ETC Report No. : ET94S-10-235-01 Sheet 1 of 83 Sheets FCC ID: PI402B



CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C

Report No.: ET94S-10-235-01

Client: Ezurio Ltd.
Product: go blue US

Product: go blue USB v2
Model: BRBLU03-010A1

FCC ID: PI402B

Manufacturer/supplier: Ezurio Ltd.

Date test item received: 2005/10/28

Date test campaign completed: 2005/11/23

Date of issue: 2006/01/13

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Total number of pages of this test report: 83 pages

Total number of pages of photos: External photos 1 pages

Internal photos 1 pages

Setup photos 3 pages

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ETC Report No. : ET94S-10-235-01 Sheet 2 of 83 Sheets FCC ID: PI402B

Client : Ezurio Ltd.

Address : Unit2, 126 Colindale Avenue, London NW9 5HD, United Kingdom

Manufacturer : Ezurio Ltd.

Address : Unit2, 126 Colindale Avenue, London NW9 5HD, United Kingdom

EUT : go blue USB v2

Trade name : EZURiO

Model No. : BRBLU03-010A1

Power Source : 5.0Vdc (from USB port)

Regulations applied : FCC 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C (2005) and RSS-210

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : go blue USB v2

b) Trade Name : EZURiO

c) Model No. : BRBLU03-010A1

d) Power Supply : 5.0Vdc (from USB port)

1.2 Characteristics of Device

The EUT is a Bluetooth USB Adaptor (go blue USB v2) based on the Bluetooth technology V2.0 + EDR. Bluetooth is a short-range radio link intended to be a cable replacement between portable or fixed electronic devices. Bluetooth operates in the unlicensed ISM Band at 2.4GHz. In this band, 79 RF channels spaced 1MHz apart are defined. The rated output power is 2.84 dBm (1.92 mW).

1.3 Test Methodology

All testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 an FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and Part 15.

1.4 Modifiction List of EUT

N/A

1.5 Test Facility

The semi-anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data are located inside the Building at No.8, Lane 29, Wen-ming Road, Lo-shan Tsun, Kweishan Hsiang, Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C.

This site has been accreditation as a FCC filing site.

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2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note: A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.107(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dB μ V	Average dB μ V
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

^{*}Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

For intentional device, according to §15.207(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is same as above table.

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency MHz	Distance Meters	Radiated dB μ V/m	Radiated μV/m
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 - 216	3	43.5	150
216 - 960	3	46.0	200
above 960	3	54.0	500

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

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(4) 20dB Bandwidth Requirement

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(a)(1), hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

(5) Output Power Requirement

For frequency hopping systems, according to 15.247(1), operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels. The maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to 15.247 (a) (1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

(6) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(c), if any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in §15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

(7) Number of Hopping Channels

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems, operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels.

(8) Channel Carrier Frequencies Seperation

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), the frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

(9) Dwell Time

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 second multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

(10) Power Spectral Density

According to 15.247(d), for bluetooth device, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater them 8dBm in any 3kHz band during any time interral of continuous transmission.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.25
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

^{**:} Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

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2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

To comply with the FCC RF exposure compliance requirement, this device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating to conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For the purposes of this test report ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT during the test. Notebook PC was used to control the RF channel under the hightest, middle and lowest frequency and transmit the maximum RF power. Customer would not use it. But never the less ancillary equipment can influence the test results..

3.2 Devices for Tested System

Device	Manufacture	Model	Cable Description
*go blue USB v2	lEzurio Ltd	BRBLU03- 010A1	0.8m*1, Unshielded USB Cable
Notebook PC	ASUS	11:7245	3.3m*1, Unshielded Power Line (Adaptor)

Remark

1. "*" means equipment under test.

2.

Test software:	CSR Bluetest
Power setting (Ext, Int):	(255,63)



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4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated, and the out band emission shall be comply with §15.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

A.Preliminary Measurement For Portable Devices.

For portable devices, the following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT (X,Y and Z axis):

- 1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 2. With the receiving antennna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
- 3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. The axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.
- 4. The position in which the maximum noise occurred was "Y axis". (Please see the test setup photos)

B. Final Measurement

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in continuous operating function.
- 2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a semi-anechoic chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions and then each selected frequency is precisely measured. As the same purpose, for emission measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
- 3. For emission measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 120 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
- 4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.

