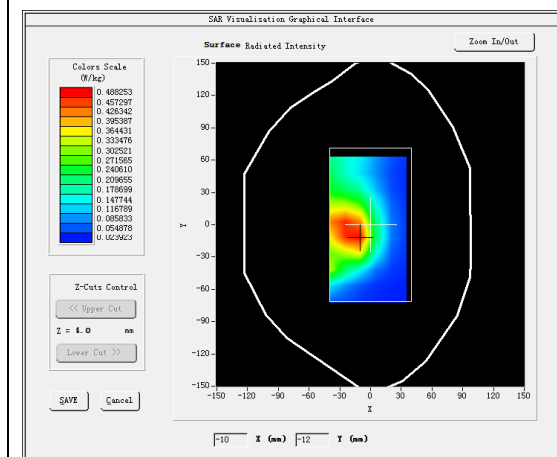
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band4 WCDMA1700</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

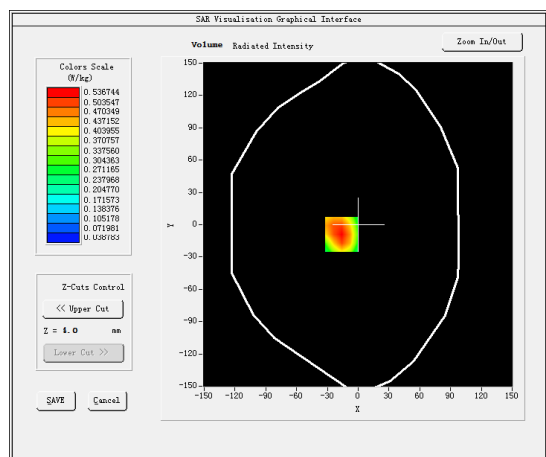
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1732.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.546165
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.711370
Conductivity (S/m)	1.511783
Variation (%)	-0.630000

SURFACE SAR



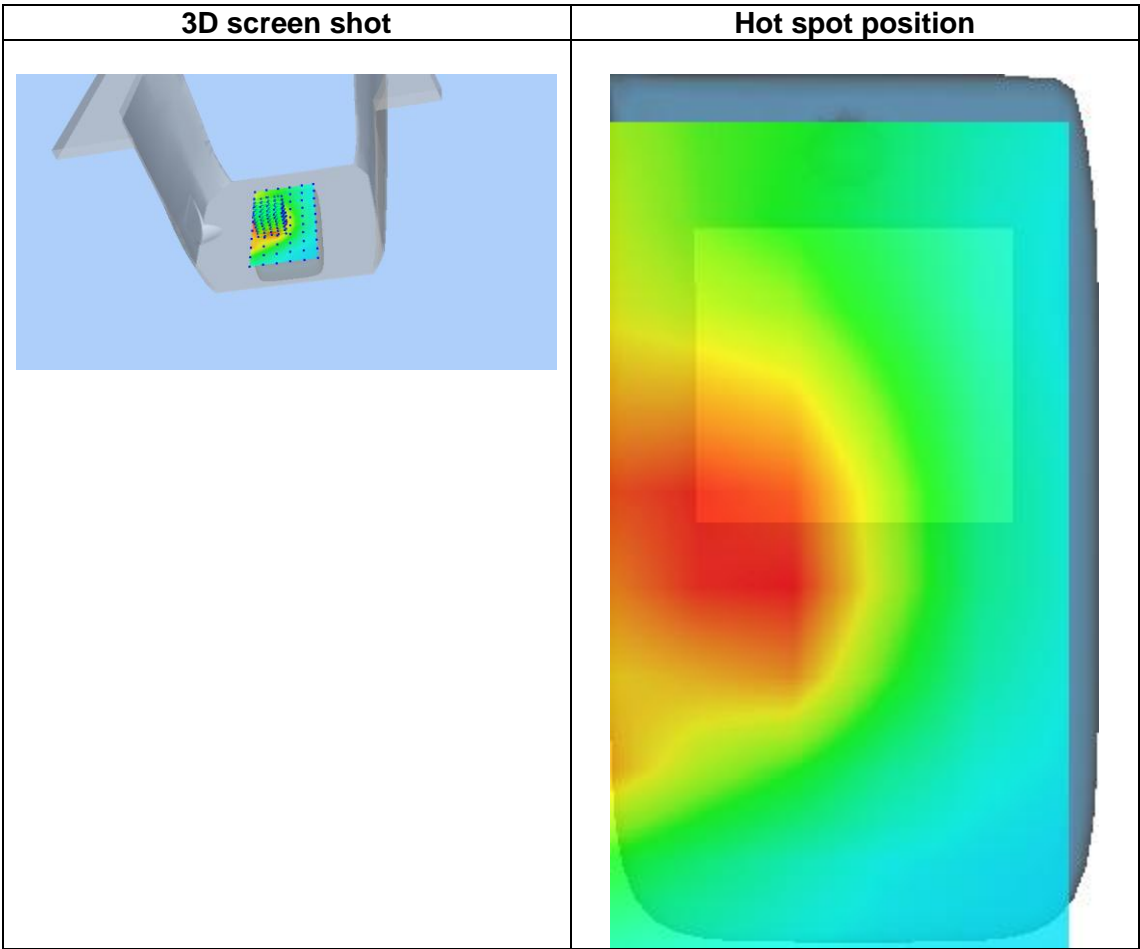
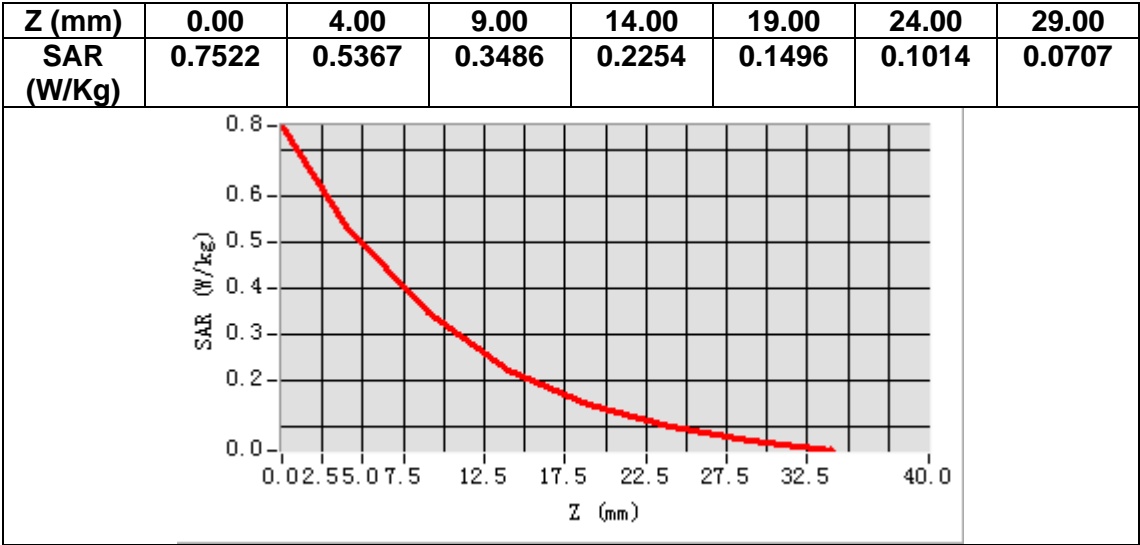
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-9.00

