Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

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Applicant Infromation:

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Attn: Mr. Carl Kursat Turk Sr. EMC Engineer, MSEE Safety & Compliance

Tel.: 425-356-1765 Fax: 425-348-2633

FCC ID: HN21555-2450

Model No.: 1555

Equipment Type: Bar Code Scanner

Equipment Classification: Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)

Method / System: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

Tx Frequency Range: 2.4025 - 2.4805 GHz
RF Output Power Tested: Max. Conducted Power
FCC Rule Part(s): 2.1093; ET Docket 96.326

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-1999.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Celltech Research Inc. certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Shawn McMillen General Manager Celltech Research Inc.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	DESCRIPTION OF EUT	1
3.0	SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	2
4.0	MEASUREMENT SUMMARY	3
5.0	SAR LIMITS	4
6.0	DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION	4
7.0	EVALUATION PROCEDURES	5
8.0	SYSTEM VALIDATION	5
9.0	SIMULATED EQUIVALENT TISSUES	6
10.0	TISSUE PARAMETERS.	6
11.0	SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	7
12.0	TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	8
13.0	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	9
14.0	REFERENCES	10
APPEN APPEN	NDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA	11 12 13
APPEN	NDIX D - SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	14

1.0 INTRODUCTION

B.C. CANADA V1Y 9L3

This measurement report shows compliance of the INTERMEC CORPORATION 2.4GHz Spread Spectrum Bar Code Scanner FCC ID: HN21555-2450 with FCC Part 2.1093, ET Docket 96-326 Rules for mobile and portable devices. The test procedures, as described in American National Standards Institute C95.1 - 1992 (1), FCC OET Bulletin 65-1997 were employed. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

2.0 DESCRIPTION of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Bar Code Scanner	FCC ID:	HN21555-2450
Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)	Model No.	1555
Tx Frequency Range (GHz)	2.4025 - 2.4805	S/N No.	Pre-production
Rx Frequency Range (GHz)	2.4025 - 2.4805	RF Output Power Tested	Max. Conducted Pwr.
Power Supply	Elpac Power Systems 100-240VAC, 7.5VDC	Antenna Type	2-Element Yagi Front Fed



Fig. 1. Front of EUT



Fig. 2. Rear of EUT



Fig. 3. Top of EUT



Fig. 4. Bottom of EUT

3.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Research SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASYTM) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing brain or muscle equivalent material (see Figure 5). The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronics (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



Fig. 5. DASY3 SAR Measurement System

4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the EUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT are reported in Appendix A.

Body SAR Measurement Results

Freq. (GHz)	Chan.	RF Output Pwr. Tested	EUT Position	Phantom Section	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (w/kg)
2.4025	Low	Max. Cond. Pwr.	Front	Flat	5.0	1.20
2.4505	Mid	Max. Cond. Pwr.	Front	Flat	5.0	1.33
2.4805	High	Max. Cond. Pwr.	Front	Flat	5.0	1.36
Mixture Type: Muscle Dielectric Constant: 53.6 Conductivity: 1.77			Spatial Peal	k Uncontrolled	992 - SAFETY L Exposure/General g (averaged over 1 ş	Population

Notes:

- 1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case SAR levels are reported.
- 2. The SAR values found were below the maximum limit of 1.6 w/kg.
- 3. The worst-case body SAR value found was 1.36 w/kg.

Hand SAR Measurement Results

Freq. (GHz)	Chan.	RF Output Pwr. Tested	EUT Position	Phantom Section	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (w/kg)
2.4025	Low	Max. Cond. Pwr.	Bottom	Flat	0.0	1.66
2.4505	Mid	Max. Cond. Pwr.	Bottom	Flat	0.0	1.77
2.4805	High	Max. Cond. Pwr.	Bottom	Flat	0.0	1.82
Mixture Type: Muscle Dielectric Constant: 53.6 Conductivity: 1.77			Spatial Peal	k Uncontrolled	1992 - SAFETY L Exposure/General (averaged over 10	Population

Notes:

- 1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case SAR levels are reported.
- 2. The SAR values found were below the maximum limit of 4.0 w/kg.
- 3. The worst-case hand SAR value found was 1.82 w/kg.

5.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

EXPOSURE LIMITS (General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	SAR (W/Kg)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	1.60
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)	4.00

Notes: 1. The FCC SAR safety limits specified in the table above apply to devices operated in the General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure environment.

2. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

6.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The INTERMEC CORPORATION Model: 1555 2.4GHz Spread Spectrum Bar Code Scanner FCC ID: HN21555-2450 was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) based on the following test provisions and conditions:

- 1) The front side of the EUT was tested for body SAR with the front of the EUT placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom with a 5.0cm separation distance.
- 2) The bottom side of the EUT was tested for hand SAR with the underside of the EUT placed parallel to and touching the outer surface of the planar phantom. The trigger handle of the EUT was removed during the test to enable the bottom side of the EUT to touch the outer surface of the planar phantom.
- 3) SAR measurements were evaluated at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimize drift.
- 4) The device was set to operate continuously in the transmit mode for the duration of the test.
- 5) The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (Hot Spot) was determined relative to the device and its antenna.
- 6) The antenna is integral to the EUT.
- 7) The EUT was tested at the maximum conducted power level set by the manufacturer for each frequency.

Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

7.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) evaluation was performed in the following manner:

- a. (i) The evaluation was performed in an applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices worn about the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated at the center frequency of the band at maximum power. The side, which produced the greatest SAR, determined which side of the phantom would be used for the entire evaluation. FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C dictated the positioning of the headworn device relative to the phantom.
- (ii) For face-held, hand-held, and body-worn devices, or devices which can be operated within 20cm of the body, the planar section of the phantom was used. The type of device being evaluated dictated the distance of the EUT to the outer surface of the planar phantom.
- b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY3 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.
- c. A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.
- d. If the EUT had any appreciable drift over the course of the evaluation, then the EUT was re-evaluated. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test also warranted a re-evaluation.

8.0 SYSTEM VALIDATION

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified in the planar region of the phantom. For devices operating below 1GHz, an 835MHz dipole or 900MHz was used, depending on the operating frequency of the EUT. For devices operating above 1GHz, an 1800MHz dipole was used. A forward power of 250mW was applied to the dipole and the system was verified to a tolerance of $\pm 3\%$. Following the validation, the fluid remained or was changed depending on the particular part of the body being evaluated. The applicable verification(s) is/are as follows (see Appendix B for validation test plot):

Dipole Validation Kit	Target SAR 1g (w/kg)	Measured SAR 1g (w/kg)
D1800V2	9.32	9.61

9.0 SIMULATED TISSUES

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution. Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to ensure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permitivity) and conductivity of the tissue.

	MIXTURE %			
INGREDIENT	1800MHz Brain (Validation)	2.4GHz Muscle		
Water	45.0	40.4		
Sugar	53.9	58.0		
Salt	0.0	0.5		
HEC	0.1	0.1		
Bactericide	1.0	1.0		

10.0 TISSUE PARAMETERS

The dielectric parameters of the fluids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer. The dielectric parameters of the fluid are as follows:

Simulated Tissue	Dielectric Constant e _r	Conductivity s (mho/m)	r (Kg/m³)
Brain (1800MHz Validation)	41.2 ± 5%	1.68 ± 10%	1000
Muscle (2.4GHz)	53.6 ± 5%	1.77 ± 10%	1000

Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

11.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications

POSITIONER: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L

Repeatability: 0.02 mm

No. of axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium III
Clock Speed: 450 MHz
Operating System: Windows NT
Data Card: DASY3 PC-Board

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY3 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function: 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing

Link to DAE3

16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system

serial link to robot

direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probe

Model: ET3DV6 Serial No.: 1387

Construction: Triangular core fiber optic detection system

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB } (30 \text{ MHz to } 3 \text{ GHz})$

Phantom

Phantom:Generic TwinShell Material:FiberglassThickness: $2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$

B.C. CANADA V1Y 9L3

12.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM					
<u>EQUIPMENT</u>	<u>S/N #</u>	<u>CALIB. DATE</u>			
DASY3 System -Robot -ET3DV6 E-Field Probe -DAE -835MHz Validation Dipole -900MHz Validation Dipole	599396-01 1387 383 411 054	N/A Sept 1999 Sept 1999 Aug 1999 Aug 1999			
-1800MHz Validation Dipole -Generic Twin Phantom V3.0	247 N/A	Aug 1999 N/A			
85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	N/A	N/A			
Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter	1835272	Oct 1999			
-Power Sensor 80701A -Power Sensor 80701A	1833535 1833542	Oct 1999 Oct 1999			
E4408B Spectrum Analyzer	US39240170	Nov 1999			
8594E Spectrum Analyzer	3543A02721	Mar 2000			
8753E Network Analyzer	US38433013	Nov 1999			
8648D Signal Generator	3847A00611	N/A			
5S1G4 Amplifier Research Power Amplifier	26235	N/A			

