



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: STS2201135H01

Issued for

Shenzhen Harmony Technology Co.,Ltd

Block 2, Jiayuan Industrial Zone, Heping Community
high-tech park, No 2 Fuyuan Road, Fuyong, Bao'an,
Shenzhen, China

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Product Name: | TABLET PC |
| Brand Name: | NAXA |
| Model Name: | NID-7056 |
| Series Model: | NID-7021, NID-7022, HN-M772 |
| FCC ID: | 2ACJANID7 |
| Test Standard: | ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1 |
| | FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) |
| | IEEE 1528: 2013 |
| Max. Report SAR (1g): | Body: 0.410 W/kg |

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name : Shenzhen Harmony Technology Co.,Ltd
Address : Block 2, Jiayuan Industrial Zone, Heping Community high-tech park, No 2 Fuyuan Road, Fuyong, Bao'an, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer's Name : Shenzhen Harmony Technology Co.,Ltd
Address : Block 2, Jiayuan Industrial Zone, Heping Community high-tech park, No 2 Fuyuan Road, Fuyong, Bao'an, Shenzhen, China

Product description

Product name : TABLET PC
Brand name : NAXA
Model name : NID-7056
Series Model..... : NID-7021, NID-7022, HN-M772
ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test :
Date (s) of performance of tests : 17 Feb. 2022
Date of Issue..... : 24 Feb. 2022
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Testing Engineer :

(Shifan. Long)

Technical Manager :

(Sean she)

Authorized Signatory :

(Vita Li)





Table of Contents

| | |
|--|-----------|
| 1. General Information | 5 |
| 1.1 EUT Description | 5 |
| 1.2 Test Environment | 6 |
| 1.3 Test Factory | 6 |
| 2. Test Standards and Limits | 7 |
| 3. SAR Measurement System | 8 |
| 3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) | 8 |
| 3.2 SAR System | 8 |
| 4. Tissue Simulating Liquids | 11 |
| 4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check | 11 |
| 5. SAR System Validation | 13 |
| 5.1 Validation System | 13 |
| 5.2 Validation Result | 13 |
| 6. SAR Evaluation Procedures | 14 |
| 7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch | 15 |
| 7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table | 16 |
| 8. EUT Test Position | 18 |
| 8.1 Body-worn Position Conditions: | 18 |
| 8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition | 18 |
| 9. Uncertainty | 19 |
| 9.1 Measurement Uncertainty | 19 |
| 10. Conducted Power Measurement | 20 |
| 10.1 Test Result | 20 |
| 11. EUT and Test Setup Photo | 21 |
| 11.1 EUT Photo | 21 |
| 11.2 Setup Photo | 24 |
| 12. SAR Result Summary | 26 |
| 12.1 Body-worn SAR | 26 |
| 13. Equipment List | 27 |
| Appendix A. System Validation Plots | 28 |
| Appendix B. SAR Test Plots | 30 |
| Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report | 32 |

**Revision History**

| Rev. | Issue Date | Report No. | Effect Page | Contents |
|------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 00 | 24 Feb. 2022 | STS2201135H01 | ALL | Initial Issue |
| | | | | |





1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

| | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|------------------|
| Product Name | TABLET PC | | |
| Brand Name | NAXA | | |
| Model Name | NID-7056 | | |
| Series Model | NID-7021, NID-7022, HN-M772 | | |
| Model Difference | Only the appearance color is different | | |
| Battery | Rated Voltage:3.7V Charge Limit Voltage:5V Capacity: 2400mAh | | |
| Device Category | Portable | | |
| Product stage | Production unit | | |
| RF Exposure Environment | General Population / Uncontrolled | | |
| Hardware Version | A86V-D4UA | | |
| Software Version | android 11 | | |
| Frequency Range | WLAN802.11b/g/n(HT20)/n(HT40): 2412~2462MHz Bluetooth: 2402 to 2480 MHz | | |
| Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg) | Band | Mode | Body Worn (W/kg) |
| | DTS | 2.4G WLAN 802.11b | 0.410 |
| | DTS | 2.4G WLAN 802.11 n HT40 | 0.117 |
| FCC Equipment Class | Digital Transmission System (DTS) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS) | | |
| Operating Mode: | WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n20/n40 Bluetooth: GFSK + π /4DQPSK+8DPSK | | |
| Antenna Specification: | WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna | | |
| Hotspot Mode | Not support | | |
| DTM Mode | Not Support | | |
| Note: 1. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power 2. Bluetooth and WLAN can't simultaneous transmission at the same time. 3. Bluetooth SAR was exempted | | | |



1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

| Items | Required |
|------------------|----------|
| Temperature (°C) | 18-25 |
| Humidity (%RH) | 30-70 |

1.3 Test Factory

ShenZhen STS Test Services Co.,Ltd.

A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China

FCC test Firm Registration No.: 625569

IC Registration No.: 12108A

A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01





2. Test Standards and Limits

| No. | Identity | Document Title |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | 47 CFR Part 2 | Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations |
| 2 | ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz |
| 3 | IEEE Std. 1528-2013 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| 4 | FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06 | Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies |
| 5 | FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 | SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz |
| 6 | FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 | RF Exposure Reporting |
| 7 | FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01 | Hotspot Mode SAR |
| 8 | FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03 | SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets |
| 9 | FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02 | SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices |

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE

GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
PARTIAL BODY LIMIT
1.6 W/kg

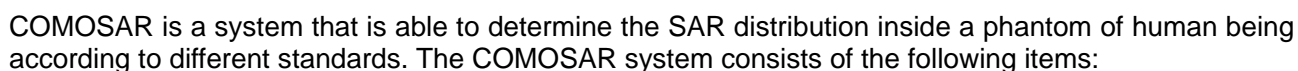
3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,
 ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

MVG SAR System Diagram:



- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The Open SAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 07/21 EPG0352 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: <0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 150 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

