

**FCC- TEST REPORT**

Report Number	:	<b>708881974886-00</b>	Date of Issue:	<u>December 23, 2019</u>
Model	:	<u>WBR2</u>		
Product Type	:	<u>WiFi and Bluetooth module</u>		
FCC ID	:	<u>2ANDL-WBR2</u>		
Applicant	:	<u>Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,Ltd</u>		
Address of Applicant	:	<u>Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun</u>		
	:	<u>Road, Hangzhou, Zhejiang China</u>		
Manufacturer	:	<u>Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co.,Ltd</u>		
Address of Manufacturer	:	<u>Room701,Building3,More Center,No.87 GuDun</u>		
	:	<u>Road, Hangzhou, Zhejiang China</u>		
Factory	:	<u>Newtronics Hangzhou Co.,Ltd</u>		
Address of Factory	:	<u>No.15,Jiu zhou Road,Jiang Gan Science&amp;Technology</u>		
	:	<u>Economic Park Hangzhou</u>		
Test Result	:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Positive</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Negative</b>		
Total pages including Appendices	:	<u>48</u>		

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## 1 Table of Contents

1	Table of Contents .....	2
2	Details about the Test Laboratory.....	3
3	Description of the Equipment under Test .....	4
4	Summary of Test Standards.....	5
5	Summary of Test Results.....	6
6	General Remarks .....	7
7	Test Setups .....	8
8	Systems test configuration.....	11
9	Technical Requirement .....	12
9.1	Conducted Emission .....	12
9.2	Conducted peak output power.....	15
9.3	6dB bandwidth .....	16
9.4	Power spectral density.....	20
9.5	Spurious RF conducted emissions .....	24
9.6	Band edge .....	34
9.7	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter .....	38
10	Test Equipment List.....	45
11	System Measurement Uncertainty .....	46
12	Photographs of Test Set-ups .....	47
13	Photographs of EUT .....	48



China

## 2 Details about the Test Laboratory

### Details about the Test Laboratory

#### Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch  
No.16 Lane, 1951 Du Hui Road,  
Shanghai 201108,  
P.R. China

Test Firm 820234

Registration  
Number:

Telephone: +86 21 6141 0123

Fax: +86 21 6140 8600

### 3 Description of the Equipment under Test

#### Description of the Equipment Under Test

Product:	WiFi and Bluetooth module
Model no.:	WBR2
FCC ID:	2ANDL-WBR2
IC:	NA
Options and accessories:	NA
Rating:	DC 3.0-3.6V
RF Transmission Frequency:	For 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412~2462 MHz For 802.15.1:2402~2480 MHz
No. of Operated Channel:	2.4GHz WiFi: 11 2.4GHz BLE: 40
Modulation:	For 2.4GHz WIFI: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) for 802.11b Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) for 802.11g/n For 2.4GHz BLE: GFSK
Antenna Type:	PCB antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.5dBi
Description of the EUT:	The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a low-power embedded Wi-Fi and Bluetooth module (4.2). We tested it and listed the worst data in this report.



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## 4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C 10-1-2014 Edition	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

All the test methods were according to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and ANSI C63.10 (2013).

## 5 Summary of Test Results

Technical Requirements							
FCC Part 15 Subpart C							
Test Condition			Pages	Test Site	Test Result		
					Pass	Fail	N/A
§15.207		Conducted emission AC power port	12-14	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247 (b) (1)		Conducted peak output power	15	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)		20dB bandwidth	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)		Carrier frequency separation	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)		Number of hopping frequencies	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)		Dwell Time	---	---	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(a)(2)		6dB bandwidth	16-19	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(e)		Power spectral density	20-23	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(d)		Spurious RF conducted emissions	24-33	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(d)		Band edge	34-37	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.247(d) & §15.209		Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	38-44	Site 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
§15.203		Antenna requirement	See note 1		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Remark 1: N/A – Not Applicable.

Note 1: The EUT uses a patch antenna, which gain is 2.5dBi. In accordance to §15.203, It is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.



## 6 General Remarks

### Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2ANDL-WBR2 complies with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

This report is only for the 2.4GHz WiFi test report, for the 2.4GHz BLE test report please refer to 708881974873-00.

### SUMMARY:

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 5 were

■ - Performed

□ - **Not** Performed

The Equipment under Test

■ - **Fulfills** the general approval requirements.

□ - **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: November 25, 2019

Testing Start Date: November 25, 2019

Testing End Date: December 6, 2019

-TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

Reviewed by:

Prepared by:

Tested by:

Hui TONG

EMC Section Manager  
Date: 2019-12-23

Jiaxi XU

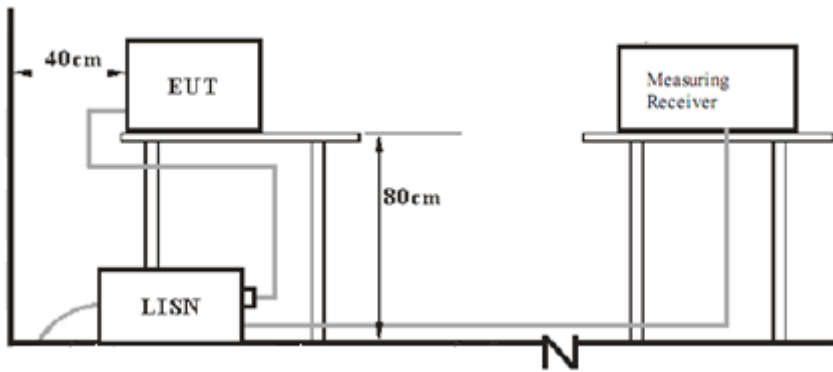
EMC Project Engineer  
Date: 2019-12-23

Wenqiang LU

EMC Test Engineer  
Date: 2019-12-23

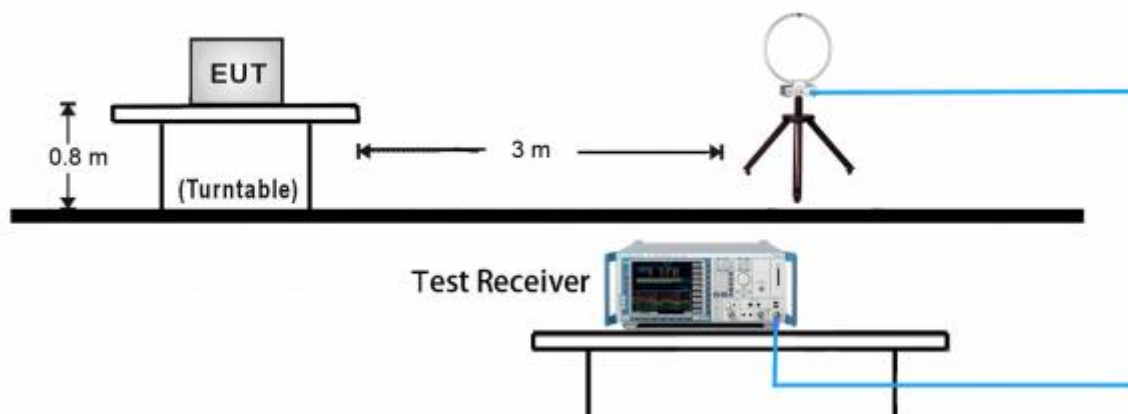
## 7 Test Setups

### 7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission test setups



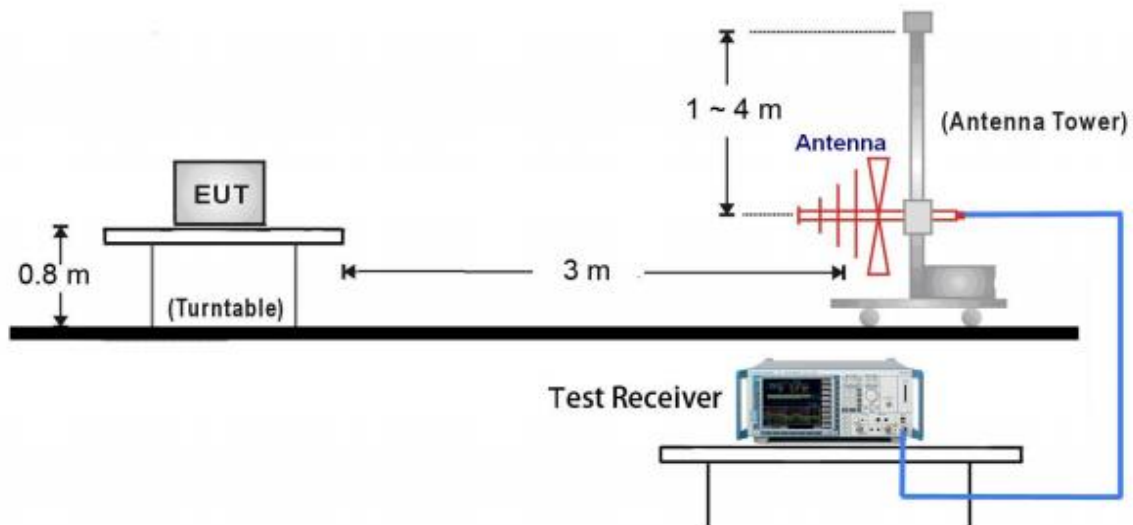
### 7.2 Radiated test setups

#### 9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:

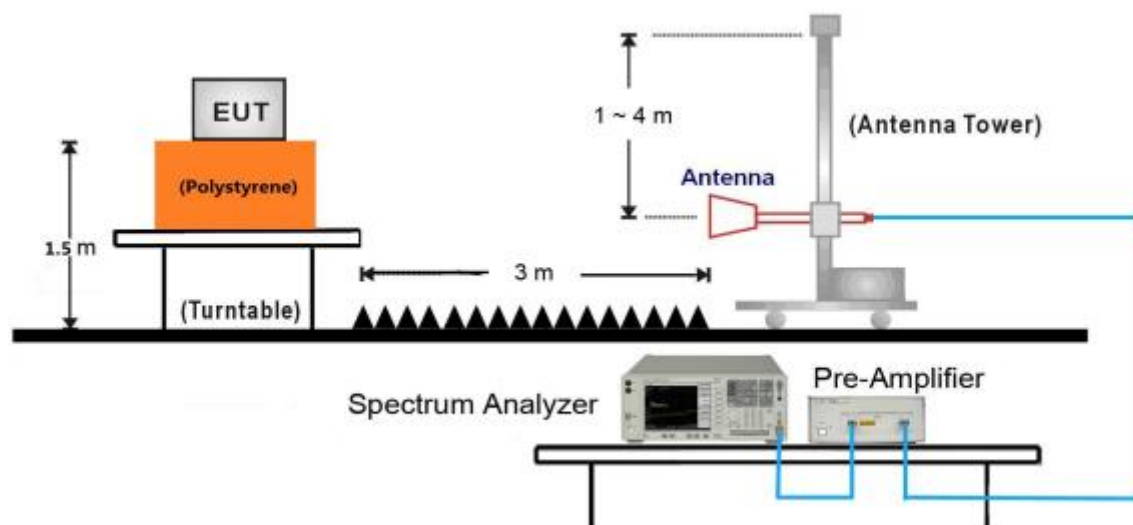




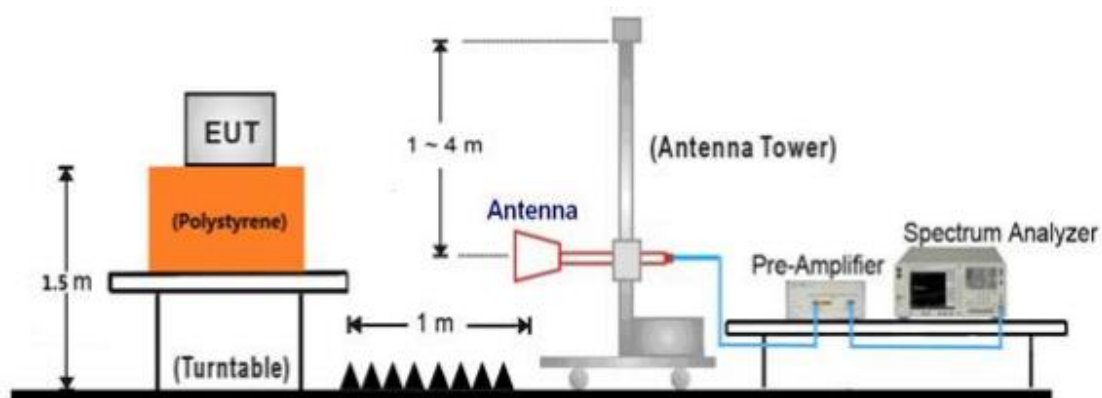
### 30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:



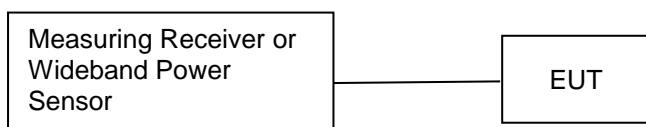
### 1GHz ~ 18GHz Test Setup:



### 18GHz ~ 25GHz Test Setup:



### 7.3 Conducted RF test setups





## 8 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)	S/N(LENGTH)
PC	Lenovo	X240	---

Test software: UI\_mptool

The system was configured to channel 1(2412MHz), 6(2437MHz), and 11(2462MHz) for the test.

Non-hopping mode: The system was configured to operate at a signal channel transmitting. The test software allows the configuration and operation at the worst-case duty and the highest transmit power.