13.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Uncertainty Description	Error	Distribution	Weight	Standard Deviation	Offset
Probe Uncertainty					
Axial isotropy	±0.2 dB	U-Shaped	0.5	±2.4 %	
Spherical isotropy	±0.4 dB	U-Shaped	0.5	±4.8 %	
Isotropy from gradient	±0.5 dB	U-Shaped	0	±	
Spatial resolution	±0.5 %	Normal	1	±0.5 %	
Linearity error	±0.2 dB	Rectangle	1	±2.7 %	
Calibration error	±3.3 %	Normal	1	±3.3 %	
SAR Evaluation Uncertainty					
Data acquisition error	±1 %	Rectangle	1	±0.6 %	
ELF and RF disturbances	±0.25 %	Normal	1	±0.25 %	
Conductivity assessment	±10 %	Rectangle	1	±5.8 %	
Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation Uncertainty					
Extrapolated boundary effect	±3 %	Normal	1	±3 %	±5 %
Probe positioning error	±0.1 mm	Normal	1	±1 %	
Integrated and cube orientation	±3 %	Normal	1	±3 %	
Cube Shape inaccuracies	±2 %	Rectangle	1	±1.2 %	
Device positioning	±6 %	Normal	1	±6 %	
Combined Uncertainties				±11.7 %	±5 %

Measurement uncertainties in SAR measurements are difficult to quantify due to several variables including biological, physiological, and environmental. However, the estimated measurement uncertainties in SAR are less than 15-25 %.

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.3, the overall uncertainties are difficult to assess and will vary with the type of meter and usage situation. However, accuracy's of \pm 1 to 3 dB can be expected in practice, with greater uncertainties in near-field situations and at higher frequencies (shorter wavelengths), or areas where large reflecting objects are present. Under optimum measurement conditions, SAR measurement uncertainties of at least \pm 2dB can be expected.

According to CENELEC, typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is \pm 5 dB. For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to \pm 3 dB.

Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

14.0 REFERENCES

- (1) ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300 Ghz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992;
- (2) Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1997;
- (3) Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Neils Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE *Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques*, Vol. 44, pp. 105 113, January, 1996.
- (4) Niels Kuster, Ralph Kastle, and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with know precision", IEICE Transactions of Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645 652, May 1997.

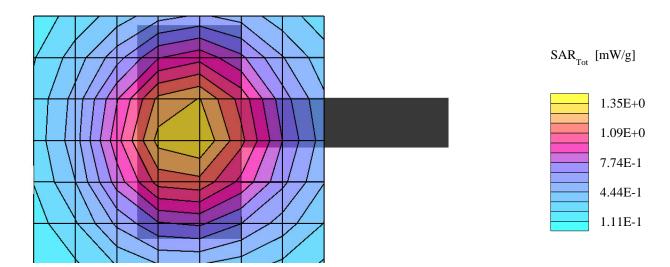
1955 Moss Court, Kelowna, B.C. CANADA V1Y 9L3 Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

APPENDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,270°) Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.94,4.94,4.94); Crest factor: 1.0 2400MHz Muscle: σ = 1.77 mho/m ϵ_r = 53.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³ Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0 Cube 5x5x7

SAR (1g): 1.20 $\,$ mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.653 $\,$ mW/g

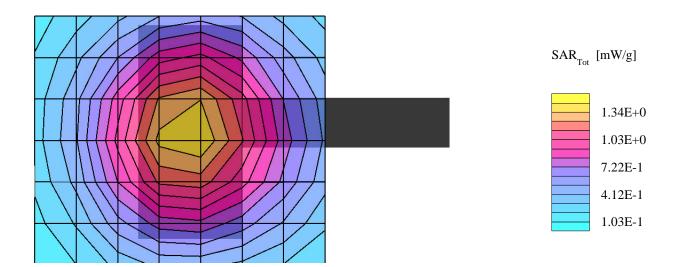
Body SAR Separation Distance 5.0cm
Front of Unit
FHSS Bar Code Scanner
Low Channel [2.4025GHz]
Conducted Power - Max
Date Tested: Jan 9, 2001



Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,270°) Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.94,4.94,4.94); Crest factor: 1.0 2400MHz Muscle: σ = 1.77 mho/m ϵ_r = 53.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³ Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0 Cube 5x5x7

SAR (1g): 1.33 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.723 mW/g

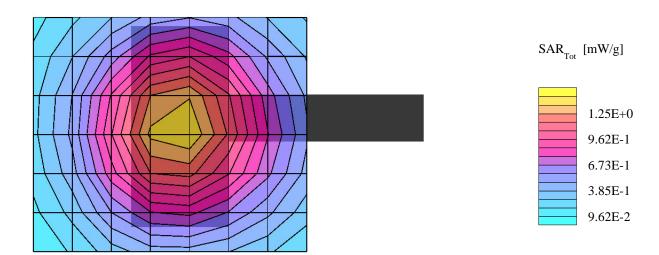
Body SAR Separation Distance 5.0cm Front of Unit FHSS Bar Code Scanner Mid Channel [2.4505GHz] Conducted Power - Max Date Tested: Jan 9, 2001



Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,270°) Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.94,4.94,4.94); Crest factor: 1.0 2400MHz Muscle: σ = 1.77 mho/m ϵ_r = 53.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³ Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0 Cube 5x5x7

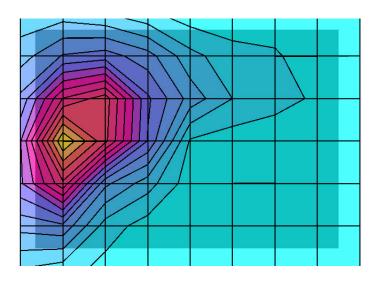
 $SAR\ (1g){:}\ 1.36\ \ mW/g,\ SAR\ (10g){:}\ 0.739\ \ mW/g$

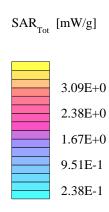
Body SAR Separation Distance 5.0cm Front of Unit FHSS Bar Code Scanner High Channel [2.4805GHz] Conducted Power - Max Date Tested: Jan 9, 2001



Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: $(180^\circ,270^\circ)$ Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.94,4.94,4.94); Crest factor: 1.0 2400MHz Muscle: $\sigma=1.77$ mho/m $\epsilon_r=53.6$ $\rho=1.00$ g/cm³ Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0 Cube 5x5x7 SAR (10g): 1.66 mW/g

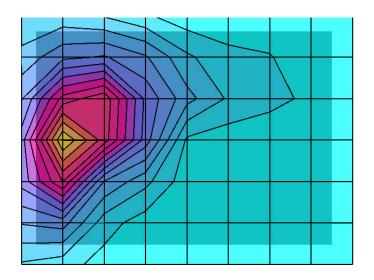
Hand SAR 0.0cm Separation Distance
Bottom of Unit
FHSS Bar Code Scanner
Low Channel [2.4025GHz]
Conducted Power - Max
Date Tested: Jan 9, 2001

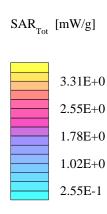




Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: $(180^\circ,270^\circ)$ Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.94,4.94,4.94); Crest factor: 1.0 2400MHz Muscle: $\sigma=1.77$ mho/m $\epsilon_r=53.6$ $\rho=1.00$ g/cm³ Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0 Cube 5x5x7 SAR (10g): 1.77 mW/g

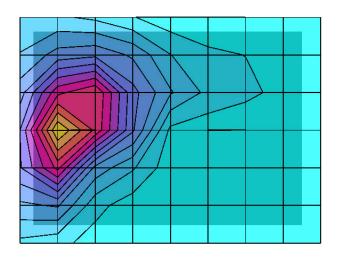
Hand SAR 0.0cm Separation Distance
Bottom of Unit
FHSS Bar Code Scanner
Mid Channel [2.4505GHz]
Conducted Power - Max
Date Tested: Jan 9, 2001

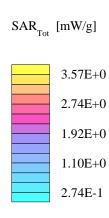




Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: $(180^\circ,270^\circ)$ Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.94,4.94,4.94); Crest factor: 1.0 2400MHz Muscle: $\sigma=1.77$ mho/m $\epsilon_r=53.6$ $\rho=1.00$ g/cm³ Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0 Cube 5x5x7 SAR (10g): 1.82 mW/g

