

Commander NEO

User & Installation Manual





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Safety summary

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service and repair of this equipment. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture and intended use of the equipment. Thrane & Thrane A/S assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

Intended use

The Commander NEO terminal is intended for land vehicular use.

Before installing this product, please contact the vehicle manufacturer to confirm details about the mounting, cabling and placement.

Observe marked areas

Under extreme heat conditions do not touch areas of the terminal that are marked with this symbol, as it may result in injury.

Microwave radiation hazards

During transmission the antenna in this system radiates microwave power. This radiation may be hazardous to humans close to the terminal. When the system is powered, make sure that nobody gets closer than the recommended minimum safety distance.





The minimum safety distance is 0.7 m to the side and above the terminal when the Commander NEO is powered. The safety distance does not apply directly below the terminal, as the radiation forms a hemisphere above the terminal.

La distance de sécurité minimale est de 0.7 m des parois ainsi que du haut de l'antenne lorsque l'Commander NEO est allumé. La distance de sécurité minimale ne s'applique pas au-dessous de l'antenne car la radiation ne forme une sphère qu'au-dessus de l'antenne.

Install and use the terminal with care

Thrane & Thrane A/S assumes no liability for any damage caused by the terminal falling off the vehicle or stressing the mounting base. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure a safe and correct installation of the terminal. The instructions in the Installation manual are only guidelines.



WARNING! Only skilled persons may install the Commander NEO.

Magnetic Mount Solution



WARNING! Do not place your fingers underneath the terminal when placing the terminal on the vehicle! The magnetic force is very powerful and your fingers may be hurt if they are caught between the terminal and the mounting surface.

Under normal driving circumstances the magnetic force of the Magnetic Mount Solution for the terminal should be sufficient to hold the terminal. However, the magnets may not be able to hold the terminal in place, if:

- the vehicle is involved in an accident or similar extreme conditions,
- the magnets are not mounted properly,
- the roof is not level or made of a material that will not stick properly to the magnets,
- the speed of the vehicle is too high.

We recommend mounting the terminal directly on the roof instead of using the Magnetic Mount Solution. Make sure that all mounting bolts and nuts are secured properly, and that the material of the mounting surface is strong enough to hold the terminal during the intended use.

Service

User access to the interior of the system units is prohibited. Only an authorized technician may perform service - failure to comply with this rule will void the warranty.

Power supply

The voltage range is 12 - 24 VDC (max. range 10.8 to 33.6 VDC).

Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere

Do not operate the equipment in the presence of flammable gases or fumes. Operation of any electrical equipment in such an environment constitutes a definite safety hazard.

Keep away from live circuits



WARNING! Do not install the Commander NEO or exchange cables with the engine running in the vehicle.

Operating personnel must not remove equipment covers. Do not replace components with the power cable connected. Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the power cable removed. To avoid injuries, always disconnect power and discharge circuits before you touch them.

Failure to comply with the rules above will void the warranty!

About this manual

Intended readers

This manual is a user manual for the Commander NEO. The manual is intended for anyone who is using or intends to use the Commander NEO. No specific skills are required to operate the Commander NEO. However, it is important that you observe all safety requirements listed in the **Safety summary** in the beginning of this manual, and operate the Commander NEO according to the guidelines in this manual.

Manual overview

This manual has the following chapters and appendices:

- Introduction to Commander NEO
- To install the system
- To get started
- To use the Commander NEO
- Configuration
- Maintenance and troubleshooting
- Specifications

Related documents

The below list shows the documents related to this manual and to the Commander NEO system.

Title and description	Document number
Commander NEO Installation guide	98-185082
REST API documentation for Commander NEO	98-182365
Mobile Gateway M NEO Installation guide	98-185985
Mobile Gateway M NEO Installation & user manual	98-185451

Typography

In this manual, typography is used as indicated below: **Bold** is used for the following purposes:

- To emphasize words. Example: "Do **not** touch the terminal during transmission".
- To indicate what the user should select in the user interface. Example: "Select **Terminal settings**".

Italic is used to emphasize the paragraph title in cross-references.

Example: "For further information, see *Connecting Cables* on page...".

COURIER is used for the following purposes:

- To indicate text appearing in the display. Example: "the Main screen shows READY".
- To indicate low level commands such as AT commands. Example: "In your terminal program, type **ATD**".

Table of contents

1.1 General description 1-1 1.2 Applications 1-3 1.3 Standard features 1-3 1.4 Available parts 1-4 Chapter 2 To install the system 2-1 2.1 To unpack 2-2 2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 Too set the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections	Chapter 1	Intro	uction to Commander NEO				
1.2 Applications 1-3 1.3 Standard features 1-3 1.4 Available parts 1-4 Chapter 2 To install the system 2-1 2.2 To insert the SIM card 2-2 2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions <td></td> <td>1.1</td> <td>General description</td> <td>1-1</td>		1.1	General description	1-1			
1.3 Standard features 1-3 1.4 Available parts 1-4 Chapter 2 To install the system 2-1 2.2 To install the system 2-2 2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect to the LAN interface 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-8 5.1 The web interface		1.2	Applications	1-3			
1.4 Available parts 1-4 Chapter 2 To install the system 2.1 2.1 To unpack 2.2 2.3 To place the terminal 2.3 2.4 To install the terminal 2.3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-8 5.1 The web interface		1.3	Standard features	1-3			
Chapter 2 To install the system 2.1 To unpack 2-1 2.2 To install the SIM card 2-2 2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-8 5.1 The web interface 5-5<		1.4	Available parts	1-4			
2.1 To unpack 2-1 2.2 To insert the SIM card 2-2 2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-1 5.1 The web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information	Chapter 2	To in	To install the system				
2.2 To insert the SIM card 2-2 2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-1 5.1 The web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel <td></td> <td>2.1</td> <td>To unpack</td> <td>2-1</td>		2.1	To unpack	2-1			
2.3 To place the terminal 2-3 2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-8 5.1 The web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs		2.2	To insert the SIM card	2-2			
2.4 To install the terminal 2-3 2.5 To connect cables 2-8 2.6 To get started 3-1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-1 5.1 The web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces		2.3	To place the terminal	2-3			
2.5 To connect cables 2-8 Chapter 3 To get started 3.1 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.1 Tools for setup and use 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces		2.4	To install the terminal	2-3			
Chapter 3 To get started 3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		2.5	To connect cables	2-8			
3.1 Before you start 3-1 3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To use the logs 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13 5.9 To control	Chapter 3	To get started					
3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO 3-2 3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13 5.8 To use the logs 5-11 5.7 Su		3.1	Before you start				
3.3 To connect to the LAN interface 3-3 3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4.1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.2	To switch on the Commander NEO				
3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device 3-4 3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13 5.8 To rest up the interfaces 5-13 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.3	To connect to the LAN interface	3-3			
3.5 To access the web interface 3-4 3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.4	To connect your WLAN-enabled device	3-4			
3.6 To register with the satellite network 3-5 3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4-1 4.1 Tools for setup and use 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.5	To access the web interface	3-4			
3.7 Mounting calibration 3-6 3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4.1 4.1 Tools for setup and use 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.6	To register with the satellite network	3-5			
3.8 To start and stop data connections 3-7 Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4.1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.7	Mounting calibration	3-6			
Chapter 4 To use the Commander NEO 4.1 Tools for setup and use 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-13 5.7 Support features 5-13		3.8	To start and stop data connections	3-7			
4.1 Tools for setup and use 4-1 4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-13 5.7 Support features 5-13	Chapter 4	To use the Commander NEO					
4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet 4-2 4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		4.1	Tools for setup and use	4-1			
4.3 To control data connections 4-3 4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-2 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		4.2	Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet	4-2			
4.4 Power mode functions 4-6 Chapter 5 Configuration 5-1 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13 5.8 Terminal estimate 5-13		4.3	To control data connections	4-3			
Chapter 5 Configuration 5.1 The web interface 5-2 5.2 To control data connections from web interface 5-5 5.3 Status information 5-8 5.4 The Control panel 5-9 5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13		4.4	Power mode functions	4-6			
5.1The web interface5-25.2To control data connections from web interface5-55.3Status information5-85.4The Control panel5-95.5To use the logs5-105.6To set up the interfaces5-115.7Support features5-135.8Terminal settings5-13	Chapter 5	Configuration					
5.2To control data connections from web interface5-55.3Status information5-85.4The Control panel5-95.5To use the logs5-105.6To set up the interfaces5-115.7Support features5-135.8Terminal settings5-13		5.1	The web interface	5-2			
5.3Status information5-85.4The Control panel5-95.5To use the logs5-105.6To set up the interfaces5-115.7Support features5-135.8Terminal pattings5-15		5.2	To control data connections from web interface	5-5			
5.4The Control panel		5.3	Status information	5-8			
5.5 To use the logs 5-10 5.6 To set up the interfaces 5-11 5.7 Support features 5-13 5.8 Terminal settings 5-15		5.4	The Control panel	5-9			
5.6 To set up the interfaces		5.5	To use the logs				
5.7 Support features		5.6	ے۔ To set up the interfaces	5-11			
E 9 Terminal cottings E 15		5.7	Support features	5-13			
5.6 Terminal settings		5.8	Terminal settings	5-15			

	5.9	Advanced LAN	
	5.10	Advanced settings	5-20
Chapter 6	Main	aintenance and troubleshooting	
	6.1	Support	6-1
	6.2	Software update	6-2
	6.3	Restore the settings of the Commander NEO	6-3
	6.4	Maintenance	
	6.5	Troubleshooting	6-5
	6.6	Log files	
Appendix A	Specifications		
	A.1	Commander NEO terminal	A-1
	A.2	Outline dimensions	A-4
	A.3	Satellite coverage	A-5
Appendix B	Com	Command reference	
	B.1	Overview of AT commands	B-2
	B.2	AT commands	B-3
	B.3	Configuration examples	B-7
Appendix C	Conf	Formity	
	C.1	EU (CE)	C-1
	C.2	MIL approvals	C-1
	C.3	RCM, Australia	C-1
	C.4	Safety CB certificate	C-1
	C.5	FCC	C-2
Glossary			Glossary-1
Index			Index-1

Chapter 1

Introduction to Commander NEO

1.1 General description

Commander NEO is a small and compact land-vehicular terminal that provides high-speed data communication via satellite through the Thuraya satellite network. You can access the terminal through an Ethernet connection or through a WLAN (Wi-Fi) connection.



All parts are contained in a standalone unit that is roof-mounted on a vehicle. A single cable connects both power and data (LAN/Ethernet) to the Commander NEO from other equipment inside the vehicle.



Cherter for states

In the bottom of the Commander NEO there is a SIM compartment containing the SIM, the Reset button and the Status LED.

1.2 Applications

Examples of applications for Commander NEO:

- PTT (Push To Talk).
- Internet browsing.
- E-mail.
- Phone services.
- File transfers.
- VPN (Virtual Private Network) access to corporate servers.

1.3 Standard features

Commander NEO offers the following features:

- Compact standalone satellite terminal.
- Silent operation and high reliability (No moving parts).
- Single cable solution.
- Powered by vehicle battery.
- Remote on/off option.
- Full duplex, single or multi-user, standard data up to 444 kbps.
- Support for streaming data (symmetric or asymmetric) at 16, 32, 64, 128, 256 and 384 kbps.
- LAN port for IP connectivity.
- WLAN interface.
- Support for Mobile Gateway M NEO¹.
- IP68 protection
- Built-in web interface for managing data sessions and configuring the terminal, using a computer, tablet or smartphone.
- Multilingual user interface (Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Japanese, Portuguese, Russian and Spanish).
- REST API for managing the terminal, getting status and configuring the terminal.

^{1.} The Mobile Gateway M NEO is an IP-based communications device that supports integration of satellite/LTE/3G/LAN backhaul and Land Mobile Radio.

1.4 Available parts

1.4.1 System part numbers

ltem	Part number
Commander NEO vehicular satellite terminal	408033A-41000

1.4.2 Options

The following options and accessories are available for the Commander NEO:

ltem	Part number
Connection box	403706B-050
Hybrid DC/Ethernet connection cable (6m open ended)	408030A-931
Hybrid DC/Ethernet connection cable (25m open ended)	408030A-935
PoE connection cable (Cat6A), 6m open ended	408030A-941
PoE connection cable (Cat6A), 25m open ended	408030A-945
PoE connection cable (Cat6A), 50m open ended	408030A-948
Magnetic mounts (3 pcs. Set)	403723B-009

Chapter 2

To install the system

This chapter describes how to install the Commander NEO on a vehicle and connect cables. It has the following sections:

- To unpack
- To insert the SIM card
- To place the terminal
- To install the terminal
- To connect cables

2.1 To unpack

Unpack your Commander NEO and check that the following items are present:

- Commander NEO Terminal with plastic spacers mounted
- Hybrid DC/Ethernet connection cable (6m open ended)
- Torx bit for the screws for the cover of the SIM compartment
- Commander NEO Installation guide
- Production certificate

Inspect all units and parts for possible transport damage.

2.2 To insert the SIM card

The SIM card is placed in the SIM compartment in the bottom of the terminal.



- 1. Use the included Torx bit to unscrew the 3 screws for the SIM compartment and remove the cover. Keep screws and cover for later.
- 2. Locate the SIM holder in the middle of the compartment.
- 3. Slide the metal lid to "Open" to relase it.
- 4. Lift the metal lid and insert the SIM card as shown.





5. Remount the cover for the SIM compartment and use the included Torx bit to fasten the 3 screws.

2.3 To place the terminal

2.3.1 Location

For best performance, mount the terminal in the center of the vehicle roof and with free line of sight in all directions (no blocking objects).

