

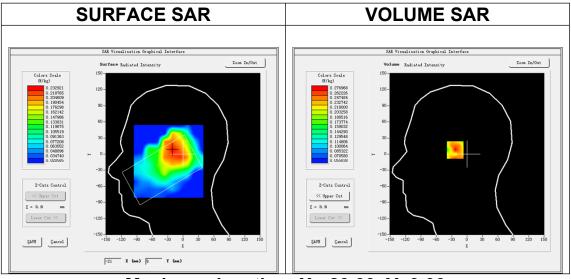
Date of measurement: 14/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 17
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.65</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

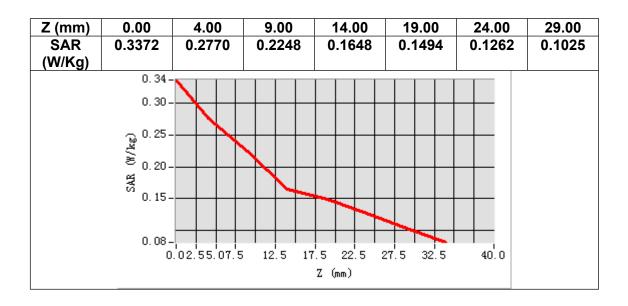
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.152000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218
Variation (%)	-1.680000

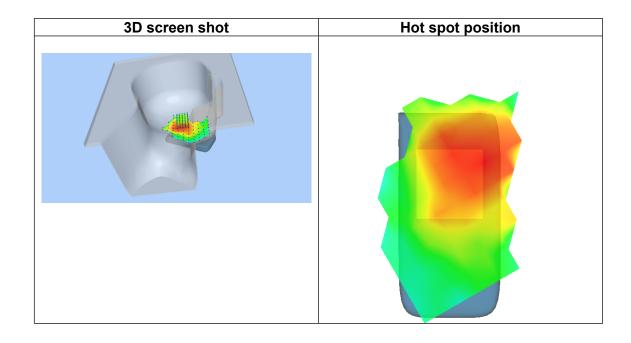


Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=9.00 SAR Peak: 0.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.204851
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.269841









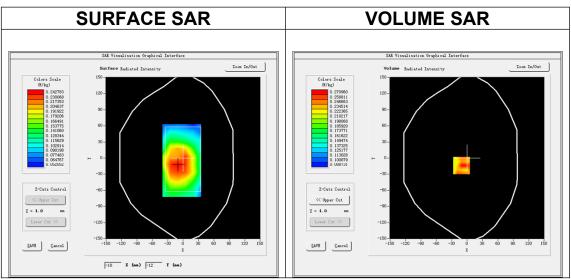
Date of measurement: 14/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.65</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

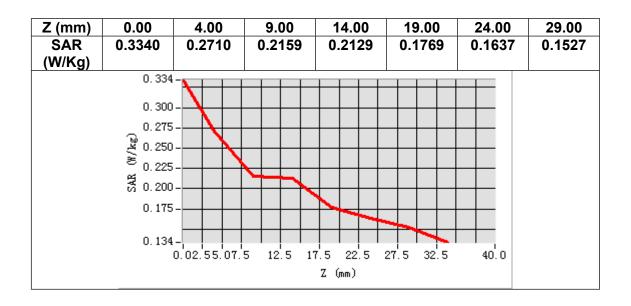
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.152000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218
Variation (%)	-2.150000

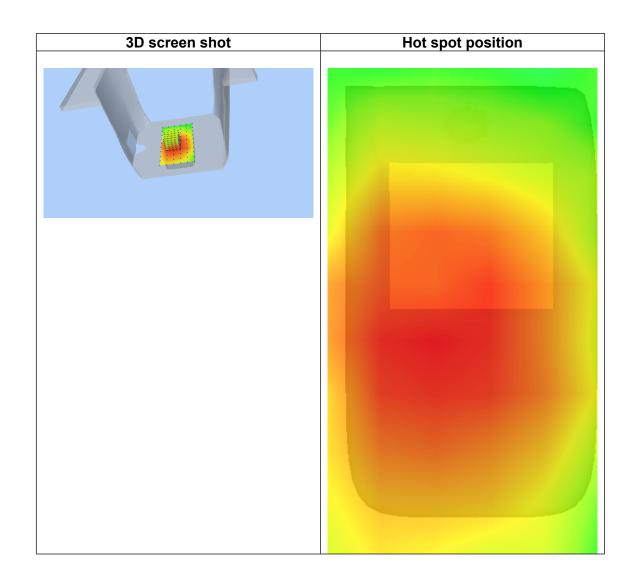


Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=-14.00 SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.216026
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.255614









