

7.1 SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

7.2 Robotic System Specifications

Specifica	ations POSITIONER: Repeatability: No. of axis:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90LB 0.02 mm 6
Data Acc	uisition Electronic (DAE) Sy	vstem
	Cell Controller	
	Processor:	Pentium III
	Clock Speed:	450 MHz
	Operating System:	Windows NT 4.0
	Data Card:	DASY4 PC-Board
	Data Converter	
	Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
	Software:	DASY4 software
	Connecting Lines: Optical de	ownlink for data and status info.
		Optical uplink for commands and clock
PC Interf	ace Card	
	Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE3
		16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot
		direct emergency stop output for robot
E-Field F	Probes	uncer emergency stop output for fobor
	Model:	ET3DV6 S/N: 1607, S/N: 1609
	Construction:	Triangular core fiber optic detection system
	Frequency:	10 MHz to 6 GHz
	Linearity:	0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Phantom	1	
	Phantom: Shell Material: Thickness:	SAM Fiberglass 2.0 mm

Tissue Parameters

Freq. [MHz]	Liquid	Liquid Temp [°C]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
450MHz -	Head	21.2	٤r	43.5	45.6	+4.83	±5%
			σ	0.87	0.85	-2.3	±5%
	Body	21.2	E r	56.7	54.5	-3.88	±5%
			σ	0.94	0.94	0.00	±5%

8.1 MEASUREMENT PROCESS

8.2 System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 450MHz by using the system validation kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Freq. [MHz]	Liquid	Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR Average	Target Value (mW/g)	Measured Value (mW/g)	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
450 MHz D450V2, S/N: 1007	Head	21.4	1 g	4.9	5.19	+5.92	±10%

8.3 Dosimetric Assessment Setup

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1. The SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
- 2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20mm x 20mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.
- 3. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 34mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:
 - a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [13]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x,y, and z directions) [13][14]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

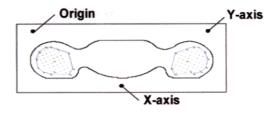


Fig. 10. SAR Measurement Point in Area Scan

9.1 ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 2. Safety L	_imits for Partial E	Body Exposure
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NOTES:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).



10.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Measurement uncertainties in SAR measurements are difficult to quantify due to several variables including biological, physiological, and environmental. However, we estimate the measurement uncertainties in SAR to be less than 15-25 % [16].

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.3, the overall uncertainties are difficult to assess and will vary with the type of meter and usage situation. However, accuracy's of ± 1 to 3 dB can be expected in practice, with greater uncertainties in near-field situations and at higher frequencies (shorter wavelengths), or areas where large reflecting objects are present. Under optimum measurement conditions, SAR measurement uncertainties of at least ± 2 dB can be expected.[3]

According to CENELEC [17], typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is \pm 5 dB. For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to \pm 3 dB.

Error Description	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	ci^2	Standard Uncertain ty (%)	Stand Uncert*2	(Stand Uncert*2) X (ci*2)	Vi & Vef
1. Measurement System							6.7	5.7 S	*
Probe Calibration	11	Normal	2.00	1	1	5.50	30.25	30.25	в
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	1.73	0.7	0.49	2.71	7.36	3.61	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	1.73	0.7	0.49	5.54	30.72	15.05	8
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	2.71	7.36	7.36	~
System Detection limits	1.0	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	0.58	0.33	0.33	8
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	0.58	0.33	0.33	ಾ
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	0.46	0.21	0.21	
RF Ambient conditions	3.0	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	1.73	3.00	3.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	Nomal	1.00	1	1	0.30	0.09	0.09	8
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	1.50	2.25	2.25	8
Probe positioner	0.4	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	0.23	0.05	0.05	ം
Probe positionering	2.9	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	1.67	2.80	2.80	8
Maximum SAR evaluation	1.0	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	0.58	0.33	0.33	ಹ
2.Test Sample Related						Total		65.69	
Device Positioning	1.77	Normal	1.00	1	1	1.77	3.13	3.13	9
Device Holder	3.6	Nomal	1.00	1	1	3.60	12.96	12.96	8
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	2.89	8.33	8.33	8
3. Phantom and Setup						Total		24.43	
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	1.73	1	1	2.31	5.33	5.33	8
Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	1.73	0.5	0.25	2.89	8.33	2.08	
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	2.5	Normal	1.00	0.5	0.25	2.50	6.25	1.56	8
Liquid permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	1.73	0.5	0.25	2.89	8.33	2.08	ಾ
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	2.5	Normal	1.00	0.5	0.25	2.50	6.25	1.56	୍ଚ
		2011				Total		12.63	
Combined standard uncertainty	10.14					Total		102.74	
Expanded uncertainty =(confidence interval of 95.45 %)	20.3			± 20).3% ((Coverage Factor	of k = 2)		

Table 3. Breakdown of Errors [18]

11.1 SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type:	450 MHz		
Dielectric Constant:	45.6		
Conductivity:	0.85		
Phantom Position:	Face		
Closest Distance (between	t Distance (between E-Probe & Phone):		

