

Report No.: HA942202B



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2ABZ2-GM1925

Equipment : Smart Phone

Brand Name : ONEPLUS

Model Name : GM1925

: T3 T-Rating

Applicant : OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

18C02, 18C03, 18C04 and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra Building,

Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen

Manufacturer: OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

18C02, 18C03, 18C04 and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra Building,

Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Apr. 30, 2019 and testing was started from Apr. 30, 2019 and completed on May 01, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grange

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

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TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jun. 13, 2019

Form version: 180516

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History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA942202B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 13, 2019

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interfere			Frequency	Magnetic
Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Response	Intensity
	GSM850	T4	Pass	Pass
GSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
UMTS CMRS Voice	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
CDMA CMRS Voice	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over CDMA	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 17	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 26	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 38	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over 5G NR	n41	T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	Т3	Pass	Pass
	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
VoWiFI	5300	T4	Pass	Intensity Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pa
	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
0.77	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
Date Tested		2019/4/30	0 ~ 2019/5/1	

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Wan Liu</u>

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2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Equipment Name	Smart Phone
Brand Name	ONEPLUS
Model Name	GM1925
FCC ID	2ABZ2-GM1925
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 226.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 187.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 1: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2312.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 21779.3 MHz LTE Band 66: 51710.7 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 540.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 540.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 540.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 550.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 67: 655.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 68: 5500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz ULAN 5.5GHz Band: 5760 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) CDMA2000: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 5G NR: CP-OFDM 5G NR n41: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11b/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK

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This device has WWAN UAT and LAT transmitter antennas. LAT antenna as ANT1/3 is located at the bottom edge of the device; UAT antenna as ANT0/2 is located at the left side of top edge of the device, and which can refer to antenna location chapter. The 2.4GHz/5GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.

3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY				

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01

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5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air	Day JANUa	-	C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power	
Interface	Band MHz	Туре	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction	
	GSM850	\/O	Vaa	WLAN, BT	CMDC Vains	No	
	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No	
GSM	EDGE850				SIP calling ^(1,2)		
	EDGE1900	VD	Yes		Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No	
	850			WLAN, BT	Coog.c 2 uc	No	
	1750	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No	
UMTS	1900			WLAN, BT		No	
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	SIP calling ^(1,2) / Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No	
	850	1//0	V	WLAN, BT	OMBONA	No	
	1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No	
CDMA	EVDO	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	SIP calling ^(1,2) / Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No	
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 12			WLAN, BT	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE	Band 13	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	SIP calling ^(1,2)	No	
(FDD)	Band 17	VD	res	WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 25			WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No	
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 30				WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No	
LTE	Band 38	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE / SIP calling ^(1,2)	No	
(TDD)	Band 41	V	163	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No N	
	2450				VoWiFi ⁽¹⁾	No	
	5200				/	No	
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE	SIP calling ^(1,2)	No	
	5500				Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No	
	5800				Google Duo	No	
BT Type Transi	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE	NA	No	

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Type Transport:

VO= Voice only
DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.
- The SIP calling is android internal auxiliary functions under the dialing program.

 The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

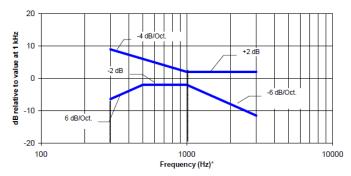
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6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

6.1 Frequency Response

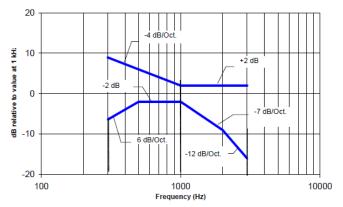
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

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NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

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7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4,

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

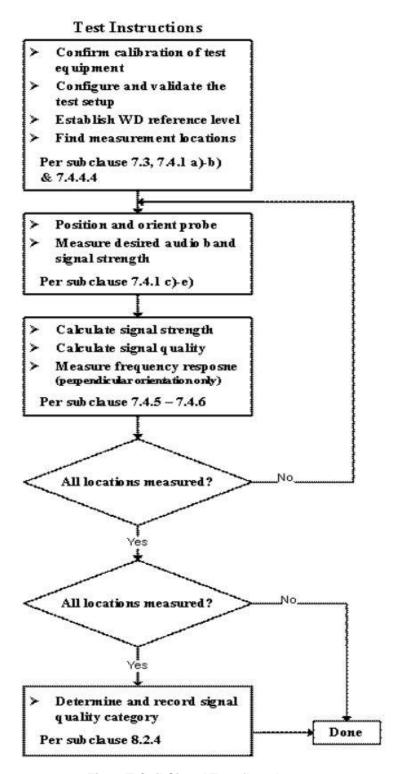
Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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7.1 Test Flow Chart