SAR Peak: 0.76 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.320906
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.517713



MEASUREMENT 9

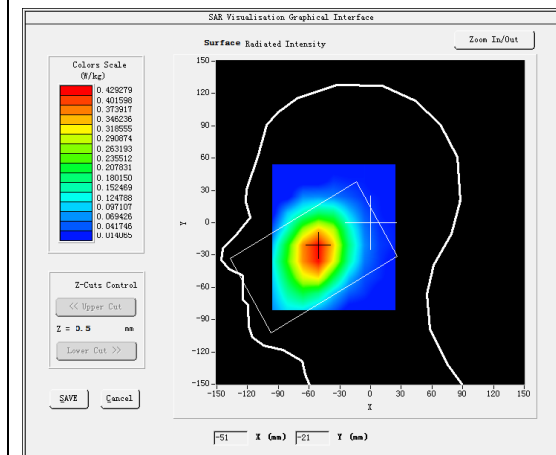
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5_WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

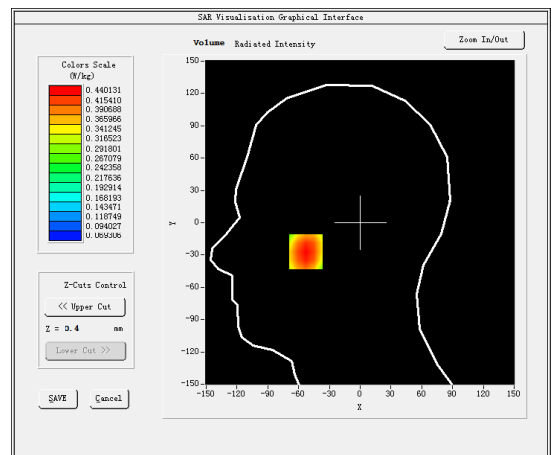
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.540958
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.071541
Conductivity (S/m)	0.932658
Variation (%)	0.920000

SURFACE SAR



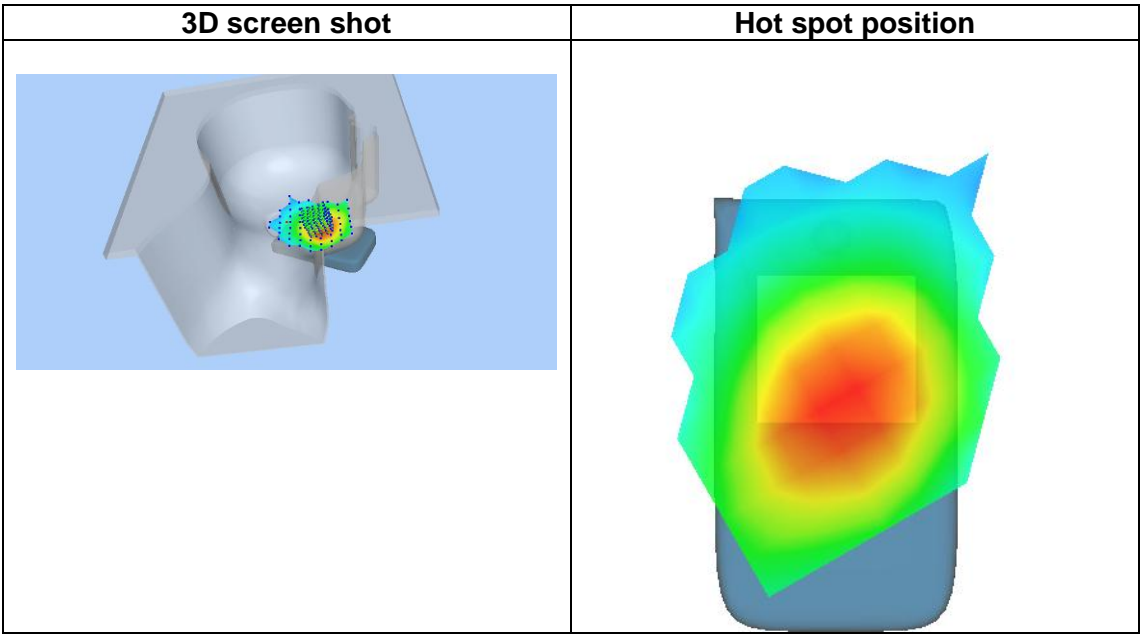
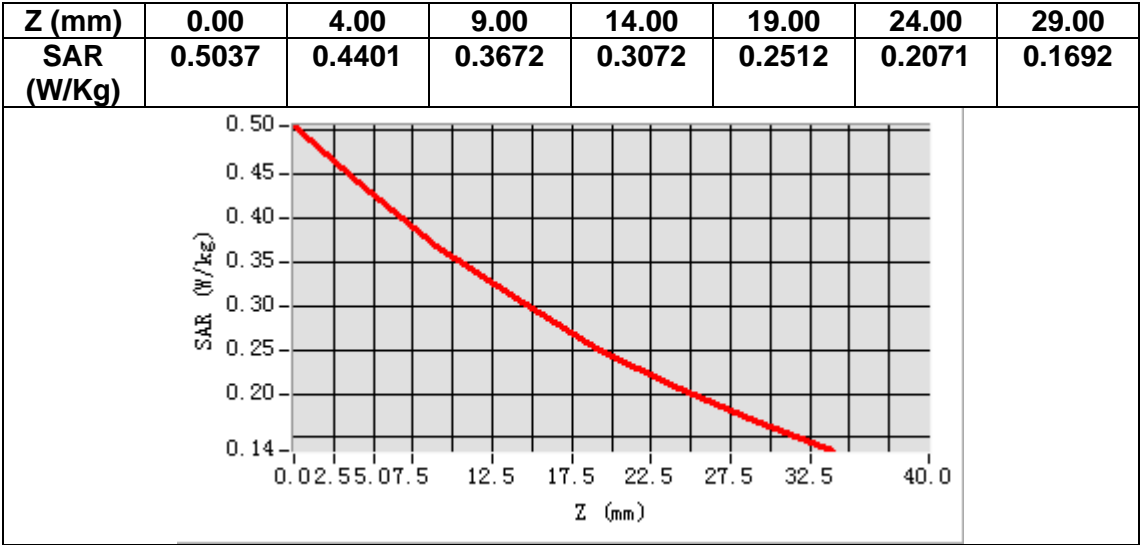
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-27.00

SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.339961
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.438826



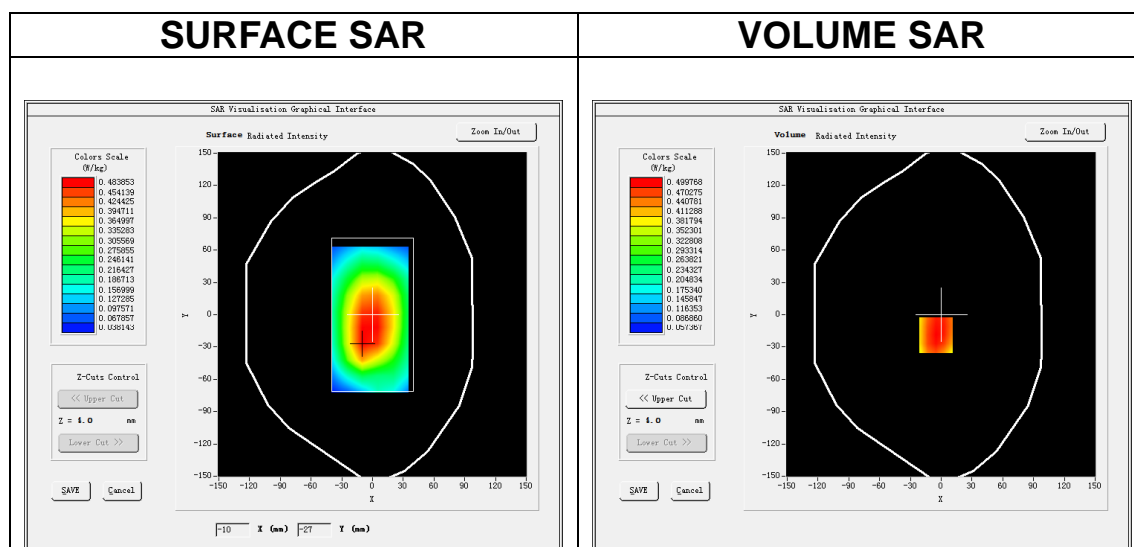
MEASUREMENT 10

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5_WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