## 9 Technical Requirement

### 9.1 Conducted Emission

#### Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane
2. The power line of the EUT is connected to the AC mains through a Artificial Mains Network (A.M.N.).
3. Maximum procedure was performed to ensure EUT compliance
4. A EMI test receiver is used to test the emissions from both sides of AC line

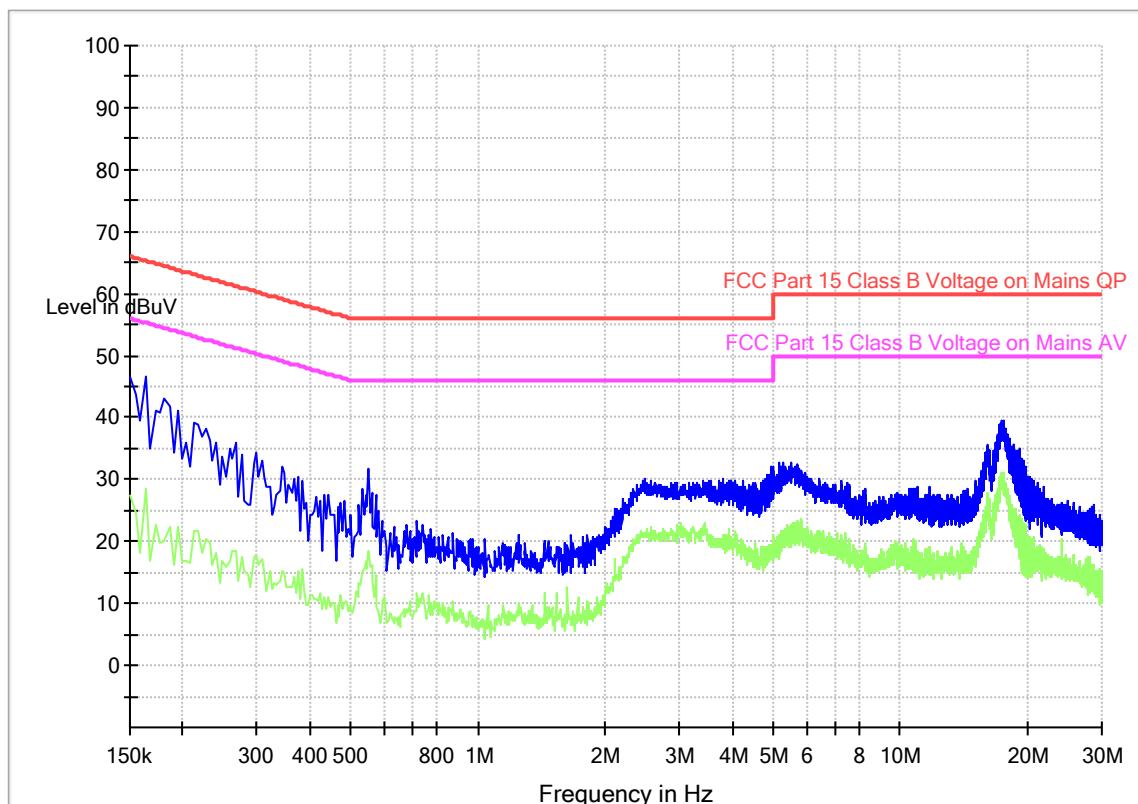
#### Limit

Frequency MHz	QP Limit dB $\mu$ V	AV Limit dB $\mu$ V
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*
0.500-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreasing linearly with logarithm of the frequency

## Conducted Emission

Product Type : WiFi and BLE Module  
M/N : WBR2  
Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_2412MHz for 802.11g  
Test Specification : L-line  
Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)

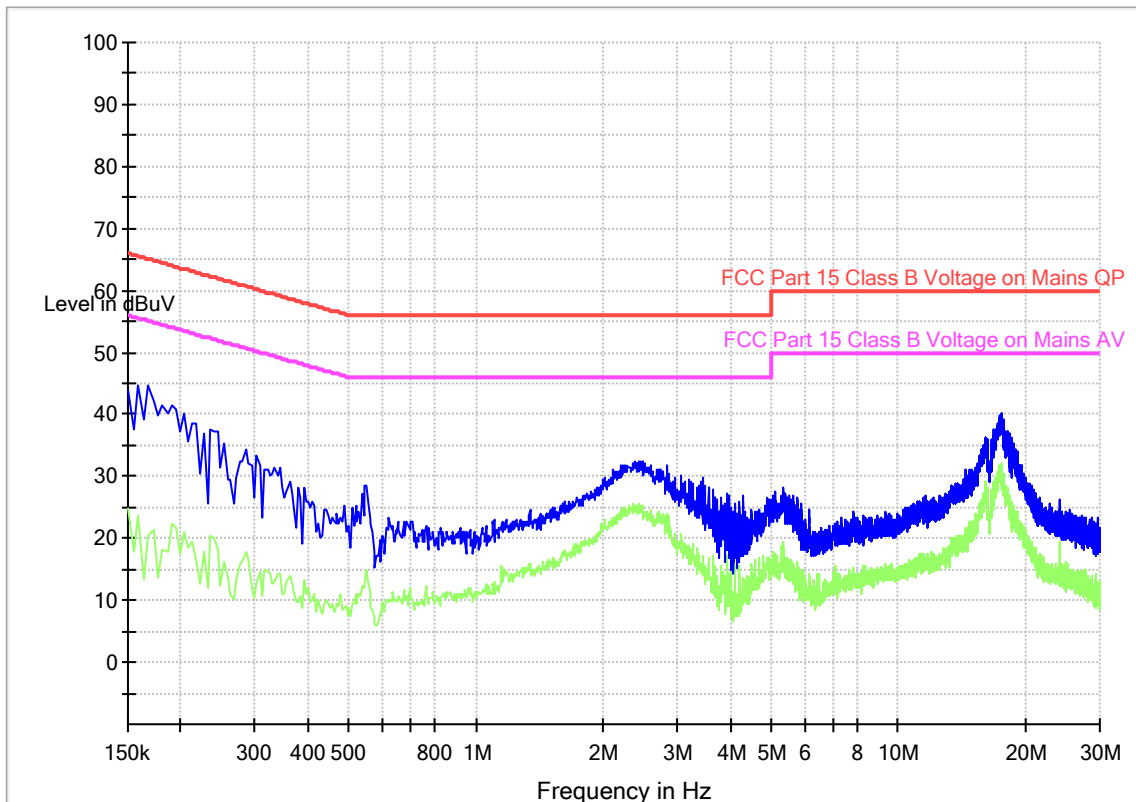


Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)  
Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB) + 10dB Attenuator



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Product Type : WiFi and BLE Module  
M/N : WBR2  
Operating Condition : Mode 1: Tx\_2412MHz for 802.11g  
Test Specification : N-line  
Comment : AC 120V/60Hz (powered by notebook)



## 9.2 Conducted peak output power

### Test Method

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
RBW > the 6 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW $\geq$ 3RBW, Span $\geq$ 3RBW  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
2. Add a correction factor to the display.
3. Use a power meter to measure the conducted peak output power.

### Limits

Frequency Range MHz	Limit W	Limit dBm
2400-2483.5	$\leq 1$	$\leq 30$

Test result as below table

#### 802.11B

Frequency MHz	Conducted Peak Output Power dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	17.28	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	17.30	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	17.39	Pass

#### 802.11G

Frequency MHz	Conducted Peak Output Power dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	24.28	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	23.62	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	24.22	Pass

#### 802.11N20

Frequency MHz	Conducted Peak Output Power dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	22.88	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	20.66	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	20.73	Pass

### 9.3 6dB bandwidth

#### Test Method

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
RBW=100K, VBW≥3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
2. Use the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument, may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize, record the X dB Bandwidth value.

#### Limit

Limit [kHz]

≥500

Test result  
802.11B

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	9.0467	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	9.0527	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	9.0497	Pass

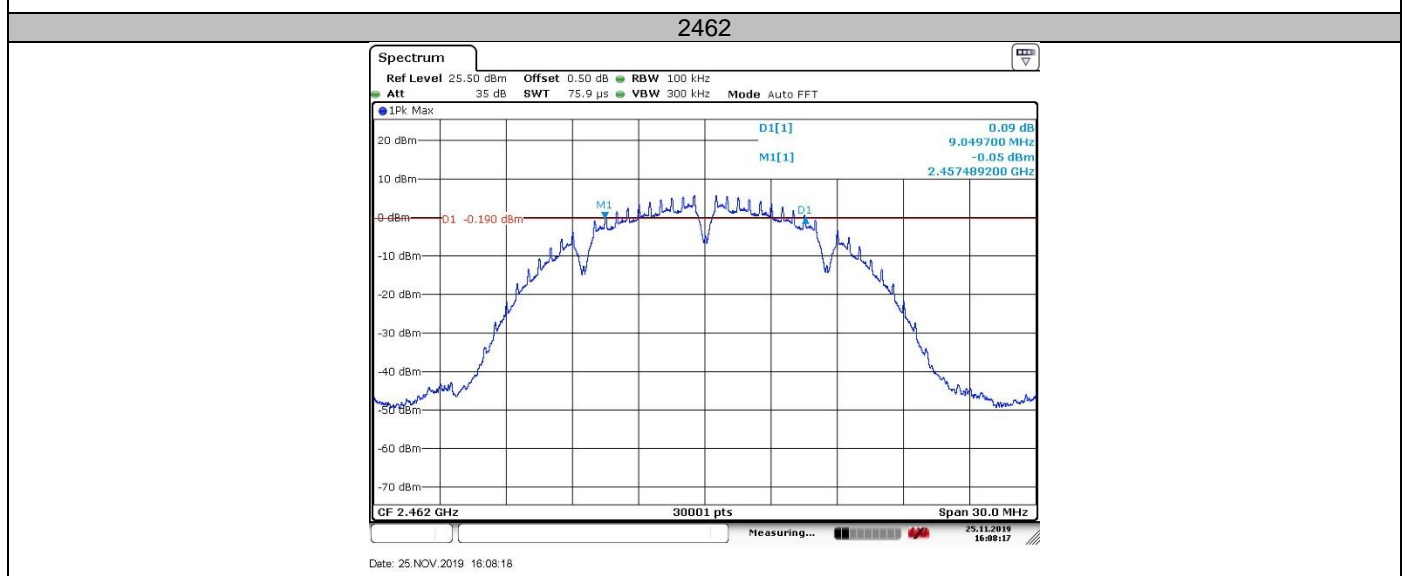
802.11G

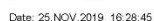
Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	16.3145	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	16.0955	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	16.0825	Pass

802.11N20

Frequency MHz	6dB bandwidth MHz	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	17.5364	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	17.3014	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	17.2984	Pass







**Spectrum**

Ref Level 25.50 dBm Offset 0.50 dB RBW 100 kHz  
 Att 35 dB SWT 75.9  $\mu$ s VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto FFT

1Pk Max

20 dBm  
 10 dBm  
 0 dBm  
 -10 dBm  
 -20 dBm  
 -30 dBm  
 -40 dBm  
 -50 dBm  
 -60 dBm  
 -70 dBm

D1[1] 0.05 dB  
 16.095500 MHz  
 -3.30 dBm  
 2.429070300 GHz

D1 -3.340 dBm

M1

CF 2.437 GHz 30001 pts Span 30.0 MHz

Measuring... 26.11.2019 15:03:58

Date: 26.NOV.2019 15:33:51

**Spectrum**

Ref Level 25.50 dBm Offset 0.50 dB RBW 100 kHz  
 Att 35 dB SWT 75.9  $\mu$ s VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto FFT

1PK Max

20 dBm  
 10 dBm  
 0 dBm  
 -10 dBm  
 -20 dBm  
 -30 dBm  
 -40 dBm  
 -50 dBm  
 -60 dBm  
 -70 dBm

D1[1] 0.03  
 16.082500 MHz  
 -3.10 dB  
 2.454083300 GHz

D1 -3.230 dBm

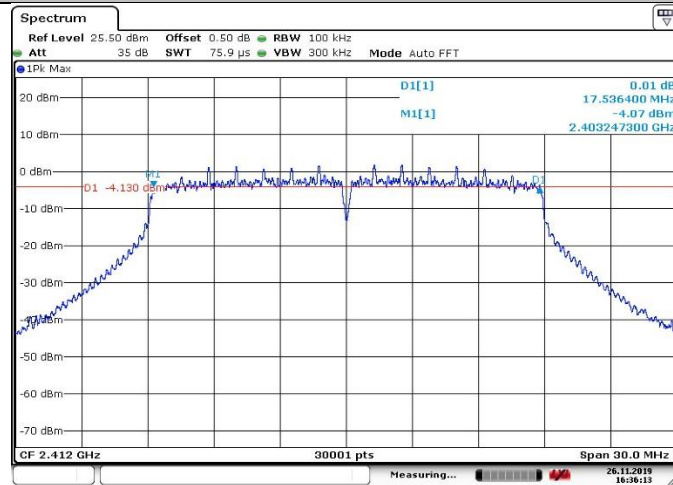
CF 2.462 GHz 30001 pts Span 30.0 MHz

Measuring... 26.11.2014 15:45:14

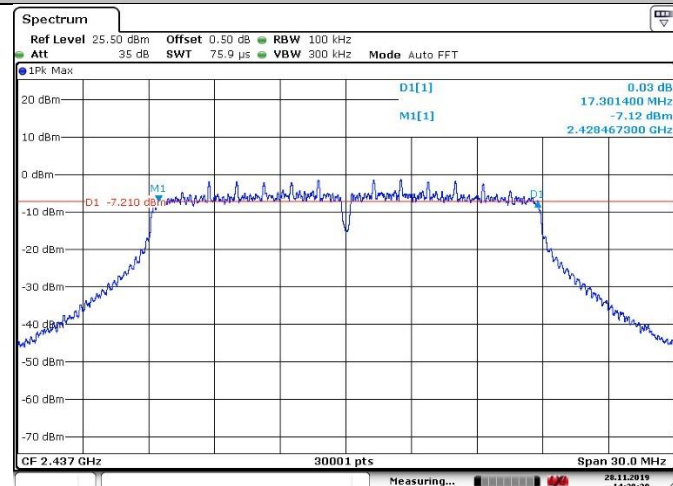
Date: 26 NOV 2019 15:45:34

## 802.11N20

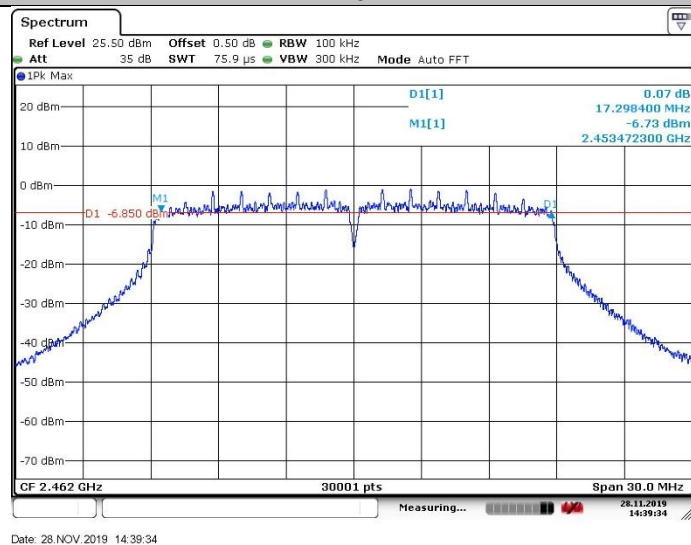
2412



2437



2462



## 9.4 Power spectral density

### Test Method

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance:

