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TEST REPORT

Report Number: 21100239HKG-004

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

New Family of RSS-247 Issue 2 Equipment

(Baby Unit)

FCC ID: EW780-2520-00A

IC: 11135B-80252000A

Prepared and Checked by:

Approved by:

Signed On File Wong Cheuk Ho, Herbert Lead Engineer

Wong Kwok Yeung, Kenneth Assistant Supervisor Date: March 14, 2023

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name: VTech Telecommunications Ltd.

Applicant Address: 23/F., Tai Ping Industrial Centre, Block 1,

57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po,

Hong Kong.

FCC Specification Standard: FCC Part 15, October 1, 2021 Edition

FCC ID: EW780-2520-00A

FCC Model(s): LF925HD BU; LF925-2HD BU; LF925-abHD BU; LF925-0HD BU

IC Specification Standard: RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017

RSS-Gen Issue 5 Amendment 2, February 2021

IC: 1135B-80252000A HVIN: 35-400365BUB

PMN: LF925HD BU, LF925-2HD BU, LF925-0HD BU

VTech Model(s): LF925HD BU, LF925-2HD BU, LF925-0HD BU

Type of EUT: Spread Spectrum Transmitter **Description of EUT:** Video Monitor - Baby Unit

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: October 07, 2021

Date of Test: March 31, 2022 to June 02, 2022

Report Date: March 14, 2023

Environmental Conditions: Temperature: +10 to 40°C

Humidity: 10 to 90%

Conclusion: Test was conducted by client submitted sample. The submitted

sample as received complied with the 47 CFR Part 15 / RSS-247 Issue

2 Certification.



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1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.1 Summary of Test Results

Test Items	FCC Part 15 Section	RSS-247/ RSS-Gen# Section	Results	Details See Section
Antenna Requirement	15.203	7.1.2#	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power (Peak)	15.247(b)(3)&(4)	5.4(4)	Pass	4.1
Min. 6dB RF Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	5.2(1)	Pass	4.2
Max. Power Density (average)	15.247(e)	5.2(2)	Pass	4.3
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	5.5	Pass	4.4
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.109	5.5	Pass	4.6
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	8.8#	Pass	4.7

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standard:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2021 Edition RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017 RSS-Gen Issue 5 Amendment 2, February 2021



2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Product Description

The LF925HD BU (35-400365BUB) is a Video Monitor - Baby Unit.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) operates at frequency range of 2412MHz to 2462MHz with 11 channels.

For 802.11b mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Direct-sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 11Mbps.

For 802.11g mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 54Mbps.

For 802.11n (with 20MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can support up to 65Mbps.

The EUT is power by an AC/DC Adaptor.

The antenna(s) used in the EUT is integral, Dipole Antenna.

Peak Antenna Gain: 2 dBi

For FCC, the Model(s): LF925-2HD BU; LF925-abHD BU; LF925-0HD BU are the same as the Model: LF925HD BU in electronics/electrical designs including software & firmware, PCB layout and construction design/physical design/enclosure as declared by client. The only differences between these models are color and model number to be sold for marketing purpose as declared by client. Suffix ("a, b") indicates different number of baby unit, and different color of enclosure as declared by client.

The circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.



2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013) and KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v05r02 (02-April-2019). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5 Amendment 2, February 2021.

2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data and conductive data are at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong SAR, China. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC and Industry Canada No.: 2042H, CABID is "HKAP01".

2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transceiver (WiFi portion).



3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by 120VAC.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable. If the base unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible).

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209 / RSS-247 2.5. Digital circuitries used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter are subject to FCC Part 15 Section 15.109 / RSS-247 Section 5.5 Limits.



3.1 Justification - Cont'd

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.8.3.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.8.3. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

Different data rates have been tested. Worst case is reported only.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst-case data is included in this report.

All data rates were tested under normal mode of WiFi. Only the worst-case data is shown in the report for DSSS and OFDM

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program (if any) used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

An AC/DC Adaptor (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description are listed below.

(1) An AC/DC Adaptor AC adaptor (100-240VAC 50/60Hz 0.5A to 5.0VDC 1.5A 7.5W, Model: VT07EUS05150, Brand VTPL) (Provided by Client)

Description of Accessories:

(1) Parent Unit, Model: LF925HD PU (FCC ID: EW780-2517-01A) (Provided by Client)

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Decision Rule for compliance: For FCC/IC standard, the measured value must be within the limits of applicable standard without accounting for the measurement uncertainty. For EN/IEC/HKTA/HKTC standard, conformity rules will be used as per standard directly excepted EN/IEC 61000-3-2, EN/IEC 61000-3-3, HKTA1004, HKCA1008, HKTA1019, HKTA1020, HKTA1041 and HKTA1044. For these excepted or not mentioned standards, Cl 4.2.2 of ILAC-G8:09/2019 decision rules will be reference and guard band will be equal to our measurement uncertainty with 95% confidence level (k=2). In case, the measured value is within guard band region, undetermined decision will be used. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are \pm 5.3dB and \pm 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is \pm 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.



4.0 TEST RESULTS

4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

RF Conduct Measurement Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer.

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to the obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals. The measurement procedure 9.1.2 was used.
- The EUT should be configured to transmit continuously (at a minimum duty cycle of 98%) at full power over the measurement duration. The measurement procedure AVG1 was used.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) Peak Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	17.02	50.35
Middle Channel: 2437	16.90	48.98
High Channel: 2462	17.86	61.09

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps) Peak Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	21.06	127.64
Middle Channel: 2437	21.26	133.66
High Channel: 2462	21.13	129.72

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) Peak Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	20.17	103.99
Middle Channel: 2437	21.11	129.12
High Channel: 2462	21.08	128.23



Cable loss: <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation: <u>0</u> dB
Cable loss, external attenuation: included in OFFSET function added to SA raw reading
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>17.86</u> dBm
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 9 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>21.26</u> dBm
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>21.11</u> dBm
Limits: IW (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less
W (dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi

4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals – Cont'd



4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The EBW measurement procedure was used. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6dB lower than PEAK level. The 6dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	9.20
Middle Channel: 2437	9.20
High Channel: 2462	9.28

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.64
Middle Channel: 2437	16.72
High Channel: 2462	16.64

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.64
Middle Channel: 2437	16.72
High Channel: 2462	16.64

Limits

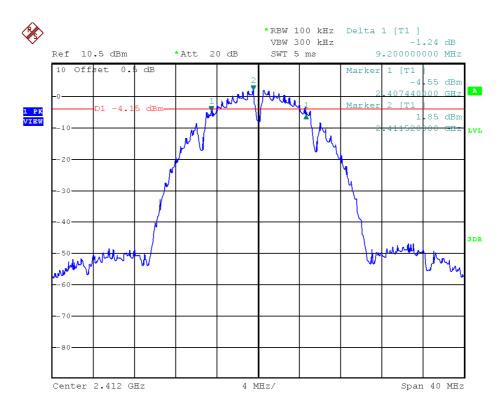
6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

The plots of 6dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.