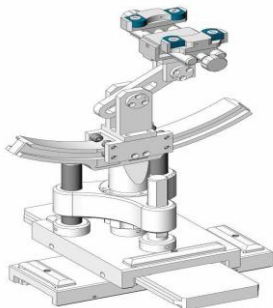
SN 32/14 SAM115



SN 32/14 SAM116



3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

4. Tissue Simulating Liquids



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Head Tissue

| Frequency (MHz) | cellulose % | DGBE % | HEC % | NaCl % | Preventol % | Sugar % | X100 % | Water % | Conductivity σ | Permittivity ϵ_r |
|-----------------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 750 | 0.2 | / | / | 1.4 | 0.2 | 57.0 | / | 41.1 | 0.89 | 41.9 |
| 835 | 0.2 | / | / | 1.4 | 0.2 | 57.9 | / | 40.3 | 0.90 | 41.5 |
| 900 | 0.2 | / | / | 1.4 | 0.2 | 57.9 | / | 40.3 | 0.97 | 41.5 |
| 1800 | / | 44.5 | / | 0.3 | / | / | 30.45 | 55.2 | 1.4 | 40.0 |
| 1900 | / | 44.5 | / | 0.3 | / | / | 30.45 | 55.2 | 1.4 | 40.0 |
| 2000 | / | 44.5 | / | 0.3 | / | / | / | 55.2 | 1.4 | 40.0 |
| 2450 | / | 44.9 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 55.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 |
| 2600 | / | 45.0 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 54.9 | 1.96 | 39.0 |

Body Tissue

| Frequency (MHz) | cellulose % | DGBE % | HEC % | NaCl % | Preventol % | Sugar % | X100 % | Water % | Conductivity σ | Permittivity ϵ_r |
|-----------------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 750 | 0.2 | / | / | 0.9 | 0.1 | 47.2 | / | 51.7 | 0.96 | 55.5 |
| 835 | 0.2 | / | / | 0.9 | 0.1 | 48.2 | / | 50.8 | 0.97 | 55.2 |
| 900 | 0.2 | / | / | 0.9 | 0.1 | 48.2 | / | 50.8 | 1.05 | 55.0 |
| 1800 | / | 29.4 | / | 0.4 | / | / | 30.45 | 70.2 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 1900 | / | 29.4 | / | 0.4 | / | / | 30.45 | 70.2 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 2000 | / | 29.4 | / | 0.4 | / | / | / | 70.2 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 2450 | / | 31.3 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 68.6 | 1.95 | 52.7 |
| 2600 | / | 31.7 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 68.2 | 2.16 | 52.3 |

| Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms | | | | |
|---|--------------|------|-----------------|------|
| Frequency | ϵ_r | | σ S/m | |
| | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| 300 | 45.3 | 58.2 | 0.87 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 56.7 | 0.87 | 0.94 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 55.0 | 0.97 | 1.05 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 54.0 | 1.20 | 1.30 |
| 1800 | 40.0 | 53.3 | 1.40 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 52.7 | 1.80 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 52.0 | 2.40 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 48.2 | 5.27 | 6.00 |

**LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

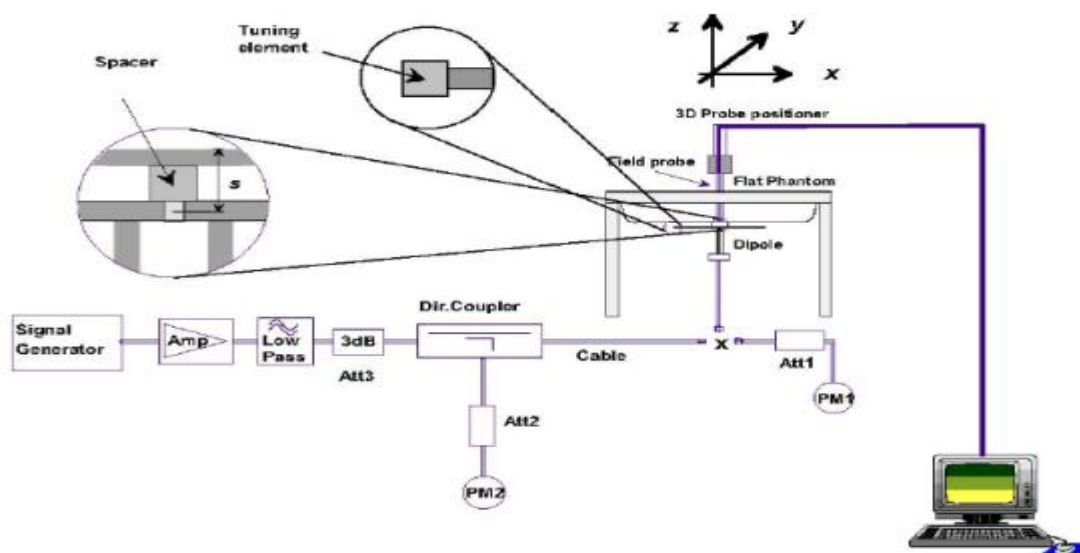
| Date | Ambient | | Simulating Liquid | | Parameters | Target | Measured | Deviation % | Limited % |
|-----------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|--------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Temp. [°C] | Humidity % | Frequency | Temp. [°C] | | | | | |
| 2022/2/17 | 21.1 | 40 | 2412 MHz | 20.8 | Permittivity | 39.26 | 39.95 | 1.76 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.77 | 1.79 | 1.13 | ±5 |
| 2022/2/17 | 24.0 | 48 | 2422 MHz | 23.8 | Permittivity | 39.24 | 38.99 | -0.64 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.78 | 1.79 | 0.56 | ±5 |
| 2022/2/17 | 20.2 | 56 | 2437MHz | 19.9 | Permittivity | 39.2 | 39.15 | -0.18 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.8 | 1.81 | 1.12 | ±5 |
| 2022/2/17 | 20.8 | 57 | 2450 MHz | 20.5 | Permittivity | 39.2 | 38.98 | -0.56 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.8 | 1.78 | -1.11 | ±5 |
| 2022/2/17 | 22.2 | 46 | 2462 MHz | 21.9 | Permittivity | 39.18 | 40.58 | 3.57 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.81 | 1.78 | -1.66 | ±5 |

