

DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION						
<u>Test Lab</u>		Applicant Information				
CELLTECH LABS INC.Testing and Engineering Services1955 Moss CourtKelowna, B.C.Canada V1Y 9L3Phone:250-448-7047Fax:250-448-7046e-mail:info@celltechlabs.comweb site:www.celltechlabs.com		ITRONIX CORPORATION 801 South Stevens Street Spokane, WA 99210-0179				
Rule Part(s): Test Procedure(s): FCC Device Classification: IC Device Classification: FCC ID: Model(s): Device Type:	FCC OET Bulletin 65, St Digital Transmission Sy Low Power License-Exe KBCIX260A750MPIBT IX260 Rugged Laptop PC with (Co-located with Sierra & Mitsumi WML-C11 Blu	empt Radiocommunication Device Cisco Systems MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card Wireless AirCard 750 PCS GSM/GPRS Modem Jetooth Transmitter)				
Tx Frequency Range(s):	2412 - 2462 MHz (WLAN) 2402 - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth) 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz (GSM/GPRS)					
RF Output Power Tested: 21.2 dBm - WLAN Peak 14.5 dBm - Bluetooth P						
Antenna Type(s): Internal - upper right edge		ge of LCD display (WLAN) e of LCD display (Bluetooth)				
Battery Type: Max. SAR Measured:	11.1V Lithium-ion, 6.0Al 0.276 W/kg (1g average)	h (Model: A2121-2)				

Celltech Labs Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this wireless portable device was found to be in compliance with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6. The device was tested in accordance with the measurement standards and procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 and Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) for the General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure environment. All measurements were performed in accordance with the SAR system manufacturer recommendations.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

This test report shall not be reproduced partially, or in full, without the prior written approval of Celltech Labs Inc. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

M. W. Pupe

Russell Pipe Senior Compliance Technologist Celltech Labs Inc.





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#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This measurement report demonstrates that the ITRONIX CORPORATION Model: IX260 Rugged Laptop PC with internal Cisco Systems MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card (co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 750 PCS GSM/GPRS Modem and Mitsumi WML-C11 Bluetooth Transmitter) FCC ID: KBCIX260A750MPIBT complies with the SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]), and Health Canada Safety Code 6 (see reference [2]) for the General Population environment. The test procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3]) and IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) (see reference [4]) were employed. A description of the product, operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

#### 2.0 DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT)

FCC Rule Part(s)	47 CFR §2.1093
IC Rule Part(s)	IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional)
Test Procedure(s)	FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
FCC Device Classification	Digital Transmission System (DTS)
IC Device Classification	Low Power License-Exempt Radiocommunication Device
Device Type	Rugged Laptop PC with Cisco MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card (co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 750 PCS GSM/GPRS Modem and Mitsumi WML-C11 Bluetooth Transmitter)
FCC ID	KBCIX260A750MPIBT
Model(s)	IX260
Serial No.	Pre-production
Tx Frequency Range(s)	2412 - 2462 MHz (WLAN) 2402 - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth) 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz (GSM/GPRS)
RF Output Power Tested	21.2 dBm - WLAN Peak Conducted (2437 MHz) 14.5 dBm - Bluetooth Peak Conducted (2441 MHz) 27.9 dBm - GSM/GPRS Peak Conducted (1880.0 MHz)
Antenna Type(s)	Internal - upper right edge of LCD display (WLAN) Internal - upper left edge of LCD display (Bluetooth) External Dipole (GSM/GPRS)
Battery Type	11.1V Lithium-Ion, 6.0Ah (Model: A2121-2)

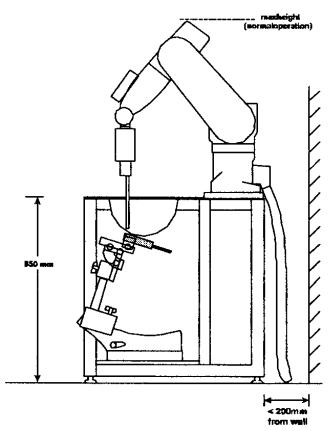


#### 3.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Labs SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic manneguin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for brain and/or body SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



DASY3 SAR Measurement System with SAM phantom







#### 4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the DUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the DUT are reported in Appendix A.

	BODY SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
Transmit Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Chan.	Test Mode		lucted · (dBm) After	Laptop PC Position to Planar Phantom	Laptop LCD-back Section	Antenna Tested	Separation Distance (cm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)
WLAN/GPRS/BT	2441	Mid	Modulated	14.5	14.4	Back of LCD (LCD Closed)	Left Side	Left Side (Bluetooth)	1.5	0.167
WLAN/GPRS/BT	2441	Mid	Modulated	14.5	14.4	Bottom of PC (LCD Closed)	Left Side	Left Side (Bluetooth)	0.0	0.0007
WLAN/GPRS/BT	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	20.9	Back of LCD (LCD Closed)	Right Side	Right Side (WLAN)	1.5	0.276
WLAN/GPRS/BT	2437	Mid	CW	21.1	21.0	Bottom of PC (LCD Closed)	Right Side	Right Side (WLAN)	0.0	0.121
			Spatial F	BODY: 1.	6 W/kg (av	992 - SAFETY LIN eraged over 1 gra xposure / Genera	am)			
Test D	ate(s)			08/07/03		Rela	ative Humidity	/	32 %	
Measured M	ixture Ty	ре	24	50 MHz Bo	Iz Body Atmospheric Pressure		ure	101.4 kPa		
Dielectric	Dielectric Constant IEEE Ta		IEEE Tar	rget Measured		d Ambie	Ambient Temperature		23.4 °C	
8	ε <sub>r</sub> 52.7 ±5		50.1		Fluid	Fluid Temperature		24.0 °C		
Condu	Conductivity IEEE Ta		IEEE Tar	get Measured		H F	Fluid Depth		≥ 15 cm	
σ (mh	io/m)		1.95 ±5	1.95 ±5% 1.99			ρ (Kg/m³)		1000	

#### Note(s):

- 1. If the SAR measurements performed at the middle channel were ≥ 3dB below the SAR limit, SAR evaluation for the low and high channels was optional (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01).
- 2. The SAR evaluations were performed with the co-located Sierra Wireless AirCard 750 GSM/GPRS Modem set to the maximum conducted power level (27.9 dBm) at the mid channel (1880 MHz), and transmitting continuously on 4 time slots in GPRS mode. This is the maximum output condition since the DUT is a Class 12 multi-slot GSM/GPRS modem. The Bluetooth transmitter was tested at the maximum conducted power level (14.5 dBm) at the mid channel (2441 MHz) in modulated continuous transmit mode with the frequency hopping disabled.
- 3. The back of the LCD of the DUT was tested with the LCD display lid in the closed position and the external dipole antenna in the stowed position.
- 4. The bottom of the Laptop PC was tested with the LCD display lid in the closed position and the external dipole antenna in the extended position.
- 5. The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed in the table above were consistent for all measurement periods.
- 6. The dielectric properties of the simulated body fluid were measured prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see attached printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).