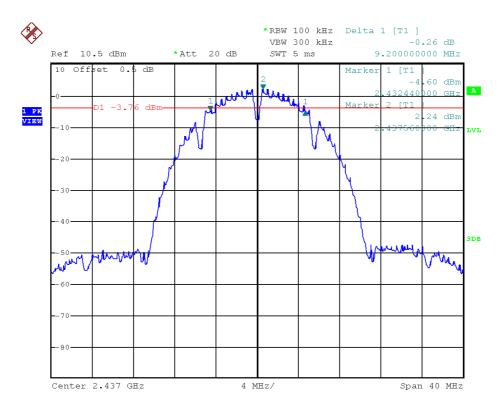


PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11b, Lowest Channel



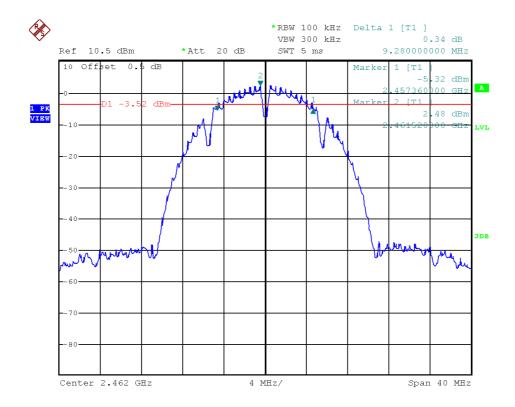
802.11b, Middle Channel





PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

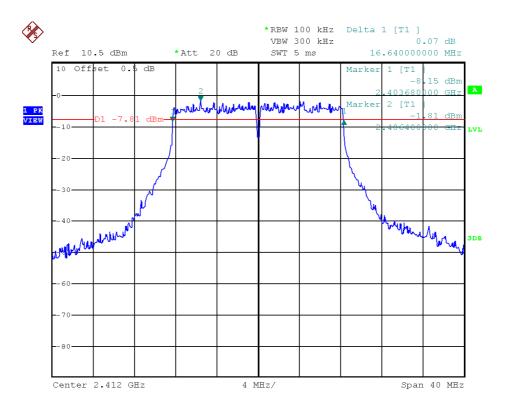
802.11b, Highest Channel



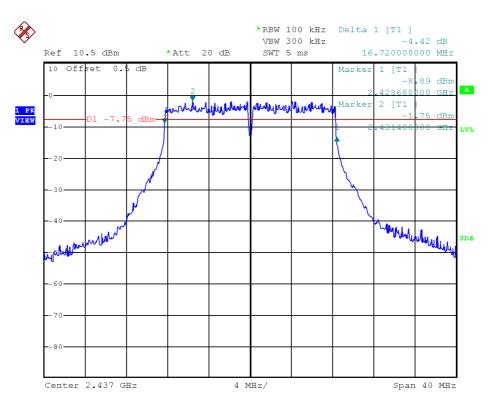


PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11g, Lowest Channel



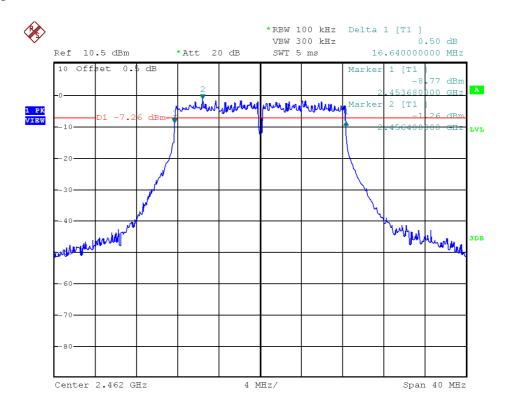
802.11g, Middle Channel





PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

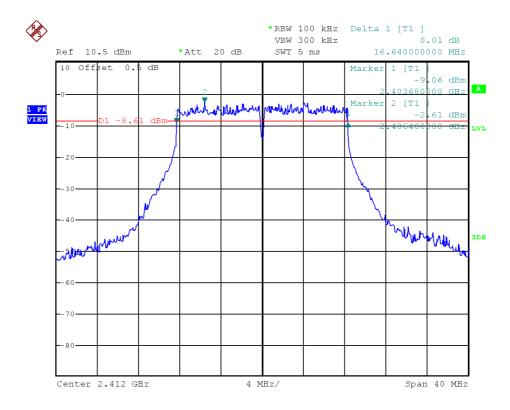
802.11g, Highest Channel



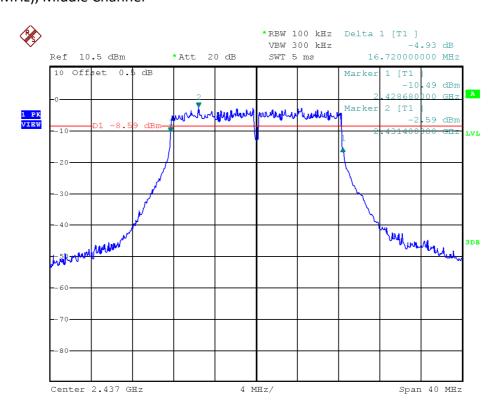


PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel



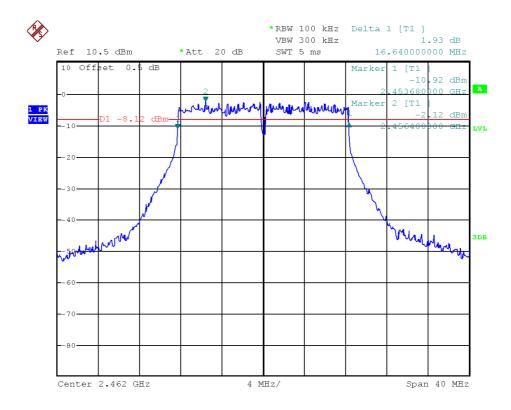
802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel





PLOTS OF 6dB RF BANDWIDTH

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel





4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density

Antenna output of the EUT was coupled directly to spectrum analyzer. The measurement procedure 10.2 PKPSD was used. If an external attenuator and/or cable was used, these losses are compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyser.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	1.88
Middle Channel: 2437	2.17
High Channel: 2462	3.41

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-1.58
Middle Channel: 2437	-1.68
High Channel: 2462	-1.25

IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	-2.59
Middle Channel: 2437	-2.59
High Channel: 2462	-2.67

Cable Loss: 0.5 dB

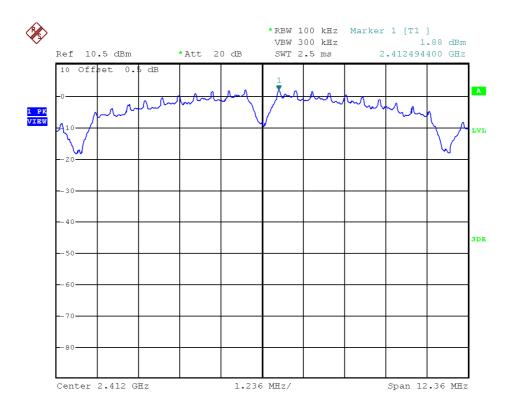
Limit: 8dBm

The plots of power spectral density are as below.