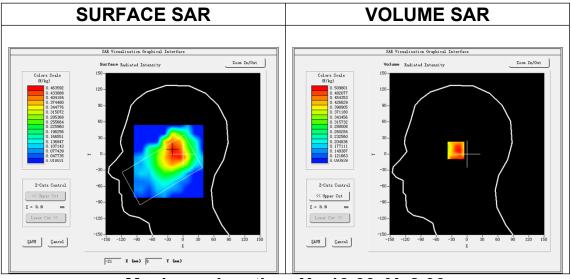
Date of measurement: 19/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>	
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	LTE band 25
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.05

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1882.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.392000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400580
Variation (%)	2.500000

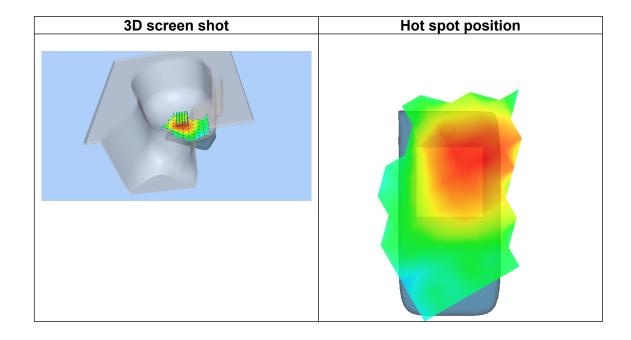


Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=8.00 SAR Peak: 0.72 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.394671
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.510666









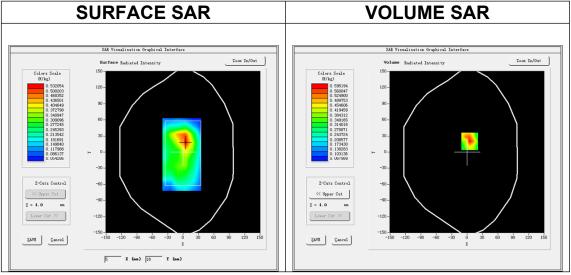
Date of measurement: 19/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 25
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.05

B. SAR Measurement Results

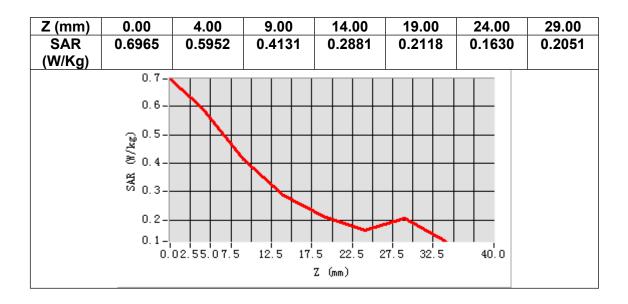
Frequency (MHz)	1882.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.392000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400580
Variation (%)	-4.330000

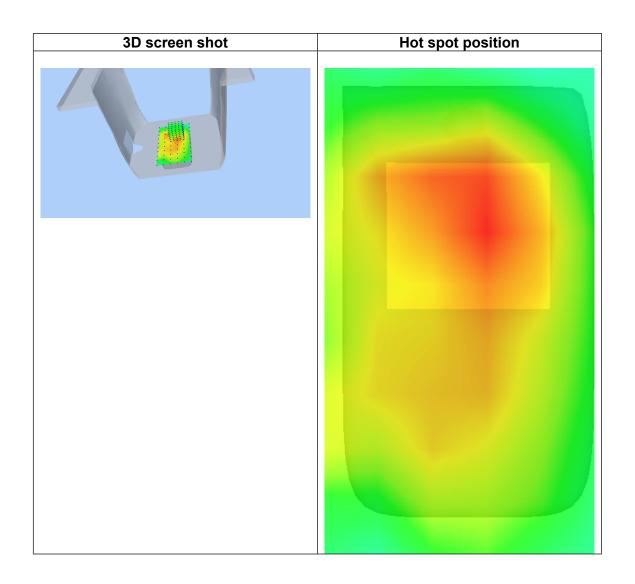


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=20.00 SAR Peak: 0.91 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.361227
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.559786









