



TESTING LABORATORY  
CERTIFICATE#4323.01



## FCC PART 15.247 TEST REPORT

For

**Waylens Inc.**

2711 Centerville Road - Suite 400, Wilmington, Delaware, United States, 19808

**FCC ID: 2AKAF-TW02C1**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Secure360 Wi-Fi
<b>Test Engineer:</b> <u>Mark Yu</u>	
<b>Report Number:</b> <u>RSHA180404004-00B</u>	
<b>Report Date:</b> <u>2018-06-07</u>	
<b>Reviewed By:</b> <u>Oscar Ye</u> <u>RF Leader</u>	<u>Oscar.Ye</u>
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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Applicant	Waylens Inc.
Tested Model	TW02
Product Type	Secure360 Wi-Fi
Dimension	60 mm (L)* 60 mm (W)*50mm(H)
Power Supply	DC 12V

*\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 20180404004.  
(Assigned by the BACL. The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2018-04-04)*

### Objective

This test report is prepared on behalf of *Waylens Inc.* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine Compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15.247 DTS and Part 15.249 DXX submissions with FCC ID: 2AKAF-TW02C1.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Item	Uncertainty	
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions	3.19dB	
RF conducted test with spectrum	0.9dB	
RF Output Power with Power meter	0.5dB	
Radiated emission	30MHz~1GHz	6.11dB
	1GHz~6GHz	4.45dB
	6GHz~18GHz	5.23dB
	18GHz~40GHz	5.65dB
Occupied Bandwidth	0.5kHz	
Temperature	1.0°C	
Humidity	6%	

## Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by A2LA (Lab code: 4323.01) and the FCC designation No. CN1185 under the FCC KDB 974614 D01. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

Channel list for Bluetooth:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	40	2442
1	2403	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	77	2479
39	2441	78	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 39 and 78.

### EUT Exercise Software

RF Test software: putty

GFSK Power level: 5

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Power level: 5

8DPSK Power level: 5

### Special Accessories

No special accessory.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

## Support Equipment List and Details

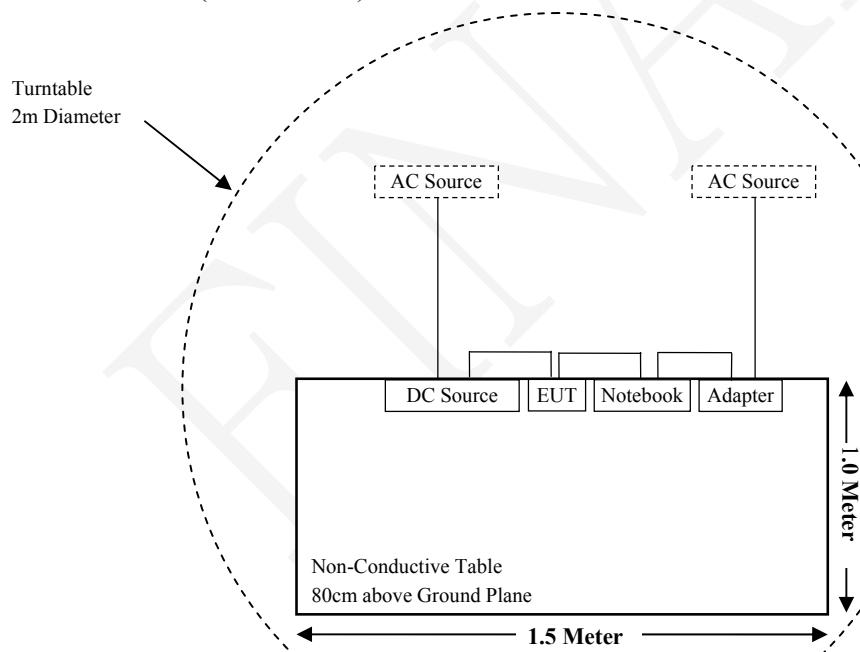
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
DELL	Notebook	GX620	D65874152
DELL	Adapter	LA65NS0-00	DF263
/	Serial Board	/	/

## External I/O Cable

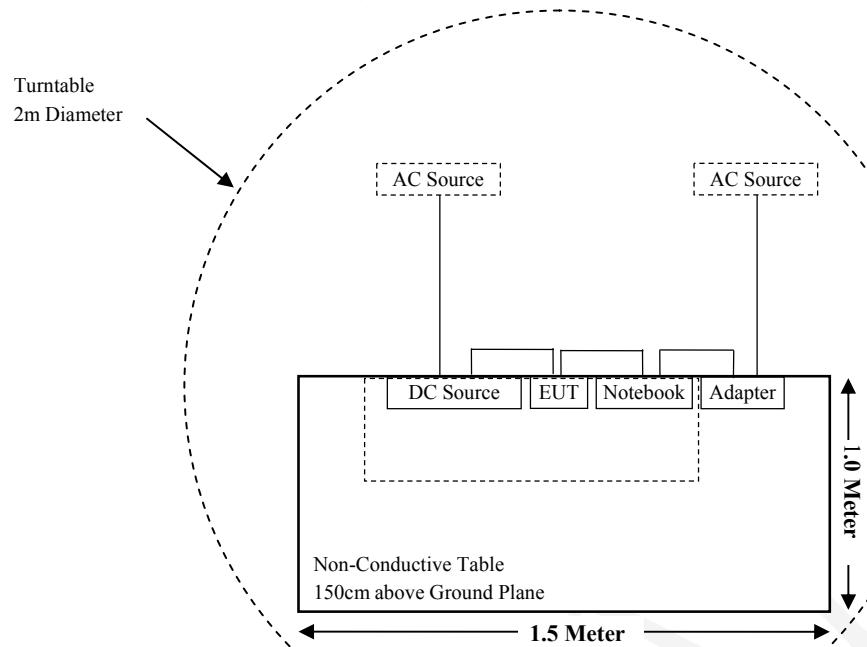
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Serial Cable	0.2	EUT	Notebook
Power Cable-1	1.8	EUT	DC Source
Power Cable-2	0.8	Notebook	Adapter

## Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Radiated Emissions(Below 1GHz):



For Radiated Emissions(Above 1GHz):



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§1.1310 & §2.1091	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207(a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicant (See Note 1)
§15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Restricted Bands Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation Test	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliant
§15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band edges	Compliant

Note 1: The EUT is a vehicle device.

## TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Radiated Emission Test (Chamber 1#)</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100195	2017-11-12	2018-11-11
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB3	A090413-1	2016-12-26	2019-12-25
Sonoma Instrunent	Pre-amplifier	310N	171205	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test Software	EMC32	100361	/	/
EAST	Regulated DC Power Supply	MCH-303D-II	14070562	2017-10-10	2018-10-09
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-8	008	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-9	009	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-10	010	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
<b>Radiated Emission Test (Chamber 2#)</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESU40	100207	2017-08-27	2018-08-26
ETS-LINDGREN	Horn Antenna	3115	6229	2016-01-11	2019-01-10
ETS-LINDGREN	Horn Antenna	3116	00084159	2016-10-18	2019-10-17
Narda	Pre-amplifier	AFS42-00101800	2001270	2017-10-22	2018-10-21
QuinStar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001009	2017-10-22	2018-10-21
MICRO-TRONICS	Band Reject Filter	BRM50702	/	2017-08-05	2018-08-04
Narda	Attenuator/10dB	10dB	/	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test Software	EMC32	100361	/	/
EAST	Regulated DC Power Supply	MCH-303D-II	14070562	2017-10-10	2018-10-09
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-6	006	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-11	011	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-12	012	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-13	013	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
<b>RF Conducted Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	836131/009	2017-09-21	2018-09-20
Narda	Attenuator/2dB	2dB	/	2017-08-15	2018-08-14
Waylens Inc.	RF Cable	/	/	Each Time	/
EAST	Regulated DC Power Supply	MCH-303D-II	14070562	2017-10-10	2018-10-09

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC §15.247 & FCC §1.1310& §2.1091 –MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

### Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247(i)and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/		f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/		1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; \* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

### Calculated Data:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = PG/4 π R<sup>2</sup> = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Tune-up Conducted Power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
		(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
BT3.0	2402-2480	1.50	1.41	1.50	1.41	20	0.0004	1.0

**Result:** The device meet FCC MPE at 20 cm distance.

## FCC §15.203 – ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

### Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has a PCB antenna for Bluetooth, which the antenna gain is 1.5 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

**Result:** Compliance.

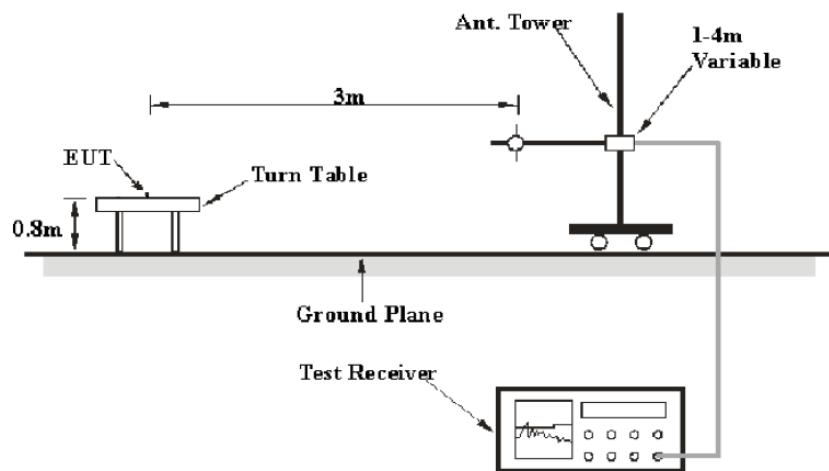
## FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) – RADIATED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

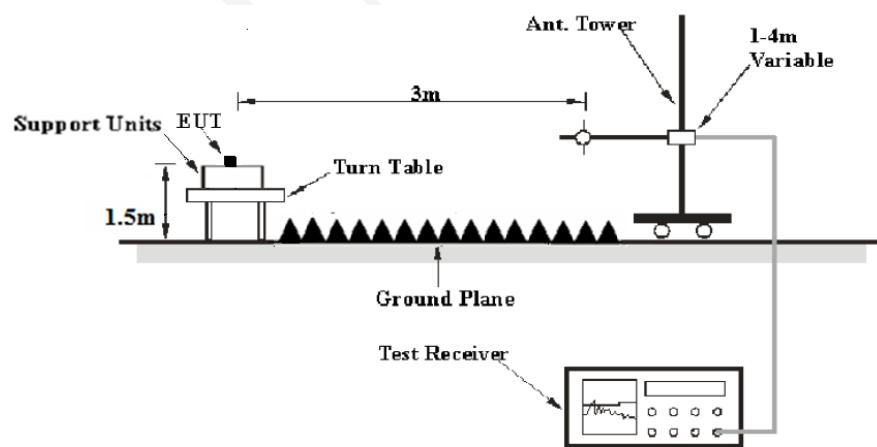
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d)

### EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209 and FCC 15.247 limits.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver Setup was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	120 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	3 MHz	/	Ave.

### Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz -1 GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

### Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of Compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

### Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247.

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	23.4 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	49 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1 kPa

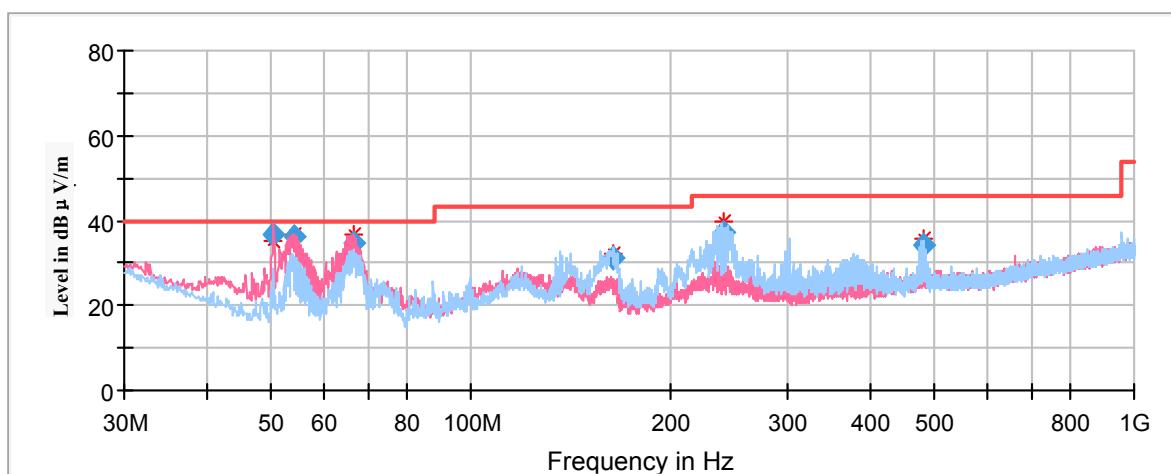
The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-04-20 to 2018-06-07.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

### Spurious Emission Test:

#### 30MHz-1GHz:

Pre-Scan with GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation,, the worst case **GFSK Mode in X-axis of orientation** was recorded



