

FCC SAR Test Report

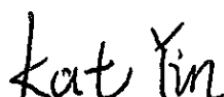
APPLICANT : Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : Redmi
MODEL NAME : 2201117TG
FCC ID : 2AFZZ117TG
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Nick Hu / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



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Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	4
2. Administration Data	5
3. Guidance Applied	5
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	6
4.1 General Information.....	6
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	8
5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test.....	10
5.1 Proximity sensor triggering distances(Per KDB616217§6.2).....	10
6. RF Exposure Limits.....	12
6.1 Uncontrolled Environment	12
6.2 Controlled Environment.....	12
7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	13
7.1 Introduction	13
7.2 SAR Definition	13
8. System Description and Setup.....	14
8.1 E-Field Probe	15
8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	15
8.3 Phantom.....	16
8.4 Device Holder.....	17
9. Measurement Procedures.....	18
9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	18
9.2 Power Reference Measurement.....	19
9.3 Area Scan.....	19
9.4 Zoom Scan.....	20
9.5 Volume Scan Procedures.....	20
9.6 Power Drift Monitoring.....	20
10. Test Equipment List	21
11. System Verification	22
11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	22
11.2 Tissue Verification.....	23
11.3 System Performance Check Results	24
12. RF Exposure Positions	25
12.1 Ear and handset reference point	25
12.2 Definition of the cheek position	26
12.3 Definition of the tilt position	27
12.4 Body Worn Accessory	28
12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure	29
12.6 Wireless Router.....	29
13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm).....	30
14. Antenna Location	42
15. SAR Test Results	43
15.1 Head SAR	46
15.2 Hotspot SAR	50
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	56
15.4 Product Specific SAR.....	58
15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement	59
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	60
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions.....	61
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions.....	61
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	61
17. Uncertainty Assessment.....	62
18. References.....	63
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	
Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table	



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd., Mobile Phone, 2201117TG**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.35	0.24	0.25	1.58
		GSM1900	0.31	0.39	0.18	
	WCDMA	Band II	0.76	0.98	0.79	
		Band IV	0.97	0.91	0.79	
		Band V	0.89	0.33	0.28	
	LTE	Band 2	0.75	1.01	0.93	
		Band 4	0.91	1.00	0.93	
		Band 5	0.74	0.33	0.30	
		Band 7	0.73	1.09	0.93	
		Band 41/ Band 38	0.72	0.95	0.69	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.33	0.19	0.13	1.14
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.45	0.54	0.35	1.58
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.18	<0.10	<0.10	1.58
Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.19			-
Date of Testing:			2021/10/29 ~ 2021/11/14			
Remark:						
1. This device supports LTE B38 and B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B41.						

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR01-KS, SAR04-KS	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
Address	#019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China, 100085

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
Address	#019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China, 100085

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Redmi
Model Name	2201117TG
FCC ID	2AFZZ117TG
IMEI Code	SIM1: 861312050051603 SIM2: 861312050051611
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5805 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM LTE: 256QAM(Downlink Only) WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	P1.1
SW Version	MIUI12.5
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. - This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. - This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. - This device 2.4GHz WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). - This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 33. - For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests. - There are four types of EUT, the difference are memory capacity. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full test. - The device has two batteries with the same battery capacity, only Manufacturer is different. We only chose one	

- battery to perform full SAR testing.
9. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table. Full power table and reduced power table (DSI 1: receiver on reduced power for head; DSI 3/4: P-sensor on for hotspot; DSI 2: receiver off /P-sensor off).

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

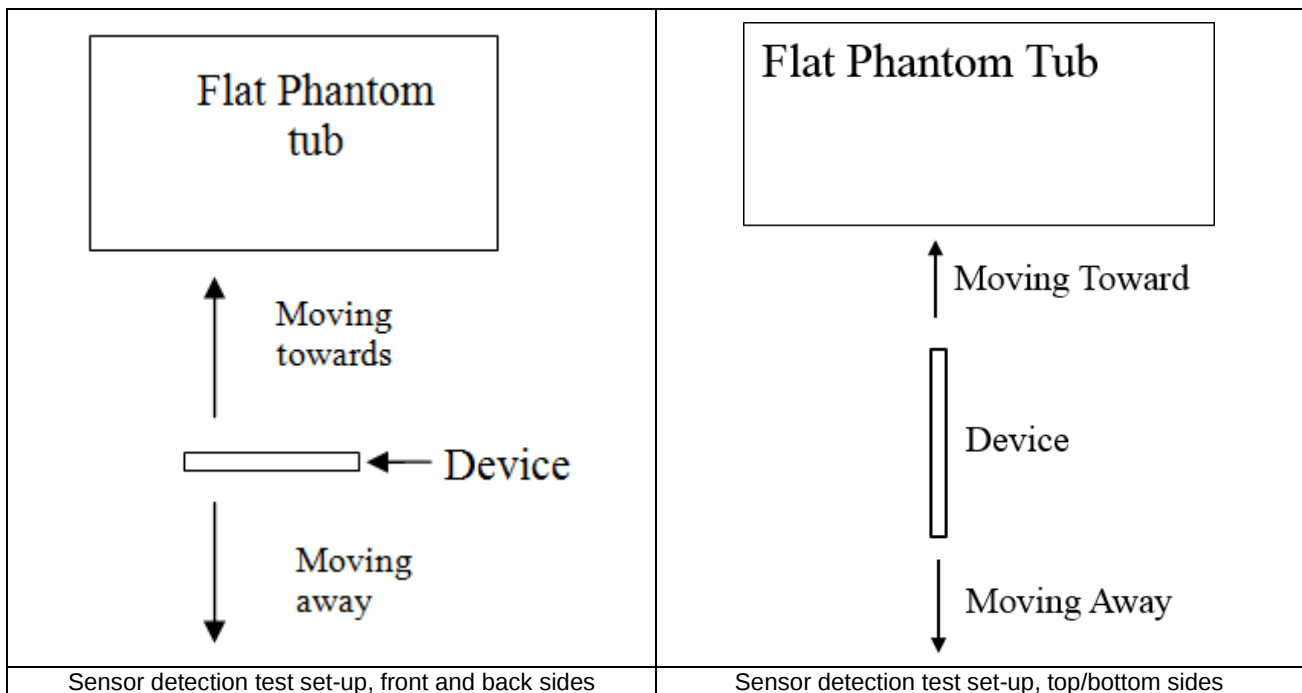
Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05								
FCC ID	2AFZZ117TG							
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat4							
CA Support	Supported, Uplink and Downlink							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3							
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, head/body-worn/ hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some LTE bands, the detail please referred to section 13.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Intra-Band possible combinations and the detail power verification please referred to section 13.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	1. This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for 7C/38C with two component carriers in the uplink. SAR Measurements and conducted powers were evaluated per FCC Guidance. 2. This device supports maximum of 2 carriers in the downlink and 2 carriers in the uplink.							

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20450	829	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20600	844	20600	844
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20850	2510	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21350	2560	21350	2560
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580	37850	2580	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610	38150	2610	38150	2610
LTE Band 41												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	40065	2537.5	40090	2540	40115	2542.5	40140	2545	40140	2545	40140	2545
LM	40385	2569.5	40390	2570	40395	2570.5	40400	2571	40400	2571	40400	2571
HM	40705	2601.5	40690	2600	40685	2599.5	40670	2598	40670	2598	40670	2598
H	41215	2652.5	41190	2650	41165	2647.5	41140	2645	41140	2645	41140	2645

5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

5.1 Proximity sensor triggering distances(Per KDB616217§6.2)

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed, and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (2600MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
2. Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the top/bottom end of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body or finger or hand at the front or back or bottom or top side surface of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
3. The proximity sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body or handheld state at the front or back or bottom or top side of the device use a detection threshold distance. When front/back/top/bottom sides of body or handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s).
4. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed.



<P-Sensor>

< Sensor for Ant1 >

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	11	11	16	16	20	20

< Sensor for Ant2 >

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	11	11	16	16	16	16

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

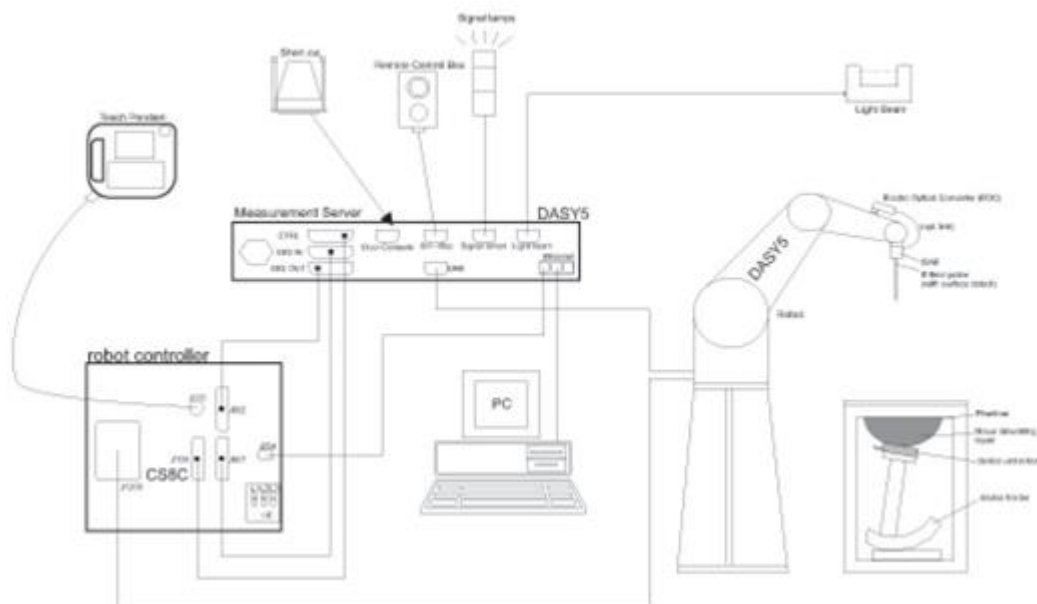
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm *	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/25
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/23
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2021/11/25
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/22
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2021/9/21	2022/9/20
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1650	2021/6/9	2022/6/8
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3279	2021/8/24	2022/8/23
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2021/4/29	2022/4/28
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1503	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1697	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2020/12/2	2021/12/1
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check.
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

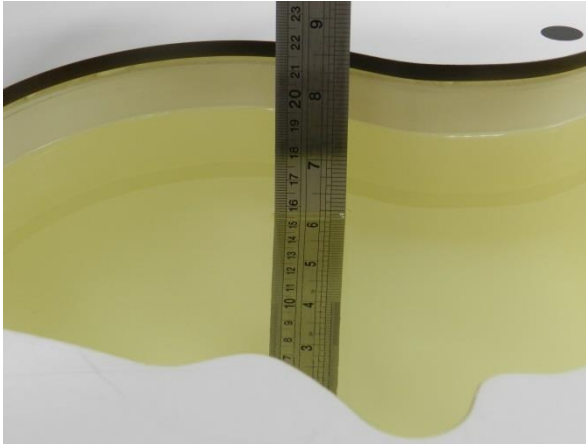


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

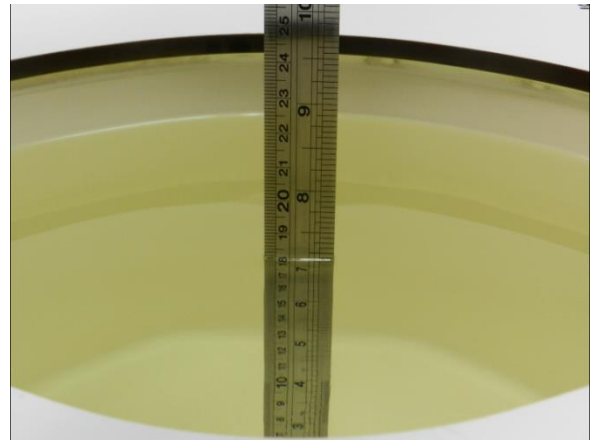


Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.930	40.922	0.90	41.50	3.33	-1.39	±5	2021/10/29
1750	Head	22.6	1.401	40.501	1.37	40.10	2.26	1.00	±5	2021/10/30
1900	Head	22.7	1.458	39.790	1.40	40.00	4.14	-0.53	±5	2021/10/31
2450	Head	22.8	1.824	39.243	1.80	39.20	1.33	0.11	±5	2021/11/1
2600	Head	22.8	2.009	40.660	1.96	39.00	2.50	4.26	±5	2021/11/2
5250	Head	22.8	4.601	35.834	4.71	35.90	-2.31	-0.18	±5	2021/11/3
5600	Head	22.9	5.004	35.267	5.07	35.50	-1.30	-0.66	±5	2021/11/4
5750	Head	22.7	5.171	35.076	5.22	35.40	-0.94	-0.92	±5	2021/11/6
835	Head	22.6	0.933	41.176	0.90	41.50	3.67	-0.78	±5	2021/11/7
1750	Head	22.7	1.409	40.669	1.37	40.10	2.85	1.42	±5	2021/11/8
1900	Head	22.8	1.435	40.135	1.40	40.00	2.50	0.34	±5	2021/11/9
2450	Head	22.8	1.802	40.581	1.80	39.20	0.11	3.52	±5	2021/11/10
2600	Head	22.7	1.927	38.320	1.96	39.00	-1.68	-1.74	±5	2021/11/11
5250	Head	22.8	4.597	35.936	4.71	35.90	-2.40	0.10	±5	2021/11/12
5600	Head	22.7	4.997	35.371	5.07	35.50	-1.44	-0.36	±5	2021/11/13
5750	Head	22.9	5.160	35.206	5.22	35.40	-1.15	-0.55	±5	2021/11/14

11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/10/29	835	Head	50	4d258	3279	1279	0.498	9.44	9.96	5.51
2021/10/30	1750	Head	50	1090	3279	1279	1.940	36.40	38.8	6.59
2021/10/31	1900	Head	50	5d170	3279	1279	1.990	39.00	39.8	2.05
2021/11/1	2450	Head	50	908	3279	1279	2.570	52.80	51.4	-2.65
2021/11/2	2600	Head	50	1061	3279	1279	2.800	56.60	56	-1.06
2021/11/3	5250	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	3.880	80.50	77.6	-3.60
2021/11/4	5600	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	4.070	83.40	81.4	-2.40
2021/11/6	5750	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	3.770	80.00	75.4	-5.75
2021/11/7	835	Head	50	4d258	3279	1279	0.509	9.44	10.18	7.84
2021/11/8	1750	Head	50	1090	3279	1279	1.950	36.40	39	7.14
2021/11/9	1900	Head	50	5d170	3279	1279	2.070	39.00	41.4	6.15
2021/11/10	2450	Head	50	908	3279	1279	2.500	52.80	50	-5.30
2021/11/11	2600	Head	50	1061	3279	1279	2.690	56.60	53.8	-4.95
2021/11/12	5250	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	3.920	80.50	78.4	-2.61
2021/11/13	5600	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	4.150	83.40	83	-0.48
2021/11/14	5750	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	3.750	80.00	75	-6.25

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/11/12	5250	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	1.120	23.10	22.4	-3.03
2021/11/13	5600	Head	50	1113	3935	1650	1.170	23.80	23.4	-1.68

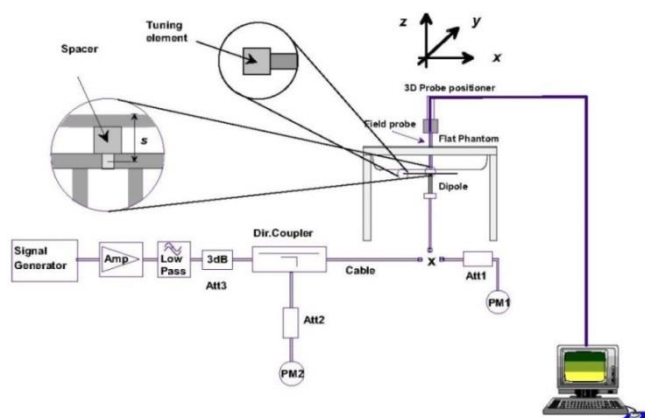


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

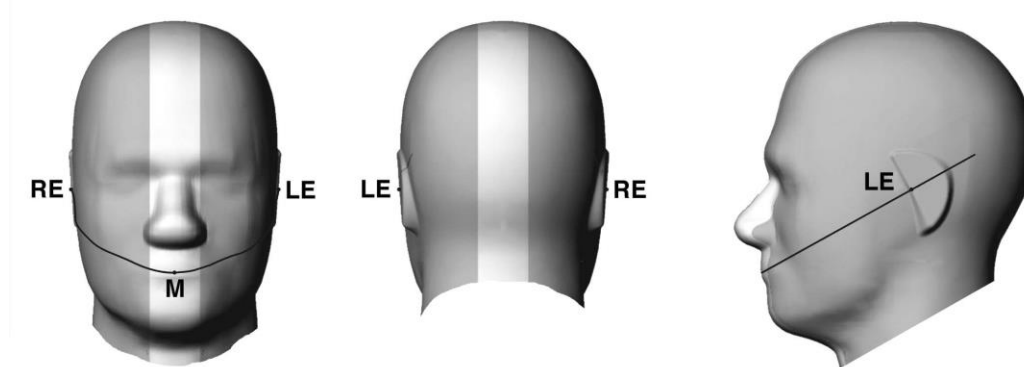


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

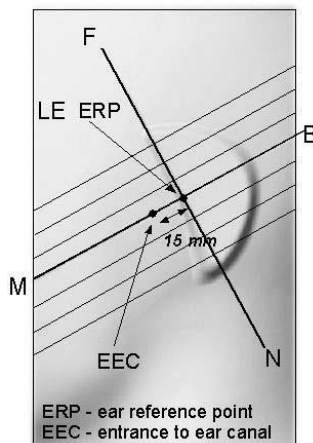


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

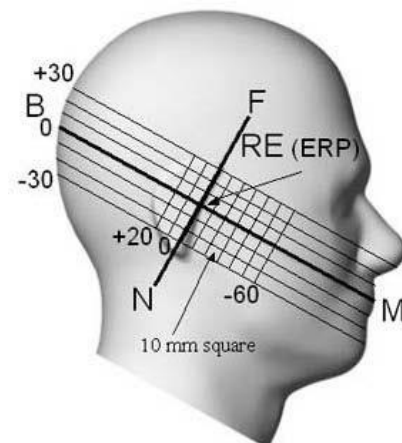


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the handset. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

