

## MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation

914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE • BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 • PHONE (410) 354-3300 • FAX (410) 354-3313 33439 WESTERN AVENUE • UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 • PHONE (510) 489-6300 • FAX (510) 489-6372 3162 BELICK STREET • SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 • PHONE (408) 748-3585 • FAX (510) 489-6372 13501 MCCALLEN PASS • AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753 • PHONE (512) 287-2500 • FAX (512) 287-2513

June 16, 2015

The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation 1 Door Drive Mt. Hope, Ohio 44660

Dear James Midyette,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation, ALDCM as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B for a Class B Digital Device, and FCC Part 15 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell

**Documentation Department** 

Reference: (\The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation\EMC84481B-FCC247 Rev. 2)

Certificates and reports shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written permission of MET Laboratories, Inc.

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

# The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation ALDCM

#### **Tested under**

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B
for Class B Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC84481B-FCC247 Rev. 2

June 16, 2015

#### **Prepared For:**

The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation 1 Door Drive Mt. Hope, Ohio 44660

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave. Baltimore, MD 21230

#### Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

## The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation ALDCM

#### **Tested under**

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B
for Class B Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C
for Intentional Radiators

Djed Mouada, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

a Bajura.

## **Report Status Sheet**

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision		
Ø	June 2, 2015	Initial Issue.		
1	June 3, 2015 Editorial correction.			
2	June 16, 2015	Engineer corrections.		

## **Table of Contents**

I.	Executive Summary	1
	A. Purpose of Test	
	B. Executive Summary	2
II.	Equipment Configuration	
	A. Overview	
	B. References	5
	C. Test Site	5
	D. Description of Test Sample	
	E. Mode of Operation	6
	F. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation	
	G. Modifications	
	a) Modifications to EUT	6
	b) Modifications to Test Standard	
	H. Disposition of EUT	
III.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators	
	§ 15.107(a) Conducted Emissions Limits	
	§ 15.109(a) Radiated Emissions Limits	
IV.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators	
	§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement	
	§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits	
	§ 15.247(a)(a) 6 dB Bandwidth	
	§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output	
	§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge	
	§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge	
	§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density	
	§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure	
V.	Test Equipment	39
VI.	Certification & User's Manual Information	
	A. Certification Information	
	B Label and User's Manual Information	$\Delta\epsilon$

## **List of Tables**

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting	2
Table 2. EUT Summary Table	4
Table 3. References	
Table 4. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b)	
Table 5. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)	
Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)	
Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)	
Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits	
Table 9. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)	
Table 10. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results	
Table 11. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results	
Table 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results	
Table 14. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)	
Table 15. Peak Power Output, Test Results  Table 16. Restricted Bands of Operation	
Table 17. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)	
Table 18. Test Equipment List	
Table 16. Test Equipment List	+
List of Plots	
List of Tiots	
Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot	9
Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot	10
Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, Pre-Scan	13
Plot 4. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line	
Plot 5. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line	
Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel	
Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel	
Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel	
Plot 12. Peak Power Output, Low Channel	
Plot 13. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel	
Plot 14. Peak Power Output, High Channel	
Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak	
Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 21. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz.	
Plot 22. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 23. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average	
Plot 24. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average	
Plot 25. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak	
Plot 26. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak Under Average	
Plot 27. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 25 GHz	
Plot 28. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz – 25 GHz.	
Plot 29. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 25 GHz	
Plot 30. Conducted Band Edge, Low, Channel	
Plot 31. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel	
Plot 32. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel	
Plot 33. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel	
Plot 34. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel	37

## **List of Figures**

Figure 1. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup	21			
Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup				
Figure 3. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup				
igure 4. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup				
List of Photographs  Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions Tool Setup	11			
Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup				
Photograph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup	14			
Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Test Setup	20			
Photograph 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup				

## **List of Terms and Abbreviations**

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μΗ	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane

# I. Executive Summary

#### A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation ALDCM, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the ALDCM. The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the ALDCM, has been **permanently** discontinued.

