

Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd

RF TEST REPORT

Report Type:

FCC Part 15.407 & ISED RSS-247 RF report

Model: ZDRK8812CU

REPORT NUMBER: 201001369SHA-002

ISSUE DATE: November 2, 2020

DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER: TTRF15.407_V1 © 2017 Intertek





TEST REPORT

Intertek Testing Services Shanghai Building No.86, 1198 Qinzhou Road (North) Caohejing Development Zone Shanghai 200233, China

> Telephone: 86 21 6127 8200 www.intertek.com

Report no.: 201001369SHA-002

Applicant:	Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd No.218, Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic&Technological Development Zone, Shandong, China.
Manufacturer:	Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd No.218, Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic&Technological Development Zone, Shandong, China.
Factory 1:	Qingdao Intelligent&Precise Electronics Co., Ltd No.218, Qianwangang Road, Qingdao Economic&Technological Development Zone, Shandong, China.
FCC ID:	2AJVQ-RK8812CU
IC:	22470-RK8812CU

SUMMARY:

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification: 47CFR Part 15 (2019): Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

ANSI C63.10 (2013): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS-Gen Issue 5 (March 2019) Amendment 1: General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

PREPARED BY:

Sie. U

Project Engineer Eric Li

REVIEWED BY:

Reviewer Daniel Zhao

This report is for the exclusive use of Intertek's Client and is provided pursuant to the agreement between Intertek and its Client. Intertek's responsibility and liability are limited to the terms and conditions of the agreement. Intertek assumes no liability to any party, other than to the Client in accordance with the agreement, for any loss, expense or damage occasioned by the use of this report. Only the Client is authorized to permit copying or distribution of this report and then only in its entirety. Any use of the Intertek name or one of its marks for the sale or advertisement of the tested material, product or service must first be approved in writing by Intertek. The observations and test results in this report are relevant only to the sample tested. This report by itself does not imply that the material, product, or service is or has ever been under an Intertek certification program.



Content

RE	REVISION HISTORY			
м	EASU	REMENT RESULT SUMMARY	6	
1	G	ENERAL INFORMATION	7	
	1.1	DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	7	
	1.2	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION		
	1.3	ANTENNA INFORMATION	8	
	1.4	DESCRIPTION OF TEST FACILITY	9	
2	TE	EST SPECIFICATIONS	10	
	2.1	Standards or specification	10	
	2.2	MODE OF OPERATION DURING THE TEST		
	2.3	TEST SOFTWARE LIST	12	
	2.4	TEST PERIPHERALS LIST	12	
	2.5	TEST ENVIRONMENT CONDITION:	12	
	2.6	INSTRUMENT LIST	13	
	2.7	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	15	
3	26	5 DB BANDWIDTH & 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	16	
	3.1	Гіміт	16	
	3.2	Measurement Procedure		
	3.3	Test Configuration		
	3.4	THE RESULTS OF 26 DB BANDWIDTH & 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH		
4	м	IINIMUM 6DB BANDWIDTH	18	
	4.1	LIMIT	10	
	4.1 4.2	Limit		
	4.3	Test Configuration	-	
	4.4	The results of Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	-	
5	м	IAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER AND E.I.R.P.	19	
-		Liмit		
	5.1 5.2	LIMIT		
	5.2 5.3	Test Configuration		
	5.4	TEST RESULTS OF MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER AND E.I.R.P.		
6	P		22	
Ŭ				
	6.1 6.2	Limit Measurement Procedure		
	6.2 6.3	Test Configuration		
	6.4	TEST RESULTS OF POWER SPECTRUM DENSITY		
_	-			
7	R/	ADIATED EMISSIONS	25	
	7.1	LIMIT	25	
	7.2	Measurement Procedure		
	7.3			
	7.4	Test Results of Radiated Emissions	29	
8	PO	OWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION	36	
	8.1	LIMIT	36	
	8.2	TEST CONFIGURATION	36	

intertek Total Quality. Assured.

