DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE
SAR RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

Test Lab

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Applicant Information

COBRA ELECTRONICS CORPORATION
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Rule Part(s):	**FCC 47 CFR §2.1093; IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)**
Test Procedure(s):	**FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01)**
FCC ID:	**BBOMRHH400**
Model(s):	**HH300, HH400**
Device Type:	**Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver**
Modulation:	**FM**
Tx Frequency Range:	**156.025 - 157.425 MHz**
Max. RF Output Power Tested:	**4.95 Watts (Conducted)**
Antenna Type(s):	**Stubby**
Battery Type(s):	**1.5 V AAA Alkaline (x6), 1.2 V AAA NiMH (x6)**
Body-Worn Accessories:	**Belt-Clip (body-worn operation not applicable)**
Max. SAR Measured:	**0.640 W/kg - Face-held (50% Duty Cycle)**

Celltech Labs Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this wireless portable device was compliant with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6. The device was tested in accordance with the measurement standards and procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) and Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) for the Occupational / Controlled Exposure environment. All measurements were performed in accordance with the SAR system manufacturer recommendations.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Russell W. Pipe
Senior Compliance Technologist
Celltech Labs Inc.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This measurement report demonstrates compliance of the Cobra Electronics Corporation Models: HH300, HH400 Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver FCC ID: BBOMRHH400 with the SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]) and Health Canada Safety Code 6 (see reference [2]) for the Occupational / Controlled Exposure environment. The test procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) (see reference [3]) and IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) (see reference [4]), were employed. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT)

FCC Rule Part(s)	FCC 47 CFR §2.1093
IC Rule Part(s)	RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)
Test Procedure(s)	FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
Device Type	Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver
FCC ID	BBOMRHH400
Model No.(s)	HH300 / HH400
Serial No.(s)	000000003 (HH300) 000000002 (HH400)
Modulation	FM
Tx Frequency Range	156.025 - 157.425 MHz
Max. RF Output Power Tested	4.95 Watts (Conducted)
Battery Type(s)	1.5 V AAA Alkaline (x6) 1.2 V AAA NiMH (x6)
Antenna Type(s)	Stubby
Body-worn Accessories	Belt-Clip (body-worn operation not applicable)

3.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Labs Inc. SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY4 measurement system is comprised of the measurement server, robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic mannequin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for brain and/or body SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the DASY4 measurement server. The DAE4 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the DASY4 measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. The sensor systems are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

DASY4 SAR Measurement System with validation phantom

DASY4 SAR Measurement System with Plexiglas planar phantom

4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the DUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the DUT are reported in Appendix A.

SAR EVALUATION RESULTS

Model Tested	Freq. (MHz)	Chan.	Test Type	Battery Type	Separ. Dist. (cm)	Cond. Power Before (W)	Cond. Power After (W)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)		Max. Power Drift (dB)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	
									100% Duty Cycle	50% Duty Cycle		100% Duty Cycle	50% Duty Cycle
HH400	156.800	16	Face	NiMH	2.5	4.95	4.52	-0.40	1.05	0.525	-0.86	1.28	0.640
HH300	156.800	16	Face	NiMH	2.5	4.90	4.39	-0.49	1.03	0.515	-0.86	1.26	0.630
HH400	156.800	16	Face	Alkaline	2.5	4.92	4.10	-0.79	0.951	0.476	-0.86	1.16	0.580
HH300	156.800	16	Face	Alkaline	2.5	4.93	4.05	-0.86	0.921	0.461	-0.86	1.12	0.560

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT
BRAIN: 8.0 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram)
Spatial Peak - Controlled Exposure / Occupational

Measured Mixture Type	150 MHz Brain		Ambient Temperature	21.6 °C
Dielectric Constant	IEEE Target	Measured	Fluid Temperature	22.4 °C
ε_r	52.3 (± 5%)	54.2	Fluid Depth	≥ 15 cm
Conductivity	IEEE Target	Measured	Phantom Type	Plexiglas Planar
σ (mho/m)	0.76 (± 5%)	0.78	Relative Humidity	52 %
ρ (Kg/m^3)	1000		Atmospheric Pressure	101.9 kPa

Note(s):

1. The transmission band of the DUT is less than 10 MHz, therefore mid channel data only is reported (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 - see reference [3]).
2. The power drift measured by the SAR measurement system was > 5%. The maximum power drift was added to the measured SAR levels to show scaled SAR results as shown in the table above.
3. The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed were consistent for all measurement periods.
4. The dielectric properties of the simulated tissue fluid were measured prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).
5. The DUT does not have provision for external plug-in source, therefore body-worn SAR was not applicable.

5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The Cobra Electronics Corporation Models: HH300 / HH400 Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver FCC ID: BBOMRHH400 was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate (Occupational / Controlled Exposure) based on the test provisions and conditions described below. The detailed test setup photographs are shown in Appendix F.

1. The DUT was evaluated in a face-held configuration with the front of the radio placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. A 2.5 cm separation distance was maintained between the front side of the DUT and the outer surface of the planar phantom for the duration of the tests.
2. The conducted power levels were measured before and after each test using a Gigatronics 8652A Universal Power Meter according to the procedures described in FCC 47 CFR §2.1046.
3. The power drift measured by the SAR measurement system was > 5%. The maximum power drift was added to the measured SAR levels to show scaled SAR results as shown in the test data table (page 5).
4. The DUT was tested in unmodulated continuous transmit operation (Continuous Wave mode at 100% duty cycle) with the transmit key constantly depressed. For a push-to-talk device the 50% duty cycle compensation reported assumes a transmit/receive cycle of equal time base.
5. The DUT was tested with fully charged NiMH and alkaline batteries.
6. The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed were consistent for all measurement periods.
7. The dielectric properties of the simulated tissue mixtures were measured prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).
8. Due to the dimensions of the DUT, a Plexiglas planar phantom was used in place of the SAM phantom.
9. A stack of low-density, low-loss dielectric foamed polystyrene was used in place of the device holder.

6.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated using the SAM phantom.
(ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.

b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY4 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 15mm x 15mm.

An area scan was determined as follows:

c. Based on the defined area scan grid, a more detailed grid is created to increase the points by a factor of 10. The interpolation function then evaluates all field values between corresponding measurement points.

d. A linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. Subsequently, all maxima are removed that are >2 dB from the global maximum. The remaining maxima are then used to position the cube scans.

A 1g and 10g spatial peak SAR was determined as follows:

1. Extrapolation is used to find the points between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom. This data cannot be measured, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away form the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.4 mm (see probe calibration document in Appendix D). The extrapolation was based on trivariate quadratics computed from the previously calculated 3D interpolated points nearest the phantom surface.
2. Interpolated data is used to calculate the average SAR over 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured cube. The volume used to determine the averaged SAR is a 1mm grid (42875 interpolated points).

7.0 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

Prior to the SAR evaluation a system check was performed using a large Plexiglas planar phantom with a 300MHz dipole (see Appendix C for system validation procedure). The dielectric parameters of the simulated tissue fluid were measured prior to the system check using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters). A forward power of 250mW was applied to the dipole and the system was verified to a tolerance of ±10% (see Appendix B for system check test plot).

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

Test Date	300MHz Equiv. Tissue	SAR 1g (W/kg)		Dielectric Constant ε_r		Conductivity σ (mho/m)		ρ (Kg/m^3)	Ambient Temp.	Fluid Temp.	Fluid Depth
		IEEE Target	Measured	IEEE Target	Measured	IEEE Target	Measured				
09/29/03	Brain	0.750 (±10%)	0.776	45.3 ±5%	44.2	0.87 ±5%	0.83	1000	21.6 °C	22.1 °C	≥ 15 cm

Note(s):
1. The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid electric parameter check and the system performance check. The temperatures listed in the table above were consistent for all measurement periods.

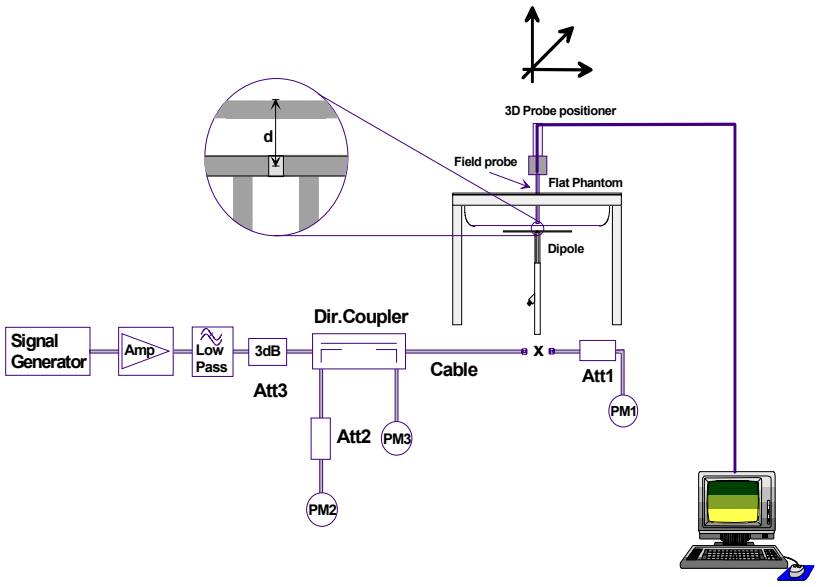


Figure 1. System Performance Check Setup Diagram

300 MHz Dipole Setup

8.0 SIMULATED TISSUE MIXTURES

The simulated tissue mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution. Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to ensure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The fluid was prepared according to standardized procedures and measured for dielectric parameters (permittivity and conductivity).

TISSUE MIXTURES		
INGREDIENT	**300 MHz Brain (System Performance Check)**	**150 MHz Brain (DUT Evaluation)**
Water	37.56 %	38.35 %
Sugar	55.32 %	55.5 %
Salt	5.95 %	5.15 %
HEC	0.98 %	0.9 %
Bactericide	0.19 %	0.1 %

9.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)	4.0	20.0

Notes:

1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

10.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications

POSITIONER: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L
Repeatability: 0.02 mm
No. of axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: AMD Athlon XP 2400+
Clock Speed: 2.0 GHz
Operating System: Windows XP Professional

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY4 software
Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

DASY4 Measurement Server

Function: Real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection
Hardware: PC/104 166MHz Pentium CPU; 32 MB chipdisk; 64 MB RAM
Connections: COM1, COM2, DAE, Robot, Ethernet, Service Interface

E-Field Probe

Model: ET3DV6
Serial No.: 1387
Construction: Triangular core fiber optic detection system
Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Evaluation Phantom

Type: Planar Phantom
Shell Material: Plexiglas
Bottom Thickness: 2.0 mm ± 0.1 mm
Outer Dimensions: 75.0 cm (L) x 22.5 cm (W) x 20.5 cm (H); Back Plane: 25.7 cm (H)

Validation Phantom (≤ 450MHz)

Type: Large Planar Phantom
Shell Material: Plexiglas
Bottom Thickness: 6.2 mm ± 0.1 mm
Outer Dimensions: 86.0 cm (L) x 39.5 cm (W) x 21.8 cm (H)

11.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

Construction:	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol)
Calibration:	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy ± 8%)
Frequency:	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity:	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range:	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Surface Detect.:	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application:	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone

ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

12.0 PLANAR PHANTOM

The planar phantom is constructed of Plexiglas material with a 2.0 mm shell thickness for face-held and body-worn SAR evaluations of handheld radio transceivers. The planar phantom is mounted on the side of the DASY4 system

Planar Phantom

13.0 VALIDATION PLANAR PHANTOM

The validation planar phantom is constructed of Plexiglas material with a 6.0 mm shell thickness for SAR validations at 450MHz and below. The validation planar phantom is mounted in the DASY4 compact system.

Validation Planar Phantom

14.0 DEVICE HOLDER

The DASY4 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

Device Holder

15.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

TEST EQUIPMENT	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION DATE
Schmid & Partner DASY4 System	-	-
DASY4 Measurement Server	1078	N/A
-Robot	599396-01	N/A
-ET3DV6 E-Field Probe	1387	Feb 2003
-300MHz Validation Dipole	135	Oct 2002
-450MHz Validation Dipole	136	Oct 2002
-900MHz Validation Dipole	054	June 2003
-1800MHz Validation Dipole	247	June 2003
-2450MHz Validation Dipole	150	Sept 2003
-Planar Phantom	161	N/A
-Validation Planar Phantom	137	N/A
HP 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	N/A	N/A
Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter	8650137	April 2003
Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter	1835267	April 2003
Power Sensor 80701A	1833542	Feb 2003
Power Sensor 80701A	1833699	April 2003
HP E4408B Spectrum Analyzer	US39240170	Dec 2002
HP 8594E Spectrum Analyzer	3543A02721	April 2003
HP 8753E Network Analyzer	US38433013	May 2003
HP 8648D Signal Generator	3847A00611	May 2003
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amplifier	26235	N/A

16.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

UNCERTAINTY BUDGET FOR DEVICE EVALUATION						
Error Description	**Uncertainty Value ±%**	**Probability Distribution**	**Divisor**	**c_i 1g**	**Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)**	**v_i or v_{eff}**
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	$(1-c_p)$	± 1.9	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	(c_p)	± 3.9	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 3.2	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.8	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	± 6.0	Normal	√3	1	± 6.7	12
Device holder uncertainty	± 5.0	Normal	√3	1	± 5.9	8
Power drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3		± 2.9	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					**± 13.3**	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)					**± 26.6**	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-200X (Draft - see reference [5])

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES (Cont.)

UNCERTAINTY BUDGET FOR SYSTEM VALIDATION						
Error Description	**Uncertainty Value ±%**	**Probability Distribution**	**Divisor**	**c_i 1g**	**Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)**	**v_i or v_{eff}**
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	$(1-c_p)$	± 1.9	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	(c_p)	± 3.9	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 3.2	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.8	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Dipole						
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	± 2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2	∞
Input Power	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					**± 9.9**	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)					**± 19.8**	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-200X (Draft - see reference [5])

17.0 REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission, “Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices”, Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093: 1999.

[2] Health Canada, “Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, Safety Code 6.

[3] Federal Communications Commission, “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields”, OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.

[4] Industry Canada, “Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada’s Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields”, Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional): September 1999.

[5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Std 1528-200X, “DRAFT Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques”.

