



M. Flom Associates, Inc. - Global Compliance Center

3356 North San Marcos Place, Suite 107, Chandler, Arizona 85225-7176

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Transmitter Certification

of

FCC ID: K6610503220

Model: VX-414-2-5/VX-424-2-5

to

Federal Communications Commission

Rule Parts 22, 74, 90, 90.210, 95

Date of report: November 5, 2003

On the Behalf of the Applicant:

Vertex Standard Co., Ltd.

At the Request of:

P.O. UPS 10/01/2003

Vertex Standard USA Inc.
10900 Walker Street
Cypress, CA 90630

Attention of:

Mikio Maruya, Executive Vice President
(800) 255-9237; FAX: (800) 477-9237
(714) 827-7600; FAX: -8100
m.maruya@vxstdusa.com

Supervised by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading 'M. Flom P. Eng.' with a stylized flourish at the end.

Morton Flom, P. Eng.

List of Exhibits(FCC **Certification** (Transmitters) - Revised 9/28/98)

Applicant: Vertex Standard Co., Ltd.

FCC ID: K6610503220

By Applicant:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Letter of Authorization | x |
| 2. Identification Drawings, 2.1033(c)(11) | |
| <u>x</u> Label | |
| <u>x</u> Location of Label | |
| <u>x</u> Compliance Statement | |
| <u>x</u> Location of Compliance Statement | |
| 3. Photographs, 2.1033(c)(12) | x |
| 4. Documentation: 2.1033(c) | |
| (3) User Manual | x |
| (9) Tune Up Info | x |
| (10) Schematic Diagram | x |
| (10) Circuit Description | x |
| Block Diagram | x |
| Parts List | x |
| Active Devices | x |
| 5. Part 90.203(e) & (g) Attestation | x |
| 6. Letter of Confidentiality | x |
| 7. SAR Report by Celltech Labs | x |

By M.F.A. Inc.:

- | | |
|----|--|
| A. | Testimonial & Statement of Certification |
| B. | Statement of Qualifications |

The Applicant has been cautioned as to the following:**15.21 Information to the User.**

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

15.27(a) Special Accessories.

Equipment marketed to a consumer must be capable of complying with the necessary regulations in the configuration in which the equipment is marketed. Where special accessories, such as shielded cables and/or special connectors are required to enable an unintentional or intentional radiator to comply with the emission limits in this part, the equipment must be marketed with, i.e. shipped and sold with, those special accessories. However, in lieu of shipping or packaging the special accessories with the unintentional or intentional radiator, the responsible party may employ other methods of ensuring that the special accessories are provided to the consumer, without additional charge.

Information detailing any alternative method used to supply the special accessories for a grant of equipment authorization or retained in the verification records, as appropriate. The party responsible for the equipment, as detailed in § 2.909 of this chapter, shall ensure that these special accessories are provided with the equipment. The instruction manual for such devices shall include appropriate instructions on the first page of text concerned with the installation of the device that these special accessories must be used with the device. It is the responsibility of the user to use the needed special accessories supplied with the equipment.

Table of Contents

Rule	Description	Page
	Test Report	1
2.1033(c)	General Information Required	2
2.1033(c)(14)	Rule Summary	6
	Standard Test Conditions and Engineering Practices	7
2.1046(a)	Carrier Output Power (Conducted)	8
2.1046(a)	ERP Carrier Power (Radiated)	10
2.1051	Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)	11
2.1053(a)	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	15
2.1049(c)(1)	Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)	19
90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	26
2.1047(a)	Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)	32
2.1047(a)	Audio Frequency Response	35
2.1047(b)	Modulation Limiting	37
2.1055(a)(1)	Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)	40
2.1055(b)(1)	Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)	43
2.202(g)	Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth	44

Page Number 1 of 44.

Required information per ISO/IEC Guide 25-1990, paragraph 13.2:

a) **Test Report**

b) Laboratory: M. Flom Associates, Inc.
(FCC: 31040/SIT) 3356 N. San Marcos Place, Suite 107
(Canada: IC 2044) Chandler, AZ 85225

c) Report Number: d03b0004

d) Client: Vertex Standard USA Inc.
10900 Walker Street
Cypress, CA 90630

e) Identification: VX-414-2-5/VX-424-2-5
FCC ID: K6610503220
EUT Description: VHF FM Handheld Transceiver

f) EUT Condition: Not required unless specified in individual tests.

g) Report Date: November 5, 2003
EUT Received: October 1, 2003

h, j, k): As indicated in individual tests.

i) Sampling method: No sampling procedure used.

l) Uncertainty: In accordance with MFA internal quality manual.

m) Supervised by:



Morton Flom, P. Eng.

n) Results: The results presented in this report relate only to the item tested.

o) Reproduction: This report must not be reproduced, except in full, without written permission from this laboratory.

Page Number

2 of 44.

List of General Information Required for Certification

In Accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations,
Volume II, Part 2 and to

22, 74, 90, 90.210, 95

Sub-part 2.1033**(c)(1): Name and Address of Applicant:**

Vertex Standard Co., Ltd.
4-8-8 Nakameguro, Meguro-Ku
Tokyo 153-8644 Japan

Manufacturer:

Applicant

(c)(2): FCC ID:

K6610503220

Model Numbers:

VX-414-2-5/VX-424-2-5

(c)(3): Instruction Manual(s):

Please see attached exhibits

(c)(4): Type of Emission:

16K0F3E, 11K0F3E

(c)(5): Frequency Range, MHz:

146 to 174

(c)(6): Power Rating, Watts:

____ Switchable

____ x Variable

1 to 5

____ N/A

FCC Grant Note:

BF - The output power is
continuously variable from the
value listed in this entry to 20%-
25% of the value listed.

(c)(7): Maximum Power Rating, Watts:

300

DUT Results:

Passes ____ x ____ Fails ____

Page Number

3 of 44.

Information for Push-To-Talk Devices

Type and number of antenna to be used for this device:

One antenna type, 3 sub bands

Maximum antenna gain for antenna indicated above:

0 dBi

Can this device sustain continuous operation with respect to its hardware capabilities and allowable operating functions?

No – Time out timer

Other hardware or operating restrictions that could limit a person's RF Exposure:

None

Source-based time-averaging (see 2.1093 of rules) applicable to reduce the average output power:

None

If device has headset and belt-clip accessories that would allow body-worn operations, what is the minimum separation distance between the antenna and the user's body in this operating configuration?

1.3 cm

Can device access wire-line services to make phone calls, either directly or through an operator?

No

Can specific operating instructions be given to users to eliminate any potential RF Exposure concerns for both front-of-the-face and body-worn operating configurations?

See Manual

Other applicable information the applicant may provide that can serve as effective means for ensuring RF Exposure compliance:

See Manual

M. Flom Associates, Inc. is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Association (A2LA) as shown in the scope below.



**THE AMERICAN
ASSOCIATION
FOR LABORATORY
ACCREDITATION**

ACCREDITED LABORATORY

A2LA has accredited

M. FLOM ASSOCIATES, INC.
Chandler, AZ

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical (EMC) Testing

The accreditation covers the specific tests and types of tests listed on the agreed scope of accreditation. This laboratory meets the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 - 1999 "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories" and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Testing and calibration laboratories that comply with this International Standard also operate in accordance with ISO 9001 or ISO 9002.

Presented this 2nd day of March, 2001.





President
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 1008.01
Valid to December 31, 2002

For tests or types of tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical (EMC) Scope of Accreditation



American Association for Laboratory Accreditation

SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:1999

M. FLOM ASSOCIATES, INC.
Electronic Testing Laboratory
3356 North San Marcos Place, Suite 107
Chandler, AZ 85225
Morton Flom Phone: 480 926 3100

ELECTRICAL (EMC)

Valid to: December 31, 2002 Certificate Number: 1008-01

In recognition of the successful completion of the A2LA evaluation process, accreditation is granted to this laboratory to perform the following electromagnetic compatibility tests:

Tests	Standard(s)
RF Emissions	FCC Part 15 (Subparts B and C) using ANSI C63.4-2000, CISPR 11; CISPR 13; CISPR 14; CISPR 22; EN 55011; EN 55013; EN 55014; EN 55022; EN 50081-1; EN 50081-2; ICES-003; AS/NZS 1044; AS/NZS 1053; AS/NZS 3548; AS/NZS 4251.1; CNS 13438
Harmonic Currents	EN 61000-3-2
Fluctuation and Flicker	EN 61000-3-3
RF Immunity	EN: 50082-1, 50082-2, 55024; AS/NZS 4251.1
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2
Radiated Susceptibility	EN 61000-4-3; ENV 50140; ENV 50204; IEC 1000-4-3; IEC 801-3
EFT	EN 61000-4-4; IEC 1000-4-4; IEC 801-4
Surge	EN 61000-4-5; ENV 50142; IEC 1000-4-5; IEC 801-5
Voltage Dips, Short Interruptions, and Line Voltage Variations	EN 61000-4-11
47 CFR (FCC)	Parts: 2, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 74, 80, 87, 90, 95, 97, 101 (excluding SAR Testing)
Power Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity	EN 61000-4-8
Immunity to Conducted Disturbances	EN 61000-4-6

(A2LA Cert. No. 1008.01) 08/01/02

5301 Buckeystown Pike, Suite 350 • Frederick, MD 21704-8373 • Phone: 301-644 3248 • Fax: 301-662 2974



Page 1 of 1



"This laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) and the results shown in this report have been determined in accordance with the laboratory's terms of accreditation unless stated otherwise in the report."

Should this report contain any data for tests for which we are not accredited, or which have been undertaken by a subcontractor that is not A2LA accredited, such data would not covered by this laboratory's A2LA accreditation.

Page Number 5 of 44.

Subpart 2.1033 (continued)

(c)(8): Voltages & currents in all elements in final RF stage, including final transistor or solid-state device:

Collector Current, A	=	1.3
Collector Voltage, Vdc	=	7.5
Supply Voltage, Vdc	=	7.5

(c)(9): **Tune-Up Procedure:**

Please see attached exhibits

(c)(10): **Circuit Diagram/Circuit Description:**

Including description of circuitry & devices provided for determining and stabilizing frequency, for suppression of spurious radiation, for limiting modulation and limiting power.

