FCC Electromagnetic Compatibility Test Report

For

3MTM Model 711 Digital Conversion Station

Safety and Security Systems Division Library Systems St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

22 November 2002

Report Number F1002003

Prepared By:

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3M EMC Laboratory

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

USA STANDARD 47 CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Radiated Emissions (FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Class A)
Conducted Emissions (FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Class A)

Radiated Emissions (FCC Part 15, Subpart C)
Conducted Emissions (FCC Part 15, Subpart C)

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: 3M Company

Safety and Security Systems Division

Library Systems

St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

NAME OF EQUIPMENT: Digital Conversion Station

MODEL NUMBER: 711

SERIAL NUMBER 7110131

TEST REPORT NUMBER: F1002003

DATE: 22 November 2002

As the responsible EMC Project Engineer, I hereby declare that the equipment tested, as specified in the test report, at the 3M Product Safety EMC Laboratory is in compliance with 47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart B and Subpart C. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical characteristics.

Roger D. Kuhn
EMC Test Engineer

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1.0 TEST SUMMARY

Test Report Number: F1002003

Requester: Ed Goff

Company: 3M

Safety and Security Systems Division

Library Systems Building 209

St. Paul, MN 55144

Telephone Number: 651 – 737-4736

Test Dates: Various, 24 October through 21 November 2002

Equipment Under Test Model 711 Digital Conversion Station

Date Of Receipt: 18 October 2002

Test Environment Temperature: 20 to 30 degrees C

Relative Humidity: 30 to 70 % RH

Test Results: Passed the following tests:

Conducted Emissions: FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A; Radiated Emissions: FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A;

Conducted Emissions: FCC Part 15 Subpart C; Radiated Emissions: FCC Part 15 Subpart C;

Modifications: Modifications were required (See Paragraph 2.5)

Test Location: 3M Product Safety EMC Laboratory

Building 76

410 Fillmore Ave.

St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

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2.0 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Scope

This report contains results describing the conformance of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) to FCC Part 15, Subpart B, "Class A" rules for unintentional radiators and FCC Part 15, Subpart C rules for intentional radiators.

This report is the confidential property of the client and applies only to the specific item tested under the stated test conditions. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical characteristics. This report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of the testing laboratory. When approval has been granted, the report shall be reproduced in its entirety.

The appropriate testing standards and references that were used are contained in Section 3.0. Worst-case test data, test configuration, and photographs (worst case configuration) are provided in the Appendices. Equipment and documentation labeling information is contained in Section 7.0.

Subsequent tests are necessary from time to time on equipment taken at random from production. Re-testing of the EUT is also required when the EMC profile has been changed or is suspected of being changed.

The 3M Product Safety EMC Laboratory is recognized under the United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology's National Voluntary Laboratory Program (NVLAP) for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQ Q92-1987) as suppliers of test results. Accreditation by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications, FCC, under Lab Code 200033. A complete copy of the Scope of Accreditation is available upon request. The FCC Site Registration Number is 93334.

The NVLAP accreditation or this test report does not in any way constitute or imply product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

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2.2 EUT Description and Operation

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is the 3M TM Model 711 Digital Conversion Station, serial number 7110131.

The 3MTM Model 711 Digital Conversion Station is designed to read barcode labels on library items (for example, books, videocassettes, etc.) and convert that information to be read to a 3M brand digital Identification D1 Tag. It is designed for use in a library environment. The barcode label information is read through the use of a laser scanner. This information from the barcode is processed by a computer and then transferred to a radio frequency identification (RFID) reader. This information is then read onto a 3M brand Digital Identification D1 Tag. Only 3M Brand Digital Identification D1 Tags are to be used with the Model 711 Digital Conversion Station. The use of other materials could lead to poor performance and unsafe conditions.

The reader has a transmit frequency of 13.5601 MHz. And a power output level of 0.300 watts (24.8 dBm) as measured into a 50-ohm load.

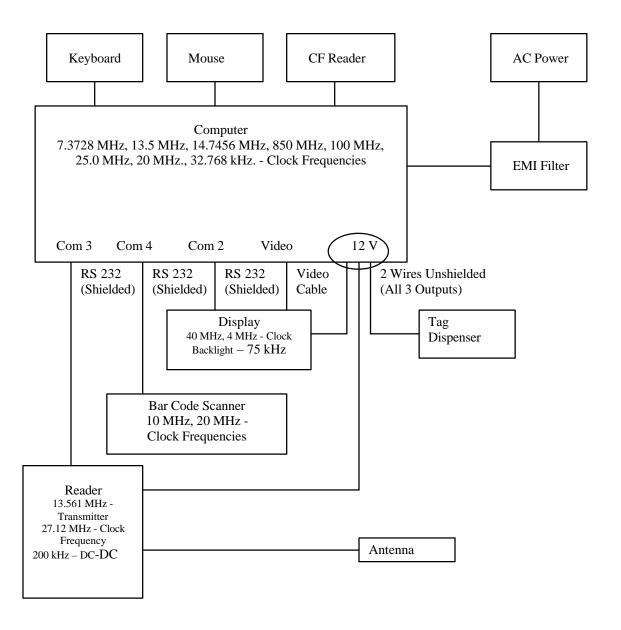
The EUT has an integral antenna with an area of 140 square inches (0.090 square meters). The antenna is embedded within the countertop of the EUT and is connected to the reader via a coax cable employing SMC connectors.