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C) 21.2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) 43

11.2 Measurement Results (Mouth/ Face SAR)

Channel /		Antenna	Battery	Power (dBm)		SAR (W/Kg)	
Freq. (MHz)	Modul-ation	Position	Manufacture	Initial	End	100%	50%
			Initial	Liid	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle	
F1 (461.0338)	FM	Fixed	Standard	31.04	31.30	1.349	0.674
F2 (464.4936)	FM	Fixed	Standard	30.53	30.79	1.200	0.600
F3 (469.5621)	FM	Fixed	Standard	32.17	32.43	1.752	0.876
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population Averaged over 1 gram						N/g)	

NOTES:

Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue: 15.0cm / Liquid Temperature: $21.2\,^{\circ}{\rm C}$

- 1. The SAR values found were below the maximum limit of 1.6 W/kg (uncontrolled exposure).
- 2. The highest face-held SAR value found was 0.876 W/kg(based 50% duty cycle & 2.0 mm phantom).
- 3. The EUT was tested for face-held SAR with a 2.5cm separation distance between the front of the EUT and the outer surface of the planer phantom.
- 4. Battery Type

- Standard
- 5. Power Measured
- ☑ Conducted □ EIRP □ ERP
 ☑ SPEAG
- 6. SAR Measurement System
- 7. SAR Configuration ⊠ Face/ Mouth □ Body □ Hand
- 8. SAR Measurement Time: 15 minutes



11.1 SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type:	450 MHz			
Dielectric Constant:	54.5			
Conductivity:	0.94			
Phantom Position:	Body			
Closest Distance (between E-Probe & Phone):				

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C) 21.2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) 43

Closest Distance (between E-Probe & Phone):

2.5 cm

11.3 Measurement Results (Body SAR)

Channel /		Antenna Position	Battery	Power (dBm)		SAR (W/Kg)	
Freq. (MHz)	Modul-ation		Manufacture	Initial	End	100% Duty Cycle	50% Duty Cycle
						Duty Oycic	Duty Oycic
F1 (461.0338)	FM	Fixed	Standard	30.86	31.12	1.295	0.648
F2 (464.4936)	FM	Fixed	Standard	31.07	31.33	1.359	0.679
F3 (469.5621)	FM	Fixed	Standard	31.85	32.11	1.624	0.812
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						6 W/kg (m) Averaged over 1 gr	

NOTES:

- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue: 15.0cm/ Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
- 1. The SAR values found were below the maximum limit of 1.6 W/kg (uncontrolled exposure).
- 2. The highest body SAR value found was 0.812W/kg(based 50% duty cycle & 2.0 mm phantom).
- 3. The EUT was tested for body SAR with a 2.5 cm separation distance between the front of the EUT and the outer surface of the planer phantom.
- 4. Battery Type
- ☑ Standard☑ Conducted □ EIRP □ ERP
- 5. Power Measured
 6. SAR Measurement System
- SPEAG
- 7. SAR Configuration
- 🗆 Face/ Mouth 🗵 Body 🗆 Hand
- 8. SAR Measurement Time: 15 minutes

12.1 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Type / Model	Calib. Date	S/N
Staubli Robot RX90L	N/A	F01/ 5K09A1/A/01
Staubli Robot ControllerCS7MB	N/A	F99/5A82A1/C/01
Staubli Teach Pendant (Joystick)	N/A	D221340.01
HP Pavilion t000_puffer	N/A	KRJ51201TV
Windows XP 3.0GHz	N/A	-
SPEAG DAE3V1	March 06	446
SPEAG DAE3V1	Feb. 06	447
SPEAG E-Field Probe ET3DV6	March 06	1609
SPEAG E-Field Probe ET3DV6	August 05	1607
SPEAG Dummy Probe	N/A	-
SPEAG SAM Phantom	N/A	-
SPEAG Light Alignment Sensor	N/A	265
SPEAG Validation Dipole D450V2	April 06	1007
SPEAG Validation Dipole D900V2	April 06	121
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1800V2	2 Sep. 05	2d007
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2	2 April 06	5d032
Robot Table	N/A	-
Phone Holder	N/A	-
A/B Power Indicator	N/A	-
Remote Power Switch	N/A	-
Phantom Cover D9F09QG0009	N/A	-

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

The following list of equipment was used to calibrate the brain equivalent material:

Power Meter(A)	E4419B	June 05	MY40511244
Power Sensor(A)	8481	June 05	MY41090680
Signal Generator	8664A (100kHz ~ 3GHz)	March 06	3744A02069
Power Amp	A0825-4343-R	Sep. 05	A00450
Network Analyzer	8752C (30kHz ~ 3GHz)	March 06	3410A02619
Dielectric Probe K	it 85070C	-	00721521
Dual Directional C	oupler 778D	August 05	16072



13.1 CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

15.1 REFERENCES:

Report No.: HCT-SAR06-0520

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