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.  
RBW=3kHz, VBW≥3RBW, Span=1.5 times DTS bandwidth, Detector=Peak, Sweep=auto, Trace= max hold.
2. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

### Limit

Limit [dBm]

≤8

Test result  
802.11 B

Frequency MHz	Power spectral density dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	-6.38	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	-6.65	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	-6.32	Pass

802.11 G

Frequency MHz	Power spectral density dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	-11.67	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	-11.26	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	-11.92	Pass

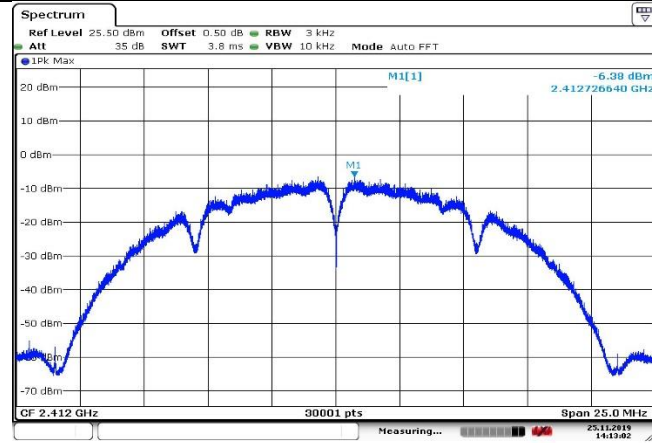
802.11 N20

Frequency MHz	Power spectral density dBm	Result
Low channel 2412MHz	-11.51	Pass
Middle channel 2437MHz	-15.30	Pass
High channel 2462MHz	-15.45	Pass

**Power spectral density**

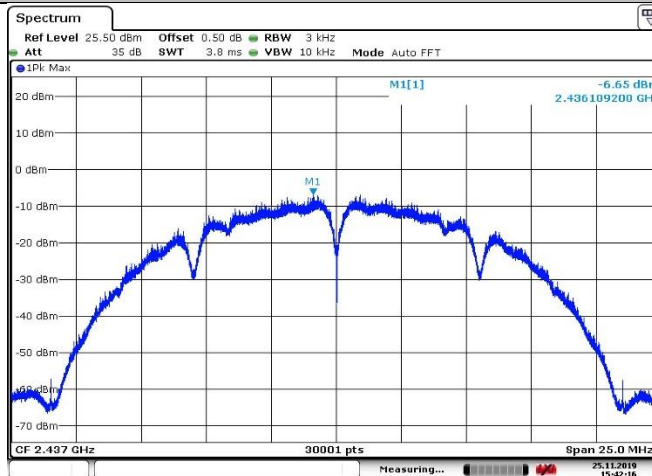
802.11B

2412



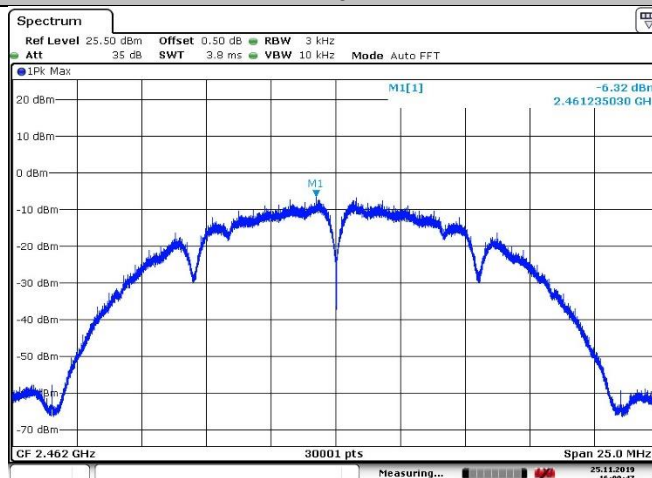
Date: 25.NOV.2019 14:13:02

2437



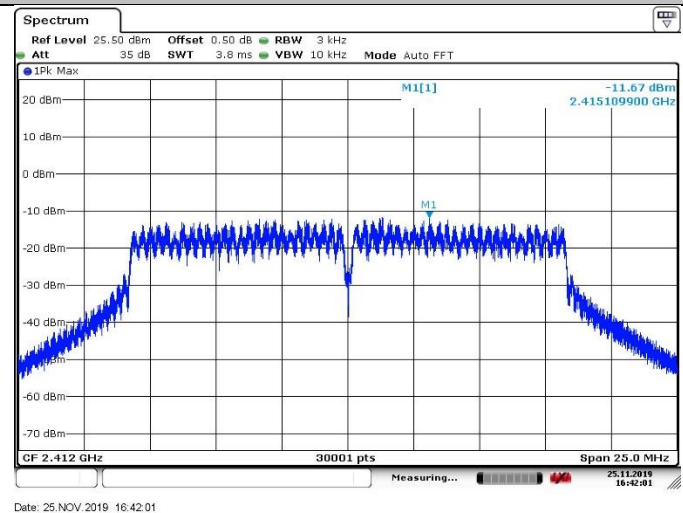
Date: 25.NOV.2019 15:42:17

2462

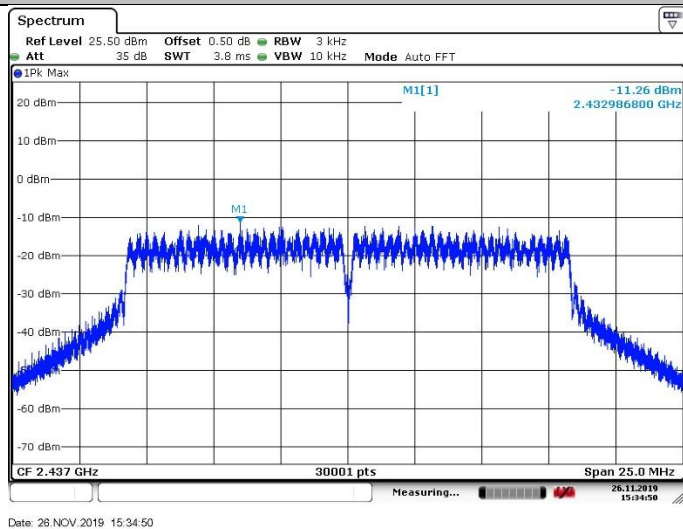


Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:09:47

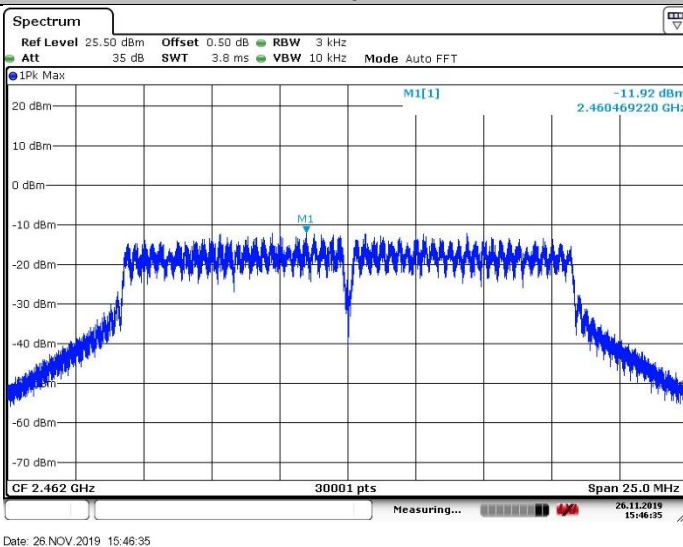
802.11G  
2412



2437

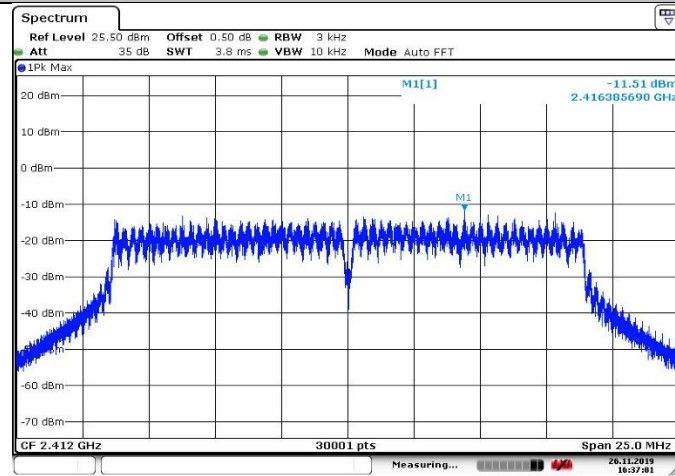


2462



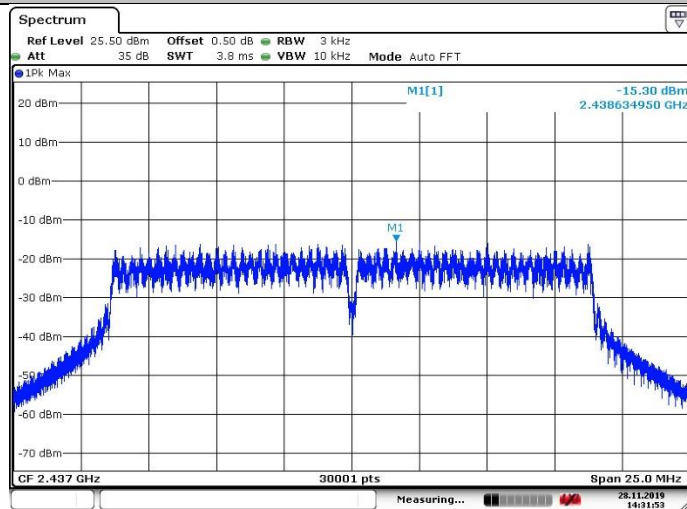
## 802.11N20

2412



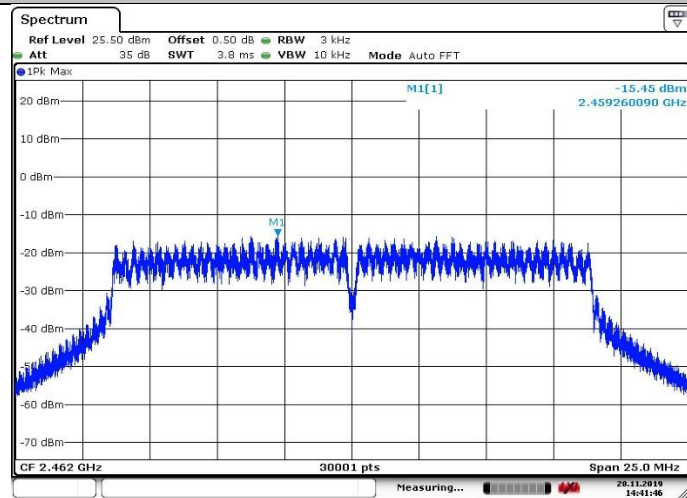
Date: 28.NOV.2019 16:37:01

2437



Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:31:53

2462



Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:41:47



## 9.5 Spurious RF conducted emissions

### Test Method

1. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
  - a. Set RBW=100 kHz. VBW $\geq$ 3RBW. Detector =peak, Sweep time = auto couple, Trace mode = max hold.
  - b. Allow trace to fully stabilize, use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
2. Use the maximum PSD level to establish the reference level.
  - a. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - b. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level. Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements, report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.
3. Repeat above procedures until other frequencies measured were completed.