5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

| Date | Freq. | Power | Tested Value | Normalized SAR | Target SAR | Tolerance | Limit |
|------------|-------|-------|--------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | (MHz) | (mW) | (W/Kg) | (W/kg) | 1g(W/kg) | (%) | (%) |
| 2022-02-17 | 2450 | 100 | 5.285 | 52.85 | 52.40 | -1.14 | 10 |

Note:

1. The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.
2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

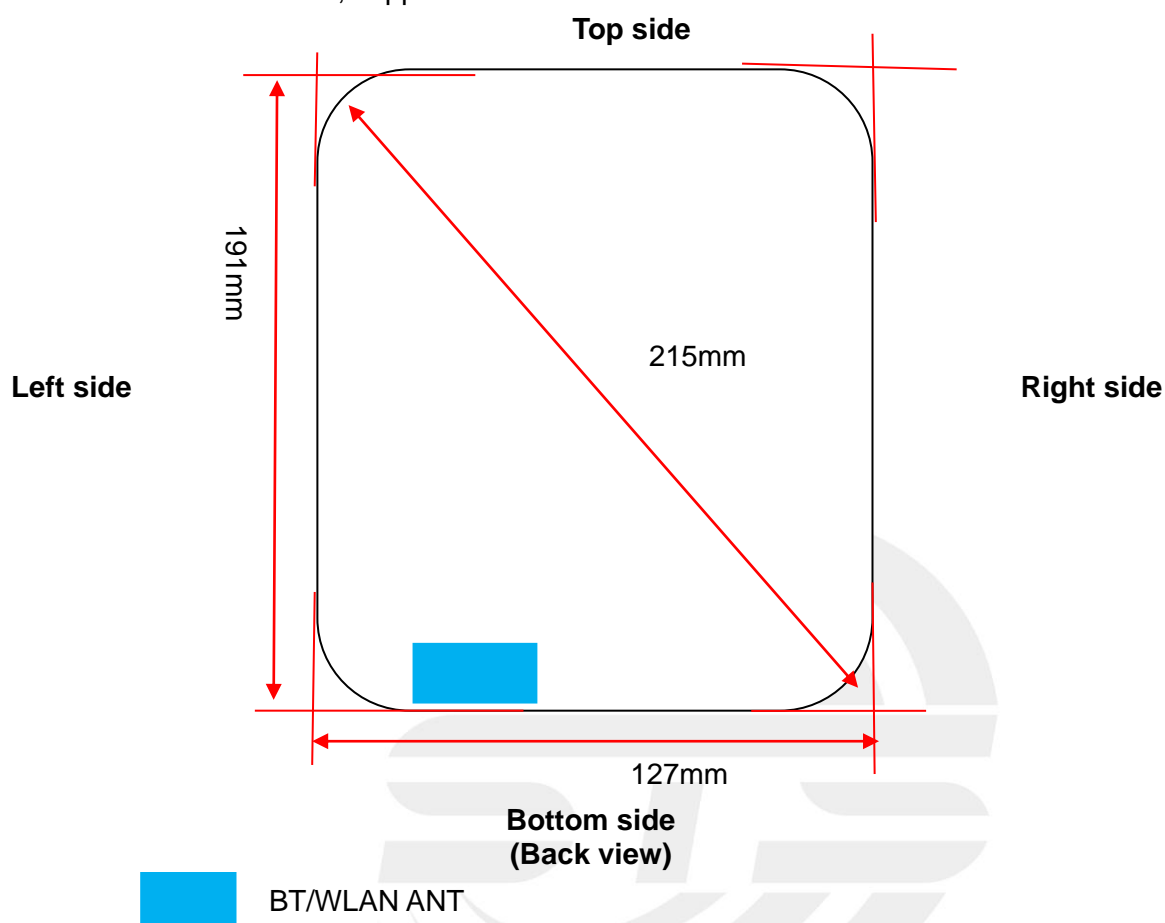
➤ Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a TABLET PC, support WLAN and BT mode.



| ANT | Back Side | Left Edge | Right Edge | Top Edge | Bottom Edge |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| BT/WLAN ANT | ≤5 | 18 | 77 | 174 | ≤5 |

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.



7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

The WLAN SAR evaluation of Maximum power (dBm) summing tolerance.

| Exposure Position | Wireless Interface | 2.4G WLAN 802.11b | 2.4G WLAN 802.11HT40 | BT |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------|
| | Calculated Frequency | 2437 | 2422 | 2402 |
| | Maximum Turn-up power (dBm) | 11 | 11.6 | 6.5 |
| | Maximum rated power(mW) | 12.59 | 14.45 | 4.47 |
| Back Side | Separation distance (mm) | ≤5 | ≤5 | ≤5 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 9.61 | 9.64 | 9.68 |
| | Testing required? | YES | YES | NO |
| Left Edge | Separation distance (mm) | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 34.59 | 34.70 | 34.84 |
| | Testing required? | NO | NO | NO |
| Right Edge | Separation distance (mm) | 77 | 77 | 77 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 366.09 | 366.38 | 366.78 |
| | Testing required? | NO | NO | NO |
| Top Edge | Separation distance (mm) | 174 | 174 | 174 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 1336.09 | 1336.38 | 1336.78 |
| | Testing required? | NO | NO | NO |
| Bottom Edge | Separation distance (mm) | ≤5 | ≤5 | ≤5 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 9.61 | 9.64 | 9.68 |
| | Testing required? | YES | YES | NO |

Note:

1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <25mm, 25mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by:



$$\left[\frac{\text{max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] * \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0) to do compare

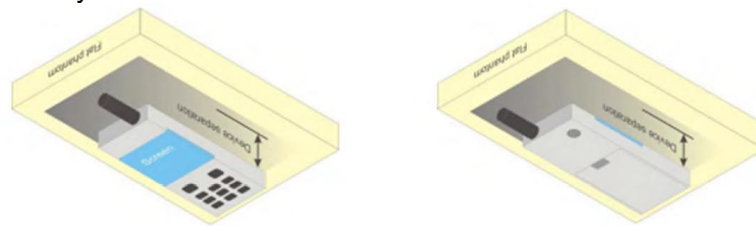
5. per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [threshold at 50mm in step 1] + (test separation distance - 50mm) * (f (MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [threshold at 50mm in step 1] + (test separation distance - 50mm) * 10] mW at > 1500MHz and \leq 6GHz
6. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8. for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.
7. Per KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary.