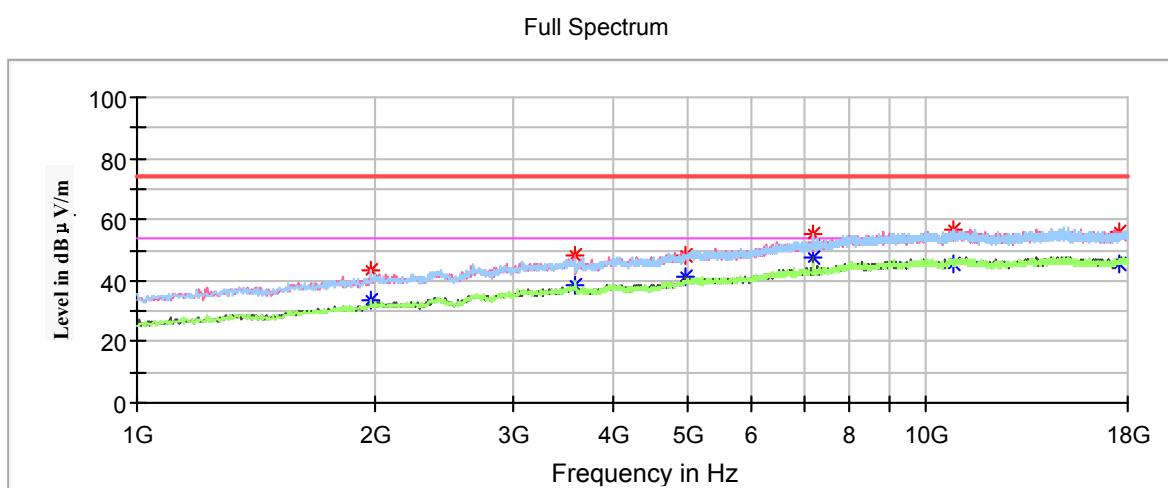
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude	Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Quasi-peak (dBμV/m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
50.364000	36.85	101.0	V	347.0	-18.0	40.00	3.15
53.962900	36.13	101.0	V	15.0	-18.1	40.00	3.87
66.417600	34.87	101.0	V	78.0	-18.0	40.00	5.13
164.077750	31.24	199.0	H	0.0	-13.4	43.50	12.26
239.994200	37.31	101.0	H	0.0	-12.6	46.00	8.69
482.627500	34.20	199.0	H	139.0	-6.5	46.00	11.80

**1GHz-18GHz:**

*Pre-Scan with GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation,, the worst case GFSK Mode in X-axis of orientation was recorded*

Note:

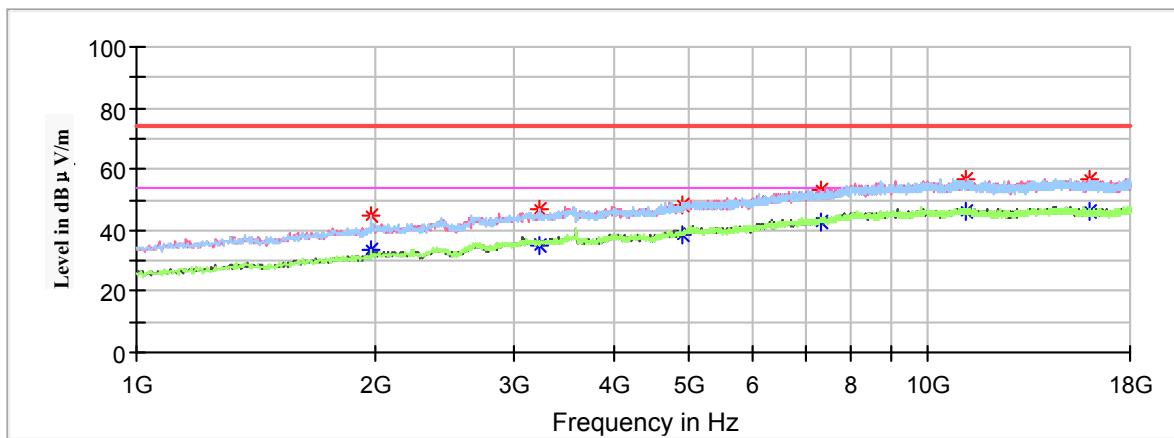
1. This test was performed with the 2.402-2.48GHz band reject filter.
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor  
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading  
Margin = Limit - Corrected. Amplitude

**Low Channel: 2402MHz**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBµV /m)	Average (dBµV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1975.800000	43.15	---	150.0	V	7.0	1.9	74.00	30.85
1975.800000	---	33.32	200.0	V	172.0	1.9	54.00	20.68
3590.800000	48.13	---	150.0	V	348.0	7.6	74.00	25.87
3590.800000	---	38.69	200.0	V	36.0	7.6	54.00	15.31
4961.000000	---	41.26	150.0	V	200.0	11.5	54.00	12.74
4961.000000	48.32	---	150.0	V	200.0	11.5	74.00	25.68
7206.000000	55.32	---	200.0	H	156.0	15.2	74.00	18.68
7206.000000	---	47.83	200.0	H	156.0	15.2	54.00	6.17
10853.200000	56.87	---	150.0	H	12.0	18.7	74.00	17.13
10853.200000	---	45.77	150.0	H	12.0	18.7	54.00	8.23
17602.200000	---	45.26	200.0	V	344.0	18.6	54.00	8.74
17602.200000	56.16	---	150.0	V	2.0	18.6	74.00	17.84