#### 5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The ITRONIX CORPORATION Model: IX260 Rugged Laptop PC with internal Cisco Systems MPI-350 Mini-PCI DSSS WLAN Card (co-located with Sierra Wireless AirCard 750 PCS GSM/GPRS Modem and Mitsumi WML-C11 Bluetooth Transmitter) FCC ID: KBCIX260A750MPIBT was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate based on the following test provisions and conditions described below. The detailed test setup photographs are shown in Appendix G.

- 1. The DUT was evaluated for body SAR with the LCD display closed and the back of the LCD display facing parallel to the outer surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). A 1.5 cm separation distance was maintained between the back of the LCD display and the outer surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). Both the left and right sides of the back of the LCD display were evaluated due to the position of the Bluetooth and WLAN antennas placed internally in the back of the LCD display. Please note that the right side antenna evaluations for the colocated simultaneous transmit tests produced a primary peak SAR location at the external dipole antenna (GSM/GPRS only) and a secondary peak SAR location at the right side internal antenna (WLAN only). Only the secondary peak SAR values are reported based on the fact that the primary SAR values are not representative of the true SAR values for the dipole antenna due to the 2450MHz tissue media and probe conversion factor, and the dipole antenna transmits at the 1900MHz frequency band. Please refer to the co-located simultaneous transmit evaluation with 1900MHz tissue media in the Part 24 GSM/GPRS modem SAR test report filed simultaneously with this composite application.
- The DUT was evaluated for body SAR with the LCD display closed and the bottom of the Laptop PC facing parallel to, and touching, the outer surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). Both the left and right sides of the bottom of the Laptop PC were evaluated due to the Bluetooth and WLAN antenna placement internal to the back of the LCD display.
- 3. The right side of the laptop was evaluated at a 1.5 cm separation distance to the surface of the SAM phantom (planar section). Please note that, based on the 2450MHz tissue media and the probe conversion factor, the data for this position was not reported due to the dominant E-field from the dipole (1900MHz) overshadowing the WLAN E-field.
- 4. A 1.3 dB cable offset was entered into the Gigatronics 8652A Universal Power Meter prior to the conducted power measurements. The peak conducted power levels were measured before and after each test according to the procedures described in FCC 47 CFR §2.1046. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test warranted a re-evaluation.
- 5. The DUT was controlled via internal software and the WLAN tested in unmodulated continuous transmit operation (Continuous Wave mode at 100% duty cycle).
- 6. The SAR evaluations were performed with the co-located Sierra Wireless AirCard 750 GSM/GPRS Modem set to the maximum conducted power level (27.9 dBm) at the mid channel (1880 MHz), and transmitting continuously on 4 time slots in GPRS mode. This is the maximum output condition since the DUT is a Class 12 multi-slot GSM/GPRS modem. The Bluetooth transmitter was tested at the maximum conducted power level (14.5 dBm) at the mid channel (2441 MHz) in modulated continuous transmit mode with the frequency hopping disabled.
- 7. Due to the dimensions of the DUT, a stack of low-density, low-loss dielectric foamed polystyrene was used in place of the device holder.
- 8. The DUT was tested with a fully charged battery.



#### 6.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) using the SAM phantom.

(ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.

b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY3 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.

c. Based on the area scan data, the area of maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of  $40 \times 40 \times 35$  mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring  $5 \times 5 \times 7$  points.

d. The 1g and 10g spatial peak SAR was determined as follows:

1. The first step was an extrapolation to find the points between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom. This data cannot be measured, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away form the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.4 mm (see probe calibration document in Appendix D). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180] (see reference [6]). Through the points in the first 3 cm in all z-axis, polynomials of the fourth order were calculated. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2. The next step used 3D-spline interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff] (see reference [6]).

3. The maximal interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-spline interpolation algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) were interpolated to calculate the average.



#### **EVALUATION PROCEDURES (Cont.)**

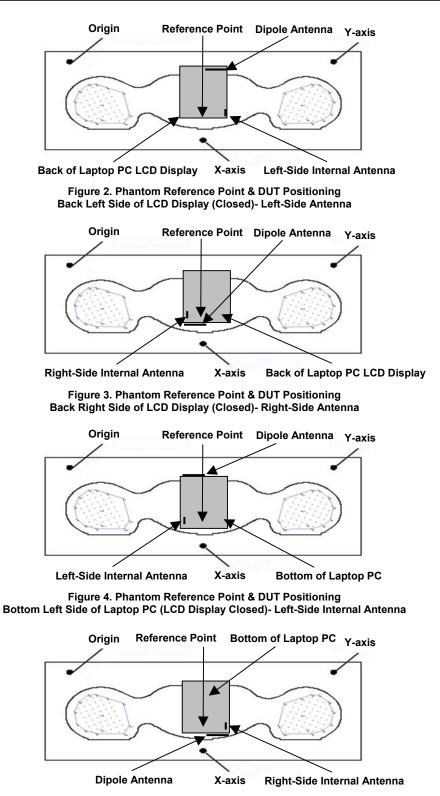


Figure 5. Phantom Reference Point & DUT Positioning Bottom Right Side of Laptop PC (LCD Display Closed)- Right-Side Internal Antenna



#### 7.0 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

Prior to the SAR evaluation a system check was performed in the planar section of the SAM phantom with a 2450MHz dipole. The dielectric parameters of the simulated brain tissue fluid were measured using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer prior to the system check (see attached printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters). A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipole and the system was verified to a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$  (see attached system check test plot).

	SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK										
Test	2450MHz Equiv.	SAF (W/	•	Dielectric Constant <sub>Er</sub>		Conductivity σ (mho/m)		ρ	Ambient	Fluid	Fluid
Date	Tissue	IEEE Target	Measured	IEEE Target	Measured	IEEE Target	Measured	(Kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	n³) Temp.	Temp.	Depth
08/07/03	Brain	13.1 ±10%	14.2	39.2 ±5%	37.2	1.80 ±5%	1.86	1000	23.2 °C	23.8 °C	≥ 15 cm

Note(s):

1. The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid electric parameter check and the system performance check. The temperatures listed in the table above were consistent for all measurement periods.

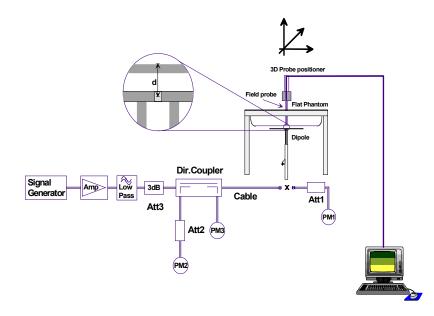


Figure 6. System Performance Check Setup Diagram



2450MHz Dipole Setup



#### 8.0 EQUIVALENT TISSUES

The 2450MHz brain and body simulated tissue mixtures consist of Glycol-monobutyl, water, and salt (body mixture only). The fluid was prepared according to standardized procedures and measured for dielectric parameters (permittivity and conductivity).

SIMULATED TISSUE MIXTURES					
INGREDIENT 2450MHz Brain 2450MHz Body (System Check) (DUT Evaluation)					
Water	55.20 %	69.95 %			
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80 %	30.00 %			
Salt	-	0.05 %			

#### 9.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Notes:

1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.

2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.



#### **10.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **Specifications**

POSITIONER:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L
Repeatability:	0.02 mm
No. of axis:	6

#### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

	Cell Controller	
	Processor:	Pentium III
	Clock Speed:	450 MHz
	Operating System:	Windows NT
	Data Card:	DASY3 PC-Board
	Data Converter	
	Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
	Software:	DASY3 software
	Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock
PC Inte	erface Card	
	Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing
		Link to DAE3
		16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system
		serial link to robot
		direct emergency stop output for robot
<u>E-Field</u>	Probe	
	Model:	ET3DV6
	Serial No.:	1387
	Construction:	Triangular core fiber optic detection system
	Frequency:	10 MHz to 6 GHz
	Linearity:	±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
<u>Phanto</u>	<u>om</u>	
	Туре:	SAM V4.0C
	Shell Material:	Fiberglass

 $2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ 

Approx. 20 liters

Thickness:

Volume:



#### 11.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

Construction:	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration:	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol) In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz
	In brain simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy $\pm$ 8%)
Frequency:	10 MHz to <6 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity:	$\pm$ 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range:	5 $\mu$ W/g to <100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Surface Detect.	±0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm
	Tip length: 16 mm
	Body diameter: 12 mm
	Tip diameter: 6.8 mm
Application:	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application:	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone
	•



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

#### 12.0 SAM PHANTOM V4.0C

The SAM phantom V4.0C is a fiberglass shell phantom with a 2.0 mm shell thickness for left and right head and flat planar area integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the fiberglass shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

SAM Phantom

#### **13.0 DEVICE HOLDER**

The DASY3 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



**Device Holder** 



#### 14.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

TEST EQUIPMENT	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION DATE
Schmid & Partner DASY3 System	-	-
-Robot	599396-01	N/A
-ET3DV6 E-Field Probe	1387	Feb 2003
-300MHz Validation Dipole	135	Oct 2002
-450MHz Validation Dipole	136	Oct 2002
-900MHz Validation Dipole	054	June 2003
-1800MHz Validation Dipole	247	June 2003
-2450MHz Validation Dipole	150	Oct 2002
-SAM Phantom V4.0C	N/A	N/A
-Planar Phantom	N/A	N/A
-Validation Planar Phantom	N/A	N/A
HP 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	N/A	N/A
Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter	8650137	April 2003
Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter	1835267	April 2003
Power Sensor 80701A	1833542	Feb 2003
Power Sensor 80701A	1833699	April 2003
HP E4408B Spectrum Analyzer	US39240170	Dec 2002
HP 8594E Spectrum Analyzer	3543A02721	Feb 2003
HP 8753E Network Analyzer	US38433013	Feb 2003
HP 8648D Signal Generator	3847A00611	Feb 2003
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amplifier	26235	N/A



#### **15.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> 1g	Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)	V <sub>i</sub> Or V <sub>eff</sub>
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	œ
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	(1-c <sub>p</sub> )	± 1.9	œ
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	(C <sub>p</sub> )	± 3.9	œ
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	x
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 3.2	$\infty$
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	x
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6	x
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	x
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5	œ
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.8	œ
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	x
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2	œ
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	œ
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	$\infty$
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	± 6.0	Normal	√3	1	± 6.7	12
Device holder uncertainty	± 5.0	Normal	√3	1	± 5.9	8
Power drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3		± 2.9	x
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	œ
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	x
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	œ
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	x
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	x
Combined Standard Uncertaint	y				± 13.3	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)	-				± 26.6	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Std 1528-200X (Draft - see reference [5])



#### **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES (Cont.)**

UNCERTAINTY BUDGET FOR SYSTEM VALIDATION						
Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c <sub>i</sub> 1g	Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)	V <sub>i</sub> Or V <sub>eff</sub>
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	x
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	(1-c <sub>p</sub> )	± 1.9	8
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	(C <sub>p</sub> )	± 3.9	x
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	x
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 3.2	x
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	x
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6	x
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	x
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5	x
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.8	x
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	x
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2	x
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	x
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	8
Dipole						
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	± 2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2	x
Input Power	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	x
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	x
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	x
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	x
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	α
Combined Standard Uncertaint	y				± 9.9	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)					± 19.8	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Std 1528-200X (Draft - see reference [5])



#### **16.0 REFERENCES**

[1] Federal Communications Commission, "Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices", Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093: 1999.

[2] Health Canada, "Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz", Safety Code 6.

[3] Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.

[4] Industry Canada, "Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields", Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional): September 1999.

[5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Std 1528-200X, "DRAFT Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

[6] W. Gander, *Computermathematick*, Birkhaeuser, Basel: 1992.