[6] W. Gander, *Computermathematick*, Birkhaeuser, Basel: 1992.

APPENDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Date: 09/29/03

DUT: Cobra Electronics; Model: HH400; Type: Portable VHF Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: 000000002

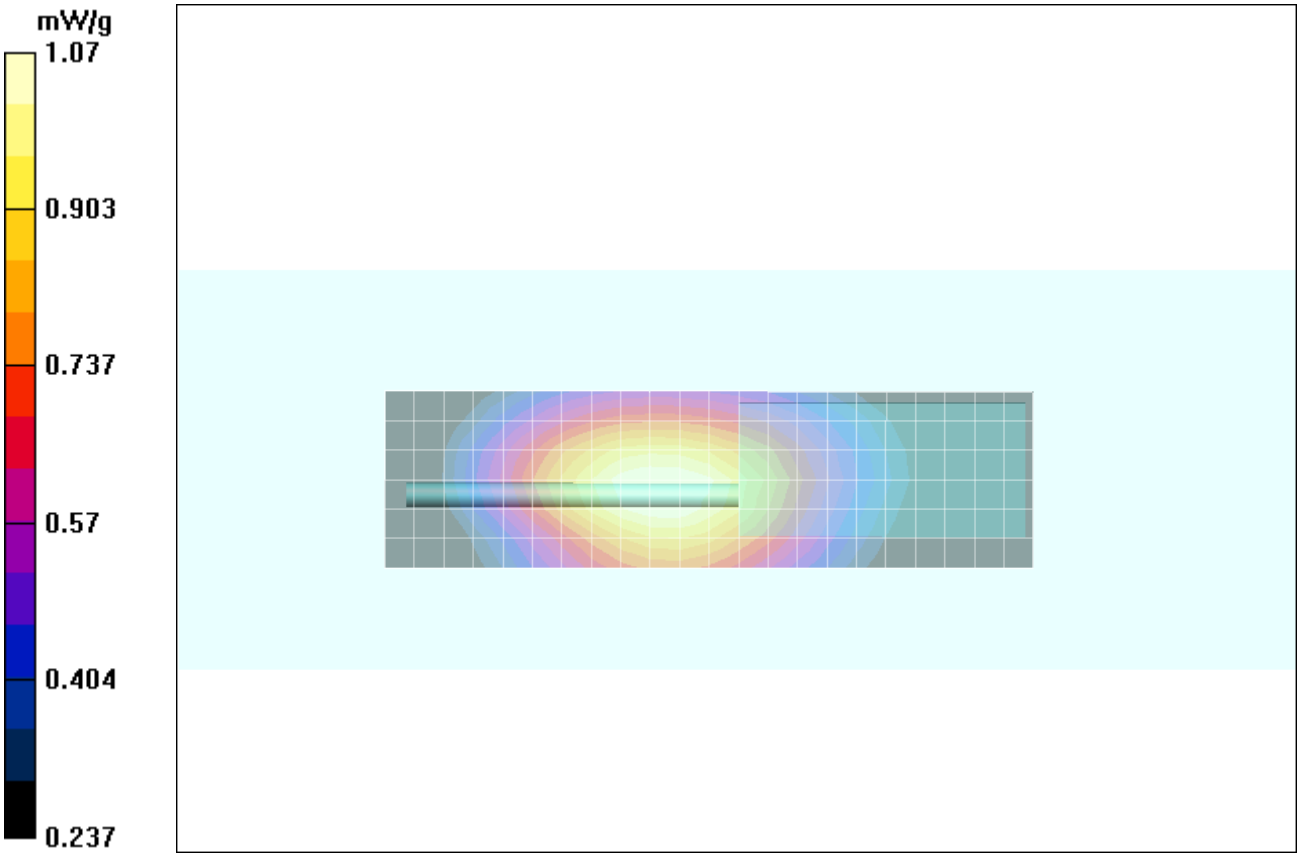
Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Fluid Temp: 22.4°C; Barometric Pressure: 101.9 kPa; Humidity: 52%

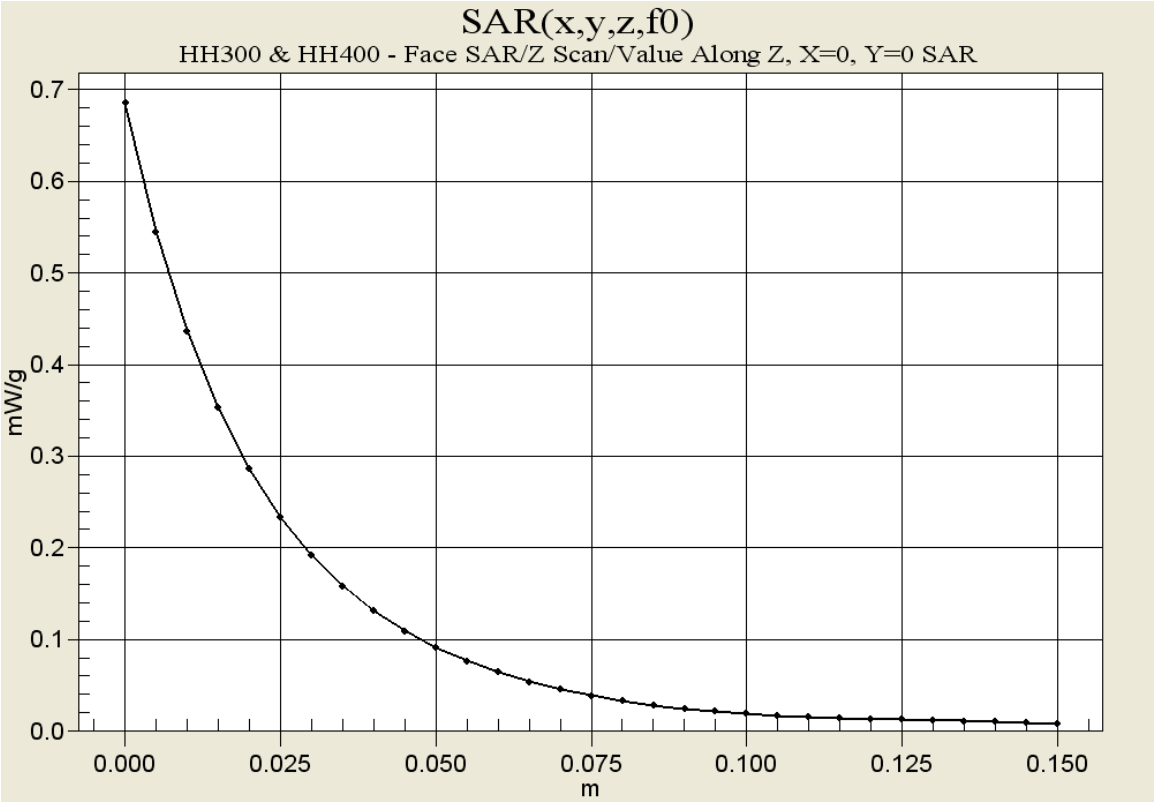
Communication System: FM VHF
Frequency: 156.800 MHz; Channel 16; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL150 (σ = 0.78 mho/m, ε_r = 54.2, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(9.1, 9.1, 9.1); Calibrated: 26/02/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn370; Calibrated: 19/05/2003
- Phantom: Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 116

HH400 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - NiMH/Area Scan (7x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

HH400 – Face-held at 2.5 cm - NiMH/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.767 mW/g
Reference Value = 38.5 V/m
Power Drift = -0.40 dBm
Conducted Power: 4.95 Watts




SAR(x,y,z,f0)
HH300 & HH400 - Face SAR/Z Scan/Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 SAR
mW/g
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
0.0
0.000
0.025
0.050
0.075
0.100
0.125
0.150
m

Date Tested: 09/29/03

DUT: Cobra Electronics; Model: HH300; Type: Portable VHF Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: 000000003

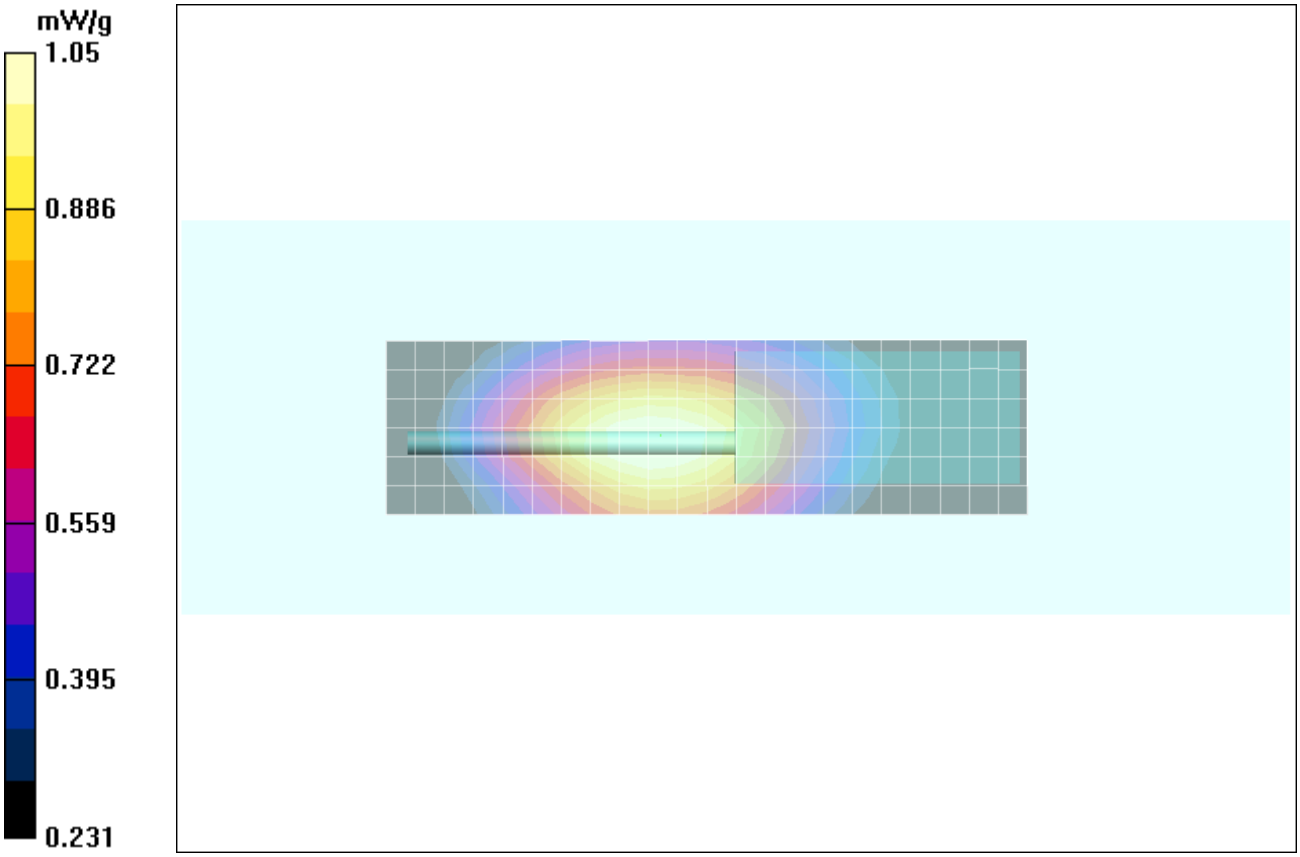
Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Fluid Temp: 22.4°C; Barometric Pressure: 101.9 kPa; Humidity: 52%

Communication System: FM VHF
Frequency: 156.800 MHz; Channel 16; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL150 (σ = 0.78 mho/m, ε_r = 54.2, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(9.1, 9.1, 9.1); Calibrated: 26/02/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn370; Calibrated: 19/05/2003
- Phantom: Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 116

HH300 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - NiMH/Area Scan (7x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

HH300 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - NiMH/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.752 mW/g
Reference Value = 37.4 V/m
Power Drift = -0.49 dB
Conducted Power: 4.90 Watts



Date Tested: 09/29/03

DUT: Cobra Electronics; Model HH400; Type: Portable VHF Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: 000000002

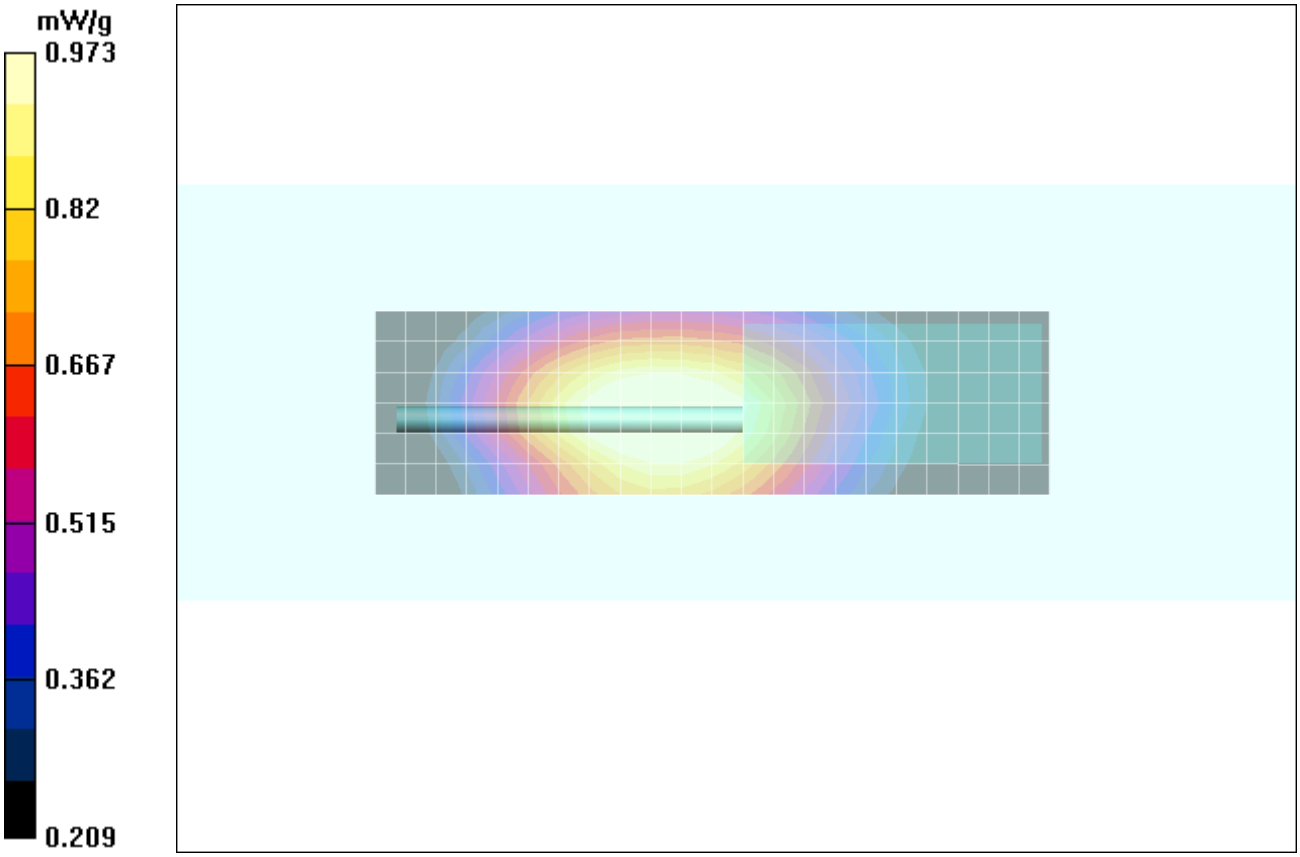
Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Fluid Temp: 22.4°C; Barometric Pressure: 101.9 kPa; Humidity: 52%