The D1 Tag is a passive transponder, which receives its power from the electromagnetic field generated by the EUT.

All tests were made using an input of 120 V RMS, 60 Hz, and single-phase power. The EUT was tested with Scanner and Reader programs exercising all functions. The Reader was set to the fastest read time and was reading tags during all testing.

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2.3 Block Diagram



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2.4 Parts List

<u>Description</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	Model / Type	<u>Remark</u>
Antenna	3M	78-8121-0946-6	
Bar Code Scanner	Accu-Sort Systems	22	
Display	3M Microtouch	41-9518-94-20	FCC Tested to comply with FCC Standards for Home and Office Use.
Speaker			Integrated into Display
Keyboard	Ortek Technology	MCK-600W	FCC ID KJXMCK-701W
Mouse	Logitech	M-CAA42	FCC ID DZL211146
EMI Filter	Corcom	6ED1	
Reader (RFID)	3M	Model 700	
Tag Dispenser	3M	78-8121-0953-2	
Computer (SBS)	SBS Micro Alliance Inc	200-S0076CA CA Rev. 4	78-8123-7443-3
Network Board			Integrated into SBC
Dual Port Serial I/O Board	Blastronix	232/2s-PCI-SBS	
Sound Board			Integrated into SBC
Video Board			Integrated into SBC
Sensor Board Driver	Blue Chip Technologies	PI048	
CF Reader	San Disk Image Mate	SDDR-73	FCC Tested to comply with FCC Standards for Home and Office Use

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2.5 Modifications to the EUT

The following modifications of the EUT were necessary to meet the emission requirements of the test standards (see modification photographs in Appendix C):

Equipment	Modifications	Where	Material	<u>Turns</u>
Reader Data Cable (RS232)	Common Mode Choke	At the Reader End	Steward 28B2024-0A0	2 Turns
Reader Data Cable (RS232)	Common Mode Choke	Near the Computer Com 3 Connector	Steward 28B2024-0A0	2 Turns
Speaker Output Cable	Common Mode Choke	Near the Computer	Steward 25B2025-0A0	1Turn
Touch Screen Cable	Common Mode Choke	Near the Computer	Steward 28A2025-0A0	1 Turn
Bar Code Scanner Cable	Common Mode Choke	Near the Computer Com 4 Connector	Steward 28B2029-0A0	1 Turn
Cable Bundle: Computer to Monitor	Bundle all the Cables from Computer to Monitor	Inside the Cabinet and then attach to Inside-back of Cabinet at 2 Places.		
The Speaker / Microphone Cable	Common Mode Choke	Near the Monitor	Steward 28B2029-0A0	1 Turn
Monitor Power Cable	Common Mode Choke	Near the Monitor	Steward 25A0392-0A0	1 Turn
Reader Power Cable	Cable Routing	Route the Power Cable under the Computer, then up the sidewall to the Reader.		
Monitor	Monitor Refresh Rate	Set the Monitor Refresh Rate to 56 Hz.		

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2.6 Measurement Uncertainty

The data and test results referenced in this report are true and accurate. However, there may be deviations within the calibration limits of the test equipment and facilities that can account for a nominal measurement deviation of \pm 2 dB. Furthermore, EUT component and manufacturing process variables may result in additional deviation. The calculated confidence level is 95 %.

3.0 Applicable Documents

The following documents were used as reference for the limits and test procedures specified herein.

CFR 47	Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices	2002
ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 KHz to 40 GHz.	2000
CISPR 16-1	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus	1998
CISPR 16-2	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 2: Methods of measurements of disturbances and immunity	1996

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4.0 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Conducted emissions' testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The limits are prescribed in FCC Part 15, Subpart B and in FCC Part 15, Subpart C.

4.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed in a shielded chamber for the tests and tested while exercising all functions with a dummy load attached to the Reader output terminal (See ANSI C63.4-1992 Paragraph 13.1.3.1).

A Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) with a 50 Ohm / 50 micro Henry characteristic impedance was used to isolate the EUT and give accurate and repeatable readings. An EMI test receiver was used for the emissions measurements in the range from 450 KHz to 30 MHz. Initial sweep measurements were taken with the receiver in continuous frequency overview mode utilizing peak level signal detection. Acceptance analysis was preformed on the initial measurements to determine which discrete frequencies to maximize. These frequencies were remeasured utilizing quasi-peak detection. Measurement results were automatically calculated via software running the EMI receiver. The final quasi-peak measurements recorded were determined by the following formula:

Result $(dB\mu V)$ = receiver reading $(dB\mu V)$ + LISN CF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

4.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15, Subpart B, "Class A" conducted limits are given below.