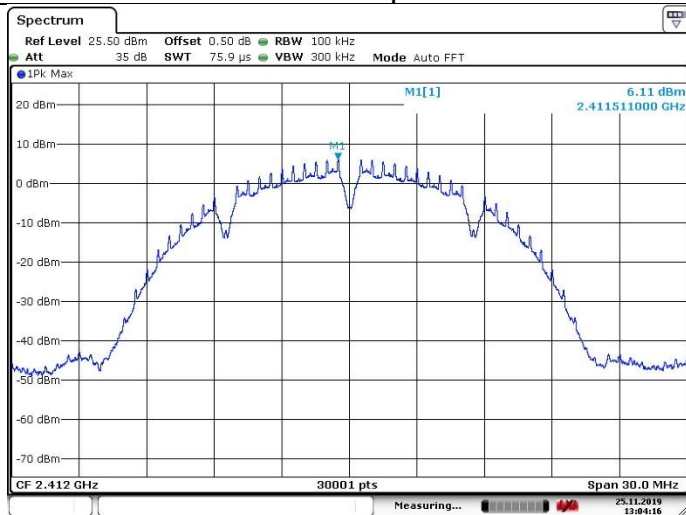
### Limit

Frequency Range MHz	Limit (dBc)
30-25000	-20

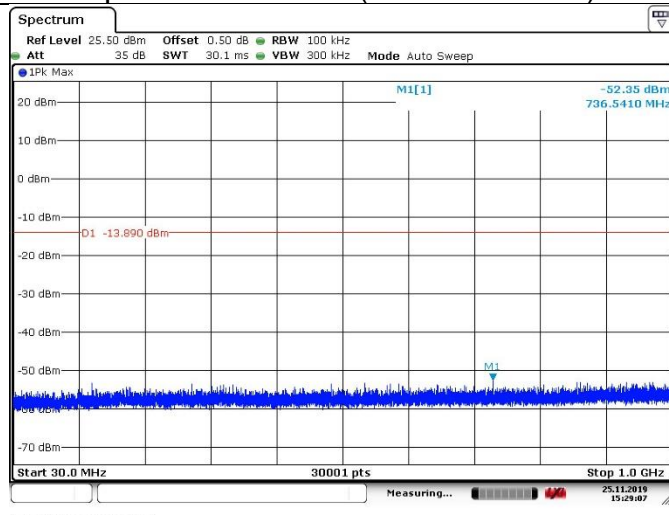


**Spurious RF conducted emissions**

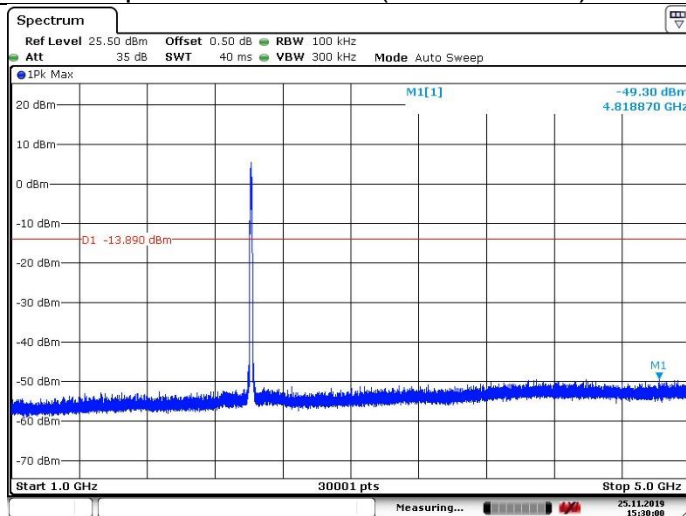
802.11 B

**Out-of-Band Emissions****Channel 1 (2412MHz)****Reference point****Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)**

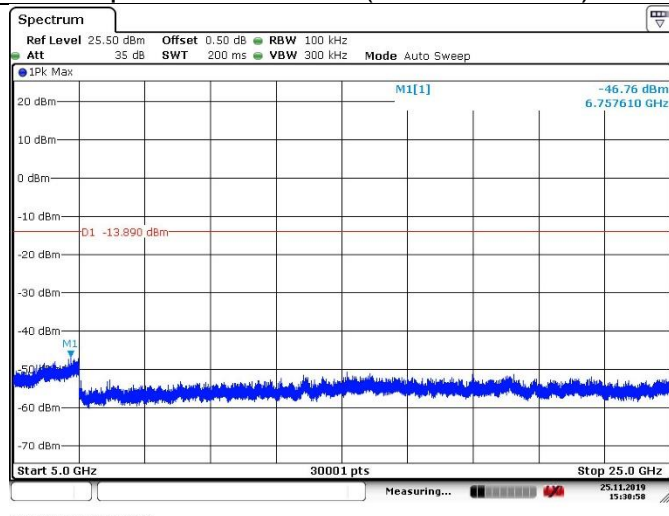
Date: 25 NOV 2019 13:04:17



Date: 25 NOV 2019 15:29:07

**Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)****Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)**

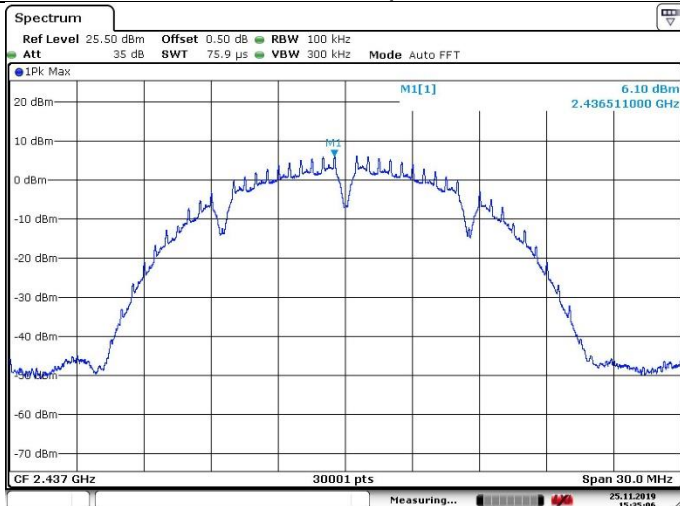
Date: 25 NOV 2019 15:30:00



Date: 25 NOV 2019 15:30:58

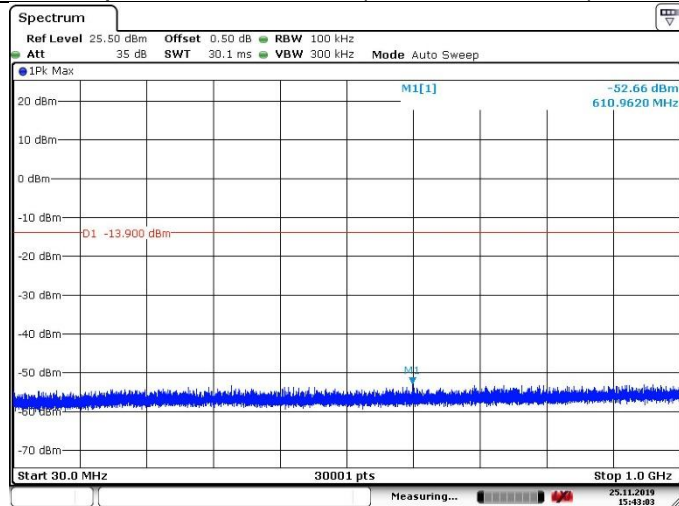
## Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)

### Reference point



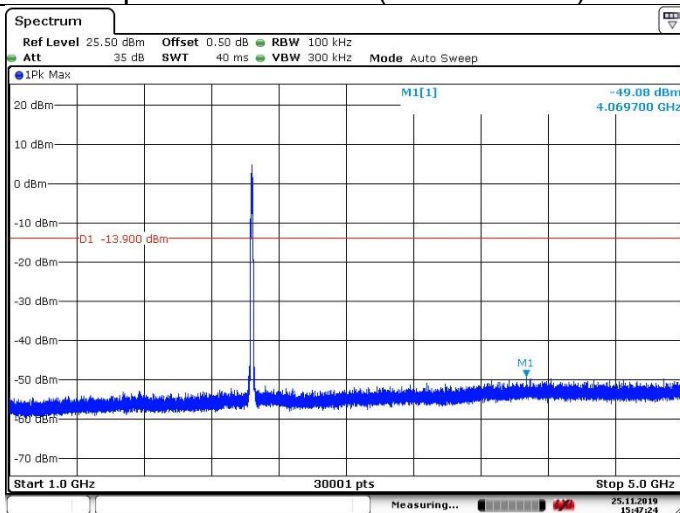
Date: 25 NOV. 2019 15:35:07

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



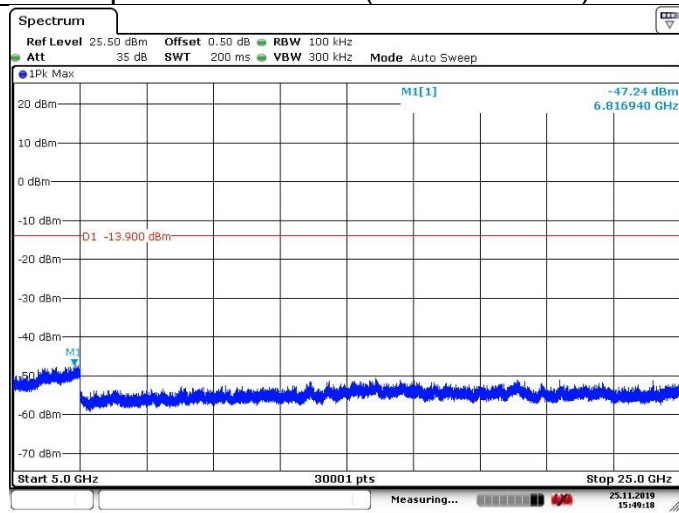
Date: 25 NOV. 2019 15:43:04

### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



Date: 25 NOV. 2019 15:47:24

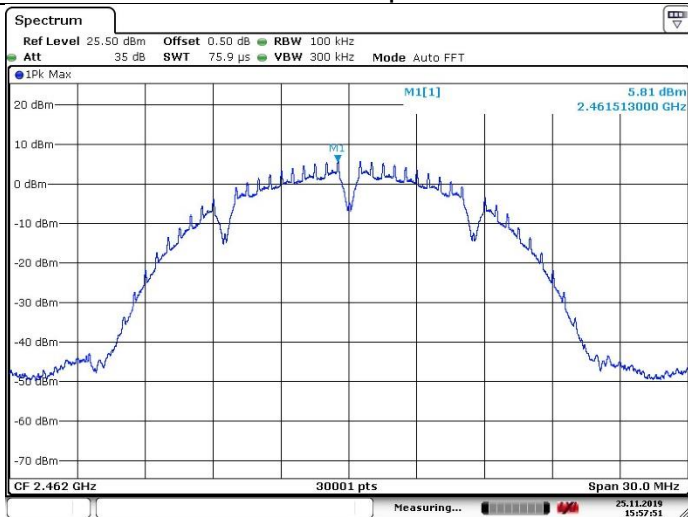
### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 25 NOV. 2019 15:49:19

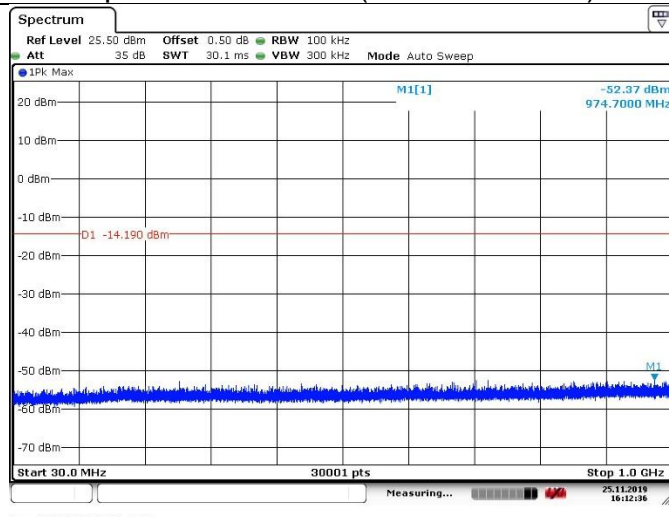
## Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)

### Reference point



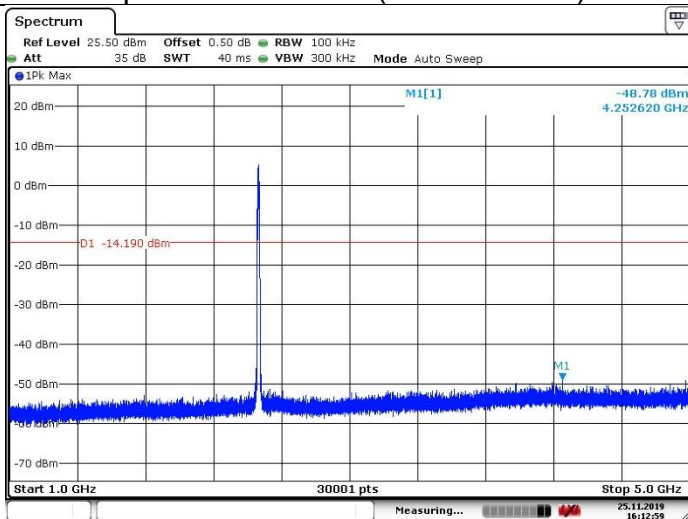
Date: 25.NOV.2019 15:57:51

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



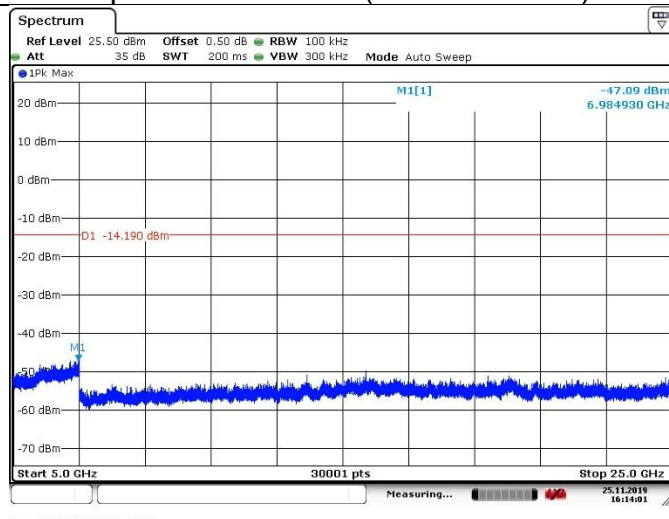
Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:12:36

### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:12:59

### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:14:01

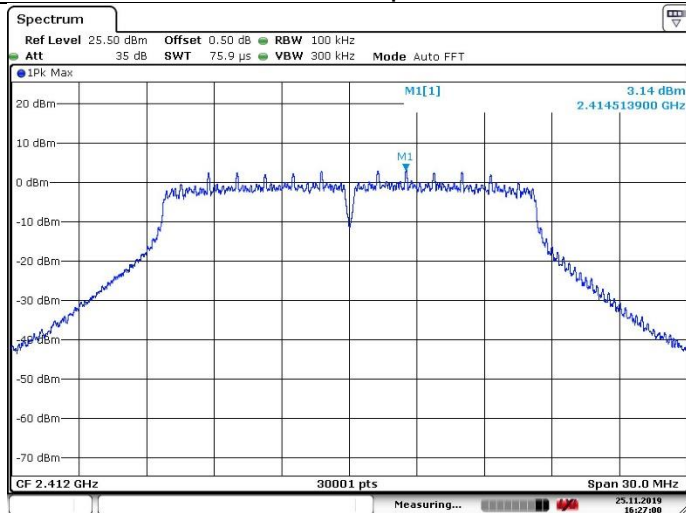
802.11 G

## Out-of-Band Emissions

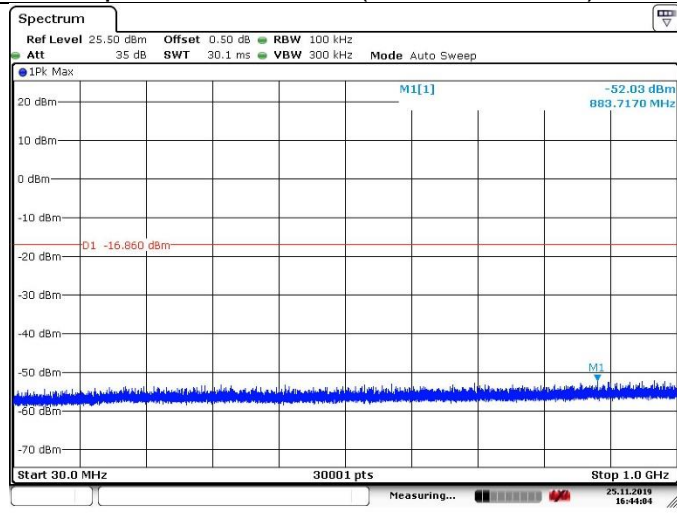
## Channel 1 (2412MHz)

## Reference point

## Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



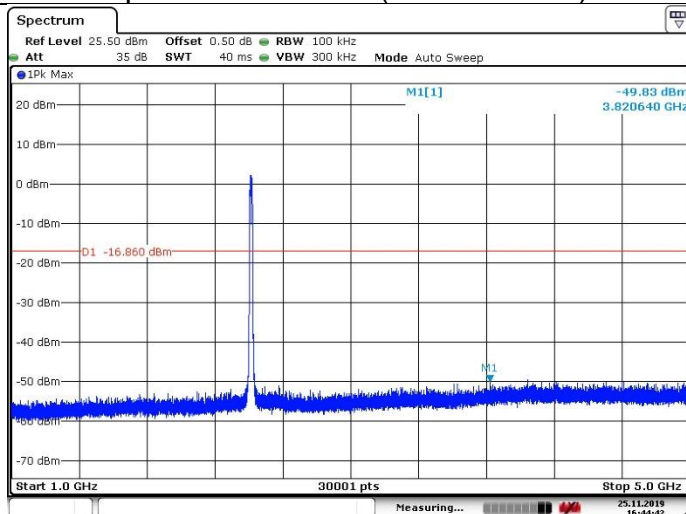
Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:27:00



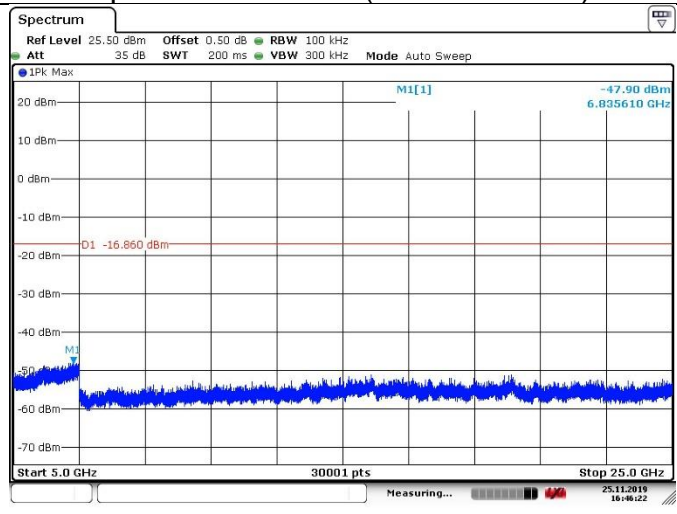
Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:44:05

## Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)

## Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)



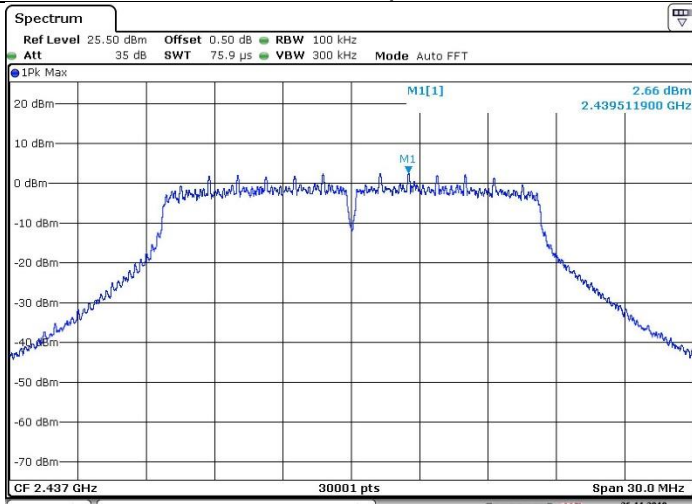
Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:44:42



Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:46:22

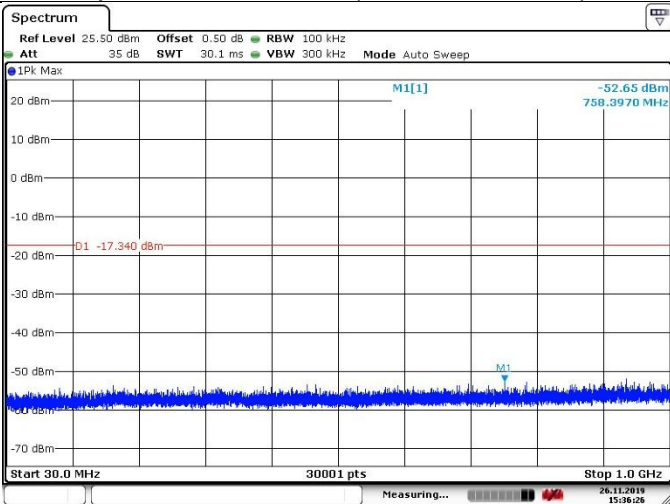
## Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)

### Reference point



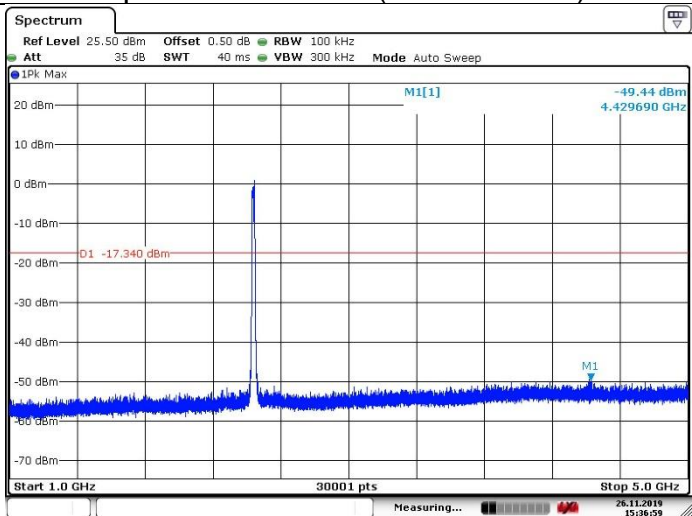
Date: 26.NOV.2019 15:32:52

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



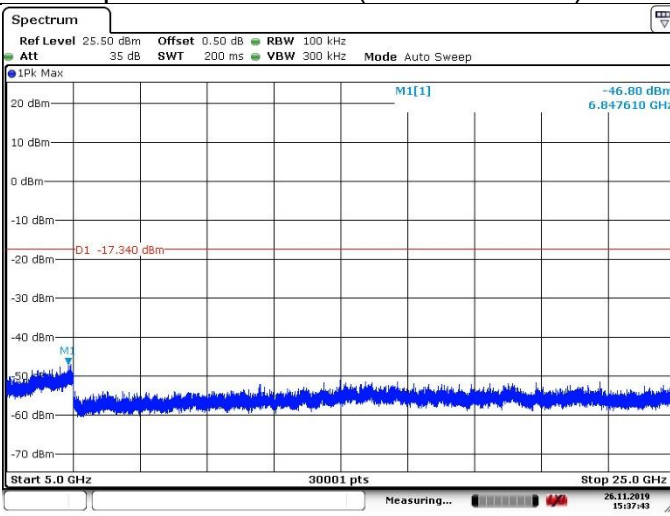
Date: 26.NOV.2019 15:36:27

### Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 26.NOV.2019 15:36:59

### Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)

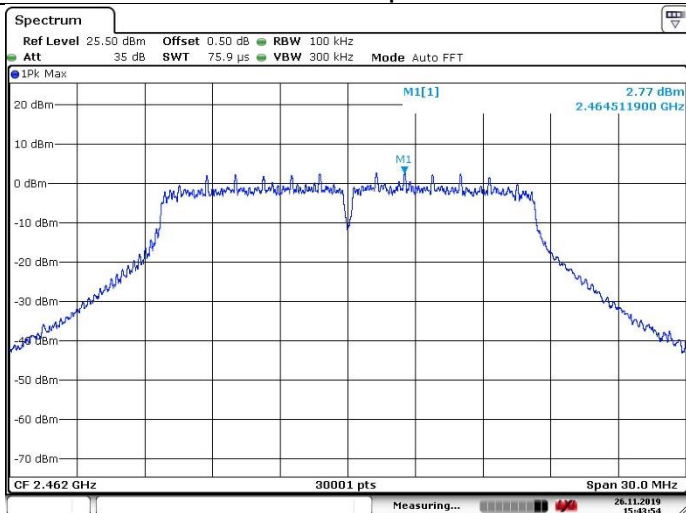


Date: 26.NOV.2019 15:37:43



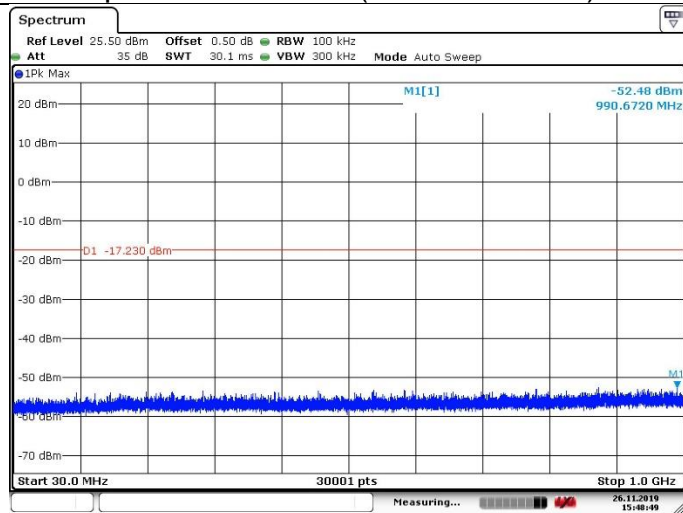
## Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)

### Reference point



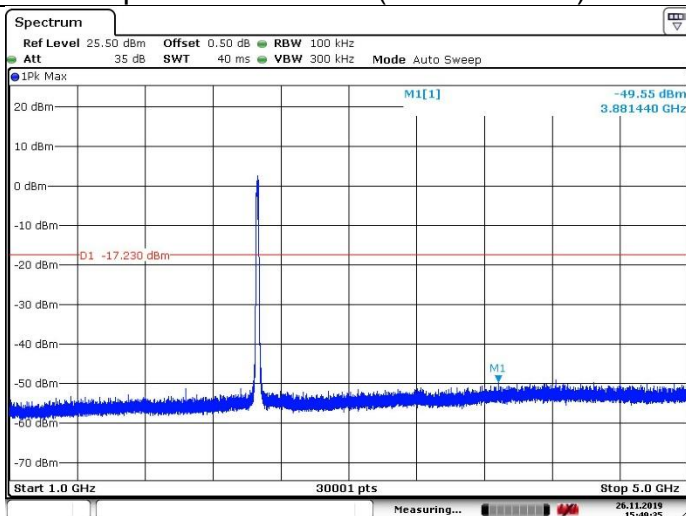
Date: 26 NOV 2019 15:43:53

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



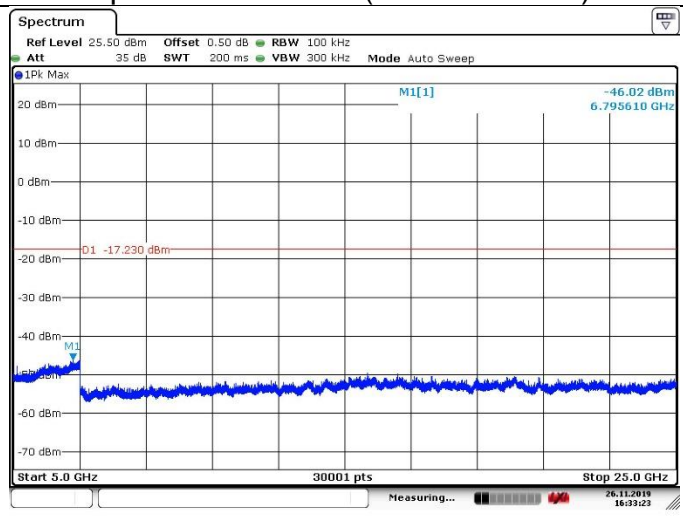
Date: 26 NOV 2019 15:48:49

### Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 26 NOV 2019 15:49:36

### Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)