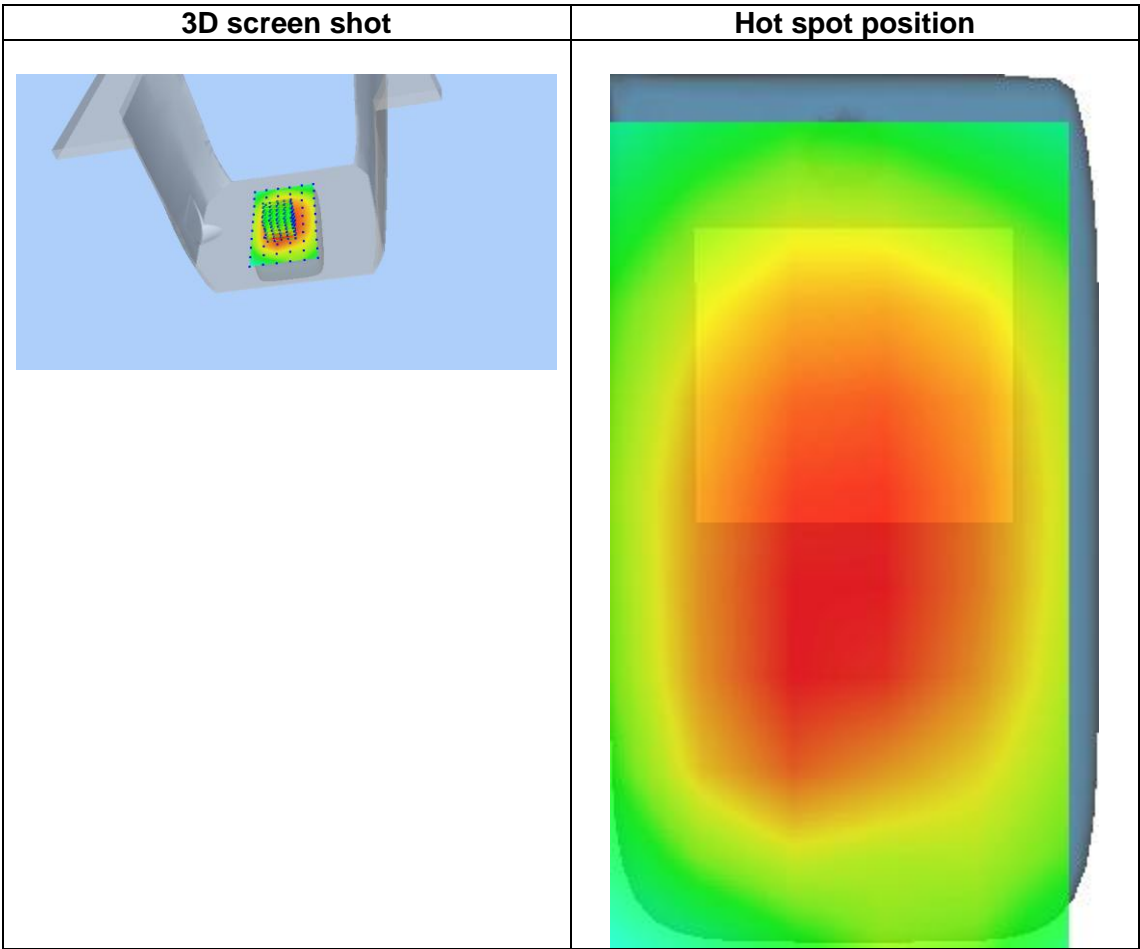
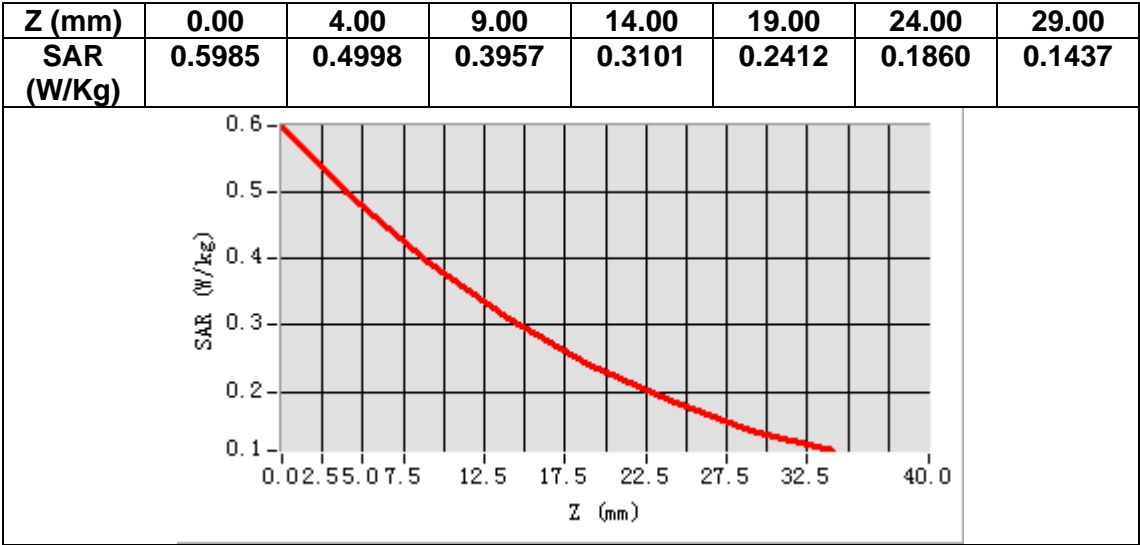
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.369579
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.712740
Conductivity (S/m)	1.008919
Variation (%)	-0.920000



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-19.00

SAR Peak: 0.60 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.375634
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.499884