<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Limit</u>
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)
0.450 to 1.705	60.00
1.705 to 30.00	69.54

The FCC Part 15, Subpart C conducted limits are given below.

<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Limit</u>	
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)	
0.450 to 30.00	47.96	

The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.

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4.3 Test Results

The EUT met conducted emission requirements for FCC Part 15, Subpart B, "Class A" and met FCC Part 15, Subpart C. All the conducted emissions test data is shown in Appendix A. The worst-case peak and quasi-peak emissions were as follows:

Frequency (MHz)	<u>Limit</u> (dBµV)	<u>L1- Line</u> Q-P (dBµV)	$\frac{L2 - Neutral}{Q-P (dB\mu V)}$	Passing Margin (dB)
7.400	47.96	12.0	9.6	35.96

FCC Part 15, Subpart C limit is shown.

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5.0 RADIATED EMISSIONS

Radiated emissions' testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The limits are prescribed in FCC Part 15, Subpart B and in FCC Part 15, Subpart C.

5.1 Frequency Stability

The Frequency Stability testing was preformed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC Part 15 to insure that the intentional radiator frequency stability was within the allowable limits for input power and temperature variations.

5.1.1 Test Procedure

The Frequency Stability was measured using the radiated signals from the EUT so that the measurement equipment would not load the radio frequency circuits. An EMI receiver was used for the frequency stability measurements. The Reader was put into a continuous output mode through instructions from the host computer (test mode of operation). 1) The frequency was measured while the input AC power to the External Power Supply was varied over the required input voltage range. 2) The frequency was also measured while the ambient air temperature was varied over the required ambient temperature range (at startup, 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes).

5.1.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Frequency Stability Limits versus Supply Voltage is given below.

Carrier Frequency	<u>Voltage Range</u>	Max.Frequency Change
(MHz)	(% of Nominal Supply)	<u>(%)</u>
13.56	85 % to 115 %,	+/- 0.01 %
	(102 to 138 V RMS)	

The FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Frequency Stability Limits versus Temperature is given below.

Carrier Frequency	Temperature Range	Max. Frequency Change
(MHz)	(Degrees C)	<u>(%)</u>
13.56	-20 to +50	+/- 0.01 %

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5.1.3 Test Results

The EUT met the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Frequency Stability requirement.

Carrier Frequency Stability versus Supply Voltage

Carrier Frequency	Lowest Frequency	Highest Frequency	Frequency Change
(MHz)	(MHz)	<u>(MHz)</u>	<u>(%)</u>
13.5601	13.5599	13.5602	+/- 0.0015 %

Carrier Frequency Stability versus Temperature

Carrier Frequency	Lowest Frequency	Highest Frequency	Frequency Change
(MHz)	(MHz)	<u>(MHz)</u>	<u>(%)</u>
13.5601	13.5599	13.5602	+/- 0.0015 %

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5.2 Emission Bandwidth

The EUT was placed in an anechoic chamber and the Emission Bandwidth testing was preformed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC Part 15, Paragraph 15.225. The Emission Bandwidth measurements were made to determine the intentional radiator frequency and determine the level of electromagnetic energy radiated at that frequency and at the band edges from the EUT.

5.2.1 Test Procedure

A measurement antenna (loop) was positioned at a distance of 5 meters (to insure far field measurements) from the center of the EUT. An EMI receiver was used for the emissions measurements. Initial sweep measurements were taken with the receiver in continuous frequency overview mode utilizing peak level signal detection. The intentional radiator frequency and band edge frequencies utilizing quasi-peak detection were then maximized. Maximizing a frequency involves finding the angle of the highest emission levels by rotating the EUT 360 degrees (sampling at least every 4 degrees). Then the antenna, which was fixed at 1-meter height, was rotated until the highest emissions levels found. Measurement results were automatically calculated via software running the EMI receiver. The final quasi-peak measurements recorded were determined by the following formula:

Result $(dB\mu V/m)$ = receiver level (μV) + antenna factor (dB/m) + cable loss (dB) - preamp gain (dB) + lineal conversion (dB).

5.2.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15 Subpart C, Paragraph 15.225 Carrier Frequency Limits are given below.

Lower Band Edge	Upper Band Edge
(MHz)	(MHz)
13.553	13.567

The FCC Part 15, Subpart C radiated limits are given below.

Frequency	Distance	Field Strength
(MHz)	<u>(m)</u>	$(dB \mu V/m)$
1.705 to 30.00	10	48.62
13.553 to 13.567	10	99.08

Note: A 40 dB/decade extrapolation factor was use per 15.31.