8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Front Face and Rear Face.

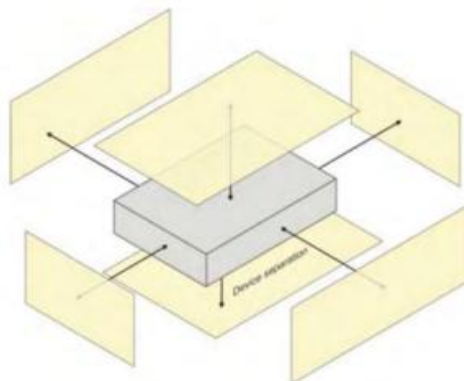
8.1 Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).





9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

| Uncertainty Component | Tol (+/- %) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | Ci (1g) | Ci (10g) | 1g Ui (+/-%) | 10g Ui (+/-%) | v_i |
|---|----------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | 5.86 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.86 | 5.86 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 0.16 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | 0.07 | 0.07 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 1.06 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | 0.43 | 0.43 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | 1 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 1.27 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.73 | 0.73 | ∞ |
| System detection limits | 1.23 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.71 | 0.71 | ∞ |
| Modulation response | 3.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 3.60 | 3.60 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 0.28 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.28 | 0.28 | ∞ |
| Response Time | 0.19 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.11 | 0.11 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 1.47 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.85 | 0.85 | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions-Noise | 3.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.02 | 2.02 | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions-reflections | 3.2 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.85 | 1.85 | ∞ |
| Probe positioner mechanical tolerance | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | ∞ |
| Post-processing | 2.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.33 | 1.33 | ∞ |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Test sample positioning | 3.1 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.10 | 3.10 | ∞ |
| Device holder uncertainty | 3.8 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.80 | 3.80 | ∞ |
| SAR drift measurement | 4.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.77 | 2.77 | ∞ |
| SAR scaling | 2 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | ∞ |
| Phantom and tissue parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty) | 4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.31 | 2.31 | ∞ |
| Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity | 2 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.84 | 2.00 | 1.68 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty) | 2.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.95 | 1.78 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (measured) | 4 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.92 | 1.04 | M |
| Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty) | 2.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.23 | 0.26 | 1.95 | 1.78 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (measured) | 5 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 1.15 | 1.30 | M |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | RSS | | | | 10.60 | 10.51 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval) | | K=2 | | | | 21.21 | 21.03 | |



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

2.4G WLAN

| 2.4GWIFI | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Mode | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Output Power (mW) |
| 802.11b | 1 | 2412 | 10.47 | 11.14 |
| | 7 | 2442 | 10.59 | 11.46 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 10.89 | 12.27 |
| 802.11g | 1 | 2412 | 6.73 | 4.71 |
| | 7 | 2442 | 6.57 | 4.54 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 6.63 | 4.60 |
| 802.11 n-HT20 | 1 | 2412 | 6.56 | 4.53 |
| | 7 | 2442 | 6.57 | 4.54 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 6.62 | 4.59 |
| 802.11 n-HT40 | 3 | 2422 | 11.52 | 14.19 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 11.09 | 12.85 |
| | 9 | 2452 | 10.72 | 11.80 |

| BT | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Mode | Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Average Power | Output Power |
| GFSK(1Mbps) | 0 | 2402 | 6.25 | 4.22 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 5.90 | 3.89 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 5.39 | 3.46 |
| $\pi/4$ -QPSK(2Mbps) | 0 | 2402 | 5.71 | 3.72 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 5.43 | 3.49 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 4.88 | 3.08 |
| 8DPSK(3Mbps) | 0 | 2402 | 5.82 | 3.82 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 5.45 | 3.51 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 5.05 | 3.20 |