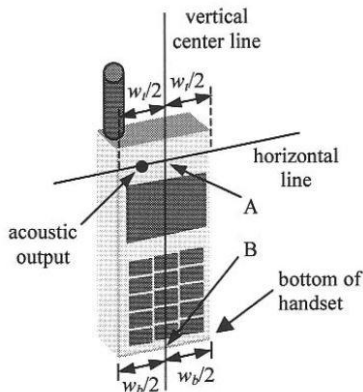


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

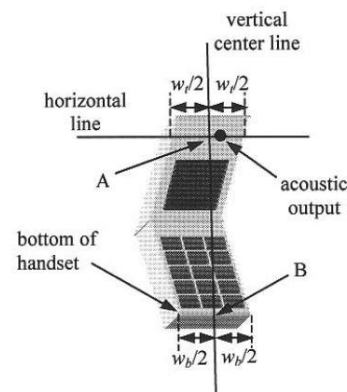


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

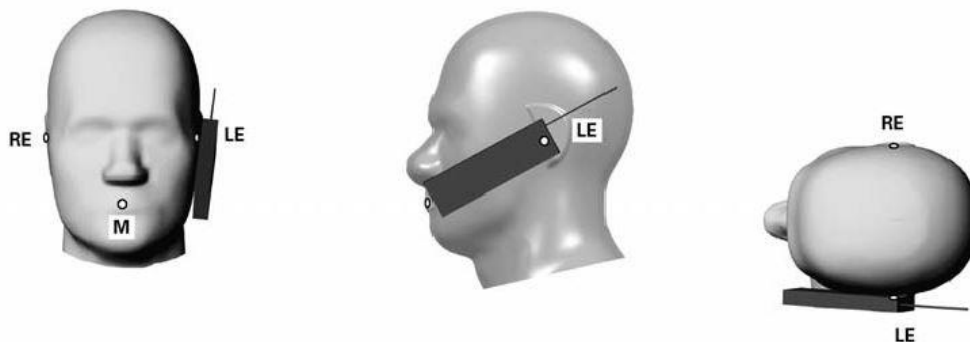


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

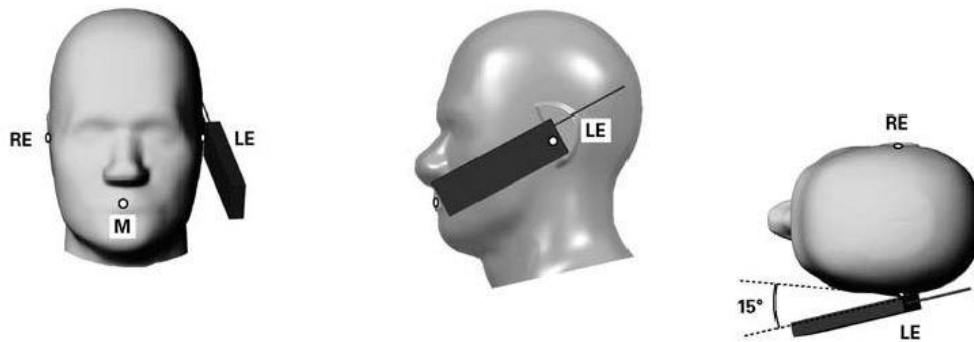


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

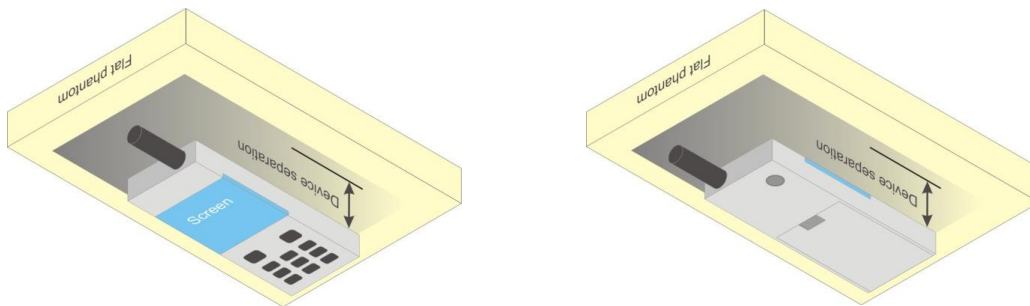


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_o/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_o/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_o/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - Set UE Target Power
 - Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

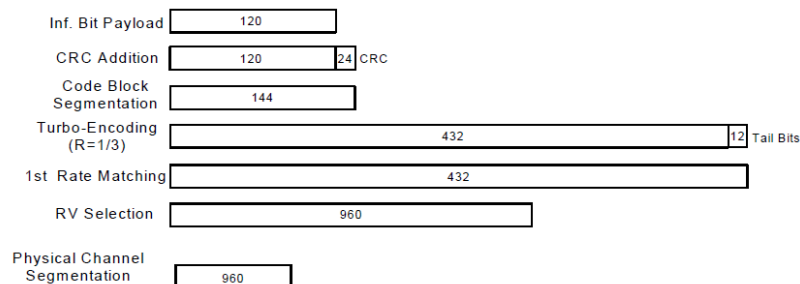


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

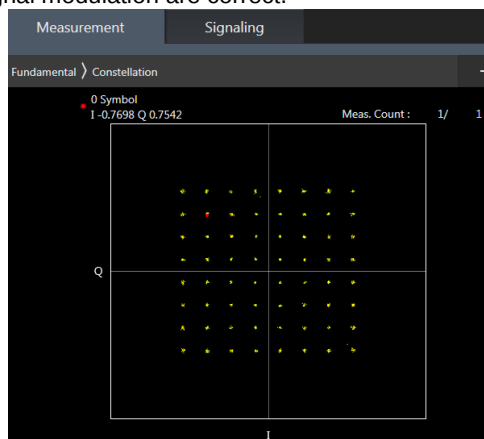
<WCDMA Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

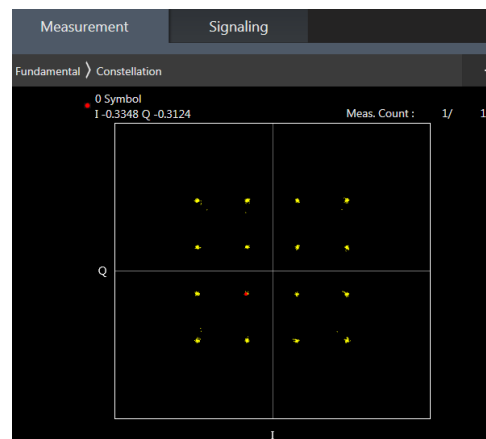
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B38 SAR test was covered by B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

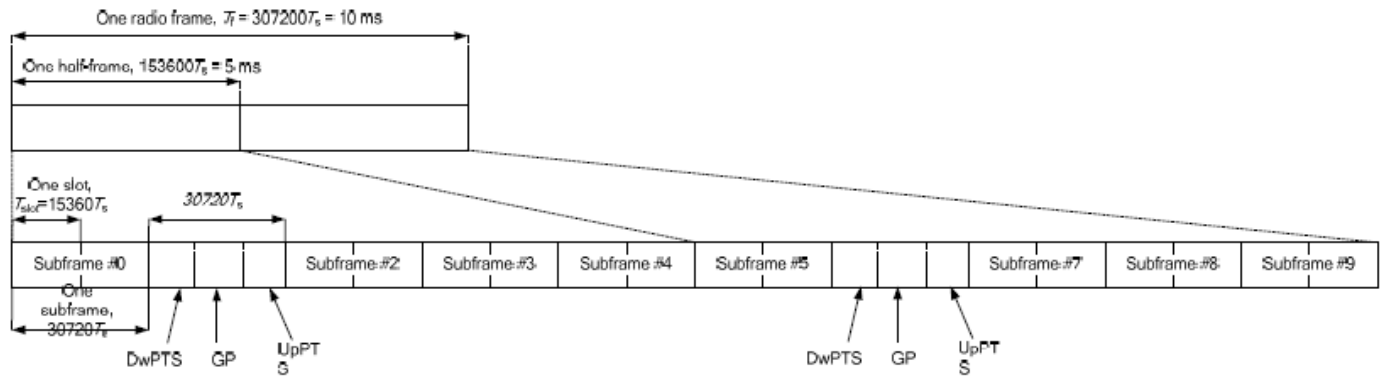


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$	-	-
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-		

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
2. In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power.

2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation		
Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_7C	
2CC #2	CA_38C	

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink two carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1|BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)
<Intra-band>

2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation	
Number	Combination
1	7C
2	38C

General Note:

- i. The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/B38 with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- ii. The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- iv. According TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- v. Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA with other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

<WLAN Conducted Power>

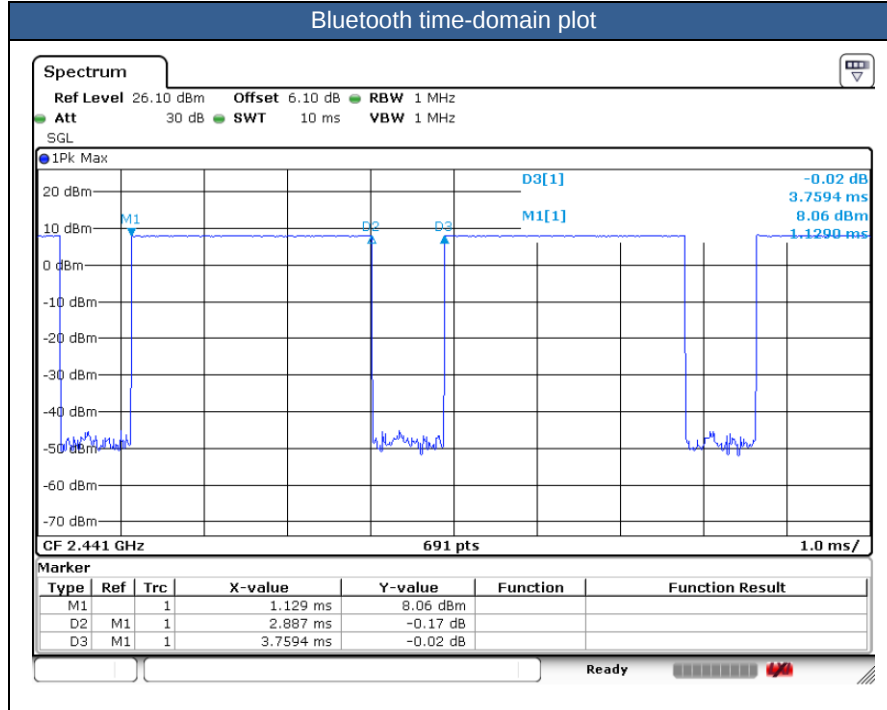
General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.¹⁸ The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.79% as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
5. There are four types of EUT, the difference could be referred to the 2201117TG_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibit separately. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full test.
6. The device has two batteries with the same battery capacity, only Manufacturer is different. We only chose one battery to perform full SAR testing.
7. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table. Full power table and reduced power table (DSI 1: receiver on reduced power for head; DSI 3/4: P-sensor on for hotspot; DSI 2: receiver off /P-sensor off).
8. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - b. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B38 SAR test was covered by B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. Bluetooth and WLAN share the same antenna, with similar work frequency, so for Bluetooth SAR testing, we chose the worst position of WLAN to perform.



15.1 Head SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
835MHz																		
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.06	0.164	0.223
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.13	0.100	0.136
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.02	0.146	0.199
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.04	0.101	0.138
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.08	0.241	0.286
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	-0.06	0.222	0.264
01	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.01	0.296	0.352
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.07	0.225	0.267
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	0.08	0.184	0.230
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	0.1	0.107	0.134
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	0.08	0.180	0.225
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	-0.15	0.103	0.129
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	4182	836.4	23.29	24.50	1.321	-0.06	0.601	0.794
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	4182	836.4	23.29	24.50	1.321	0.06	0.585	0.773
02	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	4182	836.4	23.29	24.50	1.321	-0.03	0.670	0.885
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	4132	826.4	23.17	24.50	1.358	0.02	0.632	0.858
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	4233	846.6	23.26	24.50	1.330	0.03	0.652	0.867
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	4182	836.4	23.29	24.50	1.321	0.06	0.546	0.721
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.15	0.189	0.265
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	0.11	0.147	0.200
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.03	0.102	0.143
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	0.02	0.080	0.109
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.02	0.198	0.277
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	0.01	0.161	0.219
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.06	0.086	0.120
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.1	0.068	0.093
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.18	0.503	0.677
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.19	24.50	1.352	0.07	0.495	0.669
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.08	0.451	0.607
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.19	24.50	1.352	0.09	0.448	0.606
03	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.21	24.50	1.346	-0.08	0.553	0.744
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.19	24.50	1.352	0.17	0.549	0.742
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.03	0.395	0.532
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	20525	836.5	23.19	24.50	1.352	0.06	0.415	0.561
1750MHz																		
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.07	0.167	0.232
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.03	0.145	0.201
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.09	0.189	0.262
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.1	0.133	0.184
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	1413	1732.6	15.36	16.50	1.300	-0.14	0.449	0.584
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	1413	1732.6	15.36	16.50	1.300	0.07	0.582	0.757
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DS1	1413	1732.6	15.36	16.50	1.300	0.18	0.605	0.787
04	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	1413	1732.6	15.36	16.50	1.300	0.01	0.742	0.965
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	1312	1712.4	15.19	16.50	1.352	0.02	0.712	0.963
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DS1	1513	1752.6	15.19	16.50	1.352	0.05	0.703	0.951
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	-0.07	0.115	0.162
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	-0.18	0.087	0.126
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.02	0.106	0.149
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.05	0.085	0.123
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DS1	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.06	0.142	0.200



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA1O2302

	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.06	0.116	0.168
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.04	0.120	0.169
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.09	0.096	0.139
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.81	16.00	1.315	0.16	0.416	0.547
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.73	16.00	1.340	0.04	0.392	0.525
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.81	16.00	1.315	-0.12	0.520	0.684
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.73	16.00	1.340	0.08	0.499	0.668
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.81	16.00	1.315	-0.11	0.532	0.700
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.73	16.00	1.340	0.15	0.530	0.710
05	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.81	16.00	1.315	0.05	0.691	0.909
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.73	16.00	1.340	0.03	0.661	0.886
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	20175	1732.5	14.71	16.00	1.346	0.09	0.650	0.875
1900MHz																		
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.02	0.129	0.169
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.07	0.109	0.143
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.04	0.093	0.122
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.1	0.077	0.101
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	661	1880	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.03	0.201	0.234
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	661	1880	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.17	0.211	0.246
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	661	1880	23.34	24.00	1.164	-0.03	0.214	0.249
06	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	661	1880	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.01	0.262	0.305
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.07	0.226	0.306
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.15	0.204	0.276
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.01	0.168	0.228
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.05	0.146	0.198
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	9400	1880	15.31	16.50	1.315	-0.15	0.328	0.431
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	9400	1880	15.31	16.50	1.315	0.02	0.428	0.563
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	9400	1880	15.31	16.50	1.315	-0.15	0.448	0.589
07	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	9400	1880	15.31	16.50	1.315	0.02	0.576	0.758
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	0.06	0.241	0.331
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.11	0.198	0.276
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	0.15	0.213	0.293
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.09	0.180	0.251
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	0.05	0.174	0.239
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.03	0.145	0.202
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	-0.05	0.164	0.225
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.02	0.132	0.184
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.97	16.00	1.268	0.06	0.332	0.421
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.95	16.00	1.274	0.16	0.343	0.437
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.97	16.00	1.268	0.13	0.399	0.506
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.95	16.00	1.274	0.05	0.426	0.543
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.97	16.00	1.268	0.09	0.447	0.567
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.95	16.00	1.274	0.18	0.459	0.585
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.97	16.00	1.268	-0.06	0.564	0.715
08	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	18900	1880	14.95	16.00	1.274	0.02	0.587	0.748



