Object

DAE4



Certificate No: Z21-60202





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Glossary:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. . No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | V52.10.4 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.4 ± 6 % | 1.79 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.9 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.89 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (<i>k</i> =2) |



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

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Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8Ω- 1.16jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 28.3dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.053 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|
| | |



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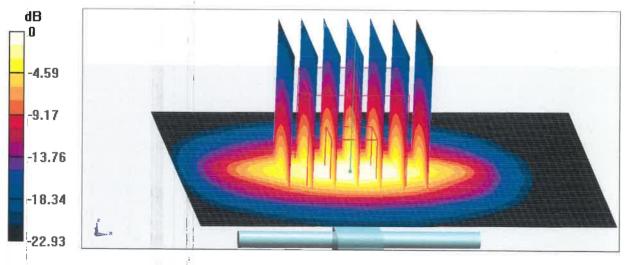
DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 05.19.2021 Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1014 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.788 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3846; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-04-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 2021-01-08
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062 •
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 • (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kgSmallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.5%Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg



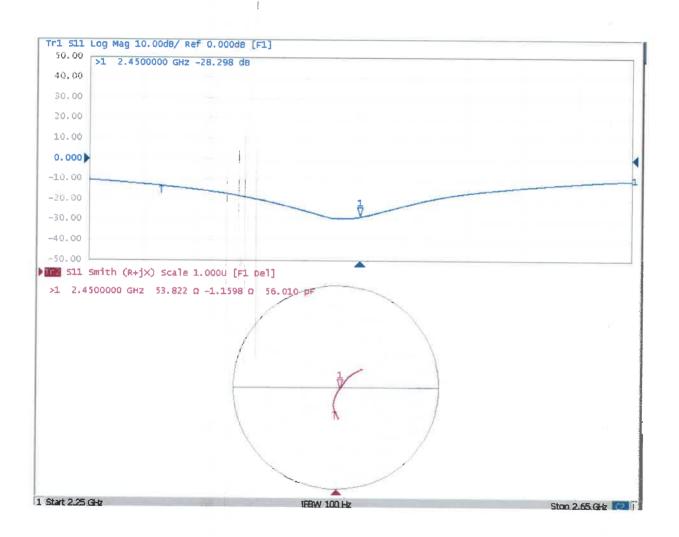
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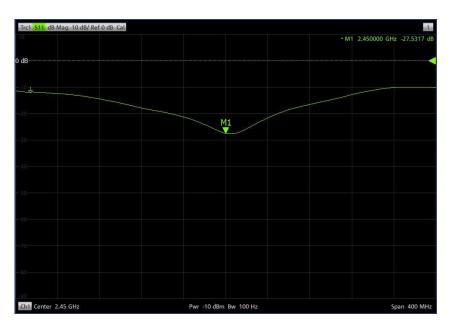
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

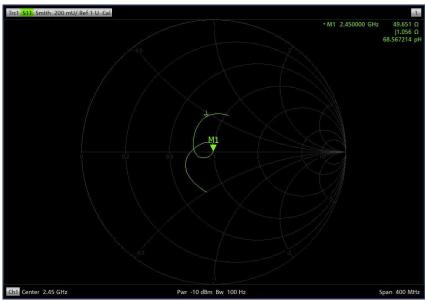


| Justification for Extended SAR | Dipole Calibra | tions |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------|
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------|

| Dipole | Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
|---------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|
| Head | May 19, 2021 | -28.3 | -2.71 | 53.8 | -4.17 |
| 2450MHz | May 17, 2022 | -27.5 | -2.71 | 49.7 | -4.17 |

Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.