Communication System: FM VHF
Frequency: 156.800 MHz; Channel 16; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL150 (σ = 0.78 mho/m, ε_r = 54.2, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(9.1, 9.1, 9.1); Calibrated: 26/02/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn370; Calibrated: 19/05/2003
- Phantom: Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 116

HH400 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - Alkaline/Area Scan (7x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

HH400 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - Alkaline/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.951 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.695 mW/g
Reference Value = 40 V/m
Power Drift = -0.79 dB
Conducted Power: 4.92 Watts



Date Tested: 09/29/03

DUT: Cobra Electronics; Model HH300; Type: Portable VHF Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: 000000003

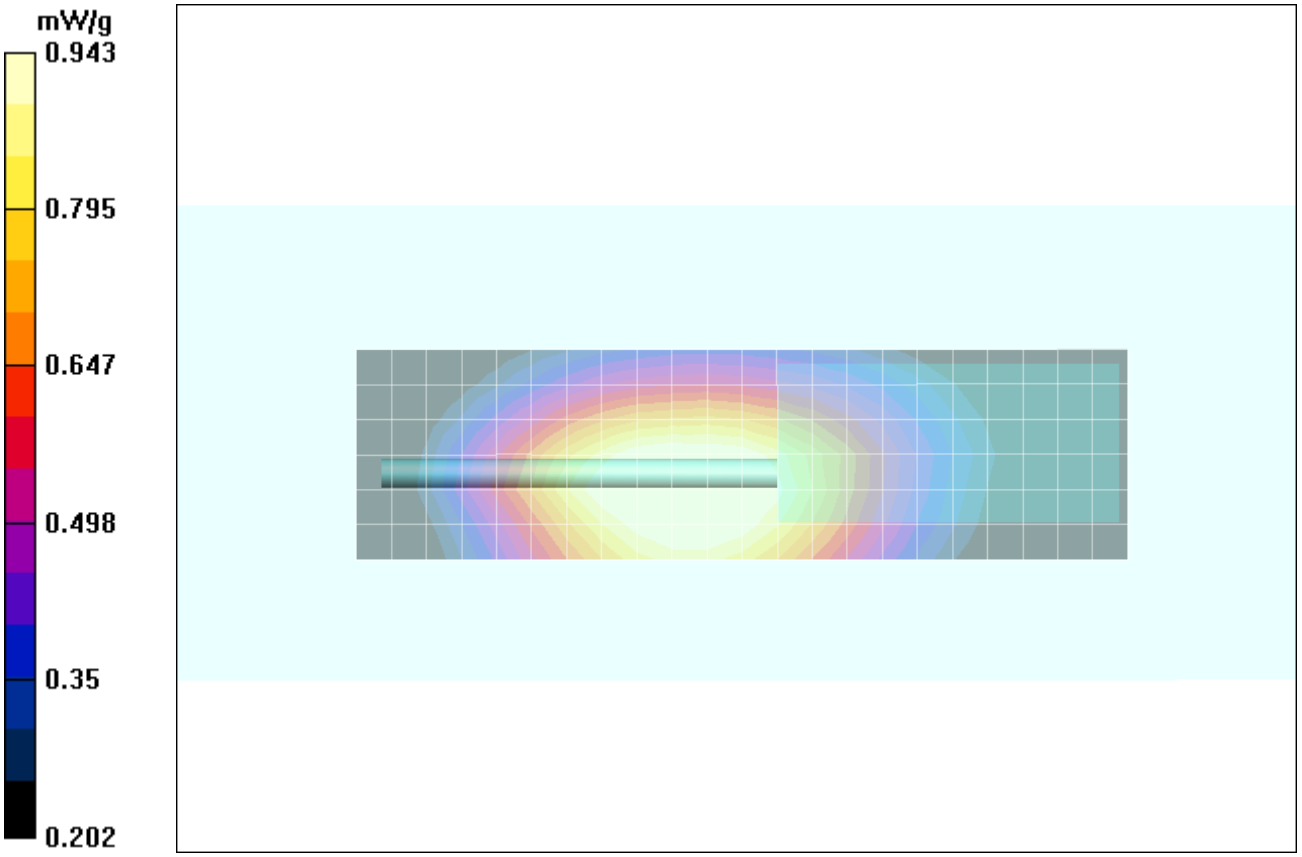
Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Fluid Temp: 22.4°C; Barometric Pressure: 101.9 kPa; Humidity: 52%

Communication System: FM VHF
Frequency: 156.800 MHz; Channel 16; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL150 (σ = 0.78 mho/m, ε_r = 54.2, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(9.1, 9.1, 9.1); Calibrated: 26/02/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn370; Calibrated: 19/05/2003
- Phantom: Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 116

HH300 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - Alkaline/Area Scan (7x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

HH300 - Face-held at 2.5 cm - Alkaline/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.921 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.676 mW/g
Reference Value = 37 V/m
Power Drift = -0.86 dB
Conducted Power: 4.93 Watts



APPENDIX B - SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK DATA

Date Tested: 09/29/03

DUT: Dipole 300 MHz; Type: System Performance Check; Model: D300V2 - SN: 135

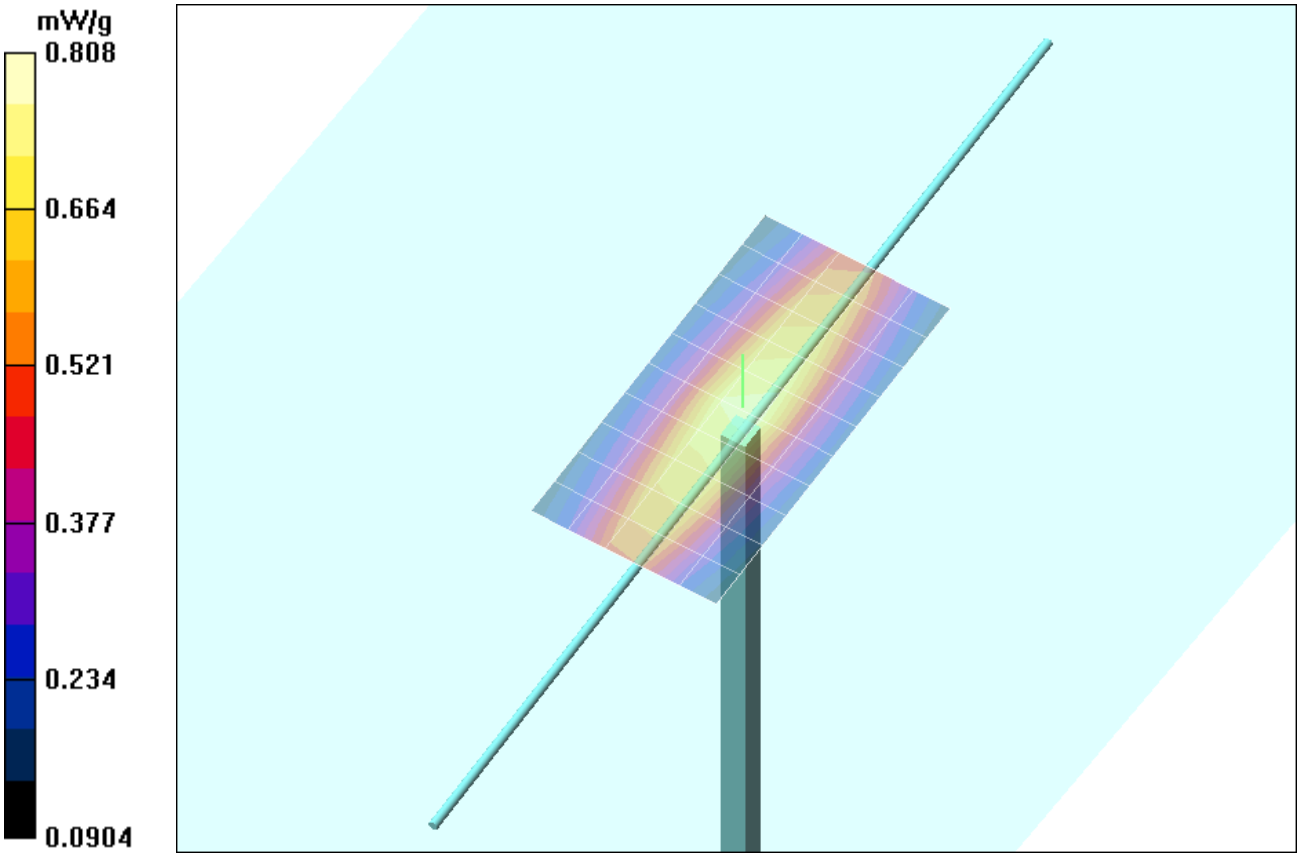
Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Fluid Temp: 22.1°C; Barometric Pressure: 101.9 kPa; Humidity: 52%

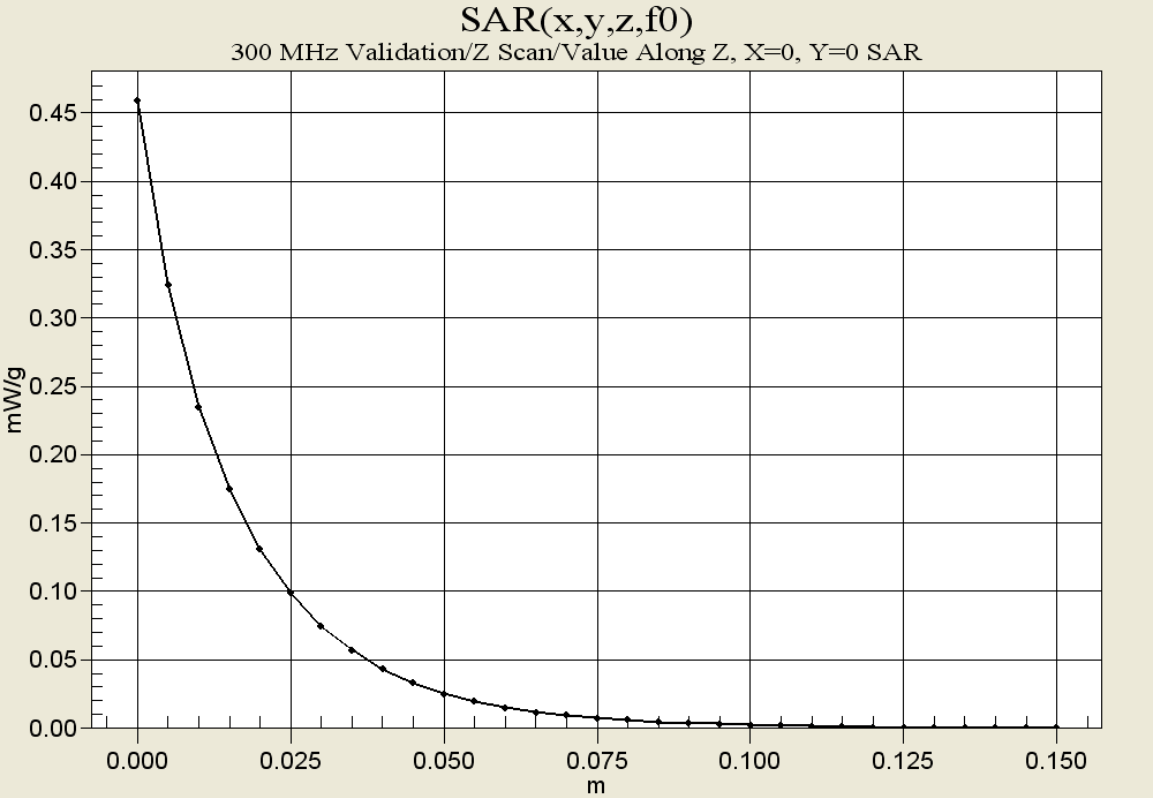
Communication System: CW
Frequency: 300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL300 (σ = 0.83 mho/m, ε_r = 44.2, ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9); Calibrated: 26/02/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn370; Calibrated: 19/05/2003
- Phantom: Validation Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 137
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 116

300 MHz Validation/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

300 MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.776 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 mW/g
Forward Conducted Power: 250 mW
Reference Value = 31.5 V/m
Power Drift = -0.08 dB




SAR(x,y,z,f0)
300 MHz Validation/Z Scan/Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 SAR
mW/g
0.45
0.40
0.35
0.30
0.25
0.20
0.15
0.10
0.05
0.00
0.000
0.025
0.050
0.075
0.100
0.125
0.150
m

APPENDIX C - SYSTEM VALIDATION

300MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Type:	**300MHz Validation Dipole**
Serial Number:	**135**
Place of Calibration:	**Celltech Research Inc.**
Date of Calibration:	**October 15, 2002**

Celltech Research Inc. hereby certifies that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above.