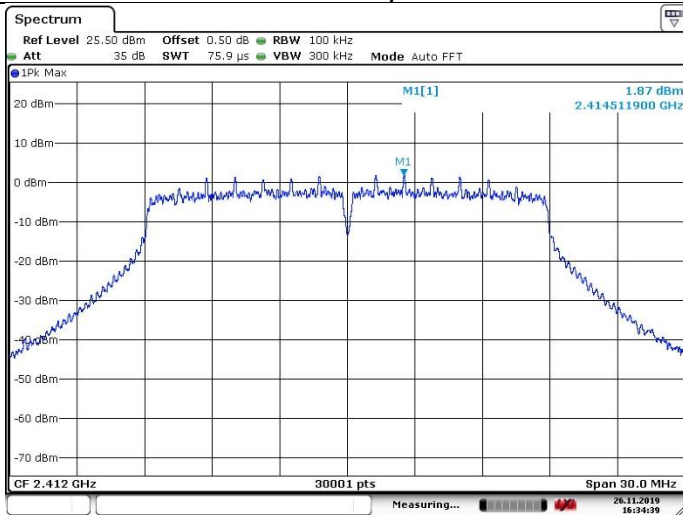
Date: 26 NOV 2019 16:33:22

## 802.11 N20

## Out-of-Band Emissions

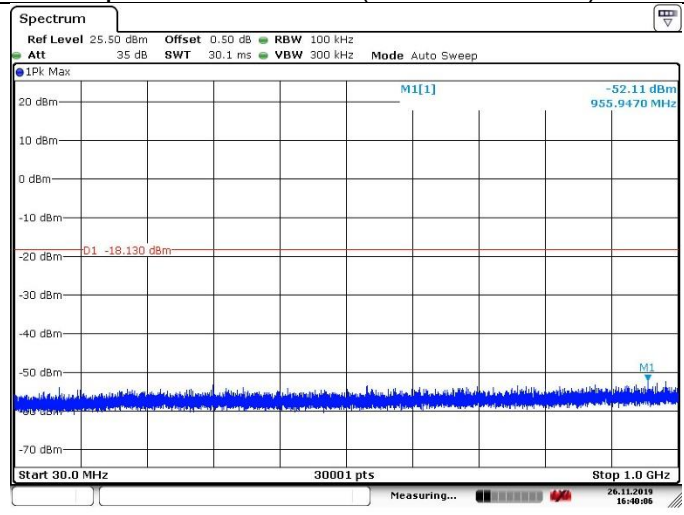
## Channel 1 (2412MHz)

## Reference point



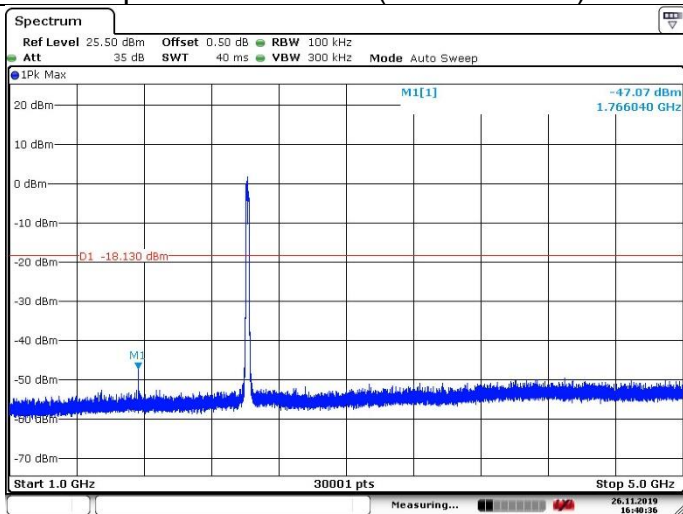
Date: 26.NOV.2019 16:34:39

## Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



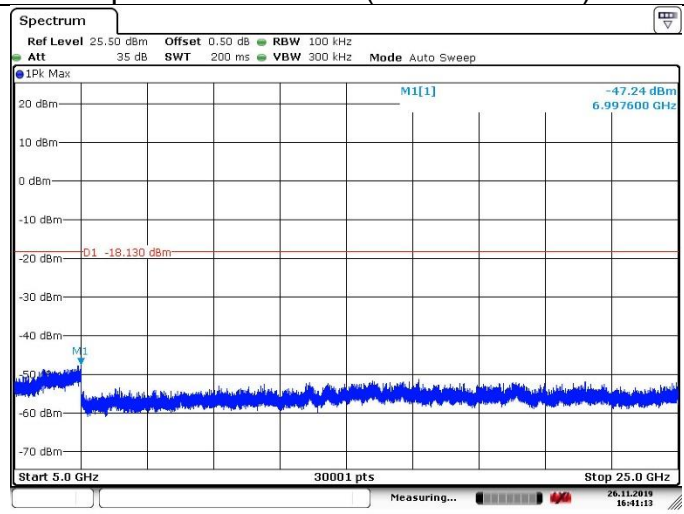
Date: 26.NOV.2019 16:40:06

## Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



Date: 26.NOV.2019 16:40:36

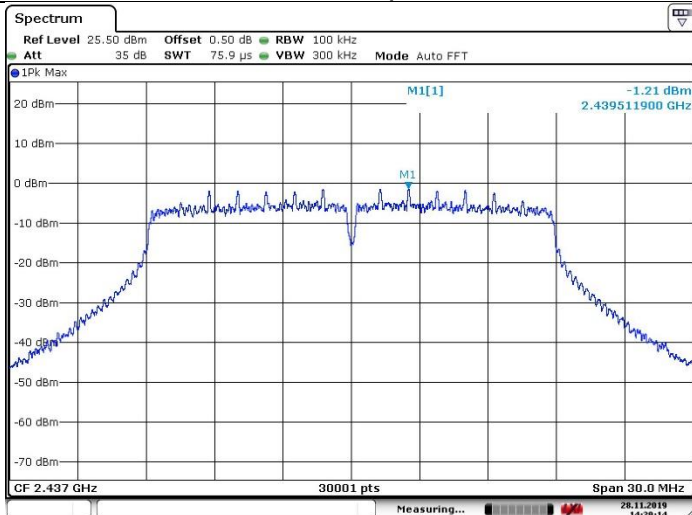
## Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)



Date: 26.NOV.2019 16:41:14

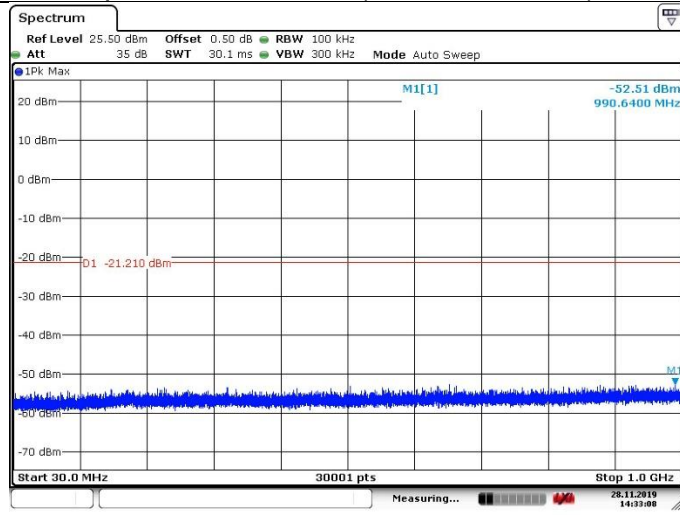
## Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)

### Reference point



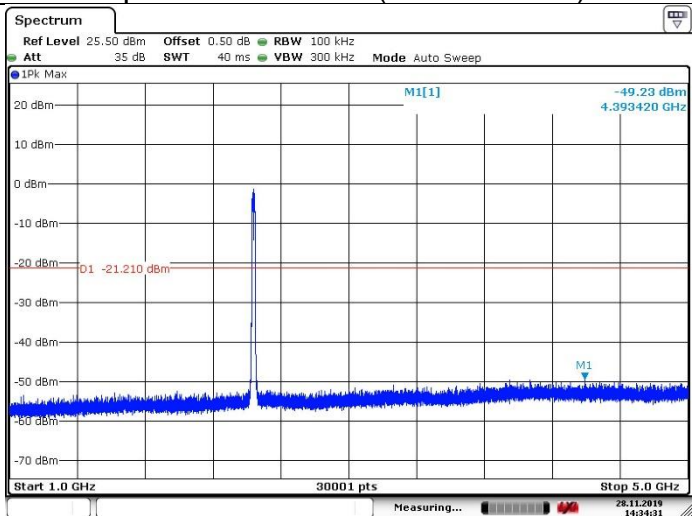
Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:29:14

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



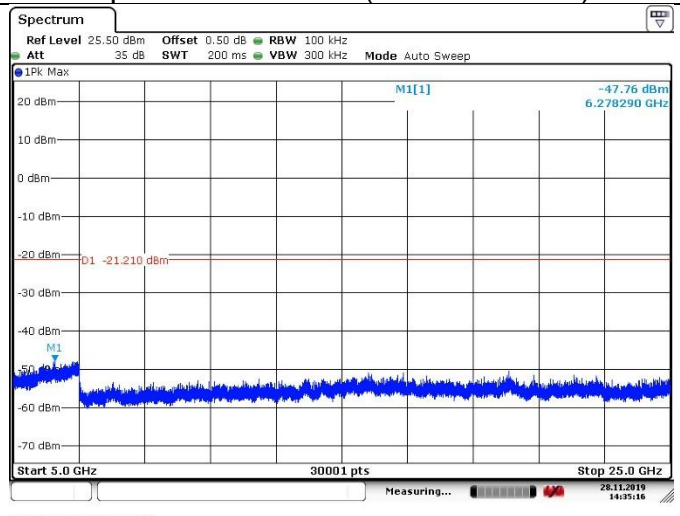
Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:33:09

### Spurious Emission (1GHz –5GHz)



Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:34:32

### Spurious Emission (5GHz –25GHz)

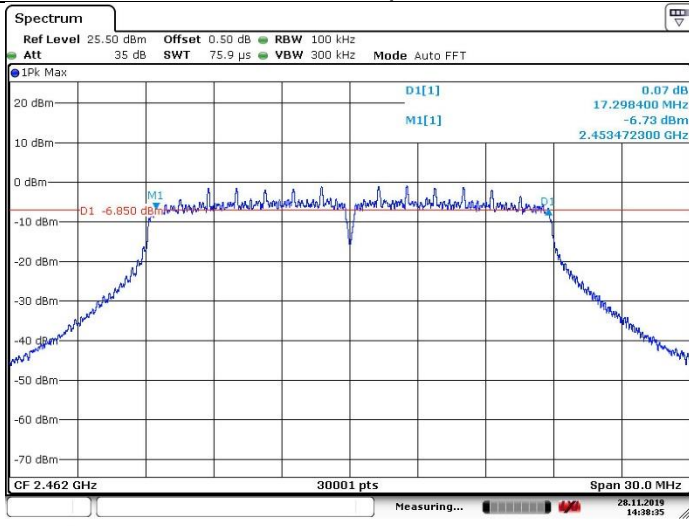


Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:35:16



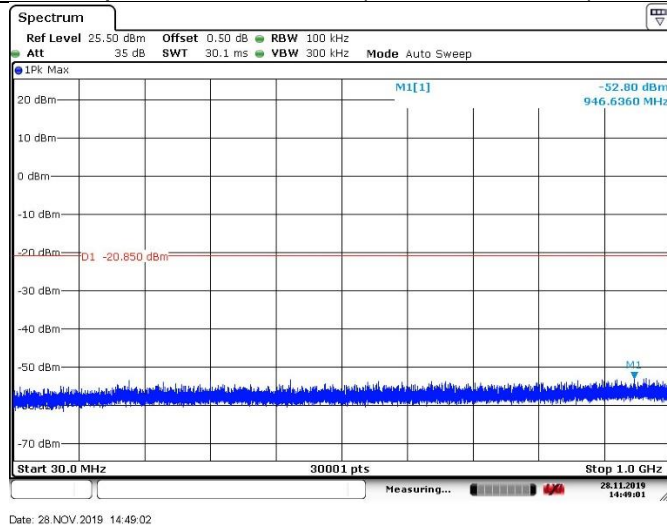
## Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)

