FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No: 1707030H01

Issued for

SD MOBILE SAS

CRA 34#43-110 LC B C 01 BARRANQUILLA , COLOMBIA.

Product Name:	smart phone	
Brand Name:	7 Step	
Model Name:	Owen	
Series Model:	N/A	
FCC ID:	2ALHPOWEN	
	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1	
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)	
	IEEE 1528: 2013	
Max. Report	Head:0.608 W/kg	
SAR (1g):	Body:1.232 W/kg	

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name:	SD MOBILE SAS
Address	CRA 34#43-110 LC B C 01 BARRANQUILLA, COLOMBIA.
Manufacture's Name	SD MOBILE SAS
Address:	CRA 34#43-110 LC B C 01 BARRANQUILLA , COLOMBIA.
Product description	
Product name:	smart phone
Trademark	7 Step
Model and/or type reference :	Owen
Series Model:	N/A
Standards	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) IEEE 1528: 2013
measurement methods and pro- apply only to the tested sample	zhen BZT Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the cedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment same results due to production tolerance and measurement
Date of Test	

Date of lest	
Date (s) of performance of tests:	13 Jun. 2017~14 Jun. 2017
Date of Issue:	15 Jun. 2017
Test Result:	Pass

Testing Engineer :

Aann Bu.

(Aaron Bu)

Technical Manager :

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(John Zou)

(Vita Li)

Table of Contents

1.General Information	4
1.1 EUT Description	4
1.2 Test Environment	5
1.3 Test Factory	5
2.Test Standards And Limits	6
3. SAR Measurement System	7
3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	7
3.2 SAR System	7
4. Tissue Simulating Liquids	10
4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check	10
5. SAR System Validation	12
5.1 Validation System	12
5.2 Validation Result	12
6. SAR Evaluation Procedures	13
7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch	14
7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table	15
8. EUT Test Position	16
8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset	16
8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition	17
9. Uncertainty	18
9.1 Measurement Uncertainty	18
9.2 System validation Uncertainty	20
10. Conducted Power Measurement	22
10.1 Test Result	22
10.2 Tune-up Power	25
10.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied	26
11. EUT And Test Setup Photo	27
11.1 EUT Photo	27
11.2 Setup Photo	30
12. SAR Result Summary	36
12.1 Head SAR	36
12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR	37
11.3 repeated SAR measurement	38
13. Equipment List	41
Appendix A. System Validation Plots	42
Appendix B. SAR Test Plots	54
Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report	64

1.General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Equipment	smart phone							
Brand Name		7 Step						
Model No.	Owen	Owen						
Series Model	N/A							
FCC ID	2ALHPC	OWEN						
Model Difference	N/A							
Adaptar	Input: A	Input: AC 100-240V, 150mA, 50-60 Hz						
Adapter	Output:	DC 5V, 800mA						
		oltage: 3.7V;						
Battery		Limit: 4.2V;						
Device Cotogeny	Portable	/: 1450mAh						
Device Category Product stage	Productio	on unit						
RF Exposure								
Environment		Population / Uncontrolle	d					
IMEI		32426586						
Hardware Version	3625234 N/A	32426594						
Software Version	N/A							
Frequency Range	GSM 850:824.2~848.8MHz PCS1900:1850.2~1909.8MHz WCDMA Band II:1852.4~1907.6MHz WCDMA Band V:826.4~846.6MHz WLAN 802.11b/g/n(HT20):2412~2462MHz Bluetooth:2402~ 2480MHz							
	Band	Mode	Head (W/kg)	Body Worn and Hotspot(W/kg)				
Max. Reported	PCE	GSM 850	0.608	0.666				
·	PCE	GSM 1900	0.308	0.765				
SAR(1g):	PCE	WCDMA Band II	0.346	1.232				
(Limit:1.6W/kg)	PCE	WCDMA Band V	0.446	0.608				
	DTS	WIFI	0.063	0.084				
	DSS	Bluetooth Note	0.167	0.084				
1-g Sum SAR			0.775	1.316				
	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)							
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)							
	Digital Transmission System (DTS)							
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS; EGPRS Class 12; WCDMA:RMC,HSDPA,HSUPA Release 6; WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n(HT20); Bluetooth: V2.1 + EDR (GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK) ;							
Antenna Specification:			GSM,WCDMA: PIFA Antenna BT,WIFI: PIFA Antenna					

Page 5 of 64

SIM Card Support dual-SIM, dual standby, the multiple SIM card with two lines cannot transmitting at the same time	
Hotspot Mode:	Support
DTM Mode:	Not Support
NL.C.	

Note:

1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated

- 2. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active)
- 3. After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 card to perform all tests.

4. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

BZT Testing Technology Co., Ltd Add. : Buliding 17, Xinghua Road Xingwei industrial Park Fuyong, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China FCC Registration No.: 701733

Page 6 of 64

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	smart phone and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
8	FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01	Hotspot Mode SAR
9	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
10	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

2.Test Standards And Limits

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **Population/Uncontrolled Environments:**

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT

1.6 W/kg

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition Of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

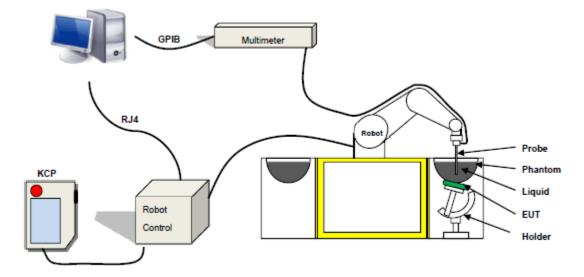
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

p is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:



Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

Page 8 of 64

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 14/16 EP309 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 5 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 8 mm (repeatability better than +/- 2.7mm)
- Probe linearity: 0±2.27%(±0.10dB)
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 400 MHz to 3 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 32/14 SAM116

3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2-Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	/	0.35	/	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	/	13.84	/	0.35	/	/	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms							
Frequency	ε _r		σ S/m				
	Head	Body	Head	Body			
300	45.3	58.2	0.87	0.92			
450	43.5	58.7	0.87	0.94			
900	41.5	55.0	0.97	1.05			
1450	40.5	54.0	1.20	1.30			
1800	40.0	53.3	1.40	1.52			
2450	39.2	52.7	1.80	1.95			
3000	38.5	52.0	2.40	2.73			
5800	35.3	48.2	5.27	6.00			

LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Date		bient dition	Head Simu Liquio		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited	
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Falameters	Target	Measured	[%]	[%]	
2017-06-13	23.8	61	835 MHz	23.3	Permitivity:	41.50	40.78	-1.73	±5	
2017-00-13	23.0	01		23.3	Conductivity:	0.90	0.88	-2.62	± 5	
2017-06-13	23.8	61	1900 MHz	23.3	Permitivity:	40.00	39.19	-2.04	± 5	
2017-00-13	23.0	01		23.3	Conductivity:	1.40	1.37	-2.01	± 5	
2017-06-14	24.1	62	2450 MHz	23.8	Permitivity:	39.20	40.03	2.13	± 5	
2017-00-14	24.1	02	2430 10172	23.0	Conductivity:	1.80	1.80	0.00	± 5	

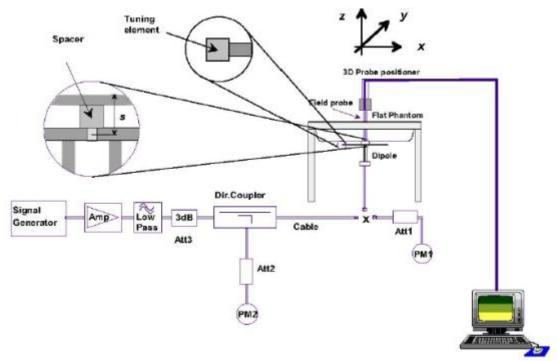
Date		bient dition	Body Simu Liqui	-	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity [%]	Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Falameters	Target	Measured	[%]	[%]
2017-06-13	23.8	61	835 MHz	23.3	Permitivity:	55.20	54.50	-1.27	± 5
2017-00-13	23.0	01		23.3	Conductivit:	0.97	0.95	-2.34	± 5
2017-06-13	23.8	61	1900 MHz	23.3	Permitivity:	53.30	53.88	1.09	± 5
2017-00-13	23.0	01	1900 1011 12	23.5	Conductivity	1.52	1.54	1.01	± 5
2017-06-14	24.1	62	2450 MHz	23.8	Permitivity:	52.70	52.81	0.20	± 5
2017-00-14	24.1	02	2450 MIHZ	23.0	Conductivity	1.95	1.89	-2.96	± 5