Hand SAR 0.0cm Separation Distance
Bottom of Unit
FHSS Bar Code Scanner
High Channel [2.4805GHz]
Conducted Power - Max
Date Tested: Jan 9, 2001





1955 Moss Court, Kelowna, B.C. CANADA V1Y 9L3 Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

APPENDIX B - DIPOLE VALIDATION

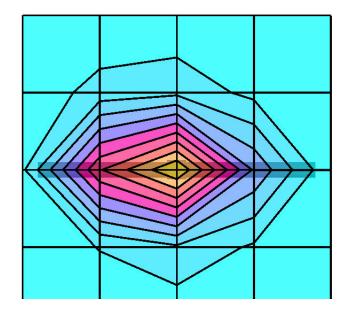
Dipole 1800 MHz

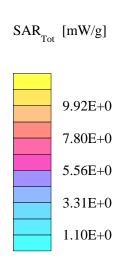
Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(5.50,5.50,5.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800MHz Brain: $\sigma=1.68$ mho/m $\epsilon_r=41.2~\rho=1.00~g/cm^3$

Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0Cube 5x5x7

SAR (1g): 9.61 mW/g, SAR (10g): 4.82 mW/g

Date Tested: Jan. 9, 2001



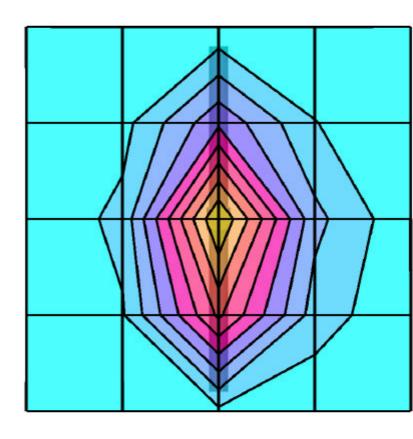


Validation Dipole D1800V2 SN:247, d = 10mm

Frequency: 1800 MHz; Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]

Generic Twin Phantom; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0

Probe: ET3DV5 - SN1342/DAE3; ConvF(4.84,4.84); Brain 1800 MHz: $\sigma = 1.68$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³ Cubes (2): Peak: 17.6 mW/g \pm 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 9.32 mW/g \pm 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 4.76 mW/g \pm 0.06 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 7.5 (7.4, 8.0) [mm] Powerdrift: -0.00 dB



 $SAR_{\mathrm{Tot}} \ [mW/g]$

8.00E+0

7.00E+0

9.00E+0

6.00E+0

5.00E+0

3.00E+0

4.00E+0

2.00E+0

1.00E+0

1955 Moss Court, Kelowna, B.C. CANADA V1Y 9L3 Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

APPENDIX C - PROBE CALIBRATION

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Staffelstrasse 8, 8045 Zurich, Switzerland, Telefon +41 1 280 08 60, Fax +41 1 280 08 64