2.3.2 Orientation

For best performance, mount the terminal reasonably leveled (not tilted) on a flat surface.

2.3.3 Obstructions

Obstructions can cause signal degradation. We recommend to avoid any blocking objects on the vehicle roof that may obstruct the satellite signal from/to the Commander NEO.

2.3.4 Radiation hazard

The Commander NEO antenna radiates max. 15 dBW EIRP. This translates to a minimum safety distance of 70 cm from the terminal while it is transmitting. Note that the safety distance applies to a hemisphere above the terminal. The terminal does not radiate power directly below the terminal.

2.3.5 Interference

Do not place the terminal close to interfering signal sources or receivers. We recommend that other antennas, such as LTE or VHF antennas, are located as far as possible from the terminal. If other equipment is installed near the Commander NEO we recommend that you test the total system by operating all equipment simultaneously and verifying that there is no interference.

2.4 To install the terminal



CAUTION! Before installing this terminal, please contact the vehicle manufacturer to confirm details about the mounting, cabling and placement.



WARNING! It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure a safe installation! See guidelines in the *Safety summary* on page -ii.

2.4.1 Important mounting notes

Line of sight

Place the terminal with free line of sight in all directions to ensure proper reception of the satellite signal. Do not place the terminal close to large objects that may block the signal.

Condensation

In some cases there will be condensation inside the Commander NEO. A ventilation hole with a Goretex membrane in the bottom of the terminal is designed to lead any humidity away from the terminal.

Make sure the ventilation hole is not blocked.

Important

Make sure there is always a distance of 10 mm between **any part** of the terminal bottom and the mounting surface. If you are not using the included plastic spacers nor the magnets, use 10 mm spacers at each bolt.

See To mount the terminal fixed on the vehicle roof (recommended) on page 2-5.

2.4.2 To mount the Commander NEO

Important

Before you install the Commander NEO, **make a note of the serial number** found on the label on the bottom of the terminal. The serial number must initially be used for two things:

- **Password** for accessing the **administrator** part of the web interface. See *To* access and navigate the web interface on page 5-2.
- WLAN encryption key. See WLAN interface setup on page 5-11.

The terminal can now be installed on the roof of the vehicle. You may choose between these methods:

- To mount the terminal fixed on the vehicle roof (recommended)
- *Magnetic Mount Solution (optional)*. Attach the terminal using magnets underneath the terminal.

2.4.3 To mount the terminal fixed on the vehicle roof (recommended)

The terminal may be fixed on the roof of your vehicle using three M6 bolts and mounting spacers (already mounted). This solution requires that you drill three holes in the roof of the vehicle. To mount the terminal,:

1. Use the already mounted plastic spacers or use similar mounting plates of 10 mm height. See the drawing below.



Important

Do not mount the terminal without the spacers! If you mount the Commander NEO directly on a roof without the spacers, this will have a significant negative impact on antenna performance.

Also, free airflow under the terminal is necessary for the ventilation hole in the bottom of the terminal and to prevent over-heating.

2. Based on the dimensions of the mounting plates, calculate and mark up the position of the holes to be drilled in the roof of the vehicle. The drawing below shows the Drill Circle Diameter for the bushings in the terminal. The bushings are 120° apart.



- 3. Drill the 3 holes in the roof according to the previous step.
- 4. Mount the terminal with the spacers/mounting plates using 3 M6 bolts and washers. If the mounting plates are less than 10 mm thick, use spacers to obtain a distance of 10 mm between the roof and the terminal bottom. This is to ensure that the ventilation hole in the bottom of the terminal is not blocked, and to ensure free airflow under the terminal to prevent over-heating.

Important

The bolts must **never** penetrate more than max. 10 mm into the bushings in the terminal! Make sure the bolts are not too long.

5. Connect the cable from the terminal to power and LAN equipment (if used). Refer to *To connect cables* on page 2-8.

2.4.4 Magnetic Mount Solution (optional)

Overview

We recommend mounting the terminal with bolts through the roof instead of using magnets. However, a Magnetic Mount Solution for use in temporary installations is available from your supplier.

The Magnetic Mount Solution consists of 3 individual high intensity magnets with rubber coating. You can place the Commander NEO directly on the roof of the vehicle using these magnets.

To install the terminal with the Magnetic Mount Solution

To mount the magnets on the Commander NEO:

1. Remove the 3 external plastic spacers and mount the magnetic feet in the 3 threaded holes as described in the installation guide included with the Magnetic Mount Solution.



CAUTION! Refer to the *Safety summary* on page -ii before using the Magnetic Mount Solution.

- 2. Make sure the mounting place on the roof of the vehicle is level and made of a magnetizable material.
- 3. Wipe the surface clean before you place the terminal on the roof, in order to make a better connection between the magnets and the roof and to avoid scratches in the surface.
- 4. Place the terminal with magnets carefully on the roof of the vehicle.



WARNING! Do not place your fingers underneath the terminal when you place the terminal on the vehicle!

The magnetic force is very powerful and your fingers may be hurt if they are caught between the terminal and the mounting surface.

5. Connect the cable from the terminal to power and LAN equipment (if used). Refer to *To connect cables* on page 2-8.

To detach the terminal

Grab the terminal near one of the magnets and lift it. When one magnet is off, the other two are easier to detach.

2.5 To connect cables

There are different options for power supply to the Commander NEO terminal.

- If you are using a 12-24 VDC supply, e.g. from a vehicle, use the included Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable.
- If you are using Power over Ethernet supply, you can acquire a PoE connection cable without the separate DC wires.

See Options on page 1-4 for available cables.

2.5.1 For 12-24 VDC power supply

Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable

A Hybrid DC/Ethernet 6 m cable for connection to power supply and Ethernet equipment comes with the system. If you need a longer cable, a 25 meter cable is also available.



- 1. Connect the cable connector to the circular connector on the Commander NEO.
- 2. Connect the open end of the cable as described in the following sections.



CAUTION! Cut off and isolate unused wires in order to avoid short circuits.



CAUTION! This Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable is strictly for DC power supply. Do **not** connect this cable to both DC power supply and PoE.



The cable is open-ended to allow for various installation options. Depending on your installation you may use e.g. the Connection Box to make the connections, connect the wires directly to vehicle power and other equipment, or mount connectors on the cable.

To connect DC from vehicle

We recommend to use the included 6 m Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable if possible. If you need a longer cable, you can use the 25 meter cable available from your supplier (**only for 24 V operation!**).

Important

When used without the Mobile Gateway M NEO, the **Remote on/off function is disabled by default** in the Commander NEO. This means that when you have connected the Commander NEO to the battery power of the vehicle, the Commander NEO is always on, and can potentially drain the battery!

We recommend that you use the Remote on/off function as described in the next sections.

Note

Do not use the cigarette lighter socket in the vehicle to supply power for the Commander NEO. Connect directly to the 12 or 24 VDC supply instead.

Connect the wires from the Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable:

- 1. Connect the thick black wire (DC-) to negative (-) in the vehicle.
- 2. Connect the thick red wire (DC+) to positive (+) in the vehicle.

To connect Ignition

You can use the Ignition system of the vehicle to switch the Commander NEO on and off.

- 1. Connect the power wires from the Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable to positive (+, thick red wire) and negative (-, thick black wire) in the vehicle as described above in *To connect DC from vehicle*.
- Connect the blue wire from the cable (Remote on/off) to the ignition signal of the vehicle. Refer to the vehicle manual for information on where and how to connect to the Ignition signal in your vehicle. Also refer to the next section for connection examples for the Power control pin.

Note The yellow wire is connected to DC- internally in the Commander NEO.

3. Make sure the Commander NEO is switched on.

Note If the Remote on/off function has already been enabled in the web interface, you can skip the next steps and go straight to step 7 below.

- 4. Connect a computer, either with the Ethernet interface as described in the next section, or via WLAN as described in *To connect your WLAN-enabled device* on page 3-4.
- 5. On the connected computer, open your browser and access the web interface by typing the local IP address in the address bar (default IP address: 192.168.0.1).
- Select Advanced > Power control and enable the Remote on/off function as described in Power control on page 5-22.
- 7. Verify the Remote on/off function by starting and stopping the ignition of the vehicle and observing the Commander NEO switching on and off (check LED on the Commander NEO).

The Remote on/off signal (Power control pin)

The blue wire in the Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable is the Remote on/off signal, which is connected to the Power control pin in the Commander NEO connector. See *To connect Ignition* on page 2-9. The yellow wire is connected to DC- internally in the Commander NEO.

Connection examples for the Remote on/off signal:

Important

The Power control pin in the Commander NEO connector is internally pulled down, so when it is not connected it **will always be in Low state**. However, the state of the Power control pin is only used if **Remote on/off** is selected as power save mode (see *Power control* on page 5-22.



Pin numbers in the Commander NEO connector: see General specifications on page A-1.

- If you have configured the input to be Active low (default): To deactivate: Connect Remote on/off (blue wire) to DC+ (*High: 2.8 - 32 VDC*). To activate: Connect Remote on/off (blue wire) to GND (*Low: 0 - 0.8 VDC*).
- If you have configured the input to be Active high: To deactivate: Connect Remote on/off (blue wire) to GND (*Low: 0 - 0.8 VDC*). To activate: Connect Remote on/off (blue wire) to DC+ (*High: 2.8 - 32 VDC*).

2.5.2 For PoE power supply

PoE from Mobile Gateway M NEO

The **LAN 1 PoE Ant** output from the Mobile Gateway M NEO meets the specifications for supplying the Commander NEO with Power over Ethernet (see note in next section).

- 1. Acquire a PoE connection cable for the Commander NEO terminal (see Options on page 1-4).
- 2. Mount an RJ-45 connector at the open end of the cable, matching the LAN 1 PoE Ant connector on the Mobile Gateway M NEO.²
- Connect the PoE connection cable between the Commander NEO terminal and the LAN 1 PoE Ant connector on the Mobile Gateway M NEO.

For details on installation of the Mobile Gateway M NEO, refer to the manual for the Mobile Gateway M NEO.

^{2.} For ingress protection, the cable must have special protective connector housings at both ends of the cable. The dedicated cables available for Commander NEO are already protected at one end. Contact your supplier for separate protective connector housings matching the connector at the other end of the cable.

PoE from other PoE supplying device

If you do not have a Mobile Gateway M NEO you can connect another PoE supplying device instead, e.g. a PoE injector.



A PoE supplying device used with the Commander NEO must comply with minimum Type 4 Class 8 (IEEE802.3bt), capable of supplying 52-57 VDC, 90 W.

- 1. Acquire a dedicated PoE connection cable for the Commander NEO terminal.
- 2. Mount an RJ-45 connector at the open end of the cable, matching the PoE injector.
- 3. Connect the PoE connection cable between the Commander NEO terminal and the PoE injector.

For details on installation of the PoE injector, refer to the manual for the PoE injector.

2.5.3 To connect Ethernet

Without PoE

Depending on your configuration, you can connect the Ethernet wires from the Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable to a switch or directly to a PC (using an RJ-45 connector).

 Connect the DC power wires from the Hybrid DC/Ethernet cable according to the pinout shown in the previous section *For 12-24 VDC power supply* on page 2-8. If you prefer to mount an RJ-45 connector for the Ethernet wires, connect the wires as shown below.



2. For further details on how to connect the LAN interface, see *To connect to the LAN interface* on page 3-3.

With PoE

If the Commander NEO is powered with PoE, there are no separate power wires, power is included in the Ethernet wires in the PoE connection cable.

This means that with the PoE connection cable you can connect directly to the Mobile Gateway M NEO (LAN1 PoE Ant connector) or to another PoE supplying device that meets the specifications stated in *PoE from other PoE supplying device* on page 2-11.



Chapter 3

To get started

This chapter describes how to start up the system and make the first data session. It has the following sections:

- Before you start
- To switch on the Commander NEO
- To connect to the LAN interface
- To connect your WLAN-enabled device
- To access the web interface
- Mounting calibration
- To register with the satellite network
- To start and stop data connections

3.1 Before you start

3.1.1 Operation at high temperatures



WARNING! In very high ambient temperatures, do not touch areas of the terminal that are marked with this symbol.



3.1.2 Connector

There is only one connector on the terminal, placed on the side of the terminal. This connector is used for both DC power and Ethernet. A dedicated cable is included with the terminal. For details, see *To connect cables* on page 2-8.

3.1.3 SIM card

The Commander NEO requires a SIM card to go online with the satellite network. Without a SIM card you can still configure the terminal, but you cannot access the external network.

For details on how to insert the SIM card, see *To insert the SIM card* on page 2-2.

3.2 To switch on the Commander NEO

To use the ignition system

If you have connected the ignition system of your vehicle to the Remote on/off wire (blue wire in cable) and enabled the Remote on/off function in the web interface, the terminal will switch on/off when you start/stop the ignition of your vehicle.

When the ignition is switched off, the terminal is in power save state, unless other conditions keep the Commander NEO from going into power save state. see *Power mode functions* on page 4-6. For information on how to connect Ignition to the Commander NEO cable, refer to *To connect Ignition* on page 2-9.

If you are not using the Mobile Gateway M NEO, you must enable the Remote on/off function in the web interface. For further information, see *Power control* on page 5-22.



In some cases, the system may reboot after power-on because of the high start-up current.

To use a remote on/off switch

If an external switch is connected to the remote on/off signal (Power control pin in the connector), you may use the remote switch to turn the terminal on and off. When the remote switch is off, the terminal is in power save state, same function as with the Ignition described above.

Power up completed

When the terminal is switched on and ready, the LED in the bottom of the terminal lights steady green. By default, the LED stays on for 5 minutes and is then turned off. However, this is configurable in the web interface, see *To configure the LED mode* on page 5-22.