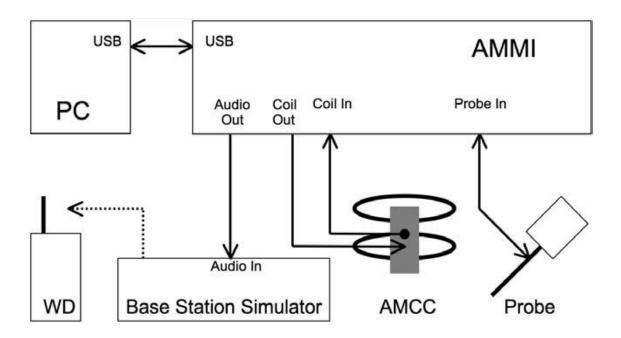


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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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7.2 Test Setup Diagram



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General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - GSM input level: -16dBm0
 - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
 - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
 - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
 - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
 - OTT VoIP input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 5. The test setup used for Google DUO VoIP call is via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, also connection to the other auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec and bit rate and also monitor the audio input level of -20dBm0.
- 6. The test setup used for SIP Calling is via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, also connection to the other auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec and bit rate and can be determined the audio input level of -20dBm0.

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 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k csek 8k 441 white 10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Calculation formula:

- Audio Level at -16dBm0 = ((-16dBm0) (3.14dBm0)) + X dBv
- Calculated Gain at -16dBm0 = 10((audio level at -16dBm0 Y dBm0) / 20) * 10

Gatting setting at -16dBm0 = required gain factor * calculated gain

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
		-2.47	3.14
10	20	-19.85	-14.24
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

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7.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

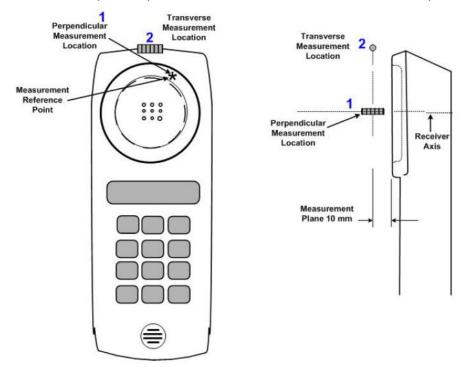


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medel	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2018	Nov. 19, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1326	Sep. 18, 2018	Sep. 17, 2019
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
TESTO	Hygro meter	608-H1	34913631	Aug. 27, 2018	Aug. 26, 2019
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	115793	May. 24, 2018	May. 23, 2019
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	116457	May. 30, 2018	May. 29, 2019

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Note:

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^{1.} NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

9.1 GSM Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	FR_V1	HR_V1	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.67	3.2			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-31.89	-34.12	Axial	GSM850 / 189	
Signal Quality (dB)	34.56	37.32	Axiai	GSM850 / 189	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is FR_V1

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel		ABM1 dB (A/m)	dB	Signal Quality dB		Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
1	GSM850	Voice	189	Axial (Z)	2.67	-31.89	34.56	T4	-50.35	0.89	Pass
'	GSIVIOSU	voice	109	Transversal (Y)	-4.39	-40.70	36.31	T4	-50.23	0.69	F455
2	GSM1900	Voice	661	Axial (Z)	2.45	-34.22	36.67	T4	-50.31	1.29	Pass
	G3W1900	voice	001	Transversal (Y)	-4.57	-42.36	37.79	T4	-50.22	1.29	F d55

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9.2 UMTS Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.4	1.94	2.1		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-39.11	-39.53	-38.88	Axial	Band 5 / 4182
Signal Quality (dB)	41.51	41.47	40.98	Axiai	Bana 5 / 4162
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is AMR 12.2Kbps

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plo No	Air Interface	Mode	Channel		dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
3	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Axial (Z)	2.10	-38.88	40.98	T4	-50.33	1.31	Pass
3	VVCDIVIA II	voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	-4.30	-43.42	39.12	T4	-50.24	1.31	Fd55
4	WCDMA IV	Voice	1413	Axial (Z)	3.62	-37.23	40.85	T4	-50.34	0.92	Pass
4	4 WCDMA IV	voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	-4.42	-43.72	39.30	T4	-50.21	0.92	Pass
_	5 WCDMA V	Voice	4182	Axial (Z)	2.65	-38.03	40.68	T4	-50.35	0.95	Pass
5	WCDIVIA V	voice	4102	Transversal (Y)	-4.56	-44.41	39.85	T4	-50.22	0.95	rass