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1387

Manufactured: September 21, 1999 Last calibration: September 22, 1999

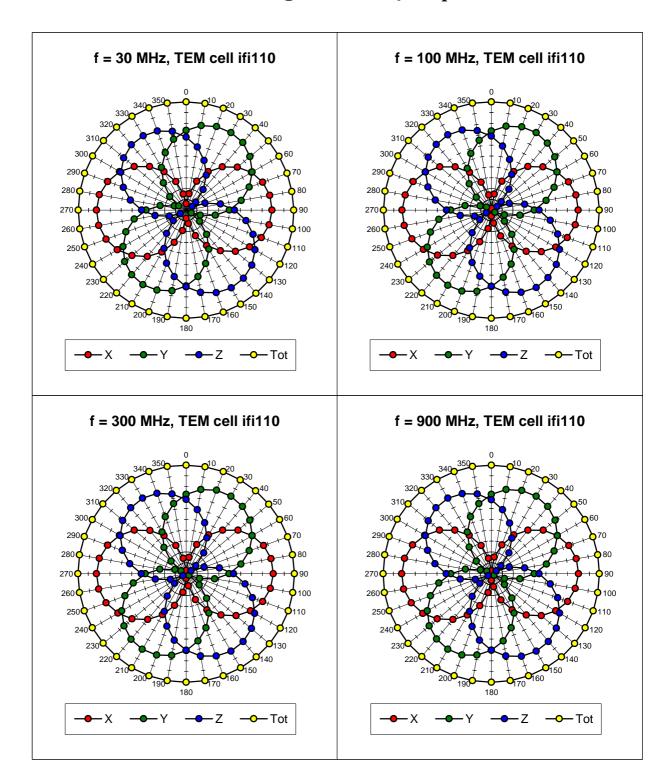
Calibrated for System DASY3

DASY3 - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

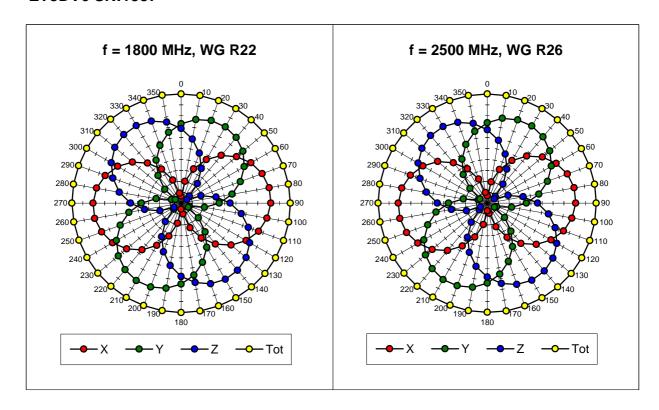
Sensitiv	vity in Free S	Space	Diode Com	npression		
	NormX	1.55	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DC	P X	98 mV
	NormY		$\mu V/(V/m)^2$		PY	98 mV
	NormZ		$\mu V/(V/m)^2$		P Z	98 mV
	Nonne	1.04	μνη(νημη		,, _	30 1110
Sensitiv	vity in Tissue	Sim	ulating Liquid			
Brain	450 MHz	Z	e_r = 48 ± 5%	s = 0.5 0	0 ± 10% mho	/m
	ConvF X	6.76	extrapolated	Воц	undary effect:	
	ConvF Y	6.76	extrapolated	Alpl	ha	0.30
	ConvF Z	6.76	extrapolated	Dep	oth	2.52
Brain	900 MHz	Z	$e_r = 42.5 \pm 5\%$	s = 0.8 6	6 ± 10% mho	/m
	ConvF X	6.34	± 7% (k=2)	Воц	undary effect:	
	ConvF Y	6.34	± 7% (k=2)	Alpl	ha	0.47
	ConvF Z	6.34	± 7% (k=2)	Dep	oth	2.25
Brain	1500 MHz	Z	e_r = 41 ± 5%	s = 1.3 2	2 ± 10% mho	/m
	ConvF X	5.78	interpolated	Воц	undary effect:	
	ConvF Y	5.78	interpolated	Alpl	ha	0.69
	ConvF Z	5.78	interpolated	Dep	oth	1.88
Brain	1800 MHz	Z	e_r = 41 ± 5%	s = 1.6 9	9 ± 10% mho	/m
	ConvF X	5.50	± 7% (k=2)	Воц	undary effect:	
	ConvF Y	5.50	± 7% (k=2)	Alp	ha	0.81
	ConvF Z	5.50	± 7% (k=2)	Dep	oth	1.70
Sensor	Offset					