#### **B.** Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation, quote number 1GEN0810. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	Description	Compliance	
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant	
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant	
T'41, 47, 641, CED Dec 15,815,047(c)(2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	Peak Power Output	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant	

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting

# **II.** Equipment Configuration

#### A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation to perform testing on the ALDCM, under The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation's quote number 1GEN0810.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation, ALDCM.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	ALDCM				
Model(s) Covered:	ALDCM				
	Primary Power: 120 VAC	C, 60 Hz			
	FCC ID: B8QALDCM				
EUT	Type of Modulations:	CCK			
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DTS			
	Peak RF Output Power:	-0.78 dBm			
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2402 MHz-2480Mhz			
Analysis:	The results obtained relate	only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C				
Environmental Test Conditions:	%				
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar				
Evaluated by:	Djed Mouada				
Report Date(s):	June 16, 2015				

**Table 2. EUT Summary Table** 

#### B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories	
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

Table 3. References

#### C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

#### **D.** Description of Test Sample

The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation ALDCM, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is designed to mount to a wall and communicates wirelessly with the DPS and a wireless router using BLE and WLAN technology.

#### **E.** Mode of Operation

BLE and 802.11b,g,n

#### F. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

WLAN - All settings are adjusted in the RadioTool GUI. Once the radio starts transmitting, the signal can be observed using a spectrum analyzer.

BLE – Once the radio starts transmitting the signal can be observed by using a spectrum analyzer. The power levels cannot be adjusted.

#### **G.** Modifications

#### a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

#### b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

#### H. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation upon completion of testing.

# III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria**

#### § 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

#### **Test Requirement(s):**

**15.107** (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 4. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

**15.107** (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 4. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average			
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46			
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46			
0.5 - 30	73 60		60 50				
Note 1. The leaves limit shall enable at the transition for any original							

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Table 4. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b)

**Test Procedures:** 

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing, test conditions, and test procedures of ANSI C63.4 were used. The EUT was powered through a  $50\Omega/50\mu H$  LISN. An EMI receiver, connected to the measurement port of the LISN, scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz in order to find the peak conducted emissions. All peak emissions within 6 dB of the limit were re-measured using a quasi-peak and/or average detector as appropriate.

**Test Results:** 

The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

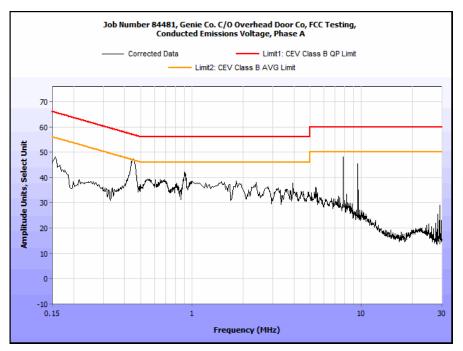
**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/15/15

#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) QP	Limit (dBµV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected  Meter Reading (dBµV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) AVG	Limit (dBµV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2435	26.89	0	26.89	61.98	-35.09	16.81	0	16.81	51.98	-35.17
0.447	35.71	0	35.71	56.93	-21.22	25.45	0	25.45	46.93	-21.48
0.9125	39.41	0	39.41	56	-16.59	26.93	0	26.93	46	-19.07
1.045	37.64	0	37.64	56	-18.36	27.61	0	27.61	46	-18.39
10.22	20.99	0	20.99	60	-39.01	13.33	0	13.33	50	-36.67
23.27	17.25	0	17.25	60	-42.75	11.22	0	11.22	50	-38.78

Table 5. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

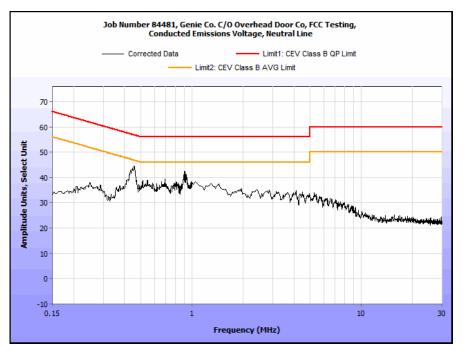


Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot

#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) QP	Limit (dBµV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected  Meter Reading (dBµV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) AVG	Limit (dBµV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2435	26.89	0	26.89	61.98	-35.09	16.81	0	16.81	51.98	-35.17
0.447	35.71	0	35.71	56.93	-21.22	25.45	0	25.45	46.93	-21.48
0.9125	39.41	0	39.41	56	-16.59	26.93	0	26.93	46	-19.07
1.045	37.64	0	37.64	56	-18.36	27.61	0	27.61	46	-18.39
10.22	20.99	0	20.99	60	-39.01	13.33	0	13.33	50	-36.67
23.27	17.25	0	17.25	60	-42.75	11.22	0	11.22	50	-38.78

Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot

## **Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup

#### **Radiated Emission Limits**

#### § 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** 

**15.109** (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 7.

**15.109** (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 7.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)					
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (а),Class В Limit (dВµV) @ 3m				
30 - 88	39.00	40.00				
88 - 216	43.50	43.50				
216 - 960	46.40	46.00				
Above 960	49.50	54.00				

Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

**Test Procedures:** 

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

**Test Results:** 

The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

**Test Engineer(s):** 

Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 

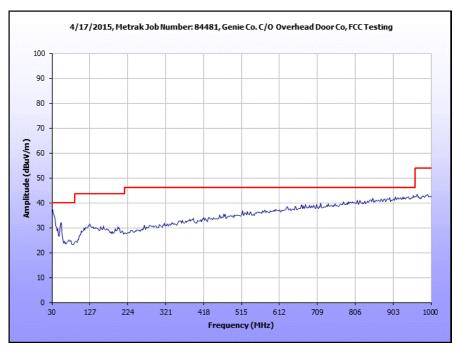
04/17/15

#### Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
51.4	20	Н	1.21	17.10	8.44	0.75	0.00	26.29	40.00	-13.71
51.4	147	V	1.03	17.88	8.44	0.75	0.00	27.07	40.00	-12.93
127	11	Н	1.58	17.30	14.20	1.23	0.00	32.73	43.50	-10.77
127	72	V	1.23	17.30	14.20	1.23	0.00	32.73	43.50	-10.77
417	79	Н	1.27	13.68	16.54	2.14	0.00	32.36	46.00	-13.64
417	149	V	1.50	13.68	16.54	2.14	0.00	32.36	46.00	-13.64
681	131	Н	1.38	15.80	20.80	2.56	0.00	39.16	46.00	-6.84
681	102	V	1.05	15.80	20.80	2.56	0.00	39.16	46.00	-6.84
860	284	Н	1.20	17.10	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.58	46.00	-3.42
860	59	V	1.24	17.10	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.58	46.00	-3.42
905	259	Н	1.02	17.05	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.53	46.00	-3.47
905	223	V	0.99	17.05	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.53	46.00	-3.47

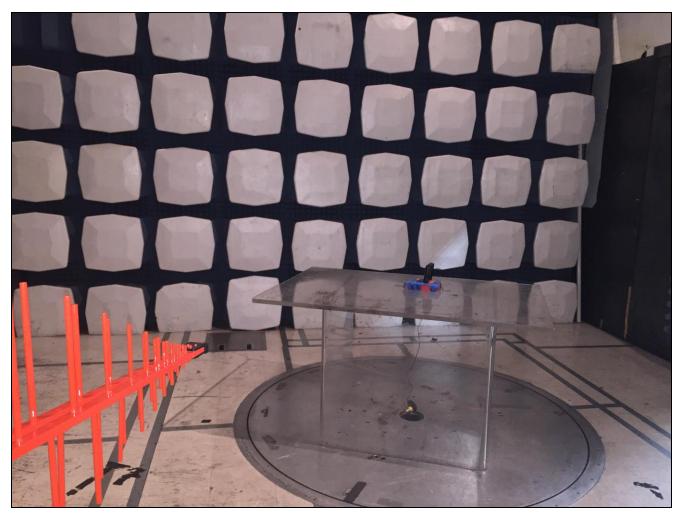
Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note: The following sample calculation was used to correct the amplitude (Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)= Uncorrected Data+ACF+Cable Loss-Distance Correction Factor).



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, Pre-Scan

## **Radiated Emissions Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup

# IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

**Test Requirement:** 

§ 15,203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

**Results:** The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.

**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/14/15

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** 

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Sigma$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)			
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average		
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46		
0.45 - 0.5	56	46		
0.5 - 30	60	50		

Table 9. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

**Test Procedure:** 

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with this requirement.