11. EUT and Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo

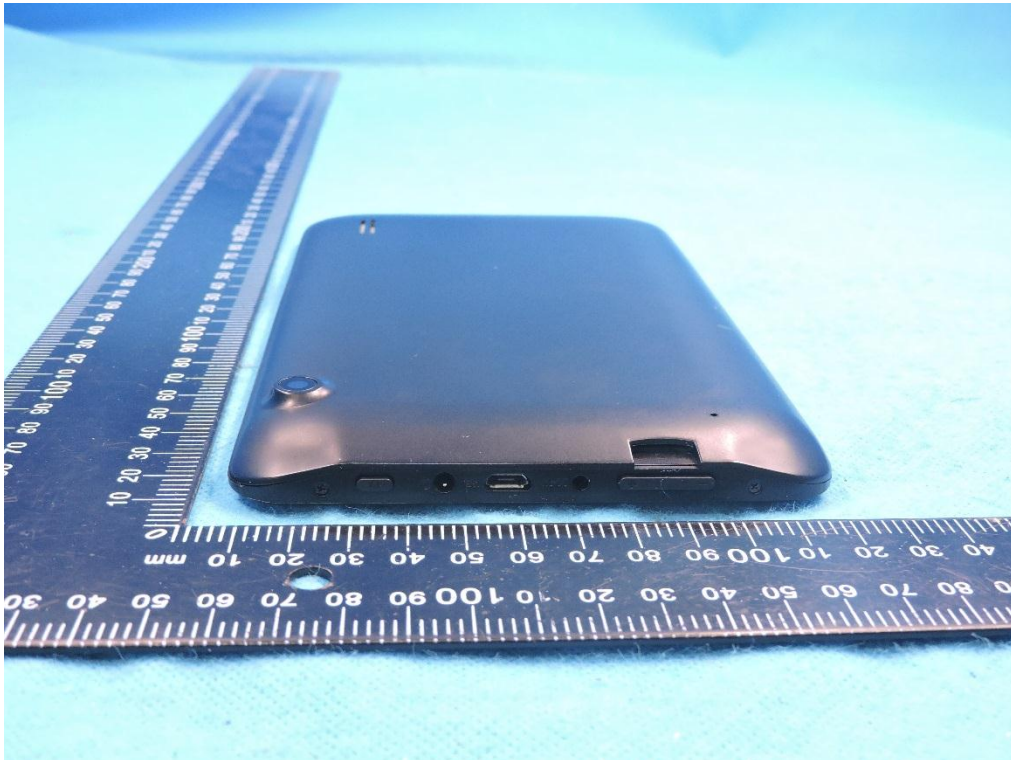
Front side



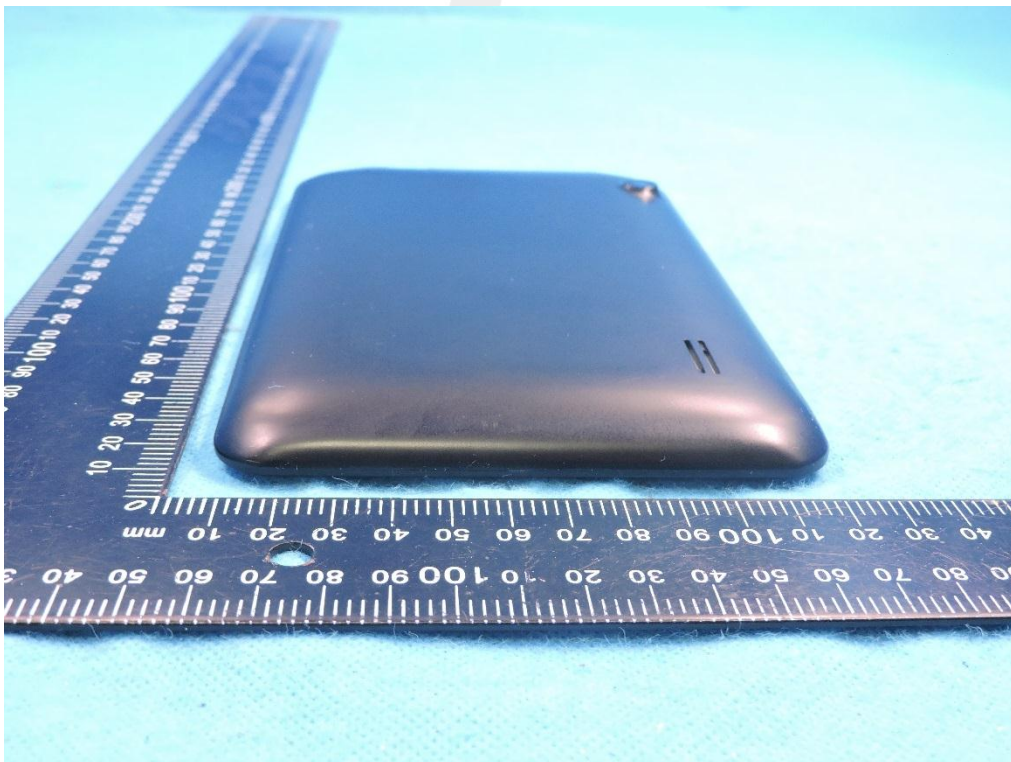
Back side



Top side



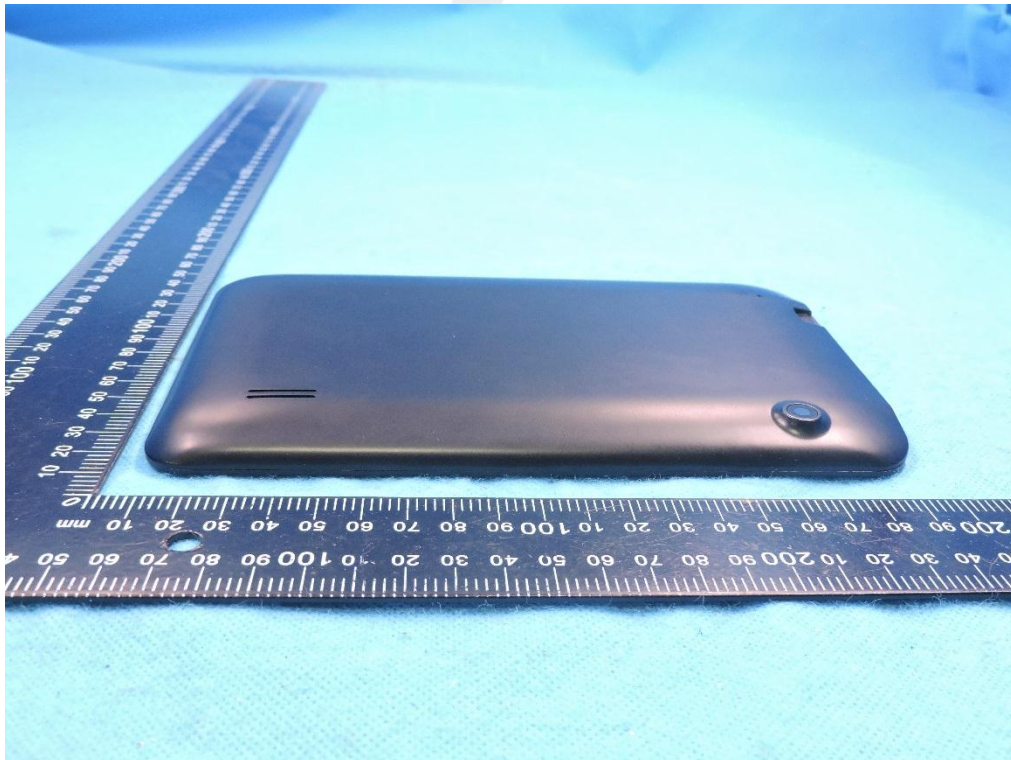
Bottom side



Left side

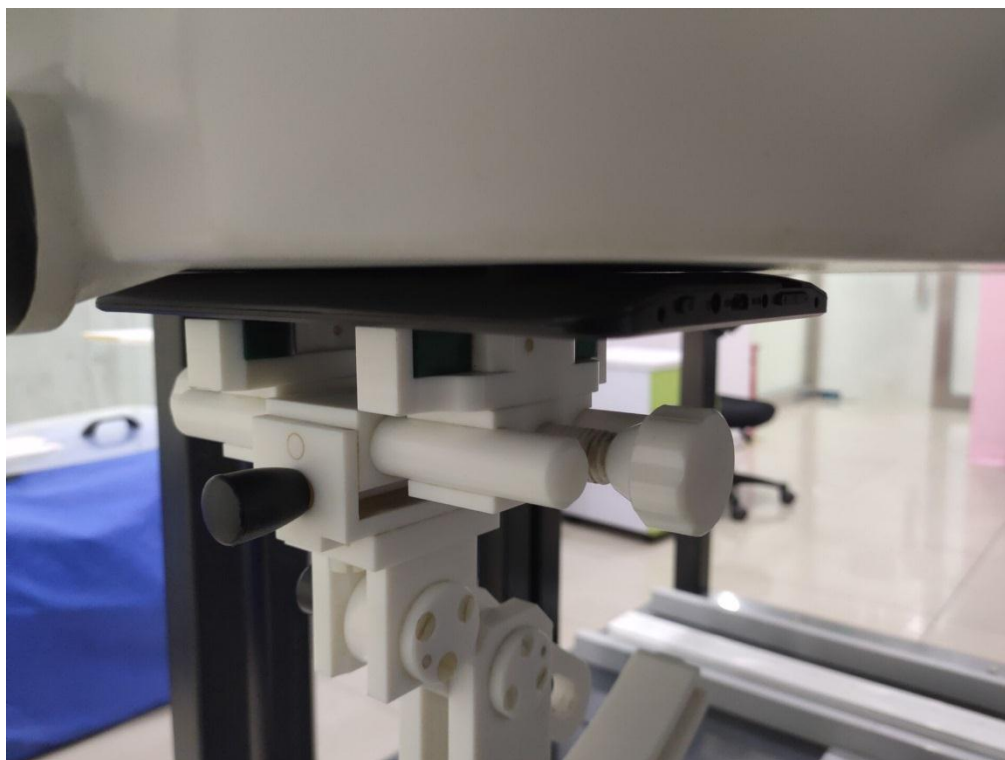


Right side



11.2 Setup Photo

Body Back side(separation distance is 0mm)



Body Bottom side(separation distance is 0mm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)





12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Body-worn SAR

| Band | Model | Test Position | Frequency (MHz) | SAR (1g) (W/kg) | Power Drift(%) | Max.Turn-up Power(dBm) | Meas.Output Power(dBm) | Scaled SAR (W/Kg) | Meas.No. |
|-----------|------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| 2.4G WLAN | 802.11b | Back Side | 2442 | 0.362 | -1.25 | 11.00 | 10.59 | 0.398 | / |
| | | Bottom Side | 2412 | 0.354 | -2.42 | 11.00 | 10.47 | 0.400 | / |
| | | Bottom Side | 2442 | 0.361 | 3.69 | 11.00 | 10.59 | 0.397 | / |
| | | Bottom Side | 2462 | 0.400 | 3.80 | 11.00 | 10.89 | 0.410 | 1 |
| 2.4G WLAN | 802.11HT40 | Back Side | 2422 | 0.115 | -0.46 | 11.60 | 11.52 | 0.117 | 2 |
| | | Bottom Side | 2422 | 0.114 | -1.35 | 11.60 | 11.52 | 0.116 | / |

Note:

1. The test separation of all above table is 0mm.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor



13. Equipment List

| Kind of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type No. | Serial No. | Last Calibration | Calibrated Until |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 2450MHzDipole | MVG | SID2450 | SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335 | 2020.07.14 | 2023.07.13 |