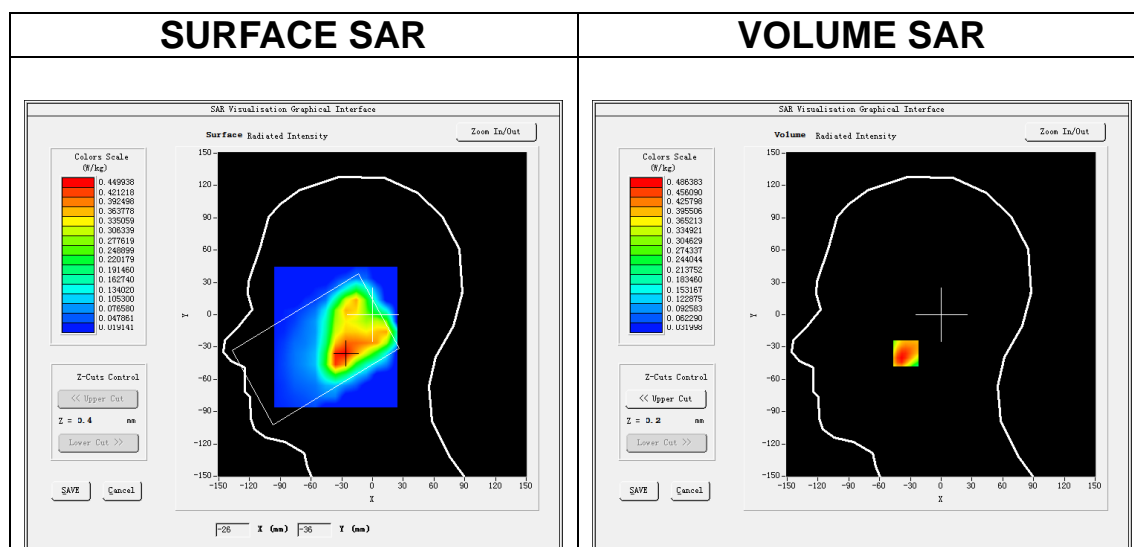
MEASUREMENT 11

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

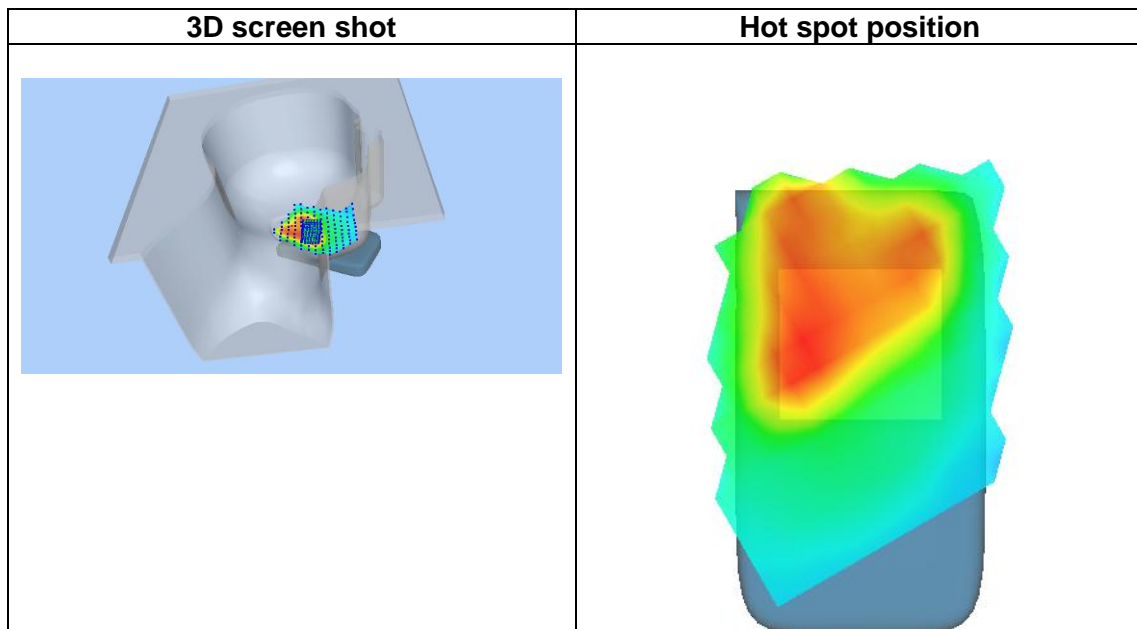
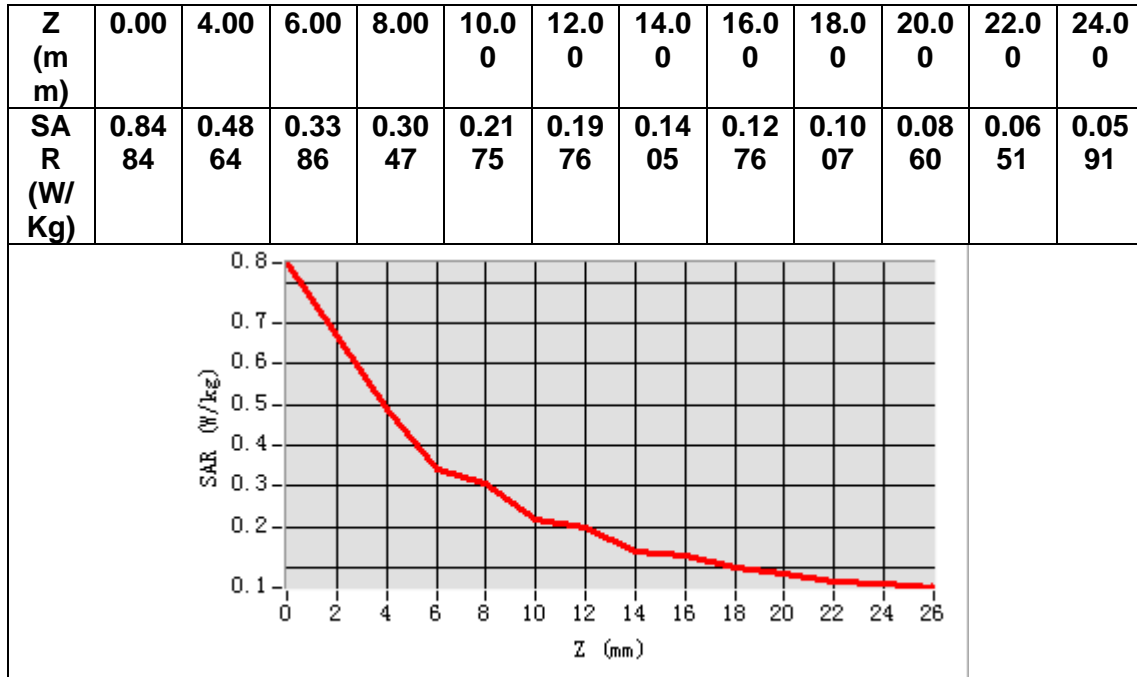
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.921001
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.460300
Conductivity (S/m)	1.822375
Variation (%)	-0.780000



Maximum location: X=-28.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.252507
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.460870



MEASUREMENT 12

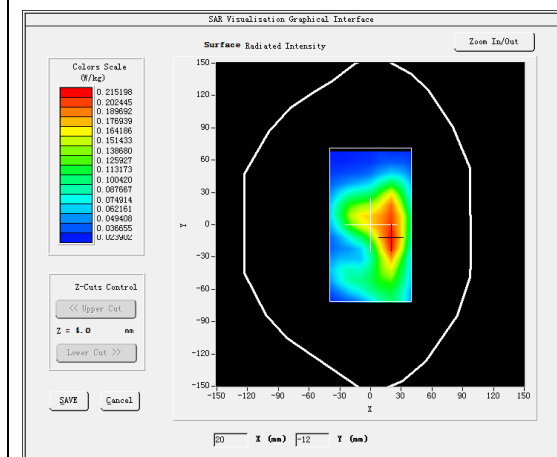
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

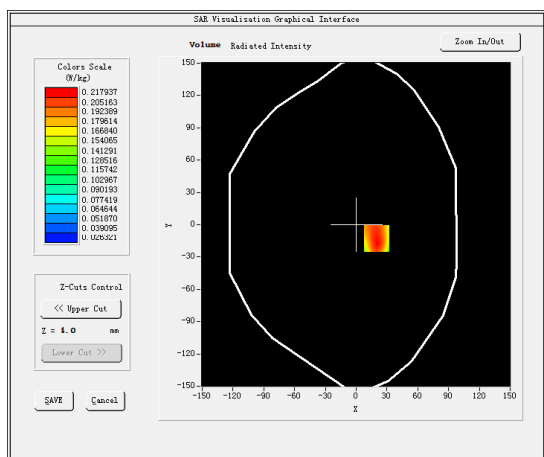
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.241600
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.875620
Conductivity (S/m)	2.013994
Variation (%)	0.140000