Calibrated by: 

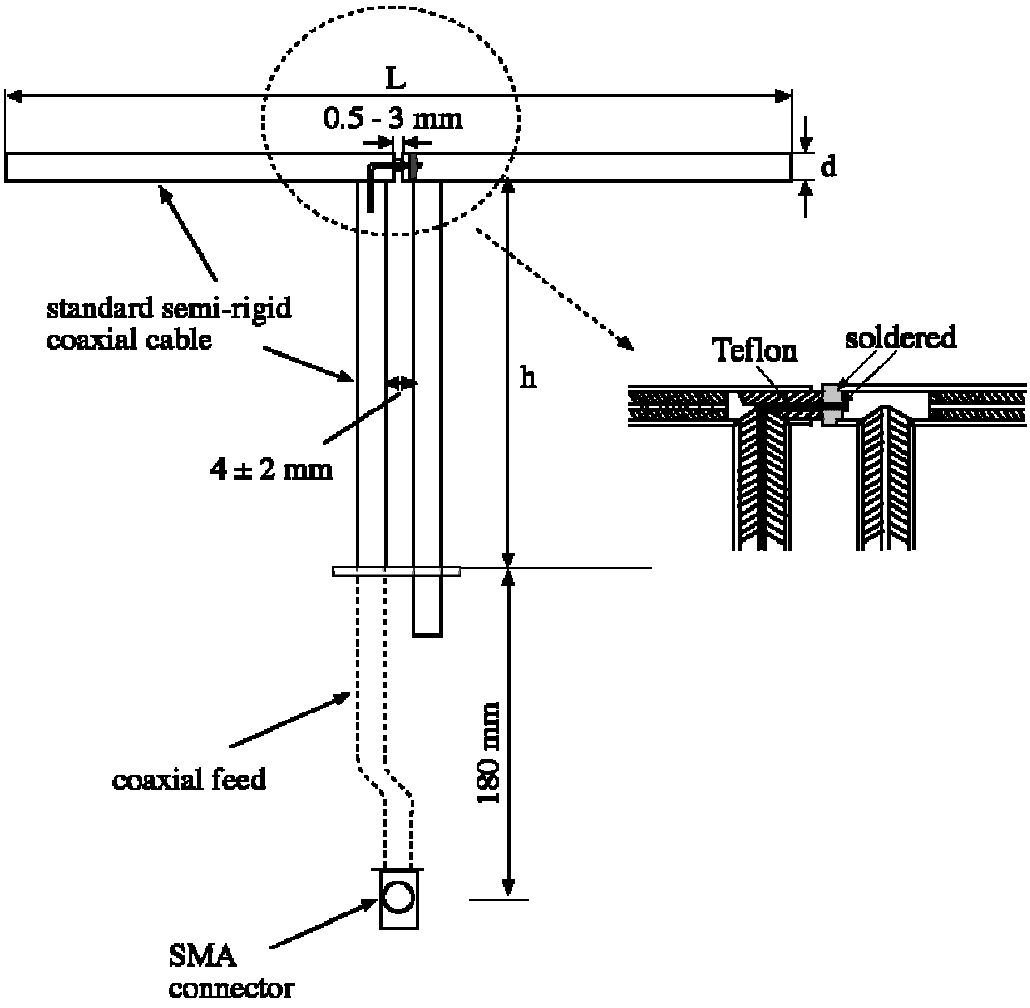
Approved by: 

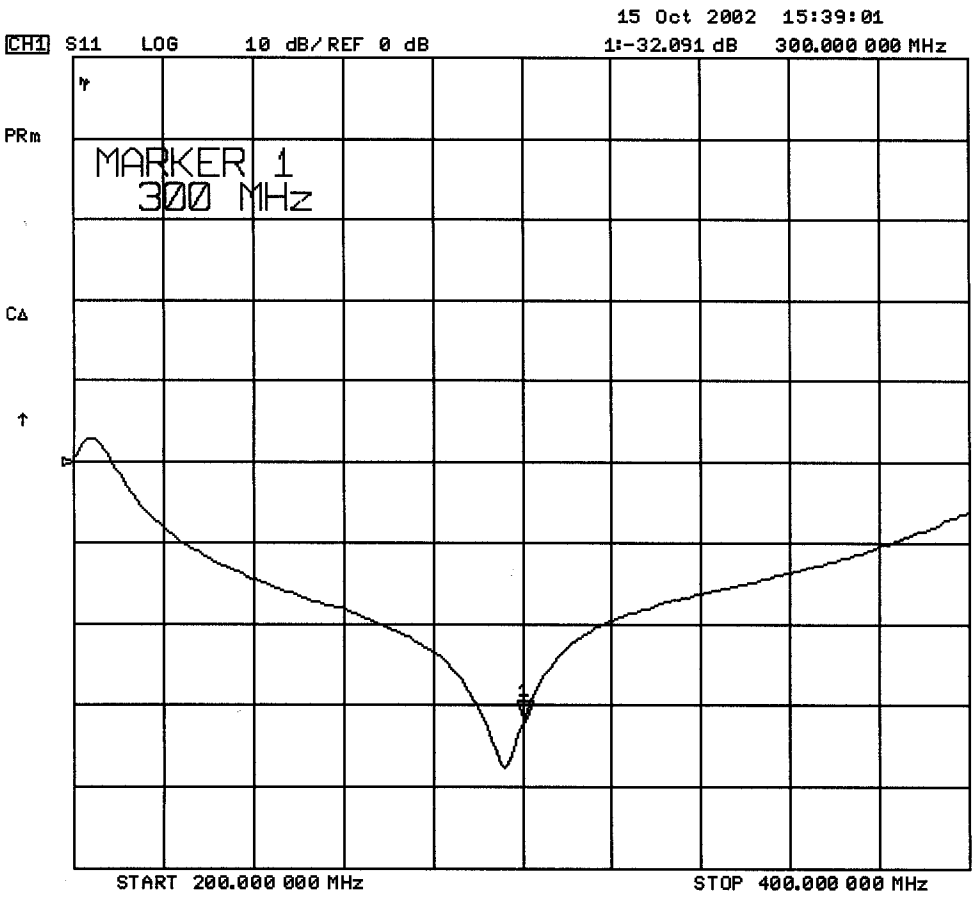
Celltech Research Inc. 1955 Moss Court, Kelowna, B.C. Canada V1Y 9L3
Tel. 250-448-7047 • Fax. 250-448-7046 • e-mail: info@celltechlabs.com
www.celltechlabs.com

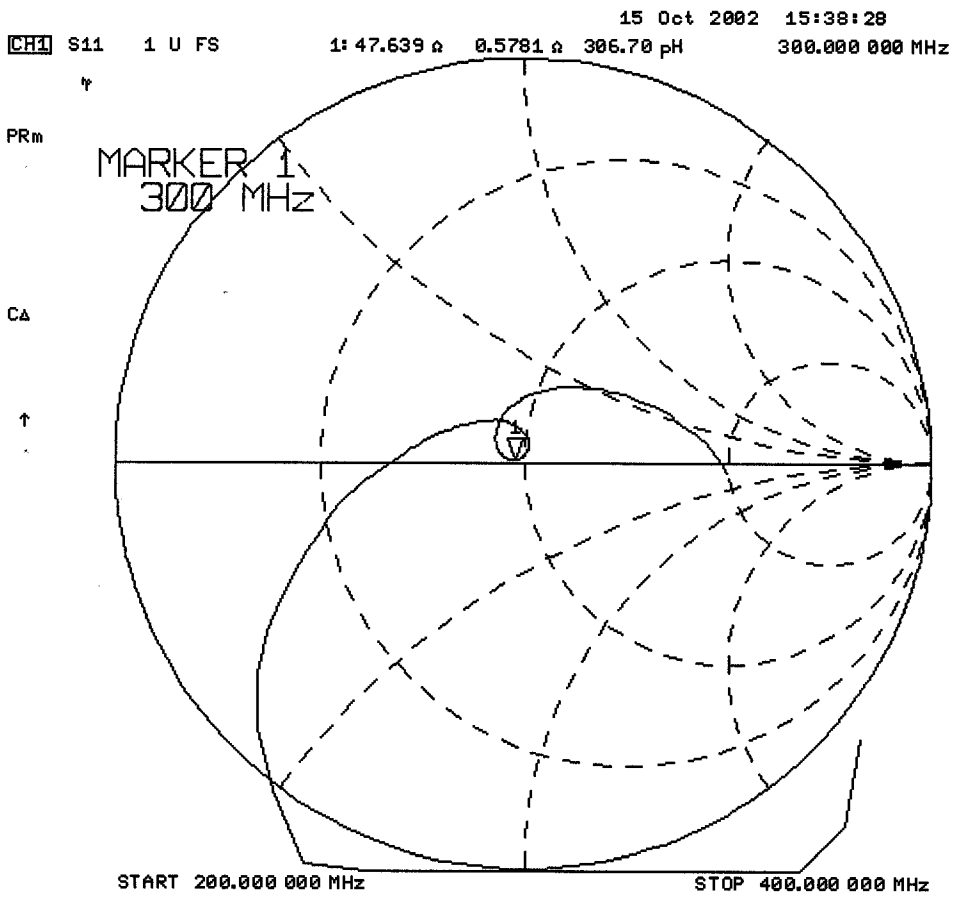
1. Dipole Construction & Electrical Characteristics

The validation dipole was constructed in accordance with the IEEE Std "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques". The electrical properties were measured using an HP 8753E Network Analyzer. The network analyzer was calibrated to the validation dipole N-type connector feed point using an HP85032E Type N calibration kit. The dipole was placed parallel to a planar phantom at a separation distance of 15.0mm from the simulating fluid using a loss-less dielectric spacer. The measured input impedance is:

Feed point impedance at 300MHz	Re{Z} = 47.639Ω
	Im{Z} = 0.5781Ω
Return Loss at 300MHz	-32.091dB




15 Oct 2002 15:39:01
CH1 S11 LOG 10 dB/ REF 0 dB
1:-32.091 dB 300.000 000 MHz
PRm
MARKER 1
300 MHz
CA
START 200.000 000 MHz
STOP 400.000 000 MHz


15 Oct 2002 15:38:28
CH1 S11 1 U FS
1: 47.639 Ω 0.5781 Ω 306.70 pH
300.000 000 MHz
PRm
MARKER 1
300 MHz
CA
START 200.000 000 MHz
STOP 400.000 000 MHz

Validation Dipole Dimensions

Frequency (MHz)	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
300	420.0	250.0	6.2
450	288.0	167.0	6.2
835	161.0	89.8	3.6
900	149.0	83.3	3.6
1450	89.1	51.7	3.6
1800	72.0	41.7	3.6
1900	68.0	39.5	3.6
2000	64.5	37.5	3.6
2450	51.8	30.6	3.6
3000	41.5	25.0	3.6

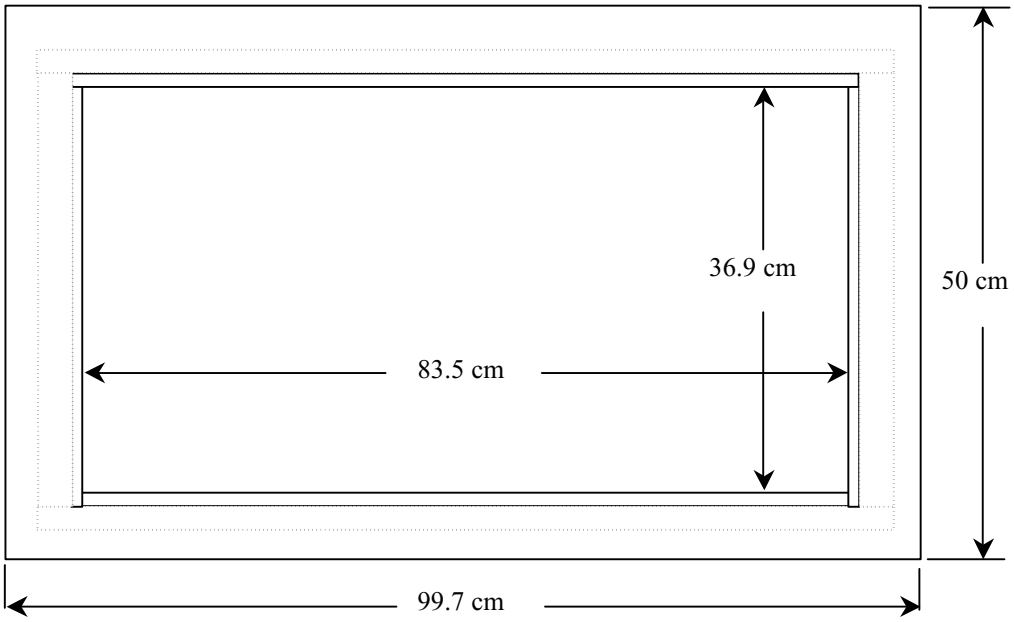
2. Validation Phantom

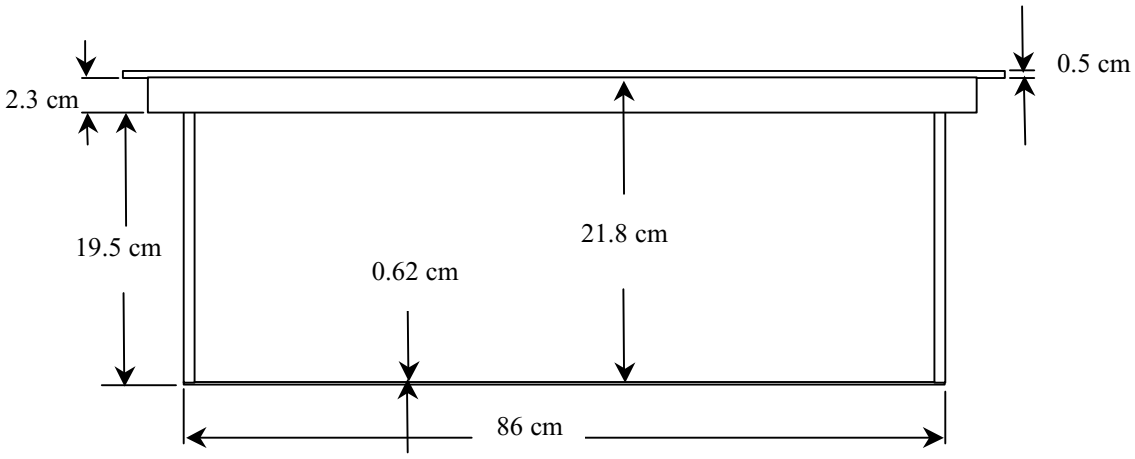
The validation phantom was constructed using relatively low-loss tangent Plexiglas material. The dimensions of the phantom are as follows:

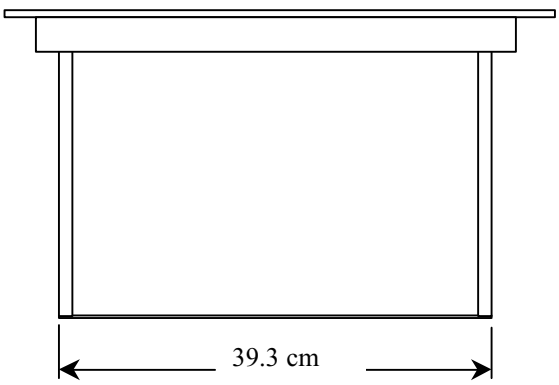
Length: 83.5 cm
Width: 36.9 cm
Height: 21.8 cm

The bottom of the phantom is constructed of 6.2 ± 0.1mm Plexiglas.