**Middle Channel: 2441MHz**

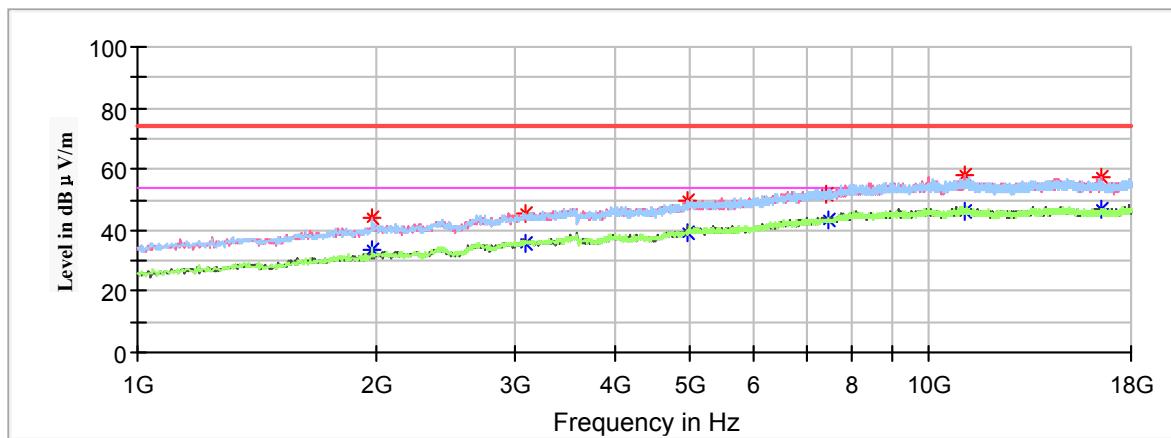
Full Spectrum



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Average (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1979.200000	44.61	---	250.0	V	134.0	1.9	74.00	29.39
1979.200000	---	33.85	250.0	V	134.0	1.9	54.00	20.15
3233.800000	46.99	---	250.0	V	120.0	6.6	74.00	27.01
3233.800000	---	35.26	250.0	V	120.0	6.6	54.00	18.74
4882.000000	48.20	---	250.0	V	53.0	11.1	74.00	25.80
4882.000000	---	38.46	200.0	V	349.0	11.1	54.00	15.54
7323.000000	53.44	---	200.0	H	128.0	15.4	74.00	20.56
7323.000000	---	43.00	150.0	H	213.0	15.4	54.00	11.00
11186.400000	56.70	---	250.0	V	134.0	18.8	74.00	17.30
11186.400000	---	46.34	250.0	V	134.0	18.8	54.00	7.66
16014.400000	---	46.23	200.0	V	193.0	18.3	54.00	7.77
16014.400000	56.68	---	250.0	V	26.0	18.3	74.00	17.32

**High Channel: 2480MHz**

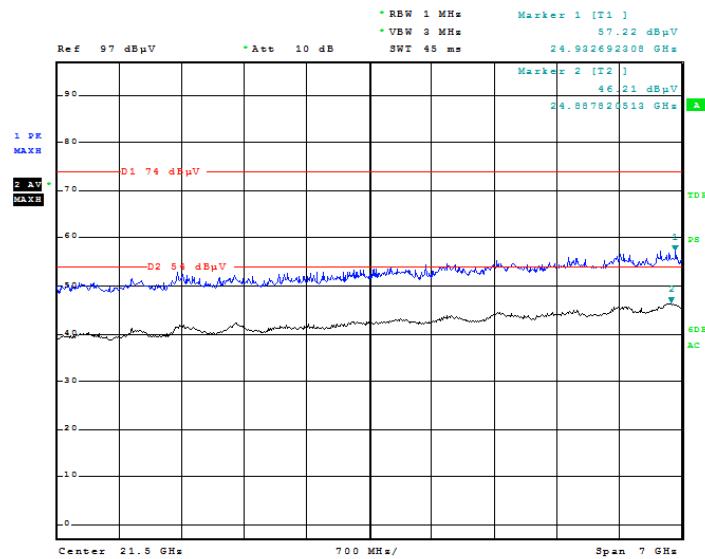
Full Spectrum



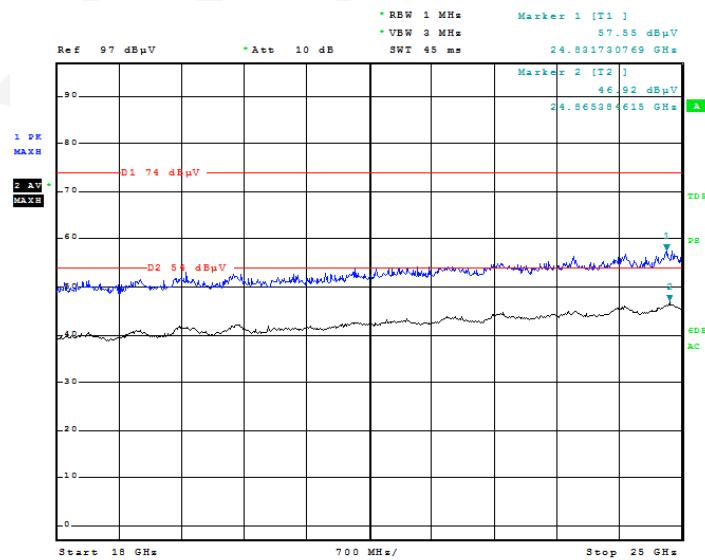
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBμV /m)	Average (dBμV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1979.200000	---	33.90	250.0	V	281.0	1.9	54.00	20.10
1979.200000	43.89	---	250.0	V	281.0	1.9	74.00	30.11
3101.200000	---	35.68	250.0	V	120.0	6.3	54.00	18.32
3101.200000	45.25	---	250.0	V	120.0	6.3	74.00	28.75
4960.000000	49.58	---	250.0	V	26.0	11.5	74.00	24.42
4960.000000	---	39.16	250.0	V	26.0	11.5	54.00	14.84
7440.000000	52.06	---	250.0	H	356.0	15.6	74.00	21.94
7440.000000	---	43.59	150.0	H	132.0	15.6	54.00	10.41
11125.200000	57.70	---	250.0	H	254.0	18.9	74.00	16.30
11125.200000	---	45.85	250.0	H	254.0	18.9	54.00	8.15
16500.600000	---	46.75	150.0	H	345.0	18.1	54.00	7.25
16500.600000	57.03	---	200.0	H	22.0	18.1	74.00	16.97

**18GHz-25GHz:**

*Pre-Scan with GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation,, the worst case GFSK Mode in X-axis of orientation was recorded*