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5.2.3 Test Results

The EUT met the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Emission Bandwidth requirements. The intentional radiator frequency was within the allowed band and all maximized quasi-peak measurements for the EUT were below the quasi-peak limits. The test scan is shown in Appendix B.

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	$\begin{array}{c} Limit \\ (dB\muV/m) \end{array}$	Passing Margin (dB)	Turntable (degrees)	Antenna Orientation/Angle (Polarity/degrees)
13.560 ¹	61.4	99.08	37.68	80	$X \pm 0^{\circ}Y$
13.553 ²	32.3	48.62	16.32	80	$X \pm 0^{\circ}Y$
13.567 ²	32.8	48.62	15.82	80	$X \pm 0^{\circ}Y$

^{1 -} Intentional Radiator Frequency

^{2 -} Band edges measured with a receiver bandwidth setting of 1 KHz. Per ANSI C63.4 Paragraph 13.1.7.

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5.3 Spurious Emissions (12.5 to 30 MHz.)

The EUT was placed in an anechoic chamber and the Spurious Emissions testing was preformed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC Part 15, Subpart C. The Spurious Emission measurements were made to determine the level of electromagnetic energy radiated from the EUT.

5.3.1 Test Procedure

A measurement antenna (loop) was positioned at a distance of 5 meters (to insure far field measurements) from the center of the EUT. An EMI receiver was used for the emissions measurements. Initial sweep measurements were taken with the receiver in continuous frequency overview mode utilizing peak level signal detection. Acceptance analysis of these sweeps was used to determine which discrete frequencies, other than the intentional radiator frequency and band edge frequencies, were to be maximized. Maximizing a frequency involves finding the angle of the highest emission levels by rotating the EUT 360 degrees (sampling at least every 4 degrees). Then the antenna, which was fixed at 1-meter height, was rotated until the highest emissions levels found. Final measurements were taken utilizing quasi-peak detection. Measurement results were automatically calculated via software running the EMI receiver. The final measurements recorded were determined by the following formula:

Result $(dB\mu V/m)$ = receiver level (μV) + antenna factor (dB/m) + cable loss (dB) - preamp gain (dB) + lineal conversion (dB).

5.2.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15, Subpart C radiated limits are given below.

Frequency	Distance	Field Strength
<u>(MHz)</u>	<u>(m)</u>	$(dB \mu V/m)$
1.705 to 30.00	10	48.62
13.553 to 13.567	10	99.08

Note: A 40 dB/decade extrapolation factor was use per 15.31.

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5.3.3 Test Results

The EUT met the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Spurious Emissions (12.5 to 30 MHz.) requirements. All maximized quasi-peak measurements for the EUT were below the quasi-peak limits. Test data is shown in Appendix C. The worst-case quasi-peak emission was as follows:

Frequency (MHz)	Level $(dB\mu V/m)$	$\begin{array}{c} Limit \\ (dB\mu V/m) \end{array}$	Passing Margin (dB)	Turntable (degrees)	Antenna Orientation/Angle (Polarity/degrees)
13.5485	42.6	48.62	6.02	80	$X \pm 0^{\circ} Y$

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5.4 Radiated Emissions (30 to 40000 MHz)

The EUT was placed in an anechoic chamber and the Spurious Emissions testing was preformed in accordance with ANSI C63.4, FCC Part 15, Subpart B "Class A", and FCC Part 15, Subpart C. The Radiated Emission measurements were made to determine the level of electromagnetic energy radiated from the EUT.

5.4.1 Test Procedure

A measurement antenna was positioned at a distance of 3 meters from the center of the EUT. An EMI receiver was used for the emissions measurements in the range of 30 MHz to 5000 MHz (the upper limit of measurement is determined by Paragraph 15.33). Initial sweep measurements were taken with the receiver in continuous frequency overview mode utilizing peak level signal detection. Acceptance analysis of these sweeps was made to determine which discrete frequencies were to be maximized. Maximizing a frequency involves finding the angle of the highest emission levels by rotating the EUT 360 degrees (sampling at least every 4 degrees) and varying antenna height between 1 and 4 meters at the angle of highest emissions levels found. Final measurements were taken utilizing quasi-peak detection (peak and average detectors were used above 1000 MHz). Measurement results were automatically calculated via software running the EMI receiver. The final measurements recorded were determined by the following formula:

Result $(dB\mu V/m)$ = receiver level (μV) + antenna factor (dB/m) + cable loss (dB) - preamp gain (dB) + lineal conversion (dB).

5.4.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15, Subpart C radiated limits are given below.

Frequency	Distance	Field Strength
(MHz)	<u>(m)</u>	$(dB \mu V/m)$
30 to 88	10	29.54
88 to 216	10	33.06
216 to 960	10	35.56
960 to 40000	10	43.52

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The FCC Part 15, Subpart B, "Class A" radiated limits are given below. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.