| E-Field Probe | MVG | SSE2 | SN 07/21 EPGO352 | 2021.03.01 | 2022.02.28 |
| Dielectric Probe Kit | MVG | SCLMP | SN 32/14 OCPG67 | 2021.11.23 | 2022.11.22 |
| Antenna | MVG | ANTA3 | SN 07/13 ZNTA52 | N/A | N/A |
| Phantom1 | MVG | SAM | SN 32/14 SAM115 | N/A | N/A |
| Phantom2 | MVG | SAM | SN 32/14 SAM116 | N/A | N/A |
| Phone holder | MVG | N/A | SN 32/14 MSH97 | N/A | N/A |
| Laptop holder | MVG | N/A | SN 32/14 LSH29 | N/A | N/A |
| Attenuator | Agilent | 99899 | DC-18GHz | N/A | N/A |
| Directional coupler | Narda | 4226-20 | 3305 | N/A | N/A |
| Network Analyzer | Agilent | 8753ES | US38432810 | 2021.09.29 | 2022.09.28 |
| Multi Meter | Keithley | Multi Meter 2000 | 4050073 | 2021.10.08 | 2022.10.07 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent | N5182A | MY50140530 | 2021.09.30 | 2022.09.29 |
| Wireless Communication Test Set | Agilent | 8960-E5515C | MY48360751 | 2021.09.30 | 2022.09.29 |
| Wireless Communication Test Set | R&S | CMW500 | 117239 | 2021.09.30 | 2022.09.29 |
| Power Amplifier | DESAY | ZHL-42W | 9638 | 2021.10.09 | 2022.10.08 |
| Power Meter | R&S | NRP | 100510 | 2021.09.29 | 2022.09.28 |
| Power Sensor | R&S | NRP-Z11 | 101919 | 2021.09.29 | 2022.09.28 |
| Temperature hygrometer | SuWei | SW-108 | N/A | 2021.10.09 | 2022.10.08 |
| Thermograph | Elitech | RC-4 | S/N EF7176501537 | 2021.10.09 | 2022.10.08 |

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, STS LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

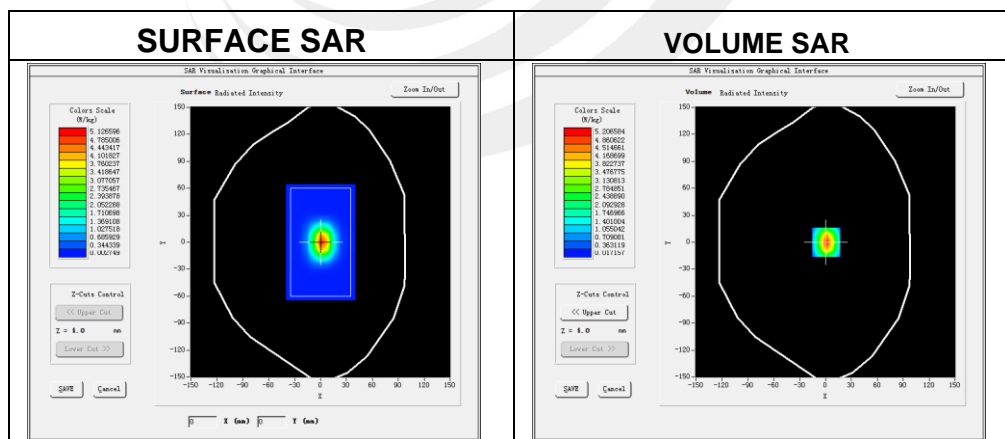
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-02-17

Experimental conditions.