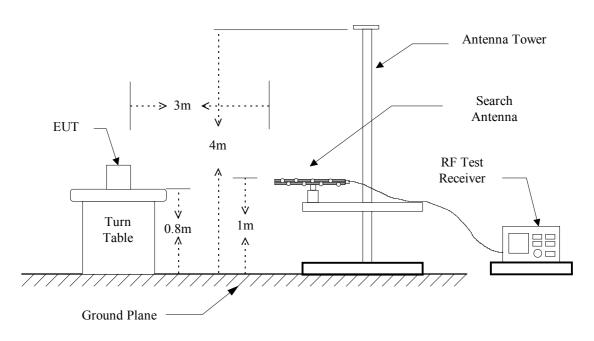
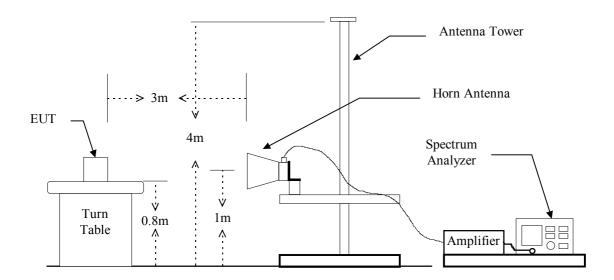


Figure 1: Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

Figure 2: Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
EMI Test Receiver	Hewlett-Packard	8546A	12/12/2006
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU46	11/02/2006
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	06/04/2006
BiLog Antenna	Schaffner	CBL 6112B	06/14/2006
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	07/21/2006
Preamplifier	Hewlett-Packard	8449B	09/19/2006

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used:

Frequency Band	Instrument	Function	Resolution	Video
(MHz)	moti annone	T direction	Bandwidth	Bandwidth
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	300 kHz
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Peak	120 kHz	300 kHz
A1 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz

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4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 RF Portion

a) Channel 0

Operation Mode : Transmitting Fundamental Frequency : 2402 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 22°C Humidity: 71%

Frequency	Reading (dBuV)				Factor (dB)		Result @3m (dBuV/m)		Limit @3m (dBuV/m)	
		Н		V		Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave.	
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	Ave	Corr.	(H/V I	Max.)			
1201.000					-12.9			74.0	54.0	
4804.000	52.0	48.2	53.1	49.0	0.5	53.6	49.5	74.0	54.0	
12010.000					10.5			74.0	54.0	
16216.000					13.3			74.0	54.0	

b) Channel 39

Fundamental Frequency: 2441 MHz

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor		t @3m	Limit	
	Н		V		(dB)	Peak	V/m) Ave	Peak	V/m) Ave.
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak	k Ave Corr. (H/V Max.)		Max.)			
1220.500					-12.9			74.0	54.0
4882.000	51.9	48.1	52.8	48.9	0.5	53.3	49.4	74.0	54.0
7323.000					3.7			74.0	54.0
12205.000					5.8			74.0	54.0
19528.000					13.3			74.0	54.0

c) Channel 78

Fundamental Frequency: 2480 MHz

Frequency	Reading (dBuV)				Factor		t @3m		@3m
		H	V	V		(dBuV/m) Peak Ave		Peak	V/m) Ave.
(MHz)	Peak	Ave	Peak Ave		Corr.	(H/V I	Max.)		
1240.000					-12.9			74.0	54.0
4960.000	51.8	48.0	53.2	49.0	0.5	53.7	49.5	74.0	54.0
7440.000				-	3.7			74.0	54.0
12400.000					5.8			74.0	54.0
19840.000					13.3			74.0	54.0
22320.000					13.5			74.0	54.0

- 1. Item of margin shown in above table refer to average limit.
- 2. Remark "---" means that the emissions level is too low to be measured.
- 3. Item "Margin" referred to Average limit while there is only peak result.
- 4. The radiation emissions have been measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the fundamental frequency and show the significant frequencies, other means the value is too low to be detected.