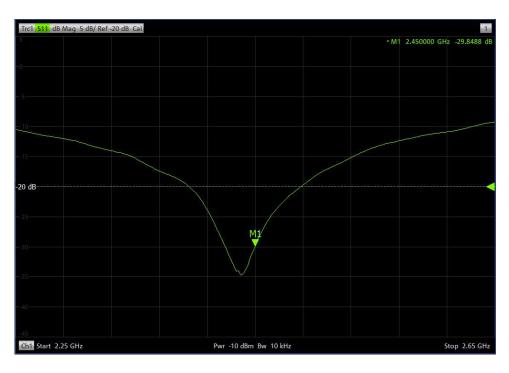


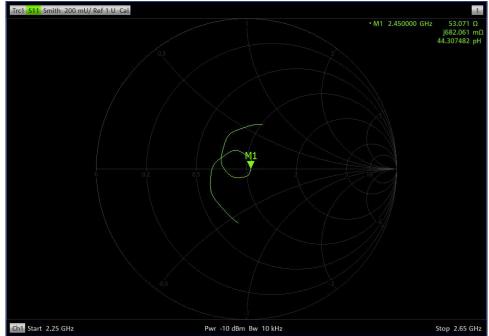


| Justification for Extended SAR | Dipole Calibra | tions |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------|
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------|

| Dipole | Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
|---------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|
| Head | May 19, 2021 | -28.3 | E CC | 53.8 | -0.72 |
| 2450MHz | May 20, 2023 | -29.9 | 5.66 | 53.1 | -0.72 |

Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.





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Client

TUV Shenzhen Certificate No.

EX-7506_Jun23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object | EX3DV4 - SN:7506 |
|--------------------------|--|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6, QA CAL-25.v8 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes |
| Calibration date | June 29, 2023 |
| | nents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). |

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Power meter NRP2 | SN: 104778 | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) | Mar-24 | |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) | Mar-24 | |
| OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted) | SN: 1249 | 20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22) | Oct-23 | |
| OCP DAK-12 | SN: 1016 | 20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22) | Oct-23 | |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: CC2552 (20x) | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) | Mar-24 | |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23) | Mar-24 | |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 06-Jan-23 (No. ES3-3013_Jan23) | Jan-24 | |
| | | | | |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check | |

| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Calibrated by | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | que |
| Approved by | Sven Kühn | Technical Manager | Sa |
| This calibration certificate shall r | not be reproduced except in full with | nout written approval of the | Issued: July 05, 2023 laboratory. |

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Glossary

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|--------------------------|--|
| NORMx,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvE.
- DCPx, y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax, y,z; Bx, y,z; Cx, y,z; Dx, y,z; VRx, y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (<i>k</i> = 2) |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| Norm (µV/(V/m)²) A | 0.55 | 0.41 | 0.50 | ±10.1% |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 99.2 | 99.5 | 97.8 | ±4.7% |

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | Β dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Max dev. | Max Unc ^E k = 2 |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------|------|---------|----------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 140.5 | ±3.0% | ±4.7% |
| | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | | 145.2 | | |
| | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | | 138.7 | | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).
 B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.
 E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle | -118.9° |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

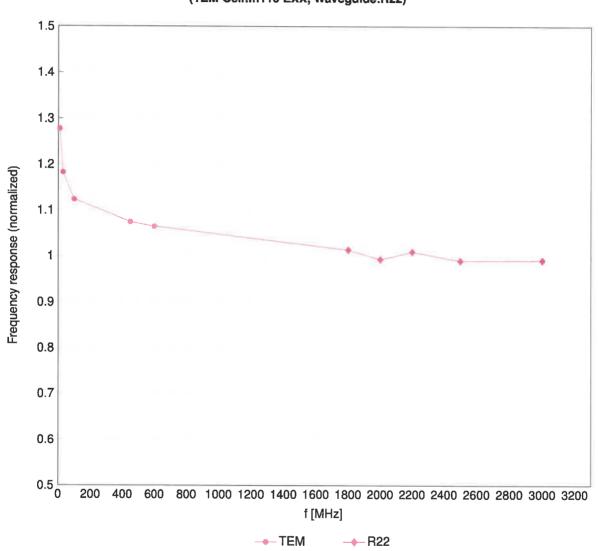
Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity ^F (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 11.25 | 11.25 | 11.25 | 0.16 | 1.30 | ±13.3% |
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 10.54 | 10.54 | 10.54 | 0.31 | 1.12 | ±12.0% |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 10.35 | 10.35 | 10.35 | 0.38 | 0.94 | ±12.0% |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 10.06 | 10.06 | 10.06 | 0.47 | 0.80 | ±12.0% |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 9.04 | 9.04 | 9.04 | 0.30 | 0.80 | ±12.0% |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.99 | 8.99 | 8.99 | 0.34 | 0.86 | ±12.0% |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.56 | 8.56 | 8.56 | 0.35 | 0.86 | ±12.0% |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.31 | 8.31 | 8.31 | 0.38 | 0.86 | ±12.0% |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 8.18 | 8.18 | 8.18 | 0.32 | 0.90 | ±12.0% |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 7.98 | 7.98 | 7.98 | 0.30 | 0.90 | ±12.0% |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 7.64 | 7.64 | 7.64 | 0.42 | 0.90 | ±12.0% |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 6.82 | 6.82 | 6.82 | 0.35 | 1.30 | ±14.0% |
| 3700 | 37.7 | 3.12 | 6.81 | 6.81 | 6.81 | 0.30 | 1.35 | ±14.0% |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 5.48 | 5.48 | 5.48 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±14.0% |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.99 | 4.99 | 4.99 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±14.0% |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ±14.0% |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10 , 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz

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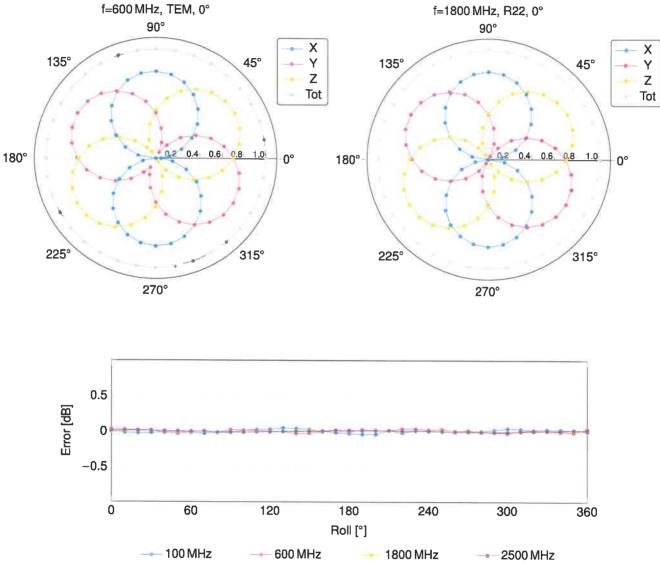
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than $\pm 1\%$ for frequencies below 3 GHz and below $\pm 2\%$ for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field

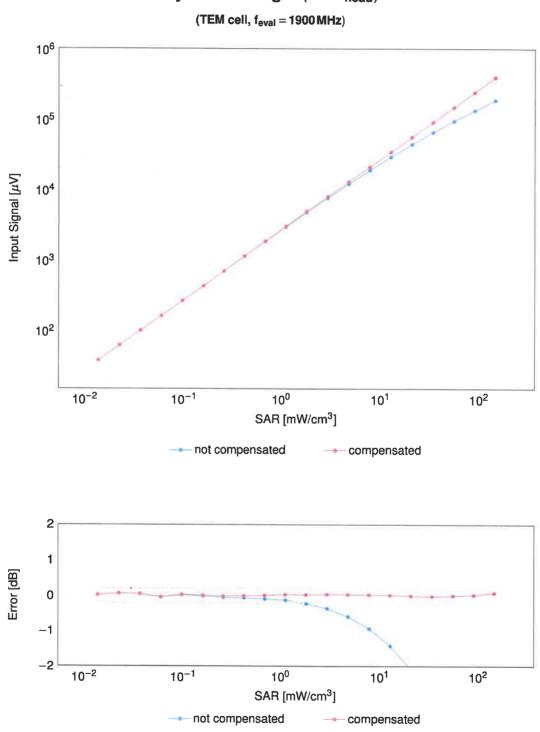
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)



Receiving Pattern (ϕ **),** $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