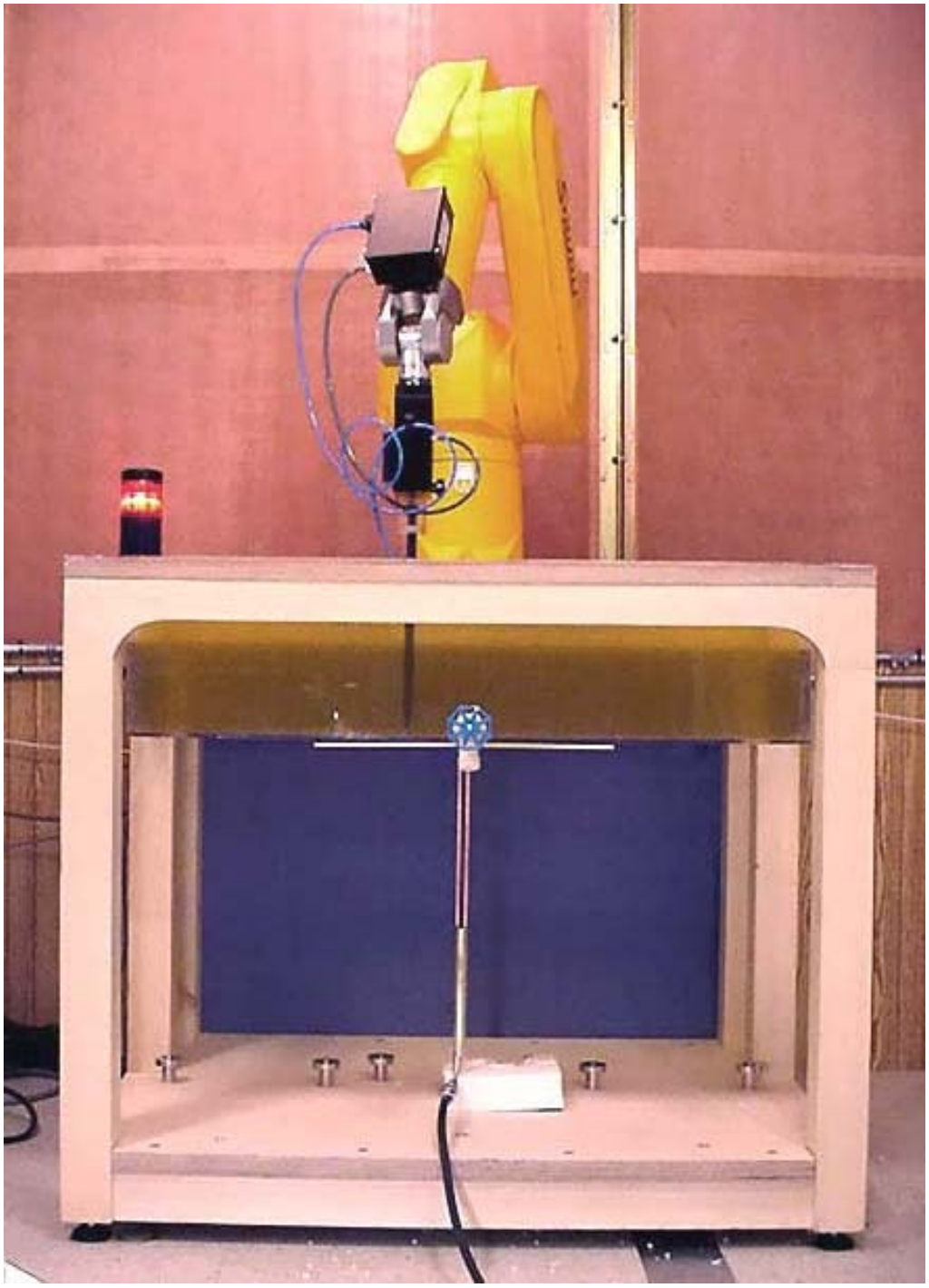
Dimensions of Plexiglas Planar Phantom







300MHz System Validation Setup



300MHz System Validation Setup

3. Measurement Conditions

The planar phantom was filled with brain simulating tissue having the following electrical parameters at 300MHz:

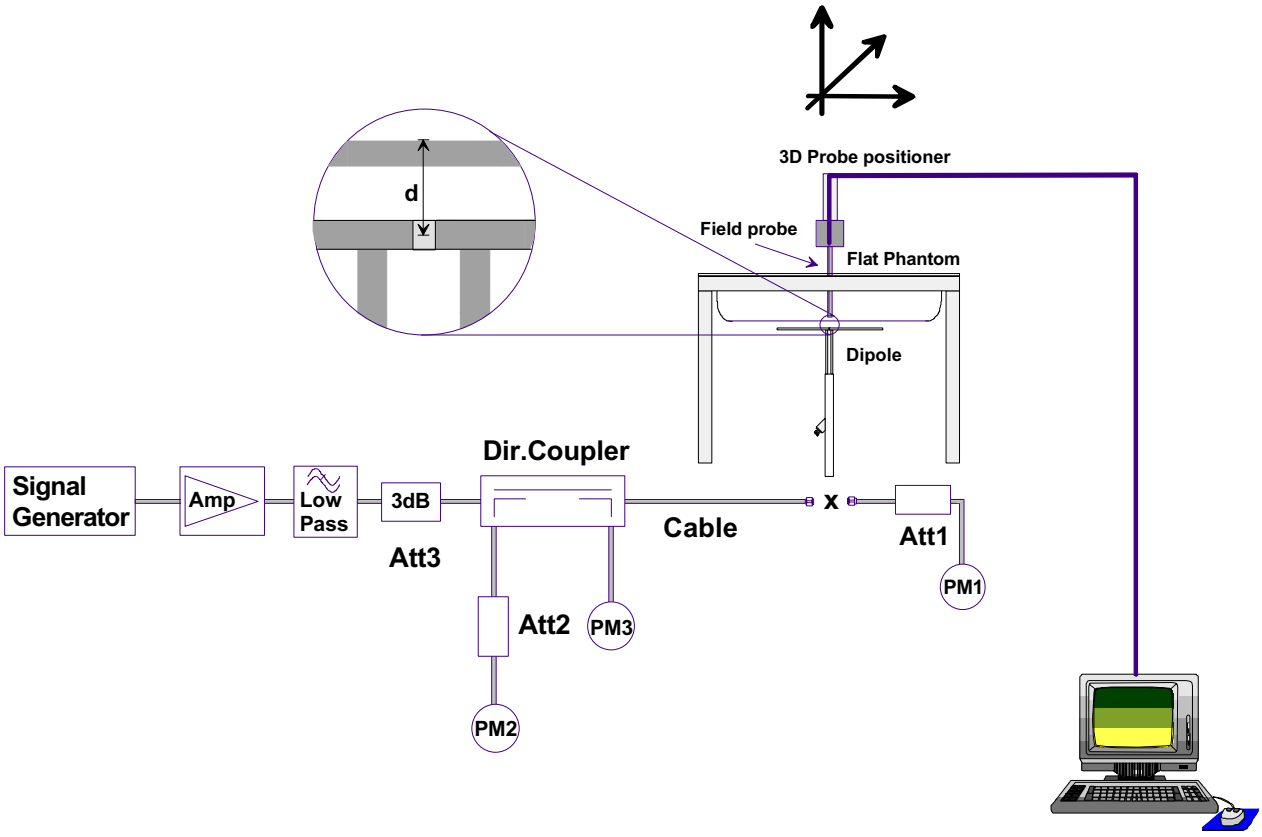
Relative Permittivity:	45.3
Conductivity:	0.90 mho/m
Ambient Temperature:	23.3°C
Fluid Temperature:	23.0°C
Fluid Depth:	≥ 15cm

The 300MHz simulating tissue consists of the following ingredients:

Ingredient	Percentage by weight
Water	37.56%
Sugar	55.32%
Salt	5.95%
HEC	0.98%
Dowicil 75	0.19%
300MHz Target Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	ε_r = 45.3 σ = 0.87 S/m

4. SAR Measurement

The SAR measurement was performed with the E-field probe in mechanical detection mode only. The setup and determination of the forward power into the dipole was performed using the following procedures.



First the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of Att1) as read by power meter PM2. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20dB below the forward power.

Ten SAR measurements were performed in order to achieve repeatability and to establish an average target value.

Validation Dipole SAR Test Results

Validation Measurement	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 10g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 10g	Peak SAR @ 0.25W Input
Test 1	0.755	3.02	0.496	1.98	1.21
Test 2	0.757	3.03	0.497	1.99	1.22
Test 3	0.750	3.00	0.493	1.97	1.21
Test 4	0.763	3.05	0.500	2.00	1.23
Test 5	0.769	3.08	0.505	2.02	1.24
Test 6	0.755	3.02	0.496	1.98	1.21
Test 7	0.718	2.87	0.472	1.89	1.16
Test 8	0.730	2.92	0.479	1.92	1.18
Test 9	0.717	2.87	0.471	1.88	1.15
Test10	0.726	2.90	0.477	1.91	1.17
Average Value	0.744	2.98	0.488	1.95	1.20

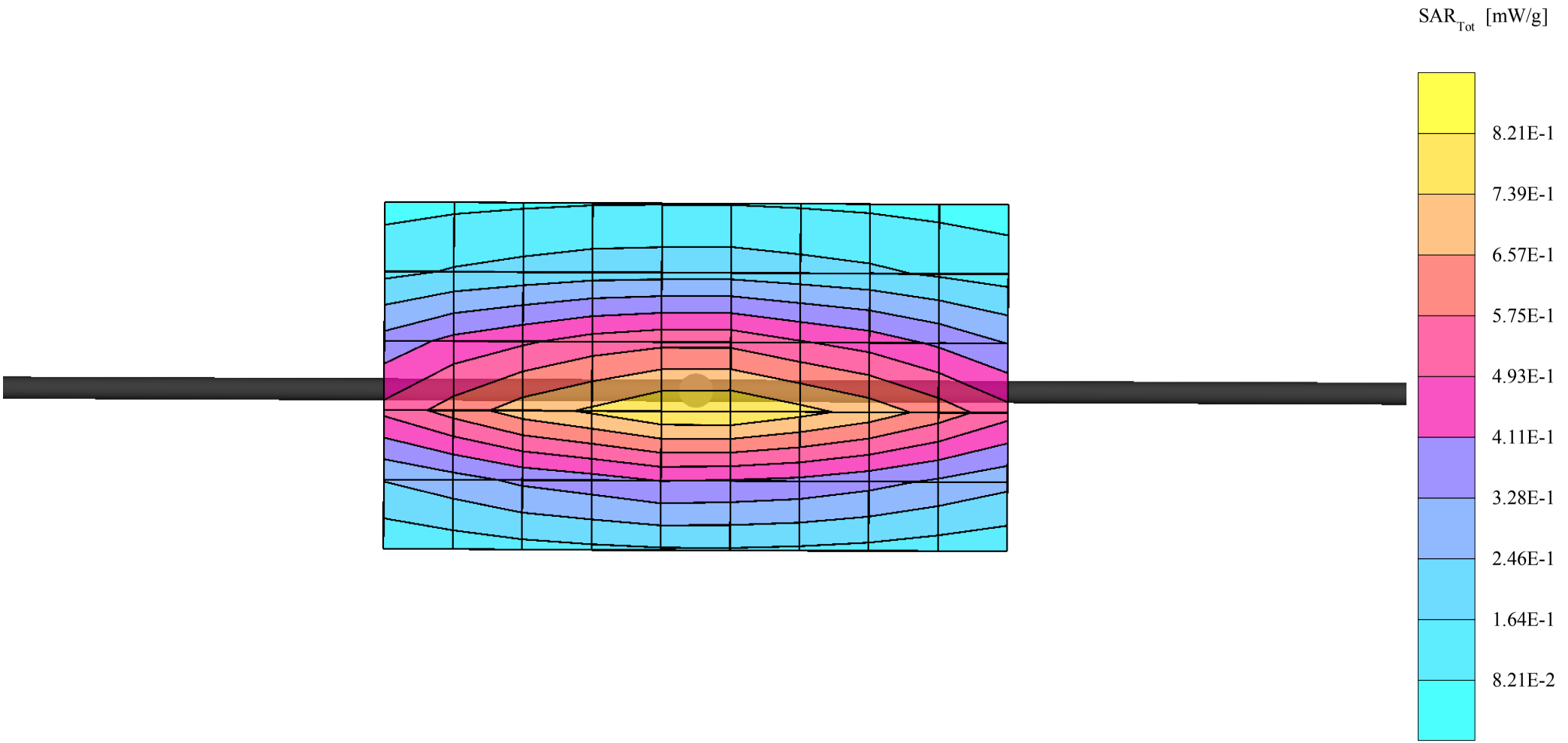
The results have been normalized to 1W (forward power) into the dipole.