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2600MHz																			
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-	-	0.07	0.029	0.033
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-	-	0.08	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-	-	0.11	0.023	0.026
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-	-	0.18	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-	-	0.01	0.044	0.051
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	23.05	24.00	1.245	-	-	0.02	0.032	0.040
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-	-	0.02	0.037	0.046
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-	-	0.06	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-	-	-0.13	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.25	19.00	1.189	-	-	0.06	0.389	0.462
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.20	19.00	1.202	-	-	0.12	0.402	0.483
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.25	19.00	1.189	-	-	0.08	0.453	0.538
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.20	19.00	1.202	-	-	-0.14	0.453	0.545
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.25	19.00	1.189	-	-	0.07	0.486	0.578
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.20	19.00	1.202	-	-	0.08	0.499	0.600
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.25	19.00	1.189	-	-	-0.02	0.592	0.704
09	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100	2535	18.20	19.00	1.202	-	-	0.08	0.605	0.727
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	17.89	19.00	1.291	-	-	0.02	0.532	0.687
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.036	0.049
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.042	0.057
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	23.98	25.50	1.419	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.032	0.046
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.038	0.050
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	DSI1	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.000	0.000
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.84	22.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.347	0.456
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.68	22.00	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.378	0.515
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.84	22.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.387	0.509
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.68	22.00	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.402	0.548
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.84	22.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.420	0.552
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.68	22.00	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.434	0.592
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.84	22.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.499	0.656
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40140	2545	20.73	22.00	1.340	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.455	0.613
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40670	2598	20.71	22.00	1.346	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.481	0.651
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	41140	2645	20.72	22.00	1.343	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.470	0.635
10	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.68	22.00	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.527	0.718
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	20.52	22.00	1.406	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.502	0.710
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40140	2545	20.44	22.00	1.432	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.450	0.648
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40670	2598	20.36	22.00	1.459	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.476	0.699
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	41140	2645	20.44	22.00	1.432	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.465	0.670
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant2	DSI1	40400	2571	20.62	22.00	1.374	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.472	0.652



Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2450MHz															
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	11	2462	15.31	16.00	1.172	98.22	1.018	0.01	0.108	0.129
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	11	2462	15.31	16.00	1.172	98.22	1.018	0.07	0.089	0.106
11	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	11	2462	15.31	16.00	1.172	98.22	1.018	0.04	0.275	0.328
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	11	2462	15.31	16.00	1.172	98.22	1.018	0.03	0.217	0.259
12	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	78	2480	8.69	10.00	1.352	76.79	1.302	0.02	0.101	0.178
5000MHz															
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	9.32	10.00	1.169	89.64	1.116	0.04	0.146	0.191
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	9.32	10.00	1.169	89.64	1.116	-0.02	0.199	0.260
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	9.32	10.00	1.169	89.64	1.116	0.01	0.250	0.326
13	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	9.32	10.00	1.169	89.64	1.116	-0.03	0.344	0.449
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	9.56	10.50	1.242	89.64	1.116	0.03	0.208	0.288
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	9.56	10.50	1.242	89.64	1.116	0.05	0.240	0.333
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	9.56	10.50	1.242	89.64	1.116	-0.12	0.264	0.366
14	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	9.56	10.50	1.242	89.64	1.116	-0.09	0.302	0.418
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	9.42	10.00	1.143	89.64	1.116	-0.02	0.275	0.351
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	9.42	10.00	1.143	89.64	1.116	0.03	0.332	0.423
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	9.42	10.00	1.143	89.64	1.116	0.04	0.332	0.423
15	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	9.42	10.00	1.143	89.64	1.116	-0.05	0.352	0.449



15.2 Hotspot SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
835MHz																		
16	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.17	0.152	0.207
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	-0.02	0.176	0.240
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.02	0.103	0.140
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	-0.08	0.112	0.152
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	0.11	0.161	0.219
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	-0.02	0.042	0.050
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.19	0.065	0.077
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.04	0.000	0.000
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.18	0.046	0.055
17	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	-0.1	0.176	0.220
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	-0.11	0.233	0.291
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	0.03	0.114	0.143
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	0.16	0.142	0.178
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	-0.08	0.159	0.199
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.13	25.50	1.371	-0.16	0.175	0.240
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	4182	836.4	24.13	25.50	1.371	-0.04	0.241	0.330
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.13	25.50	1.371	0.03	0.121	0.166
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	4182	836.4	24.13	25.50	1.371	0.02	0.183	0.251
18	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.06	0.163	0.228
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.02	0.086	0.117
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.02	0.183	0.256
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.06	0.145	0.197
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	-0.17	0.071	0.099
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.09	0.057	0.078
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.02	0.103	0.144
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.05	0.084	0.114
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	-0.17	0.171	0.239
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.09	0.137	0.187
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.96	25.50	1.426	0.01	0.154	0.220
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.03	0.132	0.184
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	20525	836.5	23.96	25.50	1.426	-0.15	0.229	0.326
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	20525	836.5	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.14	0.184	0.256
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.96	25.50	1.426	0.07	0.146	0.208
1750MHz	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.08	0.558	0.774
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	1413	1732.6	20.23	21.50	1.340	0.18	0.404	0.541
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.04	0.209	0.290
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	-0.07	0.164	0.227
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	1413	1732.6	20.23	21.50	1.340	-0.03	0.608	0.815
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	1312	1712.4	20.02	21.50	1.406	0.07	0.525	0.738
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	1513	1752.6	20.09	21.50	1.384	-0.08	0.550	0.761
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.05	0.629	0.872
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	1312	1712.4	24.07	25.50	1.390	0.04	0.608	0.845
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	1513	1752.6	24.05	25.50	1.396	0.03	0.625	0.873
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	1413	1732.6	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.05	0.701	0.864
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	1312	1712.4	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.06	0.649	0.830
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	1513	1752.6	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.03	0.663	0.856

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FCC ID : 2AFZZ117TG

Issued Date : Nov. 23, 2021

Form version. : 200414



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA1O2302

	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	1413	1732.6	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.02	0.342	0.426
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	1413	1732.6	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.04	0.126	0.155
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	1413	1732.6	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.01	0.354	0.441
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	1312	1712.4	17.28	18.50	1.324	-0.12	0.354	0.469
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	1513	1752.6	17.33	18.50	1.309	0.06	0.354	0.463
19	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	1312	1712.4	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.11	0.712	0.911
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	1413	1732.6	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.01	0.697	0.859
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	1513	1752.6	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.06	0.699	0.903
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	-0.09	0.523	0.737
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.13	0.411	0.597
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20175	1732.5	19.98	21.50	1.419	0.06	0.330	0.468
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20175	1732.5	19.73	21.50	1.503	0.11	0.325	0.489
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.11	0.225	0.317
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.11	0.170	0.247
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.17	0.152	0.214
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.06	0.115	0.167
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20175	1732.5	19.98	21.50	1.419	0.08	0.526	0.746
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20175	1732.5	19.73	21.50	1.503	0.06	0.484	0.728
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.05	0.566	0.798
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.52	24.00	1.406	-0.02	0.566	0.796
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.01	0.550	0.780
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	20175	1732.5	17.52	18.50	1.253	0.05	0.378	0.474
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	20175	1732.5	17.41	18.50	1.285	0.01	0.366	0.470
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.06	0.140	0.197
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.48	24.00	1.419	-0.05	0.103	0.146
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	20175	1732.5	17.52	18.50	1.253	0.07	0.367	0.460
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	20175	1732.5	17.41	18.50	1.285	-0.14	0.354	0.455
20	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.52	24.00	1.406	-0.01	0.711	1.000
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.47	24.00	1.422	0.02	0.652	0.927
1900MHz																		
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	-0.14	0.281	0.369
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	661	1880	23.62	25.00	1.374	0.11	0.185	0.254
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.01	0.136	0.178
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.18	0.063	0.083
21	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	661	1880	23.62	25.00	1.374	-0.08	0.284	0.390
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	0.01	0.230	0.302
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	661	1880	30.20	30.50	1.072	0.02	0.132	0.141
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	661	1880	21.35	22.00	1.161	-0.08	0.063	0.073
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	661	1880	30.20	30.50	1.072	0.01	0.000	0.000
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	661	1880	21.35	22.00	1.161	-0.1	0.220	0.256
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	661	1880	30.20	30.50	1.072	0.05	0.311	0.333
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	-0.01	0.455	0.617
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	9400	1880	20.21	21.50	1.346	-0.01	0.210	0.283
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.08	0.200	0.271
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	-0.16	0.110	0.149
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	9400	1880	20.21	21.50	1.346	0.1	0.315	0.424
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.03	0.524	0.710
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	9400	1880	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.05	0.597	0.822
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	9262	1852.4	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.06	0.561	0.782
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	9538	1907.6	22.97	24.50	1.422	0.11	0.573	0.815
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	9400	1880	16.78	18.00	1.324	0.03	0.277	0.367
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	9400	1880	23.11	24.50	1.377	0.01	0.132	0.182
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	9400	1880	16.78	18.00	1.324	0.04	0.299	0.396
22	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	9400	1880	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.1	0.711	0.979
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	9262	1852.4	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.07	0.701	0.977
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	9538	1907.6	22.97	24.50	1.422	-0.12	0.615	0.875

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FCC ID : 2AFZZ117TG

Issued Date : Nov. 23, 2021

Form version. : 200414



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA1O2302

	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	-0.07	0.443	0.609
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.02	0.377	0.525
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	18900	1880	20.04	21.50	1.400	0.05	0.201	0.281
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	18900	1880	19.90	21.50	1.445	-0.05	0.214	0.309
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	0.07	0.230	0.316
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.02	0.190	0.265
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	-0.15	0.116	0.159
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	-0.12	0.092	0.128
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	18900	1880	20.04	21.50	1.400	-0.15	0.355	0.497
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	18900	1880	19.90	21.50	1.445	0.04	0.378	0.546
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	0.05	0.556	0.764
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	23.42	24.50	1.282	0.01	0.756	0.969
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18700	1860	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.12	0.716	0.933
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	19100	1900	23.38	24.50	1.294	0.06	0.723	0.936
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.85	24.50	1.462	0.05	0.663	0.969
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18700	1860	22.73	24.50	1.503	-0.13	0.625	0.939
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	19100	1900	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.06	0.639	0.943
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.84	24.50	1.466	0.05	0.652	0.956
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	18900	1880	16.49	17.50	1.262	0.01	0.401	0.506
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	18900	1880	16.46	17.50	1.271	-0.05	0.413	0.525
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	23.42	24.50	1.282	0.06	0.182	0.233
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.85	24.50	1.462	-0.01	0.148	0.216
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	18900	1880	16.49	17.50	1.262	0.02	0.381	0.481
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	18900	1880	16.46	17.50	1.271	0.03	0.400	0.508
23	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	23.42	24.50	1.282	-0.01	0.786	1.008
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18700	1860	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.03	0.759	0.989
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	19100	1900	23.38	24.50	1.294	0.04	0.767	0.993
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.84	24.50	1.466	0.08	0.682	1.000



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2600MHz																	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	0.11	0.773	0.890
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	20850	2510	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.05	0.739	0.891
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21350	2560	23.38	24.00	1.153	-0.07	0.757	0.873
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	0.1	0.622	0.765
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.09	23.00	1.233	0.11	0.624	0.769
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.02	0.677	0.719
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.06	19.50	1.107	0.02	0.698	0.772
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-0.16	0.070	0.081
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.11	0.062	0.076
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	0.02	0.140	0.161
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-0.18	0.117	0.144
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.24	19.50	1.062	0.15	0.971	1.031
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20850	2510	19.02	19.50	1.117	0.05	0.914	1.021
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21350	2560	19.21	19.50	1.069	-0.16	0.941	1.006
24	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.06	19.50	1.107	-0.12	0.987	1.092
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	18.52	19.50	1.253	0.02	0.870	1.090
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	20850	2510	18.89	19.50	1.151	0.07	0.945	1.088
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21350	2560	19.01	19.50	1.119	0.16	0.969	1.085
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.01	19.50	1.119	0.16	0.972	1.088
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-0.07	0.885	1.018
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	20850	2510	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.03	0.831	1.001
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	21350	2560	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.05	0.875	1.009
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.09	23.00	1.233	0.07	0.646	0.797
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.09	0.304	0.369
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	22.02	23.00	1.253	-0.02	0.242	0.303
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	21100	2535	18.25	19.00	1.189	-0.09	0.246	0.292
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	21100	2535	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.05	0.253	0.304
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	23.16	24.00	1.213	-0.01	0.325	0.394
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	23.02	24.00	1.253	0.02	0.310	0.388
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	22.02	23.00	1.253	0.13	0.264	0.331
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	21100	2535	18.25	19.00	1.189	-0.1	0.297	0.353
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	21100	2535	18.20	19.00	1.202	0.16	0.295	0.355
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.05	0.308	0.374



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2600MHz																			
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.484	0.660
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40140	2545	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.475	0.660
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40670	2598	23.99	25.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.459	0.654
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	41140	2645	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.449	0.624
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.417	0.552
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.35	24.50	1.303	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.392	0.514
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40400	2571	20.06	21.50	1.393	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.406	0.569
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40400	2571	20.01	21.50	1.409	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.410	0.581
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.19	0.051	0.070
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.040	0.053
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.101	0.138
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.083	0.110
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40400	2571	20.06	21.50	1.393	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.594	0.833
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40140	2545	19.80	21.50	1.479	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.559	0.832
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40670	2598	19.86	21.50	1.459	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.567	0.832
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	41140	2645	19.91	21.50	1.442	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.570	0.827
25	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40400	2571	20.01	21.50	1.409	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.667	0.946
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	19.63	21.00	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.631	0.870
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40140	2545	19.96	21.50	1.426	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.603	0.865
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40670	2598	19.72	21.50	1.507	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.573	0.868
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	41140	2645	19.83	21.50	1.469	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.577	0.853
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	40400	2571	19.92	21.50	1.439	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.632	0.915
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.680	0.927
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	40140	2545	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.611	0.848
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	40670	2598	23.99	25.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.626	0.892
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	41140	2645	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.643	0.893
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	19mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.35	24.50	1.303	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.564	0.739
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	24.24	25.50	1.337	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.150	0.202
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	23.34	24.50	1.306	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.139	0.183
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	40400	2571	20.05	21.50	1.396	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.092	0.129
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	40400	2571	20.04	21.50	1.400	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.100	0.141
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	24.24	25.50	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.142	0.191
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	23.34	24.50	1.306	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.170	0.223
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	40400	2571	20.05	21.50	1.396	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.186	0.261
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Top Side	10mm	Ant2	DSI4	40400	2571	20.04	21.50	1.400	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.182	0.256
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	24.24	25.50	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.216	0.290
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.159	0.221

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2450MHz															
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	Full	11	2462	18.12	19.00	1.225	98.22	1.018	0.03	0.135	0.168
26	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	Full	11	2462	18.12	19.00	1.225	98.22	1.018	-0.05	0.149	0.186
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	Full	11	2462	18.12	19.00	1.225	98.22	1.018	0.01	0.139	0.173
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	Full	11	2462	18.12	19.00	1.225	98.22	1.018	0.02	0.104	0.130
27	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	Full	78	2480	8.69	10.00	1.352	76.79	1.302	0.03	0.022	0.039
5000MHz															
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	Full	38	5190	14.44	15.50	1.277	94.90	1.054	-0.01	0.099	0.133
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Full	38	5190	14.44	15.50	1.277	94.90	1.054	0.02	0.218	0.293
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	10mm	Full	38	5190	14.44	15.50	1.277	94.90	1.054	0.04	0.109	0.147
28	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	10mm	Full	38	5190	14.44	15.50	1.277	94.90	1.054	-0.01	0.288	0.388
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	10mm	Full	151	5755	14.39	15.50	1.292	94.90	1.054	0.03	0.179	0.244
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	10mm	Full	151	5755	14.39	15.50	1.292	94.90	1.054	0.04	0.384	0.523
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	10mm	Full	151	5755	14.39	15.50	1.292	94.90	1.054	0.02	0.234	0.319
29	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	10mm	Full	151	5755	14.39	15.50	1.292	94.90	1.054	-0.05	0.394	0.537



