

Address:

# **TEST REPORT**

Product Name: Wi-Fi repeater FCC ID: 2A7HY-DGE1 Trademark: Dragonglass

Model Number: DGE1

Prepared For: Dragonglass Technology (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd.

Floor 4, No. 128, Potou Du West Road, Longxi community, Longgang Address:

street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Manufacturer: Dragonglass Technology (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd.

Floor 4, No. 128, Potou Du West Road, Longxi community, Longgang Address:

street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Prepared By: Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1&2/F., Building A, No.26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an

Report No.: CTB230522004RFX

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Sample Received Date: May. 10, 2023

Sample tested Date: May. 10, 2023 to May. 22, 2023

Issue Date: May. 22, 2023

Report No.: CTB230522004RFX

Test Standards 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

Test Results PASS

Remark: This is WIFI-5GHz band radio test report.

Compiled by: Reviewed by: Approved by:

ChenZheng Arroin 2iu

Chen Zheng Arron Liu Bin Mei / Director

Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "\*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.

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(Note: N/A means not applicable)

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# 1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB230522004RFX	May. 22, 2023	Original	Valid

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### 2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(6)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Band edge	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Emission Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(e)	KDB789033	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Frequency stability	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (g)	KDB789033	PASS
Operation in the absence of information to the transmit	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E	PASS
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.203	CY ICY C	PASS

Remark:

Test according to ANSI C63.10-2013.

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### **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded

uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Item	Uncertainty
Occupancy bandwidth	U=±54.3Hz
Adjacent channel power	U=±1.3dB
Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=±1.38dB
Conducted output power Above 1G	U=±1.0dB
Conducted output power below 1G	U=±0.9dB
Power Spectral Density , Conduction	U=±1.0dB
Conduction spurious emissions	U=±2.8dB
Out of band emission	U=±54Hz
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	U=±4.8dB
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=±4.3dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=±4.5dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=±3.4dB
humidity uncertainty	U=±5.3%
Temperature uncertainty	U=±0.59℃
Supply voltages	U=±3%
Time	U=±5%
Conducted emission(150K-30MHz)	3.2dB

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### 4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

### 4.1 Product Information

Model(s): DGE1

Model Description: N/A

Wi-Fi Specification: IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac

Hardware Version: V1.0

Software Version: V1.0

Operation Frequency: IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 5 channel

IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 2 channel

IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 1 channel

Max. RF output power: WiFi (5G): 14.593dBm

Type of Modulation: WiFi: DSSS, OFDM, CCK

Antenna installation: WiFi: External antenna

Antenna Gain: WiFi (5.8G): Ant1: 3.46dBi

Ant2: 3.46dBi

Ratings: AC 100-240V~50/60Hz

### 4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

4	Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
4	4 49 4	Laptop	DELL	Vostro 5490	N/A	N/A

### Notes:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

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### 4.4 Channel List

For 802	11a/n/ac( 20M) Operation	in the 5745MHz ~5825 I	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz	NA	NA

For	802.11n/ac(40M)	Operation	in the	5755MHz ~5795 N	/IHz band	- 4
Channel	0'0'0	Frequency	C'	Channel	Frequency	C
151	. A. A.	5755MHz	- Ch	159	5795MHz	

Fo	or 802.1	1ac(80M)	Operation	in the 5775 MHz ban	nd
Channel	4	Fre	quency	NA NA	NA
155		57	75MHz	NA	NA

NOTE: Dutycycle>98%.

Test mode	rate
802.11a	54M
802.11n	500M
802.11/ac	500M

### 4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test Mode	Tx/Rx	RF Channel			
rest wode	I X/KX	Low(L)	Middle(M)	High(H)	
902 11a/p/aa(20M)	A A A A	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165	
802.11a/n/ac(20M)	0, 0, 0, 0,	5745MHz	5785MHz	5825MHz	
000 11=/00(10M)	EZAEMUL EQUEMUL	Channel 151	N/A	Channel 159	
802.11n/ac(40M)	5745MHz ~5825MHz	5755MHz	N/A	5795MHz	
802.11ac(80M)	A A A A	N/A	Channel 155	N/A	
002.11dC(00IVI)	0, 0, 0, 0,	N/A	5775MHz	N/A	

### 4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(AC)V:NV	120
Normal Temperature(°C):NT	23 6 6 6 6
Low Temperature(°C):LT	& & 0 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
High Temperature(°C):HT	40

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# 5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

### 5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

### 5.2 Test Instrument Used

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	2023.07.19
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	2023.07.19
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	2023.07.19
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	2023.07.19
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	2023.07.19
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	2023.07.19
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	2023.07.19
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	2023.07.19
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483. 5MS-1154	20181015001	2023.07.19
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850 MS-1155	20181015001	2023.07.19
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA12 0	190821-1-1	2023.07.19
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8000	Ver. 2.0.0.0	
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	2023.10.30
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	2023.07.19
15	234G Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966		2024.08.11
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	2023.07.19
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	2023.07.19
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	2023.07.19
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	2023.07.22

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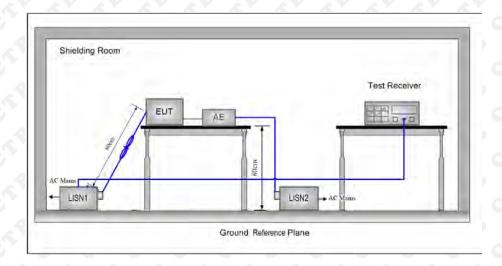
21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	2023.07.22
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	2023.07.23
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	2024.10.30
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	2024.10.30

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### 6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

### 6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 6.2 Limit

requency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note 1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note 1</sup>
.5 - 5	56	46
- 30	60	50

<sup>\*</sup> Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

### 6.3 Test procedure

- 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
- 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H} + 5\Omega$  linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
- 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,
- 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane.

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This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.

