



## Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Calculations For AIR-CAP1532I-A-K9 in the UNII-2 Band

15.407: U-NII devices are subject to the radio frequency radiation exposure requirements specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), Sec. 2.1091 and Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate. All equipment shall be considered to operate in a "general population/uncontrolled" environment. Applications for equipment authorization of devices operating under this section must contain a statement confirming compliance with these requirements for both fundamental emissions and unwanted emissions. Technical information showing the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d} \quad \text{and} \quad S = E^2 / 3770$$

where

E=Field Strength in Volts/meter

P=Power in Watts

G=Numerical Antenna Gain

d=Distance in meters

S=Power Density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Combine equations and rearrange the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of power in mW and distance in cm, using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = P(\text{W}) / 1000 \quad d(\text{cm}) = 100 * d(\text{m})$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d=Distance in cm

P=Power in mW

G=Numerical Antenna Gain

S=Power Density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(\text{mW}) = 10^{(P(\text{dBm}) / 10)} \quad G(\text{numeric}) = 10^{(G(\text{dBi}) / 10)}$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)} / \sqrt{S} \quad \text{Equation (1)}$$

and

$$s = ((0.282 * 10^{((P + G) / 20)}) / d)^2 \quad \text{Equation (2)}$$

where

d=MPE distance in cm

P=Power in dBm

G=Antenna Gain in dBi

S=Power Density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>



Equation (1) and the measured peak power are used to calculate the MPE distance. Note that for mobile or fixed location transmitters such as an access point, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance may be less.

$S=1\text{mW/cm}^2$  maximum. The highest supported antenna gain is 5 dBi. Using the peak power levels recorded in the test report along with Equation 1 above, the MPE distances are calculated as follows.

Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	MPE Distance (cm)	Limit (cm)	Margin (cm)
5260	1	21	5	<b>5.63</b>	20	14.37
5320	1	21	5	<b>5.63</b>	20	14.37
5500	1	21.6	5	<b>6.03</b>	20	13.97
5550	1	23.1	5	<b>7.17</b>	20	12.83
5700	1	21.0	5	<b>5.63</b>	20	14.37

**MPE Calculations**

To maintain compliance, installations will assure a separation distance of at least 20cm.

Using Equation 2, the MPE levels (s) at 20 cm are calculated as follows:

Frequency (MHz)	MPE Distance (cm)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Margin (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
5260	20	21	5	<b>0.08</b>	1	0.92
5320	20	21	5	<b>0.08</b>	1	0.92
5500	20	22.0	5	<b>0.10</b>	1	0.90
5550	20	23.1	5	<b>0.13</b>	1	0.87
5700	20	21	5	<b>0.08</b>	1	0.92