15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
835MHz																		
30	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	-0.17	0.138	0.188
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	189	836.4	32.16	33.50	1.361	-0.04	0.183	0.249
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	-0.15	0.000	0.000
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	189	836.4	32.75	33.50	1.189	0.01	0.040	0.048
31	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	-0.01	0.165	0.206
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.53	25.50	1.250	0.01	0.226	0.283
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.13	25.50	1.371	0.17	0.138	0.189
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	4182	836.4	24.13	25.50	1.371	0.09	0.150	0.206
32	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	0.05	0.131	0.183
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	0.1	0.103	0.140
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	24.04	25.50	1.400	-0.06	0.211	0.295
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.16	24.50	1.361	-0.05	0.164	0.223
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.96	25.50	1.426	0.11	0.136	0.194
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.06	24.50	1.393	0.13	0.127	0.177
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.96	25.50	1.426	0.01	0.147	0.210
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20525	836.5	23.06	24.50	1.393	-0.02	0.144	0.201
1750MHz																		
33	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.02	0.233	0.323
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	1413	1732.6	24.08	25.50	1.387	0.01	0.381	0.528
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	1413	1732.6	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.04	0.338	0.417
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	1413	1732.6	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.16	0.641	0.790
34	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.01	0.231	0.326
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.16	0.169	0.245
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	24.01	25.50	1.409	0.01	0.371	0.523
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.50	1.452	0.03	0.275	0.399
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.08	0.315	0.443
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.48	24.00	1.419	-0.12	0.232	0.329
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.52	24.00	1.406	-0.08	0.659	0.927
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.48	24.00	1.419	0.06	0.503	0.714
35	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	20175	1732.5	22.47	24.00	1.422	0.1	0.496	0.705
	1900MHz																	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	-0.18	0.113	0.148
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	661	1880	29.32	30.50	1.312	-0.1	0.138	0.181
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	661	1880	30.20	30.50	1.072	-0.11	0.061	0.065
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (1 Tx slot)	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	661	1880	30.20	30.50	1.072	0.09	0.108	0.116
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	-0.18	0.240	0.325
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	9400	1880	24.18	25.50	1.355	0.01	0.272	0.369
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	9400	1880	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.03	0.289	0.398
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	9400	1880	23.11	24.50	1.377	-0.02	0.576	0.793
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	0.05	0.260	0.357
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	-0.05	0.197	0.274
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	24.12	25.50	1.374	-0.05	0.294	0.404
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	18900	1880	23.06	24.50	1.393	-0.16	0.222	0.309
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	23.42	24.50	1.282	-0.03	0.313	0.401
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.85	24.50	1.462	0.05	0.244	0.357
37	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	23.42	24.50	1.282	0.07	0.727	0.932
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18700	1860	23.35	24.50	1.303	0.16	0.701	0.914
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	19100	1900	23.38	24.50	1.294	0.01	0.686	0.888
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.85	24.50	1.462	0.07	0.587	0.858
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18700	1860	22.73	24.50	1.503	0.06	0.536	0.806
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	19100	1900	22.81	24.50	1.476	0.01	0.551	0.813
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	18900	1880	22.84	24.50	1.466	0.07	0.547	0.802



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-	-	0.06	0.401	0.461
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-	-	0.02	0.293	0.360
38	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	23.39	24.00	1.151	-	-	-0.09	0.810	0.932
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	23.05	24.00	1.245	-	-	0.02	0.738	0.918
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	20850	2510	23.19	24.00	1.205	-	-	-0.09	0.770	0.928
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21350	2560	23.38	24.00	1.153	-	-	0.11	0.786	0.907
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.10	23.00	1.230	-	-	0.02	0.598	0.736
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	21100	2535	22.09	23.00	1.233	-	-	-0.06	0.690	0.851
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	23.16	24.00	1.213	-	-	0.05	0.096	0.116
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	22.02	23.00	1.253	-	-	-0.12	0.073	0.091
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	23.16	24.00	1.213	-	-	0.04	0.185	0.224
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	23.02	24.00	1.253	-	-	0.02	0.136	0.170
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	21100	2535	22.02	23.00	1.253	-	-	0.08	0.135	0.169
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.250	0.341
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.215	0.284
39	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	24.18	25.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.505	0.688
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	23.98	25.50	1.419	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.452	0.645
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40140	2545	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.480	0.667
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40670	2598	23.99	25.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.477	0.679
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	41140	2645	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.466	0.647
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.31	24.50	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.408	0.540
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	15mm	Ant1	DSI2	40400	2571	23.35	24.50	1.303	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.381	0.499
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	24.24	25.50	1.337	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.089	0.120
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	23.34	24.50	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.078	0.102
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	24.24	25.50	1.337	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.129	0.173
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	24.10	25.50	1.380	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.101	0.140
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	Ant2	DSI2	40400	2571	23.34	24.50	1.306	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.112	0.147

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2450MHz															
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	15mm	Full	11	2462	18.12	19.00	1.225	98.22	1.018	0.02	0.102	0.127
40	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	Full	11	2462	18.12	19.00	1.225	98.22	1.018	-0.1	0.105	0.131
41	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	Full	78	2480	8.69	10.00	1.352	76.79	1.302	-0.02	0.011	0.019
5000MHz															
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	Full	54	5270	14.25	15.50	1.334	94.90	1.054	0.01	0.108	0.152
42	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	Full	54	5270	14.25	15.50	1.334	94.90	1.054	-0.08	0.252	0.354
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	15mm	Full	122	5610	14.23	15.50	1.338	89.64	1.116	0.04	0.111	0.166
43	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	Full	122	5610	14.23	15.50	1.338	89.64	1.116	-0.03	0.216	0.323
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	Full	151	5755	14.39	15.50	1.292	94.90	1.054	0.05	0.092	0.125
44	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	Full	151	5755	14.39	15.50	1.292	94.90	1.054	-0.01	0.225	0.306



15.4 Product Specific SAR

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
5000MHz															
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Full	54	5270	14.25	15.50	1.334	94.90	1.054	0.03	0.421	0.592
45	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Full	54	5270	14.25	15.50	1.334	94.90	1.054	-0.05	0.604	0.849
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	14.25	15.50	1.334	94.90	1.054	0.01	0.230	0.323
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	14.25	15.50	1.334	94.90	1.054	-0.01	0.497	0.699
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Full	122	5610	14.23	15.50	1.338	89.64	1.116	0.03	0.376	0.562
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Full	122	5610	14.23	15.50	1.338	89.64	1.116	0.04	0.447	0.668
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Full	122	5610	14.23	15.50	1.338	89.64	1.116	0.02	0.133	0.199
46	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	122	5610	14.23	15.50	1.338	89.64	1.116	-0.01	0.796	1.189

15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.06	19.50	1.107	-0.12	0.987	1	1.092
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	DSI4	21100	2535	19.06	19.50	1.107	0.03	0.962	1.026	1.065

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product Specific
1.	WWAN + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + 5GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	5GHz WLAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	WWAN + 5GHz WLAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

General Note:

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP) and LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA, and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN/ 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
- WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so can't transmit simultaneously.
- According to the characteristic of EUT, WLAN5GHz and Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously.
- For simultaneously analysis, since the SAR summation of 3 transmitters can cover others combination of 2 transmitters, therefore in this section did not additional to evaluate 2TX combination of simultaneously transmission.
- The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
- Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
- The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- WWAN antenna always chose the worst position SAR among all WWAN bands base on head and body to do co-located with WLAN/Bluetooth. It is the most conservatively evaluation.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
WWAN All Bands	Right Cheek	0.885	0.129	0.351	0.178	1.01	1.41
	Right Tilted	0.965	0.106	0.423	0.178	1.07	1.57
	Left Cheek	0.794	0.328	0.423	0.178	1.12	1.40
	Left Tilted	0.773	0.259	0.449	0.178	1.03	1.40

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
WWAN All Bands	Front	0.969	0.168	0.244	0.039	1.14	1.25
	Back	0.772	0.186	0.523	0.039	0.96	1.33
	Left side	0.394				0.39	0.39
	Right side	0.227	0.173	0.319	0.039	0.40	0.59
	Top side	1.008	0.130	0.537	0.039	1.14	1.58
	Bottom side	1.092				1.09	1.09

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
WWAN All Bands	Front	0.461	0.127	0.166	0.019	0.59	0.65
	Back	0.932	0.131	0.354	0.019	1.06	1.31

Test Engineer : Nick Hu, Seven Xu, Bruce Li

17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [14] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

-----THE END-----



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.922$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.619 W/kg

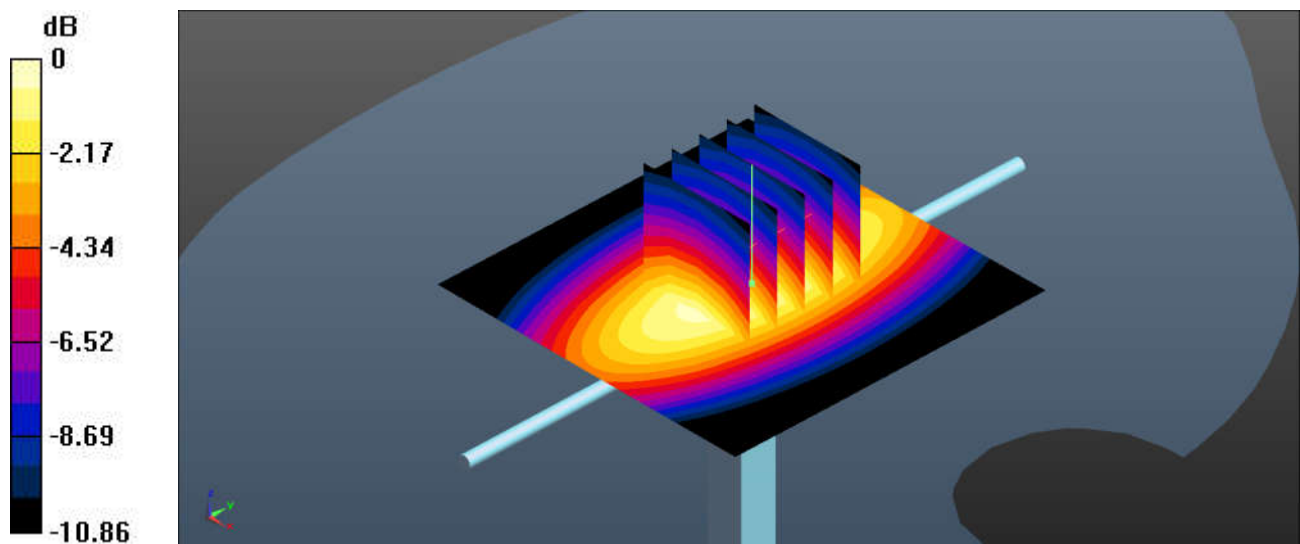
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.799 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.498 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.619 W/kg



0 dB = 0.619 W/kg = -2.08 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.401$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.501$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.98 W/kg

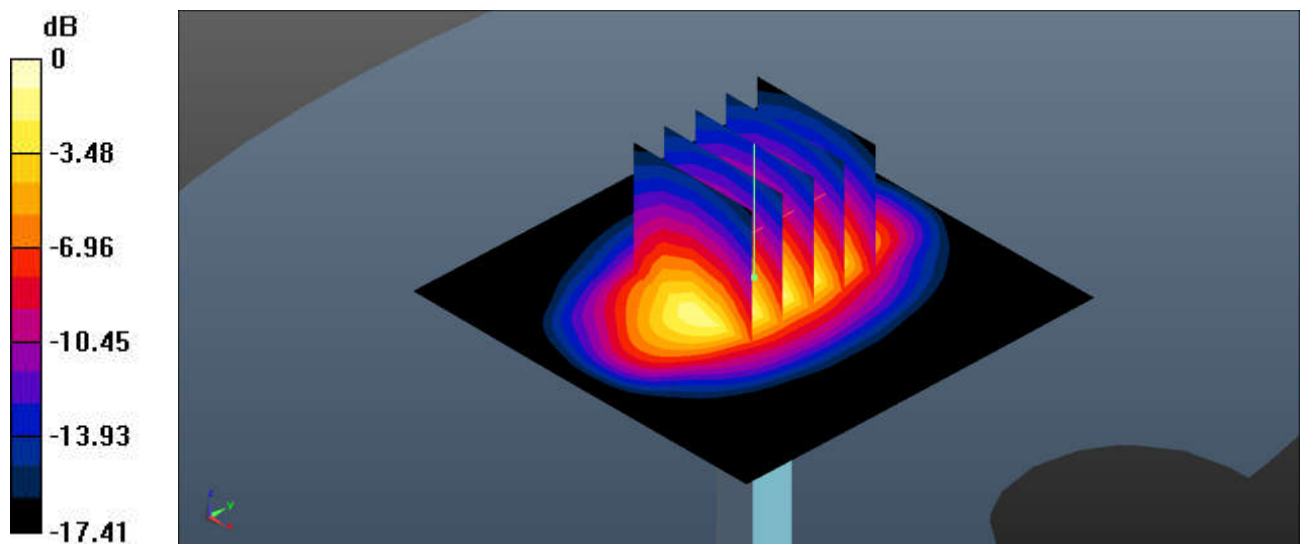
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.03 W/kg



0 dB = 3.03 W/kg = 4.81 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.458$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.79$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.85 W/kg

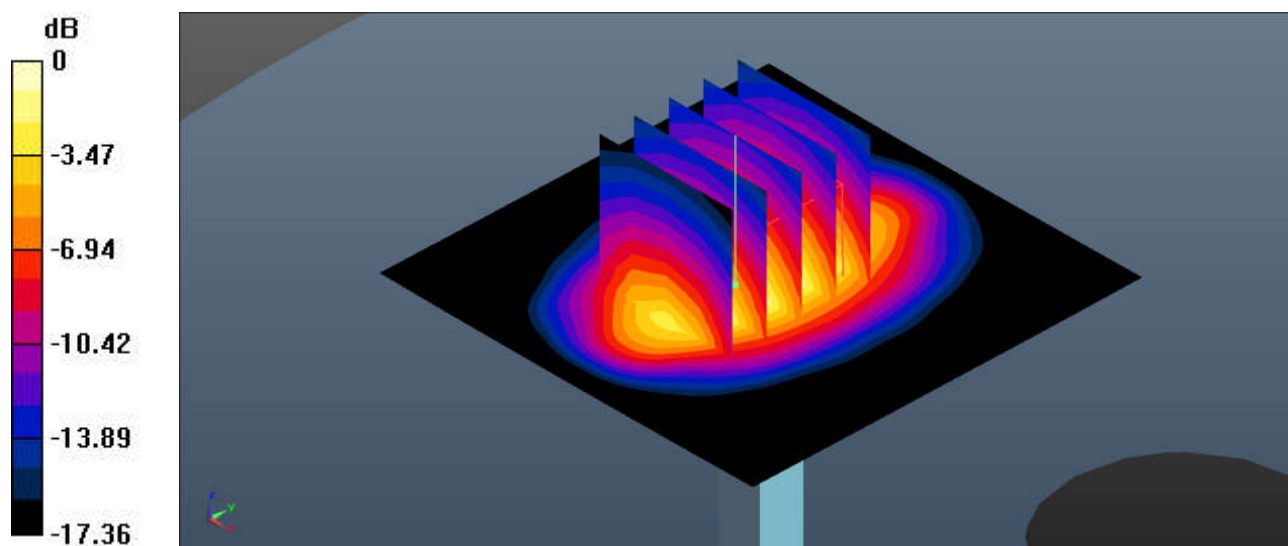
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.99W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



0 dB = 2.79 W/kg = 4.46 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.243$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.30 W/kg

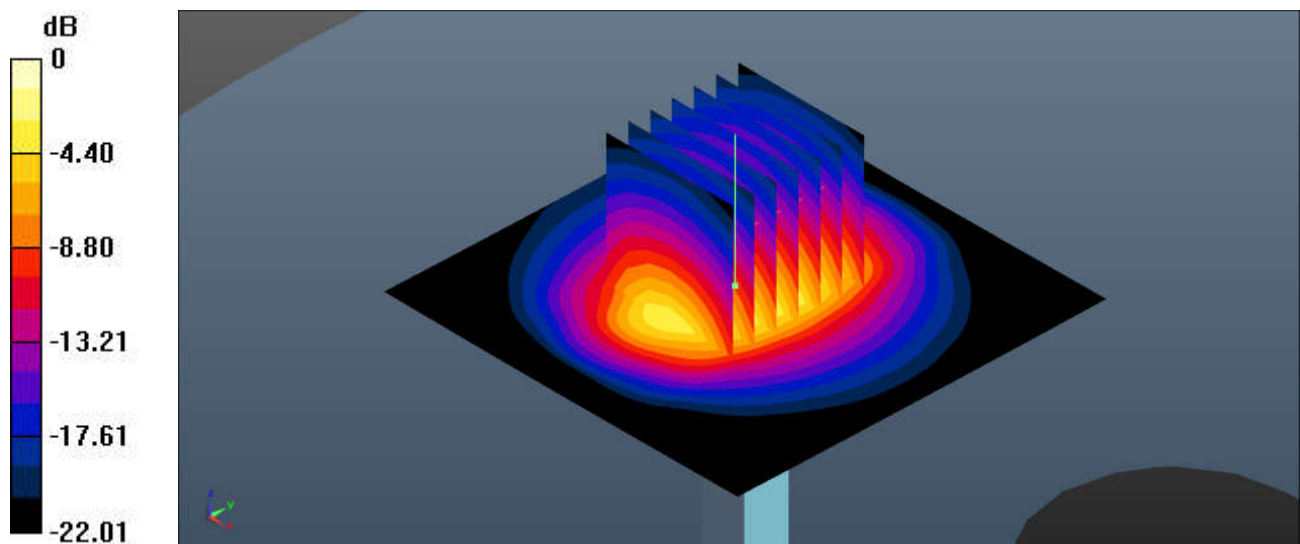
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.31 W/kg