9.3 CDMA Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	RC1 SO68	RC3 SO68	RC4 SO68	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.86	2.33	2.62		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.38	-44.47	-44.64	Axial	BC0 / 384
Signal Quality (dB)	48.24	46.8	47.26	Axiai	BC0 / 364
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is RC3 SO68

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Prone	dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
6	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO68 Voice	384	Axial (Z)	2.33	-44.47	46.80	T4	-50.36	0.48	Pass
0	CDIVIA BC0	codec8K Enhanced low	304	Transversal (Y)	-4.87	-48.04	43.17	T4	-50.23	0.40	F 455
7	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO68 Voice	600	Axial (Z)	3.02	-46.98	50.00	T4	-50.32	0.24	Pass
'	CDIVIA BCT	codec8K Enhanced low	600	Transversal (Y)	-5.15	-48.20	43.05	T4	-50.20	0.21	Pass
	CDMA RC10 RC3+SO68 Voice	RC3+SO68 Voice		Axial (Z)	3.18	-46.01	49.19	T4	-50.34	0.00	Door
0	8 CDMA BC10 code	codec8K Enhanced low	580	Transversal (Y)	-4.89	-48.06	43.17	T4	-50.22	0.09	Pass

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10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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2. Air Interface Investigation:

- a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1.5 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. The TDD LTE power class 3 supports uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6 and power class 2 supports uplink-downlink configuration1 to 5 for this device, an investigation was performed to determine the worst-case uplink-downlink configuration to be used for the testing for the handset.
- d. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.8	0.55	3.32	2.73	3.22	2.76	2.74	3.15	2.03	3.26		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.48	-38.02	-37.25	-36.85	-36	-36.52	-36.6	-36.05	-36.99	-35.92		B25 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	41.28	38.57	40.57	39.58	39.22	39.28	39.34	39.2	39.02	39.18	Axial	26340
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is WB AMR 6.60Kbps

LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.2	1.5	4.38	4.41	3.69	4.24	4.16	4.02	4.46	4.13		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-37.45	-36.49	-36.86	-35.55	-36.19	-36.23	-36.25	-36.19	-36.82	-36.48	Axial	B41 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	40.65	37.99	41.24	39.96	39.88	40.47	40.41	40.21	41.28	40.61	Axiai	40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is WB AMR 6.60Kbps

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Air	Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.72	-35.84	37.56
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	50	0	26340	-	2.04	-35.72	37.76
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	100	0	26340	-	2.19	-35.92	38.11
	LTE B25	20	16QAM	1	0	26340	-	2.13	-36.05	38.18
	LTE B25	20	64QAM	1	0	26340	-	2.20	-35.83	38.03
FDD	LTE B25	15	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.88	-36.03	37.91
	LTE B25	10	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	2.23	-36.11	38.34
	LTE B25	5	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	2.00	-35.91	37.91
	LTE B25	3	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.84	-35.87	37.71
	LTE B25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	1.95	-35.99	37.94
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	1.72	-35.98	37.70
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	50	0	40620	0	2.03	-36.47	38.50
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	100	0	40620	0	1.85	-35.92	37.77
	LTE B41_PC3	20	16QAM	1	0	40620	0	1.95	-36.18	38.13
	LTE B41_PC3	20	64QAM	1	0	40620	0	1.91	-36.24	38.15
	LTE B41_PC3	15	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	1.97	-36.08	38.05
	LTE B41_PC3	10	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	2.00	-35.98	37.98
TDD	LTE B41_PC3	5	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	1.99	-35.79	37.78
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	2.10	-36.10	38.20
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	2.18	-35.88	38.06
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	1.91	-36.13	38.04
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	2.00	-36.19	38.19
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	2.03	-35.96	37.99
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	2.19	-35.95	38.14