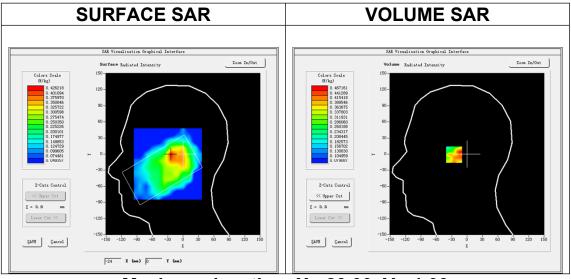
Date of measurement: 21/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	LTE band 41
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2593.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.009335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.553667
Conductivity (S/m)	1.952481
Variation (%)	-1.290000

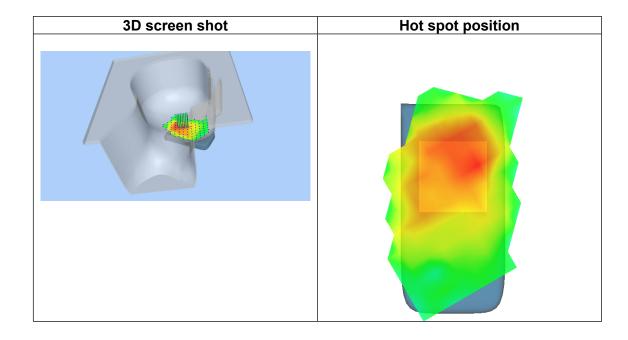


Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 0.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.316599
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.448815



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.6628	0.4672	0.2932	0.3076	0.2217	0.1732	0.1970
(W/Kg)							
	0.7-						
	0.6-	\longrightarrow	+	\rightarrow			
		N I I					
	_ 0.5-	$\overline{}$	+	-			
	0.3- %4/ 8 0.4-	-1 \times 1	\perp				
		 	+ + + + +		 		
	8 0 3	\	\perp				
	ທ 0.3−	- - \	+-+-	+++			
				$\overline{}$			
	0.2-		1 1 1	 	+		
	0.1-	00 55 07 5	10.5	- 00 - 0	77 5 20 5	40 0	
	U.	02.55.07.5	12.5 17.		27.5 32.5	40.0	
				Z (mm)			





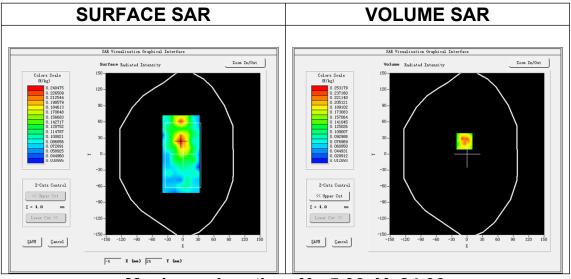
Date of measurement: 21/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>	
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 41
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.05

B. SAR Measurement Results

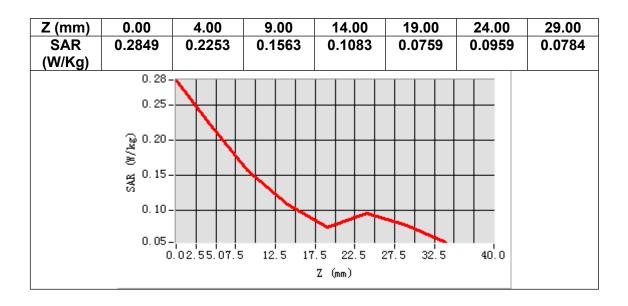
Frequency (MHz)	2593.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.009335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.553667
Conductivity (S/m)	1.952481
Variation (%)	4.520000

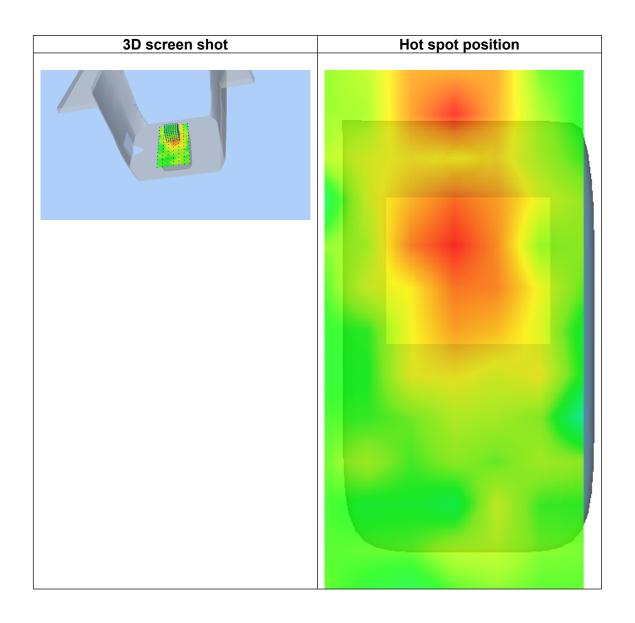


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=24.00 SAR Peak: 0.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.152744
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.207570