**Horizontal**

Date: 20.APR.2018 18:12:10

**Vertical**

Date: 20.APR.2018 18:01:20

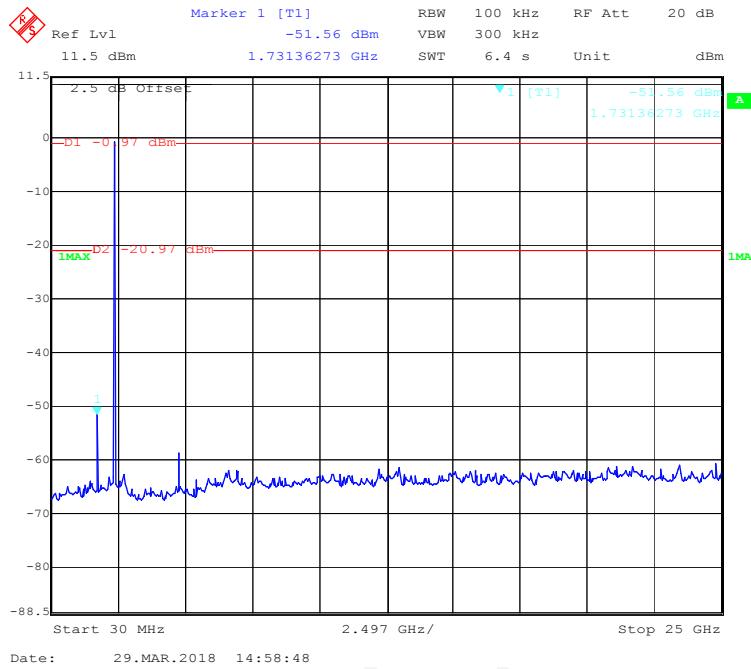
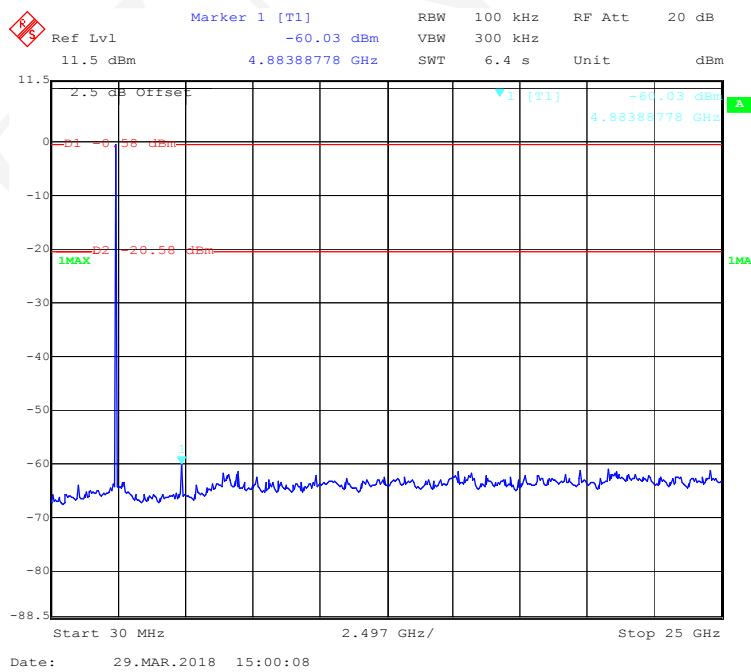
**Fundamental Test & Restricted Bands Emissions:**

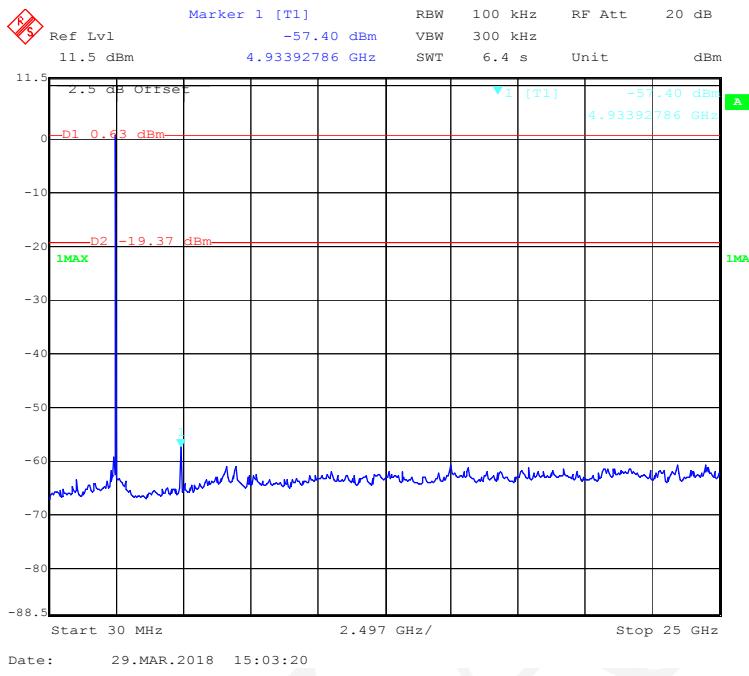
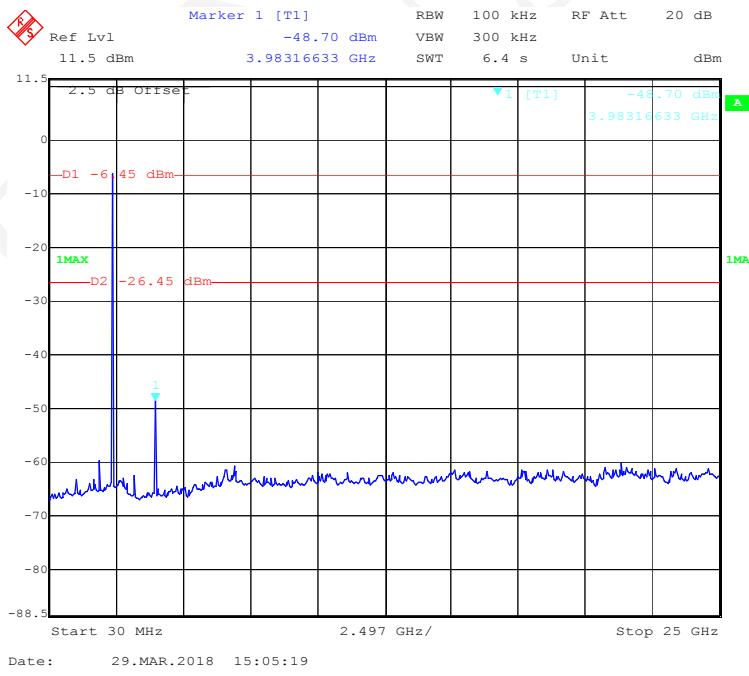
*Pre-Scan with GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation,, the worst case GFSK Mode in X-axis of orientation was recorded*