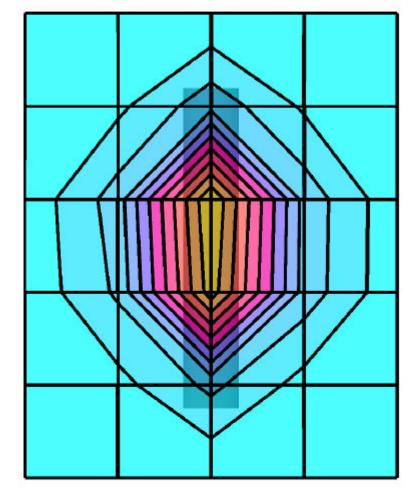


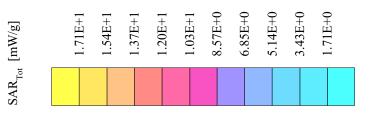
**APPENDIX B - SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK DATA** 

# System Performance Check - 2450MHz Dipole SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; Brain 2450 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.86$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 37.2$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup> Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 27.9 mW/g, SAR (1g): 14.2 mW/g, SAR (10g): 6.61 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 7.1 (7.0, 7.2) [mm]; Powerdrift: -0.03 dB Ambient Temp. 23.2°C; Fluid Temp. 23.8°C

Conducted Power: 250mW Date Tested: August 7, 2003







**APPENDIX C - SYSTEM VALIDATION** 



#### 2450MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE



Celltech Research Inc. hereby certifies that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above.

Calibrated by:

Kussell W. Pupe

Approved by:

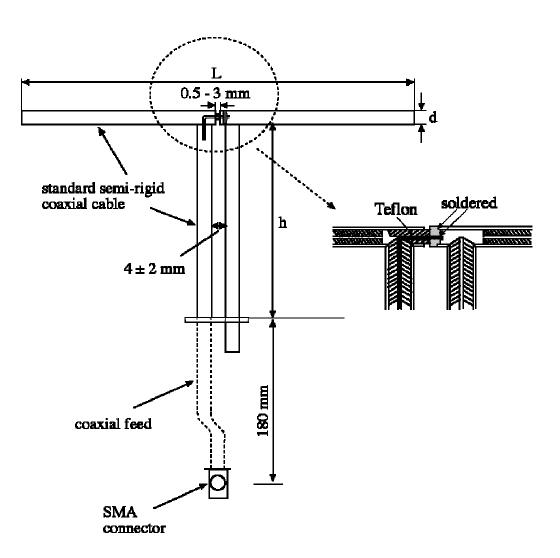
#### **1. Dipole Construction & Electrical Characteristics**

The validation dipole was constructed in accordance with the IEEE Std "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques". The electrical properties were measured using an HP 8753E Network Analyzer. The network analyzer was calibrated to the validation dipole N-type connector feed point using an HP85032E Type N calibration kit. The dipole was placed parallel to a planar phantom at a separation distance of 10.0mm from the simulating fluid using a loss-less dielectric spacer. The measured input impedance is:

Feed point impedance at 2450MHz	Re{Z} = 49.838Ω
	Im{Z} = 0.2207Ω

Return Loss at 2450MHz

-49.398 dB



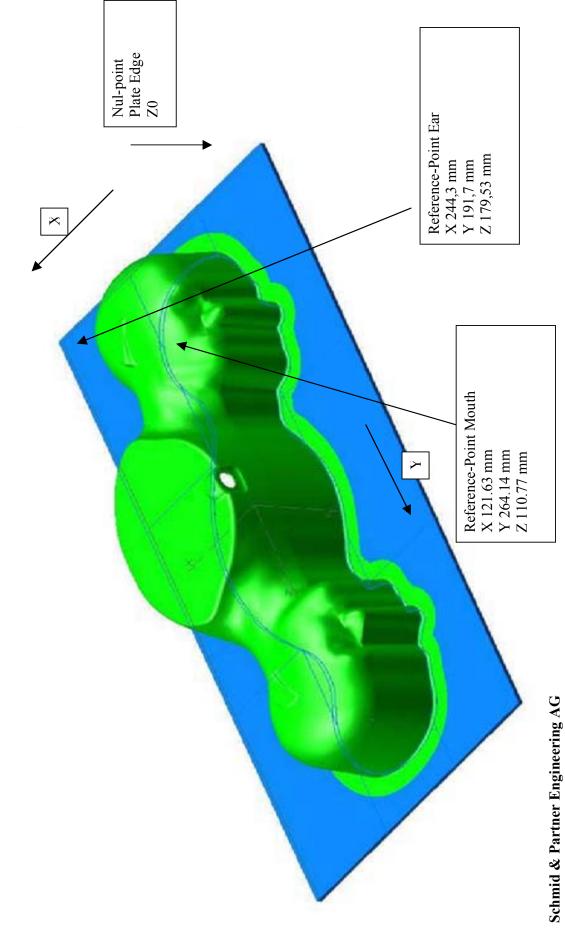
#### **Validation Dipole Dimensions**

Frequency (MHz)	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
300	420.0	250.0	6.2
450	288.0	167.0	6.2
835	161.0	89.8	3.6
900	149.0	83.3	3.6
1450	89.1	51.7	3.6
1800	72.0	41.7	3.6
1900	68.0	39.5	3.6
2000	64.5	37.5	3.6
2450	51.8	30.6	3.6
3000	41.5	25.0	3.6

#### 2. Validation Phantom

The validation phantom is the SAM (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin) phantom manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The SAM phantom is a Fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness:	2.0 ± 0.1 mm
Filling Volume:	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions:	50 cm (W) x 100 cm (L)