Please see attached exhibits

(c)(11): **Label Information:**

Please see attached exhibits

(c)(12): **Photographs:**

Please see attached exhibits

(c)(13): **Digital Modulation Description:**

☐ Attached Exhibits
☒ N/A

(c)(14): **Test and Measurement Data:**

Follows

Page Number

6 of 44.

Sub-part

2.1033(c)(14):**Test and Measurement Data**

All tests and measurement data shown were performed in accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations, Volume II; Part 2, Sub-part J, Sections 2.947, 2.1033(c), 2.1041, 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1079, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057 and the following individual Parts:

- ☐ 21 – Domestic Public Fixed Radio Services
- ☒ 22 – Public Mobile Services
- ☐ 22 Subpart H - Cellular Radiotelephone Service
- ☐ 22.901(d) - Alternative technologies and auxiliary services
- ☐ 23 – International Fixed Public Radiocommunication services
- ☐ 24 – Personal Communications Services
- ☒ 74 Subpart H - Low Power Auxiliary Stations
- ☐ 80 – Stations in the Maritime Services
- ☐ 80 Subpart E - General Technical Standards
- ☐ 80 Subpart F - Equipment Authorization for Compulsory Ships
- ☐ 80 Subpart K - Private Coast Stations and Marine Utility Stations
- ☐ 80 Subpart S - Compulsory Radiotelephone Installations for Small Passenger Boats
- ☐ 80 Subpart T - Radiotelephone Installation Required for Vessels on the Great Lakes
- ☐ 80 Subpart U - Radiotelephone Installations Required by the Bridge-to-Bridge Act
- ☐ 80 Subpart V - Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB'S)
- ☐ 80 Subpart W - Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)
- ☐ 80 Subpart X - Voluntary Radio Installations
- ☐ 87 – Aviation Services
- ☒ 90 – Private Land Mobile Radio Services
- ☐ 94 – Private Operational-Fixed Microwave Service
- ☐ 95 Subpart A - General Mobile Radio Service (GMRS)
- ☐ 95 Subpart C - Radio Control (R/C) Radio Service
- ☐ 95 Subpart D - Citizens Band (CB) Radio Service
- ☐ 95 Subpart E - Family Radio Service
- ☐ 95 Subpart F - Interactive Video and Data Service (IVDS)
- ☐ 97 - Amateur Radio Service
- ☐ 101 – Fixed Microwave Services

**Standard Test Conditions
and
Engineering Practices**

Except as noted herein, the following conditions and procedures were observed during the testing:

In accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992/2000 Draft, section 6.1.9, and unless otherwise indicated in the specific measurement results, the ambient temperature of the actual EUT was maintained within the range of 10° to 40°C (50° to 104 °F) unless the particular equipment requirements specify testing over a different temperature range. Also, unless otherwise indicated, the humidity levels were in the range of 10% to 90% relative humidity.

Prior to testing, the EUT was tuned up in accordance with the manufacturer's alignment procedures. All external gain controls were maintained at the position of maximum and/or optimum gain throughout the testing.

Measurement results, unless otherwise noted, are worst-case measurements.

Page Number 8 of 44.

Name of Test: Carrier Output Power (Conducted)

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1046(a)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.1

Test Equipment: As per attached page

Measurement Procedure

1. The EUT was connected to a resistive coaxial attenuator of normal load impedance, and the unmodulated output power was measured by means of an RF Power Meter.
2. Measurement accuracy is $\pm 3\%$.

Measurement Results (Worst case)

Frequency of Carrier, MHz = 160, 146, 174
 Ambient Temperature = $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$

Power Setting	RF Power, Watts
Low	1.0, 1.1, 1.2
High	4.5 5.1, 5.4

Performed by:



Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 10 of 44.

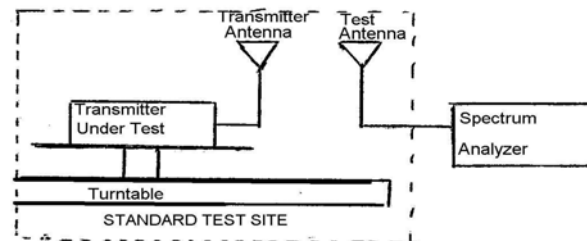
Name of Test: ERP Carrier Power (Radiated)

Specification: TIA/EIA 603A (Substitution Method)

2.2.17.1 Definition: The average radiated power of a licensed device is the equivalent power required, when delivered to a half-wave dipole or horn antenna, to produce at a distant point the same average received power as produced by the licensed device.

2.2.17.2 Method of Measurement:

a) Connect the equipment as illustrated. Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site.



b) Raise and lower the test antenna from 1m to 6 m with the transmitter facing the antenna and record the highest received signal in dB as LVL.

c) Repeat step b) for seven additional readings at 45° interval positions of the turntable.

d) Replace the transmitter under test with a half-wave or horn vertically polarized antenna. The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the transmitter under test. Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss in dB or LOSS.

e) Calculate the average radiated output power from the readings in step c) and d) by the following:

$$\text{average radiated power} = 10 \log_{10} \sum 10(\text{LVL} - \text{LOSS})/10 \text{ (dBm)}$$

Results

	146.0 MHz		160.0 MHz		174.0 MHz	
	LVL, dbm	Path Loss, db	LVL, dbm	Path Loss, db	LVL, dbm	Path Loss, db
0°	23.0	1.94	27.9	-2.17	28.3	0.9
45°	24.3	1.94	27.7	-2.17	28.2	0.9
90°	24.3	1.94	27.5	-2.17	28.5	0.9
135°	24.1	1.94	27.8	-2.17	28.7	0.9
180°	24.3	1.94	27.8	-2.17	28.6	0.9
225°	23.1	1.94	28.2	-2.17	28.4	0.9
270°	22.9	1.94	27.6	-2.17	28.2	0.9
315°	23.4	1.94	27.9	-2.17	28.6	0.9
Av. Radiated Power:		25.64 dbm	25.63 dbm		29.34 dbm	

Page Number 11 of 44.

Name of Test: Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1051

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.13

Test Equipment: As per attached page

Measurement Procedure

1. The emissions were measured for the worst case as follows:
 - (a): within a band of frequencies defined by the carrier frequency plus and minus one channel.
 - (b): from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT and to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency, or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
2. The magnitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.
3. Measurement Results: Attached for worst case

Frequency of carrier, MHz	=	160, 146, 174
Spectrum Searched, GHz	=	0 to 10 x F_c
Maximum Response, Hz	=	2240
All Other Emissions	=	≥ 20 dB Below Limit

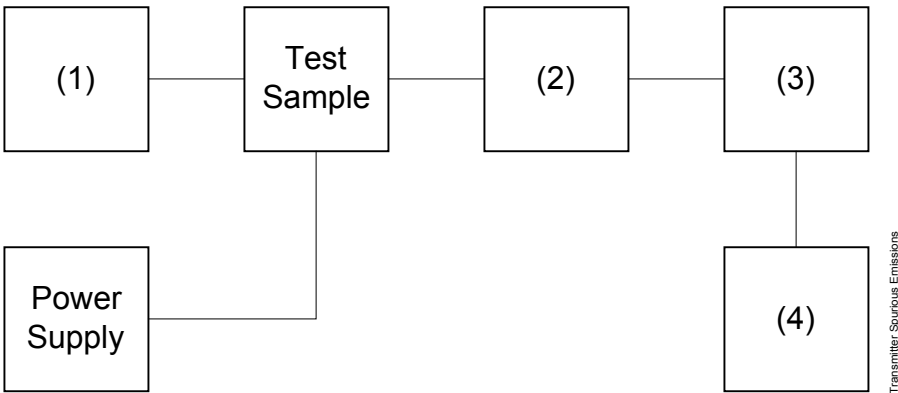
Performed by:



Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Transmitter Spurious Emission

Test A. Occupied Bandwidth (In-Band Spurious)
Test B. Out-Of-Band Spurious



Asset	Description	s/n
(1) Audio Oscillator/Generator		
i00017	HP 8903A	2216A01753
(2) Coaxial Attenuator		
i00122	Narda 766-10	7802
i00123	Narda 766-10	7802A
i00231/2	PASTERNAK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
(3) Filters; Notch, HP, LP, BP		
i00126	Eagle TNF-1	100-250
(4) Spectrum Analyzer		
i00048	HP 8566B	2511A01467
i00029	HP 8563E	3213A00104

Page Number 13 of 44.

Name of Test: Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)
Limit(s), dBc

-(50+10xLOG P) = -50 (1 Watt)

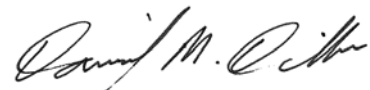
-(50+10xLOG P) = -57 (5 Watts)

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State: 1:Low Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C

Frequency Tuned, MHz	Frequency Emission, MHz	Level, dBm	Level, dBc
146.000000	292.002000	-34	-64.4
160.000000	320.004000	-40.8	-71.2
174.000000	348.135500	-41.7	-72.1
146.000000	438.004500	-42.5	-72.9
160.000000	480.001500	-42.5	-72.9
174.000000	521.998000	-42.4	-72.8
146.000000	583.892500	-43.2	-73.6
160.000000	639.959500	-44.3	-74.7
174.000000	696.106500	-41.9	-72.3
146.000000	730.125000	-42.9	-73.3
160.000000	799.941000	-43.6	-74
174.000000	870.201500	-42.8	-73.2
146.000000	875.755500	-43.7	-74.1
160.000000	959.977500	-43.4	-73.8
146.000000	1022.125500	-42.1	-72.5
174.000000	1044.066500	-43.7	-74.1
160.000000	1120.014500	-42.4	-72.8
146.000000	1168.128500	-42.9	-73.3
174.000000	1217.776500	-43	-73.4
160.000000	1279.840000	-42.5	-72.9
146.000000	1314.011000	-42.3	-72.7
174.000000	1392.219500	-42.8	-73.2
160.000000	1440.085500	-42.9	-73.3
146.000000	1460.240500	-42.1	-72.5
174.000000	1565.870500	-40.8	-71.2
160.000000	1600.028000	-42.4	-72.8
146.000000	1606.147000	-42.8	-73.2
174.000000	1739.869000	-42.1	-72.5
146.000000	1751.882500	-42.5	-72.9
160.000000	1760.050000	-41.4	-71.8
146.000000	1897.988000	-42.8	-73.2
174.000000	1914.061500	-41.9	-72.3
160.000000	1919.946500	-41.2	-71.6
146.000000	2044.127000	-41.7	-72.1
160.000000	2079.765000	-41.1	-71.5
174.000000	2087.788500	-41.6	-72
146.000000	2189.869500	-42.3	-72.7
160.000000	2240.094000	-42.2	-72.6
174.000000	2262.119000	-41.4	-71.8
160.000000	2399.974500	-41.3	-71.7
174.000000	2435.950000	-39.9	-70.3
174.000000	2609.794500	-44.5	-74.9



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 14 of 44.