Frequency	Distance	Field Strength
(MHz)	<u>(m)</u>	$(dB \mu V/m)$
30 to 88	10	39.08
88 to 216	10	43.52
216 to 960	10	46.44
960 to 1000	10	49.54
1000 to 40000	3	$59.5 \text{ and } 79.5^*$
* Per 15.35(B)		

5.34.3 Test Results

The EUT met the FCC Part 15, Subpart C and the FCC Part 15, Subpart B, "Class A" Radiated Emissions (30 to 40000MHz.) requirements. All maximized quasi-peak measurements for the EUT were below the quasi-peak limits. Test data is shown in Appendix D. The worst-case quasi-peak emission was as follows:

Frequency (MHz)	$\begin{array}{c} Level \\ (dB\mu V/m) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} Limit \\ (dB\mu V/m) \end{array}$	Passing Margin (dB)	Turntable (degrees)	Antenna (Meters/Polarity)
1017.0	41.2	43.5 ¹	2.3	49	1.0/H
298.316	35.6	46.4	10.8	170	1.7/V

¹ - This is a harmonic of the intentional radiator; therefore the lower limit level (FCC Part 15 Subpart C) is shown.

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6.0 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The following test equipment was used to perform the indicated tests. All of the test equipment was calibrated by an accredited calibration laboratory or by the manufacturer. All calibration intervals are one year. All equipment calibrations, test procedures, and the test facility are traceable to the standards of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). The test facility site attenuation verification results fall within the normalized site attenuation (NSA) criteria for open area test sites using volumetric measurements.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

EMCO LISN, Model 3825-2, Serial No. 1039 (cal due date: 19 June 03) Solar High Pass Filter, Model 8131 - 5.0 (cal due date: 13 Aug 03) HP RF Limiter, Model 11867A, Serial No. 01211 (cal due date: 13 Aug 03) Rohde & Schwarz EMI Receiver, Model ESBI 52, S/N 835387/003 (cal due date: 02 July 03) Rohde & Schwarz EMI Receiver Display, Serial No. 835518/001 (cal due date: 02 July 03) Rohde & Schwarz ES-K1, ES-K2, & ES-K12 EMI Software, Version 1.60

Frequency Stability/Power Output

Advantest Spectrum Analyzer, Model R3272A, Serial No. J00233 (cal due date: 19 June 03) Envirotronics Environmental Chamber, Model EH40-2-3-RF, Serial No. 11942753 (cal due date: 30 Nov 02)

RADIATED EMISSIONS

ElectroMetrics Loop Antenna. Model ALR25M, Serial No. 603 (cal due date: 20 June 03) EMCO Biconilog Antenna, Model 3143, Serial No. 1111 (cal due date: 18 June 03) Rohde & Schwarz EMI Receiver, Model ESBI 52, S/N 835387/003 (cal due date: 02 July 03) Rohde & Schwarz EMI Receiver Display, Serial No. 835518/001 (cal due date: 02 July 03) Rohde & Schwarz ES-K1, ES-K2, & ES-K12 EMI Software, Version 1.60

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TEST FACILITY

Lindgren Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Model 11867A, serial No. 01211 (verification due date: 28 Apr 03)

The radiated and conducted emission measurements were performed in our Anechoic Chamber located at 3M Building 76, 410 Fillmore Street, St. Paul, MN. Details concerning the site are on file with the FCC laboratory Division in Columbia Maryland.

The Facility Registration Number is 93334, 31-March - 2000.

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7.0 LABELING INFORMATION

The FCC (Federal Communications Commission) requires the following labeling information. Since the equipment has intentional and unintentional radiators, it must be labeled as a digital device and as an intentional radiator.

Labels on the Product

The following statement shall be placed in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC ID:	

Labels in the Manuals

The following statement shall be placed in a prominent location in the text of the user manual:

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide a reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

\mathbf{H}	CC	ID:	
1	\sim	11).	

NO MODIFICATIONS. Modifications to this device shall not be made without the written consent of 3M, Incorporated. Unauthorized modifications may void the authority granted under Federal Communications Commission Rules permitting the operation of this device.