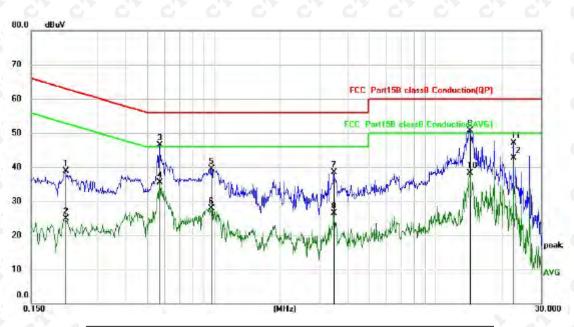
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### 6.4 Test Result

Modulation: 802.11a (the worst data)

L:



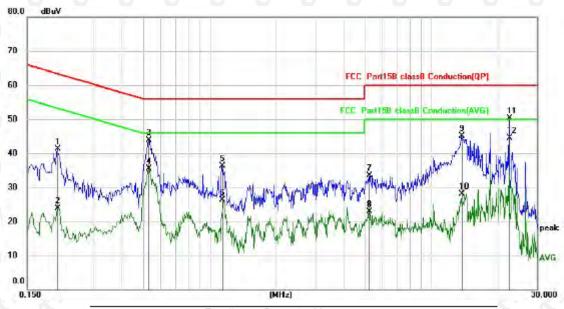
No. Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1	0.2151	28.98	10.00	38.98	63.01	-24.03	QP
2	0.2151	14.88	10.00	24.88	53.01	-28.13	AVG
3	0.5700	36.55	9.97	46.52	56.00	-9.48	QP
4	0.5700	25.53	9.97	35.50	46.00	-10.50	AVG
5	0.9737	29.49	9.98	39.47	56.00	-16.53	QP
6	0.9737	17.91	9.98	27.89	46.00	-18.11	AVG
7	3.4820	28.31	10.10	38.41	56.00	-17.59	QP
8	3.4820	16.48	10.10	26.58	46.00	-19.42	AVG
9	14.3376	40.20	10.45	50.65	60.00	-9.35	QP
10	14.3376	27.82	10.45	38.27	50.00	-11.73	AVG
11	22.5300	36.59	10.59	47.18	60.00	-12.82	QP
12 *	22.5300	32.06	10.59	42.65	50.00	-7.35	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement – Limit

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No. Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1	0.2058	31.23	10.00	41.23	63.37	-22.14	QP
2	0.2058	13.92	10.00	23.92	53.37	-29.45	AVG
3	0.5299	33.89	9.97	43.86	56.00	-12.14	QP
4	0.5299	25.63	9.97	35.60	46.00	-10.40	AVG
5	1.1376	26.22	9.99	36.21	56.00	-19.79	QP
6	1.1376	16.34	9.99	26.33	46.00	-19.67	AVG
7	5.2339	23.40	10.18	33.58	60.00	-26.42	QP
8	5.2339	12.63	10.18	22.81	50.00	-27.19	AVG
9	13.6615	34.74	10.43	45.17	60.00	-14.83	QP
10	13.6615	17.74	10.43	28.17	50.00	-21.83	AVG
11	22.5259	39.65	10.59	50.24	60.00	-9.76	QP
12 *	22.5259	33.93	10.59	44.52	50.00	-5.48	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement - Limit

### Remark:

- 1. Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Limit Level
- 2. All modes were tested at AC 120V and 240V, only the worst result of AC 120V 60Hz was reported.
- 3. All the test modes completed for test. Only the worst result of was reported.



### 7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### 7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

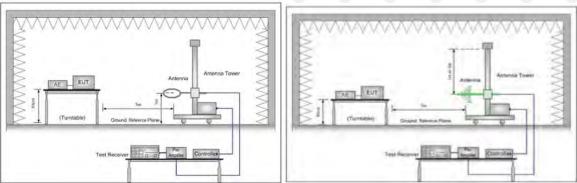


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

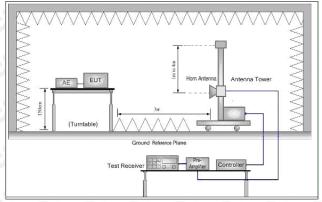


Figure 3. Above 1GHz

### 7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80	Quasi-peak	3
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40	Quasi-peak	3
1.705MHz-30MHz	20log 30 + 40	Quasi-peak	3
30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak	03
88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

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If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows: (i) EIRP =  $((E*d)^2)/30$ 

where:

- · E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters;
- EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.
- (ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:  $EIRP[dBm] = E[dB\mu V/m] + 20 \log(d[meters]) - 104.77$

(iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:

 $EIRP[dBm] = E[dB\mu V/m] - 95.2$ 

### 7.3 Test procedure

### Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

### Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter (Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter). h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel .the middle channel .the Highest channel

j.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

#### Receiver set:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1011	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

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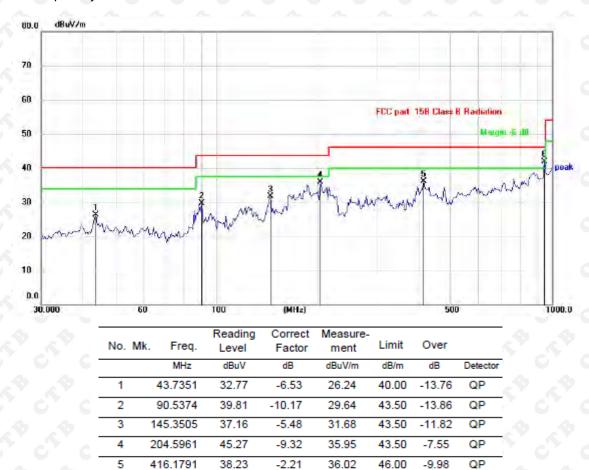


### 7.4 Test Result

30MHz-1GHzTest Results:

Modulation: 802.11a (the worst data)

Test Channel : 5780MHz Antenna polarity: H



7.63

41.92

46.00

-4.08

QP

Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

34.29

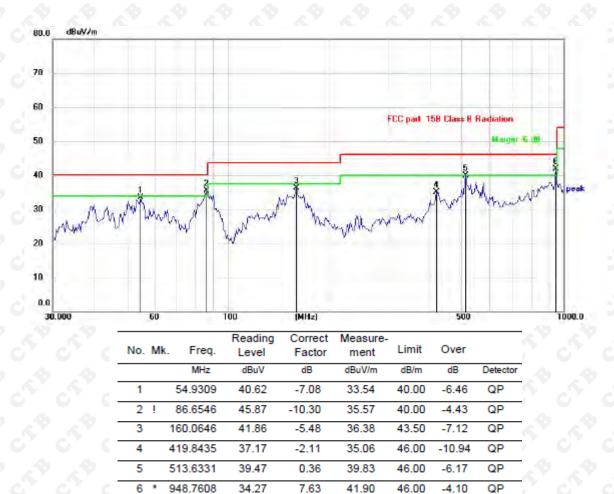
6

948.7608

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# Antenna polarity: V



Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

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# Radiated Spurious Emission ( Above 1GHz):