Name of Test: Unwanted Emissions (Transmitter Conducted)
Limit(s), dBc

-(50+10xLOG P) = -50 (1 Watt)

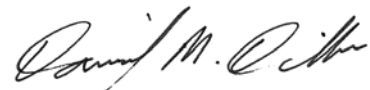
-(50+10xLOG P) = -57 (5 Watts)

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State: 2:High Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C

Frequency Tuned, MHz	Frequency Emission, MHz	Level, dBm	Level, dBc
146.000000	291.995000	-37.3	-74.1
160.000000	320.014500	-41.4	-78.2
174.000000	348.237500	-43.1	-79.9
146.000000	437.999500	-39.9	-76.7
160.000000	480.004000	-41.4	-78.2
174.000000	522.002500	-40.3	-77.1
146.000000	584.026000	-43.2	-80
160.000000	639.785500	-42.6	-79.4
174.000000	696.064500	-42.6	-79.4
146.000000	729.943000	-41.5	-78.3
160.000000	799.920000	-42.6	-79.4
174.000000	869.792000	-42.7	-79.5
146.000000	875.772000	-41.9	-78.7
160.000000	959.922500	-42.2	-79
146.000000	1021.979000	-42.4	-79.2
174.000000	1044.065000	-42.7	-79.5
160.000000	1120.144000	-42.8	-79.6
146.000000	1167.765000	-43.1	-79.9
174.000000	1218.016000	-43	-79.8
160.000000	1279.959000	-42.5	-79.3
146.000000	1314.242000	-42.7	-79.5
174.000000	1391.847000	-42.5	-79.3
160.000000	1440.161500	-42.8	-79.6
146.000000	1459.809500	-42.6	-79.4
174.000000	1566.166000	-41.7	-78.5
160.000000	1600.216000	-42.6	-79.4
146.000000	1606.202500	-41.9	-78.7
174.000000	1740.016000	-42.7	-79.5
146.000000	1752.018000	-41.9	-78.7
160.000000	1760.031500	-40.4	-77.2
146.000000	1898.158500	-41.3	-78.1
174.000000	1913.917000	-42	-78.8
160.000000	1919.911000	-41.3	-78.1
146.000000	2043.759000	-41.6	-78.4
160.000000	2079.929000	-42.5	-79.3
174.000000	2088.096500	-40.3	-77.1
146.000000	2190.155000	-41.2	-78
160.000000	2239.975500	-41.5	-78.3
174.000000	2261.932500	-41.4	-78.2
160.000000	2399.780000	-41.4	-78.2
174.000000	2436.181000	-41.3	-78.1
174.000000	2610.057500	-43.7	-80.5



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 15 of 44.

Name of Test: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1053(a)

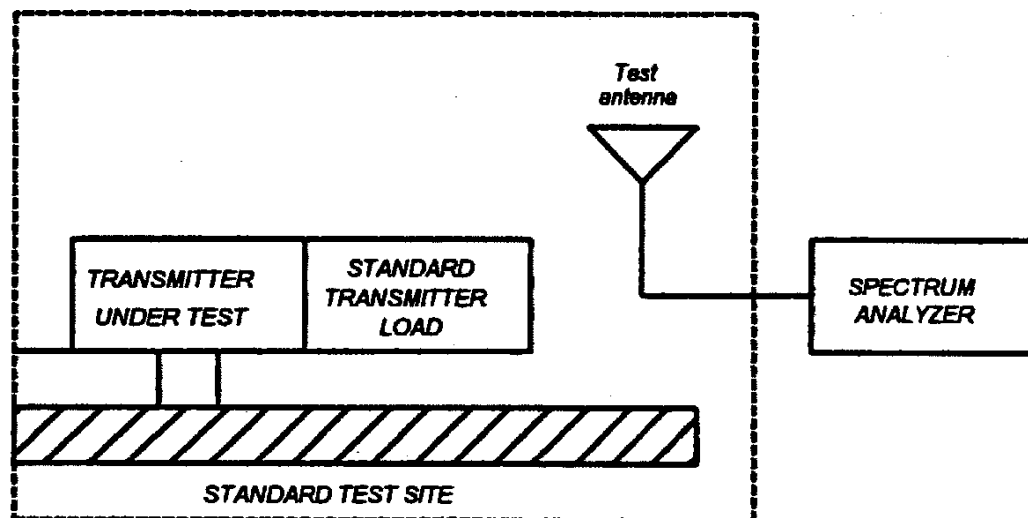
Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992/2001, Paragraph 1.2.12 and Table 16, 47 CFR 22.917

Measurement Procedure

1.2.12.1 Definition: Radiated spurious emissions are emissions from the equipment when transmitting into a non-radiating load on a frequency or frequencies which are outside an occupied band sufficient to ensure transmission of information of required quality for the class of communications desired.

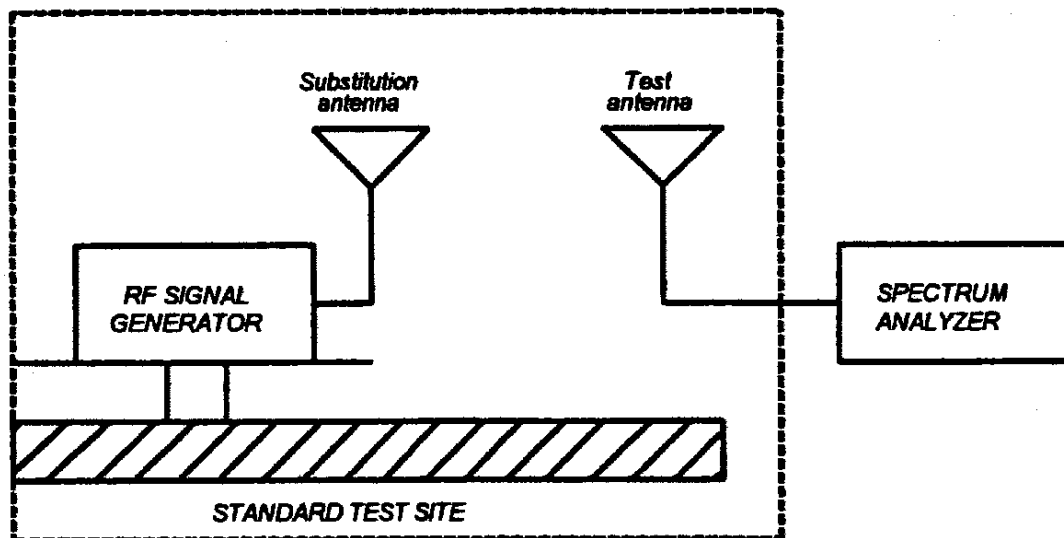
1.2.12.2 Method of Measurement

- A) Connect the equipment as illustrated
- B) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
 - 1) Resolution Bandwidth 100 kHz (<1 GHz), 1 MHz (> 1GHz).
 - 2) Video Bandwidth ≥ 3 times Resolution Bandwidth, or 30 kHz (22.917)
 - 3) Sweep Speed ≤ 2000 Hz/second
 - 4) Detector Mode = Mean or Average Power
- C) Place the transmitter to be tested on the turntable in the standard test site. The transmitter is transmitting into a non-radiating load which is placed on the turntable. The RF cable to this load should be of minimum length.



Name of Test: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (Cont.)

- D) For each spurious measurement the test antenna should be adjusted to the correct length for the frequency involved. This length may be determined from a calibration ruler supplied with the equipment. Measurements shall be made from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment to the tenth harmonic of the carrier, except for the region close to the carrier equal to $\pm$ the test bandwidth (see section 1.3.4.4).
- E) For each spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna from 1 m to 4 m to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer with the test antenna at horizontal polarity. Repeat this procedure to obtain the highest possible reading. Record this maximum reading.
- F) Repeat step E) for each spurious frequency with the test antenna polarized vertically.



- G) Reconnect the equipment as illustrated.
- H) Keep the spectrum analyzer adjusted as in step B).
- I) Remove the transmitter and replace it with a substitution antenna (the antenna should be half-wavelength for each frequency involved). The center of the substitution antenna should be approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter. At lower frequencies, where the substitution antenna is very long, this will be impossible to achieve when the antenna is polarized vertically. In such case the lower end of the antenna should be 0.3 m above the ground.

Page Number 17 of 44.

Name of Test: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (Cont.)

- J) Feed the substitution antenna at the transmitter end with a signal generator connected to the antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With the antennas at both ends horizontally polarized and with the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. Adjust the level of the signal generator output until the previously recorded maximum reading for this set of conditions is obtained. This should be done carefully repeating the adjustment of the test antenna and generator output.
- K) Repeat step J) with both antennas vertically polarized for each spurious frequency.
- L) Calculate power in dBm into a reference ideal half-wave dipole antenna by reducing the readings obtained in steps J) and K) by the power loss in the cable between the generator and the antenna and further corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna used relative to an ideal half-wave dipole antenna.
- M) The levels recorded in step L) are absolute levels of radiated spurious emissions in dBm. The radiated spurious emissions in dB can be calculated by the following:

$$\text{Radiated spurious emissions dB} = 10\log_{10}(\text{TX power in watts}/0.001) - \text{the levels in step l)}$$

NOTE: It is permissible that other antennas provided can be referenced to a dipole.

Test Equipment:

Asset (as applicable)	Description	s/n	Cycle	Last Cal
Per ANSI C63.4-1992/2000 Draft, 10.1.4				
Transducer				
i00088	EMCO 3109-B 25MHz-300MHz	2336	12 mo.	Sep-03
i00089	Apral 2001 200MHz-1GHz	001500	12 mo.	Sep-03
i00103	EMCO 3115 1GHz-18GHz	9208-3925	12 mo.	Sep-03
Amplifier				
i00028	HP 8449A	2749A00121	12 mo.	May-03
Spectrum Analyzer				
i00029	HP 8563E	3213A00104	12 mo.	May-03
i00033	HP 85462A	3625A00357	12 mo.	Sep-03

Microphone, Antenna Port, and Cabling

Microphone	<u>Yes</u>	Cable Length	<u>-</u>	Meters
Antenna Port Terminated	<u>Yes</u>	Load	<u>50 Ω</u>	Antenna Gain
All Ports Terminated by Load	<u>No</u>	Peripheral	<u>-</u>	<u>0 dBi</u>

Page Number 18 of 44.