0 dB = 4.31 W/kg = 6.34 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.009$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.66$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.78 W/kg

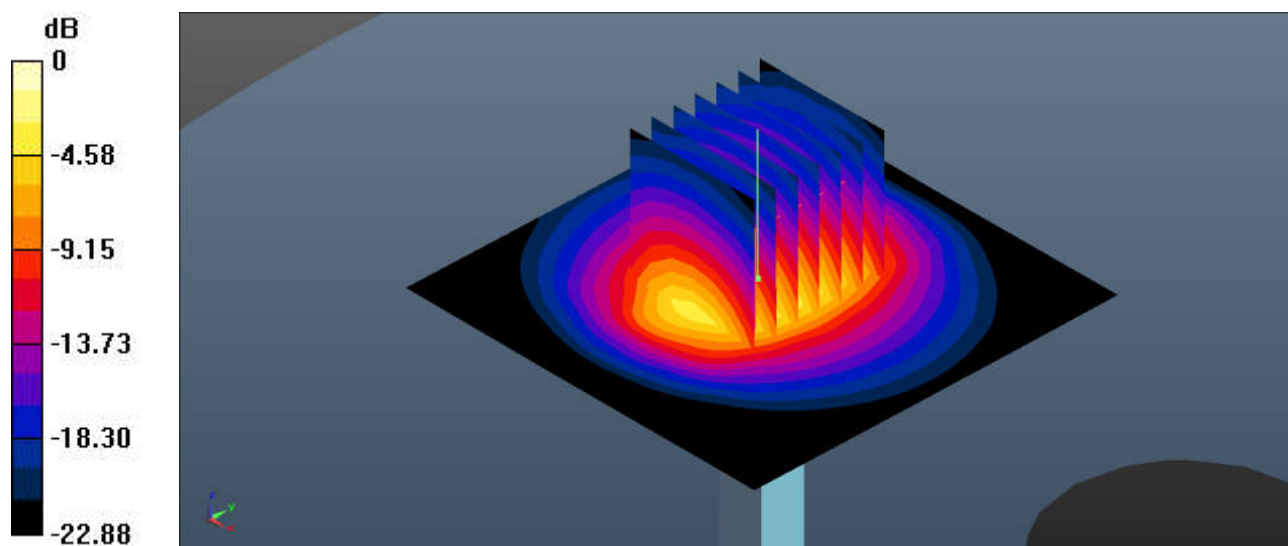
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.83 W/kg



0 dB = 4.83 W/kg = 6.84 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.601$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.834$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.30 W/kg

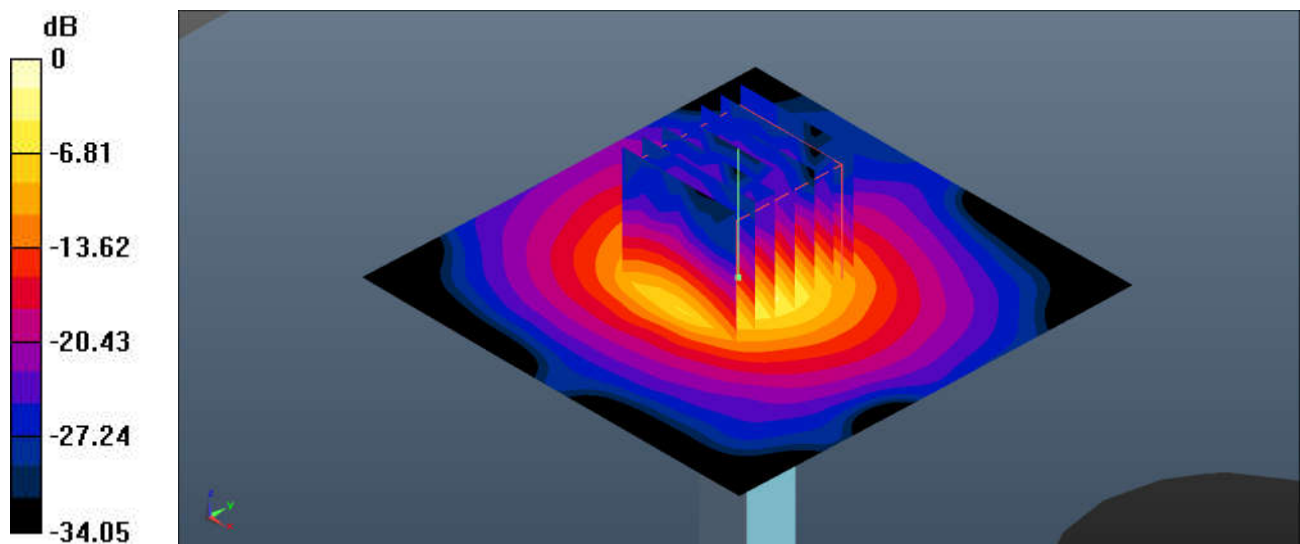
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 47.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.70 W/kg



0 dB = 9.70 W/kg = 9.87 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.004$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.267$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.95 W/kg

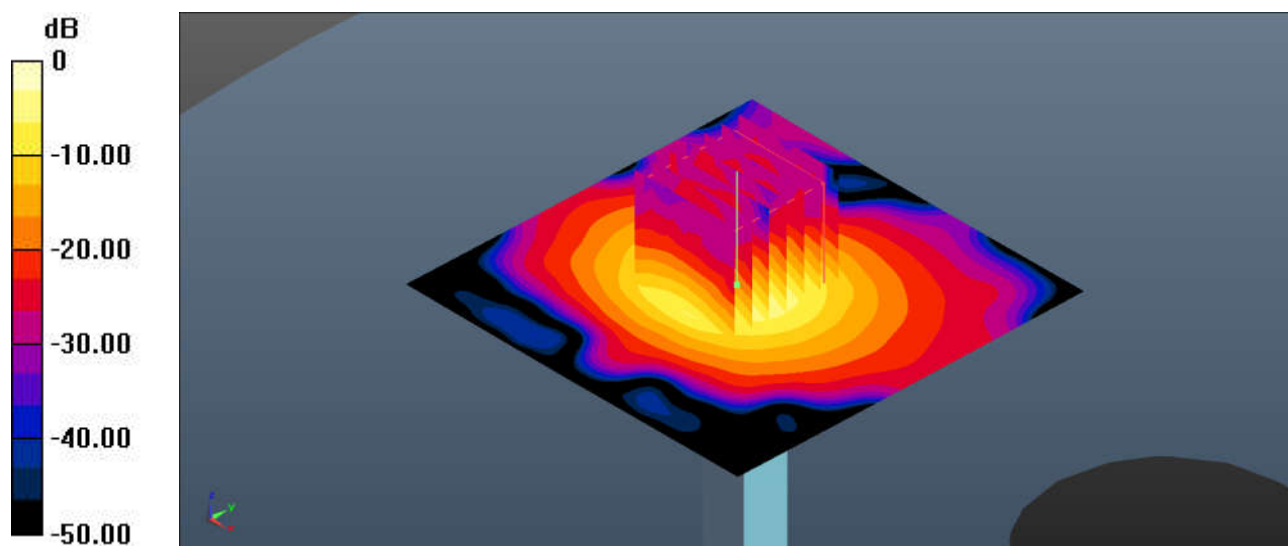
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 48.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.5 W/kg



0 dB = 10.5 W/kg = 10.21 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.171$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.076$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.45 W/kg

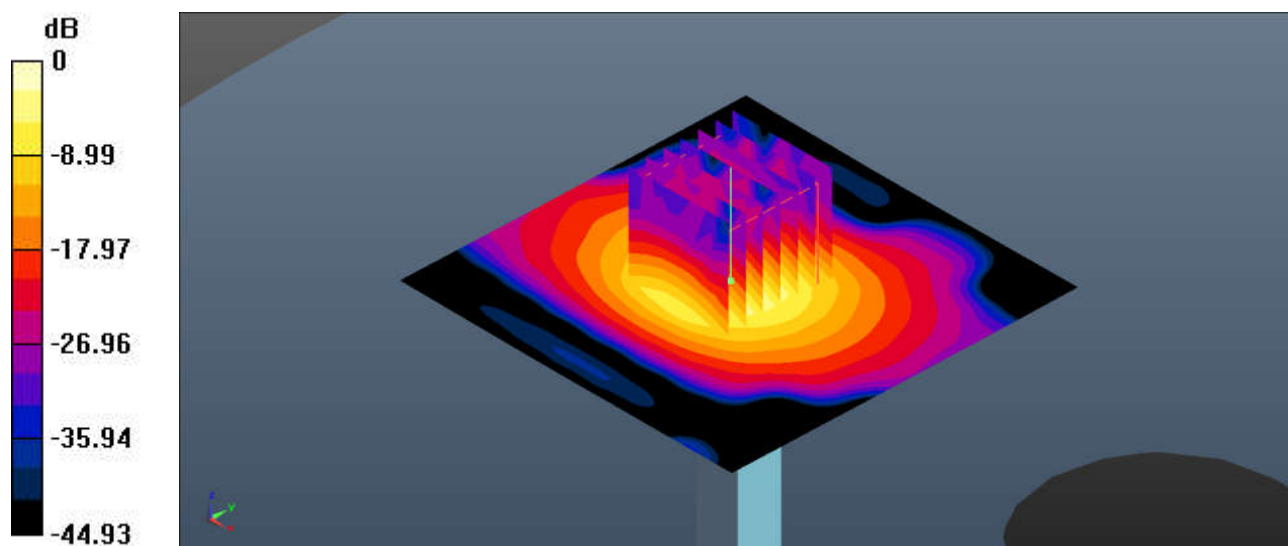
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 46.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.95 W/kg



0 dB = 9.95 W/kg = 9.98 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.176$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.699 W/kg

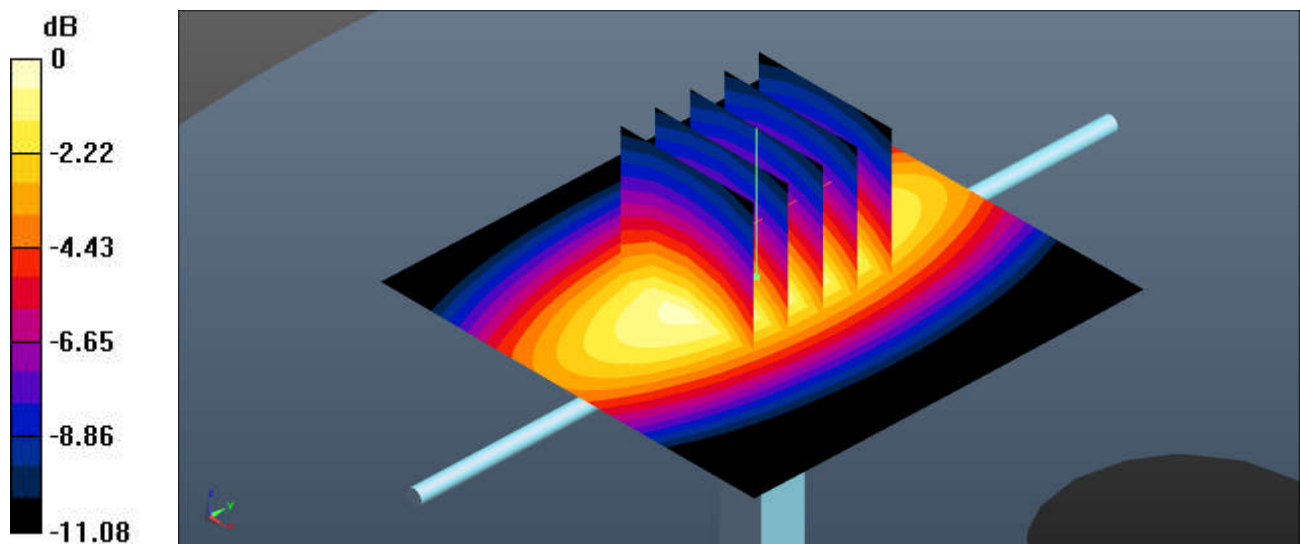
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.801 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.509 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.703 W/kg



0 dB = 0.703 W/kg = -1.53 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.409$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.669$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.00 W/kg

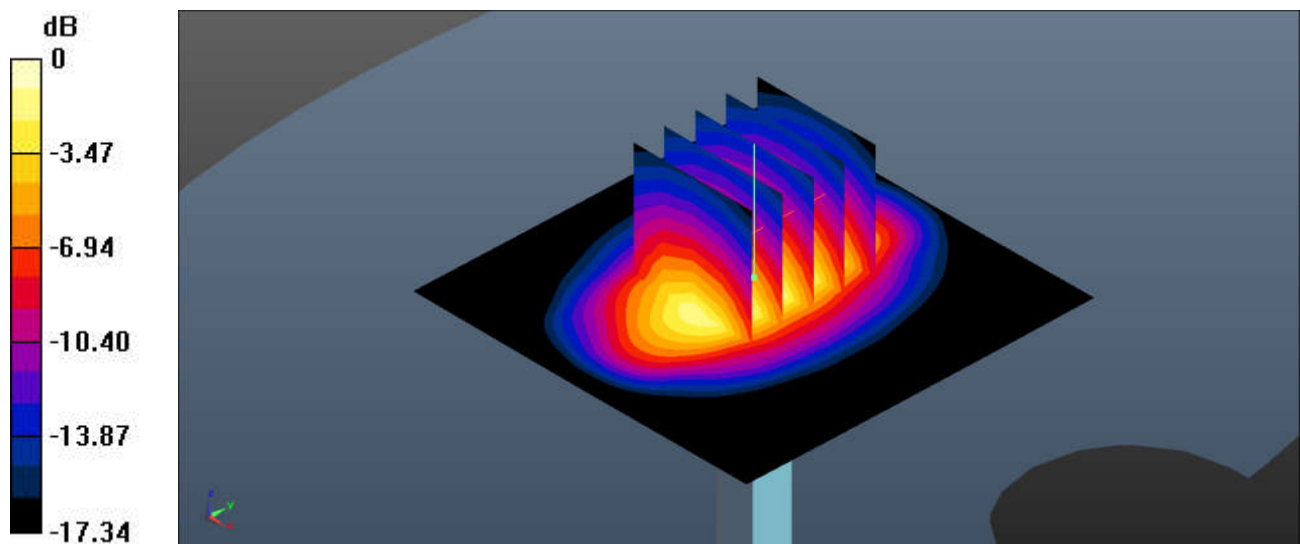
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.06 W/kg



0 dB = 3.06 W/kg = 4.86 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.435$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.135$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.44 W/kg

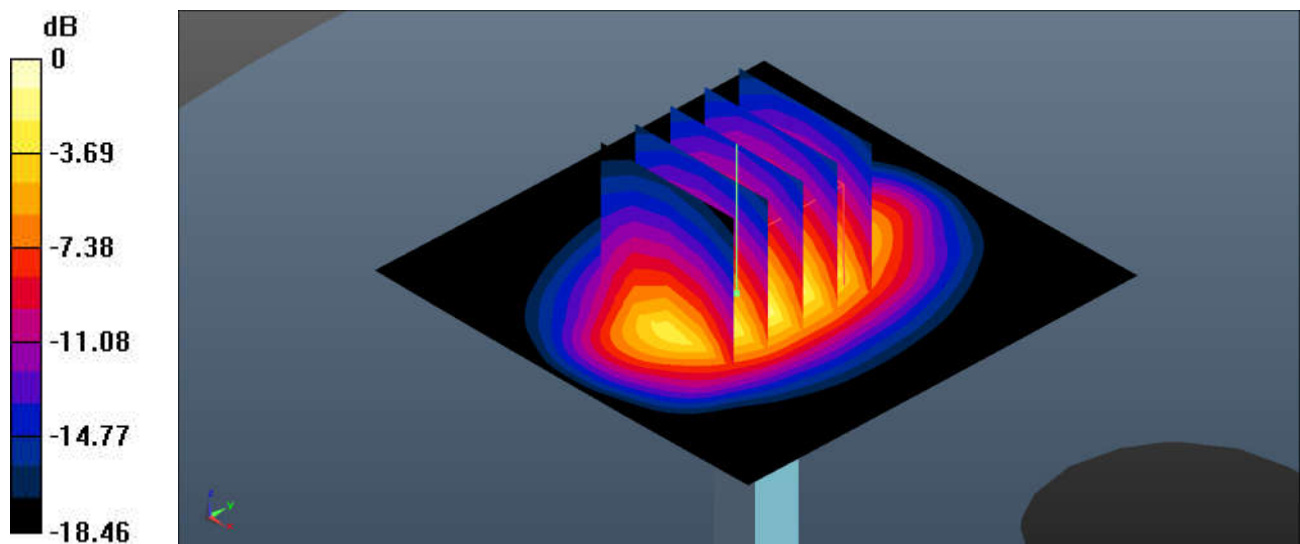
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.22 W/kg