TEST REPORT

8.3		
8.4	Measurement Procedure	37
8.5	Test Results of Power line conducted emission	
9 FF	REQUENCY STABILITY	40
9.1	Lіміт	40
9.2	Test Result	40
10 AI	NTENNA REQUIREMENT	41
APPEND	DIX A: TEST RESULTS	42



Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
201001369SHA-002	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	November 2, 2020



Measurement result summary

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERANCE	IC REFERANCE	RESULT
26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth	15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 6	Pass
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.407(e)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 6	Pass
Maximum Conducted Output Power	15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 6	Pass
Power spectral density	15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 6	Pass
Radiated emission	15.407(b) 15.205 15.209	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 6 RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.9&8.10	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.407(b) 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.8	Pass
Frequency Stability	15.407(g)	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.11	Pass
Antenna requirement	15.203	-	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable

Intertek Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product name:	Wireless Module
Type/Model:	ZDRK8812CU
Description of EUT:	EUT is a Wireless Module with WiFi function, there is only one model.
Rating:	DC 3.3V
EUT type:	Table top 🔲 Floor standing
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
Sample received date:	October 22, 2020
Date of test:	October 22, 2020~ November 2, 2020

1.2 Technical Specification

	5150 ~ 5250MHz
	5250 ~ 5350MHz
	5470 ~ 5725MHz
Frequency Range:	5725 ~ 5850MHz
	802.11a, 802.11n(HT20), 802.11n(HT40),
Support Standards:	802.11ac(VHT20), 802.11ac(VHT40), 802.11ac(VHT80)
Type of Modulation:	OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM)
	For 5150 ~ 5250MHz band: Channel 36 - 48
	For 5250 ~ 5350MHz Band: Channel 52 - 64
	For 5470 ~ 5725MHz Band: Channel 100 - 140
Channel Number:	For 5725 ~ 5850MHz band: Channel 149 - 165



1.3 Antenna information

Antenna No.	Model	Antenna type	Antenna Gain	Note
0	-	PIFA	1.81dBi	-
1	-	PIFA	3.07dBi	-

Mode	Tx/Rx Function	Beamforming function	CDD function	Directional gain (dBi)
802.11a	1Tx/1Rx	NO	NO	-
802.11n(HT20)	2Tx/2Rx	NO	NO	2.486
802.11ac(VHT20)	21X/26X	NO	NO	2.400
802.11n(HT40)		NO	NO	2.496
802.11ac(VHT40)	2Tx/2Rx	NO	NO	2.486
802.11ac(VHT80)	2Tx/2Rx	NO	NO	2.486
Note: For 802.11a mode, it only supports 1TX.				

For 802.11a mode, it only supports 11X. For 802.11n and 802.11ac modes, it can support 2TX, all the two transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other, so the directional gain = 10 log ((10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + ... +10^{Gn/10}) / N_{ANT}) Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai	
Address:	Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China	
Telephone:	86 21 61278200	
Telefax:	86 21 54262353	

The test facility is recognized,	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L0139
certified, or accredited by these organizations:	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN1175
organizations:	IC Registration Lab CAB identifier.: CN0051
	VCCI Registration Lab Registration No.: R-14243, G-10845, C-14723, T-12252
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02

2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2019) ANSI C63.10 (2013) RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017) RSS-Gen Issue 5 (March 2019) Amendment 1 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 KDB 662911 D01 (v02r01)

2.2 Mode of operation during the test

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the continuously transmission was applied by following software.

Software name	Manufacturer	Version	Supplied by
MP Tool	-	-	Client

The lowest, middle and highest channel for the following modes were tested as representatives.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Mode	Lowest (MHz)	Middle (MHz)	Highest (MHz)
	802.11a	5180	5200	5240
5150 - 5250	802.11n(HT20)	5180	5200	5240
5150 - 5250	802.11n(HT40)	5190	/	5230
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5210	/	/
	802.11a	5260	5300	5320
	802.11n(HT20)	5260	5300	5320
5250 - 5350	802.11n(HT40)	5270	/	5310
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5290	/	/
	802.11a	5500	5600	5700
	802.11n(HT20)	5500	5600	5700
5470 - 5725	802.11n(HT40)	5510	5590	5670
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5530	/	5610
5725 - 5850	802.11a	5745	5785	5825
	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5785	5825
	802.11n(HT40)	5755	/	5795
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5775	/	/

Note: 802.11ac(VHT20) is similar as 802.11n(HT20), and 802.11n(HT20) is the worse after checked, so only 802.11n(HT20) was chosen to do the tests. It is the same to 802.11ac(VHT40) and 802.11n(HT40).