Name of Test: Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

g03a0176: 2003-Oct-13 Mon 15:04:00

STATE: 2:High Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C

Frequency Tuned, MHz	Frequency Emission, MHz	ERP, dBm	ERP, dbc
146.000000	292.010000	-56.5	≤ -87.1
146.000000	438.001300	-49.8	≤ -87.1
146.000000	584.001300	-66.1	≤ -87.1
146.000000	730.010000	-55.5	≤ -87.1
146.000000	876.100000	-71.4	≤ -87.1
146.000000	1022.100000	-64.6	≤ -87.1
146.000000	1168.000000	-65.7	≤ -87.1
146.000000	1314.000000	-63.6	≤ -87.1
146.000000	1460.000000	-60.2	≤ -87.1

Performed by:



Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 19 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1049(c)(1)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.11

Test Equipment: As per previous page

Measurement Procedure

1. The EUT and test equipment were set up as shown on the following page, with the Spectrum Analyzer connected.
2. For EUTs supporting audio modulation, the audio signal generator was adjusted to the frequency of maximum response and with output level set for $\pm 2.5/\pm 1.25$ kHz deviation (or 50% modulation). With level constant, the signal level was increased 16 dB.
3. For EUTs supporting digital modulation, the digital modulation mode was operated to its maximum extent.
4. The Occupied Bandwidth was measured with the Spectrum Analyzer controls set as shown on the test results.
5. Measurement Results: Attached

Page Number

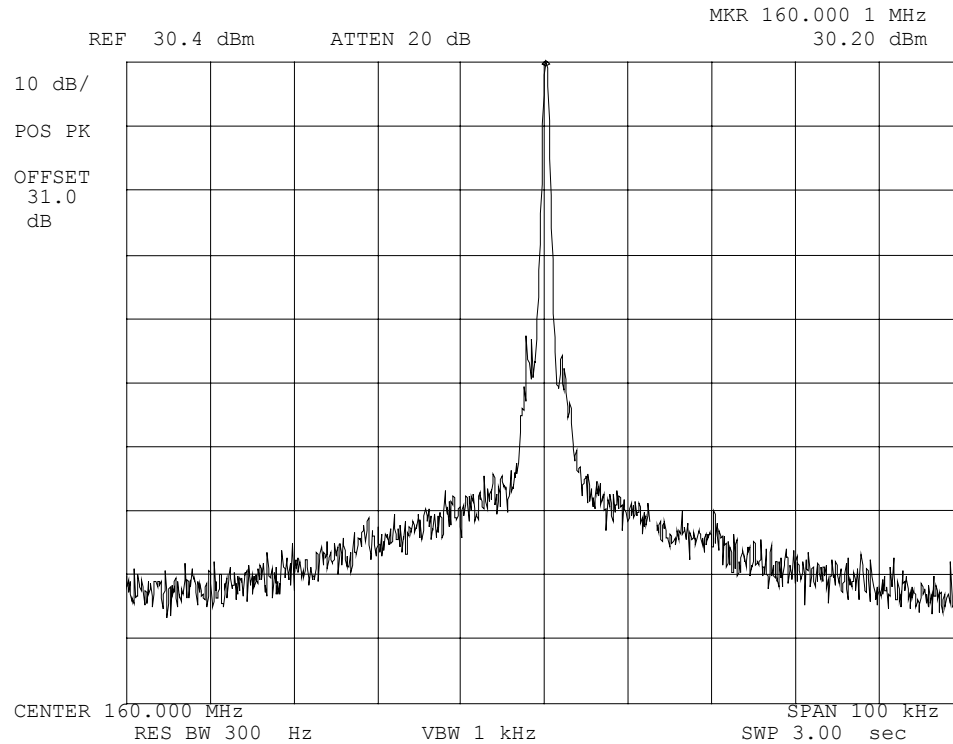
20 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03a0150: 2003-Oct-06 Mon 16:44:00

State: 1:Low Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power:
Modulation:

LOW
NONE
25 KHZ

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number

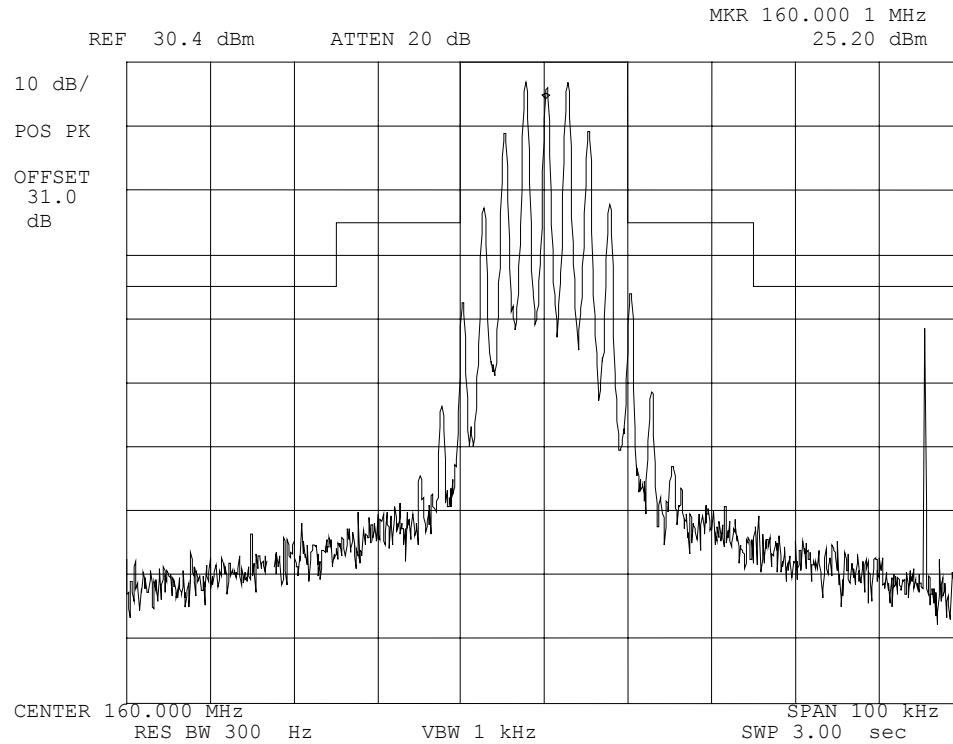
21 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03a0149: 2003-Oct-06 Mon 16:40:00

State: 1:Low Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power:
Modulation:

LOW
VOICE: 2500 Hz SINE WAVE
25 KHZ

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number

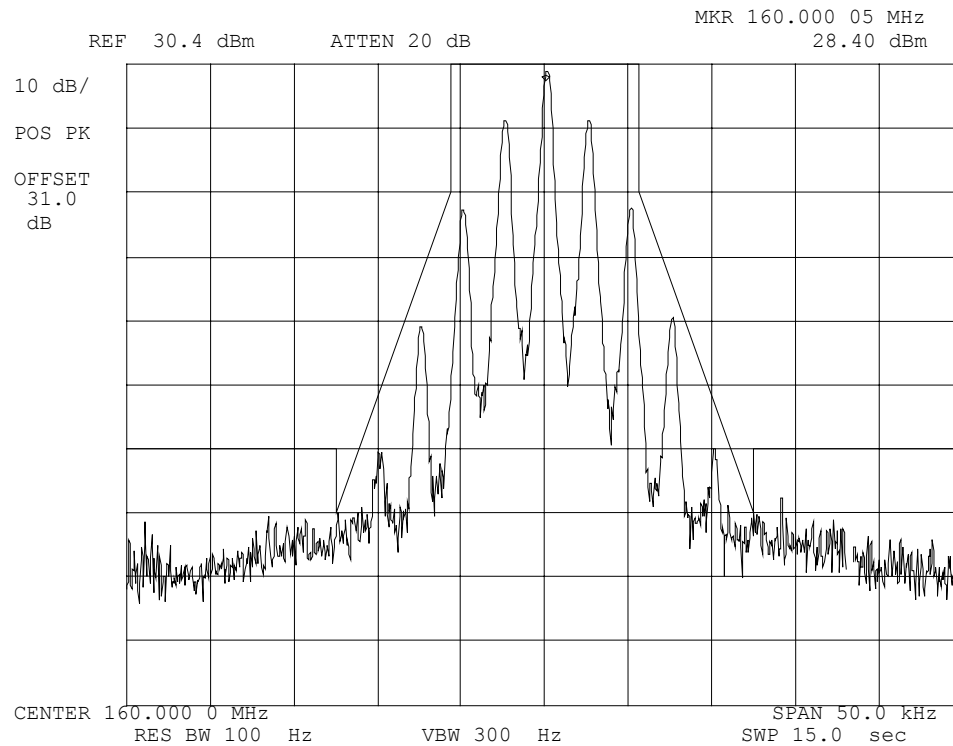
22 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03a0153: 2003-Oct-06 Mon 16:54:00

State: 1:Low Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power:

LOW

Modulation:

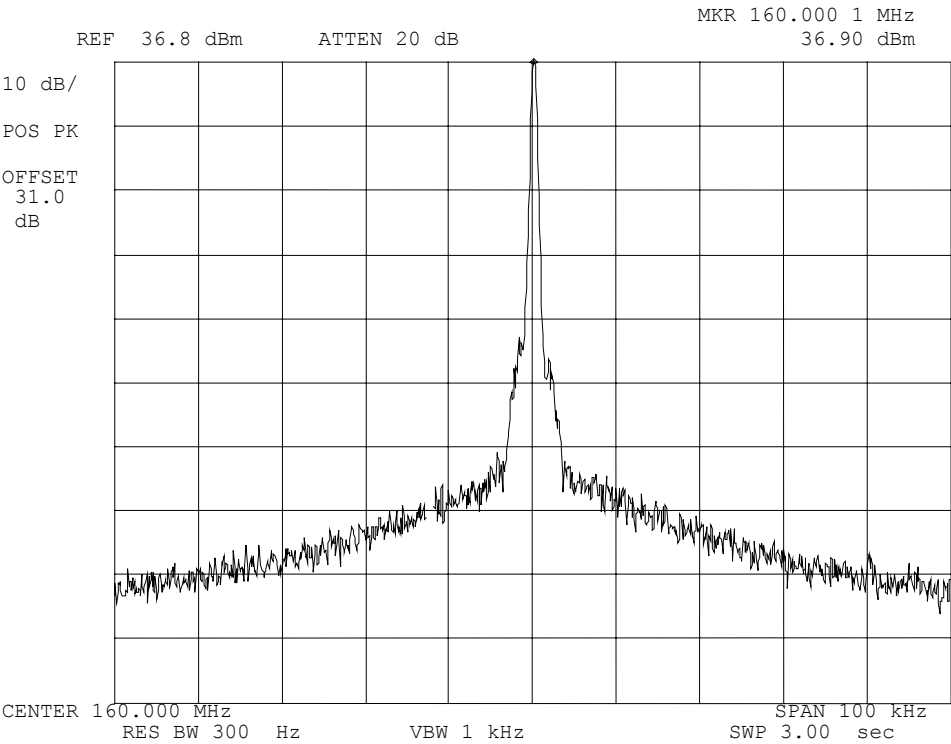
VOICE: 2500 Hz SINE WAVE
12.5 KHZ

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 23 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)
g03a0151: 2003-Oct-06 Mon 16:45:00
State: 2:High Power Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power: HIGH
Modulation: NONE
25 KHZ

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number

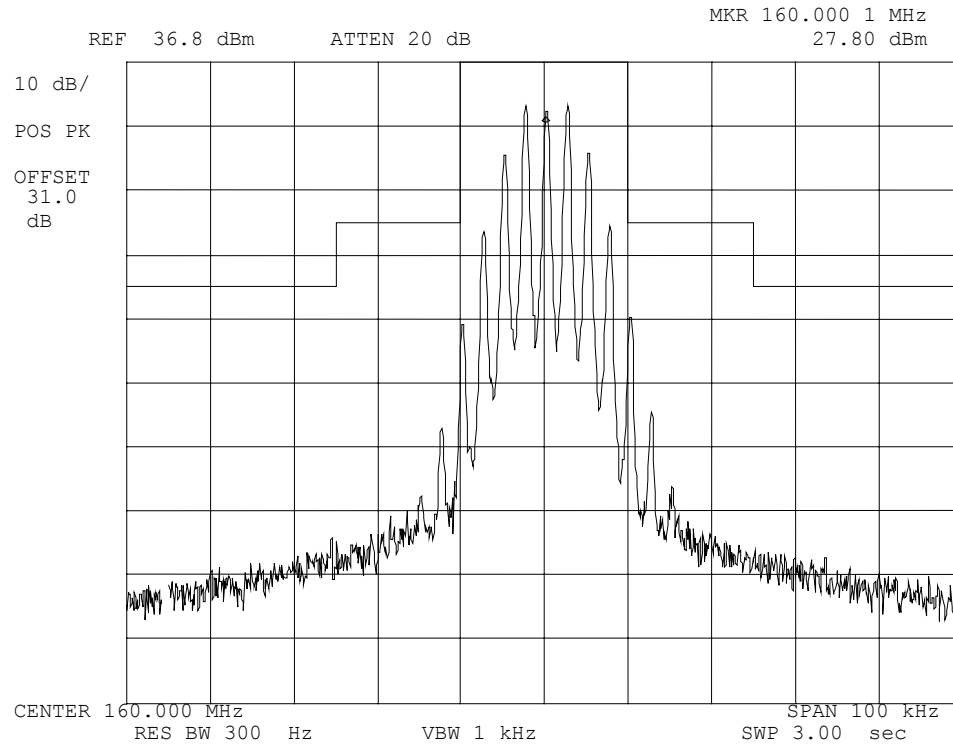
24 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03a0148: 2003-Oct-06 Mon 16:36:00

State: 2:High Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power:

HIGH

Modulation:

VOICE: 2500 Hz SINE WAVE
25 KHZ

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number

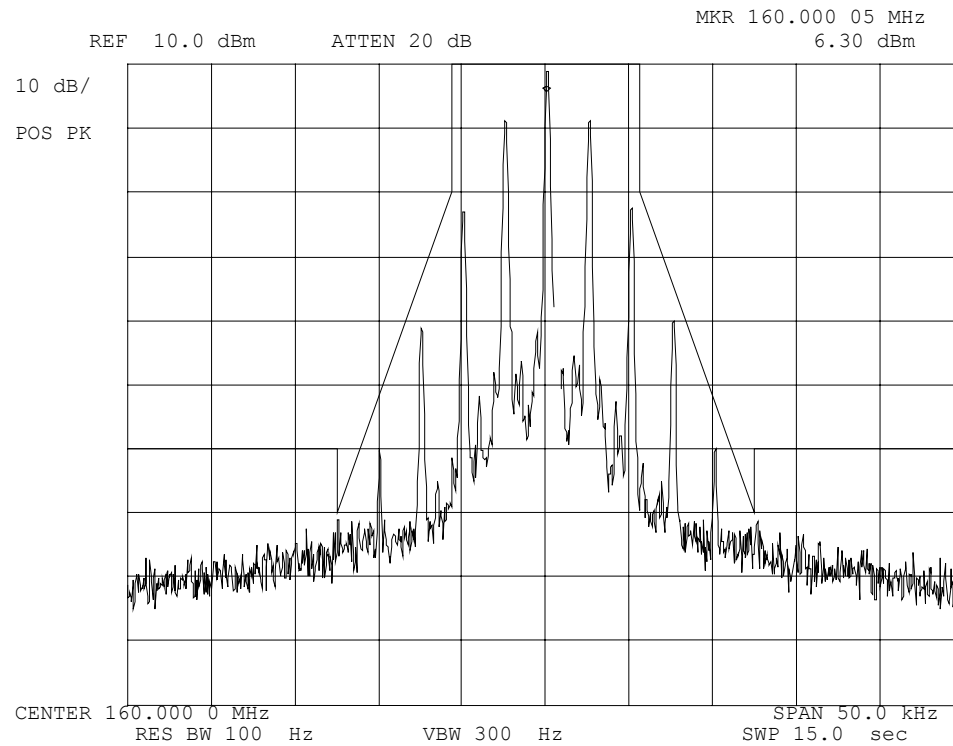
25 of 44.

Name of Test: Emission Masks (Occupied Bandwidth)

g03a0152: 2003-Oct-06 Mon 16:52:00

State: 2:High Power

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power:
Modulation:

HIGH
VOICE: 2500 Hz SINE WAVE
12.5 KHZ

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 26 of 44.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior
Specification: 47 CFR 90.214
Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.19

Test Equipment: As per attached page

Measurement Procedure

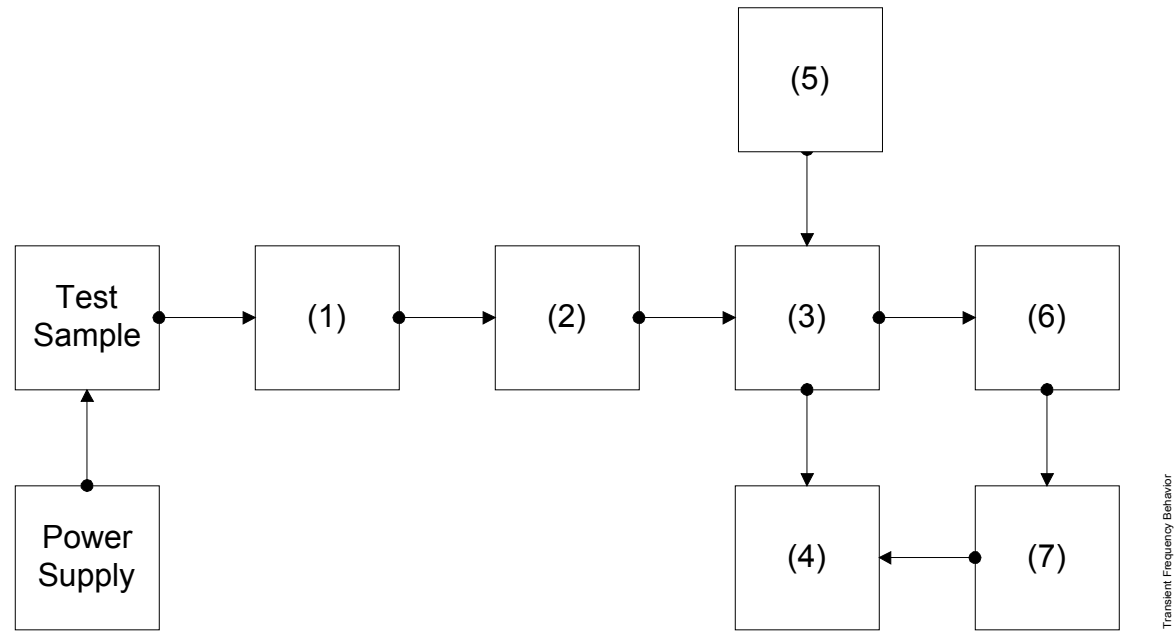
1. The EUT was setup as shown on the attached page, following TIA/EIA-603 steps a, b, and c as a *guide*.
2. The transmitter was turned on.
3. Sufficient attenuation was provided so that the transmitter carrier level measured at the output of the combiner was 40 dB below the maximum input level of the test receiver. This level was noted.
4. The transmitter was turned off.
5. An RF signal generator (1) modulated with a 1 kHz tone at either 25, 12.5, or 6.25 kHz deviation, and set to the same frequency as the assigned transmitter frequency, (2) was adjusted to a level -20 dB below the level noted in step 3, as measured at the output of the combiner. This level was then fixed for the remainder of the test.
6. The oscilloscope was setup using TIA/EIA-603 steps j and k as a guide, and to either 10 ms/div (UHF) or 5 ms/div (VHF).
7. The 30 dB attenuator was removed, the transmitter was turned on.
8. The carrier on-time as referenced in TIA/EIA-603 steps m, n, and o was captured and plotted. The carrier off-time as referenced in TIA/EIA-603 steps p, q, r, and s was captured and plotted.