Modulation: 802.11(a) (the worst data)

Modulati	011 . 002. 1 1	(a) (till wo	ot data,						
C	0 0		0	Channe	l:5745MHz	0 0	0	0	0, 0,
11490	39.52	17.46	56.98	74	-17.02	PK	1.11	97	A H
11490	26.83	17.46	44.29	54	-9.71	AV	1.39	34	H
11490	40.90	17.46	58.36	74	-15.64	PK	1.82	286	V
11490	26.48	17.46	43.94	54	-10.06	AV	1.72	143	♦ V ♦
0	6 6	, 67	67	Channe	l:5825MHz	o' c	6	C'	C'C'
11650	41.83	17.57	59.40	74	-14.60	PK	1.62	81	OH O
11650	25.09	17.57	42.66	54	-11.34	AV	1.06	115	Ĥ
11650	40.53	17.57	58.10	74	-15.90	PK	1.84	320	V
11650	26.61	17.57	44.18	54	-9.82	AV	1.24	152	& V &

Modulation: 802.11(n40) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
	4 4 4	5 5	B 42	Channel:	5755MHz	17 19	TO A	200	40 40
11510	40.24	17.49	57.73	74	-16.27	PK	1.90	305	A H
11510	27.31	17.49	44.80	54	-9.20	AV	1.35	114	Н
11510	40.09	17.49	57.58	74	-16.42	PK	1.69	223	◊ V ◊
11510	27.34	17.49	44.83	54	-9.17	AV	1.08	75	V
1	150	57 5	A 4. 10	Channel:	5795MHz	15 M	1	15.00	40 40
11590	40.42	17.52	57.94	74	-16.99	PK	1.69	55	ф H ф
11590	25.63	17.52	43.15	54	-16.06	O AV	1.40	197	Н
11590	40.39	17.52	57.91	74	-16.09	PK	1.06	100	V.
11590	25.91	17.52	43.43	54	-10.57	AV	1.41	342	V

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Modulation: 802.11(VH80) (the worst data)

modulati	011 . 002.11	V 1 100) (till	o monot data						
Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5775MHz							A A		
11550	39.58	17.50	57.08	74	-16.92	PK	1.11	188	Ĥ
11550	25.45	17.50	42.95	54	-11.05	AV	1.67	354	А
11550	39.28	17.50	56.78	74	-17.22	PK	1.50	171	V
11550	27.92	17.50	45.42	54	-8.58	AV	1.36	225	V

### Remark:

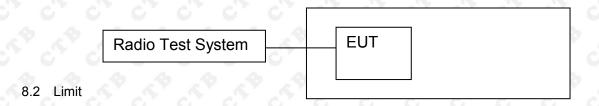
- 1.Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin
- = Emission level Limits
- 2. The EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.
- 3.Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

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#### BAND EDGE

### 8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

### 8.3 Test procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

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### 8.4 Test Result

### **Test Graph**

ANT1: 802.11a-5745 802.11a-5825 Center Freq 5.665000000 GHz Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 100/100 Center Freq 5.905000000 GHz Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 100/100 D: Fast -- Trig: Free Run sin:Low #Atten: 30 dB PNO: Fast -- Trig: Free Run #Gain: I tw #Atten: 30 dB Ref Offset 8.72 dB Ref 20.00 dBm Ref Offset 9.75 dB Ref 20,00 dBm Start 5.8050 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MH: #VBW 3.0 MHz #VBW 3.0 MHz 5.738 46 GHz 8.651 dBm 5.725 00 GHz -29.363 dBm 5.723 74 GHz -23.767 dBm 802.11ac(VH20)-5745 802.11ac(VH20)-5825 enter Freq 5.665000000 GHz
PRO: Fast PRO: Fast AARTEN: 30 dB Inter Freq 5.905000000 GHz Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 100/100 Avg Type: Log-Per Avg|Hold: 100/100 Ref Offset 8.72 dB Ref 20.00 dBm Ref Offset 9.75 dB Ref 20.00 dBm #VBW 3.0 MHz 8.113 dBm -31.304 dBm -24,500 dBm 802.11ac(VH40)-5755 802.11ac(VH40)-5795 enter Freq 5.855000000 GHz
PRO: Fast
IF Gaint law Aktren: 30 dB enter Freq 5.695000000 GHz Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 100/100 Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg|Hold: 100/100 PNO: Fast -- Trig: Free Run #Gaint trw #Atten: 30 dB Ref Offset 9.05 dB Ref 20.00 dBm Ref Offset 8.99 dB Ref 20.00 dBm tart 5.5950 GHz Res BW 1.0 MHz Start 5.7550 GHz #Res BW 1.0 MHz 5.768 28 GHz 4.995 dBm 5.725 00 GHz -29 689 dBm 5.721 10 GHz -26.337 dBm 5.780 10 GHz 5.442 dBm 5.850 00 GHz 41.919 dBm 5.852 44 GHz 38.962 dBm 802.11ac(VH80)-5775 802.11(n20)-5745

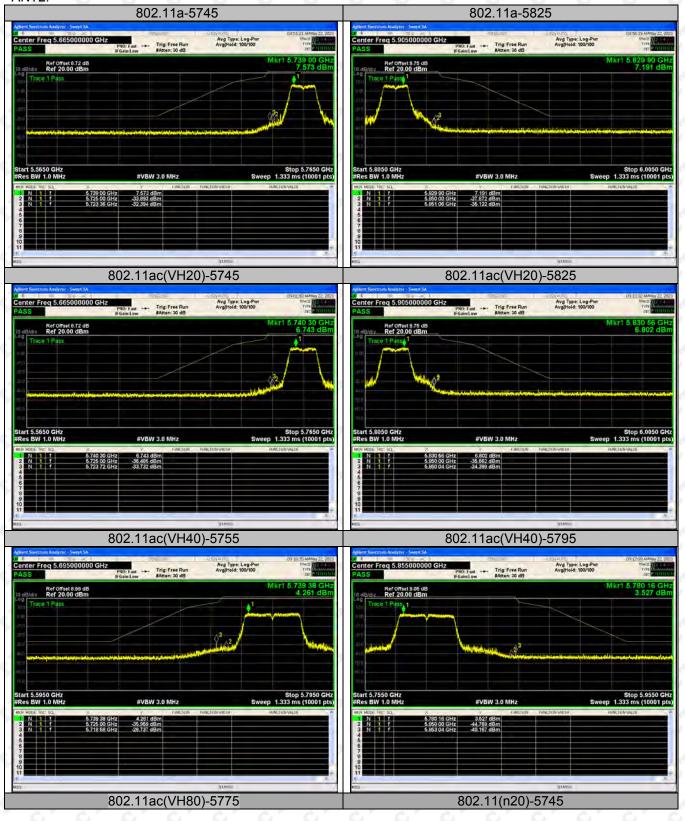




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### ANT2:





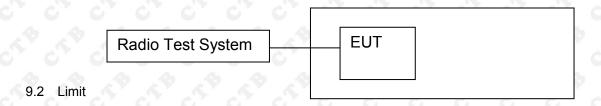


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### 9. CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### 9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p.
- at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm). (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.
- (5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

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- (h) Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS).
- (1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

### 9.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

- (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
- (iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (v) Sweep time = auto.
- (vi) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run."
- (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- (ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

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### 9.4 Test Result

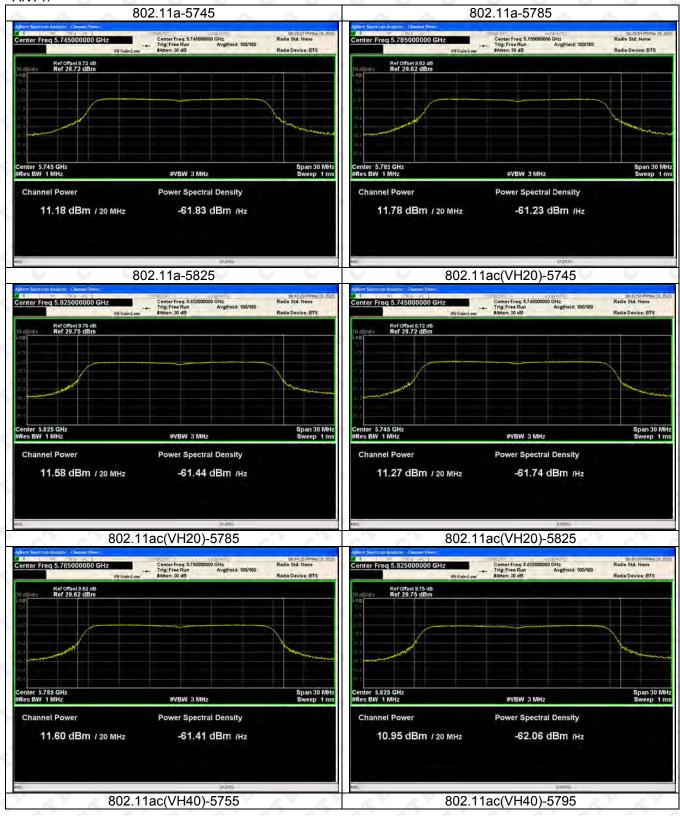
### ANT 1+ANT 2

Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm ANT1	Output Power	Output Power	Limit dBm
<del>\$ _\$ \$ _\$</del>	5745	11.185	9.7	/	30
802.11a	5785	11.783	11.65		30
	5825	11.575	11.712	Output Power dBm Total / / / 14.066 14.300 13.946 14.593 14.366 14.445 14.232 14.414 14.124 14.586 13.842	30
4	5745	11.268	ANT1	30	
802.11ac20	5785	11.604	10.95	14.300	30
9 4 4	5825	10.951	10.92	13.946	30
902 110040	5755	11.699	11.463	14.593	30
802.11ac40	5795	12.061	10.513	14.366	30
802.11ac80	5775	12.187	10.524	14.445	30
6 6	5745	11.422	11.012	14.232	30
802.11n(HT20)	5785	11.612	11.185	14.414	30
A 4 4 4 4 1	5825	11.447	10.753	14.124	30
802.11n(HT40)	5755	11.816	11.321	14.586	30
002.1111(1140)	5795	11.155	10.482	dBm Total / / / 14.066 14.300 13.946 14.593 14.366 14.445 14.232 14.414 14.124 14.586	30

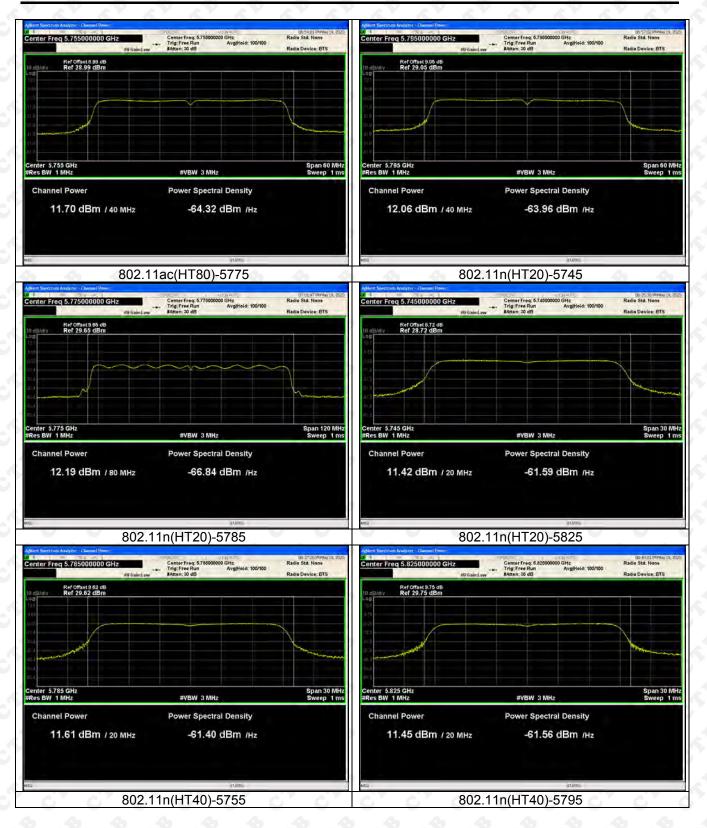
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### ANT1:

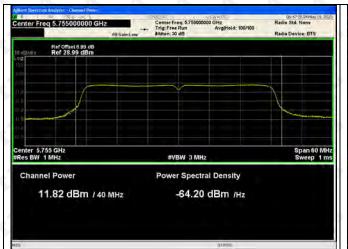


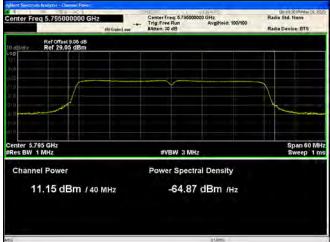




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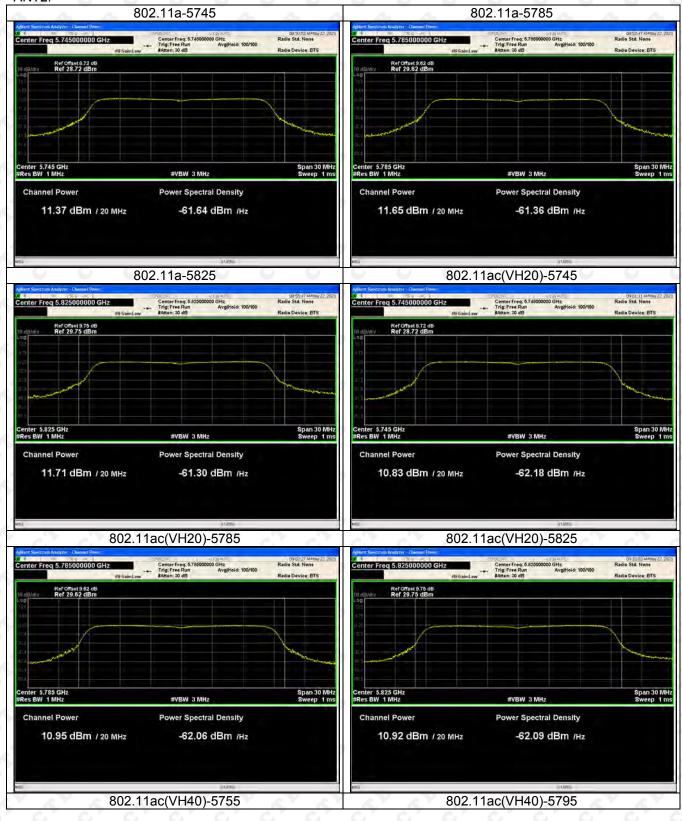




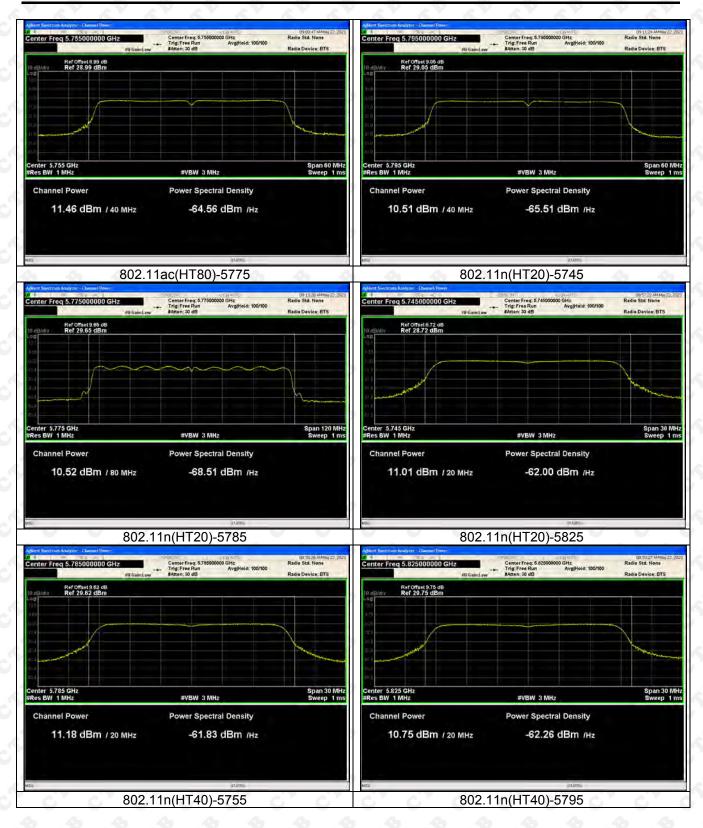
Report



### ANT2:

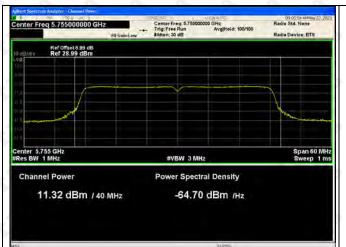


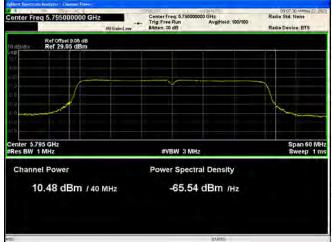




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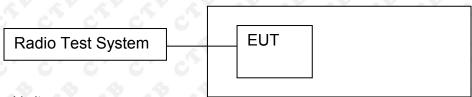


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#### 10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

### 10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 10.2 Limits

- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

### 1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

### 2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725–5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 \* RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.

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- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

### D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a).

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 \* RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

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### 10.4 Test Results

### 5725-5850 MHz

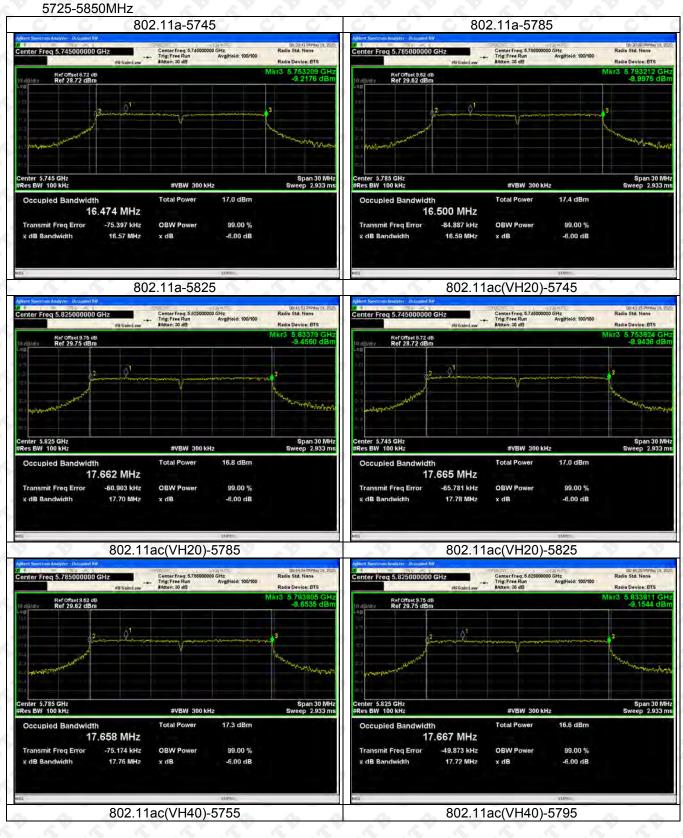
Test mode Ant 1	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
A 8 A 8 A	5745	16.569	Pass
802.11a	5785	16.593	Pass
Do Do D	5825	17.702	Pass
4 6 6	5745	17.78	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5785	17.761	Pass
0 0 0	5825	17.722	Pass
000 44() (1140)	5755	36.495	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5795	36.451	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	76.26	Pass
	5745	17.806	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5785	17.78	Pass
P . P . P	5825	17.804	Pass
000 44=(\(//\)140\	5755	36.534	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5795	36.481	Pass