5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Freq.(MHz)	Power(mW)	Tested Value (W/Kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Target(W/Kg)	Tolerance(%)	Date
835 Head	100	0.981	9.807	9.56	2.58	2017-06-13
835 Body	100	0.962	9.623	9.56	0.66	2017-06-13
1900 Head	100	4.044	40.442	39.7	1.87	2017-06-13
1900 Body	100	3.935	39.353	39.7	-0.87	2017-06-13
2450 Head	100	5.606	56.063	52.4	6.99	2017-06-14
2450 Body	100	5.128	51.280	52.4	-2.14	2017-06-14

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.

6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface

- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.

- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

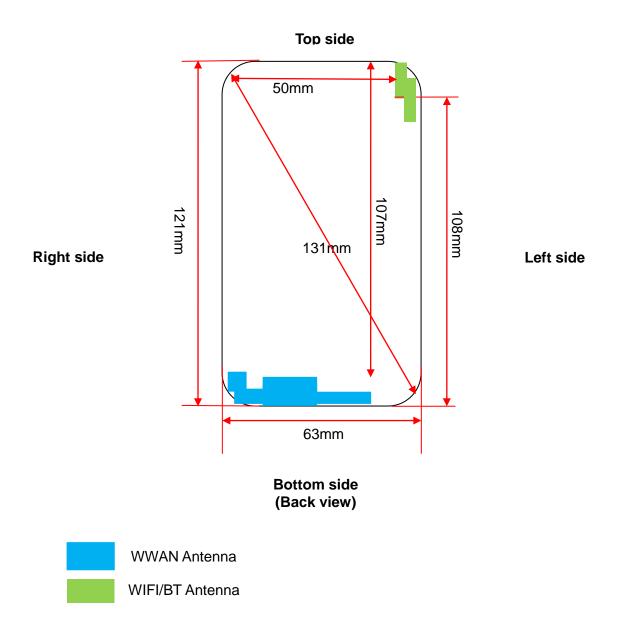
Area Scan& Zoom Scan:

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR -distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a smart phone, support GSM/WCDMA mode.



7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, appendix A, <SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz ~ 6GHz and≤50mm>table, this device SAR test configurations consider as following:

	Test position configurations								
Band	Front	Back	Right edge	Left edge	Top edge	Bottom edge			
WWAN	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	<5mm	107mm	<5mm			
VVVVAIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
WIFI/BT	<5mm	<5mm	50mm	<5mm	<5mm	108mm			
	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			

Note:

- maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <5mm, 5mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, Mw)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[√f(GHZ))≤3.0 for 1-g SAR and≤7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare
- 5. per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]Mw, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at>

1500MHz and≤6GHz

- Per KDB 447498 D02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/ HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is<0.25db higher than RMC 12.2Kbps,or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤1.2W/Kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

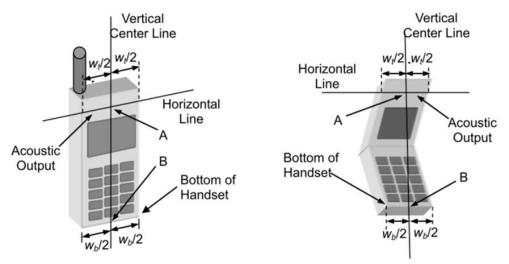
8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines On The Handset

(1)The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.

(2)The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A. (3)The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

1)To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

2)To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



Title Position

(1)To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.

(2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

Page 17 of 64



Body-worn Position Conditions:

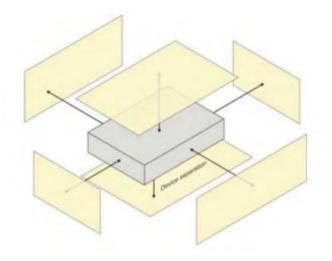
Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge.

When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration(surface).



9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	1gUi	10gUi	Veff
Meas	Measurement System								
1	Probe calibration	5.8	Ν	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	8
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√C _p	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	ø
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	ø
7	Readout electronics	0.5	Ν	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
8	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8
9	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
10	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
11	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
12	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
14	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Test s	ample related								
15	Device positioning	2.6	Ν	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	11

Page 19 of 64

Report No.: 1707030H01

16	Device holder	3	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	7
17	Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Phant	Phantom and set-up								
18	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	2.5	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5
20	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5
21	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8
22	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8
Comb	bined standard		RSS	RSS $U_{c} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$		10.63%	10.54%		
Expar (P=95	nded uncertainty 5%)	U = k U_{C} ,k=2			21.26%	21.08%			

9.2 System validation Uncertainty

NO	Source	Tol(%)	Prob.	Div.	ci	ci	1gUi	10gUi	Veff	
			Dist.	k	(1g)	(10g)				
Meas	Measurement System									
1	Probe calibration	5.8	Ν	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	80	
2	Axial isotropy	3.5	R	√3	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	(1-cp) ^{1/2}	1.43	1.43	8	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	5.9	R	√3	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	8	
4	Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
5	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
6	System Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
7	Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0	0	8	
8	Readout electronics	0.5	Ν	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
9	Response time	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	8	
10	Integration time	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
Dipole	9									
16	Deviation of experimental source from	4	Ν	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8	

Page 21 of 64

Report No.: 1707030H01

	-									
17	Input power and SAR drit measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	80	
18	Dipole Axis to liquid Distance	2	R	√3	1	1			8	
Phant	Phantom and set-up									
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8	
20	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in	2.0	Ν	1	1	0.84	2	1.68	8	
21	Liquid conductivity (target)	2	Ν	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8	
22	Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5	
23	Liquid conductivity (meas)	4	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.04	5	
24	Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.5	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	8	
25	Liquid Permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.95	1.78	5	
26	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	5.0	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	8	
Comb	nined standard	RSS $U_{c} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{2} U_{i}^{2}}$			10.15%	10.05%				
Expar (P=95	nded uncertainty %)	$U = k U_c$,k=2				20.29%	20.10%			

10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

	Burst Average Power (dBm)							
Band		GSM 850		PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	31.02	30.98	30.99	27.05	27.28	27.26		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	30.98	30.96	30.97	27.03	27.26	27.24		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	30.56	30.53	30.55	26.58	26.82	26.79		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	29.07	29.09	29.12	25.16	25.41	25.32		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	28.66	28.68	28.68	24.69	24.98	24.84		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	30.95	30.93	30.92	27.02	27.25	27.23		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	30.28	30.21	30.16	26.37	26.49	26.45		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	28.81	28.72	28.75	24.94	25.07	24.94		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot) 28.37 28.33 28.30 24.44 24.66 24.46							
Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS9 coding scheme. Multi-Slot Class 8 Support Max 4 downlink 1 uplink 5 working link								

Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link

Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

	Fram- Average Power(dBm)							
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900			
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM(GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.99	21.95	21.96	18.02	18.25	18.23		
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	21.95	21.93	21.94	18.00	18.23	18.21		
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	24.54	24.51	24.53	20.56	20.80	20.77		
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	24.81	24.83	24.86	20.90	21.15	21.06		
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	25.65	25.67	25.67	21.68	21.97	21.83		
EGPRS(8PSK, 1-Slot)	21.92	21.90	21.89	17.99	18.22	18.20		
EGPRS(8PSK, 2-Slot)	24.26	24.19	24.14	20.35	20.47	20.43		
EGPRS(8PSK, 3-Slot)	24.55	24.46	24.49	20.68	20.81	20.68		
EGPRS(8PSK, 4-Slot)	25.36	25.32	25.29	21.43	21.65	21.45		

Remark :

1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.