Intertek Total Quality. Assured.

TEST REPORT

Data rate and Power setting:

The pre-scan for the conducted power with all data rates in each modulation and band was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases. After this pre-scan, we choose the following table of the data rata as the worst case.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Mode	Worst case data rate	
	802.11a	6Mbps	
5150 - 5250	802.11n(HT20)	MCS0	
5150 - 5250	802.11n(HT40)	MCS0	
	802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS0	
	802.11a	6Mbps	
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS0	
5250 - 5350	802.11n(HT40)	MCS0	
	802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS0	
	802.11a	6Mbps	
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS0	
5500 - 5725	802.11n(HT40)	MCS0	
	802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS0	
	802.11a	6Mbps	
	802.11n(HT20)	MCS0	
5725 - 5850	802.11n(HT40)	MCS0	
	802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS0	



2.3 Test software list

Test Items	Software	Manufacturer	Version
Conducted emission	ESxS-K1	R&S	V2.1.0
Radiated emission	ES-K1	R&S	V1.71

2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	Item No. Name B		Description
1	Laptop computer	DELL 5480	-
2	Mouse	Dell	-

2.5 Test environment condition:

Test items	Temperature	Humidity	
26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth		52% RH	
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	21.90		
Maximum Conducted Output Power	21°C		
Power spectral density			
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	22°C	53% RH	
Power line conducted emission	21°C	53% RH	

2.6 Instrument list

Conducted	Emission				
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
\boxtimes	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	EC 2107	2021-07-14
\boxtimes	A.M.N.	R&S	ESH2-Z5	EC 3119	2020-11-29
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV 216	EC 3393	2021-07-14
	A.M.N.	R&S	ENV4200	EC 3558	2021-06-11
Radiated Er	mission				
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
\boxtimes	Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB 26	EC 3045	2021-09-16
\boxtimes	Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	EC 4206	2020-12-10
\boxtimes	Pre-amplifier	R&S	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42	EC5262	2021-06-11
	Horn antenna	R&S	HF 906	EC 3049	2020-11-16
\boxtimes	Horn antenna	ETS	3117	EC 4792-1	2021-02-25
	Horn antenna	ΤΟΥΟ	HAP18-26W	EC 4792-3	2021-07-09
	Horn antenna	ETS	3116C	EC 5954	2021-01-04
\boxtimes	Horn antenna	ETS	3116C	EC 5955	2021-01-04
	Active loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	EC 5345	2021-03-14
RF test					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
\boxtimes	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2021-03-04
	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2021-03-04
	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2021-03-04
	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	EC5944	2020-12-22
	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2021-03-04
	Mobile Test System	Litepoint	lqxel	EC 5176	2021-01-08
	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2021-09-16
\boxtimes	Climate chamber	GWS	MT3065	EC 6021	2021-07-04
\boxtimes	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9030B	EC 6078	2021-06-11
Tet Site					

intertek Total Quality. Assured.

TEST REPORT

Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2838	2021-01-13
	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2839	2021-01-13
\square	Semi-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3048	2021-07-14
	Fully-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3047	2021-07-14
Additional	instrument				
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Туре	Internal no.	Due date
\square	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3783	2021-03-10
	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3481	2020-12-22
\square	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 5198	2021-02-27
	Therom- Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3325	2021-04-07
	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2021-07-14



2.7 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Maximum peak output power	± 0.74 dB
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	\pm 4.90dB
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	± 5.02dB
Emission outside the frequency band	± 2.89dB
Power line conducted emission	± 3.19dB

3 26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test result: Pass

3.1 Limit

None

3.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to test procedure of "KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules"

26 dB Bandwidth

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

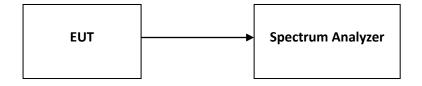
99% Occupied Bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW \geq 3 · RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.



3.3 Test Configuration



3.4 The results of 26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix.

4 Minimum 6dB Bandwidth

Test result: Pass

4.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 5725 - 5850 MHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to test procedure of "KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules"

a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.

- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.

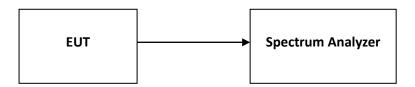
e) Sweep = auto couple.

f) Allow the trace to stabilize.

g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

4.3 Test Configuration



4.4 The results of Minimum 6dB Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix.

5 Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.

Test result: Pass

5.1 Limit

For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6dBi.

The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees from the horizon must not exceed 125mW (21 dBm).

For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6dBi.

For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1W.

For client devices in the 5.15-5.25GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6dBi. (FCC Limit)

For the 5.25-5.35GHz and 5.47-5.725GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW or 11dBm + 10logB, where B is the 26dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. (FCC limit)

For the band 5.725-5.85GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1W. (FCC limit)

For Frequency Band 5150-5250 MHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. (IC limit)

 \bigcirc For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. (IC limit)

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or 17 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. (IC limit)

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. (IC limit)

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

intertek Total Quality. Assured.

TEST REPORT

5.2 Measurement Procedure

The EUT was tested according to test procedure of "KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules"

For 802.11a and 802.11n(HT20) mode:

Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.

The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

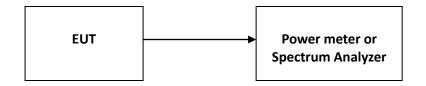
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B.
- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10 log (1/x) where x is the duty cycle (e.g., 10 log (1/0.25) if the duty cycle is 25%).

For 802.11n(HT40) and 802.11ac(VHT80):

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iv) Set VBW \geq 3 MHz.
- (v) Number of points in sweep $\ge 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\le \text{RBW}/2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run."
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (xi) Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add 10 log (1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25%.



5.3 Test Configuration



5.4 Test Results of Maximum conducted output power and e.i.r.p.

Please refer to Appendix.

6 Power spectrum density

Test result: Pass

6.1 Limit

For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For client devices in the 5.15-5.25GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. (FCC limit)

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. (FCC limit)

For the band 5.725-5.85GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30dBm in any 500kHz band. (FCC limit)

For the 5.15-5.25GHz band, the e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band. (IC limit)

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. (IC limit)

For the 5.725-5.85GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. (IC limit)

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the less of original and original + (6 - antenna gain - beamforming gain).

6.2 Measurement Procedure

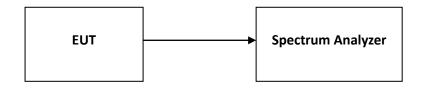
The EUT was tested according to test procedure of "KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules"

- Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power...." (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- 2. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 3. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 - a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
 - b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- 4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
- 5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15 5.25 GHz, 5.25 5.35 GHz, and 5.47 5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725 5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:</p>
 - a) Set RBW $\geq 1/T$, where T is defined in II.B.I.a).
 - b) Set VBW \geq 3 RBW.
 - c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 - d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 - e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for steps 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW=100 KHZ is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.



6.3 Test Configuration



6.4 Test Results of Power spectrum density

Please refer to Appendix.

7 Radiated Emissions

Test result: Pass

7.1 Limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, and the radiated emissions below 1GHz, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

The radiated emissions which fall outside the restrict bands, should comply with the EIRP limit as below:

For transmitters operating in the 5.15 - 5.25 / 5.25 - 5.35 / 5.47 - 5.725GHz band:

1 0		
Frequency	EIRP Limit	Equivalent Field Strength (3m)
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBµV/m)
<5150		
>5350	-27	68.20
<5470	-27	06.20
>5725		

For transmitters operating in the 5.725 - 5.85GHz band:

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP Limit (dBm/MHz)	Equivalent Field Strength (3m) (dBµV/m)
<5650	-27	68.20
5650 ~ 5700	-27 ~ 10	68.20 ~ 105.20
5700 ~ 5720	10~15.6	105.20 ~ 110.80
5720 ~ 5725	15.6 ~ 27	110.80 ~ 122.20
5850 ~ 5855	27 ~ 15.6	122.20 ~ 110.80
5855 ~ 5875	15.6 ~ 10	110.80 ~ 105.20
5875 ~ 5925	10 ~ -27	105.20 ~ 68.20
>5925	-27	68.20

7.2 Measurement Procedure

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meters chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to peak or quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode.