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Appendix A

Conducted Emissions Test Data

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

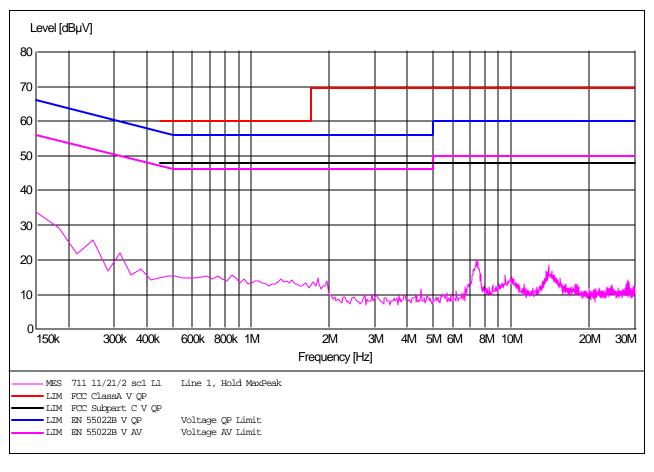


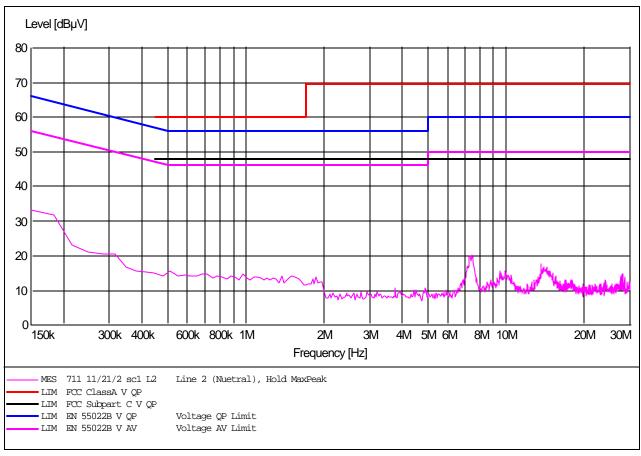
SHEET	1	OF	1
		_	

TEST REPORT #_	F1002003			
EUT MODEL#	711	 EUT SERIAL #	7110131	
DESCRIPTION	Digital Conversion Station			

FREQUENCY (MHz)		AK μV)			-PEAK μV)			AVEF (dB)		
(1,112)	L1	L2	L1	L2	Limit	Passing	L1	L2	Limit	Passing
	Line	Neutral	Line	Neutral		Margin	Line	Neutral		Margin
						(dB)				(dB)
0.155	36.8	36.4	29.7	29.5						
0.300	18.4	18.2	12.1	12.0						
0.400	19.3	18.9	14.4	13.3						
1.000	15.4	14.5	9.4	9.0	48.0	38.6				
3.000	10.1	11.1	2.5	2.6	48.0	45.4				
7.400	19.2	17.1	12.0	9.6	48.0	36.0				
13.981	16.6	16.8	9.6	9.6	48.0	38.4				
10.000	15.8	15.1	8.6	8.8	48.0	39.2				
28.140	10.5	12.5	3.0	3.2	48.0	44.8				