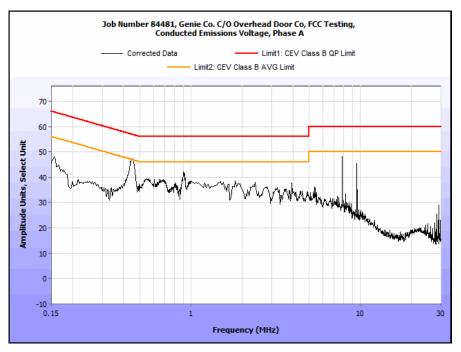
**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/16/15

### 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) QP	Limit (dBµV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) AVG	Limit (dBµV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2435	26.89	0	26.89	61.98	-35.09	16.81	0	16.81	51.98	-35.17
0.447	35.71	0	35.71	56.93	-21.22	25.45	0	25.45	46.93	-21.48
0.9125	39.41	0	39.41	56	-16.59	26.93	0	26.93	46	-19.07
1.045	37.64	0	37.64	56	-18.36	27.61	0	27.61	46	-18.39
10.22	20.99	0	20.99	60	-39.01	13.33	0	13.33	50	-36.67
23.27	17.25	0	17.25	60	-42.75	11.22	0	11.22	50	-38.78

Table 10. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results

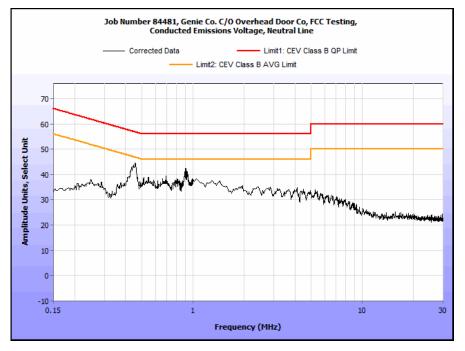


Plot 4. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line

#### 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) QP	Limit (dBµV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBµV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBµV) AVG	Limit (dBµV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2445	32.11	0	32.11	61.94	-29.83	19.81	0	19.81	51.94	-32.13
0.4535	40.37	0	40.37	56.81	-16.44	27.51	0	27.51	46.81	-19.3
0.912	33.51	0	33.51	56	-22.49	20.98	0	20.98	46	-25.02
1.45	32.91	0	32.91	56	-23.09	25.34	0	25.34	46	-20.66
10.35	20.25	0	20.25	60	-39.75	12.99	0	12.99	50	-37.01
21.88	22.37	0	22.37	60	-37.63	11.34	0	11.34	50	-38.66

Table 11. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results



Plot 5. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line

## 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photo



Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Test Setup

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping

and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least

500 kHz.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the

fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and

recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results** The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/14/15

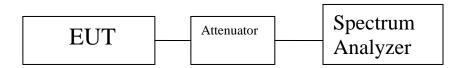
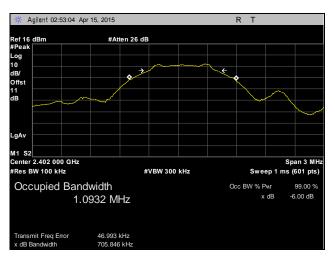


Figure 1. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

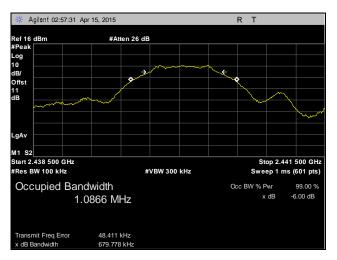
Occupied Bandwidth						
Carrier Channel	Frequency	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth				
Carrier Channel	(MHz)	(kHz)				
Low	2402	705.846				
Mid	2440	679.778				
High	2480	708.440				

Table 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

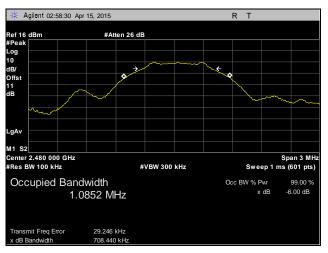
#### 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel



Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel



Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)		
902-928	1.000		
2400–2483.5	1.000		
5725-5850	1.000		

Table 13. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

**§15.247(b)(4):** The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the

low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/14/15

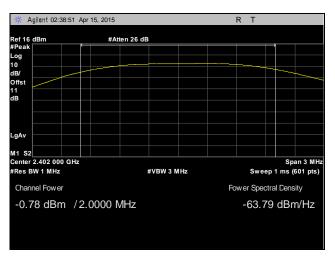


Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup

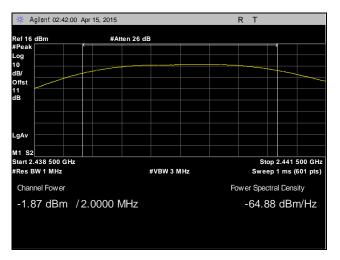
Peak Conducted Output Power						
Carrier Frequency Measured Peak Output Power						
Channel	(MHz)	dBm				
Low	2402	-0.78				
Mid	2440	-1.87				
High	2480	-2.79				

Table 14. Peak Power Output, Test Results

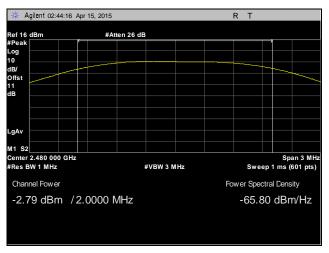
#### **Peak Power Output Test Results**



Plot 9. Peak Power Output, Low Channel



Plot 10. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel



Plot 11. Peak Power Output, High Channel

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

**§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

**§15.205(a):** Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
1 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	( <sup>2</sup> )

Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

**Test Requirement(s):** 

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 16.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits
	(dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 16. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high

Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise

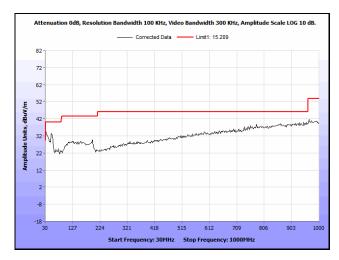
floor was measured above 18 GHz.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

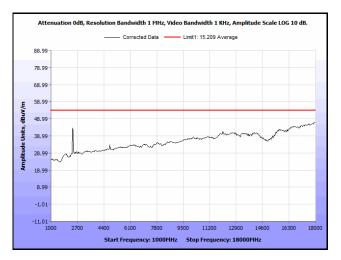
**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/14/15

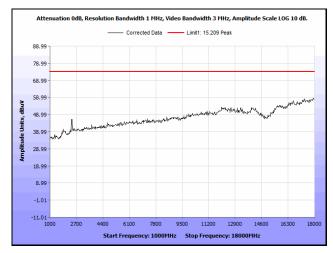
#### **Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results**



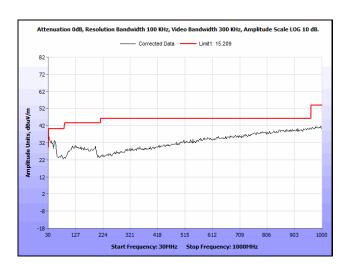
Plot 12. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



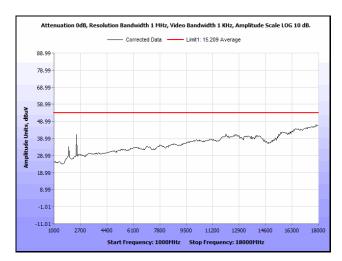
Plot 13. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Average



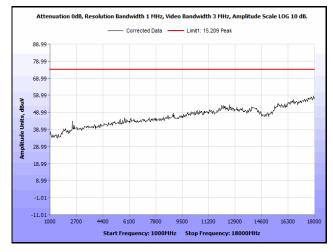
Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



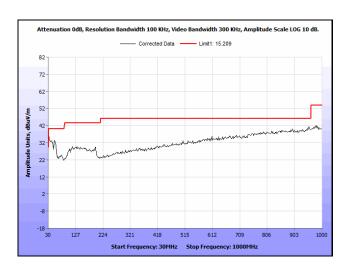
Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