Averaged over 1cm (1g) of tissue: 2.98 mW/g

Averaged over 10cm (10g) of tissue: 1.95 mW/g

Dipole 300 MHz

Frequency: 300 MHz; Conducted Input Power: 250 [mW]
Large Planar Phantom; Planar Section
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(8.00,8.00,8.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 300 MHz Brain: $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 45.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
Cubes (10): Peak: 1.20 mW/g ± 0.16 dB, SAR (1g): 0.744 mW/g ± 0.15 dB, SAR (10g): 0.488 mW/g ± 0.15 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 12.3 (10.4, 14.7) [mm]; Powerdrift: 0.01 dB; Ambient Temp.: 23.3°C; Fluid Temp.: 23.0°C
Calibration Date: October 15, 2002



300MHz System Validation

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

October 15, 2002

Frequency	e'	e''
200.000000 MHz	49.2984	73.0807
210.000000 MHz	48.7479	70.3637
220.000000 MHz	48.4051	67.9145
230.000000 MHz	47.9112	65.6173
240.000000 MHz	47.3854	63.6189
250.000000 MHz	47.0619	61.6629
260.000000 MHz	46.6549	60.0248
270.000000 MHz	46.2913	58.4424
280.000000 MHz	45.9411	56.9567
290.000000 MHz	45.6495	55.4516
300.000000 MHz	45.3231	54.0358
310.000000 MHz	44.9246	52.8278
320.000000 MHz	44.6796	51.6396
330.000000 MHz	44.3563	50.4677
340.000000 MHz	44.0723	49.4102
350.000000 MHz	43.7189	48.3852
360.000000 MHz	43.4393	47.4561
370.000000 MHz	43.2292	46.5343
380.000000 MHz	43.0035	45.6962
390.000000 MHz	42.7120	44.8767
400.000000 MHz	42.5081	44.1512

APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Celltech Labs**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1387
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	February 26, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	8-Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: February 26, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1387

Manufactured:	September 21, 1999
Last calibration:	February 22, 2002
Recalibrated:	February 26, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

Sensitivity in Free Space

Diode Compression

NormX	**1.55**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	**92**	mV
NormY	**1.65**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	**92**	mV
NormZ	**1.64**	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	**92**	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head **900 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m**

Head **835 MHz** ε_r **= 41.5 ± 5%** σ **= 0.90 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**6.6**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**6.6**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.37**
ConvF Z	**6.6**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.61**

Head **1800 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

Head **1900 MHz** ε_r **= 40.0 ± 5%** σ **= 1.40 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**5.2**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**5.2**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	**0.50**
ConvF Z	**5.2**	± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	**2.73**

Boundary Effect

Head **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.2	5.9
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.4	0.6

Head **1800 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

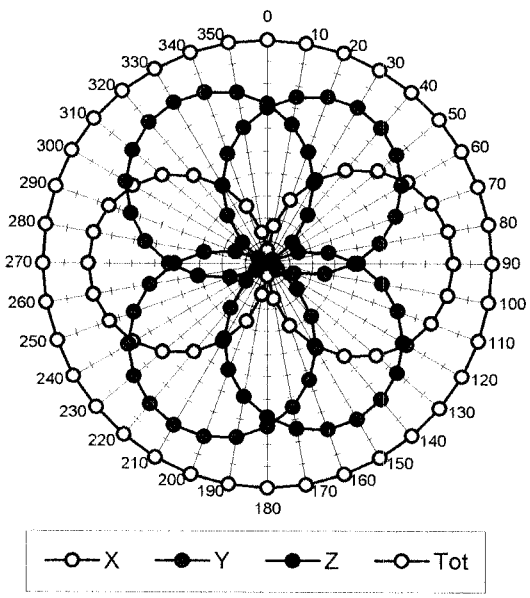
Probe Tip to Boundary		**1 mm**	**2 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	14.6	9.8
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.0

Sensor Offset

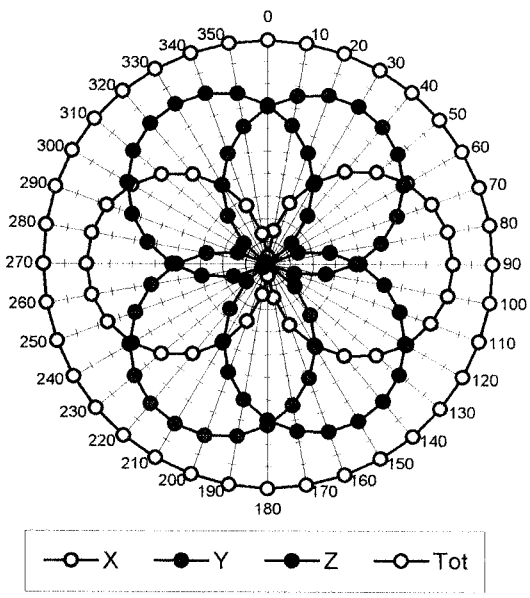
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	**2.7**	mm
Optical Surface Detection	**1.4 ± 0.2**	mm

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°

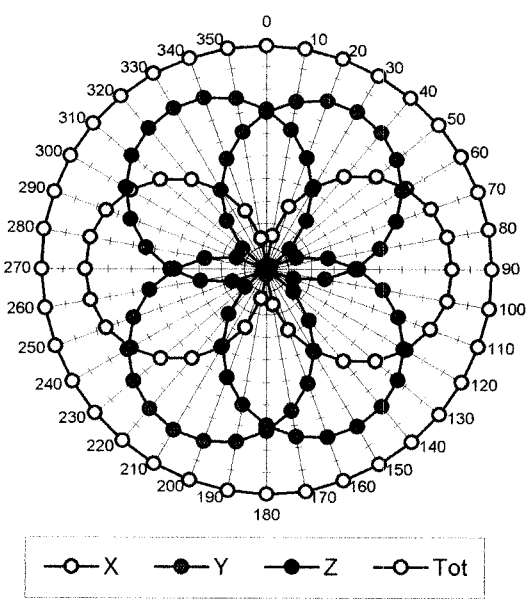
f = 30 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



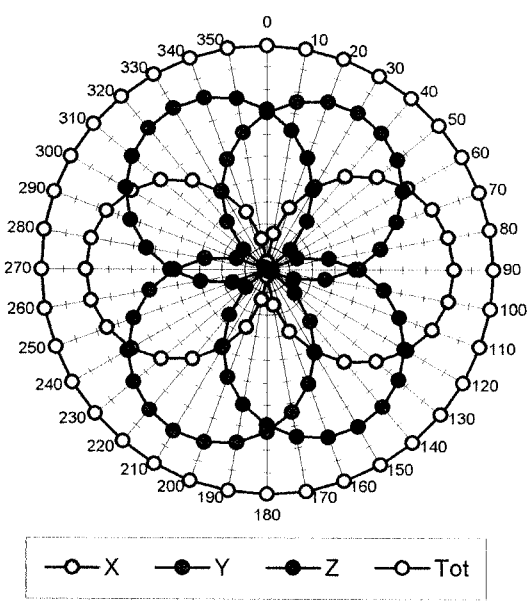
f = 100 MHz, TEM cell ifi110

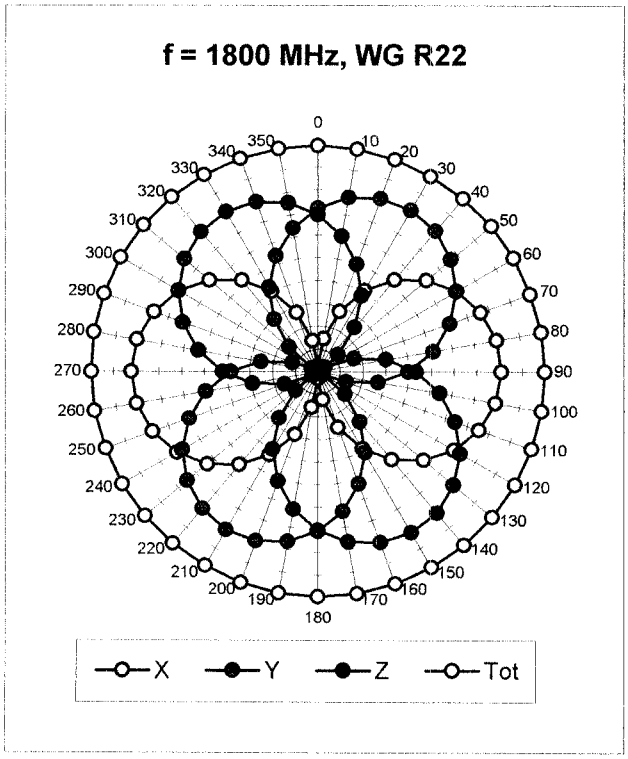


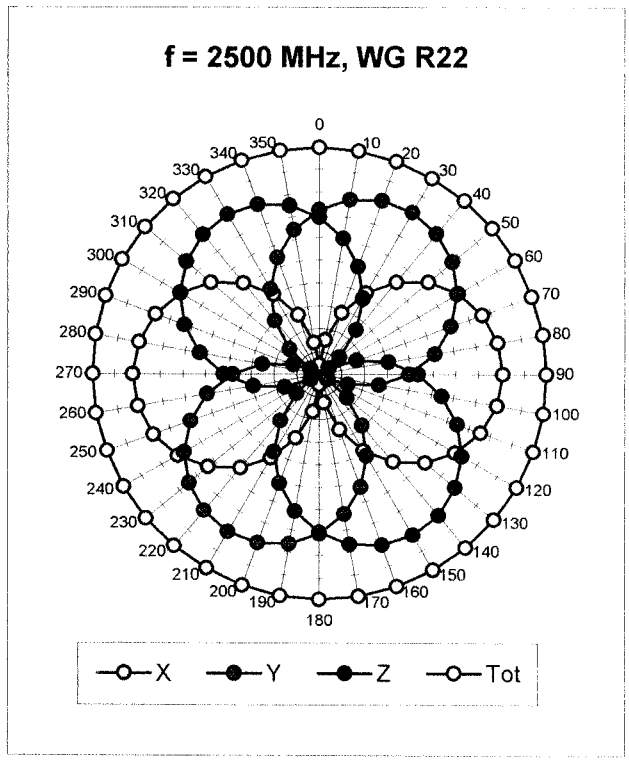
f = 300 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