Performed by:



Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

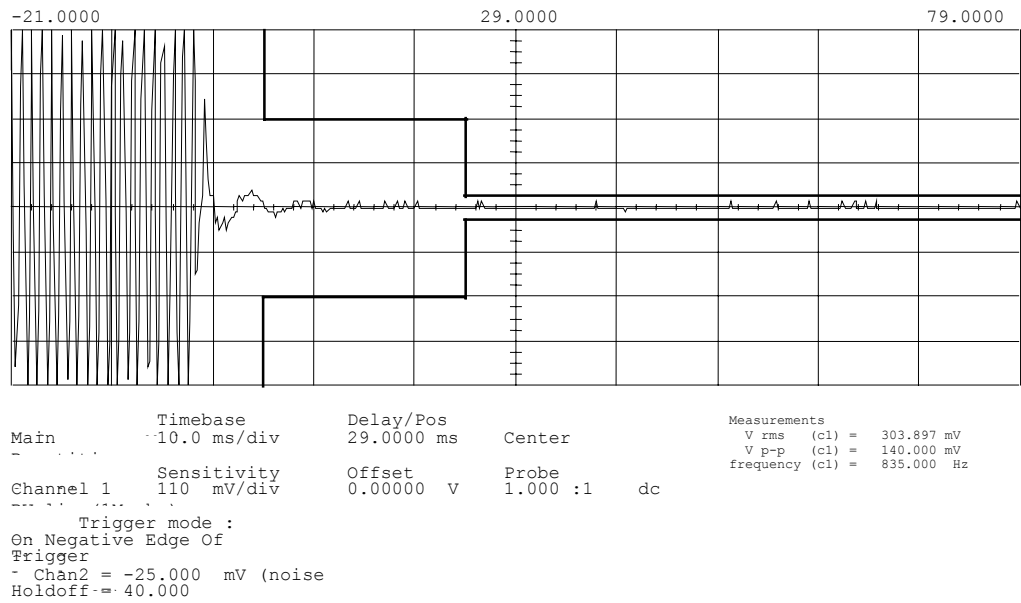
Transient Frequency Behavior



Asset	Description	s/n
(1) Attenuator	(Removed after 1st step)	
i00231/2	PASTERNAK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
(2) Attenuator		
i00122	Narda 10 dB	7802
i00123	Narda 10 dB	7802A
i00231/2	PASTERNAK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
(3) Combiner		
i00154	4 x 25 Ω Combiner	154
(4) Crystal Decoder		
i00159	HP 8470B	1822A10054
(5) RF Signal Generator		
i00067	HP 8920A	3345U01242
(6) Modulation Analyzer		
i00020	HP 8901A	2105A01087
(7) Scope		
i00030	HP 54502A	2927A00209

Page Number 28 of 44.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior
g03a0156: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 09:58:00
State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



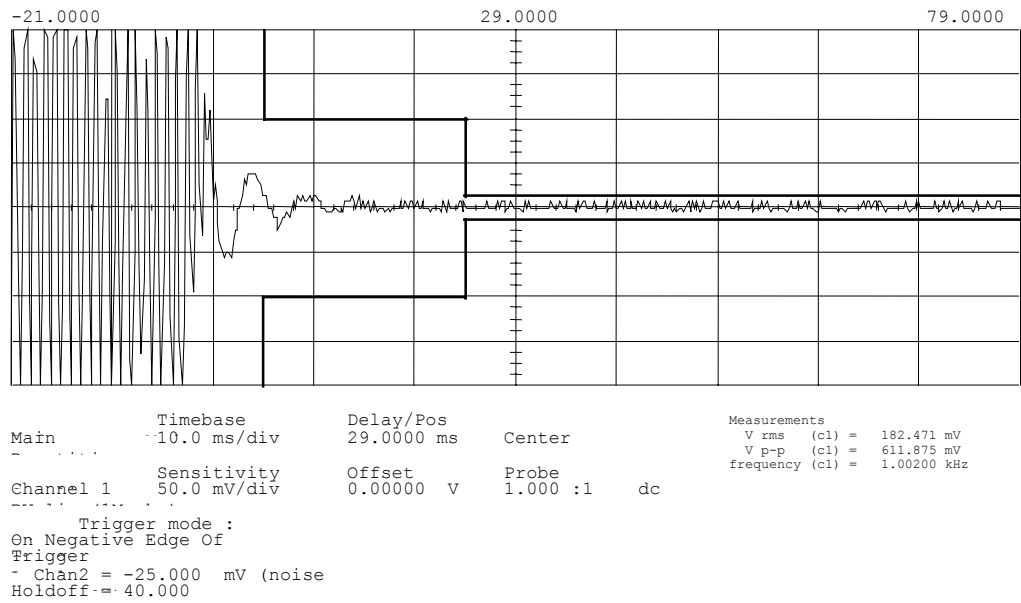
Power: n/a
Modulation: Ref Gen=25 kHz Deviation
Description: CARRIER ON TIME

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 29 of 44.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior
g03a0157: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 10:06:00
State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



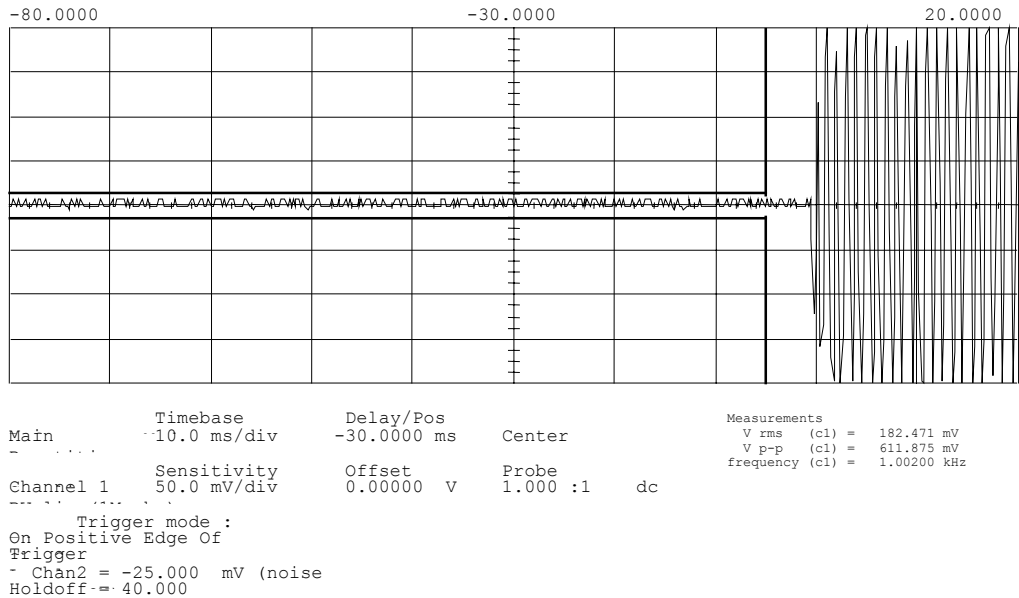
Power: n/a
Modulation: Ref Gen=12.5 kHz Deviation
Description: CARRIER ON TIME

Performed by:


Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 30 of 44.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior
g03a0158: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 10:09:00
State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



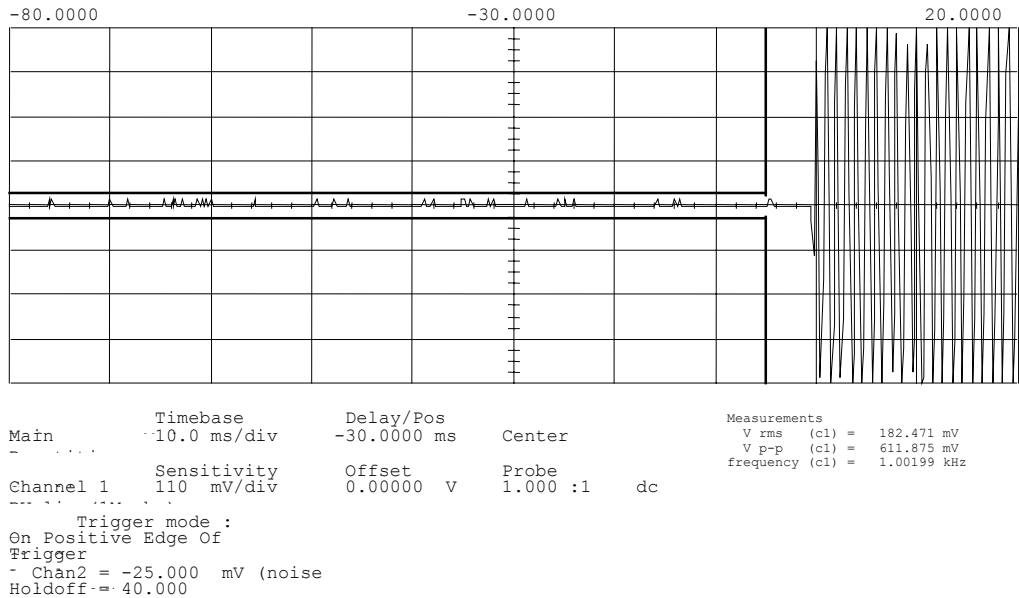
Power: n/a
Modulation: Ref Gen=12.5 kHz Deviation
Description: CARRIER OFF TIME

Performed by:


Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 31 of 44.

Name of Test: Transient Frequency Behavior
g03a0159: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 10:10:00
State: 0:General Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Power: n/a
Modulation: Ref Gen=25 kHz Deviation
Description: CARRIER OFF TIME

Performed by:


Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 32 of 44.