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4.4.2 Other Emission

4.4.2.1

Operation Mode: 2402 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 22°C Humidity: 71%

A. below 1GHz

Emission	Meter I	Reading	CORR'd	Res	ults	Limit	Margins	Table	Degree	Ant.	High
Frequency	(dB	uV)	Factor	(dBu	V/m)	(3m)		(d	leg)	(r	n)
(MHz)	HOR.	VERT.	(dB)	HOR.	VERT.	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	HOR.	VERT.	HOR.	VERT.
111.480	***	19.6	12.5	***	32.1	43.5	-11.4	***	302	***	1.0
150.280	17.5	***	15.1	32.6	***	43.5	-10.9	32	***	1.0	***
245.340	***	17.6	14.6	***	32.2	46.0	-13.8	***	224	***	1.2
286.080	19.2	20.5	15.7	34.9	36.2	46.0	-9.8	142	78	1.2	1.5
303.540	20.4	17.8	16.8	37.2	34.6	46.0	-8.8	183	132	1.0	1.3
342.340	17.1	16.8	18.1	35.2	34.9	46.0	-10.8	72	312	1.2	1.2
502.390	14.3	***	21.5	35.8	***	46.0	-10.2	302	***	1.3	***
701.240	***	10.7	26.1	***	36.8	46.0	-9.2	***	204	***	1.3
706.090	11.0	***	26.1	37.1	***	46.0	-8.9	224	***	1.0	***

B. above 1GHz

Frequency	Ant Pol	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor	Duty Factor	Result (dBu	@3m V/m)		@3m ıV/m)	Margins
(MHz)	H/V	Peak	(dB)	(dB)	Peak	AVG	Peak	AVG	(dB)
Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 4.5 GHz									

- 1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is
 - ± 4.6 dB (30MHz $\leq f$ <300MHz).
 - ± 4.4 dB (300MHz $\leq f < 1000$ MHz).
 - ± 4.1 dB (1GHz $\leq f \leq 18$ GHz).

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4.4.2.2

Operation Mode: 2441 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 22°C Humidity: 71%

A. below 1GHz

Emission	Meter I	Reading	CORR'd	Res	ults	Limit	Margins	Table	Degree	Ant.	High
Frequency	(dB	uV)	Factor	(dBu	V/m)	(3m)		(d	leg)	(m)	
(MHz)	HOR.	VERT.	(dB)	HOR.	VERT.	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	HOR.	VERT.	HOR.	VERT.
111.480	***	20.8	12.5	***	33.3	43.5	-10.2	***	78	***	1.0
150.280	18.6	***	15.1	33.7	***	43.5	-9.8	132	***	1.0	***
286.080	21.0	23.0	15.7	36.7	38.7	46.0	-7.3	273	148	1.2	1.2
303.540	20.0	17.5	16.8	36.8	34.3	46.0	-9.2	148	212	1.3	1.3
342.340	16.8	17.0	18.1	34.9	35.1	46.0	-10.9	312	203	1.0	1.0
436.430	16.1	13.7	20.1	36.2	33.8	46.0	-9.8	78	178	1.3	1.2
502.390	15.6	***	21.5	37.1	***	46.0	-8.9	113	***	1.2	***
706.090	***	12.0	26.1	***	38.1	46.0	-7.9	***	312	***	1.3

B. above 1GHz

Frequency	Ant Pol	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor	Duty Factor	Result (dBu	@3m V/m)	Limit (dBu	@3m IV/m)	Margins	
(MHz)	H/V	Peak	(dB)	(dB)	Peak	AVG	Peak	AVG	(dB)	
	Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 4.5 GHz									
were too low to be measured.										

- 1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is
 - ± 4.6 dB (30MHz $\leq f$ <300MHz).
 - ± 4.4 dB (300MHz $\leq f < 1000$ MHz).
 - ± 4.1 dB (1GHz $\leq f \leq 18$ GHz).