SURFACE SAR



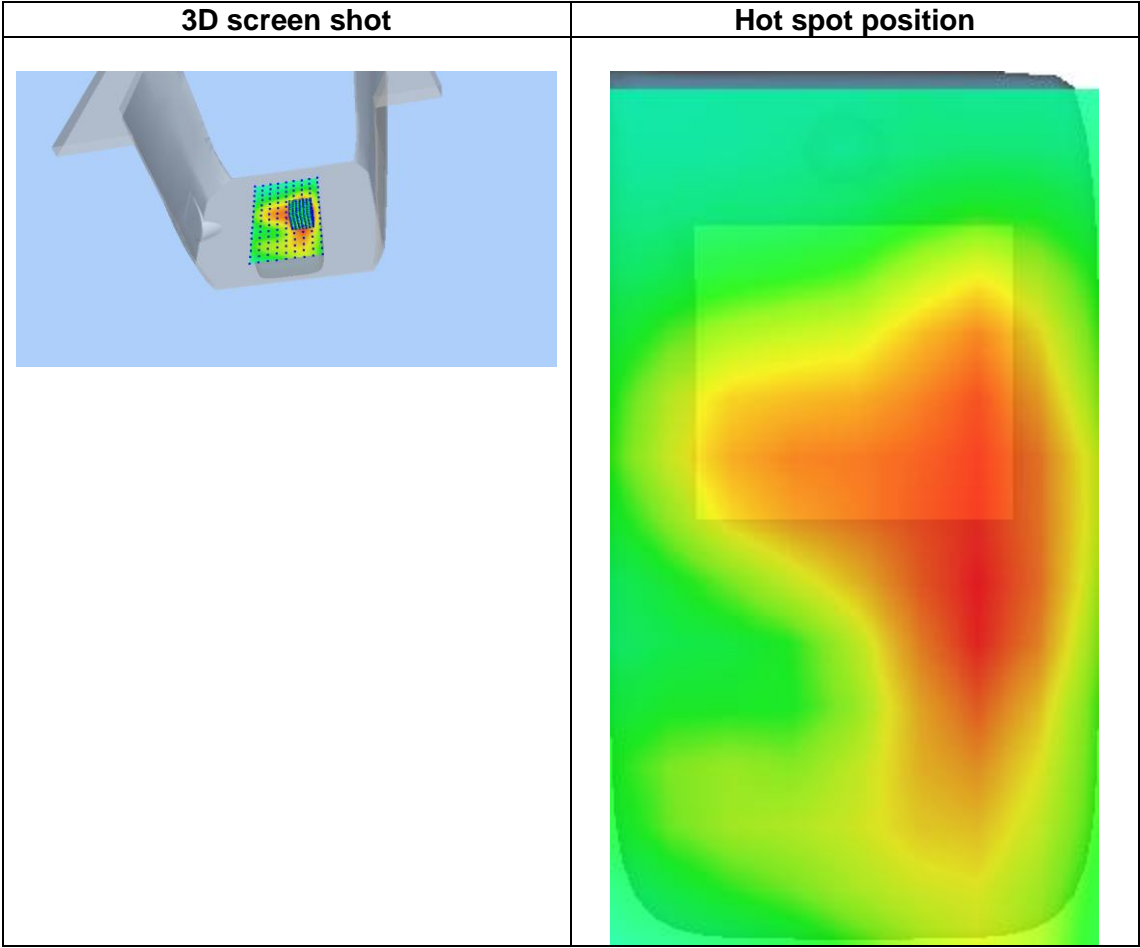
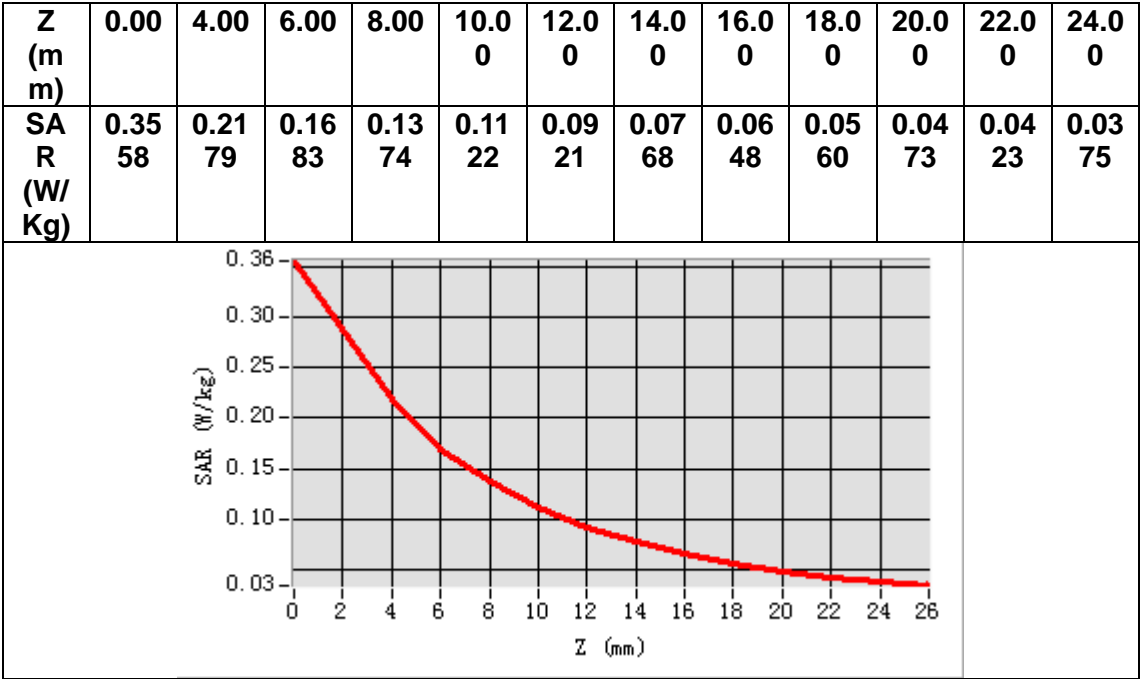
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=20.00, Y=-13.00

SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.123866
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.211141



14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - SN 41/18 EPGO330
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 41/18 EPGO330

Calibrated at MVG US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 05/21/19

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/22/2019	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/22/2019	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/22/2019	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	CCIC SOUTHERN TESTING CO., LTD

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	5/22/2019	Initial release
B	5/27/2019	Change customer name and address



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 41/18 EPGO330
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.186 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.191 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.201 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

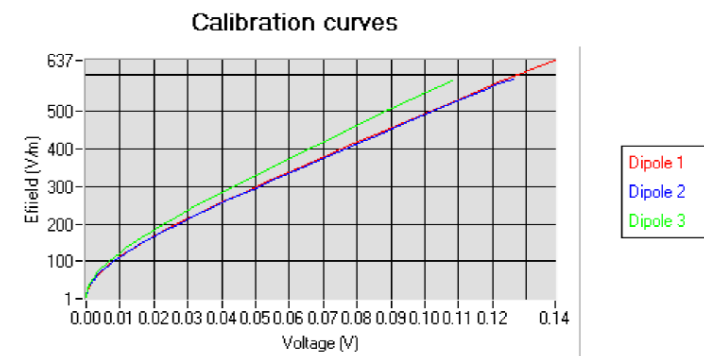
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
0.92	0.79	0.63

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
90	97	92

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

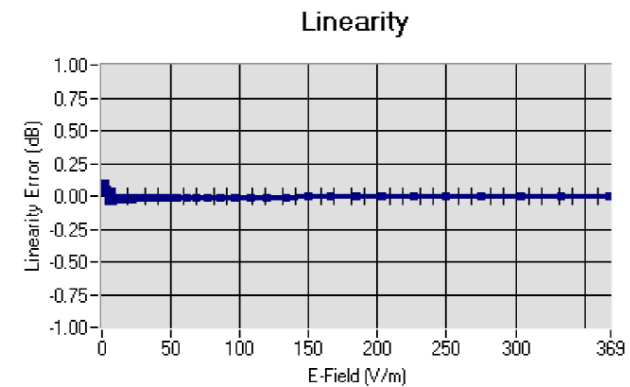




COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity: $\pm 2.36\%$ ($\pm 0.10\text{dB}$)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz $\pm 100\text{MHz}$)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL750	750	40.76	0.93	1.54
BL750	750	56.70	0.98	1.59
HL850	835	40.86	0.92	1.60
BL850	835	56.35	0.99	1.64
HL900	900	42.84	0.95	1.61
BL900	900	53.25	1.05	1.65
HL1800	1800	39.56	1.40	1.74
BL1800	1800	52.84	1.45	1.81
HL1900	1900	39.67	1.38	2.03
BL1900	1900	52.84	1.59	2.08
HL2000	2000	38.71	1.42	1.86
BL2000	2000	52.03	1.52	1.92
HL2450	2450	38.72	1.80	2.05
BL2450	2450	54.91	1.97	2.12
HL2600	2600	39.98	1.89	2.06
BL2600	2600	54.42	2.18	2.11
HL5200	5200	36.68	4.45	1.85
BL5200	5200	49.02	5.46	1.92
HL5400	5400	36.08	4.69	1.75
BL5400	5400	49.55	5.53	1.83
HL5600	5600	35.34	4.95	1.88
BL5600	5600	47.60	5.77	1.95
HL5800	5800	34.81	5.08	1.89
BL5800	5800	47.81	6.12	1.94

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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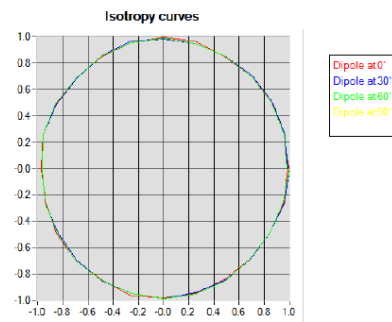
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

5.4 ISOTROPY

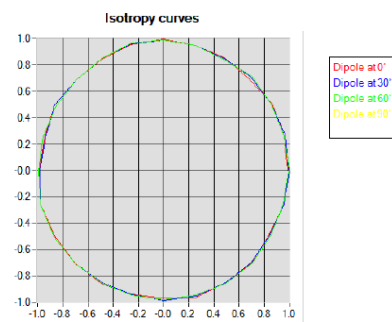
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



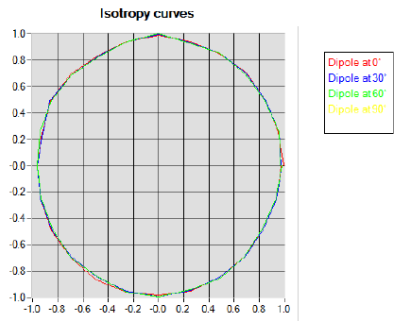


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.09 dB





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.142.2.19.SATU.B

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2019	02/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 04/19/2018




Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	4/19/2018	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	4/19/2018	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	4/19/2018	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

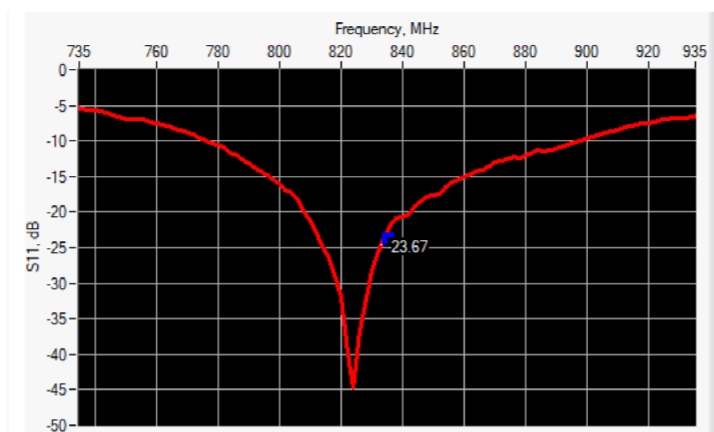
Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