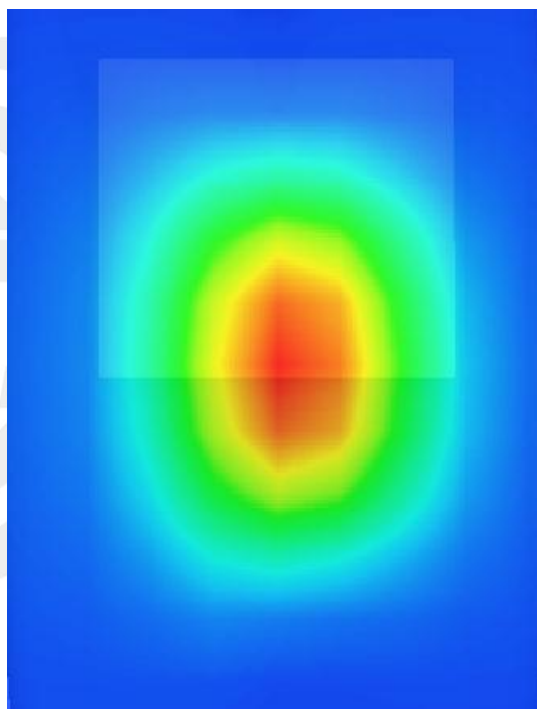
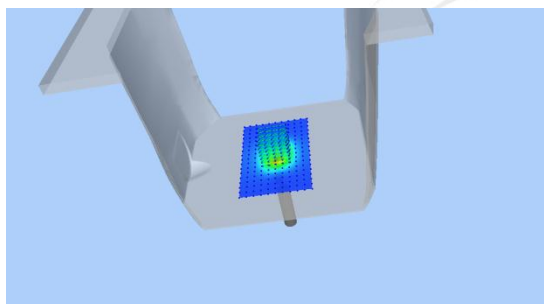
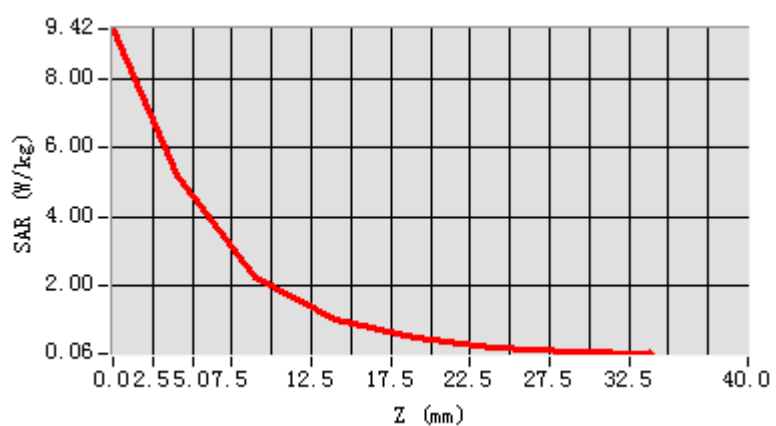
| | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Device Position | Validation plane |
| Band | 2450 MHz |
| Channels | - |
| Signal | CW |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2450 |
| Relative permittivity | 38.98 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.78 |
| Probe | SN 07/21 EPG0352 |
| ConvF | 1.75 |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 |



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.366725 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 5.284710 |

Z Axis Scan



Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

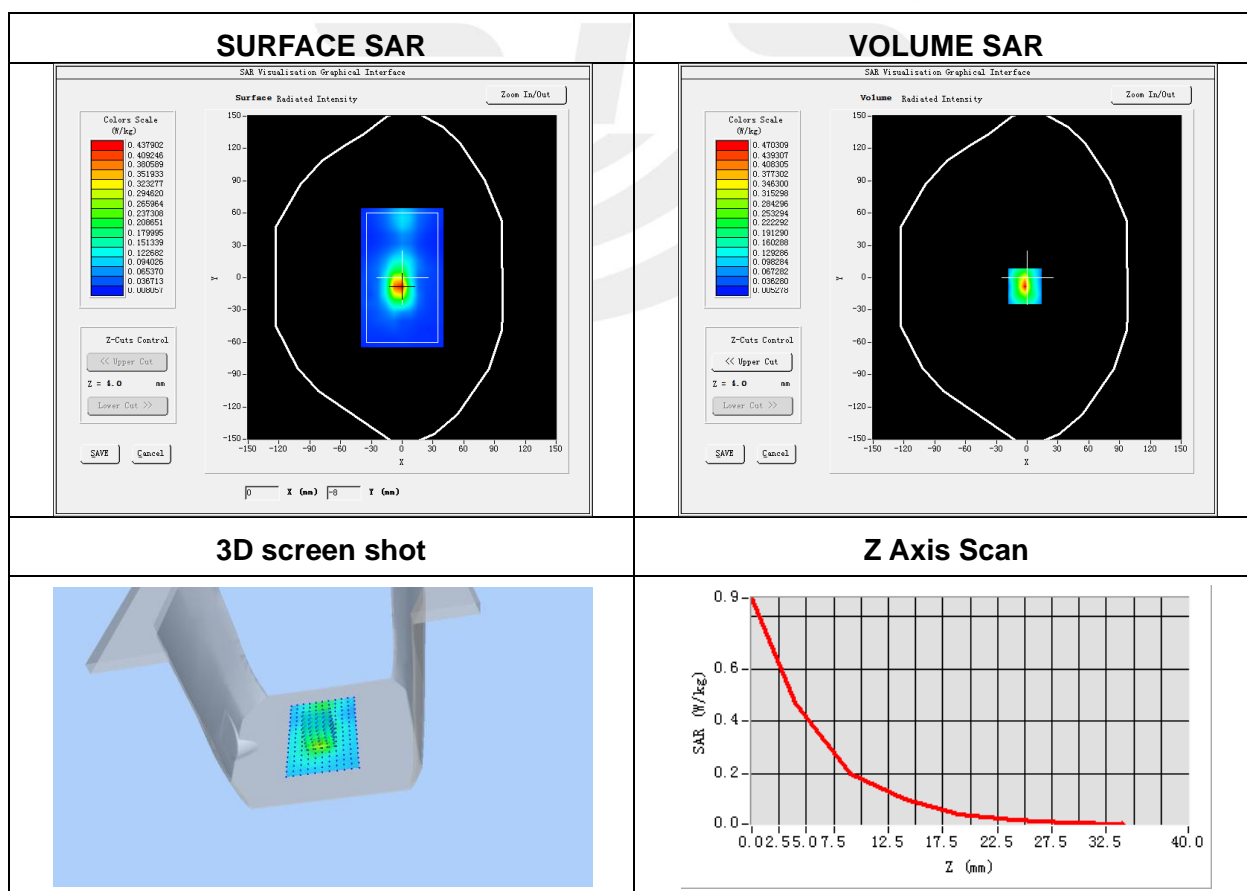
Plot 1: DUT: TABLET PC; EUT Model: NID-7056