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4.4.2.3

Operation Mode: 2480 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 22°C Humidity: 71%

A. below 1GHz

Emission	Meter I	Reading	CORR'd	Res	ults	Limit	Margins	Table	Degree	Ant.	High
Frequency	(dB	uV)	Factor	(dBu	V/m)	(3m)		(d	leg)	(m)	
(MHz)	HOR.	VERT.	(dB)	HOR.	VERT.	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	HOR.	VERT.	HOR.	VERT.
111.480	***	19.6	12.5	***	32.1	43.5	-11.4	***	321	***	1.0
150.280	20.0	***	15.1	35.1	***	43.5	-8.4	306	***	1.0	***
286.080	19.4	22.5	15.7	35.1	38.2	46.0	-7.8	78	78	1.2	1.2
300.630	***	16.9	16.8	***	33.7	46.0	-12.3	***	123	***	1.3
303.540	21.4	***	16.8	38.2	***	46.0	-7.8	132	***	1.3	***
342.340	18.4	17.1	18.1	36.5	35.2	46.0	-9.5	148	78	1.5	1.0
436.430	15.1	***	20.1	35.2	***	46.0	-10.8	68	***	1.0	***
502.390	14.3	11.7	21.5	35.8	33.2	46.0	-10.2	297	123	1.2	1.2
706.090	***	10.7	26.1	***	36.8	46.0	-9.2	***	69	***	1.4

B. above 1GHz

Frequency	Ant Pol	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor	Duty Factor	Result (dBu	@3m V/m)		@3m ıV/m)	Margins	
(MHz)	H/V	Peak	(dB)	(dB)	Peak	AVG	Peak	ÁVG	(dB)	
	Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 4.5 GHz									
were too low to be measured.										

- 1. Place of Measurement: Measuring site of the ETC.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 3. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is
 - ± 4.6 dB (30MHz $\leq f$ <300MHz).
 - ± 4.4 dB (300MHz $\leq f < 1000$ MHz).
 - ± 4.1 dB (1GHz $\leq f \leq 18$ GHz).

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4.4.3 Radiated Measurement at Bandedge with Fundamental Frequencies

(A)

Channel 0

Operation Mode : Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency: 2402 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 22°C Humidity: 71%

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor		@3m	Limit	_
	1	H V				(dBu Peak	V/m) Ave	(dBu Peak	V/m) Ave.
(MHz)	Peak	Peak Ave Peak Ave		Ave	Corr.	(H/V I	Max.)		
2390.000	29.1	19.9	29.2	20.1	30.3	59.5	50.4	74.0	54.0

Note:

The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2310 ~2390 MHz.

(B)

Channel 78

Operation Mode : Transmitting

Fundamental Frequency: 2480 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 22°C Humidity: 71%

Frequency		Reading	(dBuV)		Factor		@3m	Limit	_
	1	Н	V	•	(dB)	(dBu Peak	V/m) Ave	(dBu Peak	V/m) Ave.
(MHz)	Peak	Peak Ave		Ave	Corr.	(H/V I	Max.)		
2483.500	30.1	20.8	30.2	20.9	30.3	60.5	51.2	74.0	54.0

Note:

The result is the highest value of radiated emission from restrict band of 2483.5 ~2500 MHz.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss(if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

Result = Reading + Corrected Factor

where

Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + High Pass Filter Loss - Amplifier Gain

5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

5.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to § 15.107(a) and §15.207(a) respectively. Both Limits are identical specification.

5.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
- 2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
- 3. Record the 6 highest emissions relative to the limit.
- 4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
- 5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
- 6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Vertical Reference
Ground Plane

Test Receiver

EUT

Reference Ground Plane

Figure 3: Conducted emissions measurement configuration

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5.3 Conducted Emission Data

5.3.1

Operation Mode: 2402 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 21°C Humidity: 70%