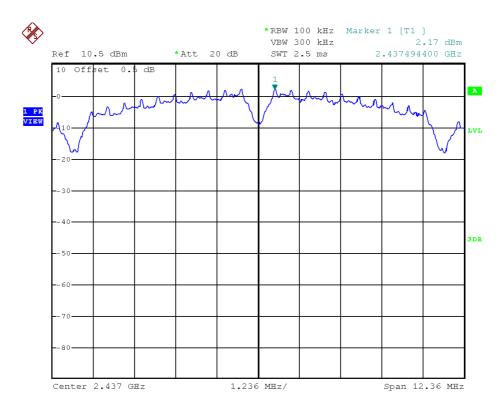


PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11b, Lowest channel



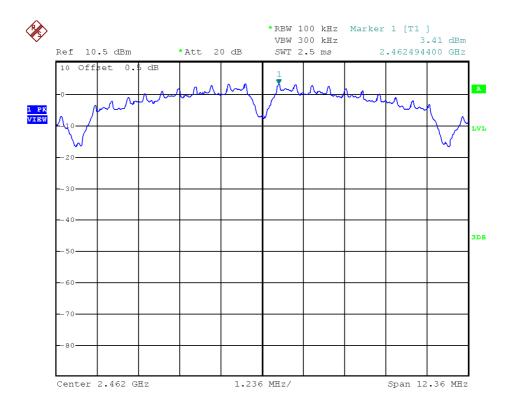
802.11b, Middle channel





PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

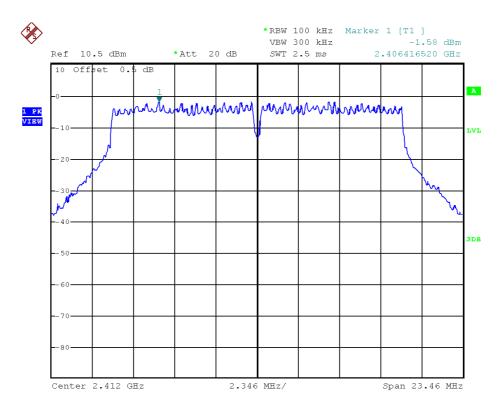
802.11b, Highest channel



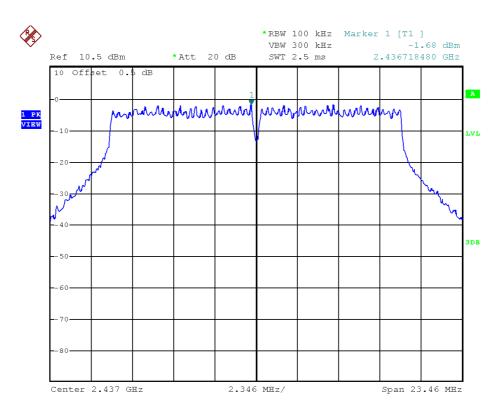


PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11g, Lowest channel



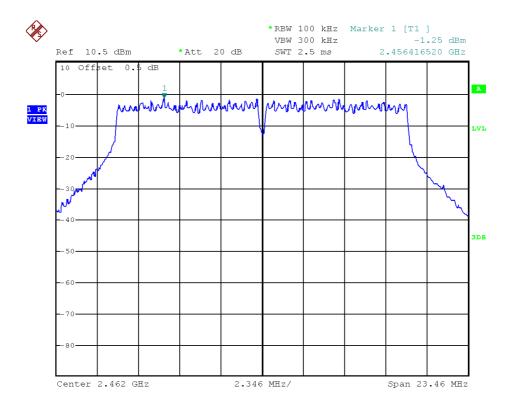
802.11g, Middle channel





PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

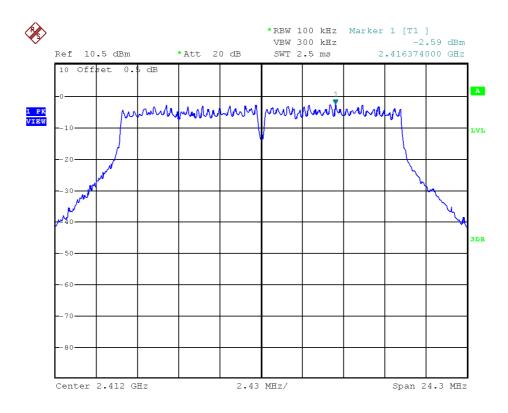
802.11g, Highest channel



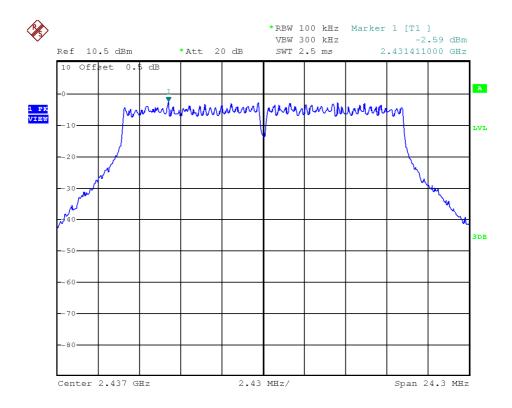


PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest channel



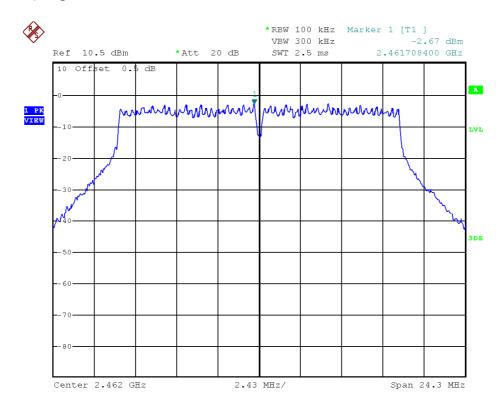
802.11n (20MHz), Middle channel





PLOTS OF POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11n (20MHz), Highest channel





4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

For 802.11b/g/n20MHz, the maximum conducted (peak) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1. Then the display line (in red) shown in the following plots denotes the limit at 20dB below maximum measured in-band peak PSD level in 100 KHz bandwidth for 802.11b/g/n20MHz.