0 dB = 3.22 W/kg = 5.08 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.802$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.40 W/kg

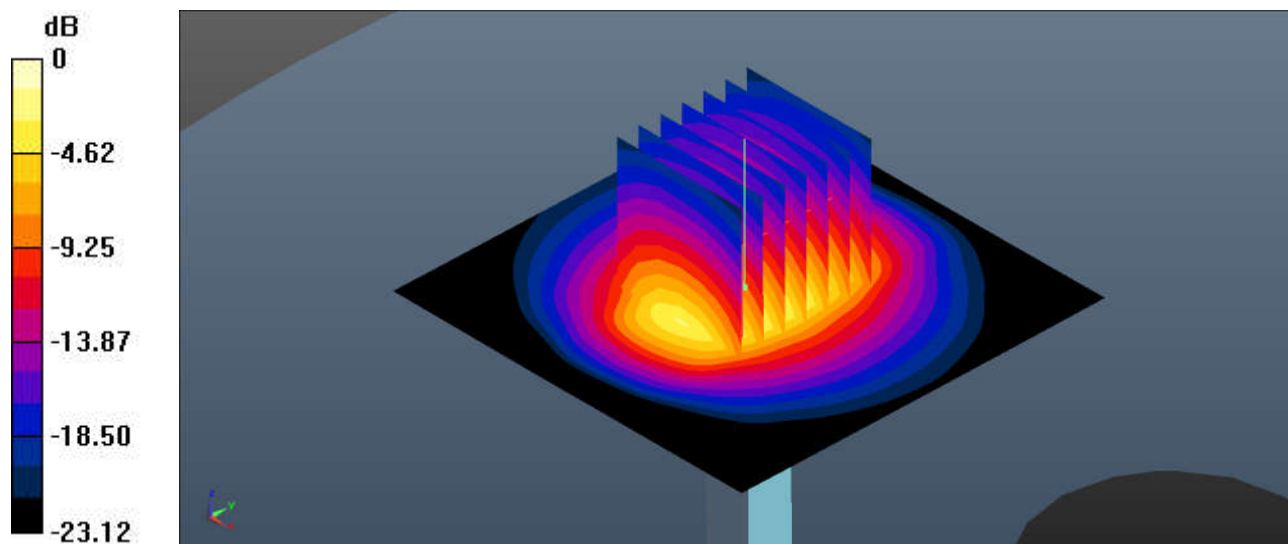
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.31 W/kg



0 dB = 3.31 W/kg = 5.20 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.927$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.32$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.65 W/kg

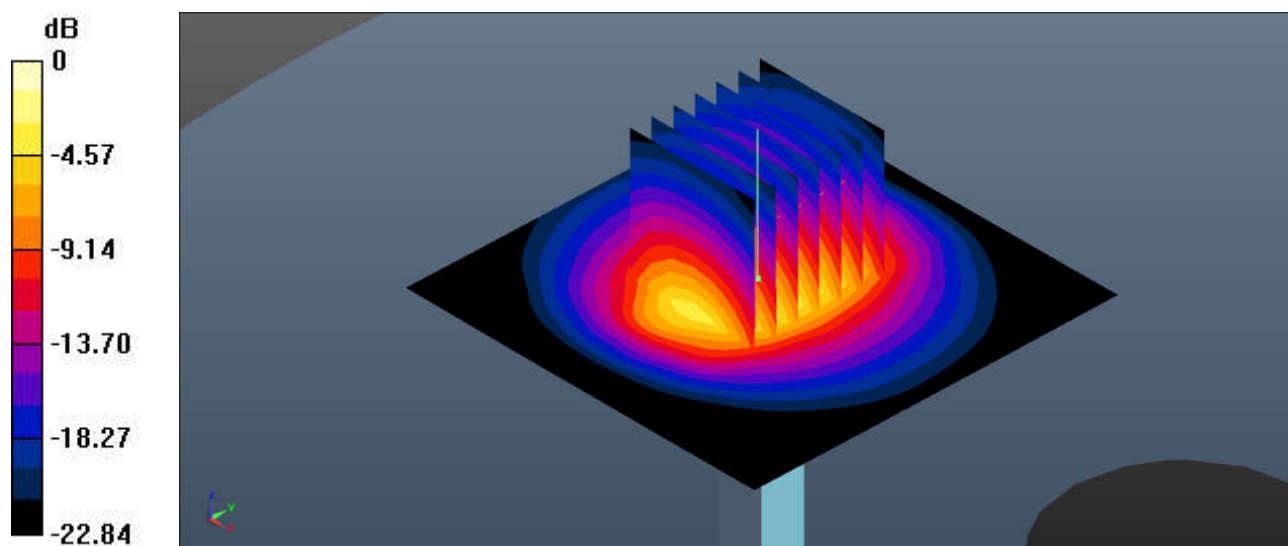
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.65 W/kg



0 dB = 4.65 W/kg = 6.67 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.597$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.936$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.31 W/kg

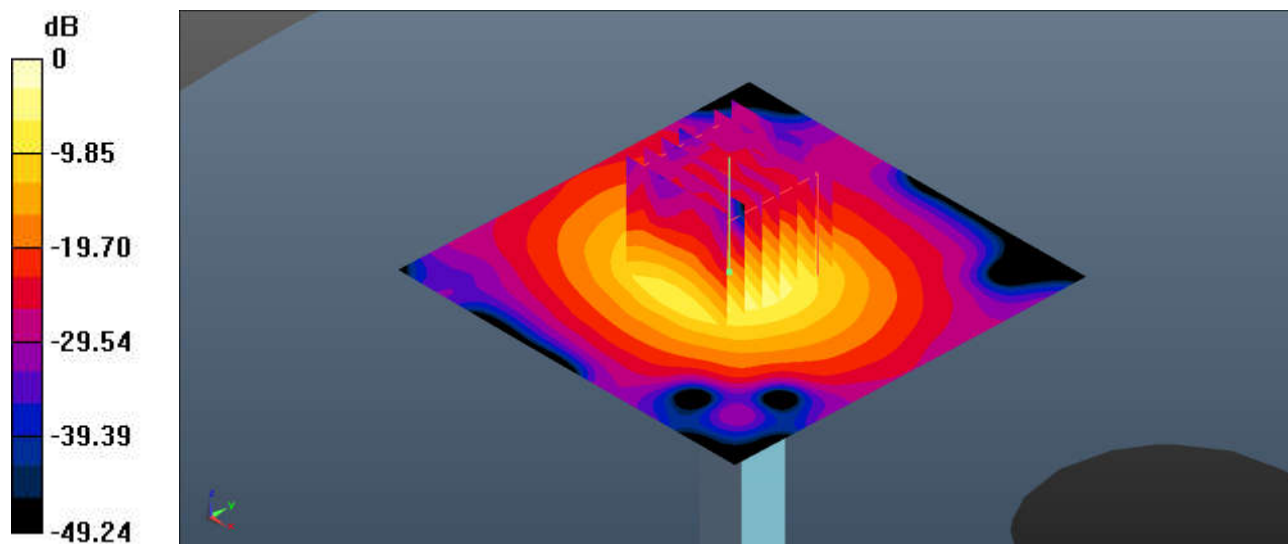
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 48.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.80 W/kg



0 dB = 9.80 W/kg = 9.91 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.997$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.371$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.2 W/kg

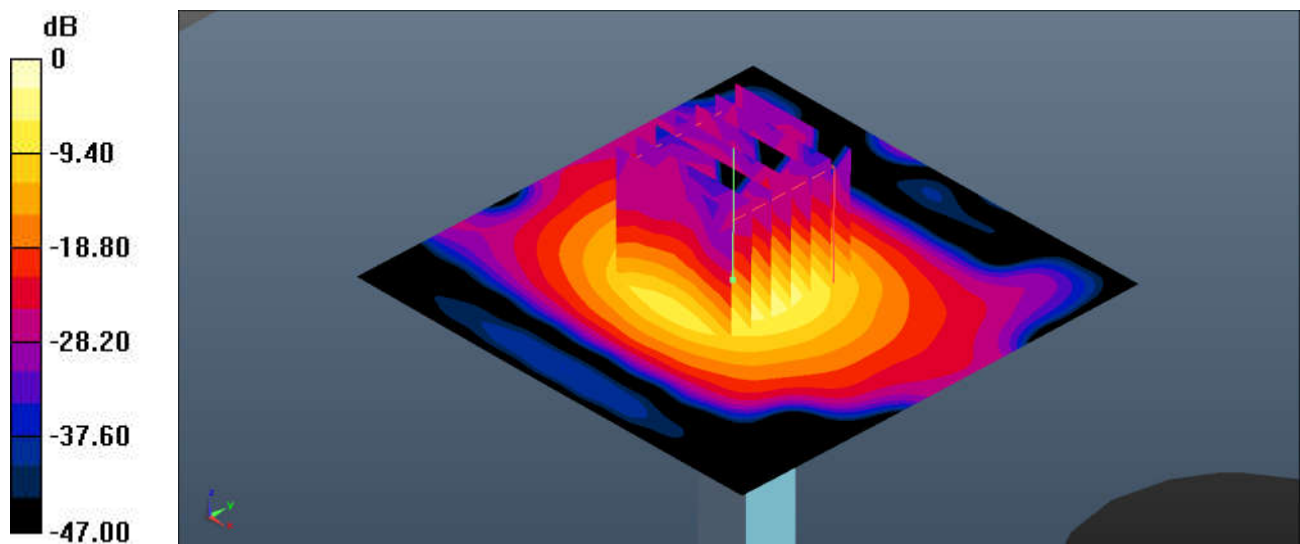
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 48.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 W/kg



0 dB = 10.8 W/kg = 10.33 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.16$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.206$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.37 W/kg

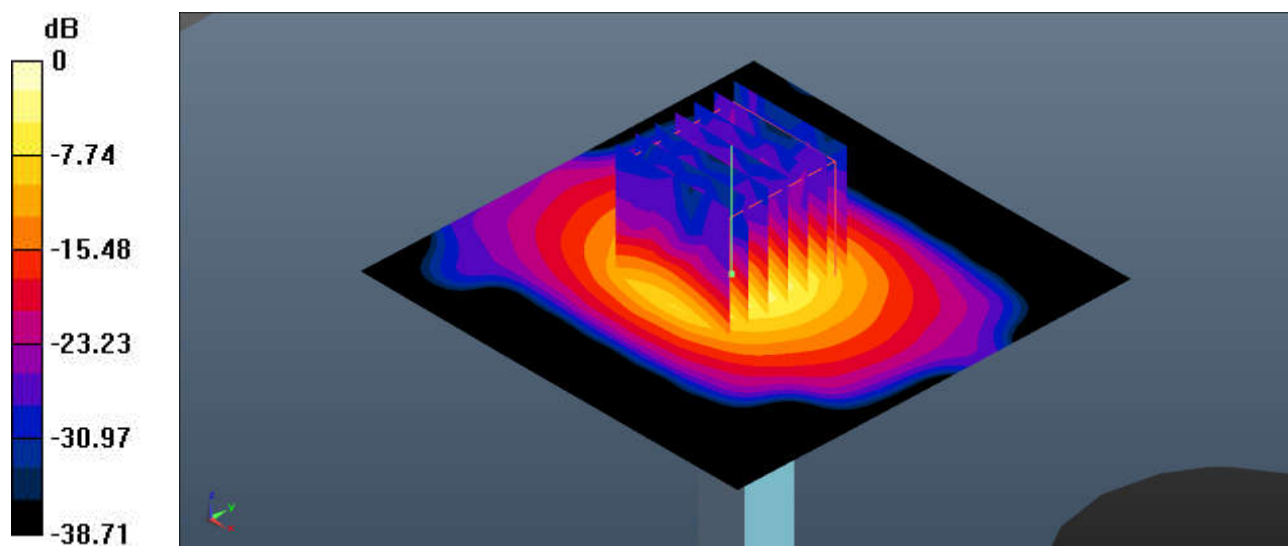
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 46.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.93 W/kg



0 dB = 9.93 W/kg = 9.97 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS 1 Tx slots_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.494 W/kg

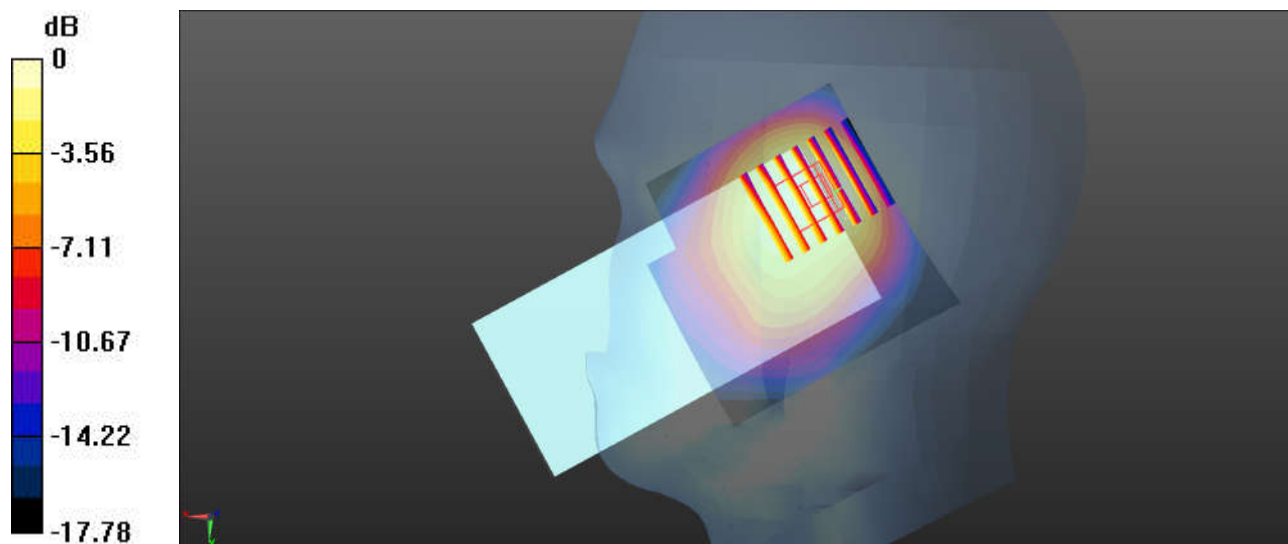
Zoom Scan (6x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.506 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.296 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 W/kg



0 dB = 0.415 W/kg = -3.82 dBW/kg

02_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

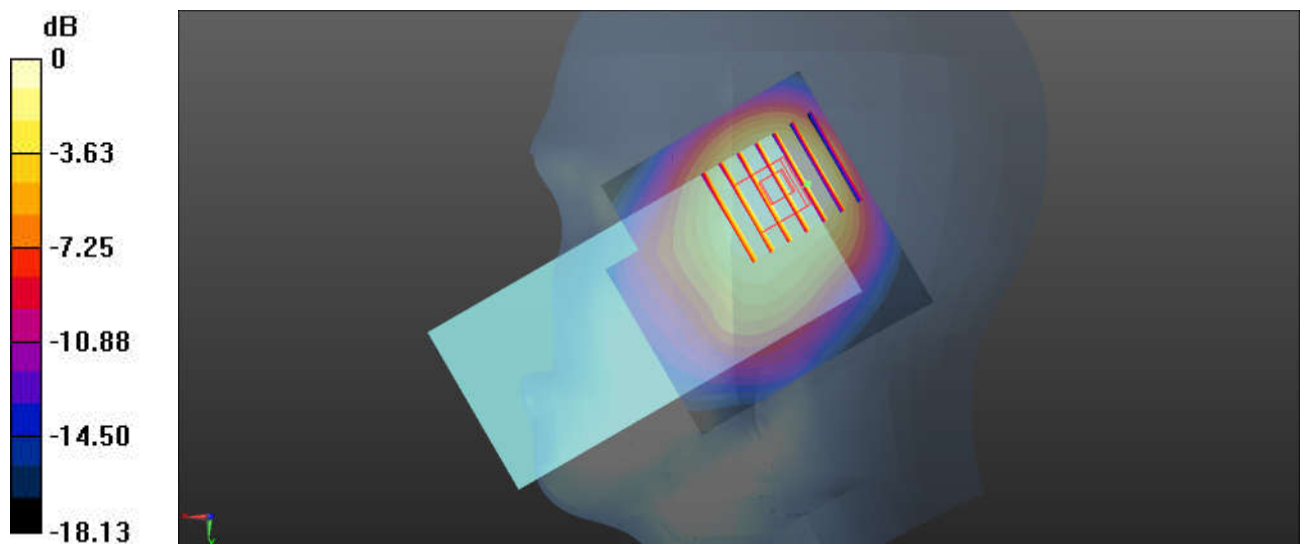
Zoom Scan (6x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.670 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.949 W/kg