If the LED is flashing green it has started up but is not yet ready to communicate on the network. You can access the terminal settings, but the terminal is not ready to run data sessions until the system is registered on the satellite network.



3.3 To connect to the LAN interface

There is only one wired LAN interface in the Commander NEO, so you may want to connect a switch in order to connect more devices. If you want to use a wired VoIP/SIP handset you may need to connect to a PoE switch for power; the Commander NEO LAN interface **does not supply PoE**.

3.3.1 Before you connect to the LAN interface

For the LAN interface to work without any further setup, the connected device must be set up to **obtain an IP address and a DNS server address automatically**.

3.3.2 To connect a computer to the LAN interface

Note

This section only describes a Standard Internet connection with default settings on the terminal. For information on other scenarios, see *To control data connections from web interface* on page 5-5.

To connect a computer to the LAN interface:

- 1. Power up your computer.
- Connect your LAN cable between the network connector on your computer and the LAN interface from the terminal (or a switch or Mobile Gateway M NEO connected to the terminal). For details on the physical LAN interface, see *To connect Ethernet* on page 2-11.
- 3. When the computer and the terminal are ready and the terminal is registered on the satellite network, you can start a data connection, e.g. from the web interface. See *To start and stop data connections* on page 3-7.
- 4. When you have started a data connection, you are ready to access the Internet over the satellite Standard data connection.

For information on how to configure the LAN interface on the terminal, see *LAN interface setup* on page 5-11, *Terminal settings* on page 5-15 and *Advanced LAN* on page 5-19.

3.4 To connect your WLAN-enabled device

3.4.1 Prepare the WLAN interface

The WLAN interface is disabled by default, so you must first access the Commander NEO using the LAN interface and then enable the WLAN interface in the web interface.

- 1. Connect a computer to the LAN interface as described in the previous section.
- 2. Open your browser and access the web interface as described in *To access the web interface* on page 3-4.
- 3. Click ***** from the bottom right corner of the web interface to access the Control panel.
- 1. Click the **WLAN** icon at the top of the page.
- 2. To enable the WLAN interface, select **Enable**. For details on WLAN configuration, see *WLAN interface setup* on page 5-11.

3.4.2 Connect your device

- 1. Switch on the Commander NEO.
- 2. Place your WLAN-enabled device (computer, tablet or smartphone) close to the Commander NEO.
- 3. On your device, search for available WLAN networks.
- 4. Select the Commander NEO WLAN access point when it appears in your list of available wireless networks.

The default name is **Commander-NEO_<last four digits in serial number>**.



You must enter a password. By default the password is the serial number^a of your Commander NEO and the encoding type is **WPA2-AES**.

a. You find the serial number on the label on the bottom side of the Commander NEO.

Your device is now connected to the Commander NEO. In the web interface, the WLAN icon shows the number of devices connected to the Commander NEO via WLAN.

For information on how to configure the WLAN interface in the Commander NEO, see *WLAN interface setup* on page 5-11.

For information on how to set up the LAN network, see *LAN interface setup* on page 5-11 and *Advanced LAN* on page 5-19.

3.5 To access the web interface

You can use the built-in web interface for configuration and operation of the Commander NEO. To access the web interface:

- 1. Start up the terminal. For details, see *To switch on the Commander NEO* on page 3-2.
- 2. Connect your computer or smartphone to the terminal, using LAN or WLAN as described in the previous sections.
- 3. Open your browser and enter the IP address of the terminal in the address bar. The default IP address of the terminal is 192.168.0.1.
- 4. Enter user name and password. You can log in as user or as administrator.
 - Default for **user**: User id = user, Password = <empty>

 Default for administrator: User id = administrator, Password = <serial number of the Commander NEO>

Important For security reasons, change the passwords after first login.

The web interface opens on the dashboard. For more information on the web interface, see *The web interface* on page 5-2.

3.6 To register with the satellite network

Note

The terminal must have free line of sight to the satellite.

When the terminal is started up, the Commander NEO System automatically starts the registration procedure on the satellite network.

To monitor the registration procedure, connect a computer, access the internal web interface of the terminal and watch the **Terminal status** field.

Normal startup procedure:

- 1. Initializing The terminal is starting up.
- 2. Acquiring position The terminal is trying to get a position fix.
- 3. Scanning The terminal is scanning to find the satellite.
- 4. Channel search The terminal is searching for the best channel.
- 5. Registering The terminal is registering on the network.
- 6. Ready The terminal is ready to set up data connections.

Note that the registration procedure may take several minutes.

The Terminal status in the web interface also shows the status during and after registration.

When the system is ready, the **Antenna status** field shows **Tracking** (or **Pointed** if not moving) and the **Status** field shows **Ready** (unless a data session is active).

Important The terminal may not be able to stay locked to the satellite signal if the vehicle moves very slowly, especially if it turns or goes backwards at a very slow pace. When the vehicle moves normally, the antenna status will show **Tracking**, but when it stops or moves very slowly it enters a different state and the status shows **Pointed**. In the Pointed state, the terminal assumes that it is stationary and not moving. As the vehicle picks up speed it will find the satellite signal and eventually show **Tracking** again.

Note The Commander NEO needs information on its mounting orientation in relation to the vehicle. To obtain or verify this information it runs a calibration or validation process when moving after restart. For details, see the next section, *Mounting calibration*.

3.7 Mounting calibration

Every time you start up the Commander NEO and move the vehicle, the Commander NEO will try to detect how it is oriented in relation to the vehicle (Mounting calibration). This is necessary in order to obtain and maintain the best possible signal strength when the vehicle is moving.

After a restart, the Commander NEO will run a calibration process, which may take a couple of minutes.

In most cases the terminal will be calibrated by normal driving in urban areas for a few minutes (normal accelerating, braking and turning).

For optimal calibration, drive two or three times a route in the shape of figure 8, at speeds above 20 km/h (12 mph) when possible.



Status of the mounting calibration

You can see the status of the mounting calibration in the **Terminal status** field in the web interface. The status can be:

- Calibrating: Shown after first installation or factory reset. The Commander NEO runs a complete calibration process and goes directly to status Completed when done. When moving in this state the terminal is not able to track the satellite.
- Validating: Shown after restart of the Commander NEO. The Commander NEO validates the mounting information from previous startup and goes directly to status **Completed** when done. When moving in this state the terminal will attempt to track the satellite using the previous mounting information.
- Completed: Shown when the calibration (or validation) process has finished. The Commander NEO now has the correct information of its mounting orientation in relation to the vehicle and is able to track the satellite while moving.

3.8 To start and stop data connections

By default, you have to start a data connection manually when the terminal is ready and connected to the satellite network. However, you can enable automatic activation of a data connection. See *Internet and LAN connection modes* on page 5-15.

To start and stop data connections on your Commander NEO:

- 1. On the connected device, open your browser and access the web interface
- 2. Locate the connection package you want to start.
 - Note The icons for starting D and stopping C connections are only active if the terminal is ready and registered on the network. Otherwise you cannot start data connections.
- 3. Click 🕑 to start the connection.
- 4. Click 🖲 to stop the connection.

For details, see To control data connections from web interface on page 5-5.

Chapter 4

To use the Commander NEO

This chapter describes how to use the Commander NEO. It has the following sections:

- Tools for setup and use
- Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet
- To control data connections
- Power mode functions

4.1 Tools for setup and use

- The **web interface** is a built-in web interface for easy configuration. The web interface is accessed from a computer connected to the Commander NEO, using an Internet browser. No installation of software is needed on the computer. For further information on the web interface, see *The web interface* on page 5-2.
- With **AT commands** you can configure and control the Commander NEO from a computer using a Telnet session, or from other connected equipment. For further details see *To access the terminal using AT commands* on page 4-5 and Appendix B, *Command reference*.
- With the **REST API** you can use your own application to configure and get the state of the terminal. For details on the REST API, see the REST API documentation for the Commander NEO (doc. number *98-182365*) attached to this PDF file.
 - Note Not all browsers support attachments in pdf files. If you cannot see and open the attachment in your browser, use the Firefox browser, or download and open this manual in a PDF reader such as Adobe Acrobat.

4.2 Data connection with computer, smartphone or tablet

4.2.1 Interfaces

The following interfaces are available for connecting computers, smartphones or tablets:

- LAN
- WLAN

4.2.2 Router function

The terminal has a router function which routes traffic between the local network connected to the terminal and up to 11 satellite network connections (also called PDP contexts on the satellite network).

The router contains NAT (Network Address Translation) which allows sharing of a public IP address between a number of local network users.

4.2.3 Standard or Streaming data

The satellite network supports different classes of data connection to the Internet. The main classes are **Standard data** and **Streaming data**.

 Using a Standard data connection, several users can share the data connection simultaneously. This type of connection is ideal for TCP/IP traffic such as e-mail, file transfer, and Internet and intranet access.

The user pays for the amount of data sent and received.

• Using a **Streaming data** connection, you get an exclusive, guaranteed bit rate connection, ensuring seamless transfer of data. This type of connection is ideal for time critical applications like live video over IP.

The user pays for the duration of the connection (per minute charge).

4.3 To control data connections

4.3.1 Automatic Connection Activation (ACA)

In the web interface you can set up the Commander NEO to automatically establish a data connection when it is registered on the satellite network. See *Enable Automatic Connection Activation* on page 5-7. Automatic Connection Activation also applies to the "wake up" after power save (see *Power mode functions* on page 4-6) and by recovery after e.g. loss of power. This means when ACA is enabled, your data connection will automatically be reestablished when the terminal "wakes up" and registers on the network after power save, loss of power, or loss of the network connection.

4.3.2 Manual activation of data connections

You can manually activate a data connection by connecting to the LAN or WLAN interface and then do one of the following:

- Access the web interface locally and click the tile for the data connection on the dashboard, see *To start and stop data connections* on page 5-5, or
- Send an AT command to the terminal. See *To configure the connected equipment for PPPoE* on page 4-4, *To access the terminal using AT commands* on page 4-5 and *Context management AT commands* on page B-4.

4.3.3 PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)

Overview

You can establish a PPPoE connection to the satellite network using the Commander NEO system. Use PPPoE if you want to control your connection independently of the web interface. Possible applications are:

- Connect a Mobile Gateway M NEO.
- Connect a router.
- Connect broadcast equipment, optionally through a PC.
- Establish a Picocell for the use of cell phones.

The drawing shows connections managed through PPPoE and web interface respectively.



To configure the connected equipment for PPPoE

How to configure your equipment depends on the type of equipment. Refer to the user documentation of the equipment. As a minimum, you need to configure the following parameters in your equipment in order to make PPPoE work with the terminal:

• User name and password.

The user name and password can be left blank (or insert user name: void and password: void). Then the registration on the Access Point is most commonly done in such a way that the data connection is established with a dynamic IP address from the airtime provider.

To request a static IP (if subscribed to) from the Access Point you must type in the user name and password from your airtime subscription.

Note for MAC OS: User name and password are required. Use user name void and password void. This works for some ISPs. Contact your airtime provider for further information.

• For setups that have a check box for "Enable LCP extensions", deselect this.

No further configuration is needed to make a Standard IP data connection to the Internet.

See the table below for information on how to configure specific services for your PPPoE connection.

If you need a certain service, for example a Streaming class, you must type in a specified text string when asked for a service name. The following table shows the service names supported by the terminal.

Text to type in the Service Name field	Function
(Blank)	Initiates a Primary Standard Data connection (default)
XBB:BACKGROUND	Initiates a Primary Standard Data connection (same as blank)
XBB:STREAM16K	Initiates a Primary Streaming 16 kbps connection
XBB:STREAM32K	Initiates a Primary Streaming 32 kbps connection
XBB:STREAM64K	Initiates a Primary Streaming 64 kbps connection
XBB:STREAM128K	Initiates a Primary Streaming 128 kbps connection
XBB:STREAM256K	Initiates a Primary Streaming 256 kbps connection
XBB:STREAM384K	Initiates a Primary Streaming 384 kbps connection

4.3.4 To access the terminal using AT commands

- 1. Make sure that AT shell is enabled and the AT shell password is set up in the web interface, see *To set up AT shell* on page 5-24.
- 2. Connect your computer to the Commander NEO terminal.
- 3. On the connected computer, start an SSH connection using the local IP address of the Commander NEO (default is 192.168.0.1). Use "atshell" as user.

Example: ssh atshell@192.168.0.1

- 4. When prompted, enter the AT shell password you defined in the web interface (step 1).
- 5. When the connection is established, type in your AT commands.

For information on supported AT commands, see Command reference on page B-1.
4.4 Power mode functions

You can configure the power mode options with the web interface. For details, see *Power control* on page 5-22.

You can choose between two modes:

- Always on. This is the default setting. The terminal will never go into power save state but will always be on when connected to power.
- Remote on/off. The terminal will go into power save state when the Power control pin (Remote on/off signal) is inactive. For details, see the following section Remote on/off.

4.4.1 Always on

Always on is the default mode where the terminal stays on as long as power is connected.



When the Commander NEO is powered from the vehicle battery there is a risk of draining the battery if you use this method! We recommend to use the Remote on/off method instead.

4.4.2 Remote on/off

When Remote on/off is selected in the web interface, you can control the power save function using the Power control pin (Remote on/off signal). See the next section for details.

You can configure the function in the web interface (see *Power control* on page 5-22).



To use the Remote on/off function you must first connect the blue Remote on/off wire to the ignition of your vehicle (or to another remote on/off switch) as described in *To connect Ignition* on page 2-9.

Power control pin function when Remote on/off is selected

You can set the polarity of the Power control pin, that is whether the pin should be active high or low. **Default is active low**.

The function of the Power control pin in Remote on/off mode is:

Power control pin is active: The terminal is on and will stay on as long as the pin is active.