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Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB		Ambient Noise dB (A/m)		Frequency Response
9	LTE Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	0.60	-37.67	38.27	T4	-50.31	0.36	Pass
9	LIL Ballu I	20	QFSK		U	21100	Transversal (Y)	-6.41	-43.44	37.03	T4	-50.26	0.30	F 455
10	LTE Band 12	10	QPSK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	1.08	-37.53	38.61	T4	-50.37	0.33	Pass
10	LIE Dallu 12	10	QFSN	ı	U	23093	Transversal (Y)	-6.24	-44.03	37.79	T4	-50.23	0.33	Fd55
11	LTE Band 13	10	QPSK	1	0	23230	Axial (Z)	0.78	-37.48	38.26	T4	-50.36	0.98	Pass
' '	LIE Danu 13	10	QPSK	'	U	23230	Transversal (Y)	-6.31	-43.57	37.26	T4	-50.24	0.96	Pass
12	LTE Band 25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	0.55	-38.02	38.57	T4	-50.38	1.55	Pass
12	LIE Daliu 23	20	QFSK	'	0	20340	Transversal (Y)	-6.24	-43.08	36.84	T4	-50.24	1.55	Fa55
13	LTE Band 26	15	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	0.85	-37.29	38.14	T4	-50.34	1.03	Pass
13	LIE Danu 20	15	QPSK	'	U	20000	Transversal (Y)	-6.46	-43.67	37.21	T4	-50.22	1.03	Pass
1.1	LTC Dand CC	20	ODCK	1	0	12222	Axial (Z)	1.41	-36.75	38.16	T4	-50.33	0.69	Door
14	LTE Band 66	20	QPSK	1	0	132322	Transversal (Y)	-6.28	-43.02	36.74	T4	-50.27	0.68	Pass
15	LTC Dand 71	20	ODCK	1	_	12222	Axial (Z)	1.54	-36.63	38.17	T4	-50.33	0.02	Door
15	LTE Band 71	20	QPSK	'	0	133322	Transversal (Y)	-6.45	-43.23	36.78	T4	-50.22	0.92	Pass
10	LTC David 44	20	ODCK	,		40000	Axial (Z)	1.50	-36.49	37.99	T4	-50.33	0.50	Dana
16	LTE Band 41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	Transversal (Y)	-6.30	-43.15	36.85	T4	-50.21	0.58	Pass

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10.2 VoWiFi Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations
(WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It
is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked
to be used for the testing for the handset.

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2. Air Interface Investigation:

- a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- b. Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps		WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	0.2	-1.39	-0.27	-0.26	-0.02	-0.48	-0.54	-0.41	-0.46	-0.49		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-33.58	-33.33	-32.86	-32.2	-33.16	-32.7	-32.79	-32.75	-32.77	-32.91		2.4GHz
Signal Quality (dB)	33.78	31.94	32.59	31.94	33.14	32.22	32.25	32.34	32.31	32.42	Axial	WLAN / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is WB AMR 6.60Kbps

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Frequency Bands	Modulation	Bandwidth	Data Rate	Channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	802.11b	20	1M	6	-1.97	-32.48	30.51
	802.11b	20	11M	6	-1.70	-32.40	30.70
	802.11g	20	6M	6	-1.85	-32.58	30.73
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g	20	54M	6	-1.68	-32.40	30.72
WLAN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	-1.73	-32.63	30.90
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	-1.62	-32.42	30.80
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	6	-1.65	-32.46	30.81
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	6	-1.58	-32.52	30.94
	802.11a	20	6M	40	-2.02	-35.57	33.55
	802.11a	20	54M	40	-1.75	-35.54	33.79
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	-1.88	-35.61	33.73
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	-2.10	-35.76	33.66
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	-1.93	-35.61	33.68
WLAN 5GHz	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	-1.78	-35.84	34.06
WLAN 5GHZ	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	40	-1.70	-35.36	33.66
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	40	-1.86	-35.74	33.88
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	38	-1.84	-35.52	33.68
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	38	-1.76	-35.53	33.77
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS0	50	-1.72	-35.68	33.96
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS8	50	-1.79	-35.36	33.57

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Ant Status	Probe Position	dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	_	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
17	WI AND AGH	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-1.39	-33.33	31.94	T4	-50.35	0.62	Pass
17	WLAN2.40112	002.11b 11vibps	U	AIIL 172	Transversal (Y)	-10.95	-40.94	29.99	T3	-50.25	0.02	1 033
18	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-1.81	-35.71	33.90	T4	-50.34	0.58	Pass
10	WLANSGHZ	602.11a 61VIDPS	40	AIIL 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-10.31	-43.36	33.05	T4	-50.28	0.36	F455
19	WLAN5GHz	902 11a 6Mbaa	60	A = + 1 + 2	Axial (Z)	-1.74	-35.60	33.86	T4	-50.36	0.86	Pass
19	WLANSGHZ	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-10.27	-43.46	33.19	T4	-50.24	0.00	Pass
20	WLAN5GHz	902 11a 6Mbaa	124	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-1.37	-35.65	34.28	T4	-50.31	0.4	Pass
20	WLANSGHZ	GHz 802.11a 6Mbps	124	Ant 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-9.63	-42.97	33.34	T4	-50.22	0.4	Pass
21	WI ANECUA	902 11a 6Mbna	157	Ant 1.0	Axial (Z)	-8.98	-40.03	31.05	T4	-50.35	0.60	Door
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-11.42	-44.61	33.19	T4	-50.26	0.69	Pass