Test mode Ant 2	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
AIIL Z	5745	16.587	Pass
802.11a	5785		
002.11a		16.562	Pass
4 4	5825	16.543	Pass
	5745	17.805	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5785	17.701	Pass
0 0 0	5825	17.774	Pass
902 11aa/\/\U40\	5755	36.513	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5795	36.46	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	76.197	Pass
	5745	17.717	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5785	17.736	Pass
P P P	5825	17.785	Pass
902 11 <sub>p</sub> (\/\\10\	5755	36.523	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5795	36.501	Pass

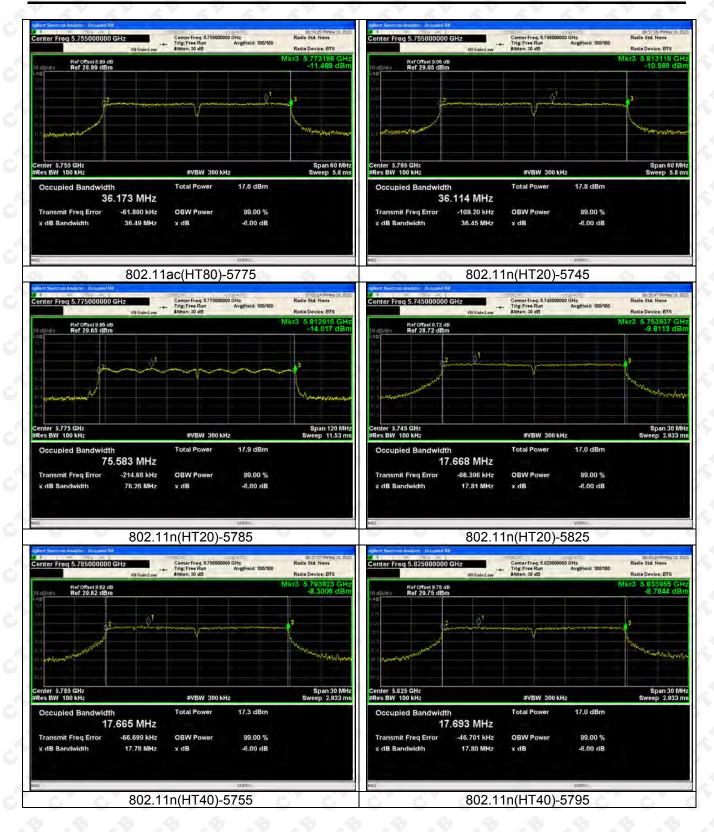
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### Test Graph ANT1:



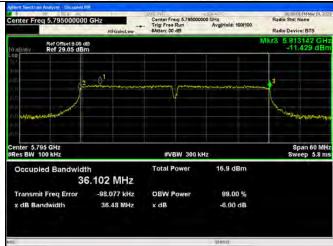




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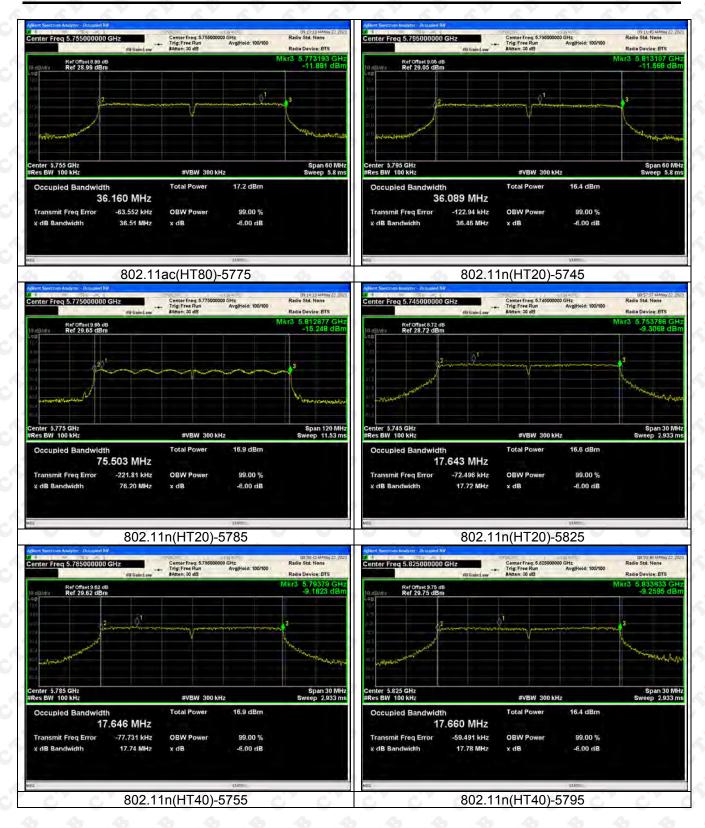
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# ANT2: 5725-5850MHz

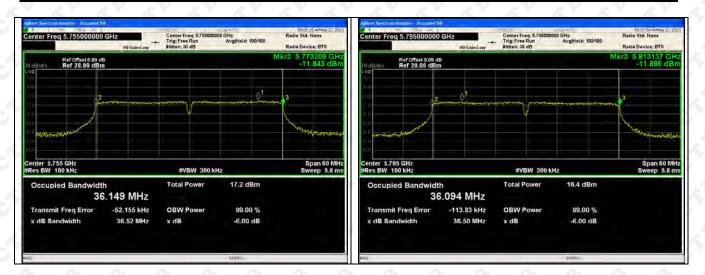






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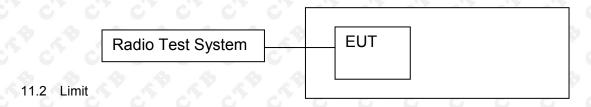