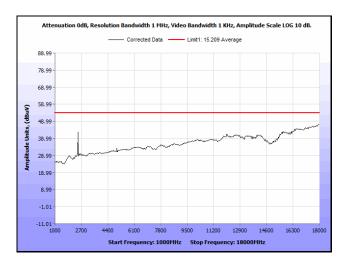
Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



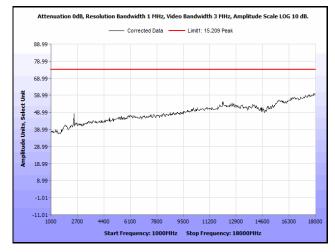
Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Peak



Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average

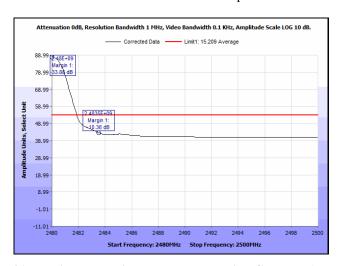


Plot 20. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, Peak

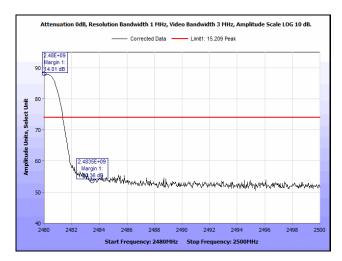
#### **Radiated Band Edge Measurements**

#### **Test Procedures:**

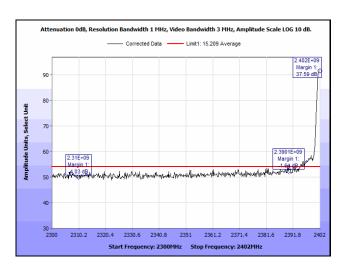
The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



Plot 21. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average

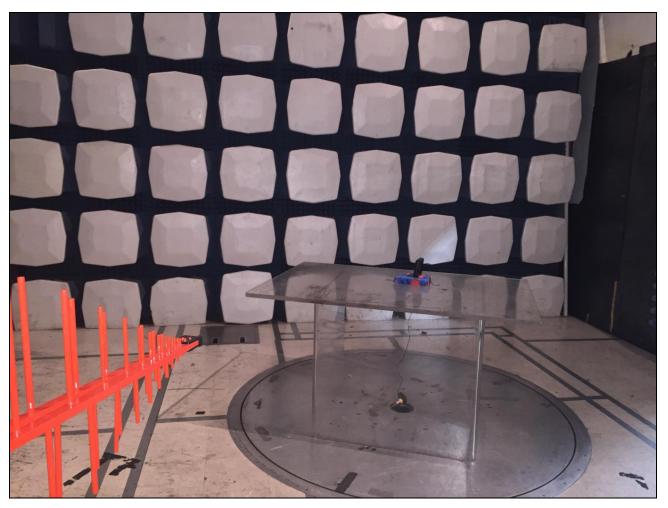


Plot 22. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak



Plot 23. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak Under Average

# **Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup**



Photograph 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

**Test Requirement:** 

**15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

**Test Procedure:** 

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Since the EUT was provided with a conducted RF port, conducted spurious emissions were recorded using an RF cable, Attenuator and spectrum analyzer. The plots were corrected for both attenuator and cable loss.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

**Test Engineer(s):** Djed Mouada

**Test Date(s):** 04/14/15

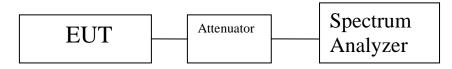
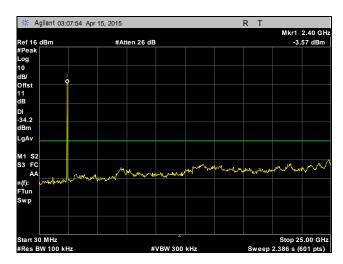


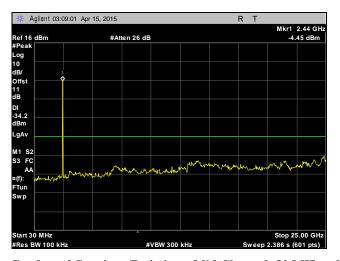
Figure 3. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