Power control pin is inactive: The terminal will attempt to go into power save state. However, a number of conditions may keep the terminal awake even if the Power control pin is inactive:

- Optional shut-down delay period ongoing. This is a configurable delay period between deactivating the Power control pin and entering power save state.
- The terminal is in the process of updating software or downloading software for installation.
- Terminal was started by connecting power and 3 minute grace period is still ongoing. To avoid the terminal going into power save state immediately at power-up, the terminal stays awake for 3 minutes after power-up, to allow for reconfiguration of the terminal if wanted.

Chapter 5

Configuration

This chapter describes how to use the **web interface** to operate, set up and configure your system.

The Configuration chapter has the following sections:

- The web interface
- To control data connections from web interface
- Status information
- The Control panel
- To use the logs
- To set up the interfaces
- Support features
- Terminal settings
- Advanced LAN
- Advanced settings

5.1 The web interface

5.1.1 What is the web interface?

The web interface is built into the terminal and is used for operating, setting up and configuring the system.

You can access the web interface from a computer with a standard Internet browser.

5.1.2 Access levels for the web interface

There are two levels of access to the web interface:

user has access to the following:

- Start and stop data connections
- Read main configuration parameters.
- Generate and download diagnostic report.
- Embedded user manual.

administrator has access to the same as user, plus the following:

- Read and write all main configuration parameters.
- Upload software.
- Change password for "user" and "administrator".
- Enable AT shell access and change password for AT shell.

5.1.3 To access and navigate the web interface

To access the web interface

To access the web interface:

- 1. Start up the terminal. For details see *To switch on the Commander NEO* on page 3-2.
- Connect your computer to the terminal. For details see To connect to the LAN interface on page 3-3 or To connect your WLAN-enabled device on page 3-4.
- 3. Open your browser and enter the IP address of the terminal in the address bar. The default IP address of the terminal is **192.168.0.1**.
- 4. When prompted, enter user ID and password. Default values are:
 - Standard user: user ID: user Password: <empty>
 - administrator user
 User ID: administrator
 Password: <serial number of your Commander NEO>

Note

You are prompted to change the administrator password after first logon. For details, see *To change the administrator password* on page 5-21.

Icon bar

To change the language

When you have access to the web interface, if you want to display a different language than English:

- 1. Select the Control panel ** in the bottom right corner.
- 2. Select Terminal settings.
- 3. At Language, select a language from the drop-down list and click Save.

You can change the language to **Arabic, Chinese, French, Japanese, Portuguese, Russian** or **Spanish.**

Overview of the web interface

When the web interface opens, the title bar shows the name of the product. The example below shows the **Control panel** page.

Name and icon of current page (on opening page: The name of the product)



The web interface consists of the following sections.

- Name of current page. Tap or click to refresh the page.
- Icon bars at the top and bottom are present on all pages and hold icons that give access to status such as battery level and signal level as well as active alerts when relevant. It also holds the icon for the Control panel. For explanations of the icons, see the next section, *lcons in the icon bars*.
- **Contents section** shows the contents of the selected page. This section is used for viewing or changing settings, or for performing actions. On the opening page, this section is used to start and stop data connections.
- Status and position section shows the status of the terminal and the network connection, position information, ongoing data sessions etc. The Status section is not shown on small screens. If the screen is small (e.g. on a smartphone), you can show/hide the status by clicking at the bottom of the page.

Icons in the icon bars

The icon bars are always available at the top and bottom of the web interface. Some of the icons are permanent while others are temporary.

lcon	Explanation
.il	Signal level of the external network (Yahsat satellite network).
((WLAN interface. Bright when WLAN is enabled, grayed when it is disabled. Click to access WLAN settings.
G e	The WLAN icon shows the number of connected devices.
A	An alert is active.
_	Click the icon to see a list of active alerts.
	Note that this icon will remain in the icon bar as long as the alert is still active.
0	Help. Click to get context-sensitive help for the current page (in this manual).
**	Control panel. Click to access the settings.
(\checkmark)	Startup page where you can start and stop data connections. Click to go to the startup page.
à	The "1" at the icon shows that a satellite data connection is running.
¢	Status. If the screen is not large enough to show the status field, this icon appears at the bottom of the page. Click the icon to see status of the terminal and satellite connection. Click again to exit the status page.

To navigate the web interface

- To access status and settings, tap or click the relevant icon in the icon bar or select ^{*} to access the **Control panel**. The status or settings are displayed in the contents section.
- To see your current location and to move back through the Control Panel menu, use the breadcrumbs just below the icon bar.
- To scroll through longer pages, use the scroll bar or swipe.
- To refresh the current page, press Ctrl+F5 (PC) or Apple+R (Apple) or Cmd+R (Apple).

5.2 To control data connections from web interface

The main page of the web interface is used to start and stop data connections and to set up the data connections.

5.2.1 To start and stop data connections

Note

By default, if you want to use a data connection, you must manually start it from the web interface. However, you can set up the Commander NEO to automatically establish a data connection when you connect equipment to the LAN or WLAN interface. See *Enable Automatic Connection Activation* on page 5-7.

To start and stop data connections on your Commander NEO:

- 1. In the opening page, locate the connection you want to start.
 - Note The icons for starting and stopping connections are only active if the terminal is ready and registered on the satellite network. Otherwise you cannot start data connections.

If a connection is automatically activated (has Automatic Activation enabled), the icons for starting and stopping are replaced by a lock symbol **1**.



Click b to start the connection. The connections icon at the bottom of the page shows when a satellite data connection is running.



Only one connection at a time can be active.

3. Click 🖲 to stop the connection.

If the connection fails, the connection tile shows an exclamation mark $oldsymbol{O}$ and an error message. The error message is also shown in the data log, see *Data log* on page 5-10.

When a connection is active, the icon changes to I and the tile for the active connection shows:

- IP address: The IP address that has been assigned by the service provider to this session.
- Transferred data: For Standard data, the tile shows the total amount of transmitted and received data since the connection was established.
- Connection duration: The tile shows the total time the connection has been active.
- Bit rate: For Streaming connections, the tile shows the fixed bit rate.

5.2.2 To change a connection

Available default connections

By default, the following connections are available:

Name	Type of connection	
Standard data	Several users can share the data connection. This type of connection is ideal for TCP/IP traffic such as e-mail, file transfer, and Internet/intranet access.	
	The user pays for the amount of data sent and received.	
Streaming data	An exclusive, high-priority connection, ensuring	
The following default Streaming classes are available:	seamless transfer of data. This type of connection is ideal for time critical applications like live video over	
16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 384 kbps Streaming (symmetric)		

You can use these connections as they are, or build your own connections as described in the next section.

To customize connections

You access the connections from the Dashboard.

- 1. To access the Dashboard click \bigcap_{n} at the bottom of the page.
- To change a connection, click ⁽¹⁾ in the right side of the tile with the connection.

You must be logged in as administrator in order to change, delete or create connections.

You have the following options to change a connection:

lf you want to	Do the following		
Change the name of the connection	Under Identifier , type in the new name and click Save . The new name is shown on the tile on the startup page.		
Enable Automatic Connection Activation	 At Activation, select Automatic. When you select Automatic at Activation and connect to the LAN or WLAN interface, the data connection is automatically established as soon as the Commander NEO is registered on the satellite network. When you disable automatic activation (default), you can control the data connection manually from the startup page. 		
Change the APN for the connection	By default a connection is set to use the APN (Access Point Name) from the terminal (defined by Yahsat). This is suitable for most applications.		
	 Under APN, select the Type of the APN. Default (default and recommended setting): The APN is taken from the terminal (defined by Yahsat). User defined: Type in the APN next to User defined name. The Airtime Provider provides the APNs. Click Save. 		
Change the Quality of Service	 Under Quality of service, Select the Traffic class from the dropdown list. Standard. A shared background connection used e.g. for TCP/IP traffic such as e-mail, file transfer, and Internet/ intranet access. Streaming: An exclusive, high-priority connection, ensuring seamless transfer of data. This type of connection is ideal for e.g. live video over IP. If you selected Streaming, select the Max. upload bit rate, Max. download bit rate, guaranteed upload bit rate and guaranteed download bit rate for the streaming connection. Click Save. 		
Delete a connection	Click Delete ¹ at the bottom of the page. Note: you cannot delete the default Standard connection.		

1. If you accidentally delete a connection, you can either create a new manually or restore factory settings. Note, however, that all changes to the configuration will be lost if you restore factory settings.

Note

5.3 Status information

If the window is large enough, it shows a status field at the bottom of the page or in the right side of the page. If not, click \bullet at the bottom of the page to show the status page. Click \bullet again to return to the previous page.

Untwork in use	Thurava T2/T3
Cratue	Registering
Current estellite	TO
Const steanath	72.0 dBHz
åntenna status	Printed
Mounting calibration	Validation
Local IP address	19216801
Loggad in ac	administrator lles out
Position information	
Status	3D fix
Position	N55°48' E012"31'
GNSS	GPS and GLONASS
Satellites used	18

Toggle between status and contents page

The following status is available:

Terminal status:

- Network in use: The network currently used.
- Status: The status of the satellite network. "Data" means a data connection is running. The status could also be e.g. "Registering" or "Ready".
- Current satellite: The satellite to which the Commander NEO is currently registered.
- Signal strength: The signal strength of the satellite connection.
- Antenna status: The status of the antenna, e.g. Tracking.
- Mounting calibration: The status of the calibration process that detects how the Commander NEO is oriented in relation to the vehicle. Can be Calibrating, Validating or Completed. For details, see *Mounting calibration* on page 3-6.
- Local IP address: The local IP address of the Commander NEO. E.g. used to connect to the web interface.
- Logged in as: This field shows if you are logged in as administrator or user. You can click [log out] to log out.

Position information:

- Status: Shows the status of the GNSS connection, e.g. if there is 2D fix, 3D fix or no position fix.
- Position and GNSS: The geographic position of the Commander NEO and the position system used.
- Satellites used: Shows how many GNSS satellites are used to obtain the position.

Data information (only shown if a data connection is running)

 Standard data (or other connection name): Shows which type of data is running within the connection. For details on connections, see *To control data connections from web interface* on page 5-5.

5.4 The Control panel

The **Control panel** is used for accessing the settings and functions of your Commander NEO. To open the **Control panel**, click ***** from the bottom right corner of the web interface.



5.5 To use the logs

5.5.1 To access the logs

To access the Logs, select select Logs from the menu. The Logs page contains:

- Data log: A list of all data sessions since the log was last cleared.
- Total counters: Totals for each type of service since the log was last cleared.

Date and time is the international UTC time, received from the satellite.

5.5.2 Data log

The Data log shows:

- Data usage (bytes), date and time of each Standard data session.
- Duration and type (such as 64 kbps, 128 kbps), date and time of each Streaming data session.

If the connection terminates unexpectedly or cannot be started, the Data log also shows the termination cause of each data session.

To clear the Data log, click the Clear data log button at the top.

5.5.3 Total counters

The total counters show:

- Data session totals shows totals for each data connection type since the log was last cleared. For Standard data the totals are shown as amount of data transferred (kB) and for Streaming connections the totals are shown in duration (hh:mm:ss).
- To reset the Total counters, click the **Reset total counters** button at the top.

5.6 To set up the interfaces

5.6.1 LAN interface setup

The Commander NEO has one LAN interface with PoE in (which can be used for powering the Commander NEO, if a separate DC supply is not used).

To enable or disable the LAN interface:

- 1. In the **Control panel** *, click the **LAN** icon 💭 at the top of the page.
- 2. To enable the LAN interface, select Enable.

Important If you disable LAN you may not be able to access the Commander NEO. Before disabling the LAN interface, make sure you have a working WLAN connection.

You can restore the LAN and WLAN settings with the Reset button, see *Restore the settings of the Commander NEO* on page 6-3.



It may take some seconds to enable the interface.

- 3. Click Save.
 - A line through a grayed-out LAN icon means the interface is disabled.
 - A green LAN icon means the interface is enabled.

For a description of how to set up the **local network parameters**, see *Internet and LAN connection modes* on page 5-15 and *Advanced LAN* on page 5-19.

5.6.2 WLAN interface setup

Note The Internet settings entered in the Terminal settings page also apply for the WLAN interface. See *Internet and LAN connection modes* on page 5-15.

To configure the WLAN interface:

- 1. In the **Control panel** *, click the **WLAN** icon 🛜 at the top of the page.
- 2. To enable the WLAN interface, select Enable.

Important

If you disable WLAN you may not be able to access the Commander NEO. Before disabling the WLAN interface, make sure you have a working LAN connection.

You can restore the LAN and WLAN settings with the Reset button, see *Restore the settings of the Commander NEO* on page 6-3.



It may take some seconds to enable the interface.

- 3. Select the WLAN type, 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz.
 - Select 5 GHz for faster connection, if the connected equipment supports it.
 - Select 2.4 GHz if your connected equipment does not support 5 GHz.
- Select the WLAN standard to use.
 For 2.4 GHz, select 802.11n if your equipment supports it. Otherwise deselect it.
 For 5 GHz, select 802.11n or 802.11ac or nothing, depending on your equipment.

5. Next to **Country code**, select the country you are located in.



Note

In some countries, the use of WLAN is not allowed. Before continuing, make sure WLAN is allowed and licensed in the country where you intend to use it.

If the Commander NEO is sold and used in the US, the country will be fixed and **not selectable**.

- Select the Channel number used for communication on the WLAN interface.
 For automatic channel selection between the legal channels in the selected country, select channel number 0.
- 7. Select **Broadcast SSID** to show your WLAN access point to other users. If you **clear** the box, your WLAN access point is hidden.
- 8. Type in the SSID.