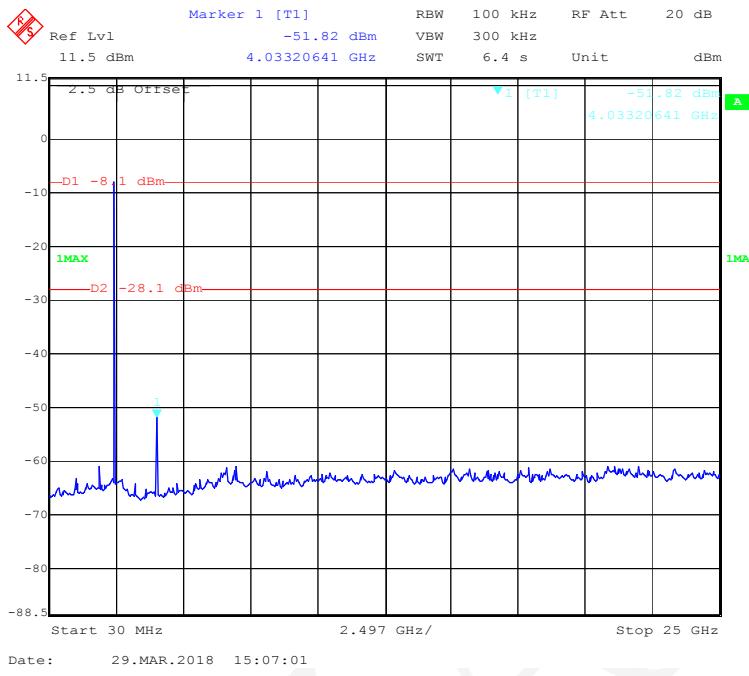
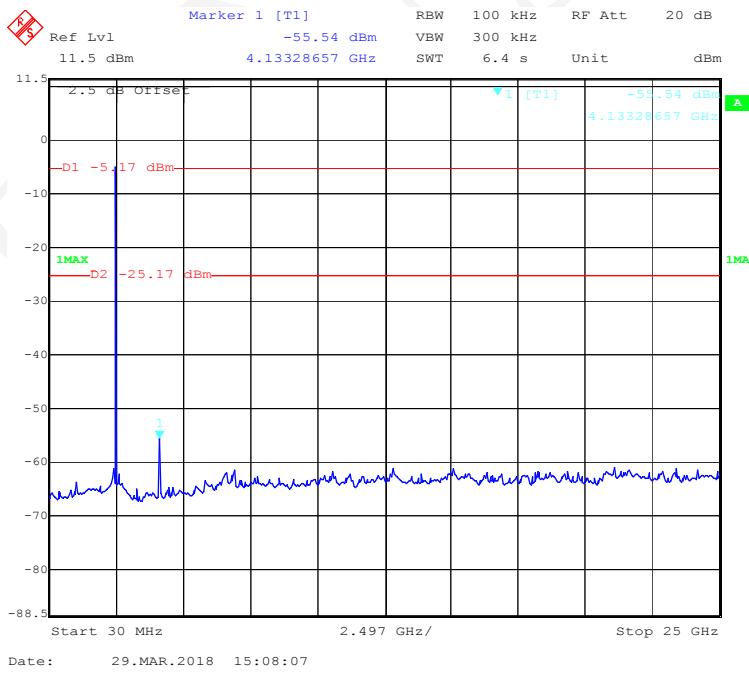
Note:

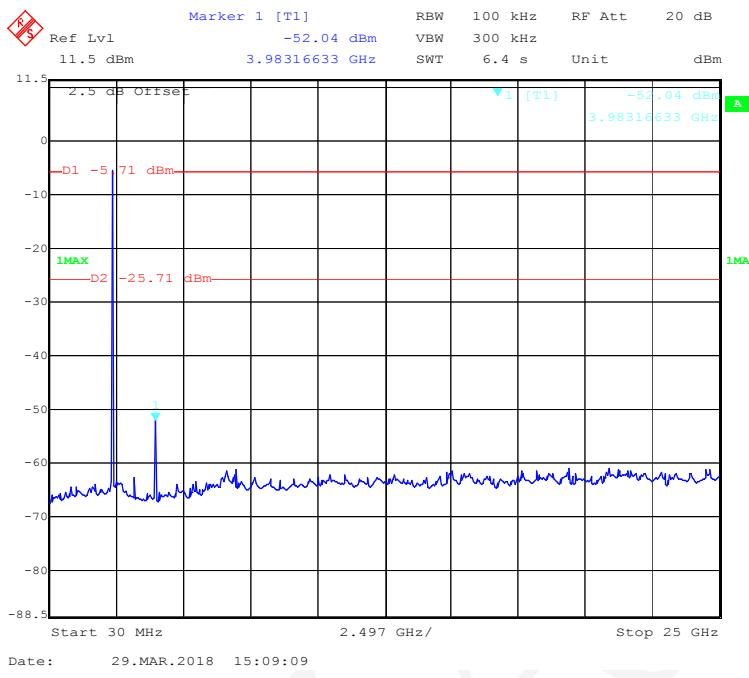
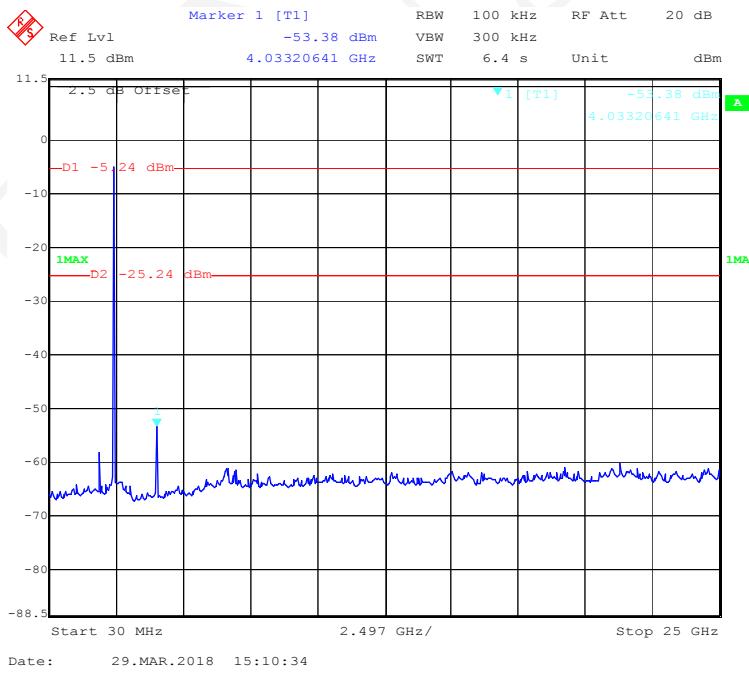
1. The test is performed with a 10dB Attenuator.
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor  
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading  
Margin = Limit - Corrected. Amplitude