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11. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Application

General Notes:

- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.
- 2. The google Duo VoIP application are pre-installed on this device. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with VoIP application need to be considered HAC testing.

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- 3. The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 66/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1+2 worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
 - -WLAN5GHz Ant 1+2 worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.2GHz /11a/6Mbps
- 7. An investigation was performed to determine the modulation and RB configuration to be used for NR band n41 testing. Due to equipment limitation, the worst-case AMB1 from LTE B41 was used with the AMM2 measured for each NR band n41 modulation and RB configuration.
- 8. Due to equipment limitation, ABM1 and frequency response measurement were not possible. Therefore, the worst-case ABM1 measurement from LTE TDD OTT VoIP testing for Axial and Radial were combined with 5G NR n41 ABM2 measurement to obtain SNNR values.

<Air Interface Investigation for 5G NR n41>

Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
5G NR n41	100	QPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.70	46.42
5G NR n41	100	QPSK	1	271	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-45.11	46.83
5G NR n41	100	QPSK	137	68	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.73	46.45
5G NR n41	100	QPSK	1	0	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-45.00	46.72
5G NR n41	100	QPSK	1	272	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.74	46.46
5G NR n41	100	QPSK	273	0	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.78	46.50
5G NR n41	100	16QAM	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.89	46.61
5G NR n41	100	64QAM	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.78	46.50
5G NR n41	80	QPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.78	46.50
5G NR n41	60	QPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-44.81	46.53
5G NR n41	40	QPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	1.72	-45.35	47.07

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<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

	Googl	e Duo				SIP Calling				Dand /
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s		PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.08	4.22	4.51	-0.05	-1.29	-0.06	-0.13	-0.71		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-34.94	-33.79	-33.32	-33.15	-32.86	-33.02	-33.79	-33.97	Axial	GSM850 /
Signal Quality (dB)	39.02	38.01	37.83	33.1	31.57	32.96	33.66	33.26	Axiai	189
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is GSM 13Kbit/s

HSPA

	Googl	e Duo				SIP Calling				Dand /
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.3	4.37	3.42	-1.79	-2.15	-1.9	-2.08	-1.8		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-39.3	-37.34	-37.92	-38.63	-38.76	-38.61	-38.77	-38.58	Axial	UMTS B2 /
Signal Quality (dB)	42.6	41.71	41.34	36.84	36.61	36.71	36.69	36.78	Axiai	9400
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is GSM 13Kbit/s

1XEVDO Rev A

	Googl	e Duo				SIP Calling				Dand /
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.75	4.59	3.47	-2.12	-1.75	-2.05	-2.21	-2.15		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.74	-37.21	-36.48	-39.1	-38.01	-38.9	-38.96	-38.94	Axial	BC0 / 384
Signal Quality (dB)	42.49	41.8	39.95	36.98	36.26	36.85	36.75	36.79	Axiai	BCU / 304
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is GSM 13Kbit/s

LTE FDD

	Googl	e Duo				SIP Calling				Daniel /
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	5.05	4.12	4.4	-0.75	-1.07	-0.93	-0.88	-0.9		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.53	-37.12	-36.14	-36.02	-35.89	-36.77	-36.61	-36.86	0.5-1	B66 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	43.58	41.24	40.54	35.27	34.82	35.84	35.73	35.96	Axial	132322
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is GSM 13Kbit/s

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LTE TDD

	Googl	e Duo				SIP Calling				Daniel /
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.58	4.54	4.38	-1.04	-0.94	-0.89	-1.14	-1.07		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38	-36.24	-36.34	-36.45	-35.96	-36.22	-36.28	-36.3	Avial	B41 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	42.58	40.78	40.72	35.41	35.02	35.33	35.14	35.23	Axial	40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Report No.: HA942202B