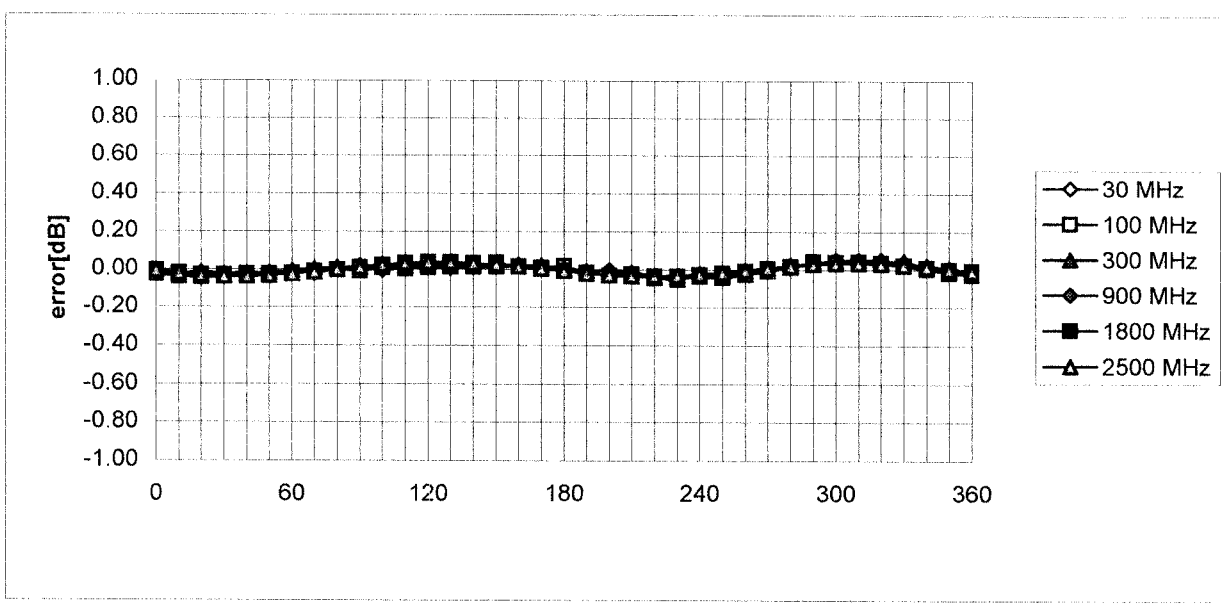
f = 900 MHz, TEM cell ifi110





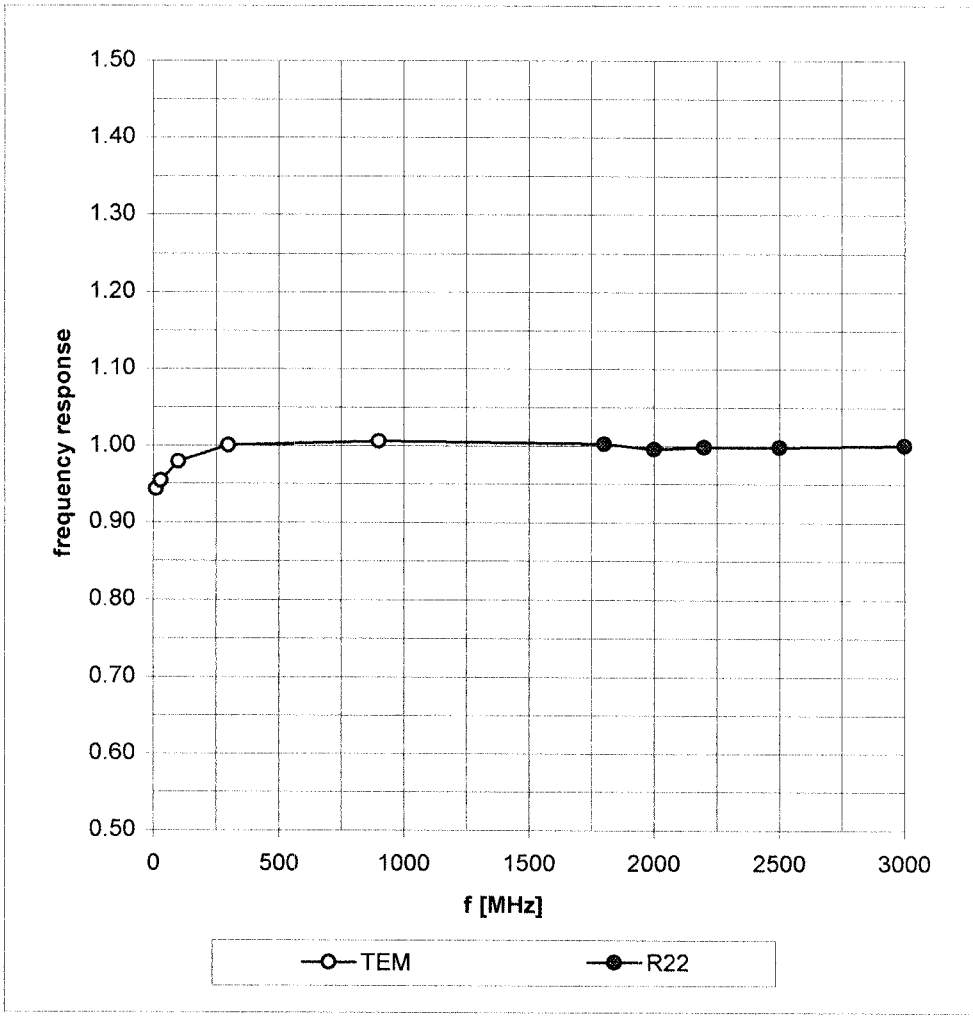


Isotropy Error (ϕ), θ = 0°



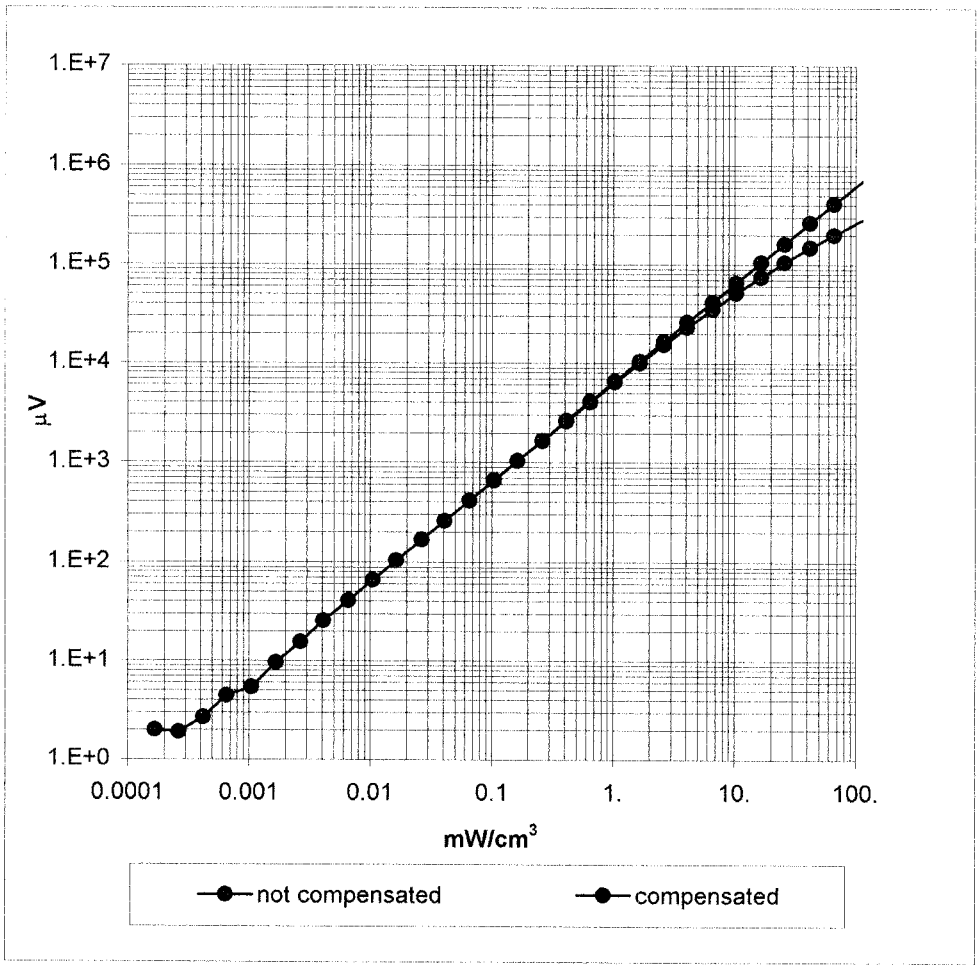
Frequency Response of E-Field

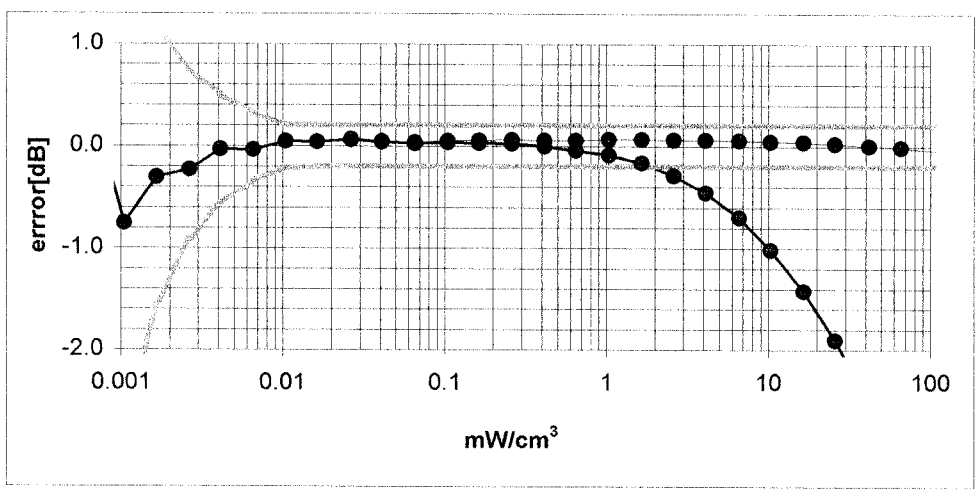
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



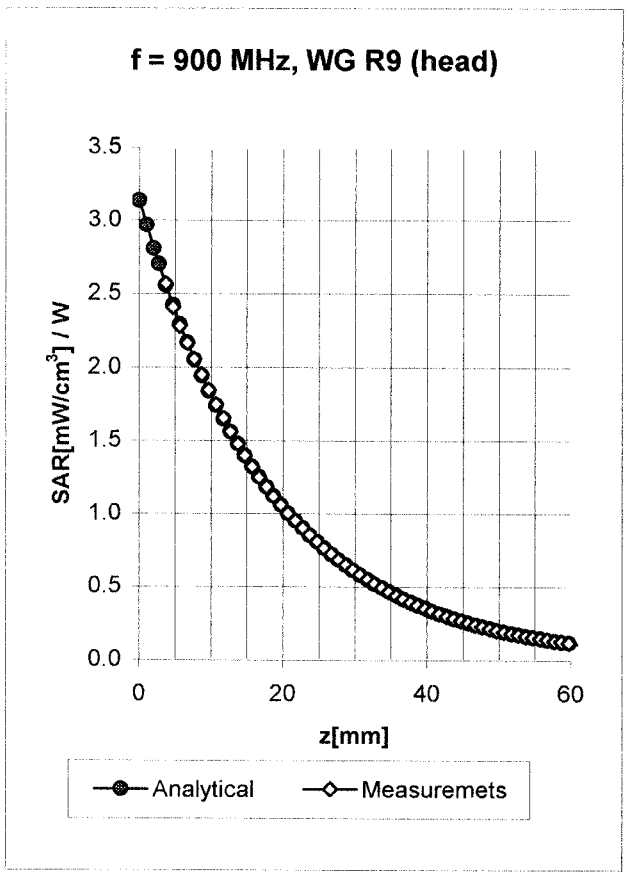
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

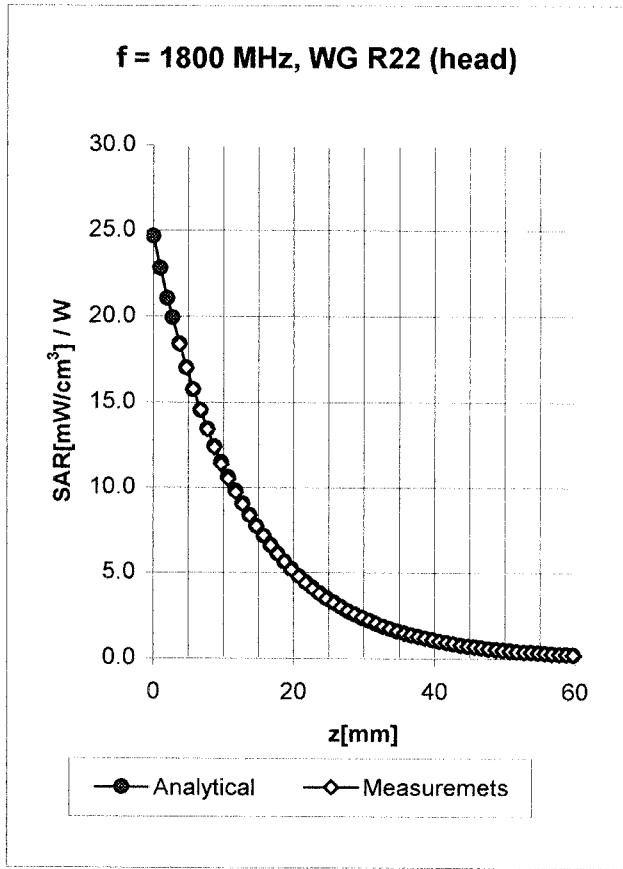
(Waveguide R22)





Conversion Factor Assessment

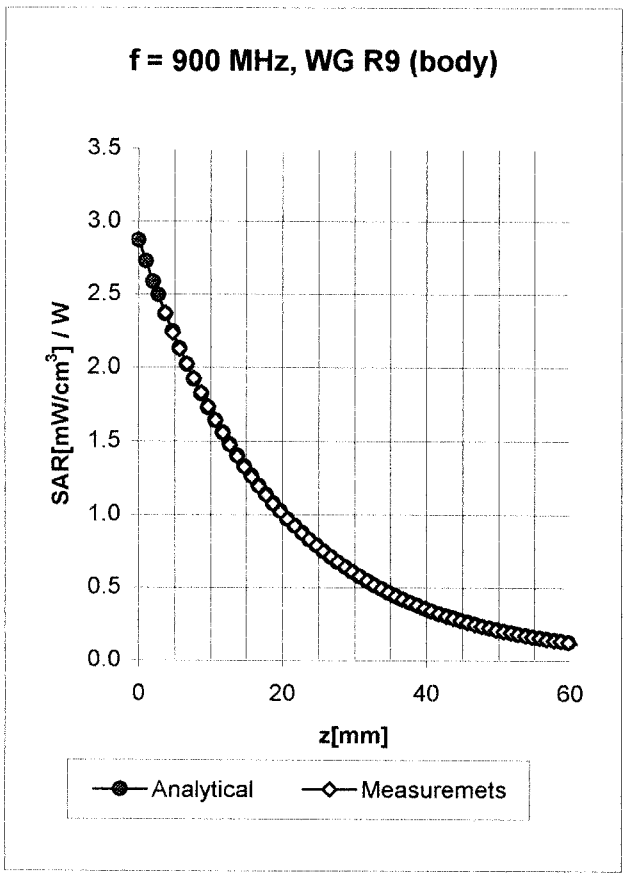


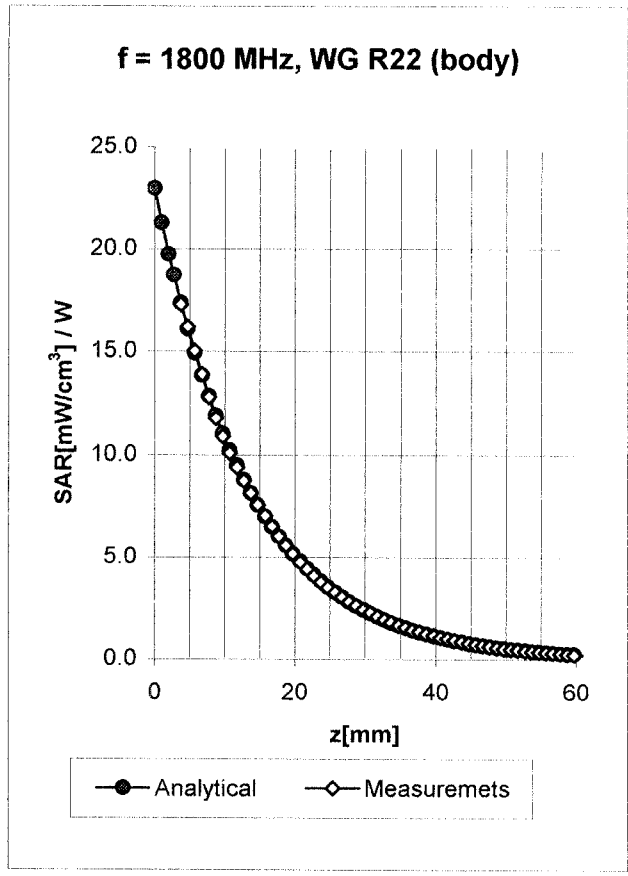


Head	**900 MHz**		ε_r = **41.5 ± 5%**	σ = **0.97 ± 5% mho/m**
Head	**835 MHz**		ε_r = **41.5 ± 5%**	σ = **0.90 ± 5% mho/m**
	ConvF X	**6.6** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	**6.6** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha **0.37**
	ConvF Z	**6.6** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth **2.61**

Head	**1800 MHz**		ε_r = **40.0 ± 5%**	σ = **1.40 ± 5% mho/m**
Head	**1900 MHz**		ε_r = **40.0 ± 5%**	σ = **1.40 ± 5% mho/m**
	ConvF X	**5.2** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	**5.2** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha **0.50**
	ConvF Z	**5.2** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth **2.73**