The SSID is a max. 32 character text identifying the wireless local area network. All wireless devices on a WLAN must use the same SSID in order to communicate with each other. The default SSID is the product name followed by underscore (_) and the last four digits in the serial number (**Commander-NEO_**<last 4 digits of serial number>).

- 9. Select the **Security** standard. You may select:
 - None (no encryption is applied), or
 - WPA2-AES (selected by default)

10. Next to Key type, select Hexadecimal or Text.

The encryption key must normally be a hexadecimal code. However, if you are using WPA2-AES encryption (default) you can choose to use a text string, which may be easier to memorize.

 Type in the Encryption key for the selected Security standard (not applicable if security mode = None). The default encryption key is the serial number of the Commander NEO. You can find the serial number under Control panel > Support > About or on the label on the Commander NEO.

Important Change the encryption key to a personal code in order to keep your WLAN connection secure and protected!

12. Click Save.

- 🚿 A line through a grayed-out **WLAN** icon means the interface is **disabled**.
 - 🛜 A green WLAN icon means the interface is enabled.

For a description of how to set up the **local network parameters**, see *Internet and LAN connection modes* on page 5-15 and *Advanced LAN* on page 5-19.

5.7 Support features

To open the Support page, select ***** (Control panel) **> Support**.

Support General gamest	ال چ
Alerts	Event log
1 Update Software	C ^f Reboot terminal
Diagnostics report	About

5.7.1 To view the Alerts

When an alert is registered, the web interface shows a warning icon **A** in the icon bar as long as the alert is active. The **Alerts** list only shows alerts that are currently active.

1. To view the alerts, click **A** from the icon bar at the top of the web interface, or select **Alerts** from the **Support** page.

The **Alerts** page shows a detailed list of active alerts including the time of the first occurrence, ID and severity of the alert message, and a short text describing the error. For more information on the alert messages, refer to *List of alert messages* on page 6-8.

5.7.2 To view the Event log

The Event log shows all events that have occurred. It includes events of informational character describing normal phases of operation for the terminal, and also activation and clearing of alerts that appear in the Alerts list.

To view the event log, select **Event log** from the **Support** page.

5.7.3 To create a diagnostics report

The diagnostic report contains relevant information for troubleshooting. When contacting your supplier for support, please enclose this file. To generate a diagnostic report:

- 1. From the Support page, click Diagnostics report.
- 2. Click Generate report.

Note It may take a few minutes to generate the report.

- 3. Select Download report.
- 4. Choose a location for the file and save it.

5.7.4 To update software

To update the software in the Commander NEO:

- 1. Download the new software or acquire the software from Yahsat and save it on your computer.
- 2. Open the web interface and enter the Control panel 🐐.
- 3. Click Support > Update software.
- 4. Click Update software...
- 5. Browse to the new software version and click **Open**. The software file has the extension ".tiif".
- 6. The terminal restarts and completes the software update.



The update procedure takes some minutes to complete. During the software update, the Status LED is blinking blue.

You can check the software version under Control panel > Support > About.

5.7.5 To restart the terminal

If you want to restart the terminal:

- 1. From the Support page, select Reboot terminal.
- 2. Click to confirm the reboot.

The terminal restarts. Note that this is the equivalent to switching the terminal off and on again.

5.7.6 About

The **About** page shows the **Serial number**, **IMSI number**, **ICCID**, **IMEI number** and **software version** of your Commander NEO.

To access the About page, select **Support > About**.

5.8 Terminal settings

To configure the terminal settings, select ***** (Control panel) **> Terminal settings**.

Use Router mode when connecting more than one de	seco to the term	enat		
Internet connection mode		Router mode	•)	
Bridge mode IP address		Parlame	•)	
Local IP address		192.168.0.1)	
Subnet mask		255,255,255.0		
DHCP				
DHCF can only be used in Bouter mode.				
Enable		\checkmark		
DHCP range start		192168-010		
DHCP range end		192.168.0.40		
GNSS				
GNSS type		GPS and GLONASS	•	
Language				
Select language		English	•)	
-	Cancel	Sau		

5.8.1 To set up the connection mode

Internet and LAN connection modes

In the web interface you can set up the Internet connection mode and the IP addressing between the Commander NEO and devices connected to the Commander NEO. The Commander NEO has a built-in DHCP server which can be used to dynamically assign IP addresses to devices connected to the Commander NEO.

The drawing below shows examples of the IP addressing in router mode (default setup) and Bridge mode.



To set up the Internet connection mode of the Commander NEO:

- 1. In the **Terminal settings** page, at **Internet connection mode**, select **Bridge mode** or **Router mode**. Router mode is the default setting and is recommended for most purposes.
 - Select **Router mode** if one or more computers are connected and the Commander NEO should act as a router. When Router mode is selected, the Commander NEO uses the built-in NAT module for making the necessary address translations.
 - Select **Bridge mode** if only one computer is connected, and the Commander NEO should act as a modem, or if more than one computer is connected using an external router.



Do **not** connect more than one computer in Bridge mode, unless you have an external router.

- If you selected Bridge mode, select under Bridge mode IP address how the terminal's IP address should be assigned.
 - **Dynamic** example: If the IP address assigned by the DHCP server to the locally connected equipment is 10.30.27.130, the terminal will get the IP address 10.40.27.130. (in most cases it will be 10 added to the second octet of the assigned IP address).
 - **Plus one** example: If the IP address assigned by the DHCP server to the locally connected equipment is 172.26.246.30, the terminal will get the IP address 172.26.246.31 (the assigned IP address plus one).
- 3. Under Local IP address, type in a new IP address if you want to change the Local IP address of the terminal. This is the address used to access the web interface. The default IP address is **192.168.0.1**.

Important When you change the local IP address and click Save you will no longer have access to the web interface! You must type in the new IP address in your browser to regain access.

- 4. If you want to change the **Subnet mask** for the local network of the terminal, type in the new network mask. The default network mask is **255.255.255.0**.
- 5. Under DHCP, select Enable (recommended for most purposes).
 - If you select **Enable**, the terminal assigns dynamic IP addresses to devices connected to the terminal.
 - If you disable DHCP you need to set up a static IP address in the connected device.
- 6. Under **DHCP range start** and **DHCP range end**, type in the range of IP addresses that should be assigned to locally connected equipment.
- 7. Click Save.

5.8.2 To select the type of navigation system (GNSS)

To select which navigation system(s) to use with your Commander NEO:

- 1. In the Terminal settings page, locate the GNSS section (Global Navigation Satellite System).
- 2. Select a navigation system, or combination of navigation systems, from the list. Click **Save**. There are various combinations of GPS, GLONASS, Galileo and BeiDou.



It may take some minutes for the Commander NEO to change the navigation system.

5.8.3 To select the language

The default language of the web interface is **English**. You can change the language to **Arabic**, **Chinese**, **French**, **Japanese**, **Portuguese**, **Russian** or **Spanish**.

To change the language:

- 1. In the **Terminal settings** page, locate the **Language** section.
- 2. Select a language from the list and click Save.

5.9 Advanced LAN

5.9.1 Port forwarding

Note

Make the port forwarding configuration before starting the data session.

Port forwarding enables you to set up a server connected to the terminal while the terminal is in Router mode. Without port forwarding it would not be possible to contact the server from the Internet. We recommend using a static public IP address for the terminal in order to provide easy access to the terminal. To use the static IP address, it must be included in your subscription and you must set the APN source to Default. For details, see *Change the APN for the connection* on page 5-7.

The following example shows how to allow Internet access to a mail server (smtp) connected to the terminal.

The mail server in this example has the IP address 192.167.0.100.

- 1. From the **Control panel** ** , select **Advanced LAN > Port forwarding**.
- 2. Select **Forward port** to add a new port forwarding.
- 3. Select **Active** to activate the port forwarding.
- Type in the Incoming port start and the Incoming port end. This is the range of port numbers on the Commander NEO for which incoming traffic to the Commander NEO will be forwarded.
- 5. Type in the **Destination IP address**, which in this example is the IP address of the mail server: 192.167.0.100.

This is the IP address to which the incoming traffic is forwarded.

- Type in the Destination port start and the Destination port end. This is the range of port numbers, in this example on the mail server, to which the incoming traffic will be forwarded.
- 7. Click Save.

When you have activated a data connection, you can now access the mail server from the Internet, using the external IP address of the terminal. You can see the external IP address in the tile with the data connection you have started. For information on how to activate your data connection, see *To start and stop data connections* on page 5-5.

5.10 Advanced settings

5.10.1 Passwords

The Commander NEO web interface is password protected at two levels: A user password and an administrator password. You will always be prompted for a password when you access the web interface. Default settings are¹:

• user:

User name: **user** Password: <empty>

 administrator: User name: administrator Password: < serial number of the Commander NEO>

You can change the passwords if you are logged in as administrator, see the next sections.

For details on the access rights on the different user levels, see Access levels for the web interface on page 5-2.

To log in as user

When you log in as user you cannot change the configuration, but you can see all settings, except the Advanced settings. You can also start and stop data connections.

You are prompted for user id and password when accessing the web interface.

- 1. At User id, type user.
- 2. At **Password**, type the user password (by default, the user password is empty).
- 3. Click OK.

To log in as administrator

To change the configuration or to access the Advanced settings you must enter an administrator password. To log in as administrator:

If you have not yet logged in, you are prompted for a password when accessing the web interface. When prompted:

- 1. At User id, type administrator.
- 2. At **Password**, type the administrator password (default: the serial number of the Commander NEO).
- 3. Click OK.

If you are already logged in as user:

- From the Control panel **, select Advanced.
 You are now prompted to log in as administrator.
- 2. Enter the administrator password.
- 3. Click Login.



After logging in with the default administrator password, you are forced to change the password, for security reasons.

If you have forgotten the password you can restore the terminal to factory default settings. Before doing so, be aware that all settings will be restored and you will lose any configuration you may have entered.

To log out as administrator

To log out, click **Logout administrator** in the **Advanced** page or click [log out] next to administrator in the **Terminal status** field.

To change the administrator password

To change the administrator password:

- 1. Log in as administrator.
- 2. Under Advanced, select Passwords > Change administrator password.
- 3. Type in the **Old password**.
- 4. Type in the **New password** and retype it on the next line. **Rules for new password**:
 - Minimum length: 4 characters
 - Maximum length: 50 characters
 - Valid characters: 0-9A-Za-z and `!\$~@#%^&*()_=+[{}\|;:'.<>/?]-
- 5. Click Save.

At the next login the new password is required.

To change the user password

To change the user password:

- 1. Log in as administrator.
- 2. Under Advanced, select Passwords > Change user password.
- 3. Type in the User id (default: user).
- 4. Type in the **New password** and retype it on the next line. **Rules for new password**:
 - Minimum length: 0 characters
 - Maximum length: 50 characters
 - Valid characters: 0-9A-Za-z and `!\$~@#%^&*()_=+[{}\;:'.<>/?]-
- 5. Click Save.

At the next login the new password is required.

5.10.2 Power control

You can use the Remote on/off function to save power in the Commander NEO. To set up Remote on/off:

1. Under Advanced, select Power control.

Þ. Pov	Power control					
Control panel	>Advanced					
	Enter new values and click Save					
	Mode		Aways on			
		Cancel	Save			

- 2. Select the mode you want to use.
 - Always on. This is the default setting. The terminal will never go into power save state but will always be on when connected to power.
 - **Remote on/off**. The terminal will go into power save state when the Power control pin (Remote on/off signal) is inactive. For details see *Power mode functions* on page 4-6.

Important Be aware that once you have enabled the Remote on/off function, the Commander NEO will be in **power save state** until you have connected the blue Remote on/off wire **and** it is active! See *The Remote on/off signal (Power control pin)* on page 2-10.

If you selected Remote on/off:

- 3. At **Delayed shut down**, select the wanted shut-down delay after the power control pin is deactivated.
- 4. At **Power control pin** (Remote on/off), select the polarity of the power control signal (Active high/Active low).

ImportantIf you are connecting the power control pin to ignition, you must selectActive high, because the ignition signal in the vehicle is active high.

5. Click Save.

5.10.3 To configure the LED mode

The LED is configurable in the web interface and can have 3 modes:

- **On for 5 minutes.** The LED stays on for 5 minutes after the terminal has started up and is ready (LED is constant green). After the 5 minutes the LED turns off, but will be turned on again if a warning or error occurs (yellow or red light). See *Status signaling* on page 6-7.
- Always on: The LED is always on when the terminal is powered.
- Always off: The LED is always off.

To change the LED mode, do as follows:

- 1. Under Advanced, select LED.
- 2. Select the mode and click Save.

5.10.4 To restore factory settings

To restore the factory settings of the Commander NEO:

1. Under Advanced, select Factory reset.

Important

All configuration will be lost and the Commander NEO will return to the default configuration.

2. Click OK.

The terminal will now restart and start up with the factory settings.

5.10.5 Security

HTTPS settings

The Commander NEO internal web server supports HTTPS, which includes encryption of the exchanged web traffic when accessing the Commander NEO web interface.

By default, the system uses a self-signed certificate, but it also allows you to upload your own certificate signed by a trusted Certificate Authority.

1. From the Advanced page select Security.

Security	((t+	.ıl
Control panel • Advanced Enter new values and click Save		
HTTPS		
Changing HTTPS settings will automatically restart the web server		
Ise unloaded TIS/SSL certificate		
United certificate		
Cancel Save		
		_
🗶 YAHSAT 🛛 🔮	(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)(%)<l< th=""><th>?</th></l<>	?