2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3.01 dB

Page 23 of 64

Band	WC	DMA Ban	nd V	W	CDMA Ban	d II
Channel	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	21.44	22.35	21.45	20.32	20.20	20.12
RMC 12.2Kbps	21.46	22.36	21.48	20.35	20.21	20.13
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.43	22.35	21.46	20.33	20.19	20.11
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	21.93	20.99	19.91	19.74	19.66
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.53	21.45	20.62	19.42	19.26	19.17
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.19	21.03	20.13	19.09	18.80	18.79
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.40	22.29	20.99	20.32	20.09	19.70
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.50	21.30	20.00	19.45	19.11	18.77
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.48	20.89	19.67	19.27	18.63	18.42
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.10	20.44	19.35	18.81	18.31	17.94
HSUPA Subtest-5	18.64	18.97	17.89	17.32	16.87	16.44

WCDMA

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	
HS-DPDCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≷ CIVI≷3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)

Note: CM=1 for $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$, $\beta hs/\beta c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH,

HS-DPCCH,

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
	1	2412	18.79		
802.11b	6	2437	18.32		
	11	2462	18.25		
	1	2412	11.19		
802.11g	6	2437	11.17		
	11	2462	11.12		
	1	2412	7.19		
802.11n(HT 20)	6	2437	7.09		
	11	2462	7.07		

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
	0	2402	5.39		
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	5.41		
	78	2480	5.03		
	0	2402	3.89		
π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	3.65		
	78	2480	3.51		
	0	2402	3.81		
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	3.58		
	78	2480	3.32		

WIFI

10.2 Tune-up Power

Mode	GSM850(AVG)	GSM1900(AVG)		
GSM/PCS	31±1dBm	27±1dBm		
GPRS (1 Slot)	30±1dBm	27±1dBm		
GPRS (2 Slot)	30±1dBm	26±1dBm		
GPRS (3 Slot)	29±1dBm	25±1dBm		
GPRS (4 Slot)	28±1dBm	24±1dBm		
EDGE (1 Slot)	30±1dBm	27±1dBm		
EDGE (2 Slot)	30±1dBm	26±1dBm		
EDGE (3 Slot)	28±1dBm	25±1dBm		
EDGE (4 Slot)	28±1dBm	24±1dBm		

Mode	WCDMA Band V(AVG)	WCDMA Band II(AVG)		
AMR	22±1dBm	20±1dBm		
RMC	22±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-1	21±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-3	21±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSDPA Subtest-4	21±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-1	22±1dBm	20±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-2	21±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-3	20±1dBm	19±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-4	20±1dBm	18±1dBm		
HSUPA Subtest-5	18±1dBm	17±1dBm		

Mode	WIFI(AVG)
IEEE 802.11b	18±1dBm
IEEE 802.11g	11±1dBm
IEEE 802.11n(HT 20)	7±1dBm

Mode	BT(AVG)
GFSK	5±1dBm
π/4-DQPSK	3±1dBm
8DPSK	3±1dBm

10.3 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f}(GHZ)$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

$$\frac{Max Power of Channel (mW)}{Test Separation Dist (mm)} * \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \le 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

Bluetooth Head SAR was not required; $[(3.981/5)^* \sqrt{2.480}] = 1.25 < 3.0.$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

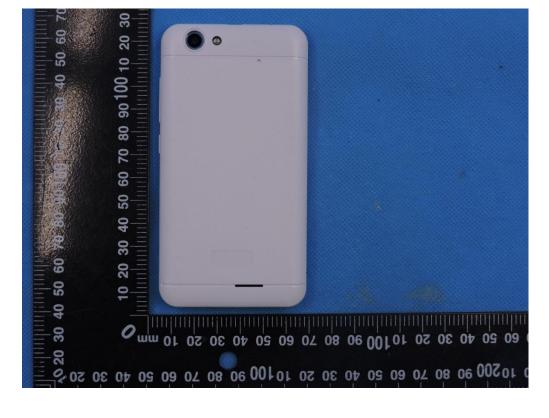
Bluetooth Body SAR was not required; $[3.981/10)^* \sqrt{2.480} = 0.63 < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

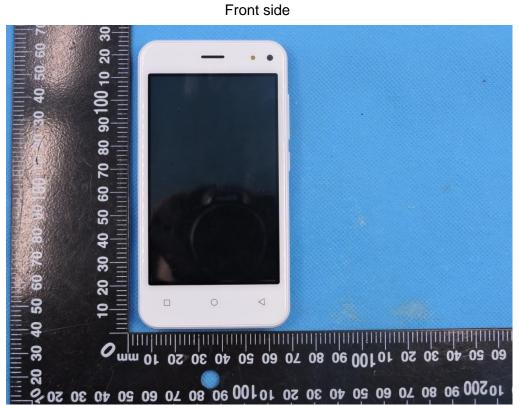
2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; $[(79.433/5)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 24.93 > 3.0.$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance,

2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required; $[(79.433/10)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 12.46 > 3.0.$