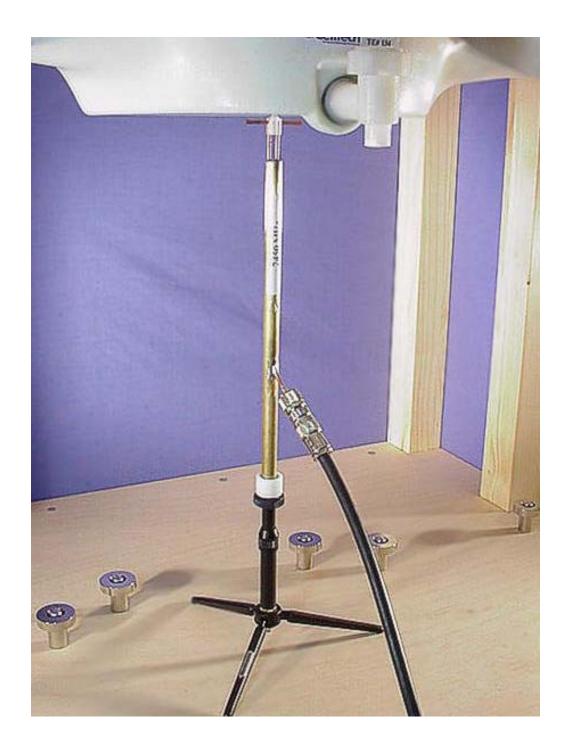
**SAM Twin-Phantom** 

)

#### 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



#### 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



#### 3. Measurement Conditions

The planar phantom was filled with brain simulating tissue having the following electrical parameters at 2450MHz:

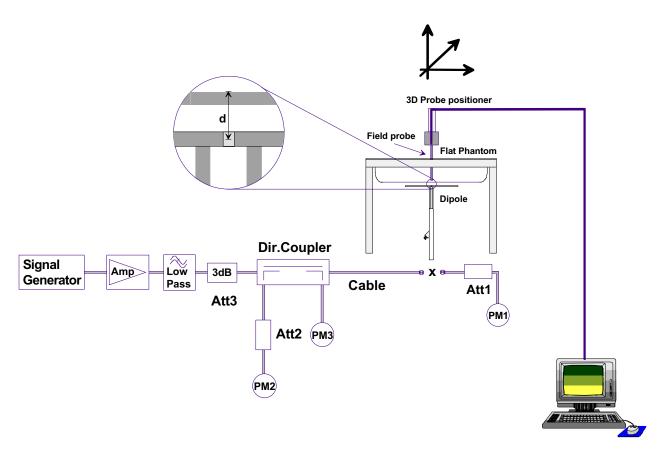
Relative Permittivity:	36.8
Conductivity:	1.79 mho/m
Ambient Temperature:	23.6°C
Fluid Temperature:	23.8°C
Fluid Depth:	≥ 15cm

The 2450MHz simulating tissue consists of the following ingredients:

Ingredient	Percentage by weight
Water	55.20%
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80%
Target Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	$\epsilon_r$ = 39.2 (+/-10%) $\sigma$ = 1.80 S/m (+/-5%)

#### 4. SAR Measurement

The SAR measurement was performed with the E-field probe in mechanical detection mode only. The setup and determination of the forward power into the dipole was performed using the following procedures.



First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of Att1) as read by power meter PM2. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20dB below the forward power.

Ten SAR measurements were performed in order to achieve repeatability and to establish an average target value.

Validation Measurement	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 10g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 10g	Peak SAR @ 0.25W Input
Test 1	14.4	57.6	6.55	26.20	30.5
Test 2	14.2	56.8	6.44	25.76	30.0
Test 3	14.0	56.0	6.35	25.40	29.7
Test 4	13.9	55.6	6.32	25.28	29.5
Test 5	14.0	56.0	6.33	25.32	29.7
Test 6	14.0	56.0	6.33	25.32	29.7
Test 7	13.9	55.6	6.31	25.24	29.5
Test 8	13.8	55.2	6.28	25.12	29.3
Test 9	13.8	55.2	6.28	25.12	29.4
Test10	14.0	56.0	6.33	25.32	29.7
Average Value	14.0	56.0	6.35	25.41	29.7

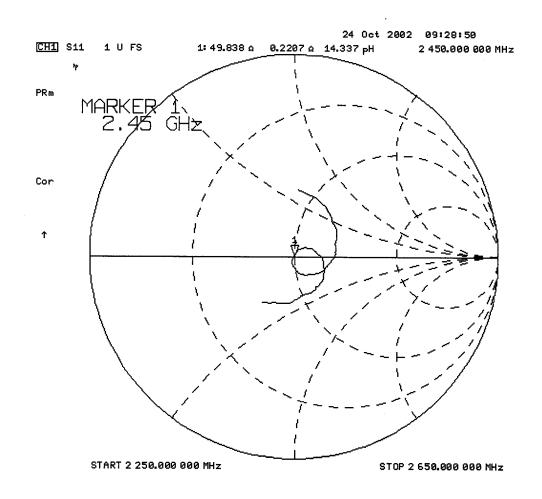
25.41 mW/g

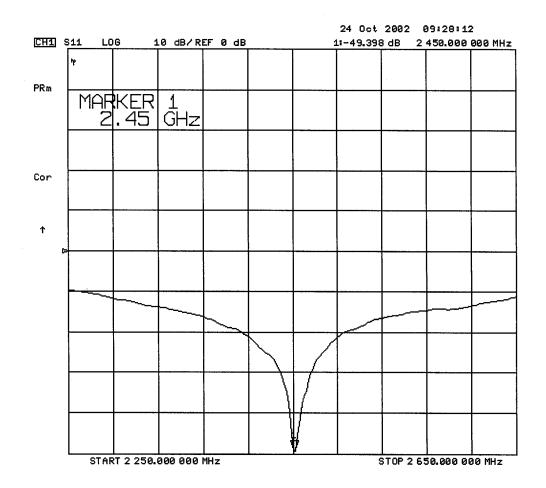
#### Validation Dipole SAR Test Results

The results have been normalized to 1W (forward power) into the dipole.