- 2. Select **Redirect HTTP to HTTPS** if you want the Commander NEO to automatically redirect your HTTP traffic to HTTPS.
- 3. Select **Use uploaded TLS/SSL** certificate and click **Upload certificate** if you want to upload your own generated SSL certificate for the system to use. Please note that the uploaded certificate file (.pem file format) must include the RSA private key used to generate the certificate:

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

...

...

... <your certificate here> ...

...

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----

...

...

...

...

...

...

4. Click Save.
```

5.10.6 To set up AT shell

If you want to use AT commands with the terminal: To enable initial login on the AT shell, you must enable AT shell and define the password to use.

1. From the Advanced page select AT shell.

▶ AT shell		((t•	.il
Control panel > Advanced			
Enter new values and click Save			
Enable AT shell	\checkmark		
Change AT shell user password	\bigcirc		
New AT shell user password			
Cancel Save			
🔆 YAHSAT	e (Ø \$	• ?

- 2. Select Enable AT shell if you want to use AT commands with the terminal.
- 3. To define the password for the AT shell, select **Change atshell user password** and type in the new password under **New atshell user password**.

Rules for new password:

- Minimum length: 4 characters
- Maximum length: 50 characters
- Valid characters: 0-9A-Za-z and `!\$~@#%^&*()_=+[{}\);:'.<>/?]-
- 4. Click Save.

Chapter 6

Maintenance and troubleshooting

This chapter describes maintenance and troubleshooting. It has the following sections:

- Support
- Software update
- Restore the settings of the Commander NEO
- Maintenance
- Troubleshooting
- Log files

6.1 Support

6.1.1 To repack for shipment

Should you need to send the product for repair, please read the below information before packing the product.

The shipping carton has been carefully designed to protect the Commander NEO and its accessories during shipment. This carton and its associated packing material should be used when repacking for shipment. Attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, part number and full serial number. Mark the carton FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.



Correct shipment is the customer's own responsibility.

If the original shipping carton is not available, the following general instructions should be used for repacking with commercially available material.

- 1. Wrap the defective unit in heavy paper or plastic. Attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, part number and full serial number.
- 2. Use a strong shipping container, e.g. a double walled carton.
- 3. Protect the front- and rear panel with cardboard and insert a layer of shock-absorbing material between all surfaces of the equipment and the sides of the container.
- 4. Seal the shipping container securely.
- 5. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.

Failure to do so may invalidate the warranty.

6.2 Software update

6.2.1 To update software with the web interface

- 1. Download the new software or acquire the software from Thuraya and save it to your computer.
- 2. Connect your computer to the Commander NEO.
- 3. Open the web interface in your browser and enter the Control panel **.
- 4. Click Support > Update software.
- 5. Click Update software...
- 6. Browse to the new software version and click **Open**. The file has the extension ".tiif".
- 7. The Commander NEO now restarts and completes the software update.

You can check the software version under Control panel > Support > About.



The update procedure takes a couple of minutes.

6.2.2 Recovery software update

If the Commander NEO becomes inoperative, a recovery software update may bring it back into an operational state.

Important

The recovery software update will restore your Commander NEO configuration to factory default!

To make a recovery software update:

- 1. Acquire the new software and save it to your computer.
- 2. While powering on the Commander NEO, push and hold the Reset button until the Status LED is blinking rapidly blue. See *Restore the settings of the Commander NEO* on page 6-3.
- 3. Connect your computer with the new software to the Commander NEO.

Note WLAN is not accessible when the Commander NEO is in safe mode.

- 4. On the connected computer, access the web interface. The web interface will open in safe mode, which is a limited version that only supports updating software.
- 5. In the **Safe Mode** page, click **Choose file** and browse to the new software version on your computer and click **Open**. The file has the extension ".tiif".
- 6. Click **Upload**.
- 7. After successful upload, the new software is installed.
- 8. The Commander NEO restarts and completes the software update.

Note The update procedure can take up to 15 minutes.

9. Wait for the status LED to become steady green to indicate the software update process is completed.

6.3 Restore the settings of the Commander NEO

The Commander NEO has a Reset button that has three functions: To restore all settings to factory settings, to restore WLAN settings and Local IP address only, and to put the Commander NEO into safe mode for recovery software update.

Action	Function	
Push and hold the Reset button for 2-10 seconds	LAN settings: The terminal IP address and IP netmask are temporarily set to the default value (default IP address: 192.168.0.1).	
	WLAN settings are restored to default.	
	Default WLAN settings:	
	WLAN is Disabled	
	 Broadcast SSID: Commander-NEO_<last 4="" digits="" of="" serial<br="">number></last> 	
	Encryption standard: WPA2-AES	
	 Encryption key: serial number of the Commander NEO 	
	Region: AE	
Push and hold the Reset button for > 10 seconds	The Commander NEO restores factory settings and restarts the system. All changes to the configuration are lost.	
Push and hold the Reset button while you switch on the	The Commander NEO enters safe mode. The Status LED is blinking rapidly blue.	
Commander NEO.	In safe mode the Commander NEO is ready for a recovery software upload through the LAN interface (see <i>Recovery software update</i> on page 6-2).	

The Reset button is located inside the SIM compartment in the bottom of the terminal.



Reset button

- 1. Loosen the three screws holding the cover for the SIM compartment.
- 2. Remove the cover.
- Push the Reset button.
 The function depends on the length of time you hold the button, see the table above.
- 4. Close the cover and tighten the three screws carefully. This is important in order to maintain the IP grade of the Commander NEO.

6.4 Maintenance

6.4.1 Cleaning the Commander NEO

Clean the exterior of the Commander NEO with a damp cloth.



CAUTION! Do not spray water directly on the Commander NEO with high pressure! The Commander NEO can be washed gently, but it is not designed to be exposed to high pressure water-jets. The Commander NEO protection is IP68.

6.4.2 Disposal of the Commander NEO

Old electrical and electronic equipment marked with this symbol can contain substances hazardous to human beings and the environment. Never dispose these items together with unsorted municipal waste (household waste).

In order to protect the environment and ensure the correct recycling of old equipment as well as the re-utilization of individual components, use either public collection or private collection by the local supplier of old electrical and electronic equipment marked with this symbol.



Contact the local supplier for information about what type of return system to use.

6.5 Troubleshooting

6.5.1 Troubleshooting guide

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy
The Commander NEO is not operational.	Software error	Restart the terminal. If the problem persists, you can restore factory settings as described in <i>Restore the settings of</i> <i>the Commander NEO</i> on page 6-3. Note: This will restore the configuration of your terminal to factory default!
The web interface Terminal status shows Missing SIM .	The SIM card is not present.	Switch off the Commander NEO and insert the SIM card in the SIM slot according to the instructions in this manual.
	The SIM card is not inserted properly.	Switch off the Commander NEO and remove the SIM card and re- insert it according to the instructions in this manual.
	The SIM card is invalid	Switch off the Commander NEO and replace the SIM card with a valid SIM card.
The web interface Terminal status shows Scanning, Registering or Channel search for more than a few minutes.	The Commander NEO cannot register on the satellite network.	Check your subscription with the Airtime Provider. Check that the signal strength is sufficient to register on the network (min. 45 dBHz) Check that your SIM card is valid for communication on the satellite network. Switch off the Commander NEO and remove and reinsert the SIM card.
No signal or weak signal from the satellite.	The view to the satellite is blocked.	Make sure the Commander NEO has a clear view to the satellite.
The Commander NEO cannot obtain its position using GNSS. The web interface Terminal status shows Acquiring position .	There is no GNSS signal, or the signal is weak. If the Commander NEO has not been used recently within the same location, it can take up to 10 minutes to obtain the position.	Check the position status in the web interface. To help the Commander NEO obtain position fix, it should be placed with a clear view to as much of the sky as possible.

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy
Connection to the Internet cannot be	The signal strength is too low.	Check the signal strength in the web interface.
established.		As a rule of thumb, you should have a a signal strength of 45 dBHz or more to be able to make a data session.
The web interface cannot be accessed.	The browser is configured to use a proxy server.	For Chrome: select Settings > System > Open you computer's proxy settings and select Off at Use a proxy server.
	You have entered a wrong IP address.	Check the IP address and re-enter it. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1
A LAN connection cannot be established.	The cable is not properly connected.	Connect the cable.
	The cable type or connector type is not correct.	The LAN cable must be minimum Cat. 5E or 6A with an RJ45 connector. For more details, see the section <i>To connect cables</i> in this manual.
A WLAN connection cannot be established.	The WLAN interface is disabled in the Commander NEO	Enable the interface by accessing the web interface and selecting Control panel > WLAN > Enable .
	Your computer or smartphone is placed too far away from	Bring the computer closer to the Commander NEO.
	the Commander NEO.	Note that the specified maximum distance is only valid under ideal conditions.

6.5.2 Status signaling

Means of signaling

The Commander NEO system provides two methods for signaling the status of the system.

- Light indicator on the bottom side of the Commander NEO.
- **Messages** shown in the web interface.

Light indicator

The LED is located in the cover for the SIM compartment in the bottom of the terminal.



The functions of the LED are:

Light pattern		Meaning	
•	Green blinking rapidly	Starting up.	
•	Yellow blinking	Antenna searching for satellite signal	
•	Green blinking	Antenna tracking on satellite signal.	
•	Green constant	Ready.	
•	Yellow blinking rapidly	Closing down.	
•	Yellow constant	Warning (user recoverable). See web interface for details.	
	Red constant	Error. See the web interface.	
	Blue blinking	Uploading software to the terminal.	
	Blue blinking rapidly	Safe mode.	
0	Off	Power off or Power save state, or LED is configured to be Always off or On for 5 minutes (and the 5 minutes have passed).	

The LED is configurable in the web interface and can have 3 modes:

- On for 5 minutes. The LED stays on for 5 minutes after the terminal has started up and is ready (LED is constant green). After the 5 minutes the LED turns off, but will be turned on again if a warning or error occurs (yellow or red light)
- Always on: The LED is always on when the terminal is powered.
- Always off: The LED is always off.

Alert messages and status messages

In the web interface of the Commander NEO you can see status messages and alerts that are currently active.

When a warning or error alert is active, the web interface shows a warning symbol **A**. Select it to see a list of currently active alerts.

6.5.3 List of alert messages

The following list explains some of the alert messages that may show in the web interface of the Commander NEO.

Alert ID and Severity	Displayed text	Explanation	Remedy
8056 Warning	SIM rejected	The type of USIM card inserted in the terminal is not correct for your terminal, or	Make sure you have the correct type of USIM card for your type of terminal.
		PIN code validation is enabled on your SIM card.	Contact your provider.
8057 Warning	SIM missing	No SIM is inserted in the terminal, or the SIM is not properly inserted	Insert the SIM card as shown in <i>To insert the SIM card</i> on page 2-2.
10191 Warning	No position fix	The terminal was not able to get a position fix from the positioning system (GPS, GLONASS, Galileo or BeiDou).	It may take some time to obtain position fix. Make sure the terminal has a clear view to the sky. You can see position status in the status section in the web interface. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
10206 Warning	Closing terminal due to high temperature	The terminal has reached a critically high temperature, and will close down by itself.	Move the terminal to a cooler location.
10207 Warning	Terminal temperature too low	Low ambient temperature is causing the performance of the terminal to be degraded or halted.	Move the terminal to a warmer location. For information on ambient temperature limits, see the Specifications appendix.
10209 Warning	Terminal temperature high	The temperature in the terminal is high. If it continues to go up, it may affect the performance of the terminal negatively.	lf possible, move the terminal to a cooler location.
10300 Warning	Updating software	Software update has begun.	Wait for the software update to complete.

Alert ID and Severity	Displayed text	Explanation	Remedy
10302 Warning	Preparing for software update	Initial preparations for software upload are started.	Wait until preparations are over, either the terminal is rebooted or an error is shown.
10303 Warning	Error opening software file	The file requested to use for the update procedure cannot be opened or found.	Make sure the update file is correct and the file exists.
10305 Warning	Software downgrade prevented. Use a newer software version.	Not possible to perform a software downgrade, use a newer version.	Use a newer version of software for the update, or contact your provider.
10306 Warning	File does not support this product	The file used for software update does not support this terminal type.	Use the correct tiif file for your terminal.
10307 Warning	File is corrupt. Download the file again.	The file used for software update appears to be corrupt and the content cannot be validated.	Download the file again.
10308 Warning	Software update failed. Try running the update again.	Software upload failed to initialize, can be a sporadic issue.	Try running the update again. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
10309 Warning	Software update failed. Update to the latest software version.	The software has been rolled back to the version in use before starting this software upload. The new image was not validated correctly.	Try running the update again. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
1030A Error	Software failed. Update to the latest software version from Safe Mode.	Not all subunits have been properly verified with the new image.	Attempt software update procedure again. If not successful, update from Safe Mode as described in the section Recovery software update.
1030C Warning	Software update is already started	Another software update cycle is currently running.	Wait until the current software upload has finished.
1030D Warning	Software version is already installed	The software image you are trying to install is already active on the terminal.	Update with a different software image, or skip the update.
1030E Warning	Software update forced roll-back	Software update failed and the terminal forced a roll-back to the previous version.	Check that you have the correct file for software update and try again. If the problem persists, contact your provider.

Alert ID and Severity	Displayed text	Explanation	Remedy
18001 Warning	Failed to read IMEI	IMEI number is missing.	Contact you provider.
18002 Warning	Illegal ME	The satellite terminal used is not accepted by the network.	Contact your provider.
18003 Warning	IMEI not accepted	The satellite terminal used is not accepted by the network.	Contact your provider.
1812E Warning	PLMN not allowed	The terminal is not allowed to operate in the requested network.	Contact your provider.
1812F Warning	Roaming not allowed	It is not allowed to use the terminal on another operator's network.	Contact your provider.
18130 Warning	IMSI unknown in HLR	The SIM of the terminal (IMSI number) is unknown in Home Location Register	Contact your provider.
18131 Warning	IMSI unknown in VLR	The SIM of the terminal (IMSI number) is unknown in Visitor Location Register	Contact your provider.
18134 Warning	Network detached mobile	The terminal was detached by the network	Repoint the terminal. If not successful, switch the terminal off and then on again (power cycle). If the problem persists, contact your provider.
18135 Warning	Data service not allowed	The requested data service is not allowed.	lf possible, use another data service. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
18136 Warning	Service not allowed	The requested service is not allowed.	lf possible, use another service. lf the problem persists, contact your provider.