Back side



Page 27 of 64

11. EUT And Test Setup Photo

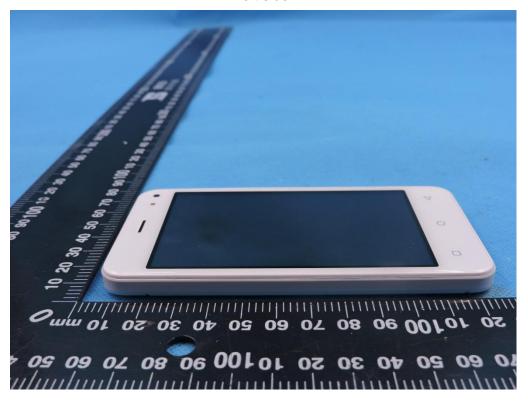
11.1 EUT Photo



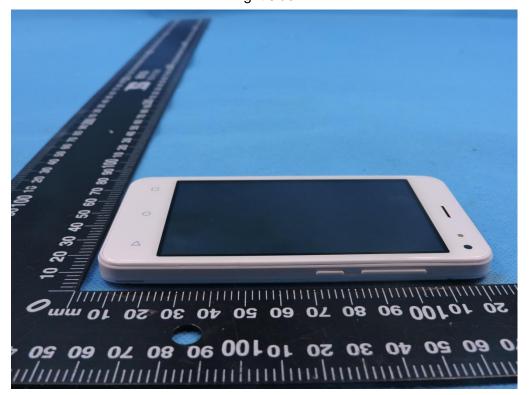


Bottom side





Right side

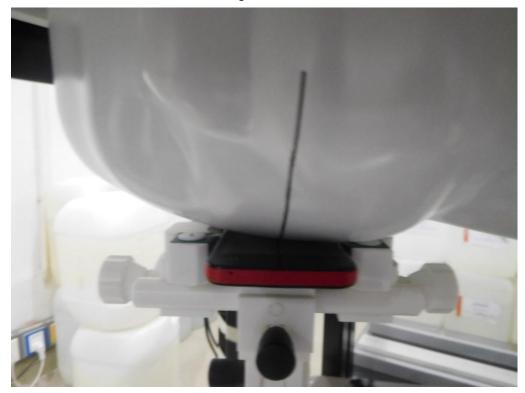


Left side

Page 29 of 64

11.2 Setup Photo

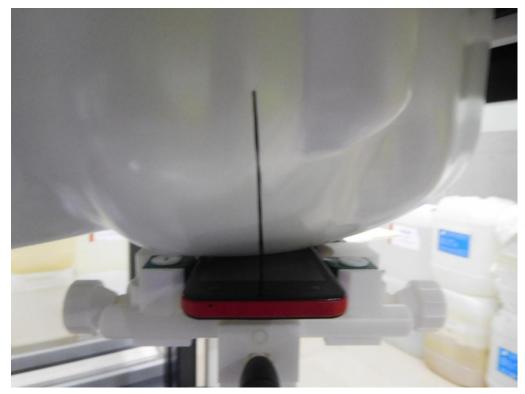
Right Touch



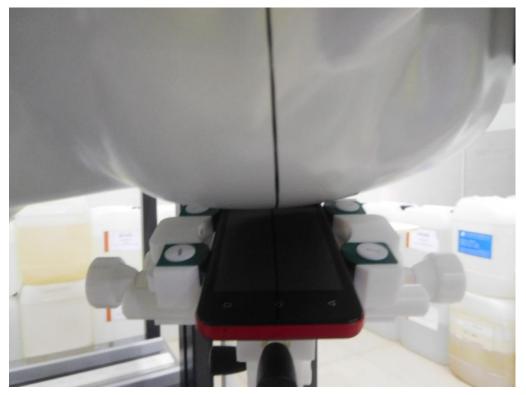
Right Tilt



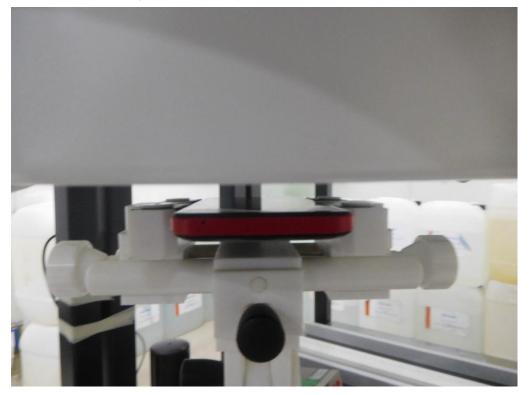
Left Touch



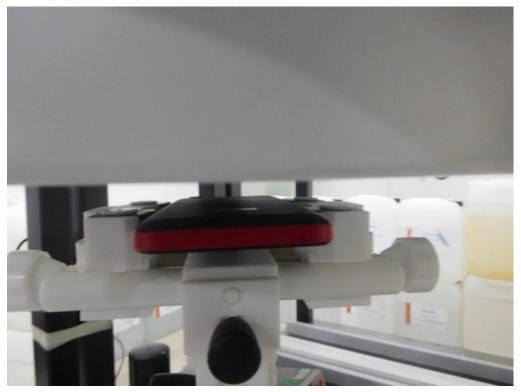
Left Tilt



Body Front side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Back side(separation distance is 10mm)

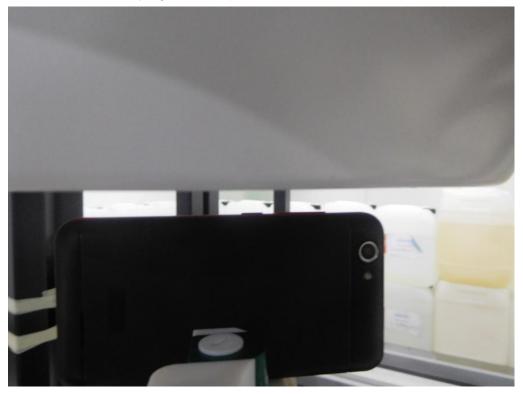


Report No.: 1707030H01

Body left side(separation distance is 10mm)

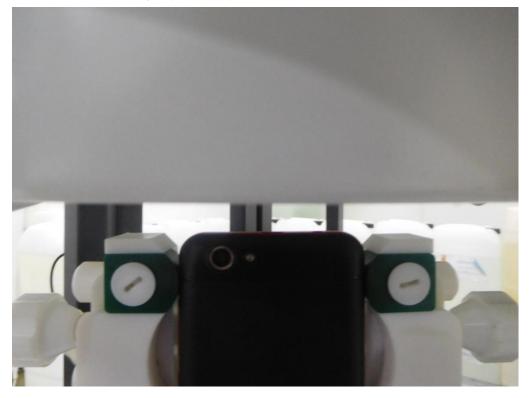


Body right side(separation distance is 10mm)

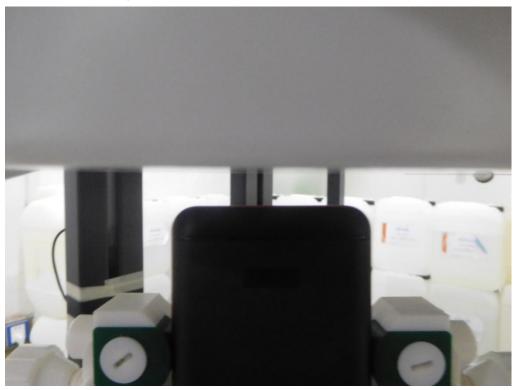


Report No.: 1707030H01

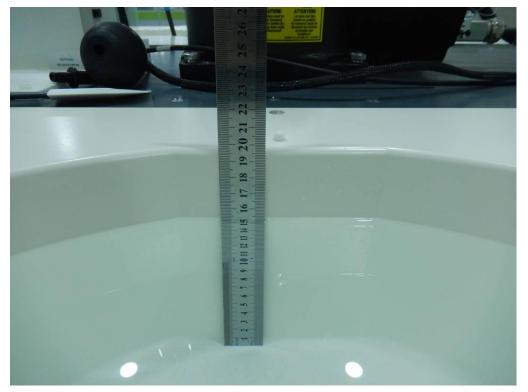
Body top side(separation distance is 10mm)



Body Bottom side(separation distance is 10mm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)



12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	128	0.485	1.36	32	31.02	0.608	1
	Voice	Right Tilt	128	0.247	3.65	32	31.02	0.310	/
GSM 850	VOICe	Left Cheek	128	0.466	-1.92	32	31.02	0.584	/
		Left Tilt	128	0.241	1.26	32	31.02	0.302	/
		Right Cheek	661	0.261	1.26	28	27.28	0.308	3
GSM1900	Voice	Right Tilt	661	0.145	3.84	28	27.28	0.171	/
GSIM1900		Left Cheek	661	0.255	2.69	28	27.28	0.301	/
		Left Tilt	661	0.137	-2.86	28	27.28	0.162	/
	RMC	Right Cheek	9262	0.298	2.81	21	20.35	0.346	5
WCDMA II		Right Tilt	9262	0.152	1.95	21	20.35	0.177	/
		Left Cheek	9262	0.279	2.21	21	20.35	0.324	/
		Left Tilt	9262	0.143	-1.48	21	20.35	0.166	/
	RMC	Right Cheek	4183	0.385	-3.15	23	22.36	0.446	7
WCDMA V		Right Tilt	4183	0.197	-2.38	23	22.36	0.228	/
		Left Cheek	4183	0.374	0.83	23	22.36	0.433	/
		Left Tilt	4183	0.189	-2.46	23	22.36	0.219	/

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WIFI	DATA	Right Cheek	1	0.060	-0.76	19	18.79	100	0.063	9
		Right Tilt	1	0.037	-2.73	19	18.79	100	0.039	/
		Left Cheek	1	0.054	-2.10	19	18.79	100	0.057	/
		Left Tilt	1	0.029	-3.93	19	18.79	100	0.030	/

Note:

1.Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.011** W/Kg for Head)

2. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg

Page 37 of 64

Report No.: 1707030H01

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
	Front side	190	0.327	-3.88	29	28.68	0.352	/	
		Back side	190	0.619	0.43	29	28.68	0.666	2
GSM 850	GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	190	0.112	-3.69	29	28.68	0.121	/
		Right side	190	0.257	3.53	29	28.68	0.277	/
		Bottom side	190	0.201	2.23	29	28.68	0.216	/
		Front side	661	0.389	-1.99	25	24.98	0.391	/
		Back side	661	0.761	0.15	25	24.98	0.765	4
GSM1900	GSM1900 GPRS Data-4 Slot	Left side	661	0.207	-1.38	25	24.98	0.208	/
	Right side	661	0.334	-1.81	25	24.98	0.336	/	
	Bottom side	661	0.305	-1.05	25	24.98	0.306	/	
		Front side	9262	0.535	1.68	21	20.35	0.621	/
		Back side	9262	1.061	1.44	21	20.35	1.232	6
		Back side	9400	0.976	1.78	21	20.21	1.171	/
WCDMA II	RMC	Back side	9538	0.953	2.73	21	20.11	1.170	/
		Left side	9262	0.105	-1.66	21	20.35	0.122	/
		Right side	9262	0.357	3.59	21	20.35	0.415	/
		Bottom side	9262	0.289	-3.11	21	20.35	0.336	/
		Front side	4183	0.278	0.35	23	22.36	0.322	/
		Back side	4183	0.525	-3.26	23	22.36	0.608	8
WCDMA V	RMC	Left side	4183	0.098	-0.09	23	22.36	0.114	/
-		Right side	4183	0.125	1.53	23	22.36	0.145	/
		Bottom side	4183	0.166	2.68	23	22.36	0.192	/

12.2 Body-worn and Hotspot SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Duty cycle(%)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
	Front side	1	0.043	3.30	19	18.79	100	0.045	/	
	000 11h	Back side	1	0.080	1.32	19	18.79	100	0.084	10
VVIFI	WIFI 802.11b	Left side	1	0.037	-1.06	19	18.79	100	0.039	/
		Top side	1	0.045	-0.76	19	18.79	100	0.047	/

Note:

1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.

- 2. Per KDB 248227- When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. (The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power was **0.015** W/Kg for Body)
- 3. When the user enables the personal Wireless router functions for the handsets, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
WCDMA II	RMC	Back side	9262	1.043	3.04	21	20.35	1.211	/

11.3 repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
WCDMA II	RMC	Back side	9262	1.061	1.043	1.02	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- Per KDB 865664 D01, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is≤1.2and the measured SAR<1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/Kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

Report No.: 1707030H01

Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Head	3. WCDMA + WIFI
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth
	1. GSM + WIFI
	2. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	3. WCDMA + WIFI
	4. WCDMA + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. Bluetooth and WIFI can't simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 5. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) $\cdot [\sqrt{f} (GHz)/x] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test
 - separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;
 - Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimat	Estimated SAR		ım Power	Antenna	Frequency(GHz)	Stand alone
		dBm mW		to user(mm)		SAR(1g) [W/kg]
DT	Head	0	0.001	5	2.480	0.167
BT	Body	6	3.981	10	2.480	0.084

Page 40 of 64 R

Report No.: 1707030H01

Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)
	Head	GSM Voice	0.608	0.671
GSM + WIFI	Heau	WIFI	0.063	0.071
63M + WIL1	Body	GSM Data	0.765	0.849
	Воцу	WIFI	0.084	0.049
	Head	GSM Voice	0.608	0.775
GSM + Bluetooth	Heau	Bluetooth	0.167	0.775
GSIM + Bidelootin	Body	GSM Data	0.765	0.849
	Body	Bluetooth	0.084	0.049
	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.446	0.509
WCDMA + WIFI	Tieau	WIFI	0.063	0.509
	Body	WCDMA RMC	1.232	1.316
	Воцу	WIFI	0.084	1.510
	Head	WCDMA RMC	0.446	0.613
WCDMA + Bluetooth	TEAU	Bluetooth	0.167	0.013
	Body	WCDMA RMC	1.232	1.316
	Dody	Bluetooth	0.084	1.510

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

Page 41 of 64

Report No.: 1707030H01

13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID835	SN 30/14 DIP0G835-332	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
1900MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID1900	SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
2450MHzDipole	SATIMO	SID2450	SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335	2014.09.01	2017.08.31
E-Field Probe	SATIMO	SSE5	SN 14/16 EP309	2016.12.05	2017.12.04
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 32/14 OCPG67	2016.12.05	2017.12.04
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 07/13 ZNTA52	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM115	2014.09.01	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 32/14 SAM116	2014.09.01	N/A
Phone holder	SATIMO	N/A	SN 32/14 MSH97	2014.09.01	N/A
Laptop holder	SATIMO	N/A	SN 32/14 LSH29	2014.09.01	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432810	2017.03.16	2018.03.15
Multi Meter	Keithley	Multi Meter 2000	4050073	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50140530	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	8960-E5515C	MY48360751	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Power Amplifier	DESAY	ZHL-42W	9638	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Power Meter	R&S	NRP	100510	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z11	101919	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	2016.10.23	2017.10.22
9dB Attenuator	Agilent	99899	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
11dB Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
110dB Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	DC-18GHz	2017.05.10	2018.05.09
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	SHWPDI- 1080S	N/A	2017.05.09	2018.05.08
Temperature & Humitidy	MiEO	HH660	N/A	2016.10.25	2017.10.24

Appendix A. System Validation Plots

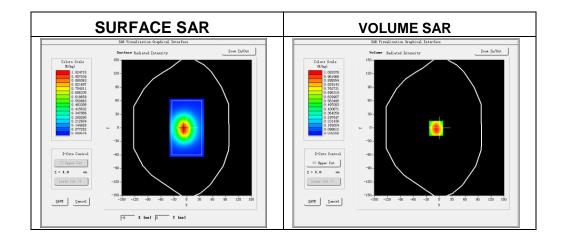
System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2017-06-13 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

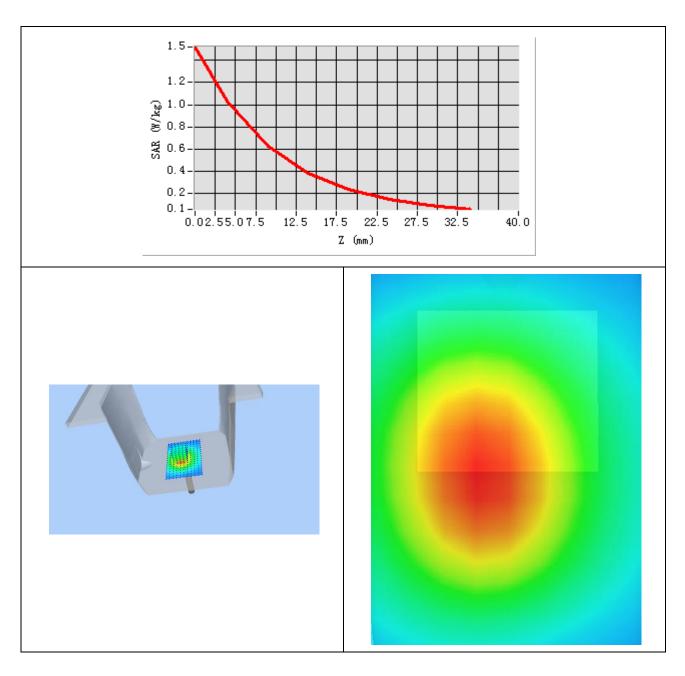
Experimental conditions

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity	40.78
Conductivity (S/m)	0.88
Power drift (%)	-0.14
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.74
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.593057
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.980710

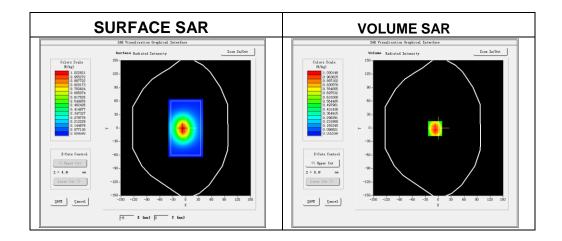


System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2017-06-13 Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

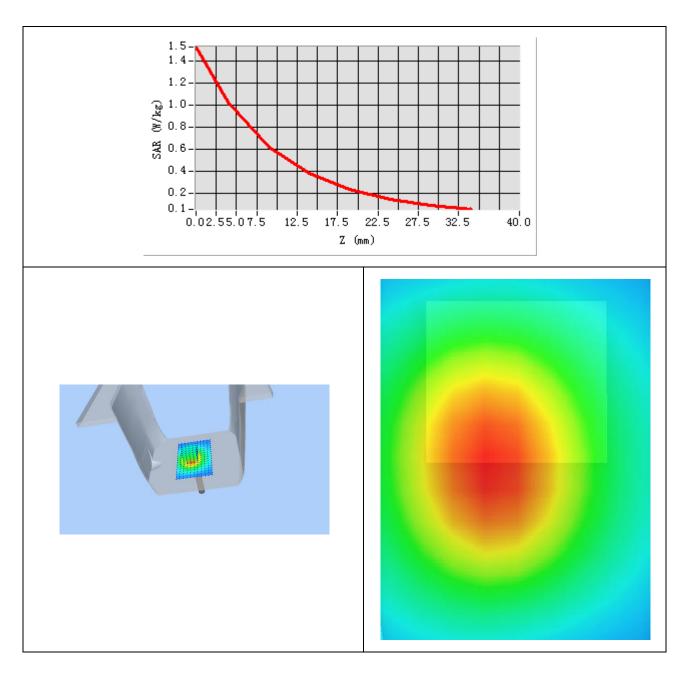
Experimental conditions.