MET Report: EMC84481B-FCC247 Rev. 2 © 2015, MET Laboratories, Inc. Page 33 of 48

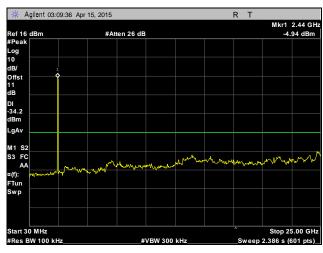
# **Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results**



Plot 24. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 25 GHz

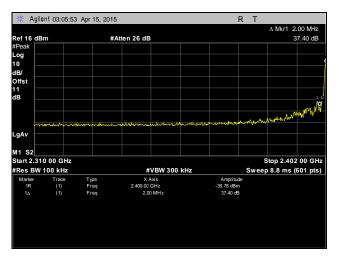


Plot 25. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz - 25 GHz

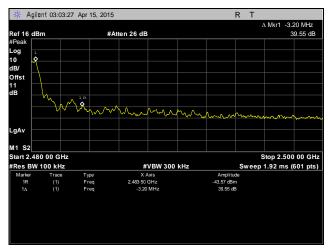


Plot 26. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 25 GHz

## **Conducted Band Edge Test Results**



Plot 27. Conducted Band Edge, Low, Channel



Plot 28. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

**Test Requirements:** §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from

the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during

any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The

power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used.

Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

**Test Engineer:** Djed Mouada

**Test Date:** 04/14/15

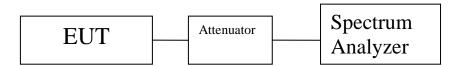
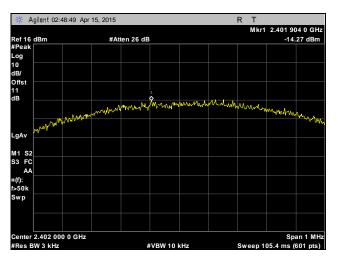
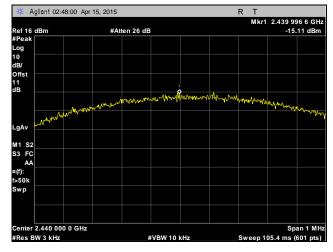


Figure 4. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

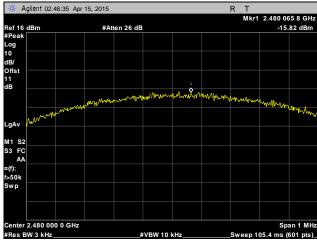
## **Peak Power Spectral Density**



Plot 29. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



Plot 30. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel



Plot 31. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this

section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to

radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

**RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of

this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2400-2483.5 MHz; highest conducted power = 0.835 mW (i.e. - 0.78 dBm) (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm2 or 10 W/m2

EUT maximum antenna gain = 3.3 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\Pi R2$ 

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm2)

P = Power Input to antenna (0.835 mW)

G = Antenna Gain (2.13 numeric)

R = Distance to the center of Radiation of the antenna

P = 0.835 mW

R = 20 cm

G = 1.47

 $S = 0.835*2.13 / 4(3.1416)(20)^2$ 

 $S = 0.000356 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

Therefore, EUT meets the Uncontrolled Exposure limit at 20cm

# IV. Test Equipment

# **Test Equipment**

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	10/29/2014	10/29/2016
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	7/29/2014	1/29/2016
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	11/25/2014	11/25/2015
1T4745	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	11/14/2013	5/14/2015
1T4612	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4407B	7/25/2014	7/25/2015
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	2/28/2014	8/28/2015
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	4/3/2014	10/3/2015
1T4565	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24- BNC	6/26/2014	12/26/2015

**Table 17. Test Equipment List** 

#### A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

#### § 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

#### § 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
  - (i) Compliance testing;
  - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device:
  - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
  - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

#### § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

#### § 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

#### § 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
  - If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement (1) facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
    - If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is *(i)* acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
    - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
  - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

MET Report: EMC84481B-FCC247 Rev. 2 Page 45 of 48 © 2015, MET Laboratories, Inc.

#### 1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

#### § 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
  - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

#### § 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

#### § 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

# **End of Report**