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is GSM 13Kbit/s

WLAN

	Googl	e Duo				SIP Calling				Donal /
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.18	3.84	3.11	-0.91	-1.33	-1.06	-0.58	-0.5		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-31.68	-32.33	-32.19	-32.75	-32.76	-32.87	-32.44	-32.57	A	WLAN2.4G
Signal Quality (dB)	35.86	36.17	35.3	31.84	31.43	31.81	31.86	32.07	Axial	/ 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is GSM 13Kbit/s

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Ant Status	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
22	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	_	Axial (Z)	-1.29	-32.86	31.57	T4	-50.37	0.78	Pass
22	GSIVI850	EDGE 2 1X SIOIS	189	-	Transversal (Y)	-9.85	-41.51	31.66	T4	-50.24	0.78	Pass
23	GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	661	_	Axial (Z)	-1.45	-34.88	33.43	T4	-50.34	0.99	Pass
2	G3W1900	EDGE 2 1X SIOIS	001	_	Transversal (Y)	-9.15	-42.15	33.00	T4	-50.18	0.99	r ass
24	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400		Axial (Z)	-2.15	-38.76	36.61	T4	-50.34	0.84	Pass
24	WCDIVIA	ПЭГА	9400	_	Transversal (Y)	-9.49	-44.40	34.91	T4	-50.23	0.04	F d 5 5
25	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	_	Axial (Z)	-1.10	-37.81	36.71	T4	-50.36	0.63	Pass
25	WCDIVIA IV	пора	1413	-	Transversal (Y)	-10.07	-44.49	34.42	T4	-50.21	0.63	rass
26	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	_	Axial (Z)	-1.43	-37.54	36.11	T4	-50.36	1	Pass
20	VVCDIVIA V	ПЭГА	4102	_	Transversal (Y)	-9.40	-44.00	34.60	T4	-50.21	'	F d 5 5
27	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	384	_	Axial (Z)	-1.75	-38.01	36.26	T4	-50.34	0.65	Pass
21	CDIVIA BC0	KTAF 155.6Kbps	304	_	Transversal (Y)	-9.47	-44.15	34.68	T4	-50.22	0.03	F d 5 5
28	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	600	_	Axial (Z)	-1.87	-38.54	36.67	T4	-50.36	0.82	Pass
20	CDIVIA BCT	KTAP 155.6Kbps	600	-	Transversal (Y)	-9.21	-44.07	34.86	T4	-50.21	0.62	Pass
29	CDMA BC10	RTAP 153.6Kbps	580		Axial (Z)	-1.61	-38.08	36.47	T4	-50.33	1.19	Pass
29	CDIVIA BC10	KTAP 155.6Kbps	560	-	Transversal (Y)	-9.37	-43.95	34.58	T4	-50.24	1.19	Pass
30	LTE Band 66	20M QPSK 1 0	132322	_	Axial (Z)	-1.23	-37.48	36.25	T4	-50.32	0.46	Pass
30	LTE Ballu 00	201VI_QF3K_1_0	132322	_	Transversal (Y)	-10.20	-44.25	34.05	T4	-50.26	0.40	F d 5 5
31	LTE Band 41	20M QPSK 1 0	40620	_	Axial (Z)	-1.03	-36.31	35.28	T4	-50.34	0.42	Pass
31	LTE Ballu 41	201VI_QF3K_1_0	40020	_	Transversal (Y)	-9.34	-43.20	33.86	T4	-50.24	0.42	F d 5 5
32	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-1.33	-32.76	31.43	T4	-50.38	0.72	Pass
52	WLANZ.4GHZ	802.11b 11vibps	U	AIIL 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-10.18	-42.99	32.81	T4	-50.22	0.72	F d 5 5
33	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-1.62	-32.83	31.21	T4	-50.35	1.04	Pass
55	VVLAINUGIIZ	002.11a divibps	137	AIIL 172	Transversal (Y)	-9.75	-42.34	32.59	T4	-50.24	1.04	F ass
na	5G NR n41	100M QPSK 1 0	519509		Axial (Z)	-1.03	-44.70	43.67	T4	-58.46	na	na
. IIa		LIUUWI WESK I U	1 010030	-							ı IIa	i i a

Transversal (Y)

-9.34

-46.62

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na

-58.93

Remark:

5G NR n41

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
- 3. Test Engineer: Tom Jiang

100M_QPSK_1_0 518598

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12. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
		Probe Sen	sitivity				
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
		Probe Sy	stem				
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
		Test Siç	gnal				
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
		Position	ning				
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
		External Con	tributions				
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
	Combined Star	ndard Uncertainty				± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
	K = 2						
	Expanded	Uncertainty				± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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