Probe	
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	835MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835MHz
Relative permittivity	54.50
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
Power drift (%)	1.34
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.90
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.610255
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.962309

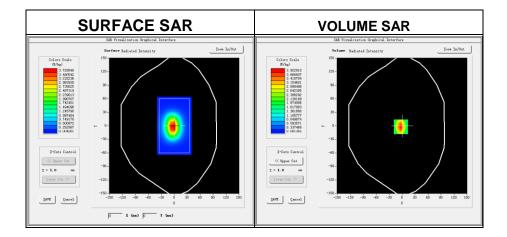


System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2017-06-13 Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

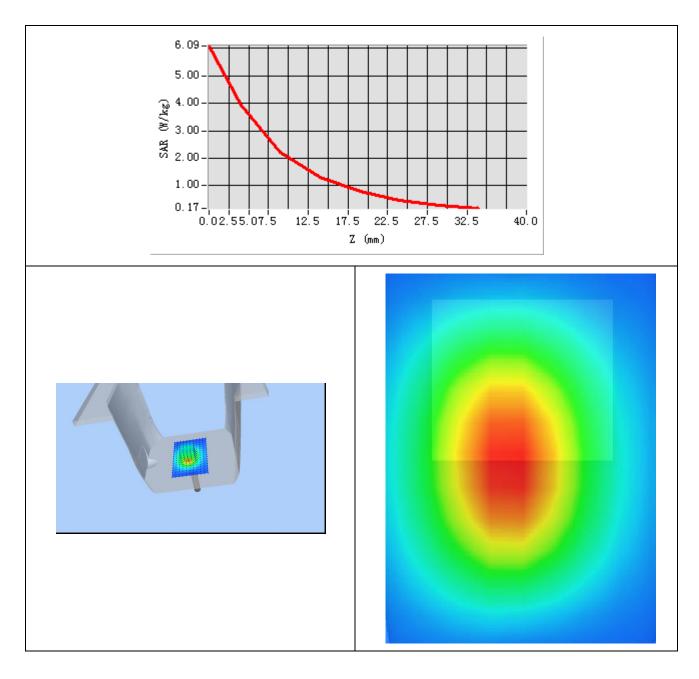
Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900MHz
Relative permittivity	39.19
Conductivity (S/m)	1.37
Power drift (%)	1.18
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.46
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.993341
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.044223

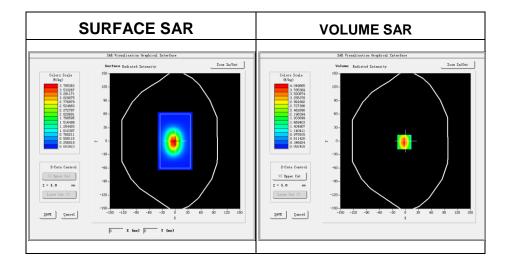


System Performance Check Data (1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2017-06-13 Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

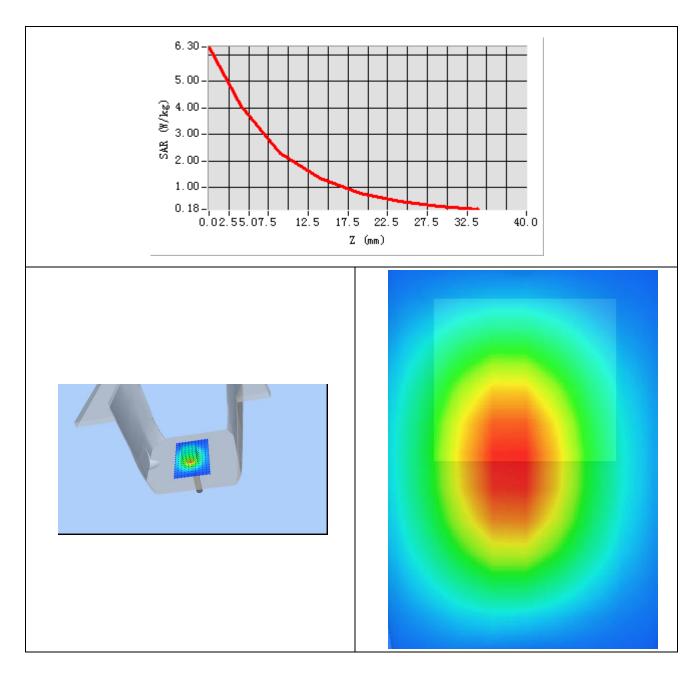
Experimental conditions.

Device Position	-
Band	1900MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900
Relative permittivity	53.88
Conductivity (S/m)	1.54
Power drift (%)	-0.10
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF:	5.67
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.014676
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.935293

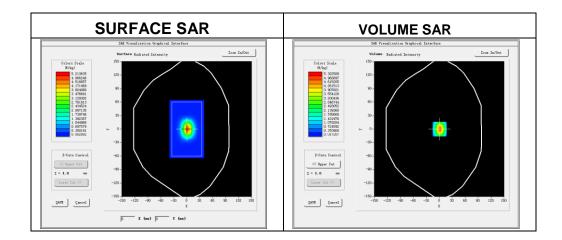


System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2017-06-14 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 51 seconds

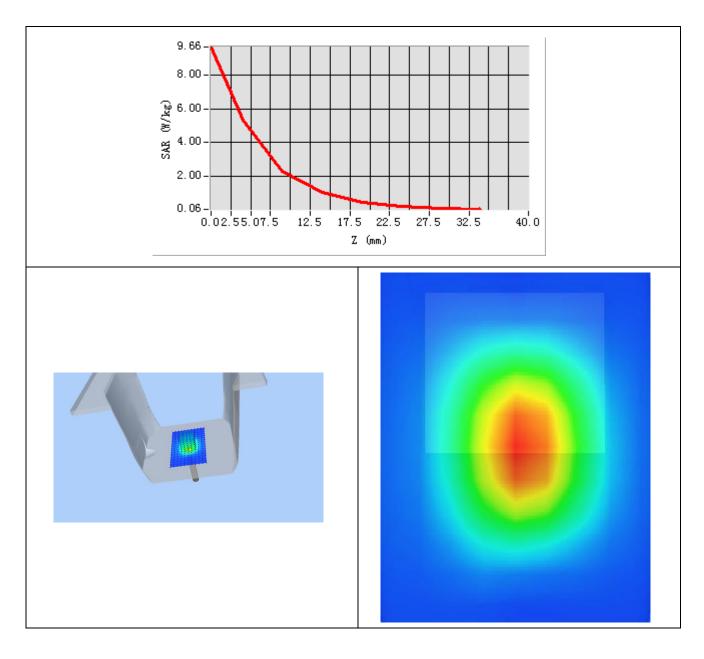
Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	40.03
Conductivity (S/m)	1.80
Power drift (%)	-0.39
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.09
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.365741
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.606297