The measurement procedures under sections 11 of KDB558074 D01 v05r02 (02-April-2019) were used.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

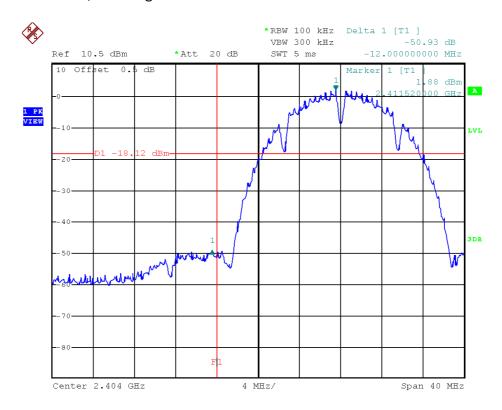
Limits:

All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20dB below the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level for 802.11b,g,n20MHz.

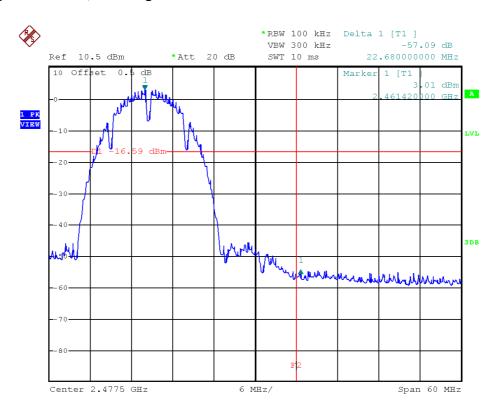


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



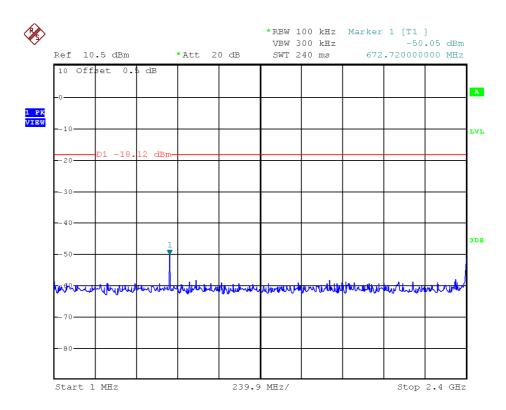
802.11b, Highest Channel, Bandedge



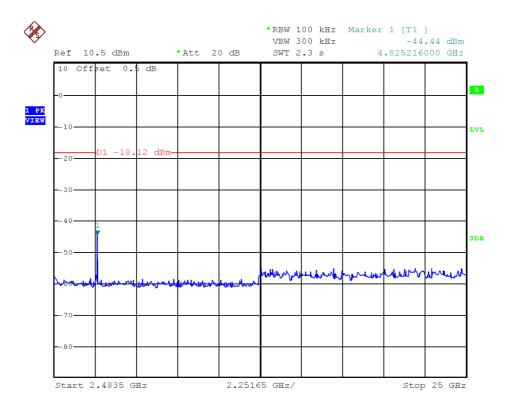


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot A



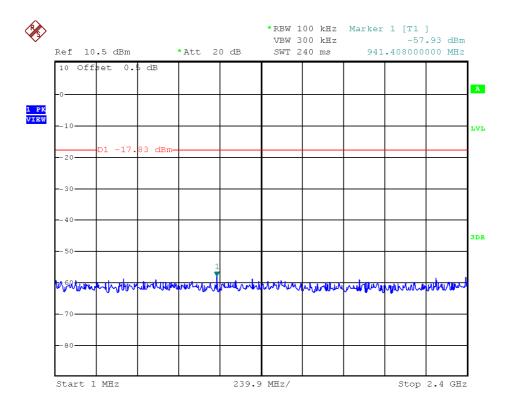
802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot B



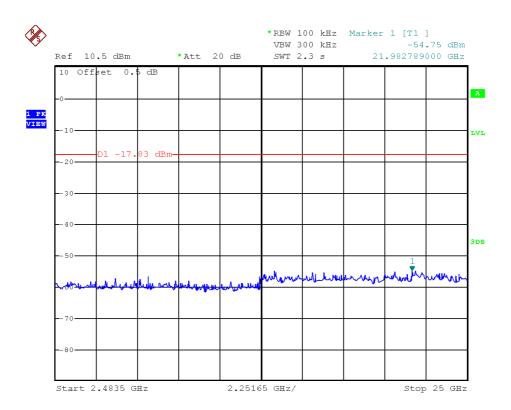


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot A



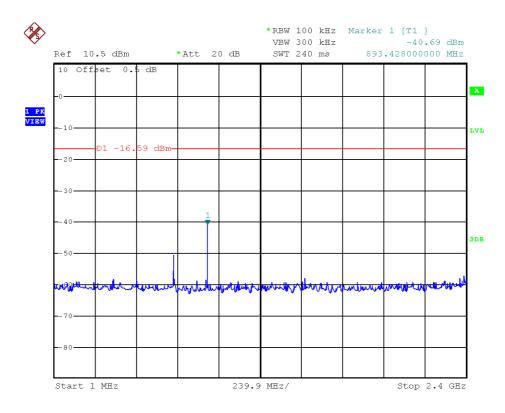
802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot B



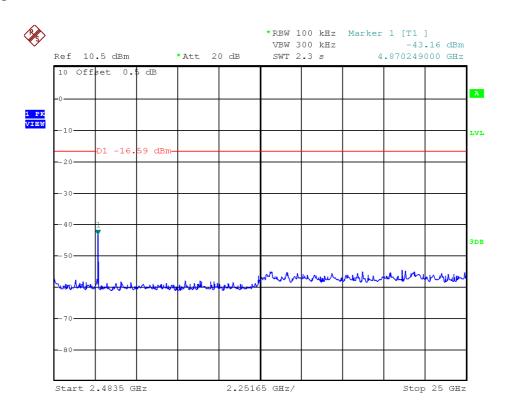


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot A



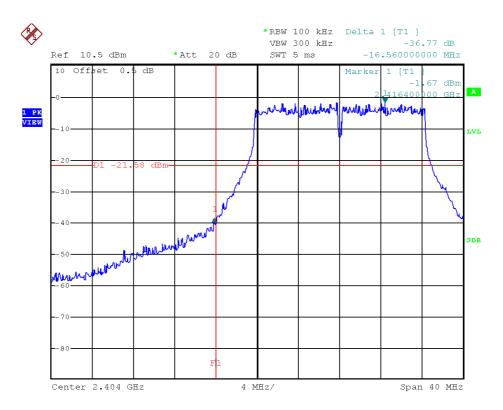
802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot B