Name of Test: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1047(a)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.15

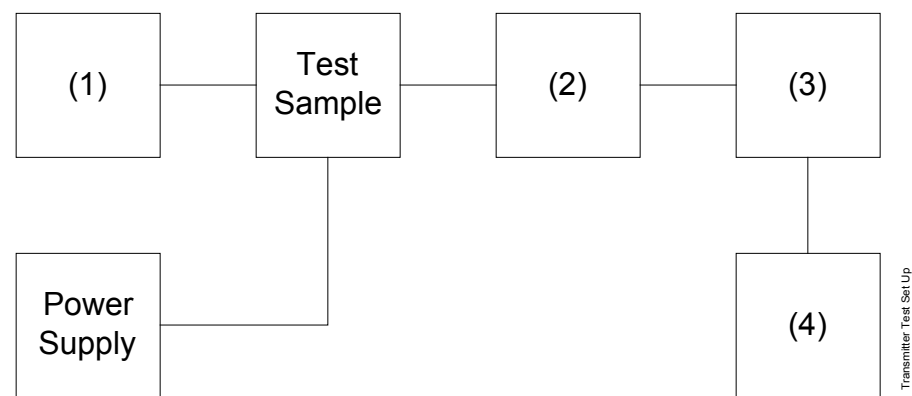
Test Equipment: As per attached page

Measurement Procedure

1. The EUT and test equipment were set up such that the audio input was connected at the input to the modulation limiter, and the modulated stage.
2. The audio output was connected at the output to the modulated stage.
3. Measurement Results: Attached

Transmitter Test Set-Up

- Test A. Modulation Capability/Distortion
- Test B. Audio Frequency Response
- Test C. Hum and Noise Level
- Test D. Response of Low Pass Filter
- Test E. Modulation Limiting



Asset (as applicable)	Description	s/n
(1) Audio Oscillator		
i00017	HP 8903A	2216A01753
i00002	HP 3336B	1931A01465
(2) Coaxial Attenuator		
i00122	NARDA 766-10	7802
i00123	NARDA 766-10	7802A
i00231/2	PASTERNAK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
(3) Modulation Analyzer		
i00020	HP 8901A	2105A01087
(4) Audio Analyzer		
i00001	HP 3586B	1928A01360

Page Number

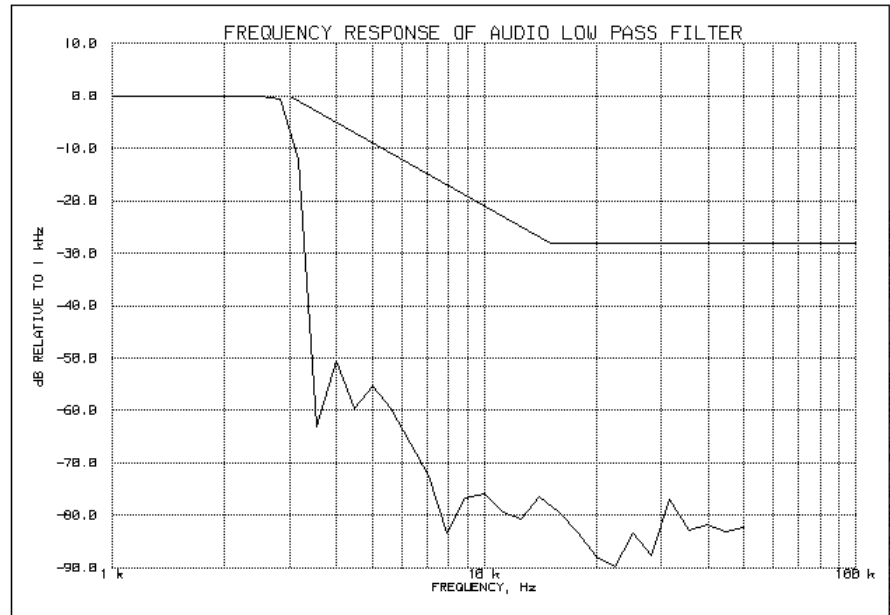
34 of 44.

Name of Test: Audio Low Pass Filter (Voice Input)

g03a0013: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 11:13:00

State: 0:General

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 35 of 44.

Name of Test: Audio Frequency Response

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1047(a)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.6

Test Equipment: As per previous page

Measurement Procedure

1. The EUT and test equipment were set up as shown on the following page.
2. The audio signal generator was connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT.
3. The audio signal input was adjusted to obtain 20% modulation at 1 kHz, and this point was taken as the 0 dB reference level.
4. With input levels held constant and below limiting at all frequencies, the audio signal generator was varied from 100 Hz to 50 kHz.
5. The response in dB relative to 1 kHz was then measured, using the HP 8901A Modulation Analyzer.
6. Measurement Results: Attached

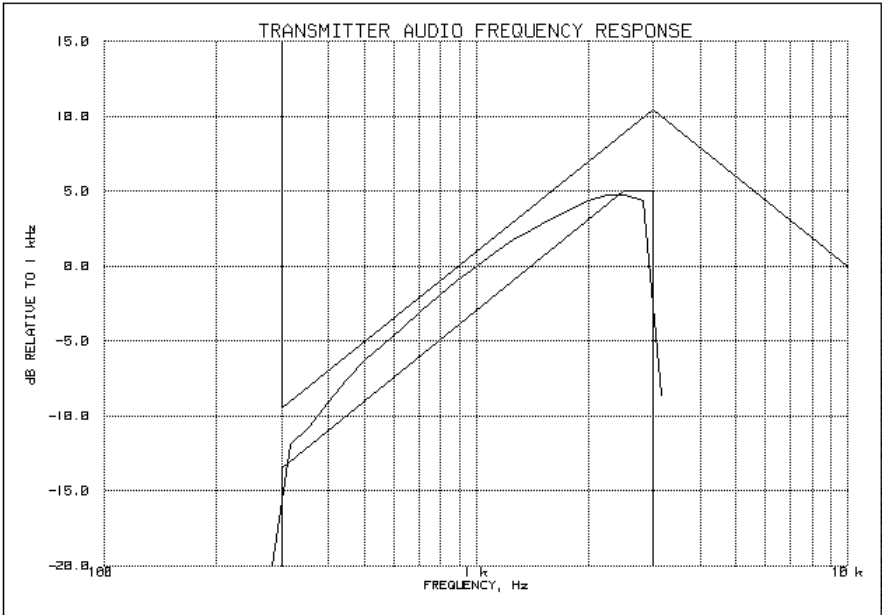
Page Number 36 of 44.

Name of Test: Audio Frequency Response

g03a0014: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 11:20:00

State: 0:General

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Frequency of Maximum Audio Response, Hz = 2240

Additional points:

Frequency, Hz	Level, dB
300	-12.95
20000	-32.96
30000	-33.00
50000	-33.17

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 37 of 44.

Name of Test: Modulation Limiting

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1047(b)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.3

Test Equipment: As per previous page

Measurement Procedure

1. The signal generator was connected to the input of the EUT as for "Frequency Response of the Modulating Circuit."
2. The modulation response was measured for each of three frequencies (one of which was the frequency of maximum response), and the input voltage was varied and was observed on an HP 8901A Modulation Analyzer.
3. The input level was varied from 30% modulation (± 1.5 kHz deviation) to at least 20 dB higher than the saturation point.
4. Measurements were performed for both negative and positive modulation and the respective results were recorded.
5. Measurement Results: Attached

Page Number

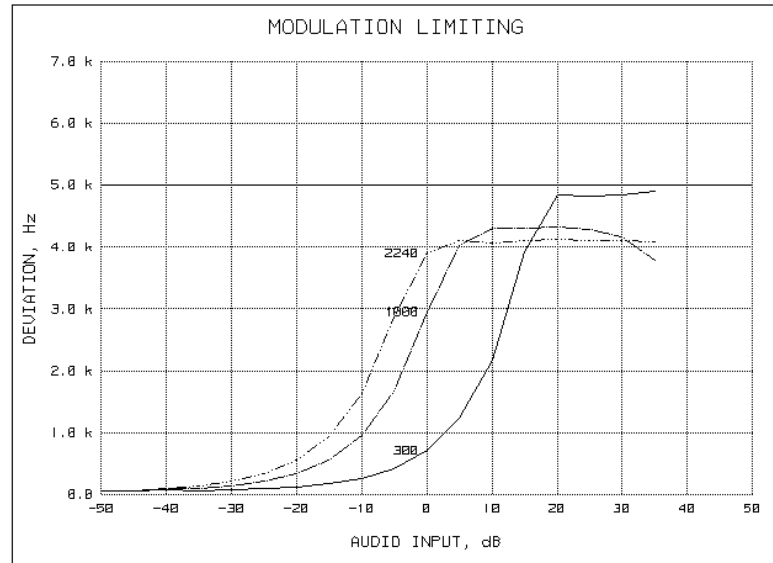
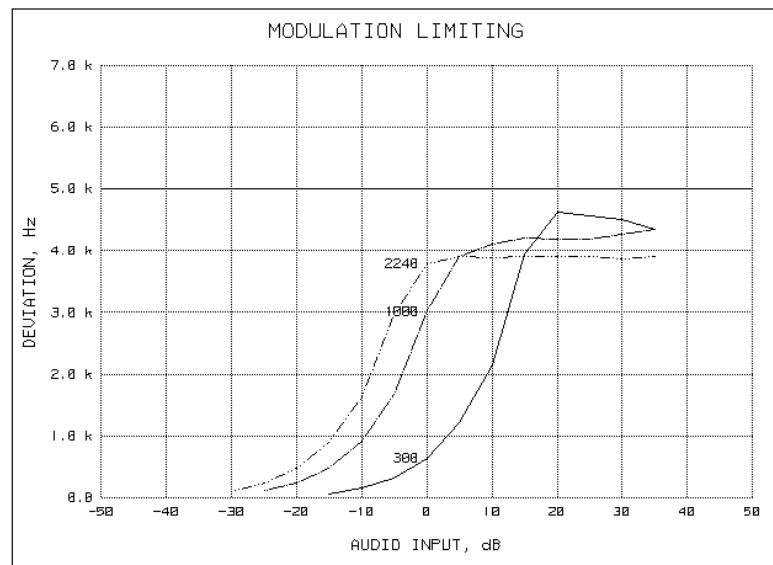
38 of 44.