NOTE:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

For Radiated emission above 30MHz:

- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meters chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to peak or quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

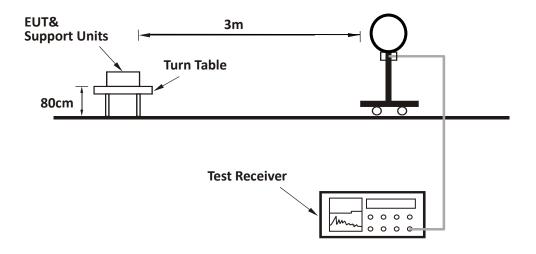
- 1. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for peak or quasi-peak detection at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz at frequency above 1GHz for peak detection above 1GHz.
- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is ≥ 1/T (Duty cycle < 98%) or 3 x RBW (Duty cycle ≥ 98%) for average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

Report No.: 201001369SHA-002

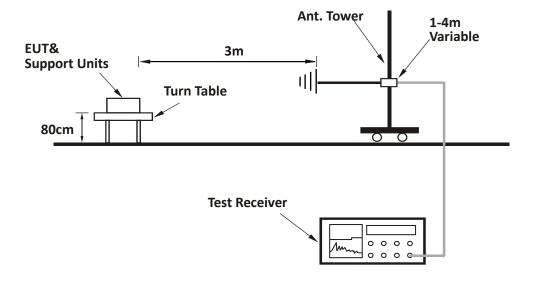
Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

7.3 Test Configuration

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

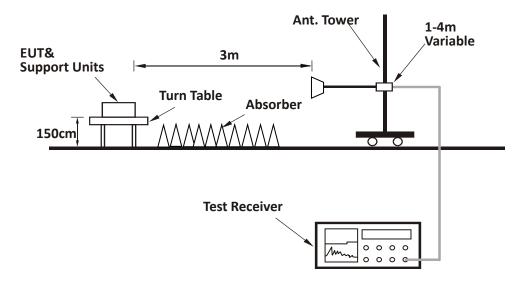


For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz:





For Radiated emission above 1GHz:



7.4 Test Results of Radiated Emissions

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
н	84.43	30.50	40.00	9.50	РК
н	86.37	34.50	40.00	5.50	РК
Н	179.68	35.80	43.50	7.70	РК
Н	346.85	31.70	46.00	14.30	РК
н	381.84	30.20	46.00	15.80	РК
Н	918.36	31.20	46.00	14.80	РК
V	30.00	22.10	40.00	17.90	РК
V	84.43	23.00	40.00	17.00	РК
V	119.42	30.60	43.50	12.90	РК
V	366.29	24.40	46.00	21.60	РК
V	667.60	26.80	46.00	19.20	РК
V	928.08	30.80	46.00	15.20	РК

Test data below 1GHz

Test result above 1GHz:

The emission was conducted from 1GHz to 40GHz

U-NII-1 Band:

802.11a						
Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5180	103.60	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5150	62.20	74.00	11.80	РК
	Н	5150	47.40	54.00	6.60	AV
М	Н	5200	102.90	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5240	102.70	Fundamental	/	РК
н	Н	5350	62.80	74.00	21.20	РК
	Н	5350	47.30	54.00	6.70	AV

802.11n(HT20)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5180	102.00	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5150	62.70	74.00	11.30	РК
	Н	5150	47.60	54.00	6.40	AV
м	Н	5200	102.50	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5240	102.40	Fundamental	/	РК
н	Н	5350	62.80	74.00	21.20	РК
	Н	5350	47.50	54.00	6.50	AV

802.11n(HT4	0)					
Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5190	98.70	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5150	62.90	74.00	11.10	РК
	Н	5150	47.20	54.00	6.80	AV
	Н	5230	98.40	Fundamental	/	РК
н	Н	5350	62.80	74.00	21.20	РК
	Н	5350	47.80	54.00	6.20	AV

802.11ac(VHT80)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5210	96.80	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5150	63.10	74.00	10.90	РК
	Н	5150	48.20	54.00	5.80	AV

U-NII-2A Band:

802.11a

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5260	102.70	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5150	52.70	74.00	21.30	РК
м	Н	5300	103.10	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5320	102.90	Fundamental	/	РК
н	Н	5350	62.50	74.00	11.50	РК
	Н	5350	47.70	54.00	6.30	AV

Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

802.11n(HT2	0)					
Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5260	103.60	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5150	52.10	74.00	21.90	РК
М	Н	5300	102.30	Fundamental	/	РК
	н	5320	103.20	Fundamental	/	РК
н	Н	5350	62.60	74.00	11.40	РК
	Н	5350	47.80	54.00	6.20	AV

802.11n(HT40)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
L	н	5270	100.90	Fundamental	/	РК
L	н	5150	52.30	74.00	21.70	РК
М	Н	5300	101.30	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5310	101.10	Fundamental	/	РК
н	н	5350	62.20	74.00	11.80	РК
	н	5350	48.30	54.00	5.70	AV

802.11ac(VHT80)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5290	100.50	Fundamental	/	РК
L	н	5350	61.50	74.00	12.50	РК
	Н	5350	48.80	54.00	5.20	AV

Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

U-NII-2C Band:

802.11a

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5500	102.30	Fundamental	/	РК
L	н	5470	64.80	68.20	3.40	РК
М	Н	5600	103.80	Fundamental	/	РК
	н	5700	102.60	Fundamental	/	РК
Н	Н	5725	64.30	68.20	3.90	РК

802.11n(HT20)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5500	102.40	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5470	63.20	68.20	5.00	РК
М	Н	5600	102.60	Fundamental	/	РК
н	н	5700	102.30	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5725	63.50	68.20	4.70	РК

802.11n(HT40)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	н	5510	100.70	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5469	64.60	68.20	3.60	РК
М	Н	5600	106.00	Fundamental	/	РК
Н	Н	5700	99.80	Fundamental	/	РК
	н	5725	65.10	68.20	3.10	РК

802.11ac(VHT80)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5530	99.00	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5470	62.70	68.20	5.50	РК
	Н	5610	99.30	Fundamental	/	РК
Н	Н	5725	62.40	68.20	5.80	РК

U-NII-3 Band:

802.11a Channel Polarity Frequency Corrected Limit Margin Detector (MHz) Reading (dBuV/m) (dB) (dBuV/m) Н 5745 104.50 Fundamental / РΚ L Н 5640 62.50 68.20 5.70 РΚ Μ Н 5785 103.90 Fundamental / РΚ н 5825 103.40 Fundamental / РΚ Н Н 5962 63.40 68.20 4.80 РΚ

802.11n(HT20)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
I	Н	5745	102.30	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5618	64.80	68.20	3.40	РК
М	Н	5785	103.10	Fundamental	/	РК
н	Н	5825	102.70	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	5970	64.60	68.20	3.60	РК

Intertek Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

802 11n(HT40)

	802.111(1140)						
	Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	I	Н	5755	102.30	Fundamental	/	РК
	L	Н	5618	63.60	68.20	4.60	РК
F		Н	5795	102.70	Fundamental	/	РК
	Н	Н	5961	64.30	68.20	3.90	РК

802.11ac(VHT80)

Channel	Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
	Н	5775	98.60	Fundamental	/	РК
L	Н	5647	62.50	68.20	5.70	РК
	Н	5936	63.80	68.20	4.40	РК

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (- Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor

3. Margin = Limit - Corrected Reading

4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV, Limit = 40.00dBuV/m. Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20dB/m; Corrected Reading = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;

Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.

Intertek Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT

8 Power line conducted emission

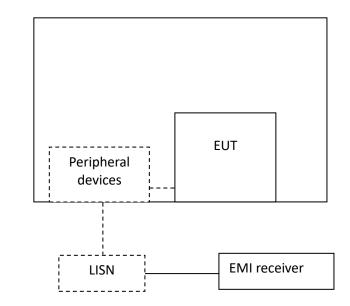
Test	result:	Pass

8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)				
	QP	AV			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.					