### Reference point



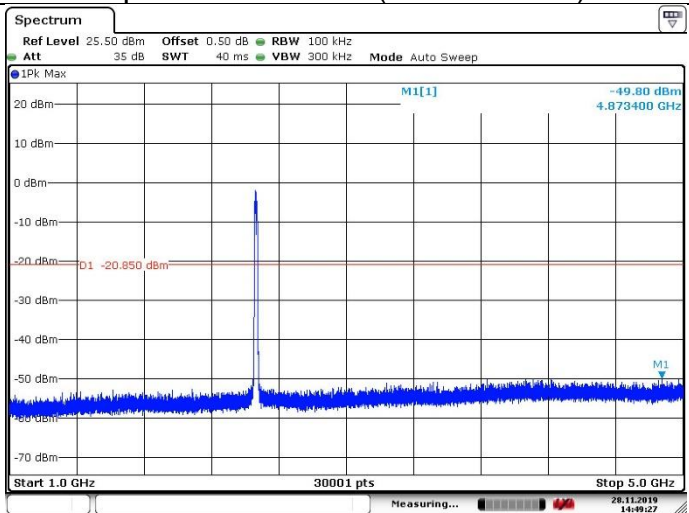
Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:38:35

### Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1GHz)



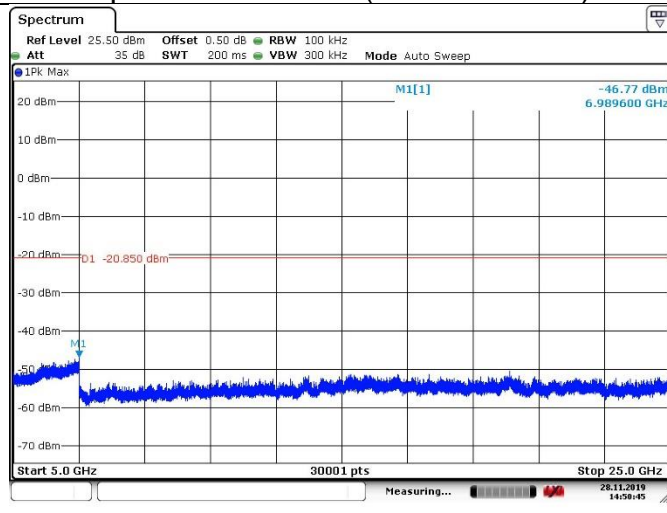
Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:49:02

### Spurious Emission (1GHz – 5GHz)



Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:49:27

### Spurious Emission (5GHz – 25GHz)



Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:50:45



## 9.6 Band edge

### Test Method

- 1 Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious  
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
- 2 Allow the trace to stabilize, use the peak and delta measurement to record the result.
- 3 The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

### Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen8.10, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) and RSS-Gen.