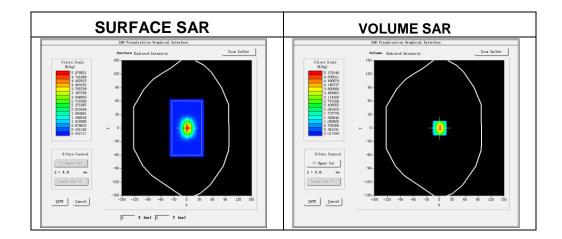


System Performance Check Data (2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 2017-06-14 Measurement duration: 14 minutes 23 seconds

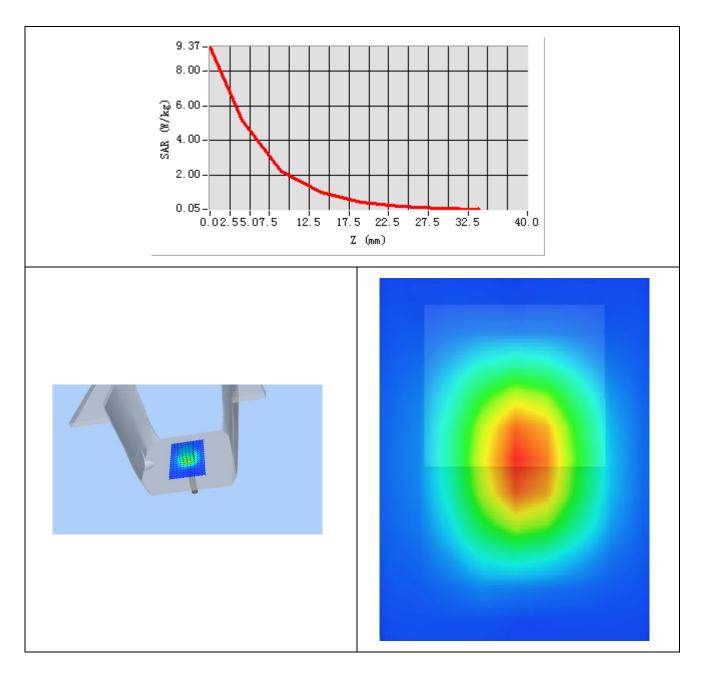
Experimental conditions.

Device Position	Validation plane
Band	2450 MHz
Channels	-
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity	52.81
Conductivity (S/m)	1.89
Power drift (%)	-0.07
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Crest factor:	1:1



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

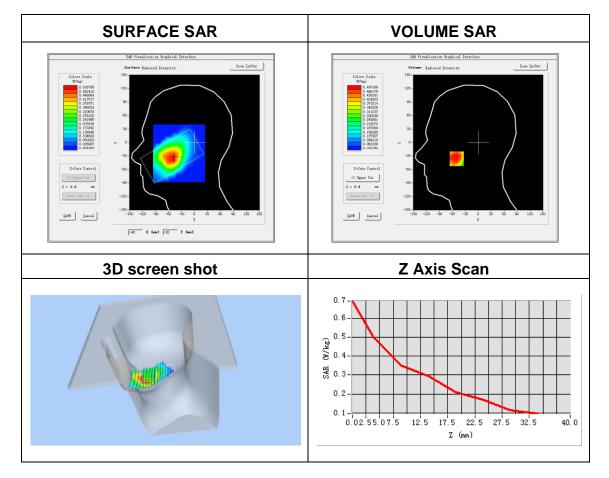
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.446209
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.127957



Appendix B. SAR Test Plots Plot 1: DUT: smart phone: EUT Model: Owen

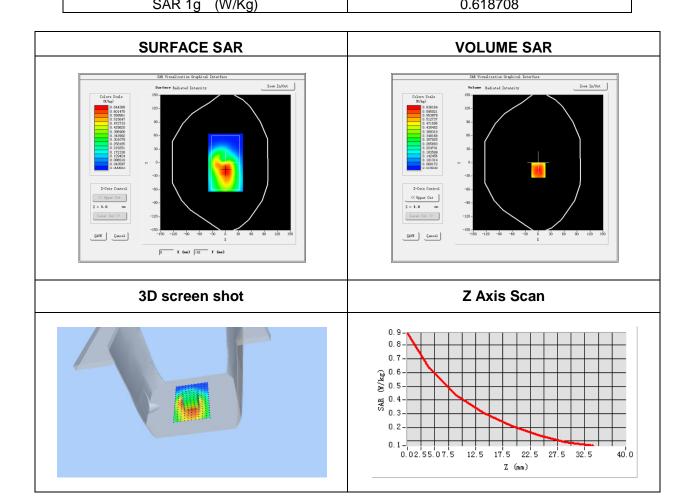
Test Date	2017-06-13
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.74
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	824.2
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	1.36
Maximum location	n: X=-50.00, Y=-36.00
SAR Pea	ak: 0.66 W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.349964

SAR TUY (W/RY)	0.349904
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.484898



Test Date	2017-06-13
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.90
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	GPRS 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97
Variation (%)	0.43
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-17.00	
SAR Peak: 0.89 W/kg	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.409748
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.618708

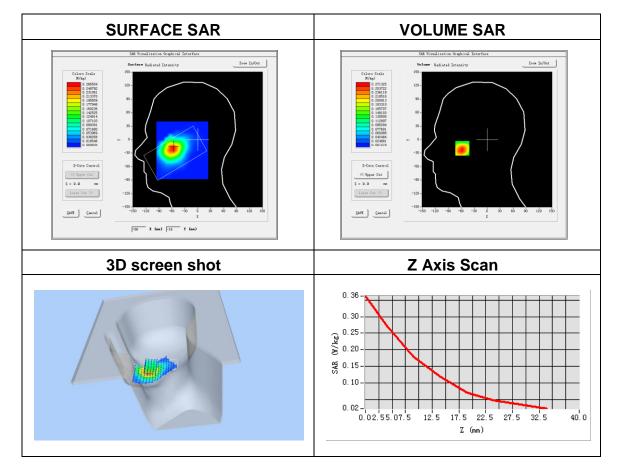
Plot 2: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen



Test Date	2017-06-13
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.46
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
7.0 m 0.00m	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.32)
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40
Variation (%)	1.26
Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-18.00 SAR Peak: 0.37 W/kg	

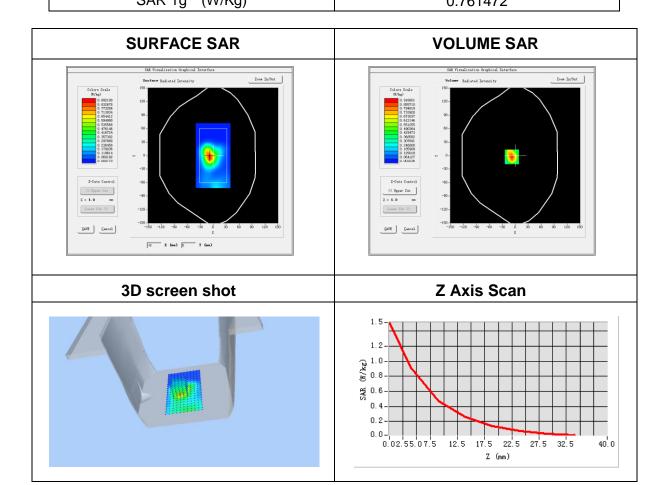
Plot 3: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen

Oraci cak. 0.07 Wing		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.159873	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.261391	



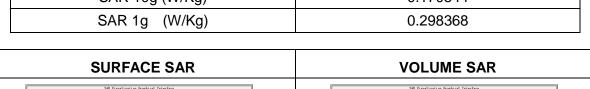
Test Date	2017-06-13	
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309	
ConvF	5.67	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body back side	
Band	GPRS 1900	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	Duty Cycle: 2.00 (Crest factor: 2.0)	
Frequency (MHz)	1880.0	
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52	
Variation (%)	0.15	
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-3.00		
	SAR Peak:1.50 W/kg	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.430207	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.761472	