8.2 Test Configuration

8.3





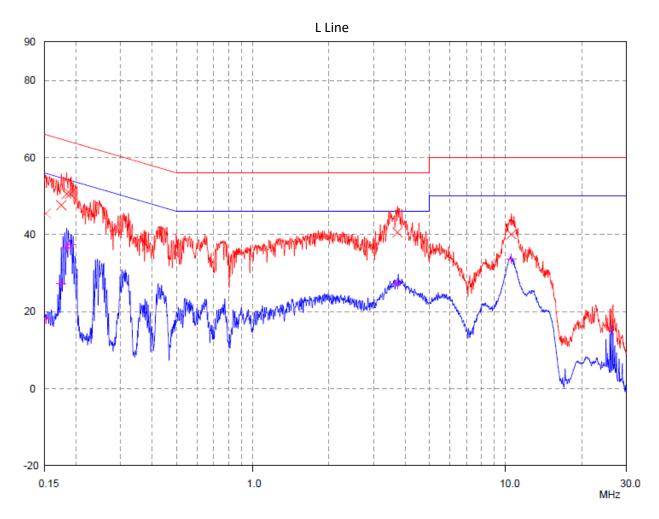
8.4 Measurement Procedure

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

Intertek Total Quality. Assured. TEST REPORT



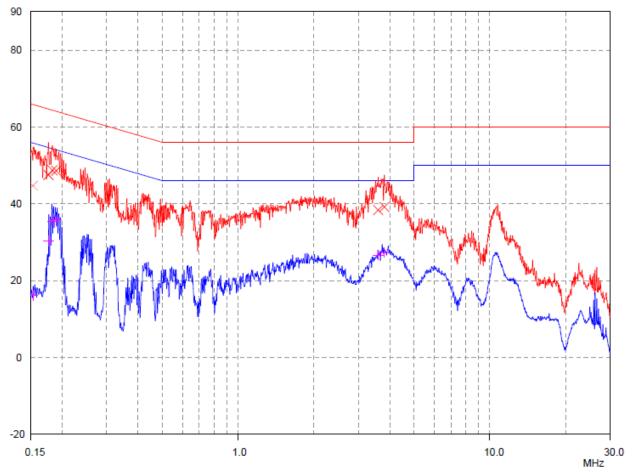
8.5 Test Results of Power line conducted emission

Test	Data:
	Dutu.

Frequency	Quasi-peak			Average		
(MHz)	level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(μV)	limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	45.50	65.90	20.40	18.05	55.90	37.85
0.17	47.63	64.74	17.11	27.18	54.74	27.56
0.18	50.55	64.34	13.79	36.62	54.34	17.72
0.19	50.57	64.08	13.51	37.34	54.08	16.74
3.73	40.56	56.00	15.44	27.25	46.00	18.75
10.53	40.05	60.00	19.95	33.78	50.00	16.22



N Line



Test Data:

Frequency	Quasi-peak			Average		
(MHz)	level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(μV)	limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)
0.15	44.74	65.83	21.09	16.14	55.83	39.69
0.18	47.51	64.67	17.16	30.32	54.67	24.35
0.18	48.73	64.38	15.65	35.52	54.38	18.86
0.19	48.61	64.08	15.47	35.82	54.08	18.26
3.60	38.40	56.00	17.60	26.67	46.00	19.33
3.81	39.20	56.00	16.80	27.30	46.00	18.70

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

- 2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- 3. Margin = Limit Corrected Reading
- 4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

9 Frequency Stability

Test result: Pass

9.1 Limit

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

9.2 Test Result

Frequency Error - Temperature Variation

Supply Voltage	Temperature	Frequency Deviation (ppm)		
DC (V)	(°C)	Channel (5180MHz)		
	-20	-7		
	-10	-7		
	0	-7		
3.3	10	-6		
5.5	20	-5		
	30	-6		
	40	-7		
	50	-7		

Frequency Error - Voltage Variation

Supply Voltage	Temperature	Frequency Deviation (ppm)		
DC (V)	(°C)	Channel (5180MHz)		
2.97		-5		
3.3	20	-5		
3.63		-5		



10 Antenna requirement

Requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Result:

EUT uses permanently attached antenna to the intentional radiator, so it can comply with the provisions of this section.



Appendix A: Test results

Appendix A1: Test results of Band U-NII-1

Appendix A2: Test results of Band U-NII-2A

Appendix A3: Test results of Band U-NII-2C

Appendix A4: Test results of Band U-NII-3