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#### 11. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### 11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

#### 11.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15–5.25 GHz, 5.25–5.35 GHz, and 5.47–5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set RBW  $\geq 1/T$ , where T is defined in II.B.l.a).
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

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- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

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### 11.4 Test Result

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/MHz]	PSD [dBm/MHz]	PSD [dBm/MHz]	Limit (dBm)	Result	
4,4,4		ANT 1	ANT 2	Total	-	A.	
	5745	-2.635	-2.676		30	Pass	
802.11a	5785	-2.175	-2.191	30 / 30	30	Pass	
K K K	5825	-3.073	-2.471		30	Pass	
0 0	5745	-2.722	-3.397	0.355	30	Pass	
802.11ac(VH20)	5785	-2.543	-3.167	0.827	30	Pass	
	5825	-3.165	-3.09	0.249	30	Pass	
000 1100(\(/\)\(\)	5755	-5.473	-5.833	-0.036	30	Pass	
802.11ac(VH40)	5795	-5.046	-6.428	0.166	30	Pass	
802.11ac(VH80)	5795	-7.372	-8.421	-0.117	30	Pass	
0. 0.	5775	-2.761	-3.286	-2.639	30	Pass	
802.11n(VH20)	5745	-2.532	-2.83	-2.672	30	Pass	
	5785	-3.98	-3.298	-4.855	30	Pass	
000 44=()/1140)	5825	-5.342	-5.752	-0.005	30	Pass	
802.11n(VH40)	5755	-5.855	-6.378	0.332	30	Pass	

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#### ANT1:

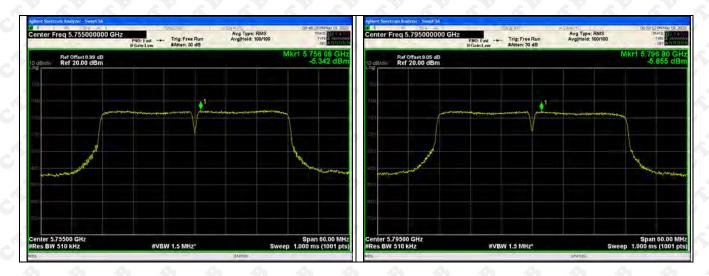






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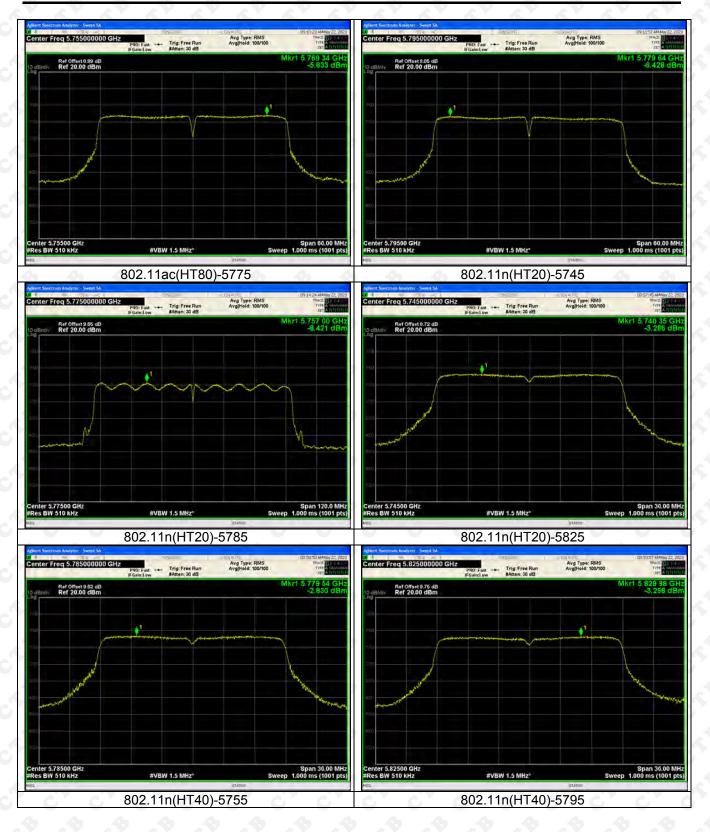


#### ANT2:

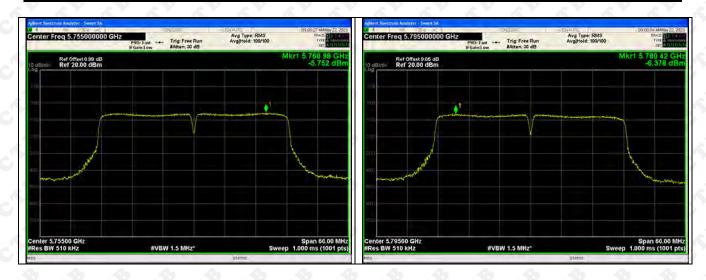


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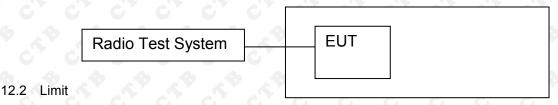


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#### 12. FREQUENCY STABILITY

#### 12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

### 12.3 Test procedure

- 1. The EUT was placed inside temperature chamber and powered and powered by nominal DC voltage.
- 2. Set EUT as normal operation.
- 3. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to spectrum.
- 4. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.
- 5. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT and measure the operating frequency.
- 6. Repeat step with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature.

### 12.4 Test Result

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ANT1:

TX Frequency (5725-5850MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

5	5	5	5 4	Reference Frequency: 5745MHz				
TEST CONDITIONS				A CLA	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
Tnom	45	40	V nom (V)	120	5745.0471	5745	0.0471	8.1905
T nom	20	V max (V)	132	5745.0636	5745	0.0636	11.0773	
(°C)		V min (V)	108	5745.0471	5745	0.0471	8.1905	
Limits			±20ppm					
Result			Complies					

### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

	<i>A</i>	A A	^	Refer	ence Fre	quency: 5	745MHz	
TEST CONDITIONS				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
		T (°C)	0	5745.0708	5745	0.0708	12.3294	
\/ n o m		T (°C)	10	5745.0738	5745	0.0738	12.8488	
V nom	120	T (°C)	20	5745.0728	5745	0.0728	12.6712	
(V)		T (°C)	30	5745.0291	5745	0.0291	5.0623	
6 6 to			T (°C)	40	5745.0868	5745	0.0868	15.1133
Limits			±20ppm					
Result			A VA VA	Co	mplies	THE PER PER		