0 dB = 0.949 W/kg = -0.23 dBW/kg

03_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.950 W/kg

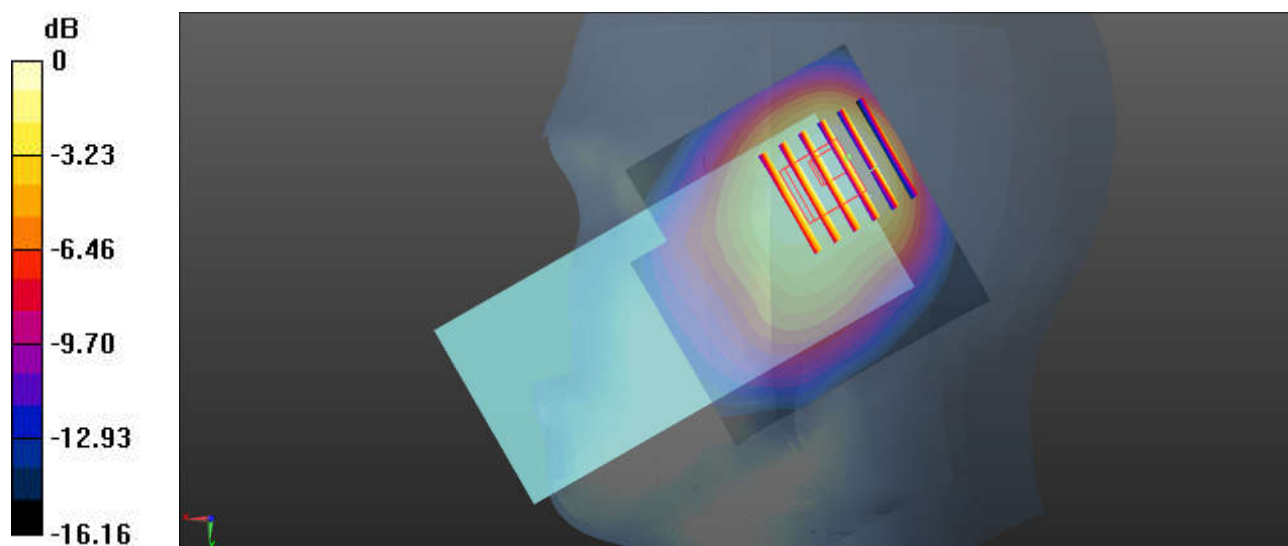
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.982 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.553 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.735 W/kg



0 dB = 0.735 W/kg = -1.34 dBW/kg

04_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch1413

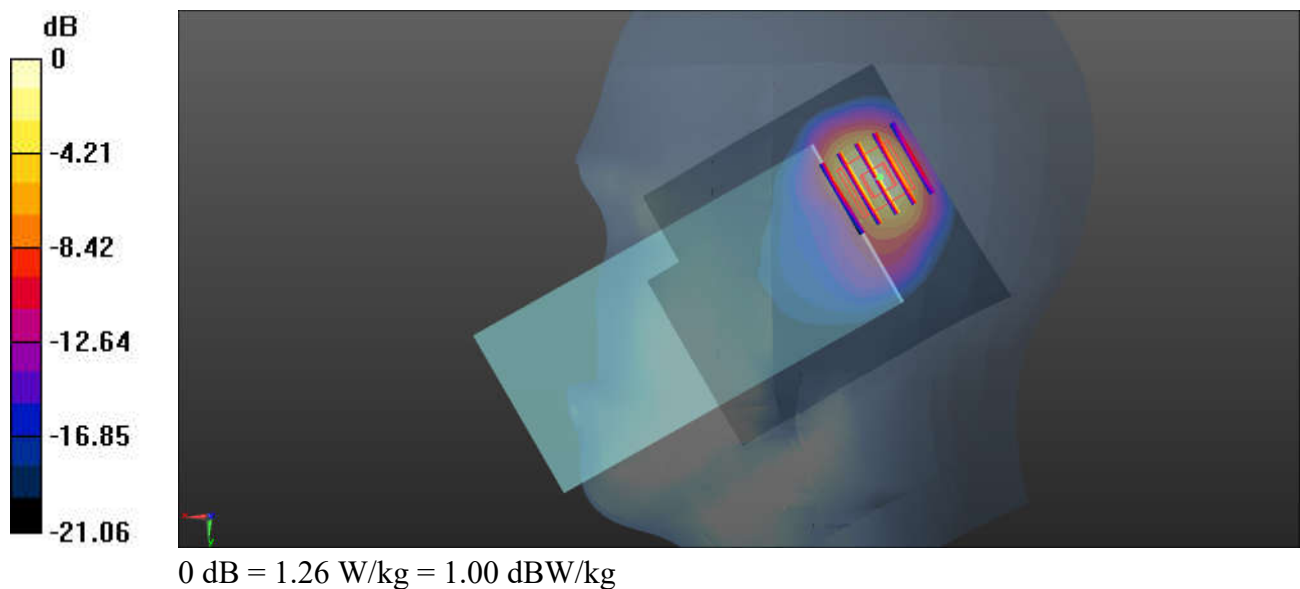
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.567$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 7.233 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.742 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



05_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.567$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.976 W/kg

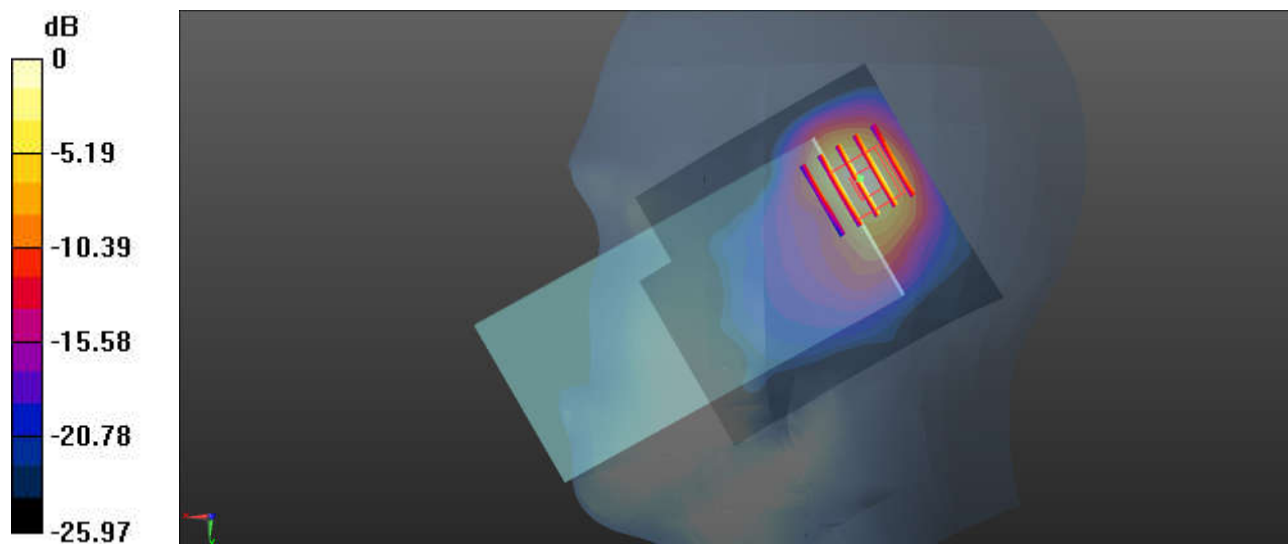
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.515 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.691 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.17 W/kg = 0.68 dBW/kg

06_GSM1900_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.446$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.827$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.403 W/kg

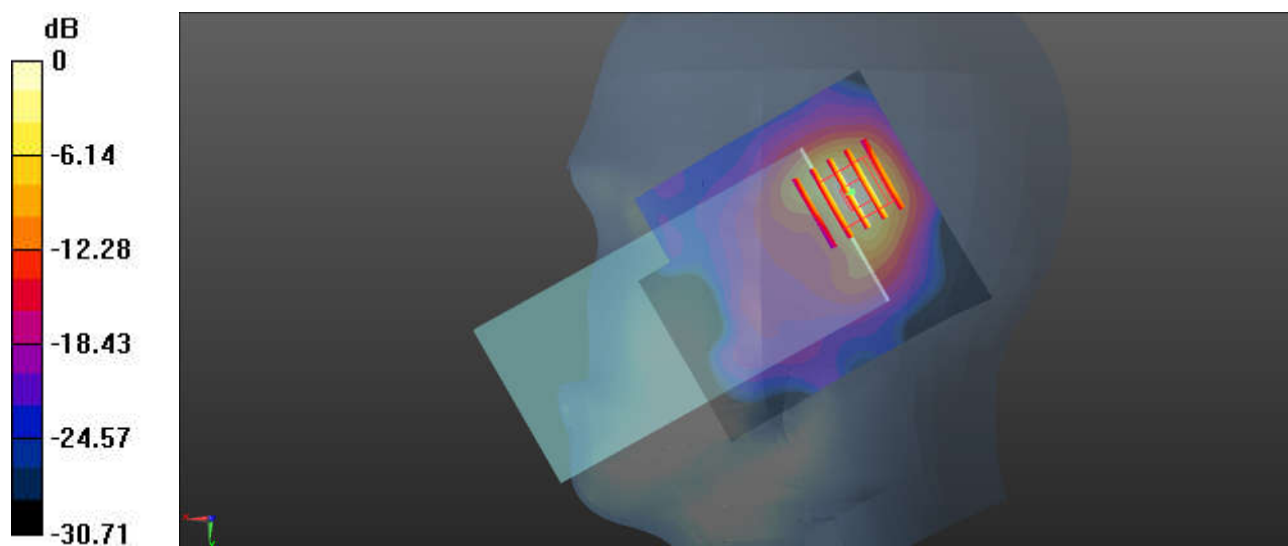
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.884 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.554 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.262 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.453 W/kg



0 dB = 0.453 W/kg = -3.44 dBW/kg

07_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.446$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.827$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.779 W/kg

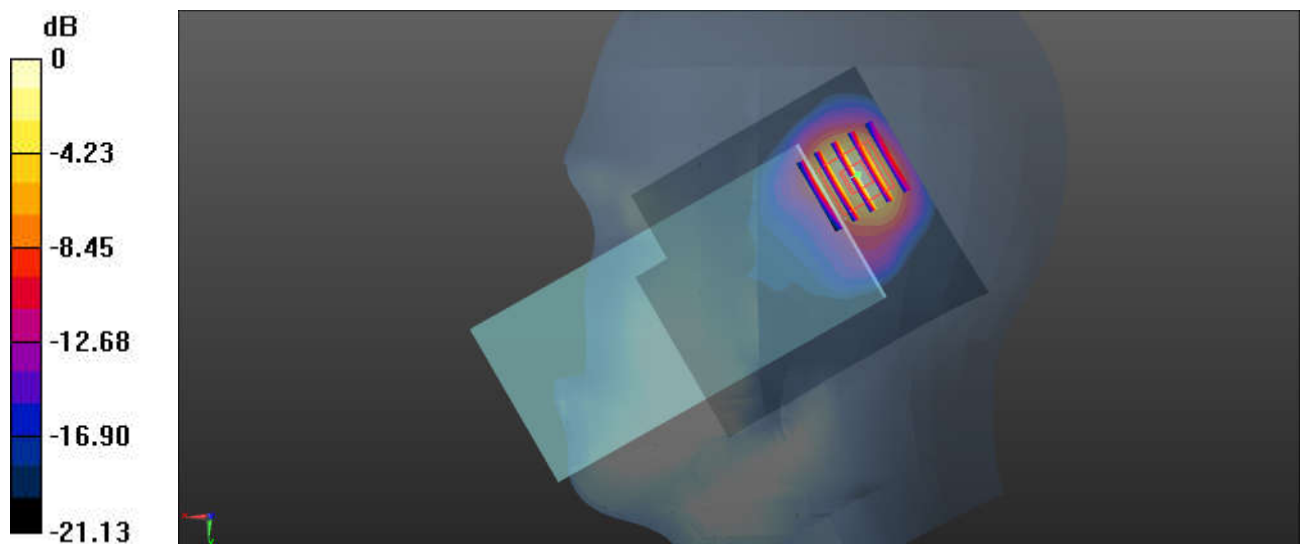
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.985 W/kg



0 dB = 0.985 W/kg = -0.07 dBW/kg

08_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_50RB_0Offset_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.446$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.827$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

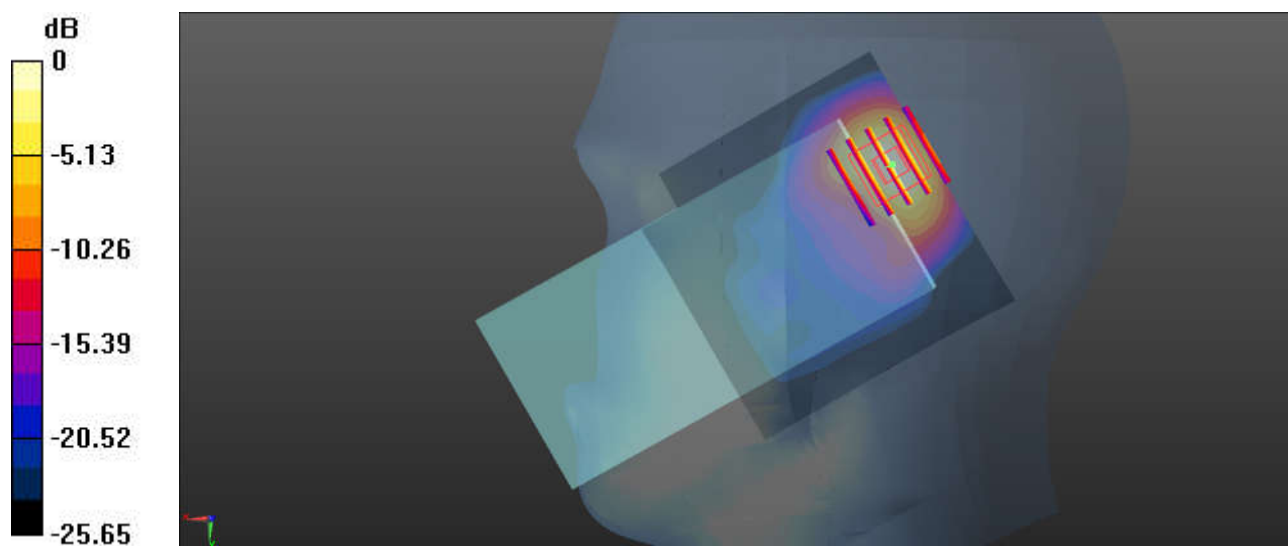
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.709 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.587 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.09 dBW/kg

09_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_50RB_0Offset_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.957$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.771$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

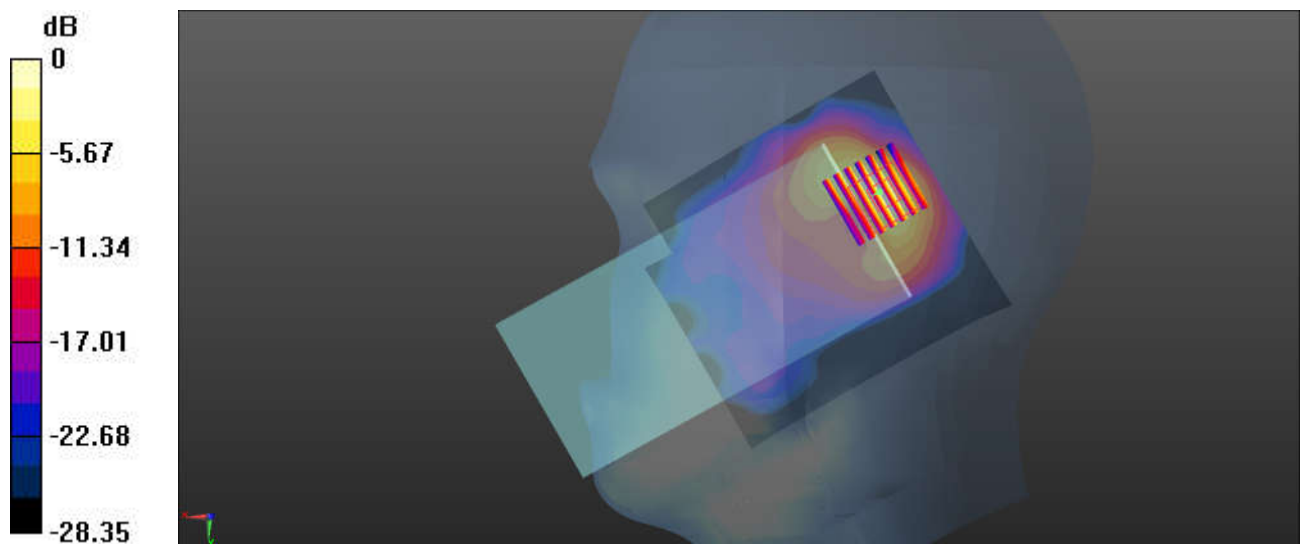
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.966 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.45 dBW/kg

10_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_50RB_0Offset_Right Tilted_0mm_Ch40400

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2571 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2571$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.986$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.698$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.988 W/kg