Averaged over 1cm (1g) of tissue: 56.00 mW/g

Averaged over 10cm (10g) of tissue:



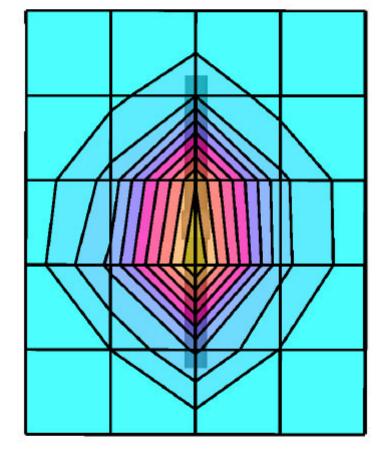


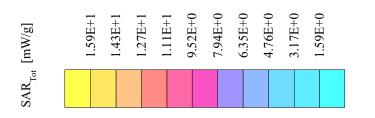
# Dipole 2450MHz

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Cubes (4): Peak: 29.7 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 14.0 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 6.35 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 6.4 (6.1, 7.2) [mm]; Powerdrift: -0.04 dB Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Fluid Temp:: 23.8°C Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.70,4.70); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 36.8 \ \rho = 1.00 \ g/cm^3$ 

Forward Conducted Power: 250 mW Calibration Date: October 24, 2002





2450MHz System Validation Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain) October 24, 2002

Frequency		e'	e''
2.35000000	GHz	37.2108	12.9039
2.36000000	GHz	37.1695	12.9350
2.370000000	GHz	37.1398	12.9630
2.380000000	GHz	37.1057	12.9945
2.390000000	GHz	37.0746	13.0290
2.40000000	GHz	37.0424	13.0464
2.41000000	GHz	36.9746	13.0743
2.42000000	GHz	36.9322	13.1074
2.43000000	GHz	36.8908	13.1372
2.44000000	GHz	36.8449	13.1527
<mark>2.450000000</mark>	GHz	<mark>36.7983</mark>	13.1767
2.46000000	GHz	36.7651	13.2038
2.47000000	GHz	36.7300	13.2377
2.48000000	GHz	36.7004	13.2677
2.49000000	GHz	36.6658	13.2862
2.50000000	GHz	36.6120	13.2988
2.51000000	GHz	36.5655	13.3268
2.52000000	GHz	36.5147	13.3582
2.53000000	GHz	36.4743	13.3922
2.54000000	GHz	36.4044	13.4131
2.550000000	GHz	36.3807	13.4402



**APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION** 

Client Celltech Labs

CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1387		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for	r dosimetric E-field probe	S
Calibration date:	February 26, 2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according	to the specific calibration	document)
This calibration statement documen 17025 international standard.	ts traceability of M&TE used in the cali	bration procedures and conformity of t	he procedures with the ISO/IEC
All calibrations have been conducted	d in the closed laboratory facility: enviro	onment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees (	Celsius and humidity < 75%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	8-Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	US38432426 SN: 6295803	3-May-00 3-Sep-01	In house check: May 03 Sep-03
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	1. Velan
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	alian Vertze
			Date issued: February 26, 2003
This calibration certificate is issued a Calibration Laboratory of Schmid &	as an intermediate solution until the acc Partner Engineering AG is completed.	creditation process (based on ISO/IEC	17025 International Standard) for

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## Probe ET3DV6

S

pea<u>g</u>

### SN:1387

Manufactured: Last calibration: Recalibrated: September 21, 1999 February 22, 2002 February 26, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Sensitivity in Free Space

#### DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

NormX	<b>1.55</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP X	92	mV
NormY	<b>1.65</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Y	92	mV
NormZ	<b>1.64</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Z	92	mV

**Diode Compression** 

#### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Head	900 MHz 835 MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 41.5 ± 5% ε <sub>r</sub> = 41.5 ± 5%	$\sigma$ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m $\sigma$ = 0.90 ± 5% mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha 0.37
	ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth <b>2.61</b>
Head Head	1800 MHz 1900 MHz	$\varepsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\varepsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>5.2</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.2</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha 0.50
	ConvF Z	<b>5.2</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth <b>2.73</b>

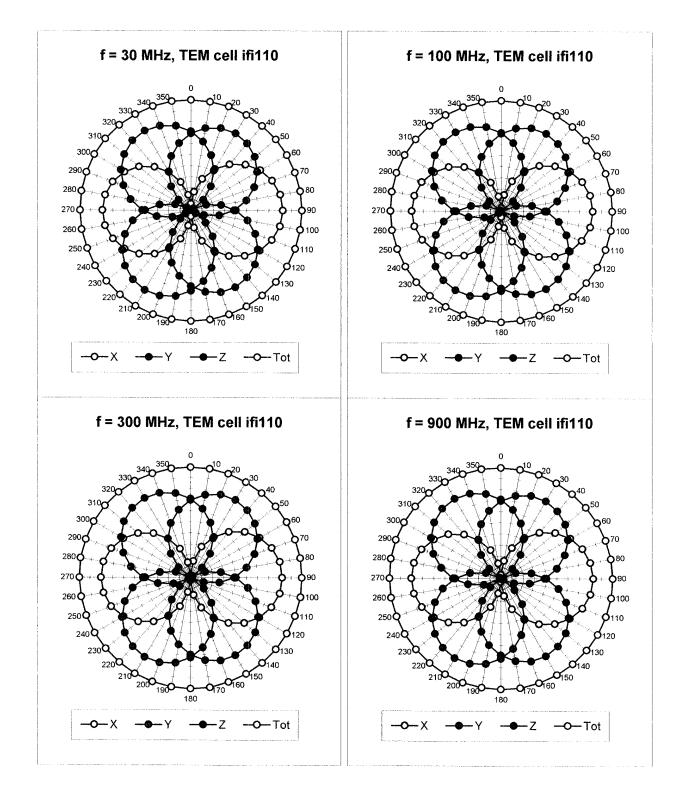
#### **Boundary Effect**

Head	900 MHz Typic	al SAR gradient: 5 % per n	n <b>m</b>	
	Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction	n Algorithm	10.2	5.9
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction A	lgorithm	0.4	0.6
Head	1800 MHz Typic	al SAR gradient: 10 % per	mm	
	Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction	n Algorithm	14.6	9.8
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction A	lgorithm	0.2	0.0
Sensor	Offset			
	Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	r	nm