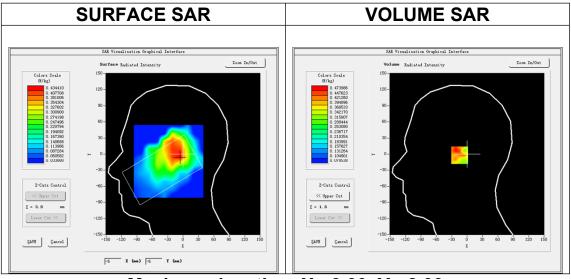
Date of measurement: 18/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

	_
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	CUSTOM (LTEBand66)
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.09

B. SAR Measurement Results

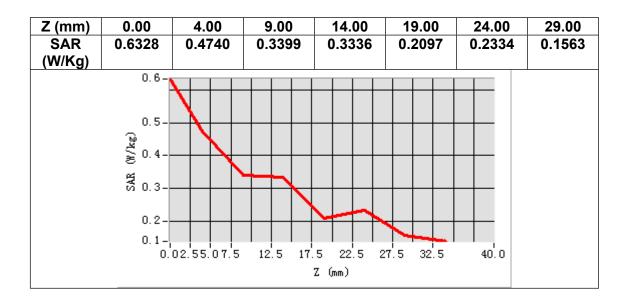
Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.104546
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.103182
Conductivity (S/m)	1.367225
Variation (%)	0.630000

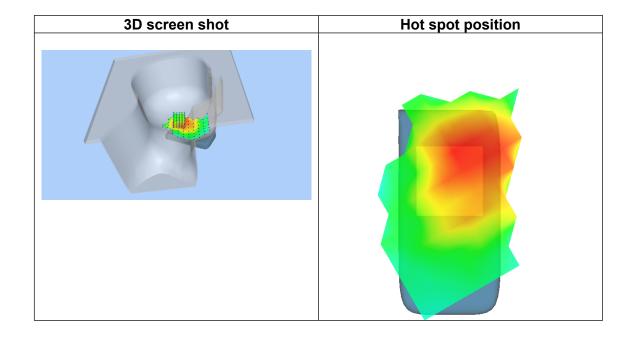


Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-2.00 SAR Peak: 0.66 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.342359
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.453054









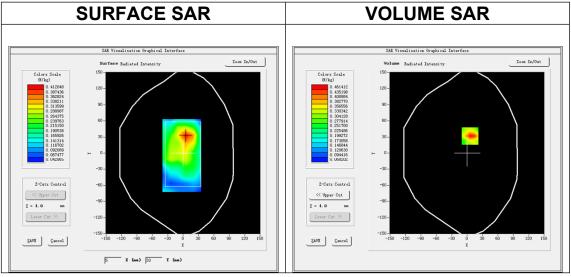
Date of measurement: 18/3/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	CUSTOM (LTEBand66)
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.09

B. SAR Measurement Results

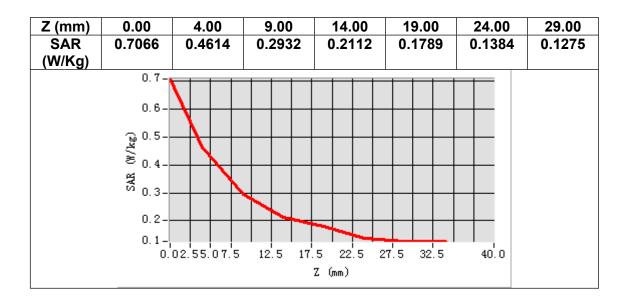
- 11 1 1110 010 011 0 1110 110 1 10 0 01100	
Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.104546
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.103182
Conductivity (S/m)	1.367225
Variation (%)	1.610000