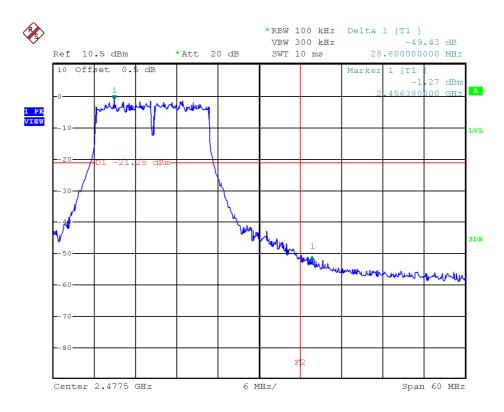


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Bandedge



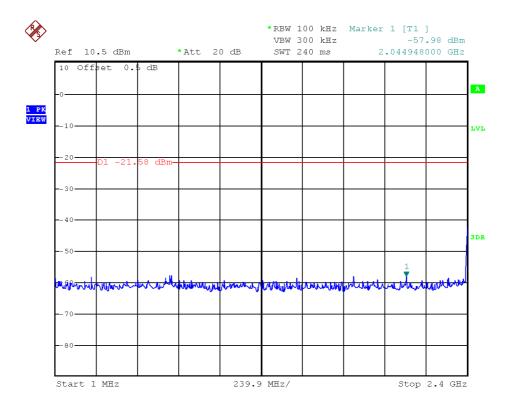
802.11g, Highest Channel, Bandedge



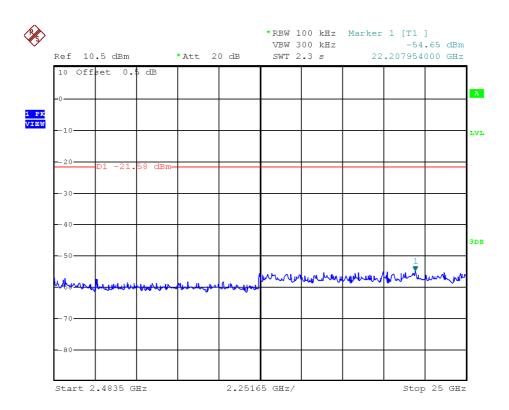


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot A



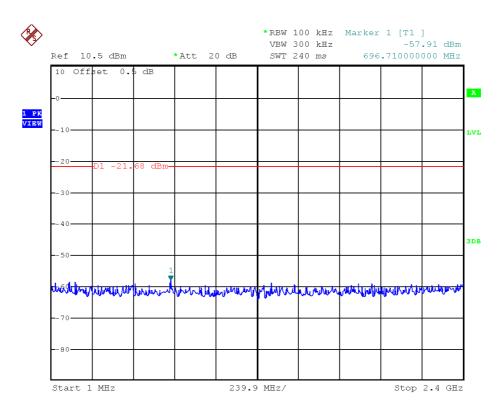
802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot B



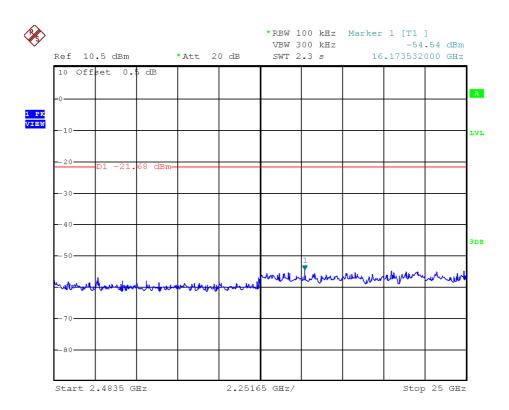


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot A



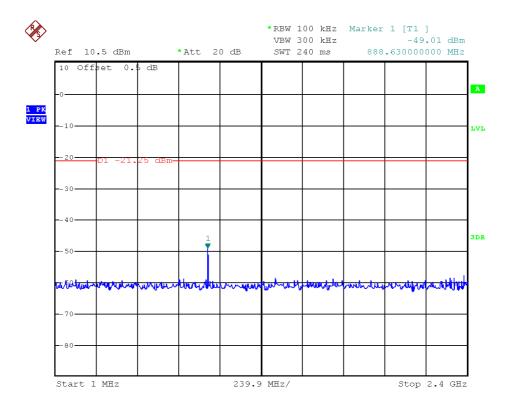
802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot B



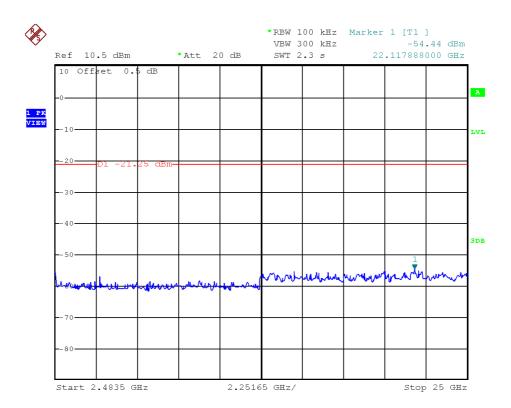


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot A



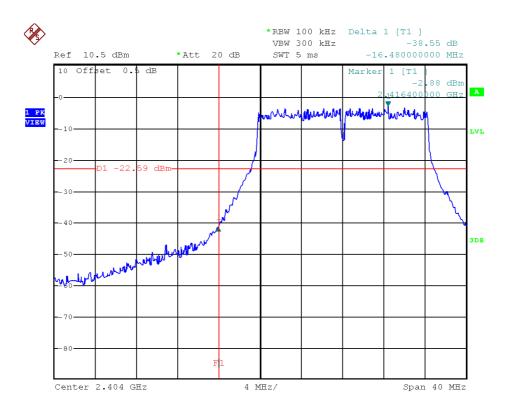
802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot B



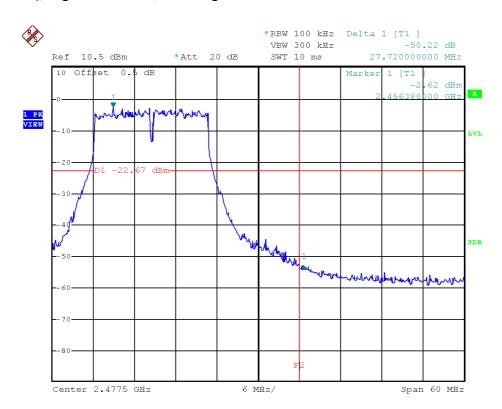


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802. 11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Bandedge