Conversion Factor Assessment

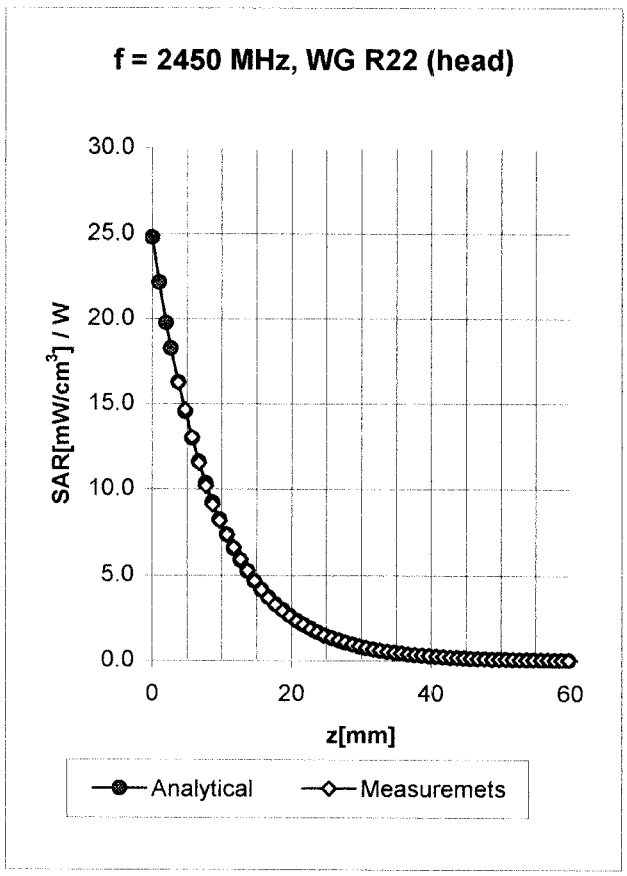


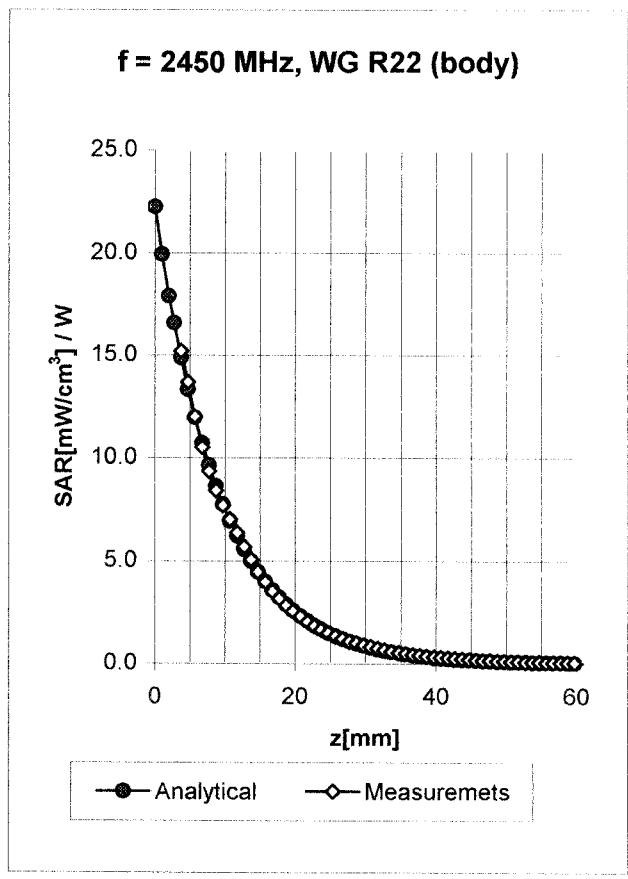


Body	**900 MHz**		ε_r = **55.0 ± 5%**	σ = **1.05 ± 5% mho/m**
Body	**835 MHz**		ε_r = **55.2 ± 5%**	σ = **0.97 ± 5% mho/m**
	ConvF X	**6.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	**6.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha **0.45**
	ConvF Z	**6.4** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth **2.35**

Body	**1800 MHz**		ε_r = **53.3 ± 5%**	σ = **1.52 ± 5% mho/m**
Body	**1900 MHz**		ε_r = **53.3 ± 5%**	σ = **1.52 ± 5% mho/m**
	ConvF X	**4.9** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	**4.9** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha **0.60**
	ConvF Z	**4.9** ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth **2.59**

Conversion Factor Assessment





Head **2450** **MHz** ε_r **= 39.2 ± 5%** σ **= 1.80 ± 5% mho/m**

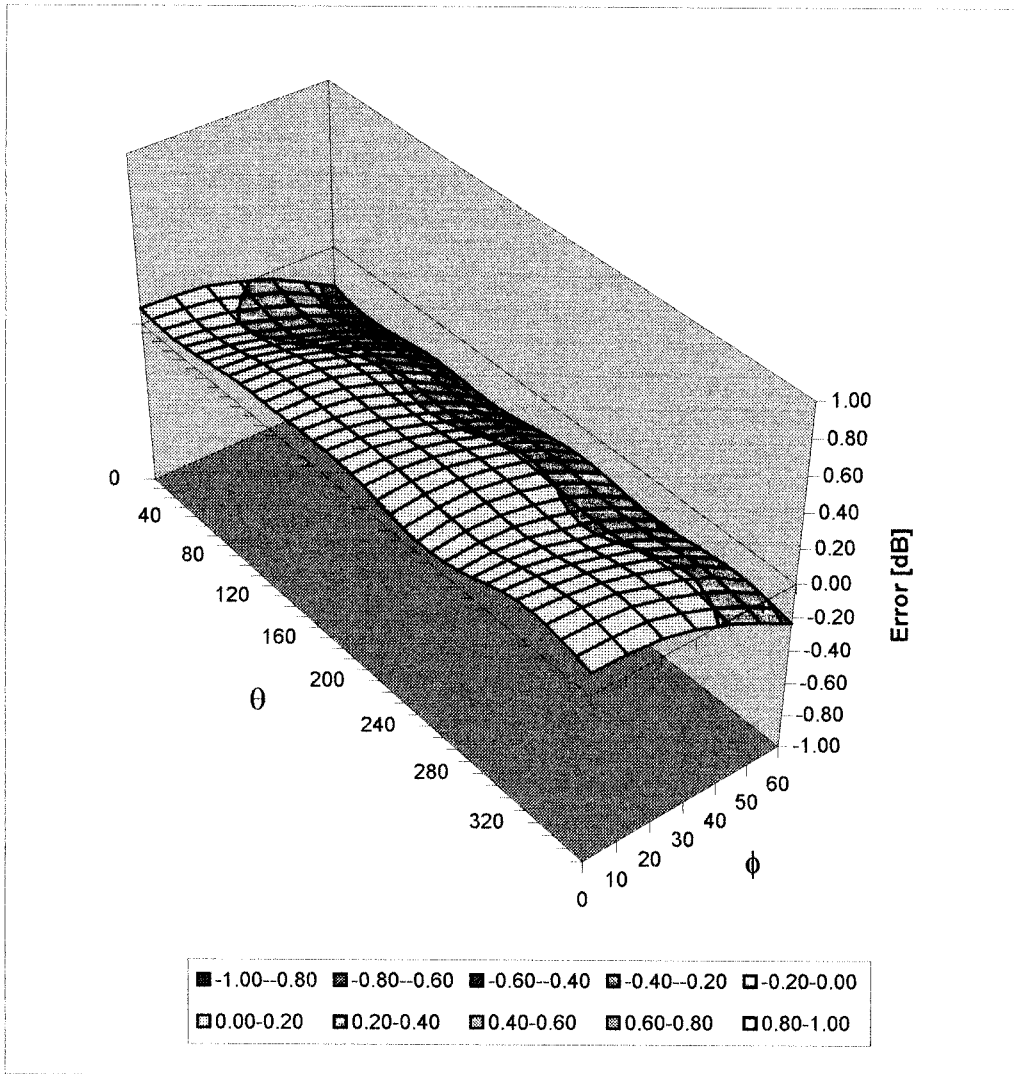
ConvF X	**5.0** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**5.0** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	**1.04**
ConvF Z	**5.0** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	**1.85**

Body **2450** **MHz** ε_r **= 52.7 ± 5%** σ **= 1.95 ± 5% mho/m**

ConvF X	**4.6** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	**4.6** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	**1.20**
ConvF Z	**4.6** ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	**1.60**

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,ϕ), f = 900 MHz



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Additional Conversion Factors

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	**ET3DV6**
Serial Number:	**1387**
Place of Assessment:	**Zurich**
Date of Assessment:	**February 28, 2003**
Probe Calibration Date:	**February 26, 2003**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by: 

Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1387

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	**9.1 ± 8%**	ε_r = **52.3** σ = **0.76 mho/m** (head tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	**7.9 ± 8%**	ε_r = **45.3** σ = **0.87 mho/m** (head tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	**7.5 ± 8%**	ε_r = **43.5** σ = **0.87 mho/m** (head tissue)
150 MHz	ConvF	**8.8 ± 8%**	ε_r = **61.9** σ = **0.80 mho/m** (body tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	**8.0 ± 8%**	ε_r = **58.2** σ = **0.92 mho/m** (body tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	**7.7 ± 8%**	ε_r = **56.7** σ = **0.94 mho/m** (body tissue)

APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

300MHz System Performance Check

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

September 29, 2003

Frequency	e'	e"
200.000000 MHz	48.2120	67.0274
210.000000 MHz	47.6561	64.5971
220.000000 MHz	47.3067	62.4088
230.000000 MHz	46.7196	60.3580
240.000000 MHz	46.2561	58.5032
250.000000 MHz	45.8587	56.7087
260.000000 MHz	45.4180	55.2471
270.000000 MHz	45.0659	53.7941
280.000000 MHz	44.7804	52.5273
290.000000 MHz	44.4557	51.2941
300.000000 MHz	44.1603	49.9180
310.000000 MHz	43.8632	48.7916
320.000000 MHz	43.5213	47.7275
330.000000 MHz	43.1998	46.7007
340.000000 MHz	42.8465	45.7015
350.000000 MHz	42.5486	44.8375
360.000000 MHz	42.2225	43.9204
370.000000 MHz	41.9548	43.0919
380.000000 MHz	41.6798	42.2970
390.000000 MHz	41.4181	41.6065
400.000000 MHz	41.2130	40.9437

150MHz DUT Evaluation (Face)

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

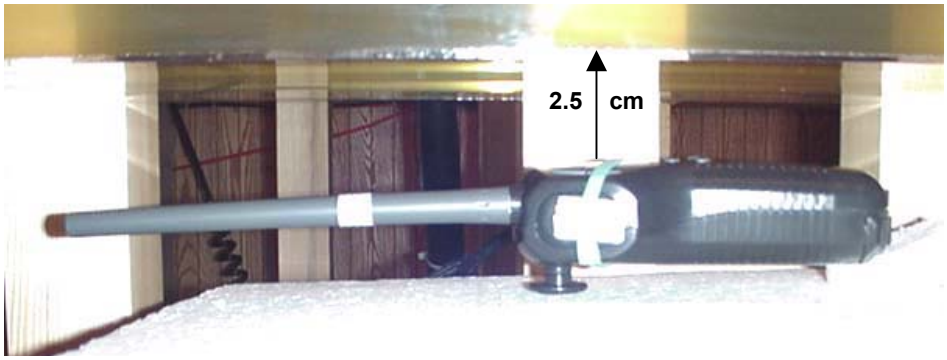
September 29, 2003

Frequency	e'	e"
50.000000 MHz	63.5367	251.5031
60.000000 MHz	61.3800	213.4180
70.000000 MHz	60.6192	184.3607
80.000000 MHz	59.6411	163.5721
90.000000 MHz	58.5067	146.7179
100.000000 MHz	57.7868	133.5349
110.000000 MHz	57.0160	122.5924
120.000000 MHz	56.1247	113.7457
130.000000 MHz	55.4807	105.8009
140.000000 MHz	54.9506	99.2420
150.000000 MHz	54.2235	93.5368
160.000000 MHz	53.7454	88.5000
170.000000 MHz	53.1588	84.3743
180.000000 MHz	52.7592	80.3929
190.000000 MHz	52.2353	76.8579
200.000000 MHz	51.7478	73.6716
210.000000 MHz	51.2459	70.9463
220.000000 MHz	50.9122	68.5100
230.000000 MHz	50.5165	66.2165
240.000000 MHz	50.0359	64.1035
250.000000 MHz	49.6010	62.1887

APPENDIX F - SAR TEST SETUP & DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

FACE-HELD SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

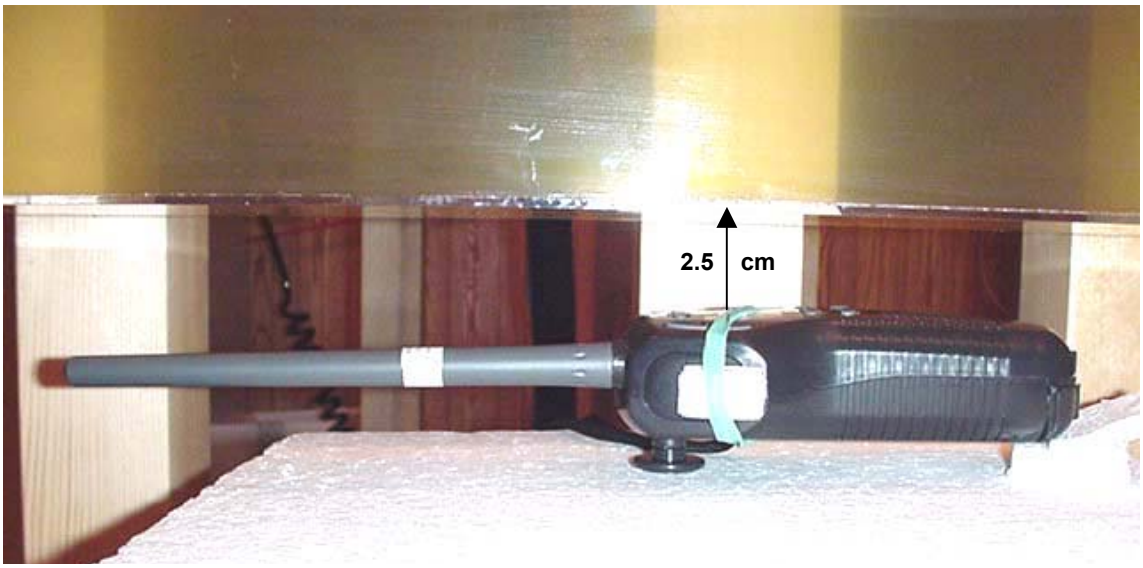
2.5 cm Separation Distance from Front of Radio to Planar Phantom
Radio Transceiver Model: HH300



FACE-HELD SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

2.5 cm Separation Distance from Front of Radio to Planar Phantom

Radio Transceiver Model: HH400



DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Model: HH300

Model: HH400

DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Alkaline Batteries

NiMH Batteries