Test Engineer:	Date: 21 November 2002
Reviewed by:	Date: 22 November 2002

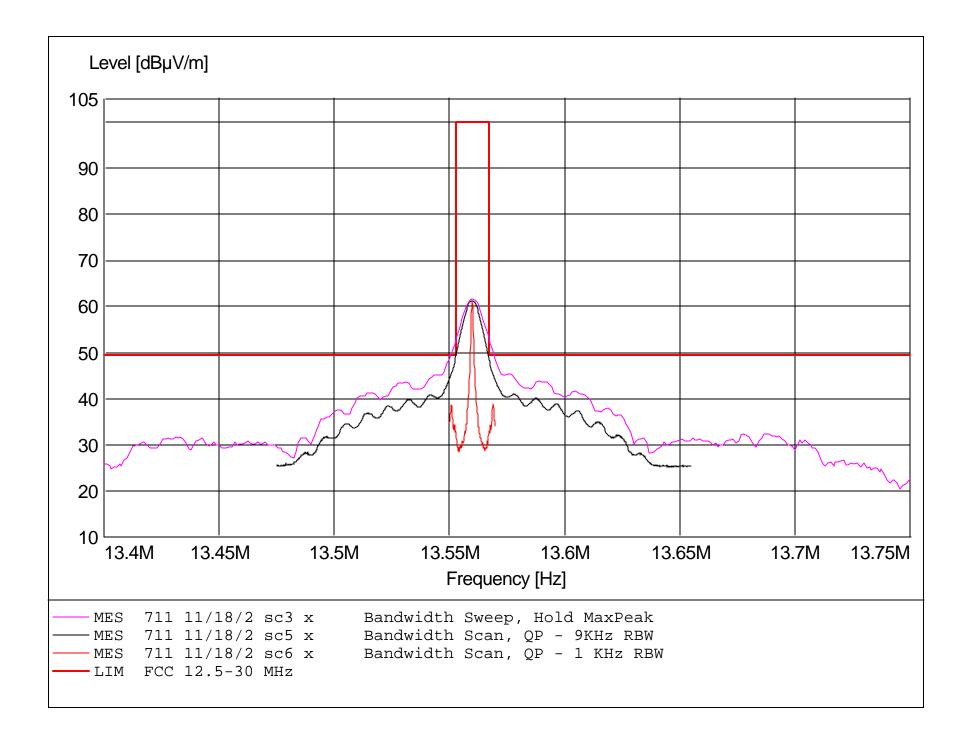




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Appendix B

Emission Bandwidth



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Appendix C

Spurious Emissions

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

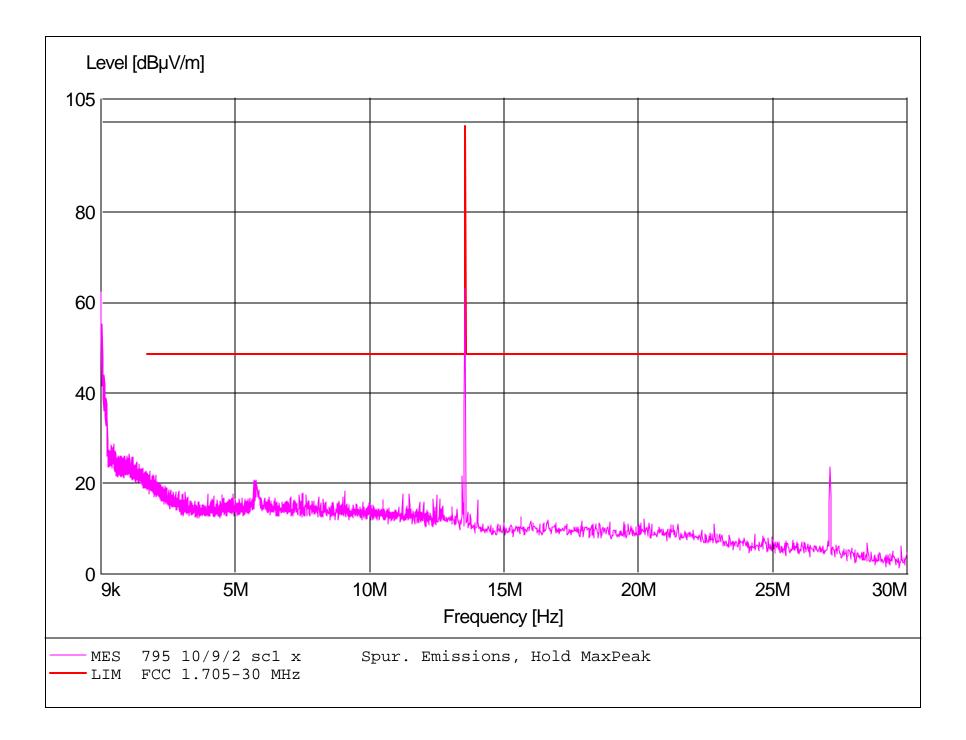


SHEET 1 O	F 1
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TEST REPORT #	F1002003			
EUT MODEL#	711	EUT SERIAL #	7110131	
DESCRIPTION	Digital Conversion Station			

		XIMIZED SIGNAL	LIMIT LINE	PASSING MARGIN		MIZED TION	REMARKS
FREQ. (MHz)	H/V	(dBµV/m)*	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	TURNTABLE ()	ANTENNA (M)	
13.5485		42.6	48.6	6.0	80	1.0	Antenna in X axis $\pm 0^{\circ}$ Y
13.5715		42.5	48.6	6.1	80	1.0	Antenna in X axis ± 0°Y

Test Engineer:	Date: 18 November 2002
Reviewed by:	Date: 22 November 2002



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Appendix D

Radiated Emissions

RADIATED EMISSIONS



		SHEET	<u>1</u> OF <u>1</u>
TEST REPORT #	F1002003		
EUT MODEL#	711	EUT SERIAL # _	7110131
DESCRIPTION	Digital Conversion Station		

		XIMIZED SIGNAL	LIMIT LINE	PASSING MARGIN		MIZED TION	REMARKS
FREQ.	H/V	(dBµV/m)*	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	TURNTABLE	ANTENNA	
(MHz)					Ů	(M)	
56.994	V	23.2	39.0	15.8	60	1.0	
99.971	Н	26.5	43.5	17.0	0	2.36	
122.873	Н	25.7	43.5	18.8	190	1.45	
170.997	Н	29.3	43.5	14.2	160	1.0	
284.98	V	33.2	46.4	13.2	10	1.85	
298.316	V	35.6	46.4	10.8	170	1.7	
331.353	V	31.0	46.4	15.4	0	1.0	
962.751	Н	35.8	43.5	7.7	45	1.0	Note 1

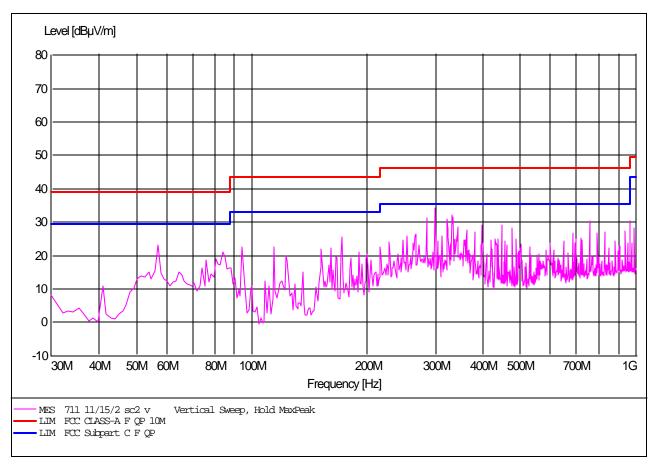
Note 1 - This is a harmonic of the intentional radiator, so the Subpart C limit is used.