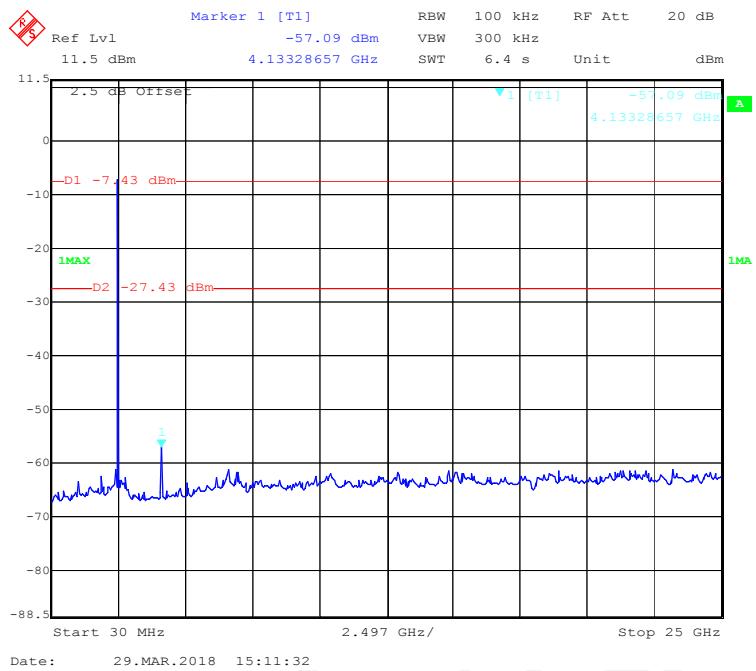
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Average (dB $\mu$ V /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel: 2402MHz								
2402.000000	95.77	---	200.0	V	82.0	2.8	/	/
2402.000000	---	92.39	200.0	V	82.0	2.8	/	/
2402.000000	88.36	---	250.0	H	189.0	2.8	/	/
2402.000000	---	85.07	250.0	H	189.0	2.8	/	/
2390.000000	53.52	---	200.0	V	264.0	2.8	74.00	20.48
2390.000000	---	45.66	200.0	V	264.0	2.8	54.00	8.34
Middle Channel: 2441MHz								
2441.000000	96.13	---	250.0	V	94.0	2.9	/	/
2441.000000	---	93.52	250.0	V	94.0	2.9	/	/
2441.000000	89.28	---	200.0	H	192.0	2.9	/	/
2441.000000	---	93.73	200.0	H	192.0	2.9	/	/
High Channel: 2480MHz								
2480.000000	97.05	---	200.0	V	79.0	3.0	/	/
2480.000000	---	90.60	200.0	V	79.0	3.0	/	/
2480.000000	94.25	---	100.0	H	279.0	3.0	/	/
2480.000000	---	87.76	100.0	H	279.0	3.0	/	/
2483.500000	53.77	---	200.0	V	100.0	3.0	74.00	20.23
2483.500000	---	46.38	200.0	V	100.0	3.0	54.00	7.62

**Conducted Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port****BDR (GFSK): Low Channel****BDR (GFSK): Middle Channel**

**BDR (GFSK): High Channel****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Low Channel**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Middle Channel****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): High Channel**

**EDR (8DPSK): Low Channel****EDR (8DPSK): Middle Channel**

**EDR (8DPSK): High Channel**

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) - CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

### Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- b. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- c. Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
- d. Sweep: Auto.
- e. Detector function: Peak.
- f. Trace: Max hold.
- g. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.4 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1 kPa

*The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-03-29.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

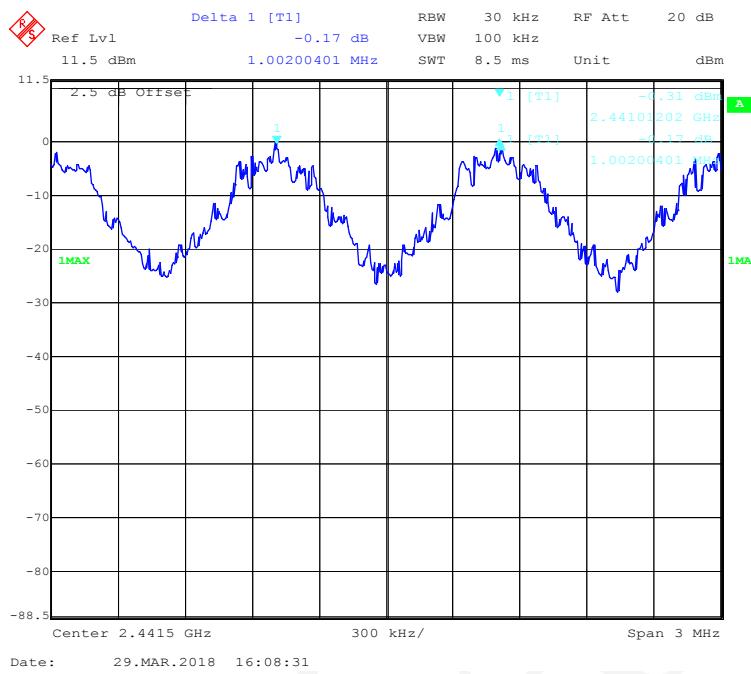
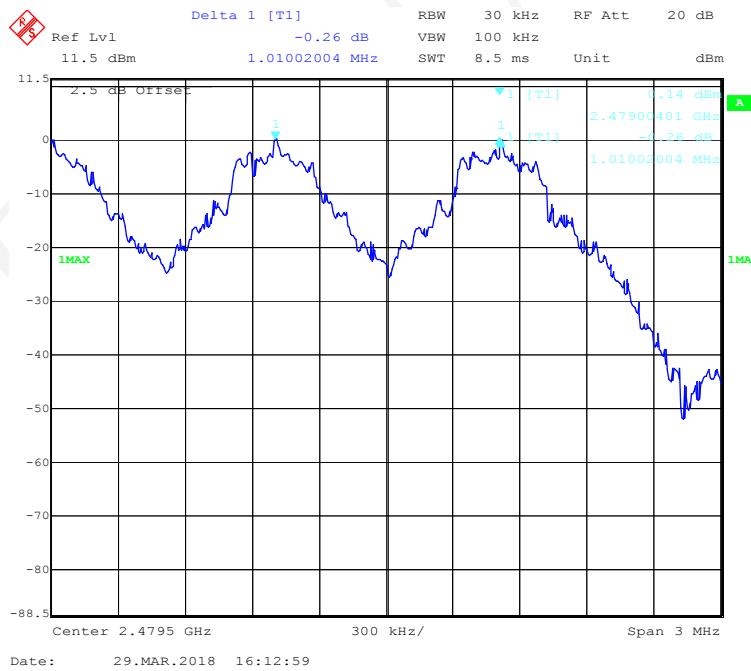
*Test Result: Compliance.*