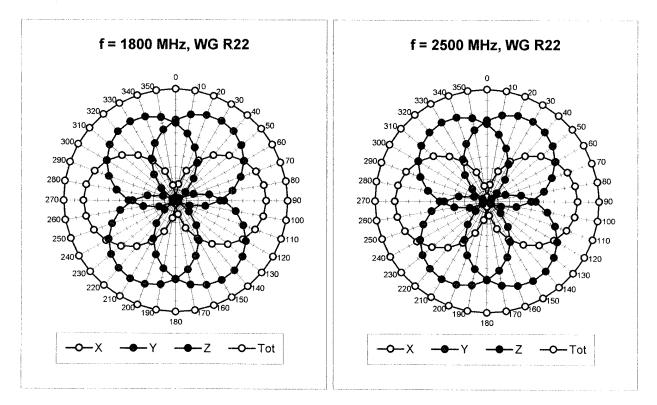
**Optical Surface Detection** 

1.4 ± 0.2

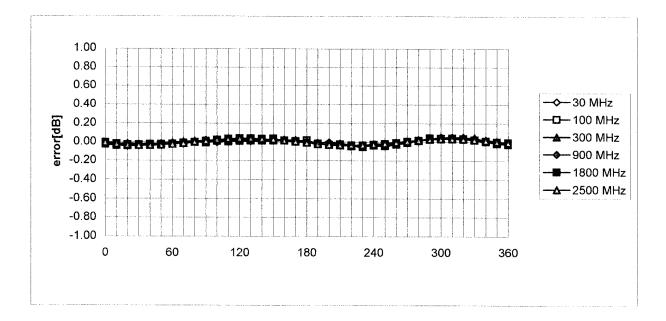
mm



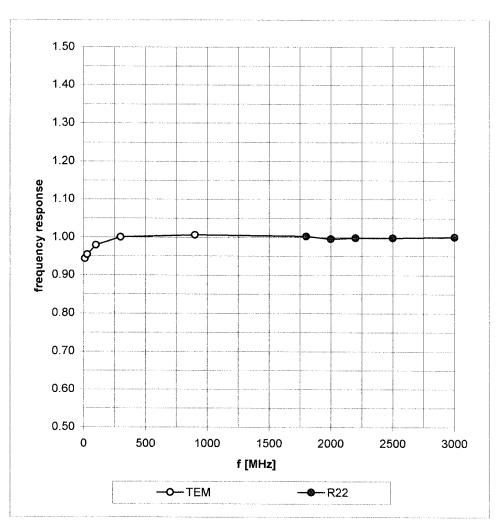
# **Receiving Pattern (** $\phi$ **),** $\theta$ = 0°



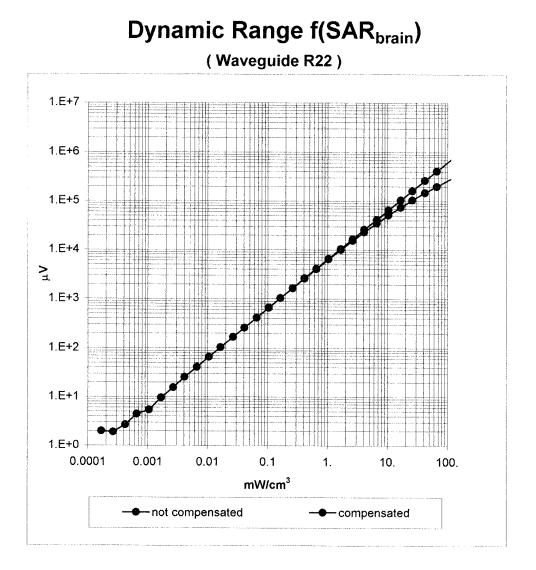
# Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$

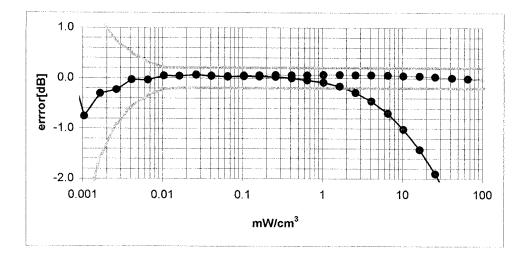


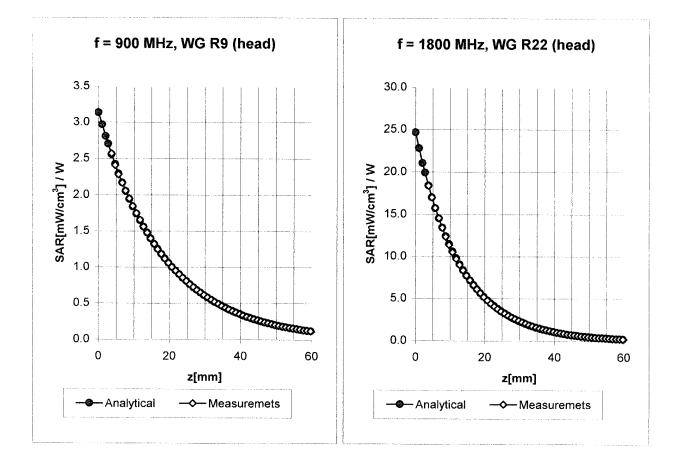
# **Frequency Response of E-Field**



(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



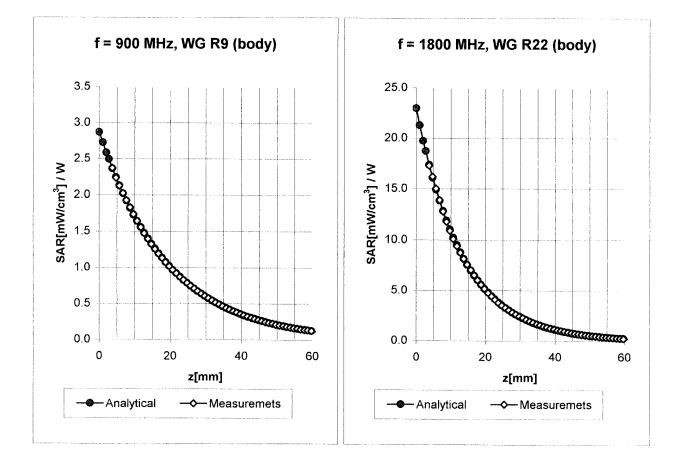




# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

Head	900 MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 41.5 ± 5%	σ <b>= 0.97 ± 5% mho/m</b>	
Head	835 MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 41.5 ± 5%	σ <b>= 0.90 ± 5% mho/m</b>	
	ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha 0.3	37
	ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth 2.6	61