18137 Warning	Identity cannot be derived	The identity of the terminal cannot be derived by the network.	Switch the terminal off and then on again (power cycle). If the problem persists, contact your provider.
18138 Warning	Location area not allowed	The terminal is not allowed to operate in this location area.	Switch the terminal off and then on again (power cycle). If the problem persists, contact your provider.

Alert ID and Severity	Displayed text	Explanation	Remedy
18139 Warning	Temporary satellite registration failure	The terminal is temporarily unable to register with the satellite network.	Wait for the terminal to retry. If not successful, repoint the terminal. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
1813A Warning	General satellite registration failure	The terminal is unable to register with the satellite network.	Contact your provider
1813B Warning	Satellite registration retries exhausted	The terminal has attempted to register too many times without success.	Repoint the terminal. If not successful, reboot the terminal. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
18191 Warning	Satellite signal lost	The system no longer receives a signal from the satellite.	Wait for the terminal to recover the signal. If not successful, repoint the terminal (Make sure the antenna has a clear view to the satellite). If the problem persists, contact your provider.
18194 Warning	Old position	The latest geographical position registered in the terminal is old and cannot be used to register on the satellite network.	Switch the terminal of and then on again (power cycle). Make sure the terminal has a clear view to the sky. You can see position status in
			the status section in the web interface. If the problem persists, contact your provider.
25800 Error	Hardware fault detected	A hardware fault related to the satellite connection is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
2BC00 Error	Hardware fault detected	A general hardware fault is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
2BE00 Error	Missing calibration data	Invalid calibration values found (satellite connection).	Contact your provider for repair.
2C100 Error	Temperature sensor hardware fault detected	There is a hardware fault with a temperature sensor.	Switch off the terminal and contact your provider for repair.
2C600 Error	Missing calibration data	Invalid calibration values found (satellite connection).	Contact your provider for repair.
Alert ID and Severity	Displayed text	Explanation	Remedy
-----------------------------	--	--	---
2C700 Error	Hardware fault detected	A hardware fault related to the satellite connection is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
2C800 Error	Hardware fault detected	A hardware fault related to the satellite connection is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
2C900 Error	Hardware fault detected	A hardware fault related to the satellite connection is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
2CA00 Error	Temperature sensor hardware fault detected	There is a hardware fault with a temperature sensor.	Switch off the terminal and contact your provider for repair.
2CB00 Error	Missing calibration data	Invalid calibration values found (related to satellite connection).	Switch the terminal of and then on again (power cycle). If the problem persists, contact your provider for repair.
2CD00 Error	Temperature sensor hardware fault detected	There is a hardware fault with a temperature sensor.	Switch off the terminal and contact your provider for repair.
2CE00 Error	Missing calibration data	Invalid calibration values found (related to satellite connection).	Switch the terminal of and then on again (power cycle). If the problem persists, contact your provider for repair.
38402 Error	Hardware fault detected	A general hardware fault is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
38403 Error	Hardware fault detected	A general hardware fault is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
38404 Error	WLAN hardware fault detected	A hardware fault with the WLAN module is detected.	Contact your provider for repair. Note : You can stiill use the terminal without WLAN.
38409 Error	Hardware fault detected	A general hardware fault is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
3840A Error	Hardware fault detected	A general hardware fault is detected.	Contact your provider for repair.
38411 Error	GNSS hardware fault detected	There is a hardware fault with the GNSS module.	Contact your provider for repair.
38412 Error	IMU hardware fault detected	A hardware fault related to satellite tracking is detected	Contact your provider for repair.

6.6 Log files

6.6.1 To create a diagnostics report

The diagnostic report contains relevant information for troubleshooting. When contacting your supplier for support, please enclose this file. To generate a diagnostic report:

- 1. Access the web interface.
- 2. Select ** (Control panel) at the bottom of the page.
- 3. Select Support.
- 4. From the Support page, select Diagnostics report.
- 5. Select Generate report.



It may take a few minutes to generate the report.

- 6. Select Download report.
- 7. Choose a location for the file and save it.

6.6.2 Data log

The log holds detailed information on each data session to and from the Commander NEO, including date and time, duration, amount of data transferred etc.

Date and time is UTC time, received from the satellite.

To see the log in the web interface, select ***** (Control panel) **Logs**. See *To use the logs* on page 5-10.

6.6.3 Event log

The Event log shows events that occurred in the past and are no longer active. It includes events of informational character describing normal phases of operation for the terminal, and also alerts that have appeared in the Alerts list.

To view the event log in the web interface, select Event log from the Support page.

Appendix A

Specifications

A.1 Commander NEO terminal

A.1.1 General specifications

Characteristics	Specification
Туре	Vehicular one-box satellite terminal with integrated beam steering antenna (no moving parts).
Services	
Data	
Standard IP	Up to 444 kbps/400 kbps (simultaneously)
Streaming IP	16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 384 kbps, symmetric or asymmetric up/down
Interfaces	
Wired	
	 One combined connector with: DC power input, 12-24 VDC nominal (pin 1 and 2) Remote on/off signal (pin 3) Ethernet PoE (input) interface, T568B,10/100/1000 Mbps, PoE Type 4/ Class 8 (pin 5 to 12)
Wireless	See WLAN access point on page A-2.
Frequencies	
Transmit	1626.5 - 1660.5 MHz
Receive	1518.0 MHz - 1559.0 MHz
G/T	≥-18.5 dB/K, for elevations between 20° and 90° ≥-19 dB/K, for elevations between 5° and 20°
EIRP	Max. 15 dBW
Dimensions	Diameter: 320 mm Height: 97 mm incl. plastic spacers (87 mm without spacers)

Characteristics	Specification
Weight	4800 g / 10.6 lbs including spacers
Mounting	With 3 bolts through the vehicle roof, or Optional: Magnetic Mount Solution, order number 403723B-009 (3 magnetic feet)
Supply Voltage	DC input: 12 VDC to 24 VDC (max. range 10.8 to 33.6 VDC)
	PoE In: A PoE supplying device used with the Commander NEO must comply with minimum Type 4 Class 8 (IEEE802.3bt), capable of supplying 52-57 VDC, 90 W.
Supported MIL standards	MIL-STD-810
	MIL-STD-463
	MIL-STD-901

A.1.2 WLAN access point

Characteristics	Specification
Standard	IEEE 802.11
Antenna	Built-in
Frequencies	2.412 - 2.472 MHz (EU)
Country selection dependent	2.412 - 2.462 MHz (US)
	5.180 - 5.240 MHz
	5.260 - 5.320 MHz
	5.500 - 5.700 MHz
	5.600 - 5.650 MHz (special DFS requirements)
	5.735 - 5.825 MHz
Bandwidth	Max. 20 MHz, 40 MHz, 80 MHz
Modes	IEEE 802.11b/g/a/n/ac
	HT20/HT40/HT80
DFS frequencies	Operation as slave device supported

A.1.3 Environmental specifications

Characteristics	Specification
Water and dust	IP68
Ambient temperature Operating Storage	-25°C to +55°C at min. 1 m/s windload -40°C to +85°C
Relative humidity	MIL-STD-810G, Test method 507.6.
Solar radiation	1120 W/m ² , MIL-STD-810G Test method 505.6.
EMI/EMC	MIL-STD-461G.



A.2 Outline dimensions

Appendix A: Specifications

Outline dimensions

A.3 Satellite coverage

The satellite services are based on geostationary satellites situated above the equator. Each satellite covers a certain area (footprint). The coverage map below shows the footprints of the T2 and T3 satellites. For updated information on coverage, see Thuraya's home page at Thuraya.com.



If the Commander NEO is sold and used in the US, satellite functionality is not available.



Appendix B

Command reference

This appendix lists the function, syntax and parameters for commands used with the Commander NEO. You can send commands to the Commander NEO via AT shell. See *To access the terminal using AT commands* on page 2-14.

Note

The use of AT shell must be enabled in the terminal. You can do this in the web interface, see *To set up AT shell* on page 5-24.

This appendix has the following sections:

- Overview of AT commands
- AT commands
 - Syntax conventions
 - Identification related AT commands
 - Context management AT commands
- Configuration examples

B.1 Overview of AT commands

Function	Command
Request manufacturer identification of the satellite terminal.	+GMI
(Use any one of the two commands).	+CGMI
Request model identification of the satellite terminal.	+GMM
(Use any one of the two commands).	+CGMM
Request Revision Identification of the satellite terminal.	+GMR
(Use any one of the two commands).	+CGMR
Request Product Serial Number Identification (IMEI) of the satellite terminal.	+CGSN
Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the satellite terminal.	+CIMI
Define PDP Context	+CGDCONT
Request the state of PS (attached or detached)	+CGATT?
PDP context activate or deactivate	+CGACT
Show PDP address	+CGPADDR
3G Quality of Service Profile (requested)	+CGEQREQ

B.2 AT commands

The following most used AT commands are explained in this manual. Other AT commands not mentioned here may still be supported.

- Identification related AT commands
- Context management AT commands

B.2.1 Syntax conventions

Syntax definitions use the following conventions:

- <parm> indicates that a parameter (without < and >) can be filled in by the user.
- { <opt1> | <opt2> | ... } indicates that one of various options must be chosen by the user.
- [<options>] indicates that <options> may or may not be included in the command.
- Keywords and parameters are separated by commas.
 Note: If parameters in the middle are left out, the commas must still be there as placeholders,
 e.g. <parm1>, , , <parm4> In this case parm 2 and parm 3 are left out, but <parm4> is used. If the last parameters are left out, the commas are not needed, e.g.
 <parm1>, <parm2>
- String type parameters must be enclosed in quotes ("")

B.2.2 Identification related AT commands

The identification related AT commands are "read" commands. They are written without parameters.

Possible responses for the identification related AT commands

The following tables summarize the possible responses to some of the most used AT commands for identification.

Command	Possible responses
+CGMI	<manufacturer> ERROR</manufacturer>
+CGMM	<model> ERROR</model>
+CGMR	<revision> ERROR</revision>
+CGSN	<sn> ERROR</sn>
+CIMI	<imsi> ERROR</imsi>
+GMI	<manufacturer></manufacturer>
+GMM	<model></model>
+GMR	<revision></revision>

Response parameters for identification related AT commands

The table below summarizes the available parameters for the AT commands for identification.

Parameter	Meaning
<imsi></imsi>	The IMSI number of the satellite terminal
<manufacturer></manufacturer>	The name of the manufacturer of the satellite terminal
<model></model>	The model of the satellite terminal
<revision></revision>	The revision of the satellite terminal
<sn></sn>	The IMEI number of the satellite terminal

B.2.3 Context management AT commands

The table below summarizes some of the most used AT commands for context management. Parameters are explained in *Parameters for context management AT commands* on page B-5. For details, refer to the 3GPP standard TS 27.007.

Command	Parameters
+CGACT	[<state>[,<cid>[,<cid>[,]]]]</cid></cid></state>
+CGATT?	No parameters (this is a "read" command)
+CGDCONT	<cid>[,<pdp_type>[,<apn>[,<pdp_addr>[,<d_comp>[,<h_comp>[,<pd1>[,[,<pdn>]]]]]]]]</pdn></pd1></h_comp></d_comp></pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid>
+CGEQREQ	<pre><cid>[,<traffic class="">[,<ul_mbr>[,<dl_mbr>[,<ul_gbr>[,<dl_gbr>[,<delivery order>[,<maximum sdu="" size="">[,<sdu error="" ratio="">[,<residual bit="" error<br="">ratio>[,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">[,<transfer delay="">[,<traffic handling<br="">priority>]]]]]]]]]]</traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery </dl_gbr></ul_gbr></dl_mbr></ul_mbr></traffic></cid></pre>
+CGPADDR	[= <cid>[,<cid>[,]]]</cid></cid>

Possible responses for context management AT commands

The possible responses for the context management AT commands are listed in the following table:

Command	Possible response(s)
+CGACT	OK ERROR
+CGATT?	+CGATT: <state></state>
+CGDCONT	OK ERROR
+CGEQREQ	OK ERROR
+CGPADDR	+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr> [<cr><lf>+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr> []]</pdp_addr></cid></lf></cr></pdp_addr></cid>

Parameters for context management AT commands

The table below states the main parameters for the AT commands for context management. For details, refer to the 3GPP standard TS 27.007 and ITU-T V.250.

Parameter	Values	Meaning
<apn></apn>	<apn></apn>	Access Point Name. A string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network. If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested.
<cid></cid>	<cid> (1-11)</cid>	The Context Identifier for the PDP context. A numeric parameter identifying the specific PDP context - maximum 11 PDP contexts may be defined.
<d_comp></d_comp>	0	A numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression: Off (default if value is omitted)
<delivery of<br="">erroneous SDUs></delivery>	0 1 2 3	Indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not. No Yes No detect Subscribed value
<delivery order=""></delivery>	0 1 2	Indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not. No Yes Subscribed value
<dl_gbr></dl_gbr>	<dlgbr></dlgbr>	The guaranteed bit rate down link. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI.
<dl_mbr></dl_mbr>	<dl_mbr></dl_mbr>	The maximum bit rate down link. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI.
<h_comp></h_comp>	0 1	A numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression Off (default if value is omitted) On NOTE: At present only one data compression algorithm (V.42bis) is provided in SNDCP. If and when other algorithms become available, a command will be provided to select one or more of these.
<maximum sdu<br="">size></maximum>	Integer type; (1,2,3,)	Indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<pd1>, <pdn></pdn></pd1>	<pd1> <pd2> <pdn></pdn></pd2></pd1>	Zero to N string parameters whose meanings are specific to the <pdp_type> For PDP type OSP:IHOSS the following parameters are defined: <pd1> = <host> The fully formed domain name extended hostname of the Internet host. <pd2> = <port> The TCP or UDP port on the Internet host. <pd3> = <protocol> The protocol to be used over IP on the Internet - "TCP" or "UDP.</protocol></pd3></port></pd2></host></pd1></pdp_type>

Parameter	Values	Meaning
<pdp_addr></pdp_addr>	<pdp_address></pdp_address>	A string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP context. If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested. The allocated address may be read using the +CGPADDR command.
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	IP IPV6 PPP	Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5) Internet Protocol, version 6 (IETF RFC 2460) Point to Point Protocol (IETF STD 51)
<residual bit="" error<br="">ratio></residual>	(String type)	Indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. The value is specified as "mEe". As an example a target residual bit error ratio of $5x10^{-3}$ would be specified as "5E3" (AT+CGEQREQ=,"5E3",). "0E0" means subscribed value.
<sdu error="" ratio=""></sdu>	(String type)	Indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'. As an example a target SDU error ratio of 5x10 ⁻³ would be specified as "5E3" (AT+CGEQREQ=,"5E3",). "0E0" means subscribed value.
<state></state>	0 1	Deactivate or Detached Activate or Attached
<traffic class=""></traffic>	1 3	Streaming Standard data (Background).
<traffic handling<br="">priority></traffic>	Integer type; (1,2,3,)	Specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested
<transfer delay=""></transfer>	0 500 4000	0 ms, error correction is determined by the network 500 ms, error correction is disabled 4000 ms, error correction is applied
<ul_gbr></ul_gbr>	<ul_gbr></ul_gbr>	The guaranteed bit rate up link. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI.
<ul_mbr></ul_mbr>	<ul_mbr></ul_mbr>	The maximum bit rate up link. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI.

B.3 Configuration examples

For general syntax, see *Syntax conventions* on page B-3. For parameters, see *Parameters for context management AT commands* on page B-5.

B.3.1 To create a primary PDP context

Relevant command: at+cgdcont

1. To create a primary PDP context, send the command: at+cgdcont=[<cid>[,<PDP_type>[,<APN>[,<PDP_addr>[,<d_comp>[,< h_comp>[,<pd1>[,[,<pdN>]]]]]]]

Example: at+cgdcont=1,"IP","AccessPointName"

In this example the command specifies:

- 1: The CID of this primary PDP context.
- IP: The PDP type of this PDP context. IP means Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5).
- AccessPointName: The APN (Access Point Name) for the data connection.

If the command was successful, the terminal returns with the response: $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OK}}$

 To get the parameters set up for primary PDP context, send the command: at+cgdcont?

The response for the example above will be:

```
+CGDCONT: 1, "IP", "AccessPointName", 0.0.0.0, 0, 0, "", ""
OK
```

B.3.2 To activate a PDP context

Relevant command: at+cgact

 To activate a PDP context, send the command: at+cgact=[<state>[,<cid>[,<cid>[,...]]]]

Example: at+cgact=1,1

In this example, the parameters specify:

- 1: Set the state of the PDP context to Activated.
- 1: The CID of the PDP context that is going to be activated.

If the command was successful, the terminal returns with the response: $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OK}}$

B.3.3 To query the state of all PDP contexts

Relevant command: at+cgact?

 To query the state (activated or deactivated) of all PDP contexts, send the command: at+cgact?

```
The response could be:
+CGACT: 1, 1
+CGACT: 2, 0
+CGACT: 4, 0
OK
```

In these responses, the **first parameter** specifies the **CID** of the PDP context and the **second parameter** specifies whether it is **activated (1)** or **deactivated (0)**.

B.3.4 To query the IP address of an activated PDP context

Relevant command: at+cgpaddr

1. To query the IP address of an activated PDP context, send the command:

```
at+cgpaddr
The response could be:
+CGPADDR: 1, 10.186.2.198
OK
```

The **first parameter** is the **CID** of the PDP context, the **second** is the **IP address** of the terminal in the address space applicable to the PDP context.

B.3.5 To query the state of the Packet Domain service (Attached or Detached)

Relevant command: at+cgatt?

 To read the state of the Packet Domain service, send the command: at+cgatt?

```
Example: at+cgatt?
```

Response: +cgatt: 1 In this example, the parameter **1** means the terminal is attached to the Packet Domain service.

Appendix C

Conformity

Certificates of approval will be available in partnerportal.cobhamsatcom.com or from your supplier.

C.1 EU (CE)

The Commander NEO is CE certified as stated in the "EU Declaration of Conformity".

The WLAN interface is CE certified through the manufacturer of the WLAN card.

Use of WLAN:

The WLAN interface requires that the user enters the current country of operation. See WLAN *interface setup* on page 5-11.

C.2 MIL approvals

The Commander NEO is approved to the following MIL standards:

- MIL-STD-810
- MIL-STD-463
- MIL-STD-901

C.3 RCM, Australia

The Commander NEO is RCM certified as stated in the "Certificate/Declaration of Conformance RCM".

C.4 Safety CB certificate

The Commander NEO is certified as stated in the CB Test Certificate.

C.5 FCC

FCC e-label: Model: 8033A Thuraya Commander NEO Terminal P/N: 408033A-YGS FCC ID: ROJ-8033A

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

NOTICE:

This device complies with Part 15C and part 15E of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTICE:

Changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by Cobham Satcom may void the FCC authorization to operate this equipment.

Glossary

Α	
ACA	Automatic Connection Activation
APN	Access Point Name. The Access Point Name is used by the terminal operator to establish the connection to the required destination network.
C cid	Context Identifier
D DNS	Domain Name System. A system translating server names (URLs) to server addresses.
E EIRP	Effective Isotropically-Radiated Power
G	
GGSN	Gateway GPRS Support Node. The GGSN converts the incoming data traffic coming from the mobile users through the Service gateway GPRS support node (SGSN) and forwards it to the relevant network, and vice versa. The GGSN and the SGSN together form the GPRS support nodes (GSN)
н	
HLR	Home Location Register. The HLR contains information regarding users who are registered as subscribers in the area, whereas the VLR contains information regarding users who are registered as subscribers somewhere else but are roaming in the area.
НТТР	HyperText Transfer Protocol. HTTP is the underlying protocol used by the World Wide Web. This protocol defines how messages are formatted and transmitted, and what actions Web servers and browsers should take in response to various commands.
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) is an extension of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP). It is used for secure communication over a computer network, and is widely used on the Internet.
1	
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card Identification (SIM card number)
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity. A unique number identifying your terminal.
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity. A number used to identify the user of a cellular network. It is a unique identification associated with all cellular networks.
IP	Internet Protocol
L	
LAN	Local Aera Network
LED	Light Emitting Diode

LTE	Long-term evolution (LTE) is a standard for wireless broadband communication for mobile devices and data terminals, based on the GSM/EDGE and UMTS/HSPA standards.
Μ	
ME	Mobile Equipment. In this case, your satellite terminal
Ν	
NAT	Network Address Translation. An Internet standard that enables a local-area network to use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic. A NAT module makes all necessary address translations.
0	
OSP:IHOSS	Octet Stream Protocol for Internet Hosted Octet Stream Service
D	
PDP	Packet Data Protocol. A network protocol used by external packet data networks that communicate with a GPRS network.
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network. A term used to describe all mobile wireless networks that use earth-based stations rather than satellites.
PPPoE	Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet
PTT	Push To Talk
Q	
QCI	Quality of service Class (see 3GPP TS 23.203 and 3GPP TS 24.301)
R	
REST	Representational State Transfer. REST API is an application programming interface (API) that conforms to the constraints of REST architectural style and allows for interaction with RESTful web services.
S	
SDU	Service Data Unit
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module. The SIM provides secure storing of the key identifying a mobile service subscriber but also subscription information, preferences and storage of text messages.
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol. An application-layer control (signaling) protocol used e.g. for Internet telephony.
SNDCP	Sub Network Dependent Convergence Protocol, is part of layer 3 of a GPRS protocol specification. SNDCP interfaces to the Internet Protocol at the top, and to the GPRS-specific Logical Link Control (LLC) protocol at the bottom.
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer. The standard technology for keeping an Internet connection secure and safeguarding any sensitive data that is being sent between two systems.
т	
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol. One of the core protocols of the Internet protocol suite. TCP provides reliable, in-order delivery of a stream of bytes, making it suitable for applications like

	file transfer and e-mail.	
TLS	Transport Layer Security. An updated, more secure, version of SSL.	
U		
UDP	User Datagram Protocol. Part of the TCP/IP suite of protocols used for data transferring. UDP doesn't acknowledge that the packets being sent have been received. For this reason, the UDP protocol is typically used for streaming media. While you might see skips in video or hear some fuzz in audio clips, UDP transmission prevents the playback from stopping completely.	
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time. The International Atomic Time (TAI) with leap seconds added at irregular intervals to compensate for the Earth's slowing rotation. Leap seconds are used to allow UTC to closely track UT1, which is mean solar time at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich.	
V		
VHF	Very High Frequency. 30-300 MHz, a "straight-line" signal used for short-distance terrestrial communication and navigation.	
VLR	Visitor Location Register. See HLR	
VoIP	Voice over IP (Internet Protocol)	
VPN	Virtual Private Network	
W		
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network	

Index

Numerics

1-GPI	
configure	5-22

A

access	
using AT commands	4-5
Access levels for web interface	5-2
accessories	1-4
admin password	
change	5-21
log in	5-20
log out	5-21
advanced settings	
alerts	
view in web interface	5-13
antenna	
clearance to base plane	2-4
drainage	2-4
installation	2-3
installation location	2-3
interference	
magnetic mount	2-7
obstructions	2-3
radiation	2-3
APN	
set up for satellite	5-7
AT commands	
access with IP	4-5
enable AT shell	5-24
set up	5-24
automatic activation	5-7

В

bridge mode	

С

cable and pinout	2-8
calibration	
mounting direction	3-6
CE compliance	C-1
clearance	
antenna to base plane	2-4
computer, connecting to LAN	3-3
computer, connecting to WLAN	3-4
condensation in antenna	2-4

configuration

5	
LAN	5-11
PoE (out) enable	5-11
WLAN	5-11
conformity	C-1
connecting to the satellite network	
contents in delivery	
Control panel in web interface	5-9
•	

D

data	
log	5-10
Standard, definition	4-2
start or stop connection	4-3
Streaming definition	4-2
total usage	5-10
data connections	
start and stop in web interface .	5-5
default IP address	5-2
delivery	
contents	2-1
items included	2-1
diagnostics report	
create	5-14, 6-13
disposal	6-4
drainage of antenna	2-4

Ε

5-:	13
•	5-:

F

factory settings	
restore	5-23
FCC compliance	C-1
features	1-3
forward port	5-19

G

GNSS	
select system	
troubleshooting	6-5
5	

Н

-3	HTTP, redirect to HTTP	S
-4	humidity in antenna	2-4
-4		

I/O pins	
configure1-GPI	5-22
IC compliance	C-1
ignition function	
installation	
antenna	2-3
interference	2-3
Internet connection	
Internet connection mode	
setting	5-17
IP address	
for web interface	5-2
local, setting up	5-17
items included in delivery	

L

LAN	
configure	5-11
connecting a computer	3-3
language	
change in web interface	5-18
LEDs	6-7
light indicators	6-7
location of terminal	2-3
log	
of data connections	5-10
of events	5-13
log in as administrator	5-20
log out as administrator	5-21

Μ

magnetic mount for antenna	
microwave radiation	ii
mount antenna with bolts	
mount antenna with magnets	
mounting calibration	
-	

Ν

navigation in web interface	5-4
navigation in web interface	

0

obstructions	
distance and size	2-3
options	1-4

Ρ

part numbers	1-4
password	
for AT shell	5-24
for web interface	
access rights	5-2

change	5-21
log in	5-20
log out	5-21
place the antenna	2-3
PoE (out) enable	5-11
port forwarding	5-19
position	
troubleshooting	6-5
Power control input	
configure	5-22

R

radiation	ii
radiation hazard	2-3
radiation level	2-3
recovery	
software	6-2
registering on the satellite network	3-5
remote on/off	3-2
report	
diagnostics	5-14, 6-13
RESTAPI	
short description	4-1
restore factory settings	5-23
router mode	5-17

S

safety summary	ii
satellite network	
connecting to	.3-5
settings	
in web interface	.5-9
restore	5-23
SIM card, insert	.2-2
software	
recovery	.6-2
update with web interface	6-2
specifications	.A-1
SSID	
change	5-12
default name	.6-3
Standard data	
definition	.4-2
start data connection	.4-3
Status	
view in web interface	.5-8
Streaming data	
definition	.4-2

Т

total usage	
troubleshooting	6-5
typography used in this manual	

U

unpack	
update software	
usage	
data	
user password	
change	5-21

W

warning messages	5-13
web interface	
access levels	5-2
accessing	5-2
change language	5-18
definition	5-2
navigating	5-4
WLAN	
automatic activation of	5-7
configure	5-11
connecting a computer	3-4
default network name (SSID)	6-3
default settings	6-3