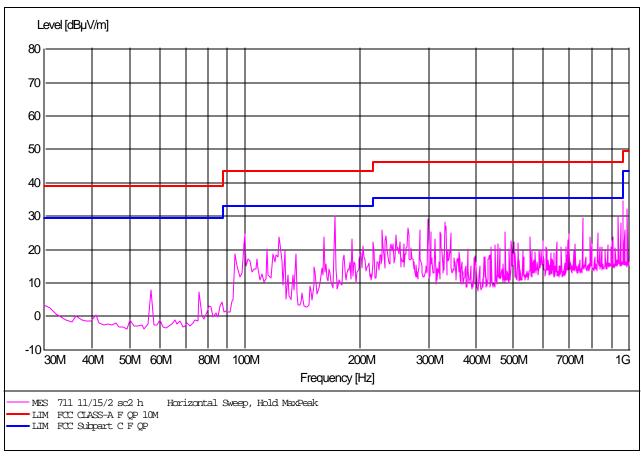
Test Engineer:	Date: 15 November 2002
Reviewed by:	Date: 22 November 2002

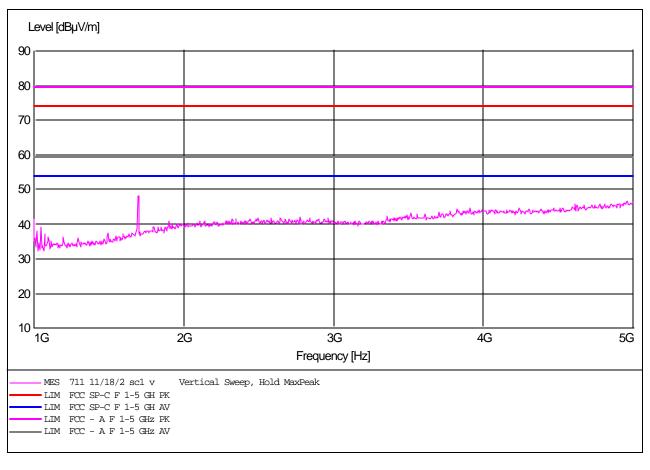
RADIATED EMISSIONS (1-5 GHz)

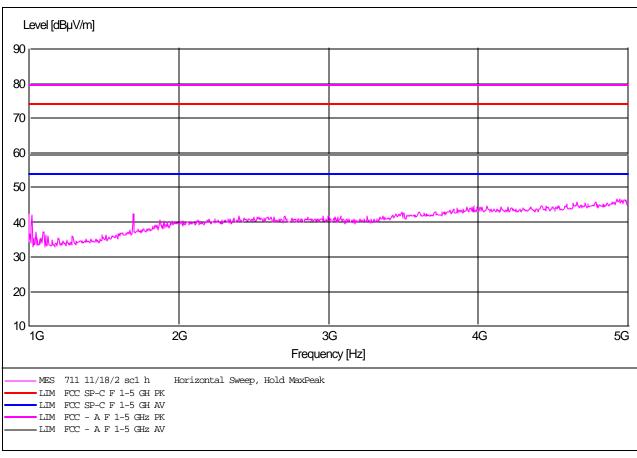


						SHEET	Γ_1_	_ OF _	1
TEST RE	PORT #	F1002003							
	 DEL#				_ EU	JT SERIAL	#	7110131	
DESCRIP	TION	Digital Con	version Sta	tion					
		AVE		1	PEAK		1	MAXIMIZ	7ED
FREQ.	MAXIMIZED SIGNAL	LIMIT LINE	PASSING MARGIN	MAXIMIZED SIGNAL	LIMIT LINE	PASSING MARGIN		POSITIO	
(GHz)	(dBµV/m)*	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)*	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	H/V	TURNIABLE ()	ANTENN (M)
1.0170^{1}	41.2	43.5	2.3				Н	49	1.0
1.7005	32.7	59.5	26.8	52.9	79.5	26.6	V	187	1.2
	a harmonic o		ional radiat	or; therefore	the lower li	mit level (F	CC Pa	rt 15 Subp	art C -
Test Eng	gineer:				_ Da	nte: <u>18 No</u>	ovemb	oer 2002	
Reviewe	d by:				_ Da	ate: 22 No	vemb	er 2002	









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Appendix E

Photographs

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Conducted Emissions



Bandwidth and Spurious Emissions

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Radiated Emissions (30-1000 MHz)



Radiated Emissions (1-5 GHz)

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End of Report