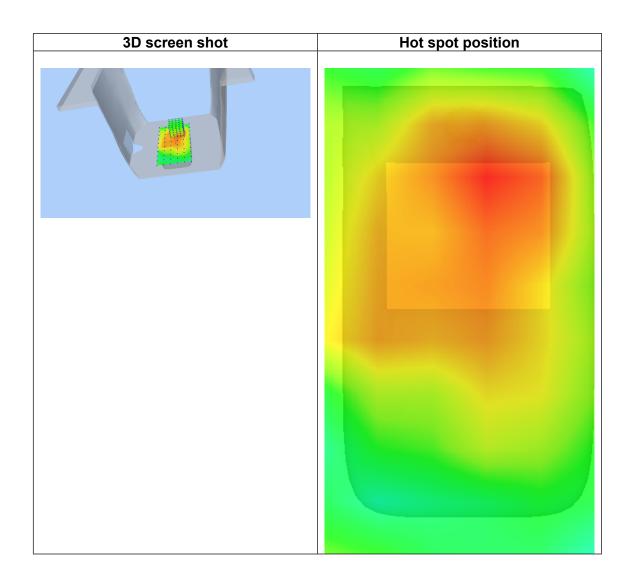


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=32.00 SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.279755
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.442871









Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - EPGO0523-403
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 03/14 WGA33





COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

GUANGDONG ASIA HONGKE TEST TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

NO.1/F,BUILDING B1, JUNFENG INDUSTRIAL PARK, CHONGQING ROAD, HEPING COMMUNITY, FUHAIHAI STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT,SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG 518055, P.R.CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 39/21 EPGO0523-403

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 09/11/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	09/10/2024	
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	09/10/2024	JS
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	09/11/2024	Gann TOUTAAN

	Customer Name	
Distribution :	Shenzhen	
	Asia Hongke	

Name	Date	Modifications
Jérôme Luc	9/11/2024	Initial release





Device Under Test ______4

Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

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	5.4	Isotropy	9
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Ref. ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 39/21 EPGO0523-403	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.199 M Ω	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.218 M Ω	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.210 M Ω	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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MUCHANIS VINCO LINCO

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

Report No.: AiTSZ-250313052FW7

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and d_{be} + d_{steo} along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}f(\delta \beta)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \mathrm{for} \, \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \, \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

 d_{be} is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 $\Delta_{ ext{sted}}$ is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

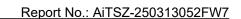
 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., *δ*≈ 14 mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe of	alibration in wave	guide			
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
1.26	0.87	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
113	108	113

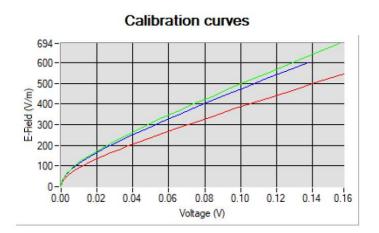
Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A



Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>

Linearity 1.00 0.75 0.50 Linearity Error (dB) 0.25 0.00 -0.25-0.50-0.75-1.00 -Ó 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 620 E-Field (V/m)

Linearity:+/-1.42% (+/-0.06dB)





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL600	600	1.62
HL750	750	1.65
HL850	835	1.66
HL900	900	1.77
HL1500	1500	2.09
HL1750	1750	2.09
HL1800	1800	2.05
HL1900	1900	2.05
HL2000	2000	2.41
HL2100	2100	2.36
HL2300	2300	2.55
HL2450	2450	2.38
HL2600	2600	2.35
HL3300	3300	2.04
HL3500	3500	1.98
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.54
HL4200	4200	2.22
HL4600	4600	2.40
HL4900	4900	2.33
HL5200	5200	2.30
HL5400	5400	2.30
HL5600	5600	2.29
HL5800	5800	2.27

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

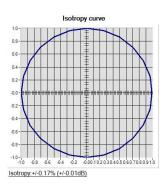




Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL1800 MHz



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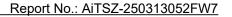


Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2024	08/2027
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2021	10/2024
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2024	05/2027
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2024	02/2027
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2024	04/2027
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2024	06/2027
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2021	11/2024
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12 1		Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG		Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2024	06/2027





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.53.23.24.BES.A

GUANGDONG ASIA HONGKE TEST TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

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MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 750MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G750-355

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/21/2024



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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





REF: ACR. 53.23.24.BES.A.

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID750	
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP0G750-355	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.3 <u>SAR REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is ± -0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

5.2 <u>S11 PARAMETER</u>

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is ± -0.08 with respect to measurement conditions.

5.3 <u>SAR</u>

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

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