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.6 ± 0.2	mm

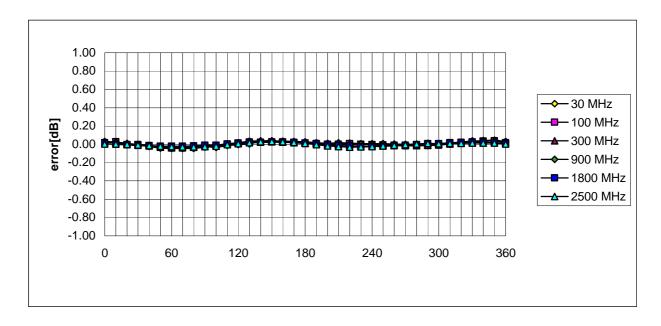
Receiving Pattern (f) , q = 0°



ET3DV6 SN:1387

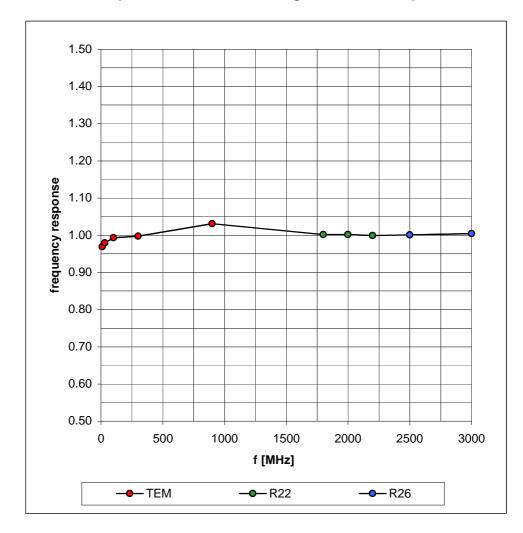


Isotropy Error (f), $q = 0^{\circ}$



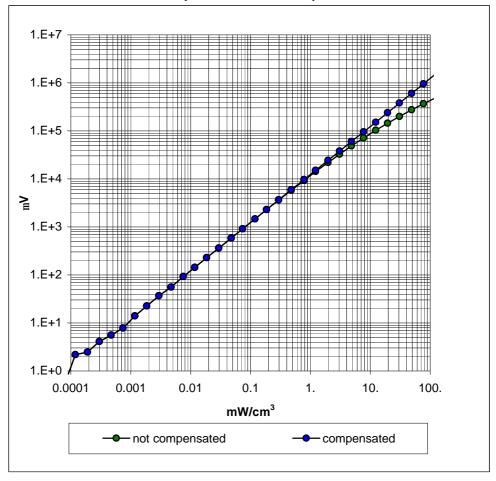
Frequency Response of E-Field

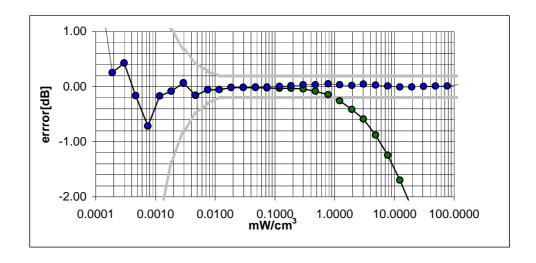
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22, R26)



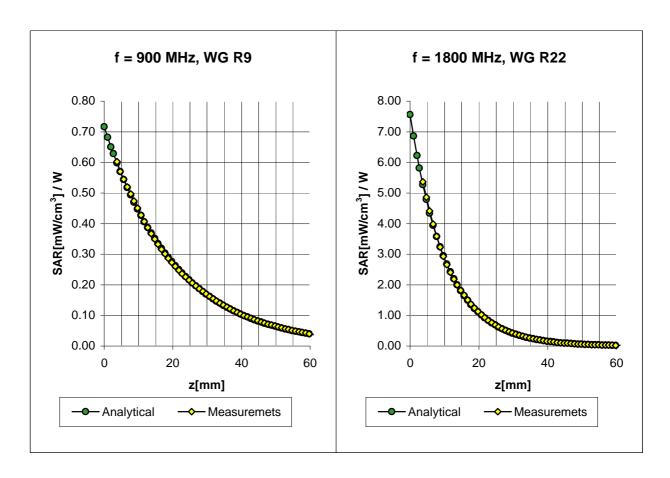
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

(TEM-Cell:ifi110)



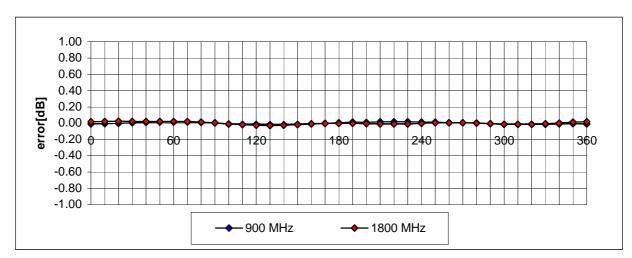


Conversion Factor Assessment



Receiving Pattern (f)

(in brain tissue, z = 5 mm)



1955 Moss Court, Kelowna, B.C. CANADA V1Y 9L3 Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date of Tests: January 9, 2001

APPENDIX D - SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date(s) of Tests: January 9, 2001

BODY SAR TEST SETUP Front Side of EUT (5.0cm Separation Distance)





SFTHP

Test Report S/N: 010301-51HN2 Date(s) of Tests: January 9, 2001

HAND SAR TEST SETUP Bottom Side of EUT (EUT touching phantom surface)