Freq.]	Meter I (dB	Reading uV)	3	Factor			sult uV)			mit uV)	Margins (dB)
(MHz)	Q.P V	Value	AVG.	Value	(dB)	Q.P V	Value	AVG.	Value	Q.P	AVG.	Q.P. or AVG.
	L1	L2	L1	L2		L1	L2	L1	L2	Value	Value	Q.I. 01 AVG.
0.150	47.3	***			0.2	47.5	***			66.0	56.0	-18.5
0.162	***	46.8			0.2	***	47.0			65.4	55.4	-18.4
0.165	43.8	***			0.2	44.0	***			65.2	55.2	-21.2
0.205	***	43.9			0.2	***	44.1			63.4	53.4	-19.3
0.208	42.1	***			0.2	42.3	***			63.3	53.3	-21.0
0.275	35.3	***			0.2	35.5	***			61.0	51.0	-25.5
0.341	***	34.9			0.2	***	35.1			59.2	49.2	-24.1
0.751	***	32.7			0.2	***	32.9			56.0	46.0	-23.1
1.094	***	34.2			0.2	***	34.4			56.0	46.0	-21.6
1.641	32.8	***			0.2	33.0	***			56.0	46.0	-23.0
12.785	36.9	***			0.3	37.2	***			60.0	50.0	-22.8
12.852	***	38.6			0.3	***	38.9			60.0	50.0	-21.1

- 1. "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "----" means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
- 3. "#" means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.
- 4. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is ±2.5dB.
- 5. Please refer to page 22 to page 23 for chart.

CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST PEAK VALUE

EUT: Manuf:

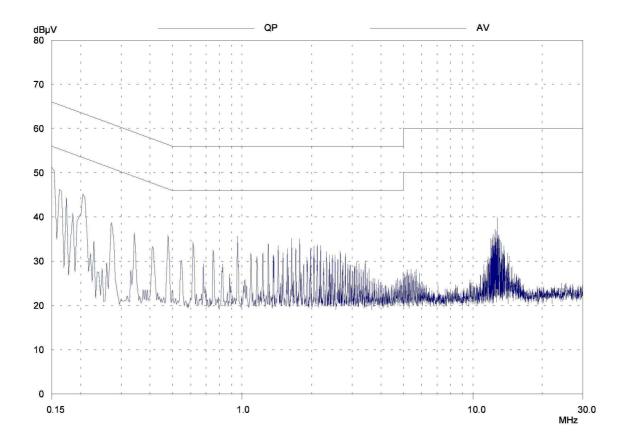
Op Cond: TX_CH0
Operator: MARK

Test Spec:

Comment: L1

Final Measurement:

Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 6 dB



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST PEAK VALUE

EUT:

Manuf: Op Cond:

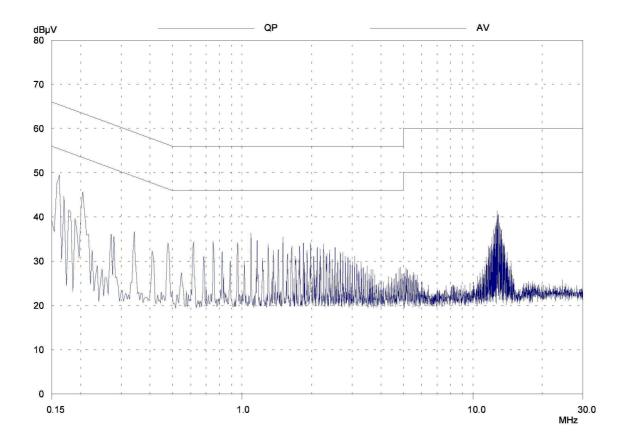
TX_CH0 MARK

Operator: Test Spec:

Comment: L2

Final Measurement:

Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 6 dB



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5.3.2 Operation Mode: 2441 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 21°C Humidity: 70%

Freq.]		Reading uV)	3	Factor			sult uV)			mit uV)	Margins (dB)
(MHz)	Q.P V	Value	AVG.	Value	(dB)	Q.P V	Value	AVG.	Value	Q.P	AVG.	Q.P. or AVG.
	L1	L2	L1	L2		L1	L2	L1	L2	Value	Value	Q.F. 01 AVG.
0.150	49.1	48.2			0.2	49.3	48.4			66.0	56.0	-16.7
0.165	***	45.1			0.2	***	45.3			65.2	55.2	-19.9
0.201	44.3	***			0.2	44.5	***			63.6	53.6	-19.1
0.205	***	42.6			0.2	***	42.8			63.4	53.4	-20.6
0.271	***	36.2			0.2	***	36.4			61.1	51.1	-24.7
0.275	37.8	***			0.2	38.0	***			61.0	51.0	-23.0
0.478	33.8	***			0.2	34.0	***			56.4	46.4	-22.4
0.478	***	34.1			0.2	***	34.3			56.4	46.4	-22.1
1.093	34.1	***		-	0.2	34.3	***			56.0	46.0	-21.7
12.715	***	37.6			0.3	***	37.9			60.0	50.0	-22.1
12.988	35.7	***			0.3	36.0	***			60.0	50.0	-24.0

- 1. "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "----" means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
- 3. "#" means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.
- 4. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is ±2.5dB.
- 5. Please refer to page 25 to page 26 for chart.

CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST PEAK VALUE

EUT: Manuf:

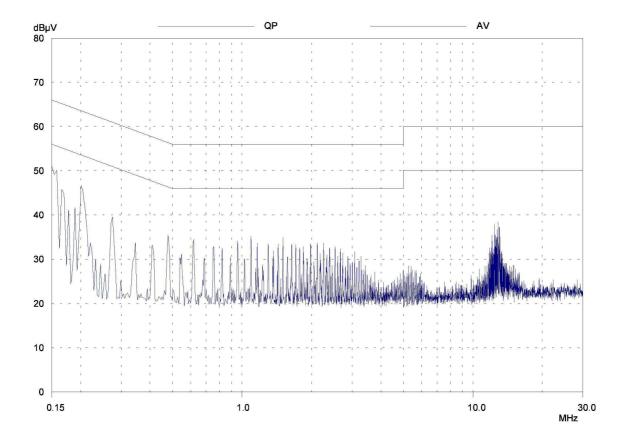
Op Cond: TX_CH39
Operator: MARK

Test Spec:

Comment: L1

Final Measurement:

Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 6 dB



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST PEAK VALUE

EUT: Manuf:

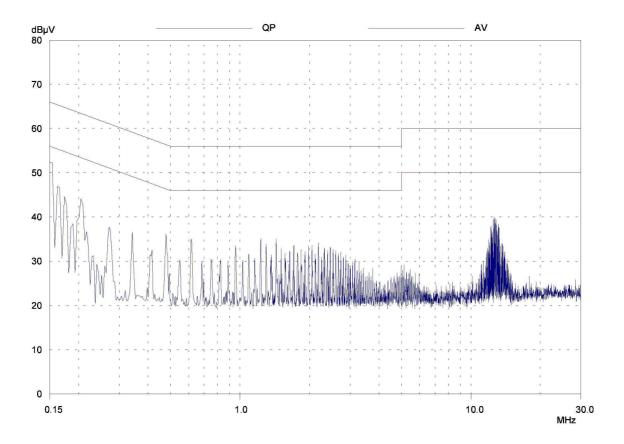
Op Cond: TX_CH39
Operator: MARK

Test Spec:

Comment: L2

Final Measurement:

Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 6 dB



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5.3.3 Operation Mode: 2480 MHz

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 21°C Humidity: 70%

Freq.	1		Reading uV)	3	Factor			sult uV)			mit uV)	Margins (dB)
(MHz)	Q.P V	Value	AVG.	Value	(dB)	Q.P	Value	AVG.	Value	Q.P	AVG.	Q.P. or AVG.
	L1	L2	L1	L2		L1	L2	L1	L2	Value	Value	Q.I. 01 AVG.
0.150	47.9	47.1			0.2	48.1	47.3			66.0	56.0	-17.9
0.165	***	43.2			0.2	***	43.4			65.2	55.2	-21.8
0.204	***	40.3			0.2	***	40.5			63.4	53.4	-22.9
0.205	45.7	***			0.2	45.9	***			63.4	53.4	-17.5
0.271	***	36.2			0.2	***	36.4			61.1	51.1	-24.7
0.275	36.1	***			0.2	36.3	***			61.0	51.0	-24.7
0.478	***	34.6			0.2	***	34.8			56.4	46.4	-21.6
0.617	32.7	***			0.2	32.9	***			56.0	46.0	-23.1
1.297	32.0	***			0.2	32.2	***			56.0	46.0	-23.8
12.781	***	39.2			0.3	***	39.5			60.0	50.0	-20.5
12.851	36.8	***			0.3	37.1	***			60.0	50.0	-22.9

- 1. "***" means the value was too low to be measured.
- 2. If the data table appeared symbol of "----" means the Q.P. value is under the limit of AVG. so, the AVG. value doesn't need to be measured.
- 3. "#" means the noise was too low, so record the peak value.
- 4. The estimated measurement uncertainty of the result measurement is ±2.5dB.
- 5. Please refer to page 28 to page 29 for chart.

CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST PEAK VALUE

EUT: Manuf:

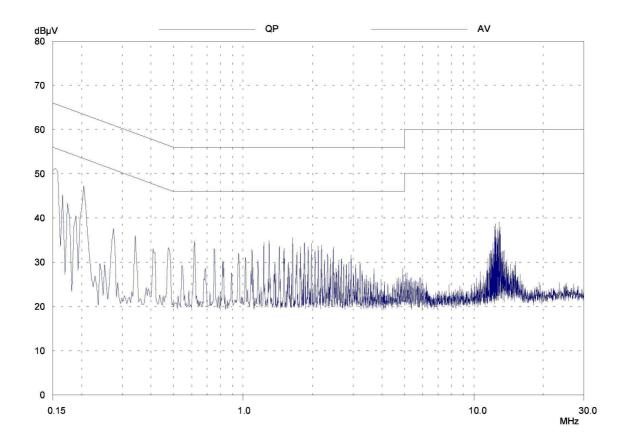
Op Cond: Operator: TX_CH78 MARK

Test Spec:

Comment: L1

Final Measurement:

Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 6 dB



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST PEAK VALUE

EUT: Manuf:

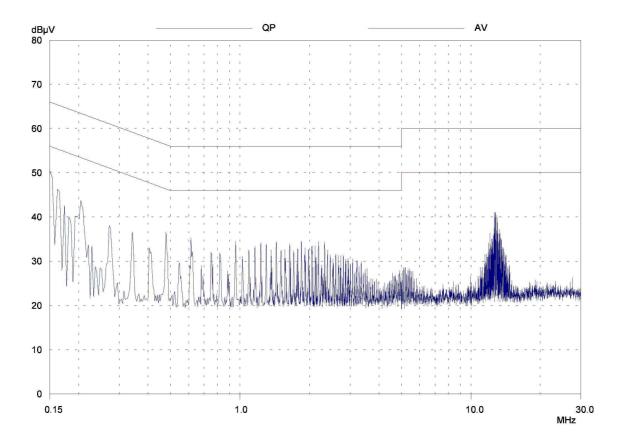
Op Cond: Operator: TX_CH78 MARK

Test Spec:

Comment: L2

Final Measurement:

Detector: X QP
Meas Time: 1sec
Peaks: 8
Acc Margin: 6 dB



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5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB μ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dB μ V.

RESULT = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 dB
$$\mu$$
 V
Level in μ V = Common Antilogarithm[(22.6 dB μ V)/20]
= 13.48 μ V

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test.

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Next Cal. Due
RF Test Receiver	Rohde and Schwarz	ESCS30	03/31/2006
Line Impedance Stabilization network	EMCO	3825	11/09/2006

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6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to §15.247 (b), if Receivng antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.2 Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

The antennas fix on the PCB. The peak gain of antenna used is 2.0 dBi.

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7 20dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT

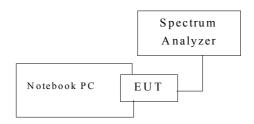
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), for frequency hopping systems, hopping channel carrier frequencies seperated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel, whichever is greater.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. The setup of the EUT as shown in figure 4. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4: Emission bandwidth measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer Model No.		Next Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	8564EC	09/23/2006