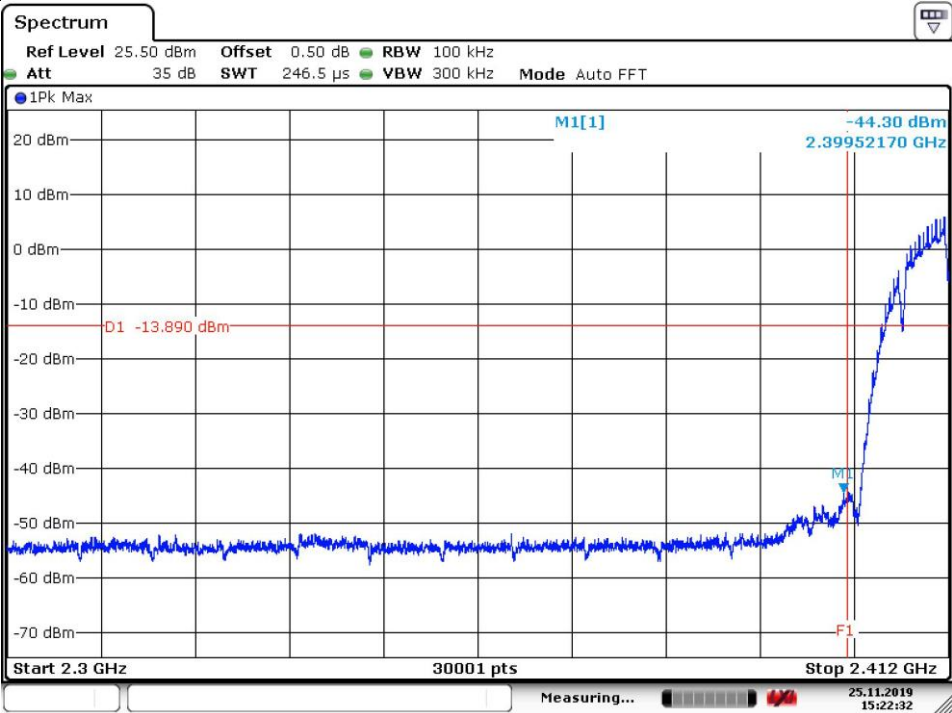


China

Test result

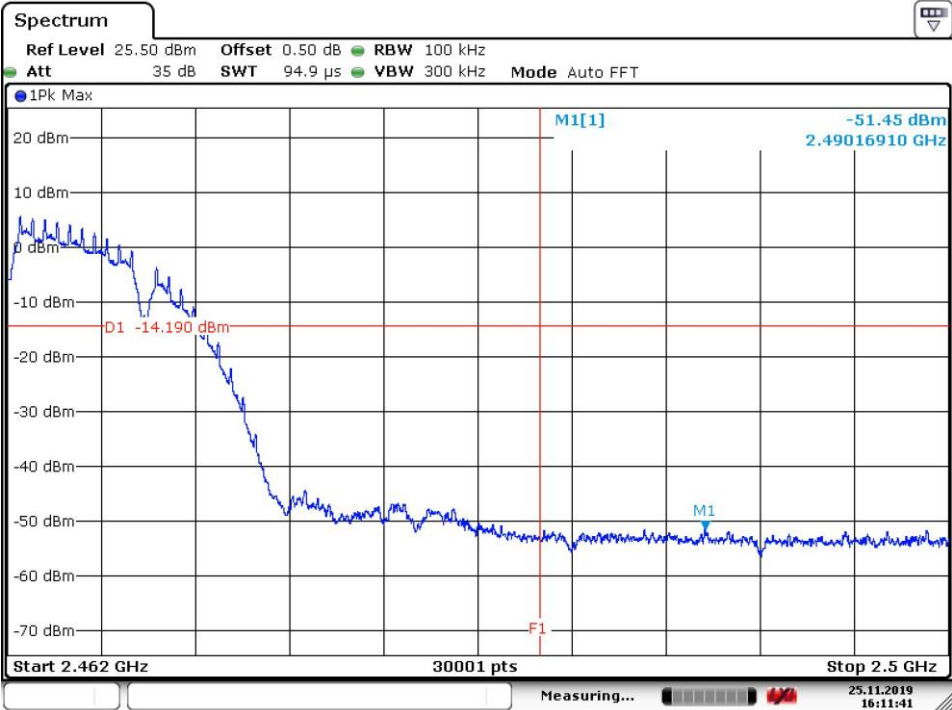
802.11 B

Low\_2412



Date: 25.NOV.2019 15:22:32

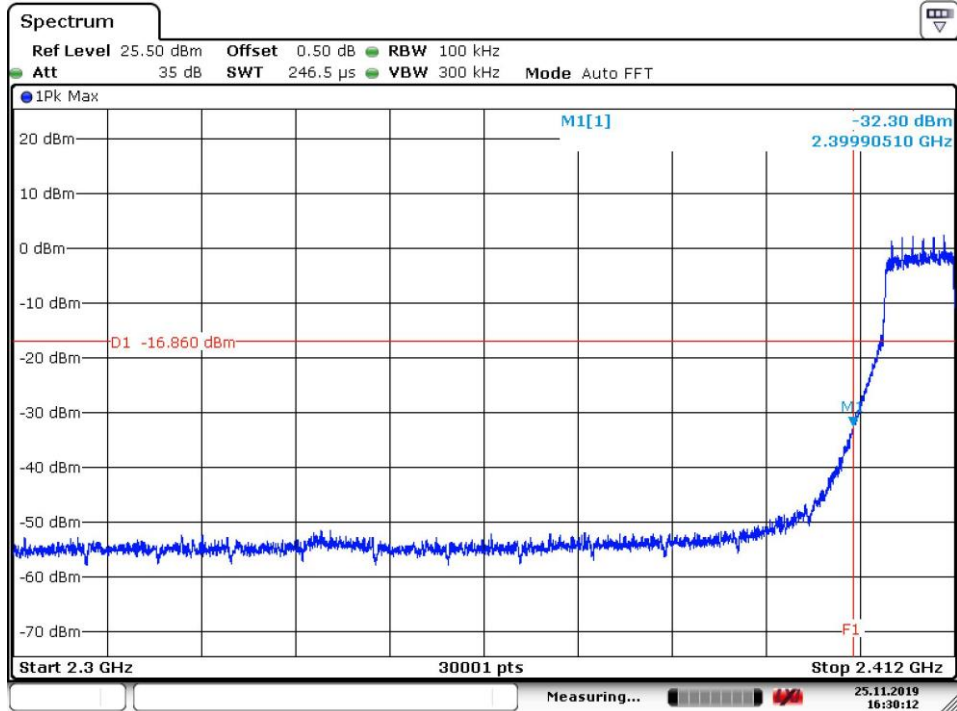
High\_2462



Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:11:40

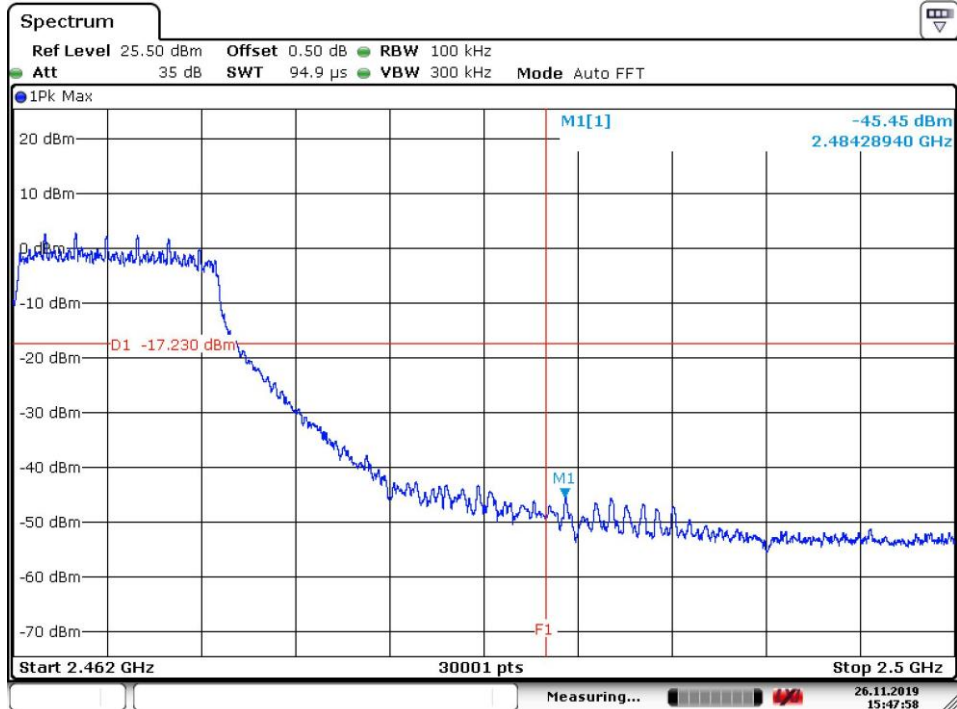
## 802.11 G

Low\_2412



Date: 25.NOV.2019 16:30:13

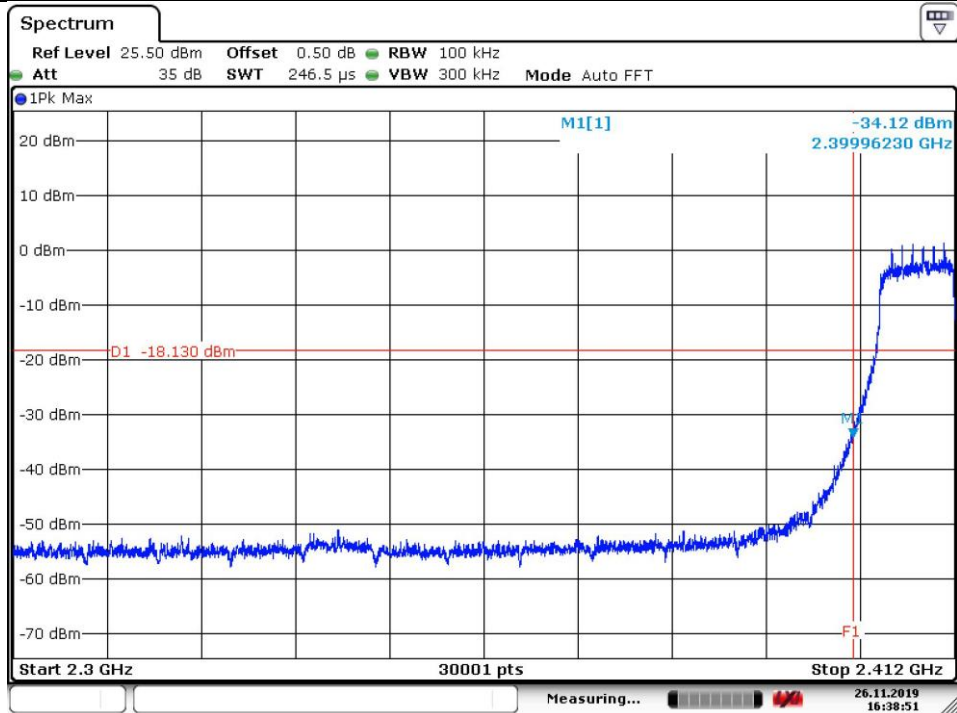
## High\_2462



Date: 26.NOV.2019 15:47:58

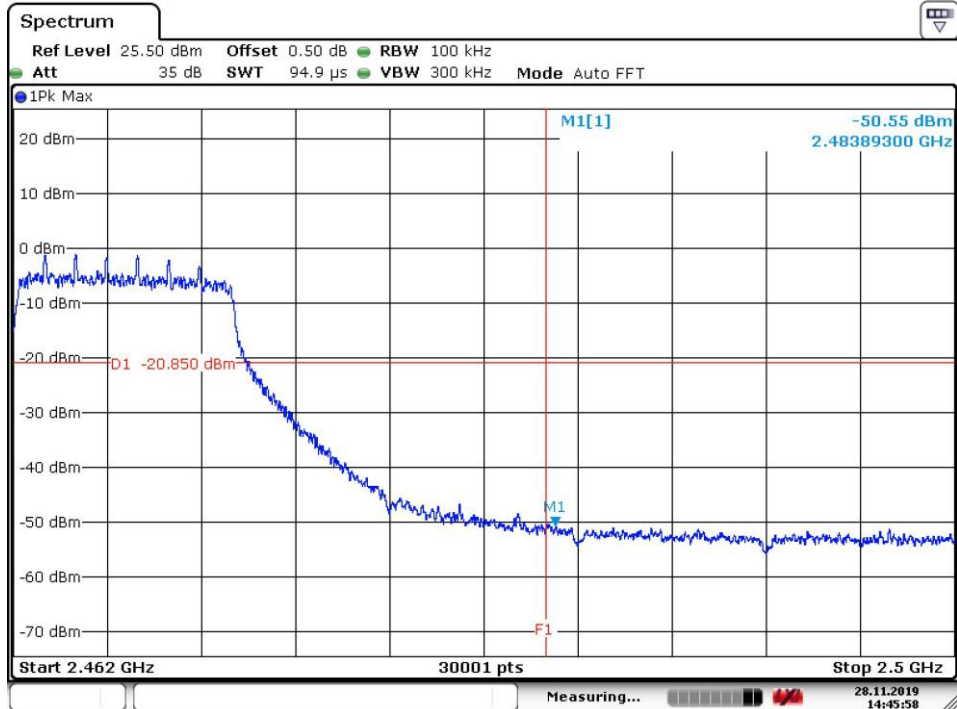
## 802.11 N20

Low\_2412



Date: 26.NOV.2019 16:38:51

## High\_2462



Date: 28.NOV.2019 14:45:58

## 9.7 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

### Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference – receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable – height antenna tower.
3. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:

#### For Below 1GHz

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious  
 RBW = 100 kHz to 120 kHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

#### For Peak unwanted emissions Above 1GHz:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious  
 RBW = 1MHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

#### Procedures for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz

- a) RBW = 1MHz.
- b)  $VBW \geq [3 \times RBW]$ .
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if  $[\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep})] \leq RBW / 2$ .  
 Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of  $1 / D$ , where  $D$  is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)
- g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction

factor is  $[10 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[20 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

## Limit

The radio emission outside the operating frequency band shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section 15.205, must comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209.

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Measured Distance Meters
0.009~0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705~30	30	30

Frequency MHz	Field Strength uV/m	Field Strength dBuV/m	Detector
30-88	100	40	QP
88-216	150	43.5	QP
216-960	200	46	QP
960-1000	500	54	QP
Above 1000	500	54	AV
Above 1000	5000	74	PK



### Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

The only worse case (which is subject to the maximum EIRP, B mode) test result is listed in the report.

### Transmitting spurious emission test result as below:

Test mode: 802.11B					
Channel 1 (2412MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2390.0	42.10	74.0	31.90	Peak	Horizontal
4823.5	42.08	74.0	31.92	Peak	Horizontal
2389.5	41.20	74.0	32.80	Peak	Vertical
4823.3	41.33	74.0	32.67	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11B					
Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4873.3	46.75	74.0	27.25	Peak	Horizontal
4879.0	43.27	74.0	30.73	Peak	Vertical
7310.8	41.28	74.0	32.72	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11B					
Channel 11 (2462MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.5	43.14	74.0	30.86	Peak	Horizontal
4923.6	45.24	74.0	28.76	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	42.09	74.0	31.91	Peak	Vertical
4923.6	42.13	74.0	31.87	Peak	Vertical

#### Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading



Test mode: 802.11G					
Channel 1 (2412MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2390.0	60.28	74.0	13.72	Peak	Horizontal
2390.0	42.33	54.0	11.67	Average	Horizontal
4804.0	41.28	74.0	32.72	Peak	Horizontal
2389.5	65.22	74.0	8.78	Peak	Vertical
2389.5	45.64	54.0	8.36	Average	Vertical
4804.0	40.18	74.0	33.82	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11G					
Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4888.1	43.27	74.0	30.73	Peak	Horizontal
4874.1	42.69	74.0	31.31	Peak	Vertical
73219.5	41.22	74.0	32.78	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11G					
Channel 11 (2462MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.5	48.42	74.0	25.58	Peak	Horizontal
4923.4	41.16	74.0	32.84	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	47.91	74.0	26.09	Peak	Vertical
4923.8	40.38	74.0	33.62	Peak	Vertical

## Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading

Test mode: 802.11N20					
Channel 1 (2412MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2390.0	53.20	74.0	20.80	Peak	Horizontal
2390.0	43.23	54.0	10.77	Average	Horizontal
4824.0	40.14	74.0	33.86	Peak	Horizontal
2389.5	48.67	74.0	25.33	Peak	Vertical
4824.0	40.31	74.0	33.69	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11N20					
Channel 6 (2437MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4873.0	41.23	74.0	32.77	Peak	Horizontal
4879.0	40.28	74.0	33.72	Peak	Vertical
73219.5	40.60	74.0	33.40	Peak	Vertical

Test mode: 802.11N20					
Channel 11 (2462MHz)					
Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.5	64.28	74.0	9.72	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	46.64	54.0	7.36	Average	Horizontal
4924.2	40.39	74.0	33.61	Peak	Horizontal
2483.5	69.20	74.0	4.80	Peak	Vertical
2483.5	51.65	54.0	2.35	Average	Vertical
4959.2	42.16	74.0	31.84	Peak	Vertical

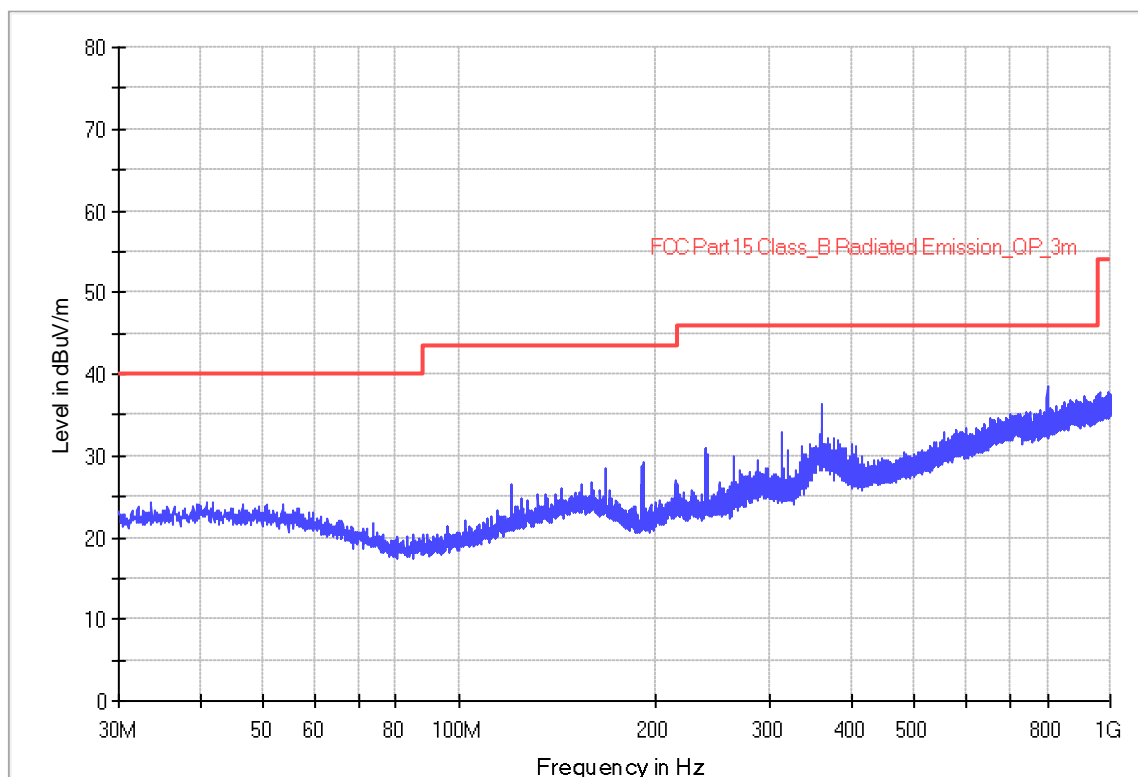
## Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading

## The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz:

Site: 3-meter chamber	Time: 2019/12/06 - 14:33
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: WiFi and BLE Module, Model no: WBR2	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz (powered by notebook)
Note: Transmit by 802.11g at channel 2412MHz.	
Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.	

RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cont\_30-1000



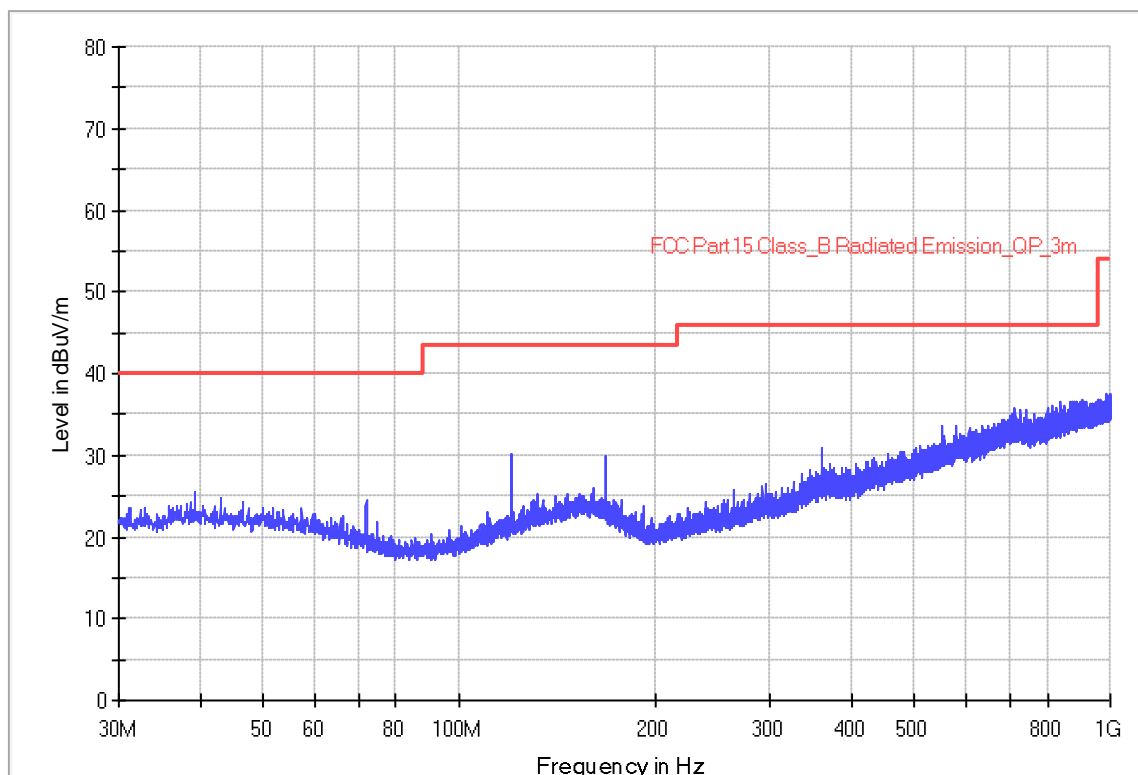
Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.

Site: 3-meter chamber	Time: 2019/12/06 - 14:58
Limit: FCC_Part15.109_RE(3m)_ClassB	Engineer: Jiaxi XU
Probe: VULB9168	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: WiFi and BLE Module, Model no: WBR2	Power: 120VAC, 60Hz (powered by notebook)
Note: Transmit by 802.11g at channel 2412MHz.	
Note: There is the worst case within frequency range 30MHz~1GHz.	

RE\_VULB9168\_pre\_Cbnt\_30-1000



Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)

Note 2: The test trace is same as the ambient noise and the amplitude of the emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible (the test frequency range: 9kHz ~ 30MHz, 18GHz ~ 25GHz), therefore no data appear in the report.

## 10 Test Equipment List

List of Test Instruments  
Test Site1

	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE
C	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Wideband power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	104782	2018-12-28	2019-12-27
RE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2019-3-16	2022-3-15
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2018-6-11	2021-4-1
	Pre-amplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18D	19006451	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2019-6-28	2020-6-27
	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C-PA	002222727	2018-1-29	2021-1-28
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6	----	2018-5-11	2021-5-10
CE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2019-8-5	2020-8-4
Measurement Software Information						
Test Item	Software	Manufacturer	Version			
C	Power Viewer	Rohde & Schwarz	V 11.0			
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.00			
CE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.03			

### C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density\*
- Spurious RF conducted emissions
- Band edge

## 11 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, $\pm 3.16\text{dB}$
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, $\pm 5.03\text{dB}$ (Horizontal) $\pm 5.12\text{dB}$ (Vertical) 1GHz to 18GHz, $\pm 5.49\text{dB}$ 18GHz to 25GHz, $\pm 4.76\text{dB}$



## 12 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



## 13 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

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THE END