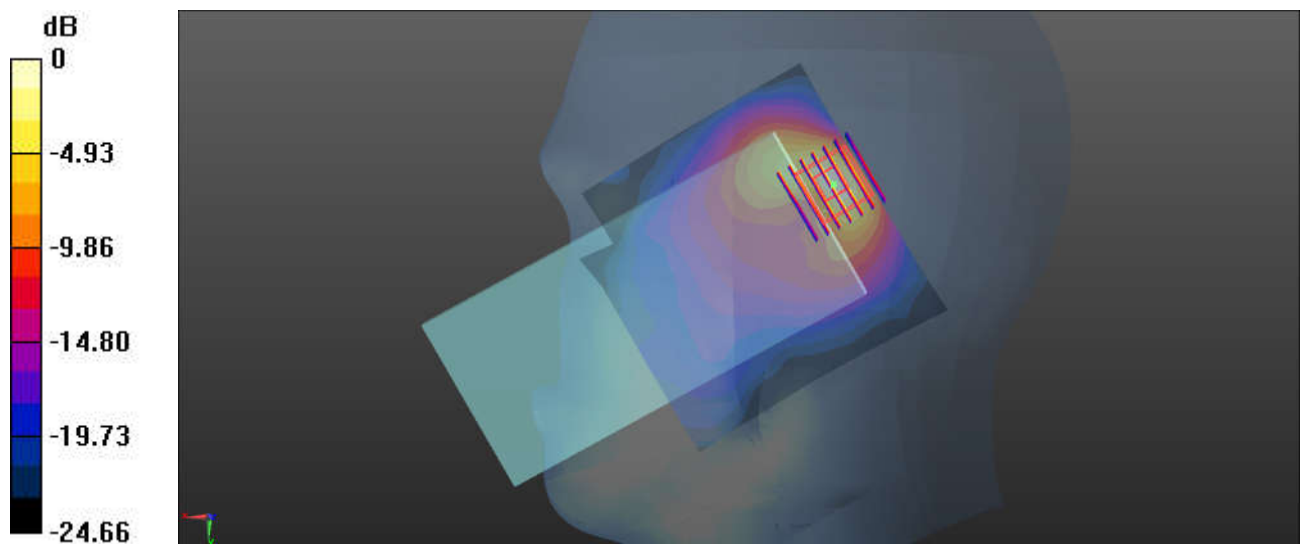
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.527 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.981 W/kg



0 dB = 0.981 W/kg = -0.08 dBW/kg

11_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.018
Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.834$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.223$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.449 W/kg

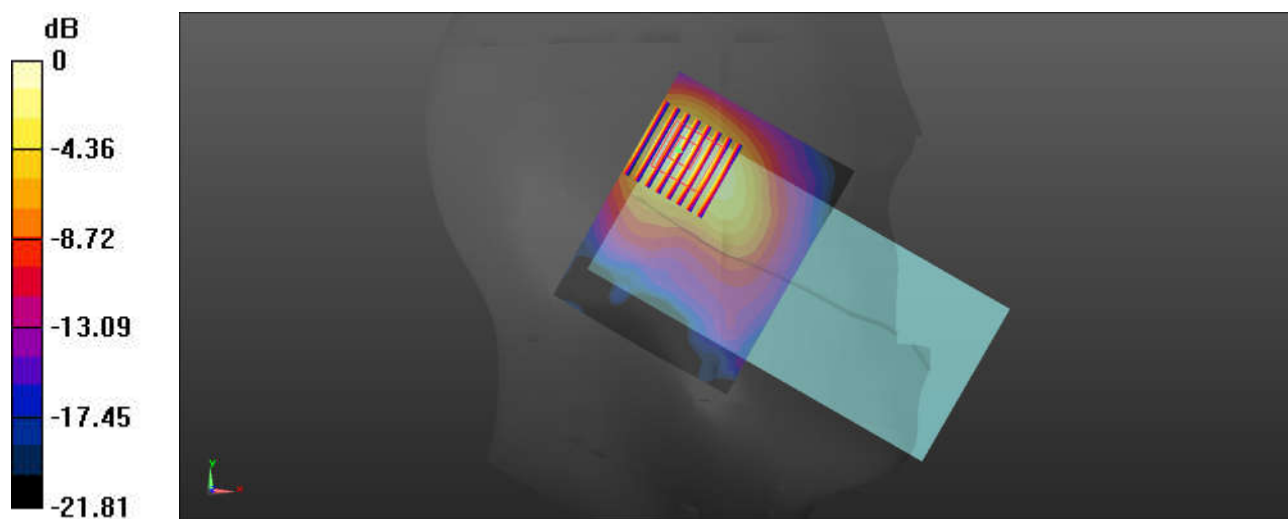
Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.112 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.523 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.275 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 W/kg



0 dB = 0.420 W/kg = -3.77 dBW/kg

12_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2480$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (91x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.158 W/kg

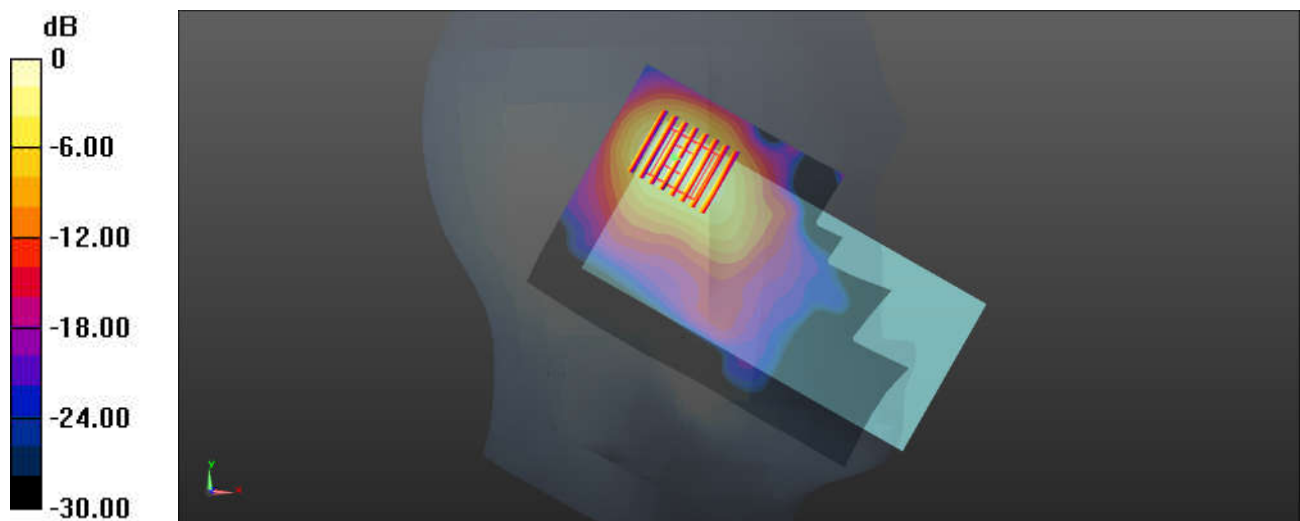
Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.322 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg



0 dB = 0.158 W/kg = -8.01 dBW/kg

13_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Left Titted_0mm_Ch58

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN5GHz (0); Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.116

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5290$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.664$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.787$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.889 W/kg

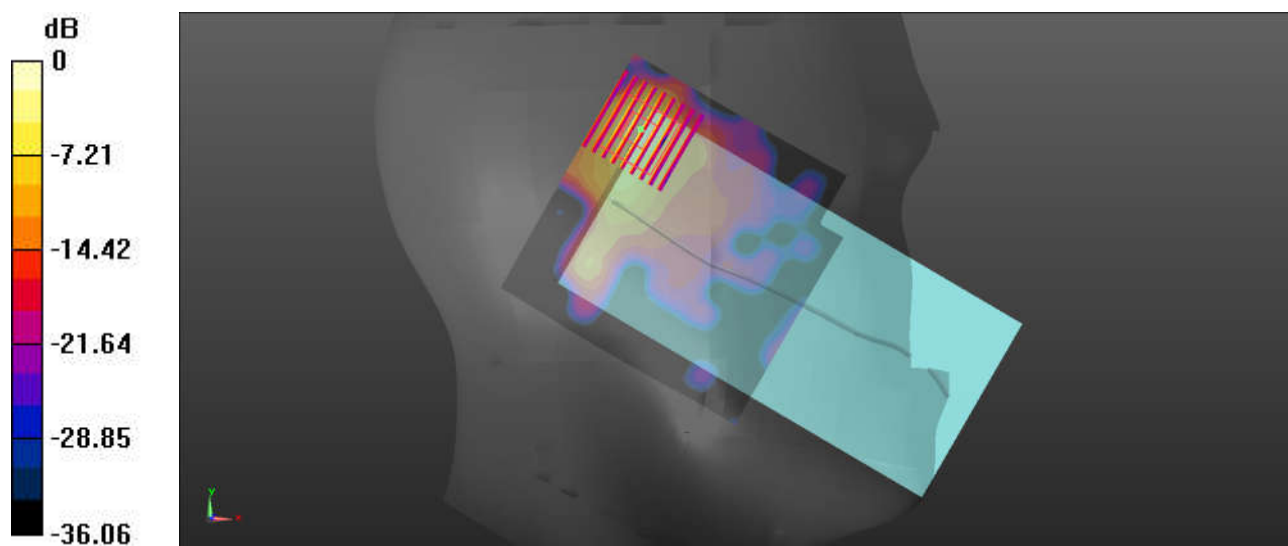
Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 9.730 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg

14_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Left Titted_0mm_Ch122

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN5GHz (0); Frequency: 5610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.116
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5610$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.021$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.266$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.786 W/kg

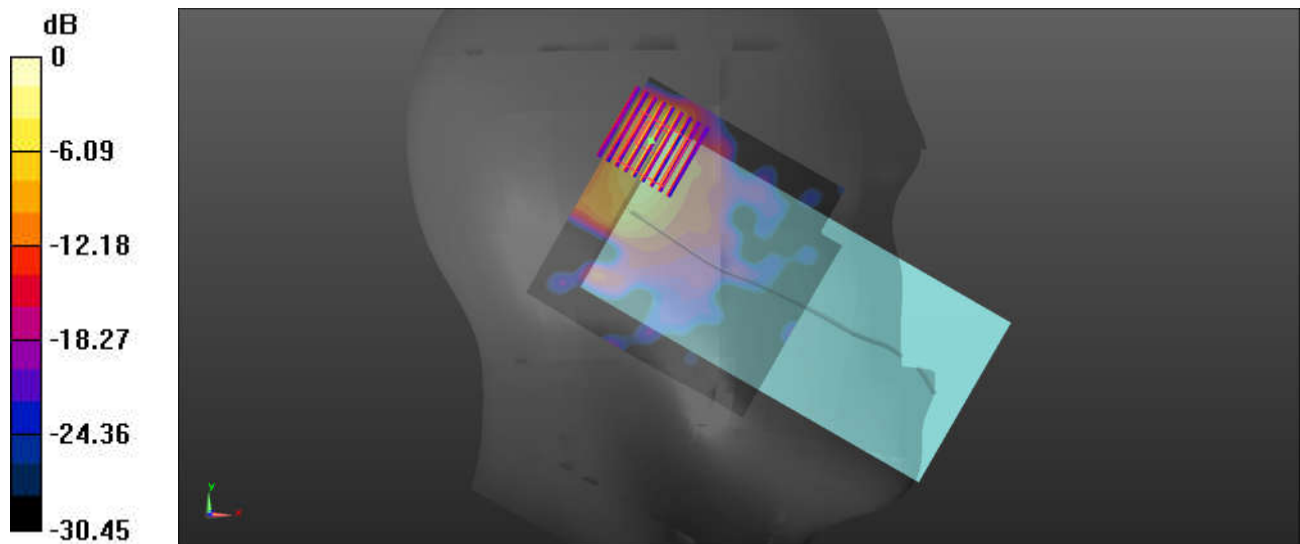
Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 10.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.910 W/kg



0 dB = 0.910 W/kg = -0.41 dBW/kg

15_WLAN5GHz_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0_Left Titted_0mm_Ch155

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN5GHz (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.116
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5775$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.203$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.074$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2021.4.29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.6.9
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1697
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

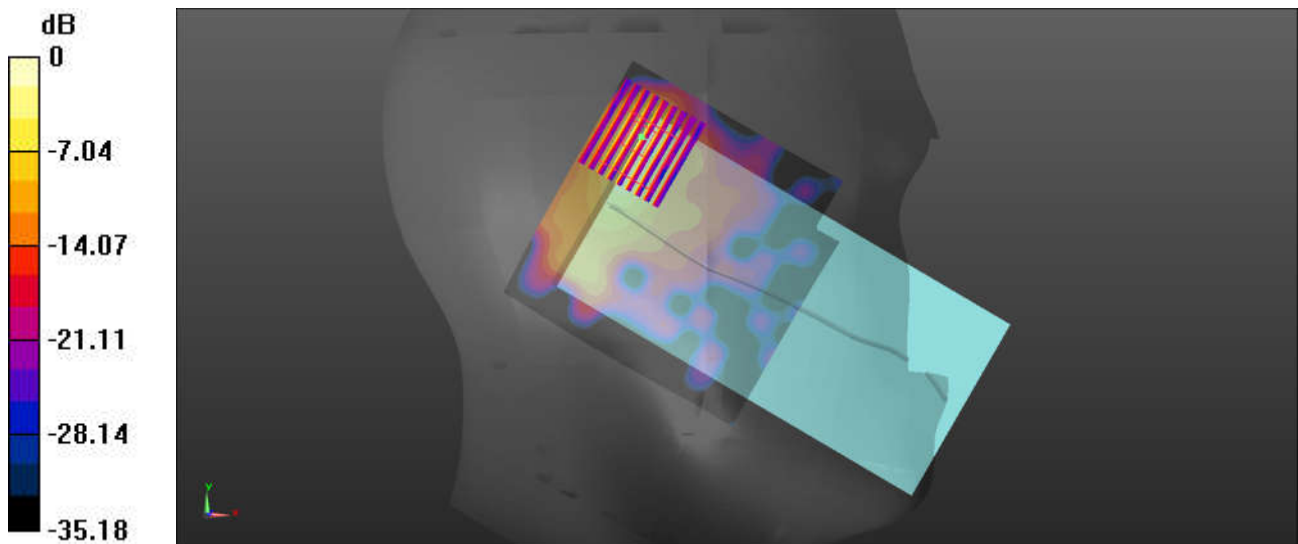
Zoom Scan (10x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 13.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



0 dB = 1.13 W/kg = 0.53 dBW/kg

16_GSM850_GPRS (1 Tx slot)_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.934$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.17$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 2021.8.24
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021.9.21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 W/kg

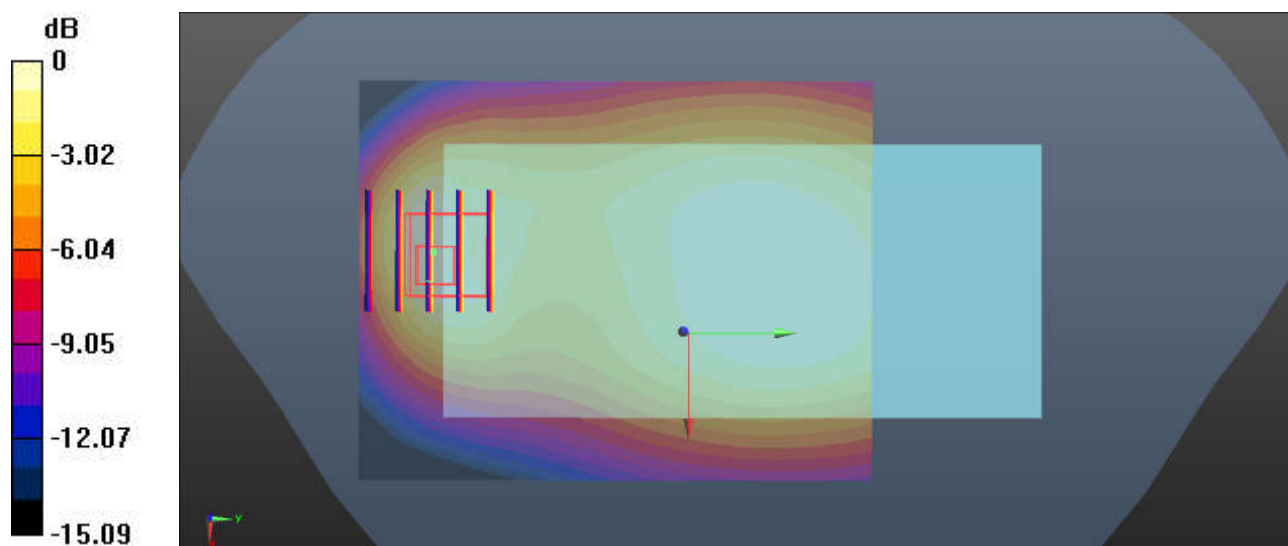
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.176 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 W/kg



0 dB = 0.268 W/kg = -5.72 dBW/kg