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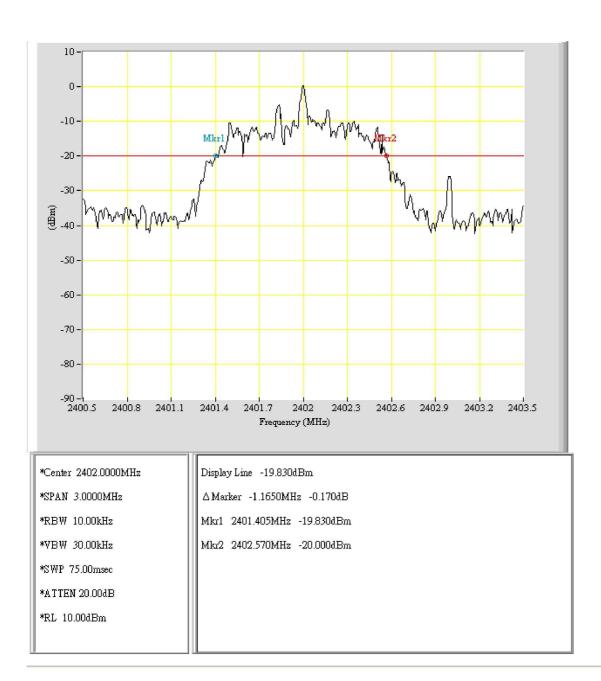
7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Nov. 23, 2005 Temperature: 21°C Humidity: 70%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Chart
0	2402	1.165	Page 34
39	2441	1.165	Page 35
78	2480	1.165	Page 36

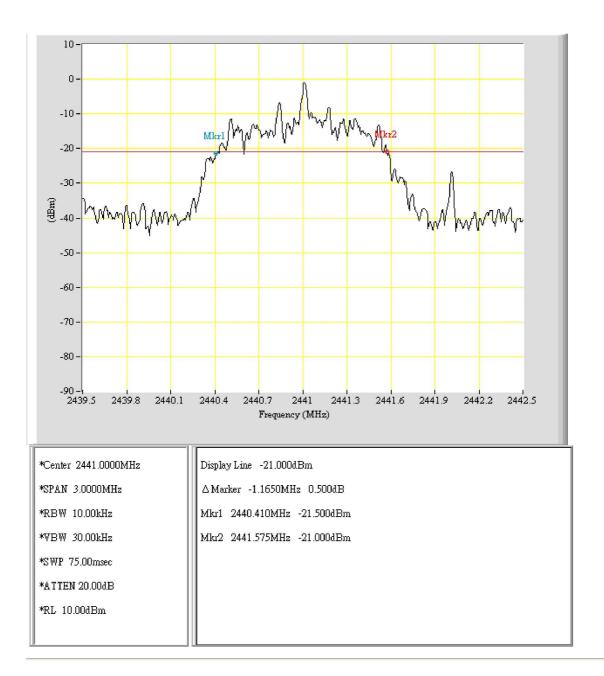
Note: Please refer to page 34 to page 36 for chart.

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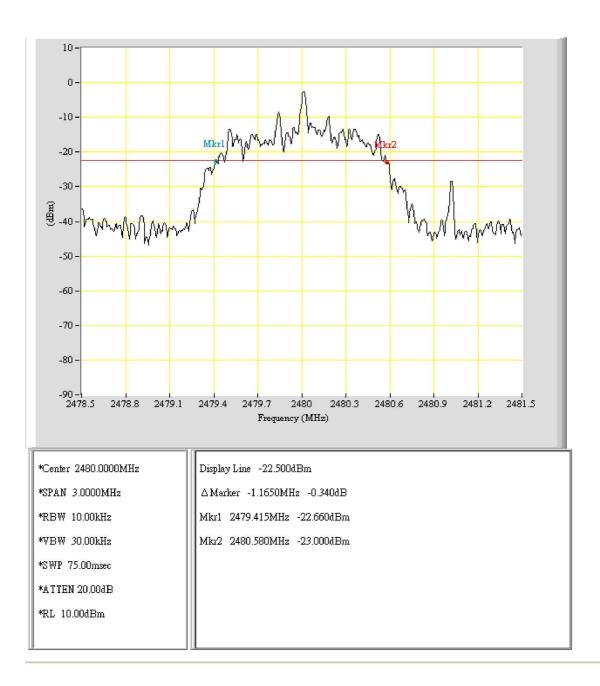
EUT:

Purpose: 20dB_BW Condition: CH0



EUT:

Purpose: 20dB_BW Condition: CH39



EUT:

Purpose: 20dB_BW Condition: CH78