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Test Date | 2022-02-17 |
| Probe | SN 07/21 EPGO352 |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm |
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Bottom Side |
| Band | 2.4G WLAN |
| Channels | High |
| Signal | IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0) |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2462 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.58 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.78 |

Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-8.00

SAR Peak: 0.86 W/kg

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.160270 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.400222 |



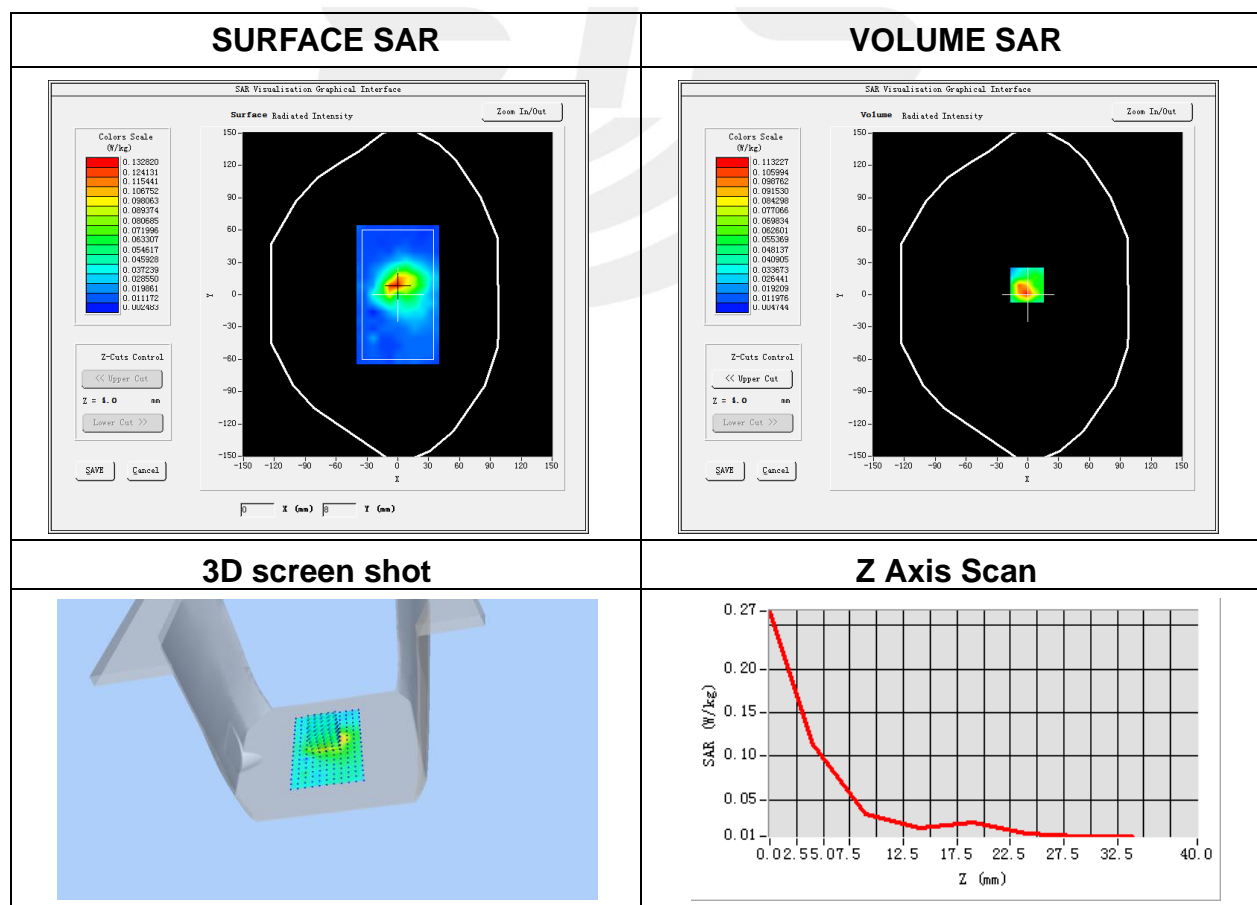
Plot 2: DUT: TABLET PC; EUT Model: NID-7056

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Test Date | 2022-02-17 |
| Probe | SN 07/21 EPGO352 |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm |
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Bottom Side |
| Band | 2.4G WLAN |
| Channels | Low |
| Signal | IEEE802.HT40 (Crest factor: 1.0) |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2422 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 39.06 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.79 |

Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=9.00

SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.049685 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.114636 |





Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

※※※※END OF THE REPORT※※※※※