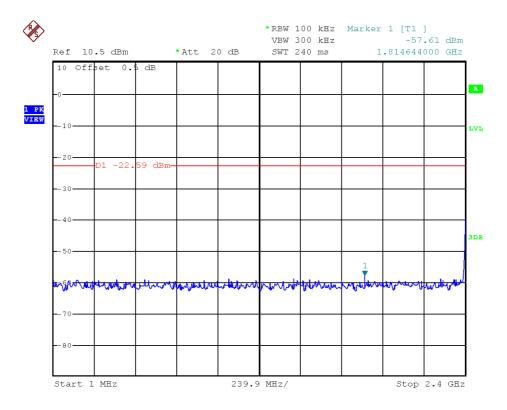
802. 11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Bandedge



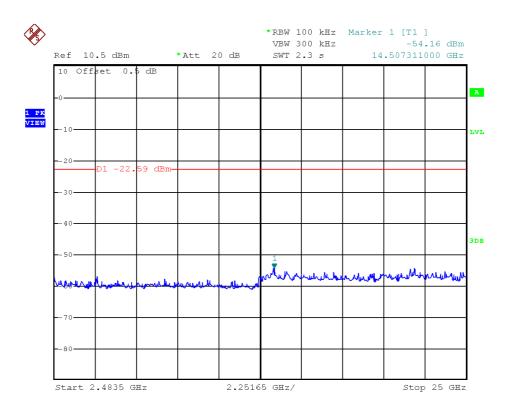


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot A



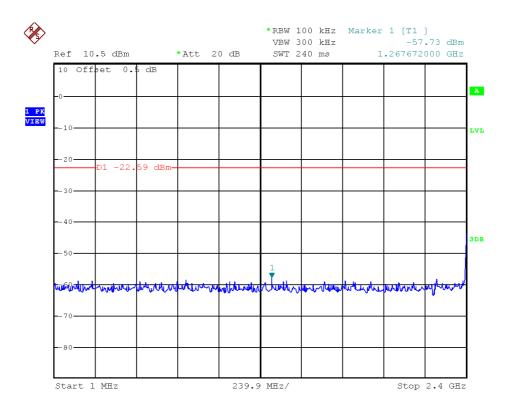
802.11n (20MHz), Lowest Channel, Plot B



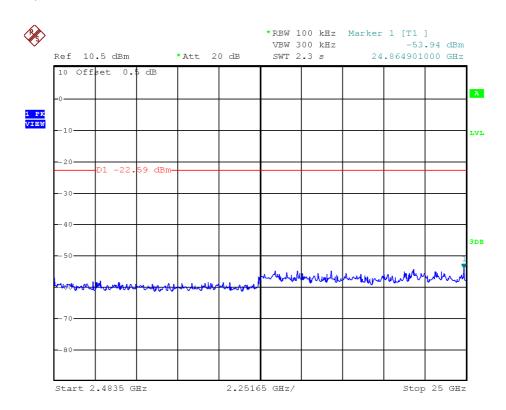


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot A



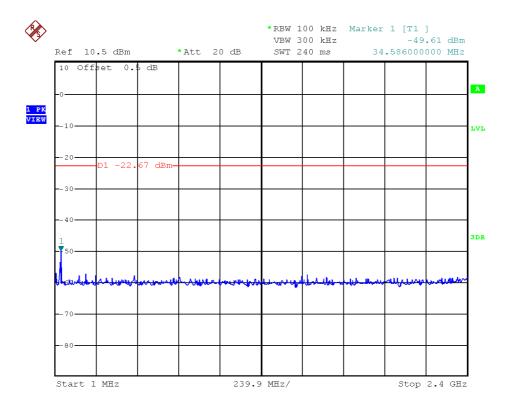
802.11n (20MHz), Middle Channel, Plot B



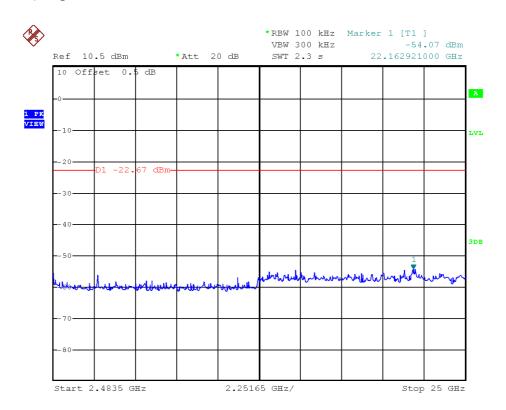


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot A



802.11n (20MHz), Highest Channel, Plot B

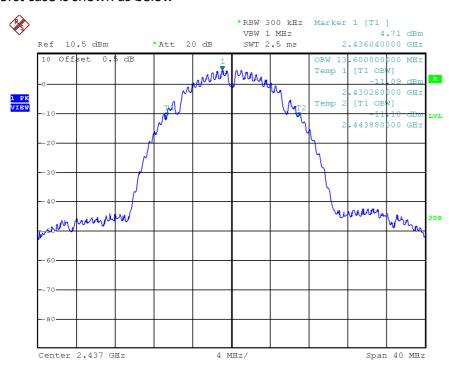




Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11b)

(802.11b)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	13.52
Middle Channel: 2437	13.60
High Channel: 2462	13.44

The worst case is shown as below

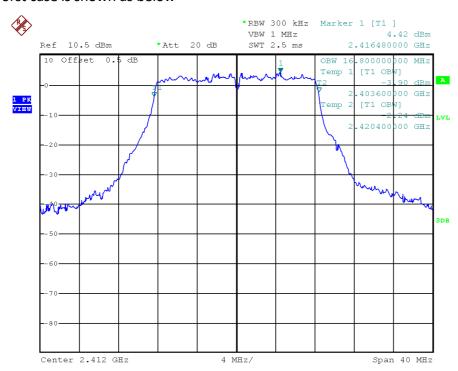




Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11g)

(802.11g)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.8
Middle Channel: 2437	16.8
High Channel: 2462	16.8

The worst case is shown as below

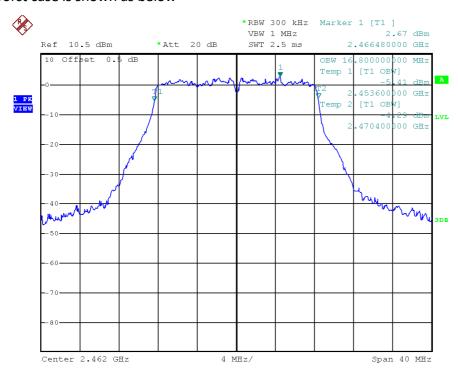




Occupied Bandwidth Results: (802.11n HT20)