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# Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

D D	A .	P P .	S. S.	Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
TEST CONDITIONS				A WAS	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom	, ,	V nom (V)	120	5785.0605	5785	0.0605	10.4495
	20	V max (V)	132	5785.0533	5785	0.0533	9.2211
(°C)		V min (V)	108	5785.0066	5785	0.0066	1.1406
Limits			9 4 9	, 9 ±	20ppm	P P P	
Result			0'0'	C	omplies	0'0'	

### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

0, 0	0	0,0	0	Reference Frequency: 5785MHz				
TEST CONDITIONS				Port of	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
N. C.A.	4 4	T (°C)	0	5785.0145	5785	0.0145	2.5004	
Vann	0	T (°C)	10	5785.0536	5785	0.0536	9.2685	
V nom	120	T (°C)	20	5785.0826	5785	0.0826	14.2824	
(V)		T (°C)	30	5785.0737	5785	0.0737	12.7420	
3 .0			T (°C)	40	5785.0380	5785	0.0380	6.5747
Limits				±	20ppm			
Result				40 40 40	A Co	omplies	40 40 40	

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# Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

0'6	C C		C	Refer	rence Fre	quency: 5	825MHz
TEST CONDITIONS				of f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
Tnom	4	V nom (V)	120	5825.0305	5825	0.0305	5.2443
T nom	20	V max (V)	132	5825.0481	5825	0.0481	8.2647
(°C)		V min (V)	108	5825.0694	5825	0.0694	11.9168
0'6	C Limits C C			0, 0,	G = G	20ppm	0,0,0,
Result			9 9 9	C	omplies	Pa Pa Pa	

### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

A 10	TO A	P . P	A CO	Reference Frequency: 5825MHz				
TEST CONDITIONS				\$ f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
10 P	0	T (°C)	0	5825.0878	5825	0.0878	15.0712	
	TO C	T (°C)	10	5825.0503	5825	0.0503	8.6364	
V nom	120	T (°C)	20	5825.0011	5825	0.0011	0.1900	
(V)	. 4	T (°C)	30	5825.0877	5825	0.0877	15.0600	
c <sup>2</sup> c	, C.	5	T (°C)	40	5825.0601	5825	0.0601	10.3212
A Limits A			0 0 0	43 ±	20ppm	40 40		
Result					Co	omplies		

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### ANT2:

TX Frequency (5725-5850MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

9 8	2 P	A 49 .	A S	Refer	ence Fre	quency: 5	745MHz
TEST CONDITIONS				A VA	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
Tnom	_	V nom (V)	120	5745.0907	5745	0.0907	15.7798
T nom	20	V max (V)	132	5745.0772	5745	0.0772	13.4415
(°C)		V min (V)	108	5745.0439	5745	0.0439	7.6412
Limits			±20ppm				
Result			Complies				

### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

0, 0	0	0, 0	, 0	Refer	745MHz		
TEST CONDITIONS				of f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
CT CT C	4	T (°C)	0	5745.0741	5745	0.0741	12.8937
		T (°C)	10	5745.0183	5745	0.0183	3.1899
V nom	120	T (°C)	20	5745.0822	5745	0.0822	14.3102
(V)		T (°C)	30	5745.0343	5745	0.0343	5.9642
8 . 6		T (°C)	40	5745.0754	5745	0.0754	13.1305
Limits			±20ppm				
Result				0 0 0	.◆ Co	omplies	0 0 0

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# Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

B B	A 40	A 4	A P	Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
TEST CONDITIONS				A West	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom	, ,	V nom (V)	120	5785.0256	5785	0.0256	4.4178
	20	V max (V)	132	5785.0425	5785	0.0425	7.3491
(°C)		V min (V)	108	5785.0180	5785	0.0180	3.1198
9 4	Limits			9 4 9	2	20ppm	P P P
Result			0'0'	C C	omplies		

### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS			Reference Frequency: 5785MHz				
			of of	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5785.0606	5785	0.0606	10.4741
		T (°C)	10	5785.0499	5785	0.0499	8.6253
		T (°C)	20	5785.0878	5785	0.0878	15.1711
		T (°C)	30	5785.0236	5785	0.0236	4.0809
		T (°C)	40	5785.0634	5785	0.0634	10.9508
		T (°C)	50	5785.0786	5785	0.0786	13.5791
Limits 4			4 ±20ppm				
Result				Complies			

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# Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

0 0	0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0			Reference Frequency: 5825MHz			
TEST CONDITIONS			of f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5825.0659	5825	0.0659	11.3091
		V max (V)	132	5825.0240	5825	0.0240	4.1239
		V min (V)	108	5825.0770	5825	0.0770	13.2258
C Limits C C			±20ppm				
Result				Complies			

### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

9 40	20	A 19 A	P 21	Refer	quency: 58	uency: 5825MHz	
TEST CONDITIONS			, 4 ,4	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5825.0584	5825	0.0584	10.0332
		T (°C)	10	5825.0831	5825	0.0831	14.2637
		T (°C)	20	5825.0576	5825	0.0576	9.8800
		T (°C)	30	5825.0714	5825	0.0714	12.2642
		T (°C)	40	5825.0633	5825	0.0633	10.8678
Limits			±20ppm				
Result				Complies			

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### 13. OPERATION IN THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION TO THE TRANSMIT

#### 13.1 Requirement

### 15.407(c) requirement:

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signal ling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals. Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization a description of how this requirement is met.

#### 13.2 Test Results

Operation in the absence of information to the transmit:

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling signal of ASK message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall resend or discontinue transmission. (manufacturer declare )

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#### 14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

#### 15.203 requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

15.247(b) (4) requirement:

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **EUT Antenna:**

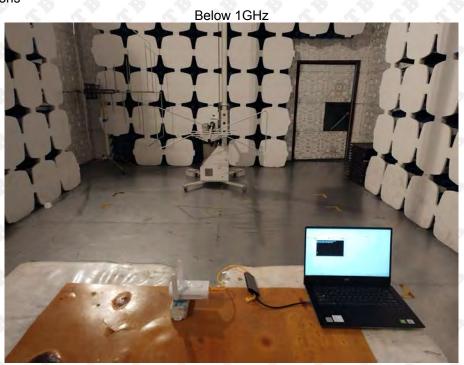
The antenna is External antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is 3.46dBi.

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# 15. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Spurious emissions





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### Conducted Emission



\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*

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