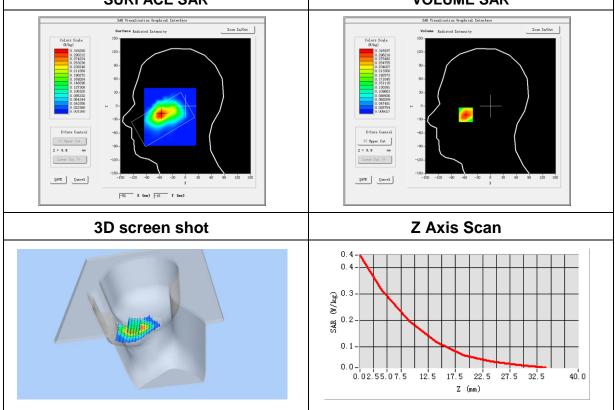
Plot 4: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen



Test Date	2017-06-13	
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309	
ConvF	5.46	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Phantom	Right head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band	WCDMA II	
Channels	Low	
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.00	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.40	
Variation (%)	2.81	
Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-18.00		
SAR Peak: 0.45 W/kg		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.170544	

Plot 5: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen





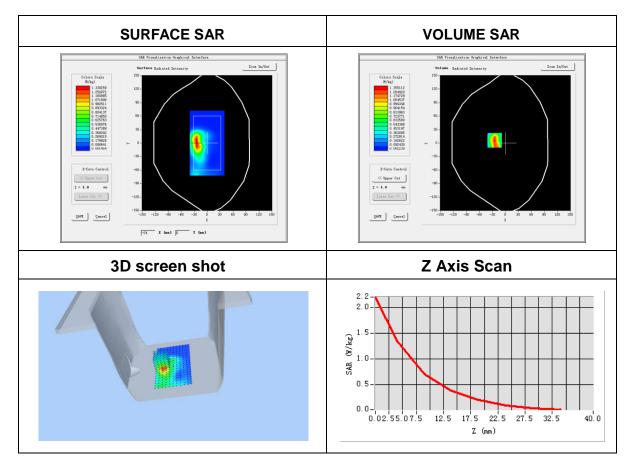
Page 59 of 64

Report No.: 1707030H01

Test Date	2017-06-13		
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309		
ConvF	5.67		
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm		
7	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,		
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body back side		
Band	WCDMA II		
Channels	Low		
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)		
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4		
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.30		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.52		
Variation (%)	1.44		
Maximum location	n: X=-25.00, Y=6.00		
SAR Peak	SAR Peak: 2.28 W/kg		

Plot 6: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.613959
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.060926

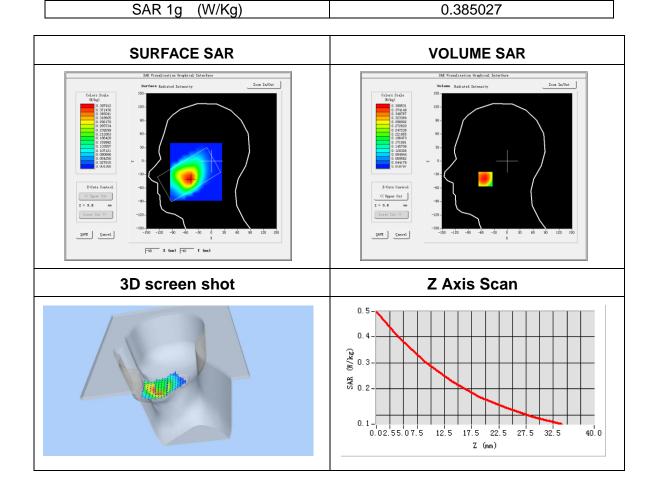


Page 60 of 64 Report No.: 1707030H01

t phone; EUT Model: Owen		
Test Date	2017-06-13	
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309	
ConvF	5.74	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Dhantam	Pight hood	

Plot 7: DUT: smart phone

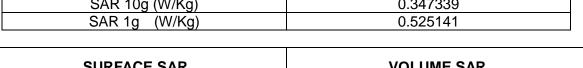
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.74
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 n
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA V
Channels	Middle
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	836.6
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.50
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90
Variation (%)	-3.15
Maximum location:	X=-50.00, Y=-40.00
SAR Peak:	0.50 W/kg
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.272164

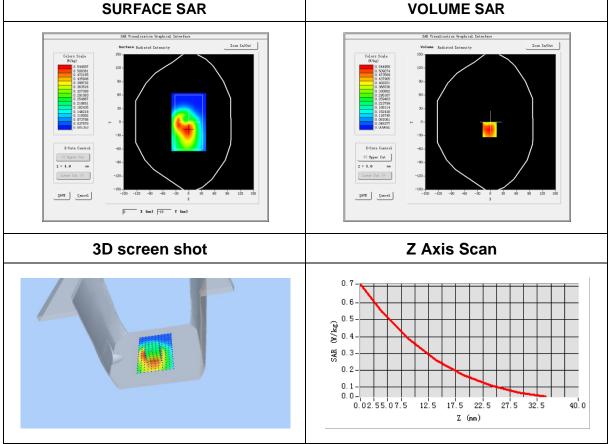


Page 61 of 64

to. Dor. smart phone, Lor Model. Owen		
Test Date	2017-06-14	
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309	
ConvF	5.90	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
7	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,	
ZoomScan	Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body back side	
Band	WCDMA V	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	
Frequency (MHz)	836.6	
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.20	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.97	
Variation (%)	-3.26	
Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-17.00		
SAR Peal	k: 0.76 W/kg	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.347339	

Plot 8: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen



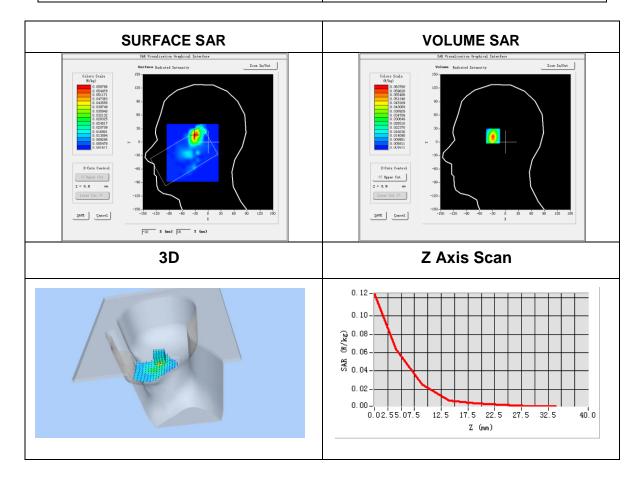


Plot 9: DUT:smart phone; EUT Model: Owen

Test Date	2017-06-14
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.09
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.20
Conductivity (S/m)	1.80
Variation (%)	-0.76

Maximum location: X=-29.00, Y=17.00 SAR Peak: 0.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.024312
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.060108

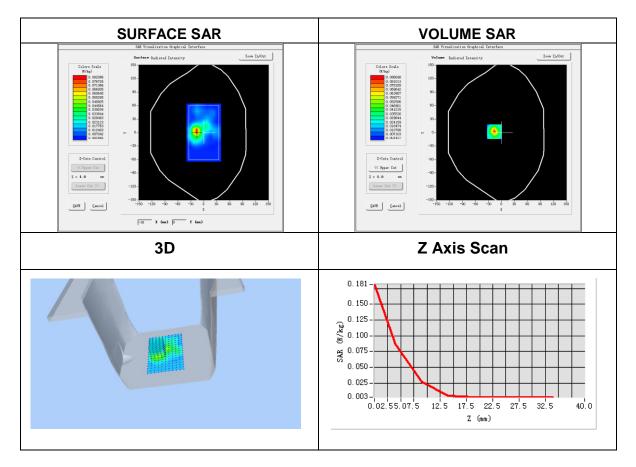


Test Date	2016-06-13
Probe	SN 14/16 EP309
ConvF	5.24
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back side
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.70
Conductivity (S/m)	1.95
Variation (%)	1.32

Plot 10: DUT: smart phone; EUT Model: Owen

Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=2.00 SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.027962
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.080231



Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.