(802.11n HT20)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Channel: 2412	16.8
Middle Channel: 2437	16.8
High Channel: 2462	16.8

The worst case is shown as below





4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where FS = Field Strength in $dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29.0 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer is 0.0 dB, and the resultant average factor is -10.0 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32.0 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m is converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0.0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0.0 + (-10.0) = 32.0 \, dB\mu V/m$

Level in $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32.0 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$



4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst-case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission at

250.002 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-10 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Judgement -

Passed by 0.2 dB margin



RADIATED EMISSION DATA

Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 1
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

						Net at		
				Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Po	olari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
za	tion	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
	V	2390.000	48.0	33	29.4	44.4	54.0	-9.6
	٧	4824.000	47.1	33	34.9	49.0	54.0	-5.0
	V	12060.000	33.5	33	40.5	41.0	54.0	-13.0

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	59.7	33	29.4	56.1	74.0	-17.9
V	4824.000	49.8	33	34.9	51.7	74.0	-22.3
V	12060.000	47.0	33	40.5	54.5	74.0	-19.5

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement.
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 2 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

1						Net at		
				Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
	Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
	zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
	V	4874.000	42.0	33	34.9	43.9	54.0	-10.1
	V	7311.000	37.0	33	37.9	41.9	54.0	-12.1
	Н	12185.000	35.1	33	40.5	42.6	54.0	-11.4

ſ				Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
	Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
	zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Ī	V	4874.000	46.0	33	34.9	47.9	74.0	-26.1
ſ	V	7311.000	49.2	33	37.9	54.1	74.0	-19.9
Ī	Н	12185.000	48.6	33	40.5	56.1	74.0	-17.9

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 3
IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	45.4	33	29.4	41.8	54.0	-12.2
V	4924.000	39.9	33	34.9	41.8	54.0	-12.2
V	7386.000	34.9	33	37.9	39.8	54.0	-14.2
Н	12310.000	33.8	33	40.5	41.3	54.0	-12.7

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	58.5	33	29.4	54.9	74.0	-19.1
V	4924.000	45.0	33	34.9	46.9	74.0	-27.1
V	7386.000	47.3	33	37.9	52.2	74.0	-21.8
Н	12310.000	47.7	33	40.5	55.2	74.0	-18.8

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 4 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	48.9	33	29.4	45.3	54.0	-8.7
V	4824.000	51.0	33	34.9	52.9	54.0	-1.1
V	12060.000	33.1	33	40.5	40.6	54.0	-13.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	60.5	33	29.4	56.9	74.0	-17.1
V	4824.000	55.4	33	34.9	57.3	74.0	-16.7
V	12060.000	46.0	33	40.5	53.5	74.0	-20.5

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 5 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	4874.000	30.5	33	34.9	32.4	54.0	-21.6
V	7311.000	34.5	33	37.9	39.4	54.0	-14.6
Н	12185.000	35.2	33	40.5	42.7	54.0	-11.3

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	4874.000	43.4	33	34.9	45.3	74.0	-28.7
V	7311.000	50.4	33	37.9	55.3	74.0	-18.7
Н	12185.000	48.1	33	40.5	55.6	74.0	-18.4

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 6
IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	49.3	33	29.4	45.7	54.0	-8.3
V	4924.000	28.6	33	34.9	30.5	54.0	-23.5
V	7386.000	32.8	33	37.9	37.7	54.0	-16.3
Н	12310.000	33.7	33	40.5	41.2	54.0	-12.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	65.7	33	29.4	62.1	74.0	-11.9
V	4924.000	42.8	33	34.9	44.7	74.0	-29.3
V	7386.000	48.2	33	37.9	53.1	74.0	-20.9
Н	12310.000	47.5	33	40.5	55.0	74.0	-19.0

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 01

Table 7 IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	55.1	33	29.4	51.5	54.0	-2.5
V	4824.000	33.2	33	34.9	35.1	54.0	-18.9
V	12060.000	33.2	33	40.5	40.7	54.0	-13.3

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	76.2	33	29.4	72.6	74.0	-1.4
V	4824.000	46.5	33	34.9	48.4	74.0	-25.6
V	12060.000	46.3	33	40.5	53.8	74.0	-20.2

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 06

Table 8 IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	4874.000	28.9	33	34.9	30.8	54.0	-23.2
V	7311.000	32.8	33	37.9	37.7	54.0	-16.3
Н	12185.000	35.1	33	40.5	42.6	54.0	-11.4

				Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Pol	ari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zat	ion	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
\	/	4874.000	43.2	33	34.9	45.1	74.0	-28.9
\	/	7311.000	48.1	33	37.9	53.0	74.0	-21.0
H	1	12185.000	48.3	33	40.5	55.8	74.0	-18.2

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: TX-Channel 11

Table 9
IEEE 802.11n (20MHz) (OFDM, MCS0)

					Net at		
			Pre-Amp	Antenna	3m	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	(Average)	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	47.4	33	29.4	43.8	54.0	-10.2
V	4924.000	27.2	33	34.9	29.1	54.0	-24.9
V	7386.000	31.8	33	37.9	36.7	54.0	-17.3
Н	12310.000	34.1	33	40.5	41.6	54.0	-12.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	65.2	33	29.4	61.6	74.0	-12.4
V	4924.000	41.4	33	34.9	43.3	74.0	-30.7
V	7386.000	46.0	33	37.9	50.9	74.0	-23.1
Н	12310.000	47.6	33	40.5	55.1	74.0	-18.9

- 2. Average detector is used for the average data of emission measurement
- 3. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 4. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 5. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 6. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.
- 7. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth
- 8. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth



Mode: Live Mode

Table 10

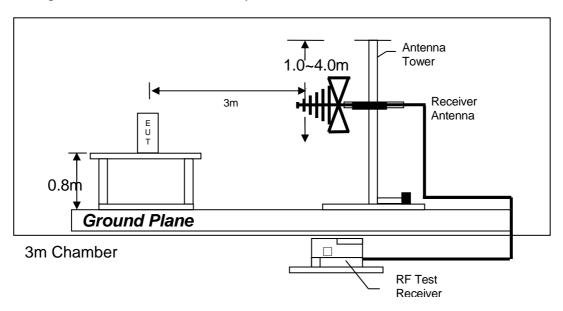
			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	72.255	41.8	16	7.0	32.8	40.0	-7.2
Н	156.382	38.8	16	16.0	38.8	43.5	-4.7
V	250.002	41.8	16	20.0	45.8	46.0	-0.2
V	300.002	37.8	16	22.0	43.8	46.0	-2.2
V	325.002	32.8	16	24.0	40.8	46.0	-5.2
V	450.002	32.8	16	26.0	42.8	46.0	-3.2
V	650.004	23.4	16	29.0	36.4	46.0	-9.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emissions within the restricted band meet the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.