10 g

20.1 %

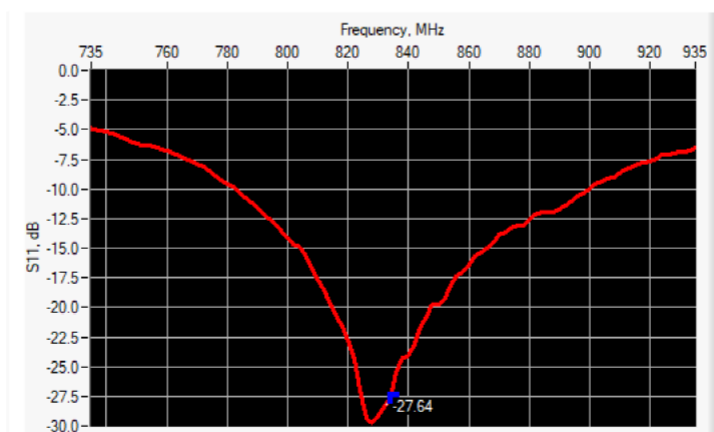
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-23.67	-20	56.8 Ω - 1.5 j Ω

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-27.64	-20	53.5 Ω + 2.3 j Ω

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 \pm 1 %.		250.0 \pm 1 %.		6.35 \pm 1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_{ps} : 40.0 σ : 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.55 (0.95)	6.22	6.10 (0.61)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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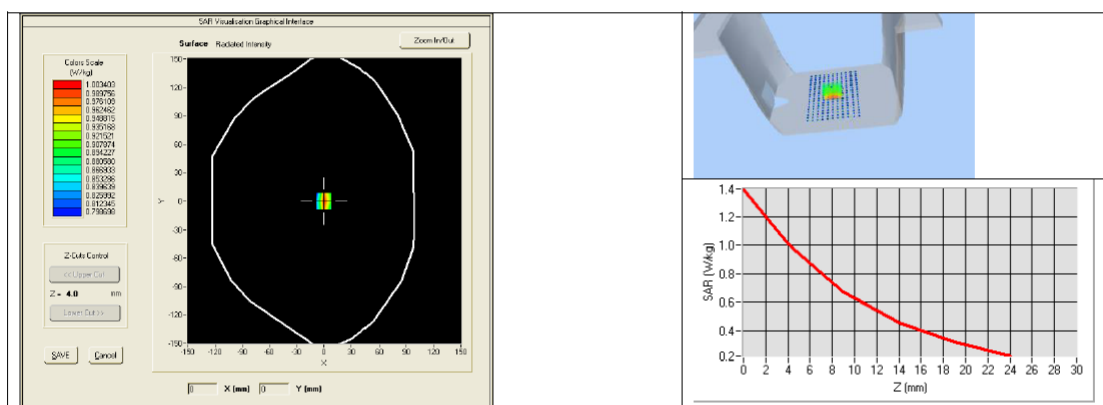
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1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 \pm 5 %		0.80 \pm 5 %	
300	58.2 \pm 5 %		0.92 \pm 5 %	
450	56.7 \pm 5 %		0.94 \pm 5 %	
750	55.5 \pm 5 %		0.96 \pm 5 %	
835	55.2 \pm 5 %	PASS	0.97 \pm 5 %	PASS
900	55.0 \pm 5 %		1.05 \pm 5 %	
915	55.0 \pm 5 %		1.06 \pm 5 %	
1450	54.0 \pm 5 %		1.30 \pm 5 %	
1610	53.8 \pm 5 %		1.40 \pm 5 %	
1800	53.3 \pm 5 %		1.52 \pm 5 %	
1900	53.3 \pm 5 %		1.52 \pm 5 %	
2000	53.3 \pm 5 %		1.52 \pm 5 %	
2100	53.2 \pm 5 %		1.62 \pm 5 %	

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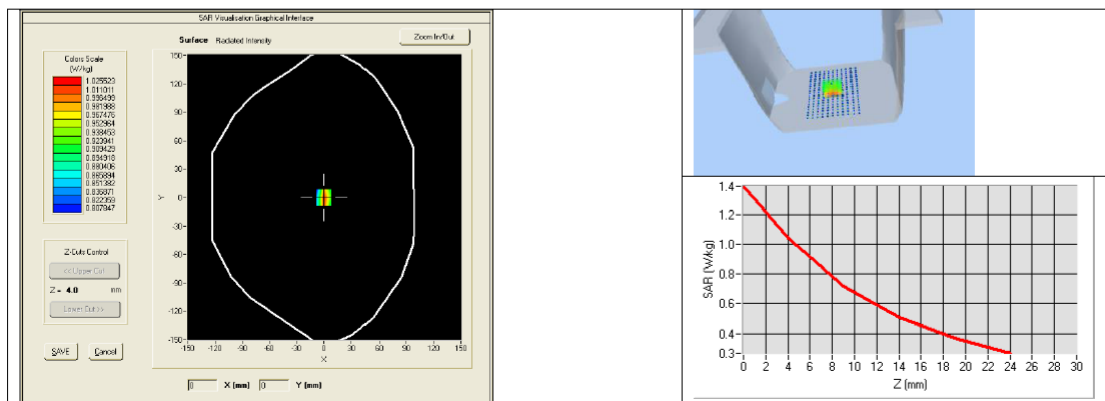
Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

2300	52.9 ±5 %		1.81 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
3700	51.0 ±5 %		3.55 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: ϵ_{ps} : 57.5 σ : 0.96
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.83 (0.98)	6.45 (0.64)



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Ref: ACR.109.2.18.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2017	01/2020
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2017	10/2018
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020