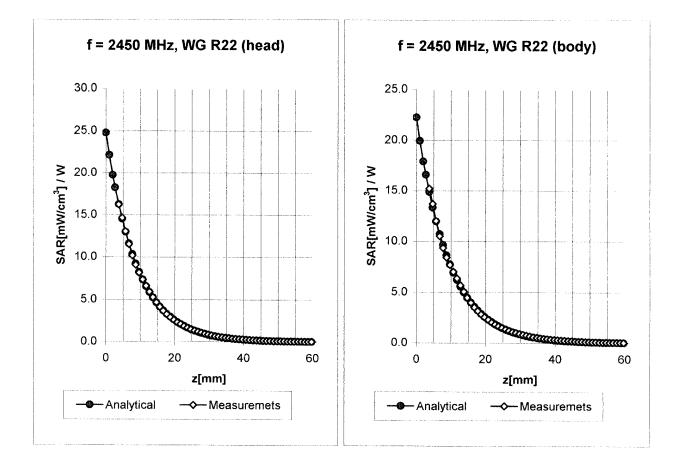
Head	1800 MHz	$\varepsilon_r$ = 40.0 ± 5%	σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m	
Head	1900 MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = <b>40.0 ± 5%</b>	σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m	
	ConvF X	<b>5.2</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	<b>5.2</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha 0.5	0
	ConvF Z	<b>5.2</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth 2.7	3



# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

Body	900 MHz	$\varepsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$	σ = 1.05 ± 5% mho/	'm
Body	835 MHz	$\varepsilon_r = 55.2 \pm 5\%$	σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/	m
	ConvF X	<b>6.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect	••
	ConvF Y	<b>6.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.45
	ConvF Z	<b>6.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.35

Body	1800 MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 53.3 ± 5%	σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m	
Body	1900 MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 53.3 ± 5%	σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m	
	ConvF X	<b>4.9</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	<b>4.9</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha <b>0</b>	.60
	ConvF Z	<b>4.9</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth 2	2.59

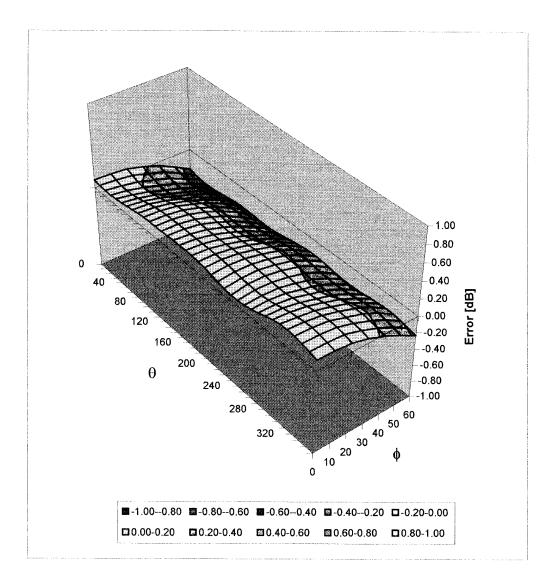


# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

Head	2450	MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 39.2 ± 5%	σ = 1.80 ± 5% mho/m
	ConvF X	!	<b>5.0</b> ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	!	5.0 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha <b>1.04</b>
	ConvF Z	į	5.0 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth <b>1.85</b>
Body	2450	MHz	ε <sub>r</sub> = 52.7 ± 5%	σ = 1.95 ± 5% mho/m
	ConvF X	4	<b>1.6</b> ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	4	<b>4.6</b> ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha <b>1.20</b>
	ConvF Z	4	<b>1.6</b> ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth <b>1.60</b>

# **Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**

Error ( $\theta$ , $\phi$ ), f = 900 MHz



## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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# **Additional Conversion Factors**

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Туре:	ET3DV6
Serial Number:	1387
Place of Assessment:	Zurich
Date of Assessment:	February 28, 2003
Probe Calibration Date:	February 26, 2003

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:

filen - Hatza

## Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1387

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	9.1 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76$ mho/m (head tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	7.9 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87$ mho/m (head tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	7.5 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 43.5$ $\sigma = 0.87$ mho/m (head tissue)
150 MHz	ConvF	8.8 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80$ mho/m (body tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	8.0 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 58.2$ $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	7.7 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m (body tissue)



**APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS** 

2450MHz System Performance Check Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain) August 07, 2003

Frequency		e'	e
2.35000000	GHz	37.5768	13.3686
2.36000000	GHz	37.5464	13.3908
2.37000000	GHz	37.5118	13.4382
2.38000000	GHz	37.4837	13.4507
2.39000000	GHz	37.4500	13.4652
2.40000000	GHz	37.4161	13.4855
2.41000000	GHz	37.3571	13.5176
2.42000000	GHz	37.3098	13.5597
2.43000000	GHz	37.2655	13.5944
2.44000000	GHz	37.2280	13.6294
2.450000000	GHz	<mark>37.1753</mark>	<mark>13.6713</mark>
2.46000000	GHz	37.1421	13.7060
2.47000000	GHz	37.1053	13.7385
2.48000000	GHz	37.0859	13.7546
2.49000000	GHz	37.0596	13.7845
2.50000000	GHz	37.0297	13.7825
2.51000000	GHz	36.9786	13.8195
2.52000000	GHz	36.9192	13.8421
2.53000000	GHz	36.8591	13.8790
2.54000000	GHz	36.8062	13.9106
2.55000000	GHz	36.7607	13.9631

2450MHz DUT Evaluation (Body) Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Muscle) August 07, 2003

Frequency		e'	e''
2.35000000	GHz	50.4901	14.2245
2.36000000	GHz	50.4656	14.2629
2.37000000	GHz	50.4432	14.3172
2.38000000	GHz	50.4233	14.3476
2.390000000	GHz	50.3983	14.3845
2.40000000	GHz	50.3532	14.4060
2.41000000	GHz	50.3088	14.4453
2.42000000	GHz	50.2544	14.4900
2.43000000	GHz	50.2301	14.5465
2.44000000	GHz	50.1795	14.5738
2.45000000	GHz	<mark>50.1423</mark>	<b>14.6290</b>
2.46000000	GHz	50.1055	14.6772
2.47000000	GHz	50.0717	14.7116
2.48000000	GHz	50.0580	14.7585
2.49000000	GHz	50.0258	14.7741
2.50000000	GHz	49.9995	14.7903
2.51000000	GHz	49.9623	14.8351
2.52000000	GHz	49.8925	14.8700
2.53000000	GHz	49.8558	14.9157
2.54000000	GHz	49.8022	14.9467
2.550000000	GHz	49.7517	14.9966



**APPENDIX F - SAM PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY** 

## Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

## **Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection**

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0			
Type No	QD 000 P40 BA			
Series No	TP-1002 and higher			
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland			

### Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles.

Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Materiai parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

### Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9
- (\*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

### Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

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