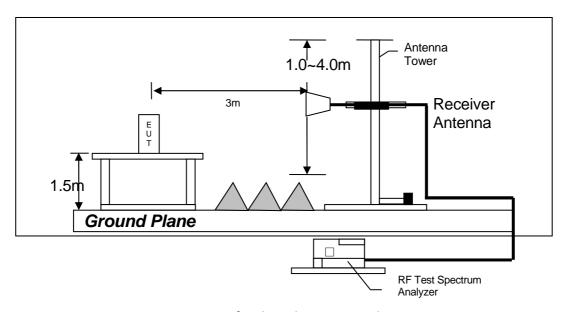


4.6.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



4.6.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Not applicable – No average factor is required.



4.7	AC Power Line Conducted Emission
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
4.7.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at
	0.443 MHz
	worst-case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 11.4 dB margin



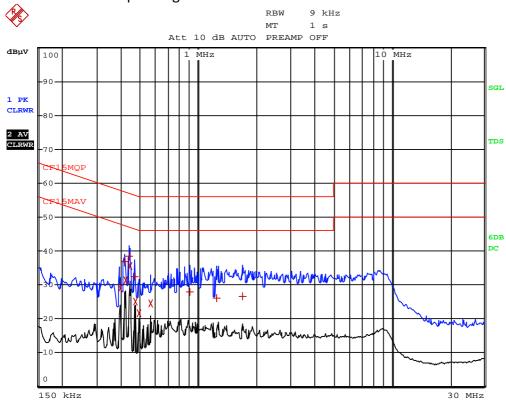
AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

Worst Case: WiFi Operating

			Measurement Resul	lts)				
	ce1:	CF15MQP						
	ce2:	CF15MAV						
Tra	ce3:							
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB				
2	CISPR Average	393 kHz	29.13 N	-18.86				
1	Quasi Peak	415.5 kHz	36.98 L1	-20.55				
2	CISPR Average	€420 kHz	31.38 N	-16.05				
1	Quasi Peak	438 kHz	38.39 N	-18.70				
2	CISPR Average	£442.5 kHz	35.61 N	-11.40				
1	Quasi Peak	465 kHz	32.53 L1	-24.06				
2	CISPR Average	469.5 kHz	24.93 N	-21.58				
2	CISPR Average	492 kHz	21.53 N	-24.60				
2	CISPR Average	568.5 kHz	24.44 N	-21.55				
1	Quasi Peak	906 kHz	27.86 N	-28.13				
1	Quasi Peak	1.239 MHz	26.14 L1	-29.85				
1	Quasi Peak	1.7025 MHz	26.67 N	-29.32				

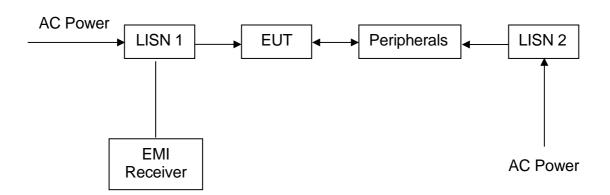


Worst Case: WiFi Operating





4.7.3 Conducted Emission Test Setup





5.0 EQUIPMENT LIST

1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna (20MHz to 200MHz)
Registration No.	EW-3481	EW-2466	EW-2512
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ	ROHDESCHWARZ	EMCO
Model No.	ESR7	FSP30	3104C
Calibration Date	December 21, 2021	November 18, 2019	June 03, 2020
Calibration Due Date	December 21, 2022	August 18, 2022	December 03, 2022

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	RF Cable 14m (1GHz to 26.5GHz)
Registration No.	EW-3243	EW-1133	EW-2781
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	GREATBILLION
Model No.	3148B	3115	SMA m/SHF5MPU
			/SMA m ra14m,26G
Calibration Date	June 30, 2021	June 03, 2021	November 24, 2020
Calibration Due Date	December 30, 2022	June 03, 2022	November 24, 2022

Equipment	RF Preamplifier (9kHz to 6000MHz)	2.4GHz Notch Filter	14m Double Shield RF Cable (20MHz to 6GHz)
Registration No.	EW-3006b	EW-3435	EW-2074
Manufacturer	SCHWARZBECK	MICROWAVE	RADIALL
Model No.	BBV9718	N0324413	N(m)-RG142-BNC(m)
			L=14M
Calibration Date	November 25, 2019	November 16, 2019	November 14, 2019
Calibration Due Date	June 25, 2022	June 16, 2022	August 14, 2022

Equipment	Pyramidal Horn Antenna	Active Loop H-field (9kHz to 30MHz)
Registration No.	EW-0905	EW-3302
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO
Model No.	3160-09	6502
Calibration Date	July 23, 2019	December 13, 2021
Calibration Due Date	June 23, 2022	June 13, 2023



2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	RF Cable 240cm		Artificial Mains	EMI Test Receiver
	(RG142)	(9kHz	Network	
	to 30MHz)		
Registration No.	EW-2454		EW-2501	EW-3481
Manufacturer	RADIALL		ROHDESCHWARZ	ROHDESCHWARZ
Model No.	Bnc m st / 142	/ bnc	ENV-216	ESR7
	mra 240cr	n		
Calibration Date	November 10,	2020	September 11, 2021	December 21, 2021
Calibration Due Date	August 10, 2	022	September 11, 2022	December 21, 2022

3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	RF Cable SMA-SMA 18GHz 1.0m length	Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10Hz to 40GHz)	Wideband power sensor 2 pcs 50MHz to 18GHz
Registration No.	EW-3272	EW-2107	EW-3309
Manufacturer	GREATBILLION	ROHDESCHWARZ	ROHDESCHWARZ
Model No.	SMA m /blue cable/SMAm 18G 1m	FSV40	NRP-Z81
Calibration Date	November 24, 2021	October 29, 2021	December 01, 2021
Calibration Due Date	November 24, 2022	October 29, 2022	December 01, 2022

4) Bandedge Measurement

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer	5m RF Cable (40GHz)
Registration No.	EW-2466	EW-2701
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ	RADIALL
Model No.	FSP30	Sma m-m 5m 40G
Calibration Date	November 18, 2019	November 24, 2020
Calibration Due Date	August 18, 2022	November 24, 2022

5) Control Software for Radiated Emission

Software Information	
Software Name	EMC32
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ
Software version	10.50.40 & 10.40.10

END OF TEST REPORT