Name of Test: Modulation Limiting

g03a0016: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 11:30:00

State: 0:General

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C

Positive
Peaks:Negative
Peaks:

Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

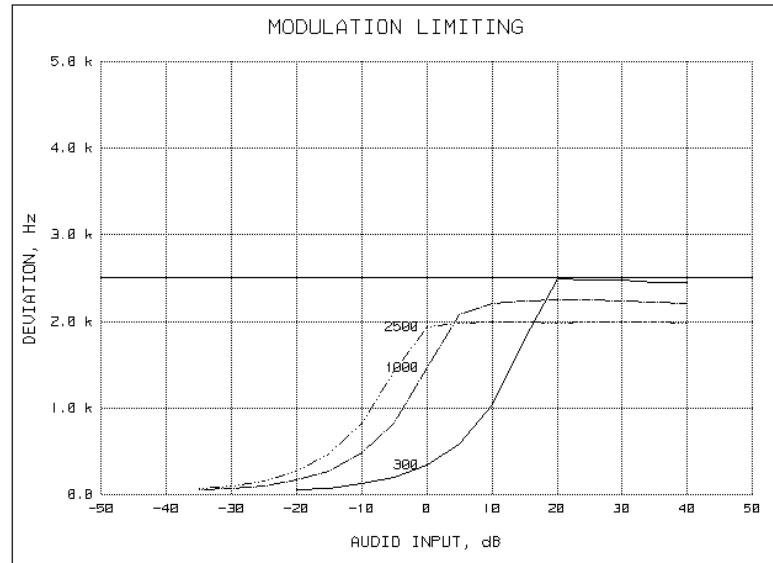
Page Number

39 of 44.

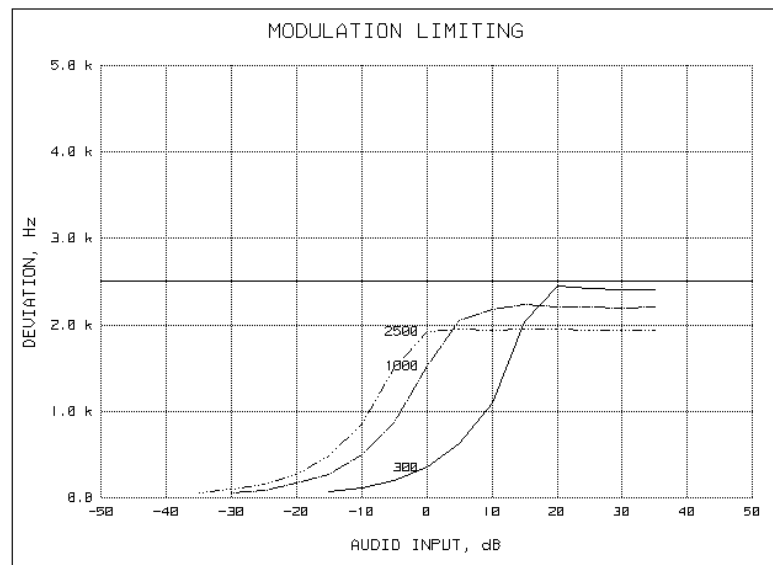
Name of Test: Modulation Limiting
g03a0033: 2003-Oct-14 Tue 14:44:00
State: 0:General

Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C

Positive
Peaks:



Negative
Peaks:



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 40 of 44.

Name of Test: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1055(a)(1)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.2

Test Conditions: As Indicated

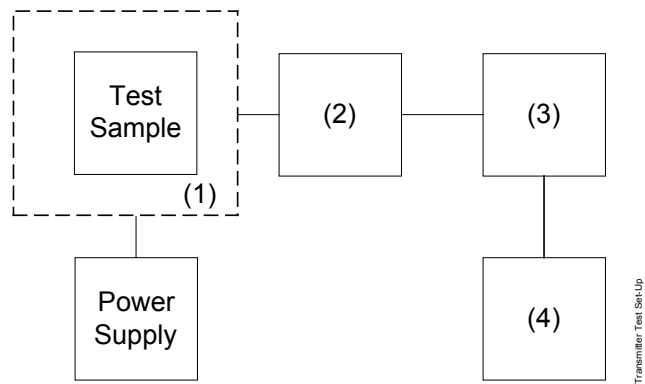
Test Equipment: As per previous page

Measurement Procedure

1. The EUT and test equipment were set up as shown on the following page.
2. With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was noted within one minute.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C steps. The sample was permitted to stabilize at each step for at least one-half hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was noted within one minute.
4. The temperature tests were performed for the worst case.
5. Measurement Results: Attached

Transmitter Test Set-Up

Frequency Stability: Temperature Variation
Frequency Stability: Voltage Variation

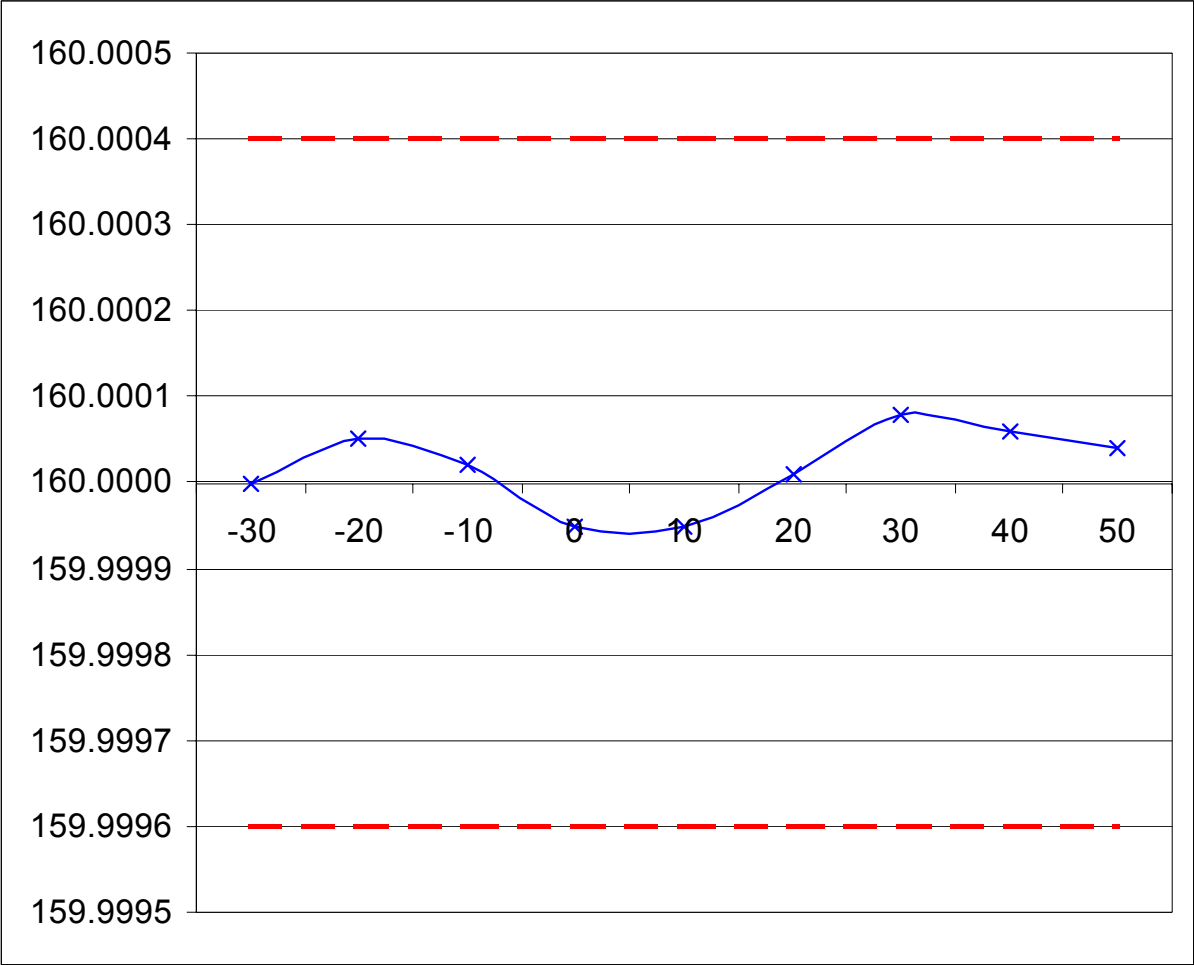


Asset	Description	s/n
(1) Temperature, Humidity, Vibration		
i00027	Tenney Temp. Chamber	9083-765-234
(2) Coaxial Attenuator		
i00122	NARDA 766-10	7802
i00123	NARDA 766-10	7802A
i00231/2	PASTERNAK PE7021-30 (30 dB)	231 or 232
(3) RF Power		
i00014	HP 435A Power Meter	1733A05839
i00039	HP 436A Power Meter	2709A26776
i00067	HP 8920A	3345U01242
(4) Frequency Counter		
i00067	HP 8920A	3345U01242
i00020	HP 8901A	2105A01087

Page Number 42 of 44.

Name of Test: Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

State: Ambient Temperature: 23°C ± 3°C



Performed by:

Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 43 of 44.

Name of Test: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

Specification: 47 CFR 2.1055(d)(1)

Guide: ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-1992, Paragraph 2.2.2

Test Equipment: As per previous page

Measurement Procedure

1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at $25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ and connected as for "Frequency Stability - Temperature Variation" test.
2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
3. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

Results: Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

g03a0160: 2003-Oct-07 Tue 10:40:28

State: 0:General

Ambient Temperature: $23^\circ\text{C} \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$

Limit, ppm = 5
 Limit, Hz = 800
 Battery End Point (Voltage) = 6.2

% of STV	Voltage	Frequency, MHz	Change, Hz	Change, ppm
115	8.6	160.00006	60	3.75
100	7.5	160.00006	60	3.75
85	6.4	160.00006	60	3.75
83	6.2	160.00006	60	3.75

Performed by:



Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

Page Number 44 of 44.

Name of Test: Necessary Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

Specification: 47 CFR 2.202(g)

Modulation = 16K0F3E

Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:

Maximum Modulation (M), kHz	= 3
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	= 5
Constant Factor (K)	= 1
Necessary Bandwidth (B_N), kHz	= $(2 \times M) + (2 \times D \times K)$
	= 16.0

Modulation = 11K0F3E

Necessary Bandwidth Calculation:

Maximum Modulation (M), kHz	= 3
Maximum Deviation (D), kHz	= 2.5
Constant Factor (K)	= 1
Necessary Bandwidth (B_N), kHz	= $(2 \times M) + (2 \times D \times K)$
	= 11.0

Performed by:



Daniel M. Dillon, Test Engineer

END OF TEST REPORT

**Testimonial
and
Statement of Certification**

This is to Certify:

1. **That** the application was prepared either by, or under the direct supervision of, the undersigned.
2. **That** the technical data supplied with the application was taken under my direction and supervision.
3. **That** the data was obtained on representative units, randomly selected.
4. **That**, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts set forth in the application and accompanying technical data are true and correct.

Certifying Engineer:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "M. Flom P. Eng.", with a horizontal line drawn underneath the signature.

Morton Flom, P. Eng.