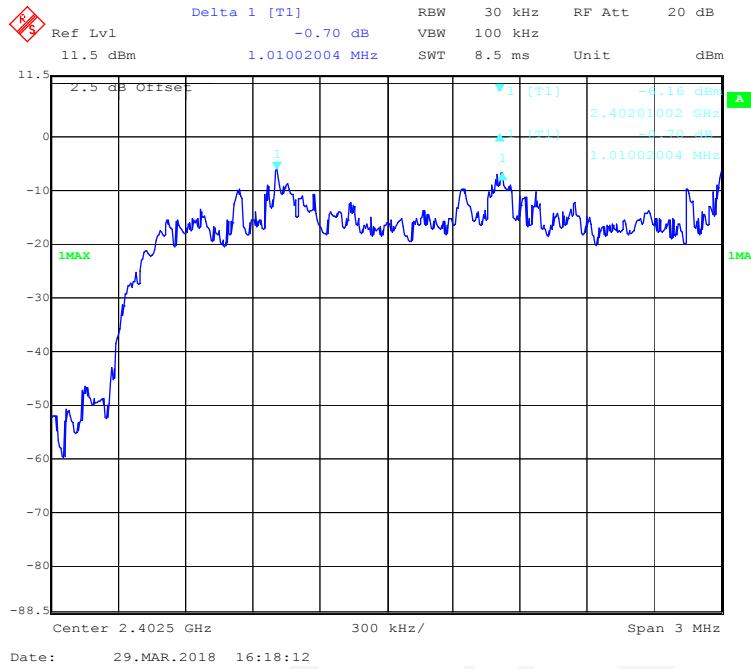
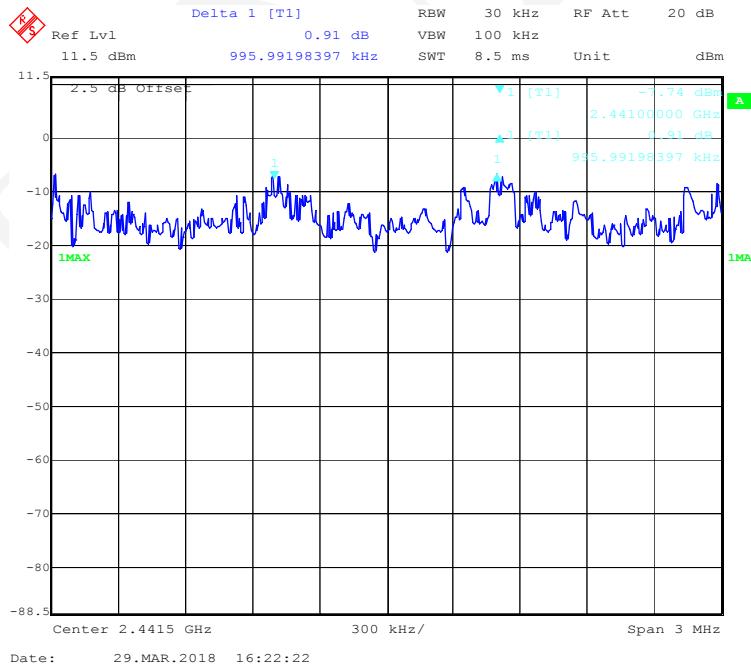
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
BDR (GFSK)	Low	2402	0.996	0.890	Pass
	Adjacent	2403			
	Middle	2441	1.002	0.880	Pass
	Adjacent	2442			
	High	2480	1.010	0.890	Pass
	Adjacent	2479			
EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	Low	2402	1.010	0.829	Pass
	Adjacent	2403			
	Middle	2441	0.996	0.829	Pass
	Adjacent	2442			
	High	2480	1.002	0.842	Pass
	Adjacent	2479			
EDR (8DPSK)	Low	2402	0.996	0.813	Pass
	Adjacent	2403			
	Middle	2441	1.014	0.813	Pass
	Adjacent	2442			
	High	2480	0.996	0.817	Pass
	Adjacent	2479			

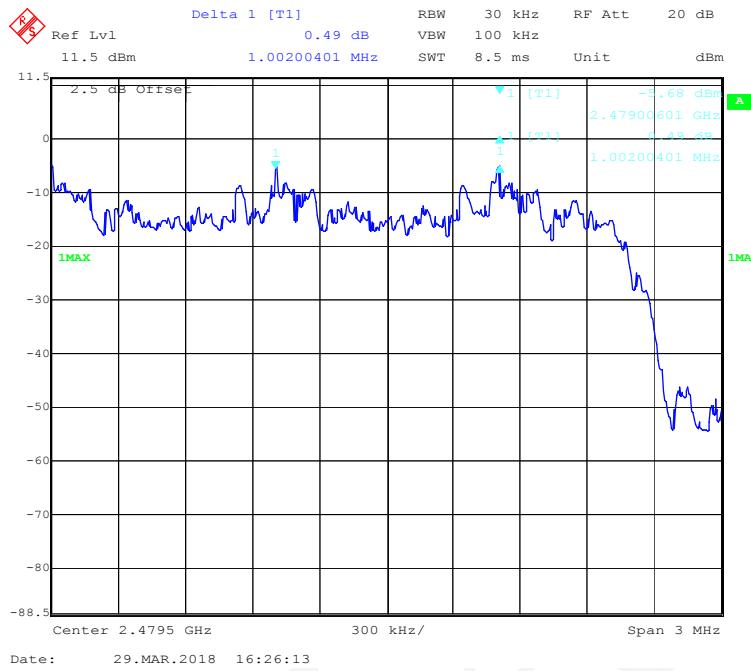
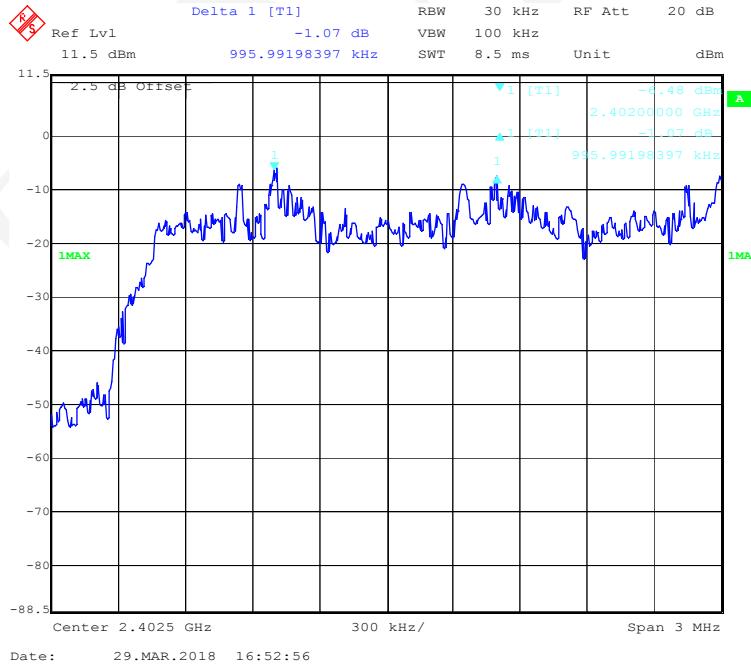
Note: For BDR mode, Limit = 20 dB bandwidth; For EDR mode, Limit = 20 dB bandwidth\*2/3

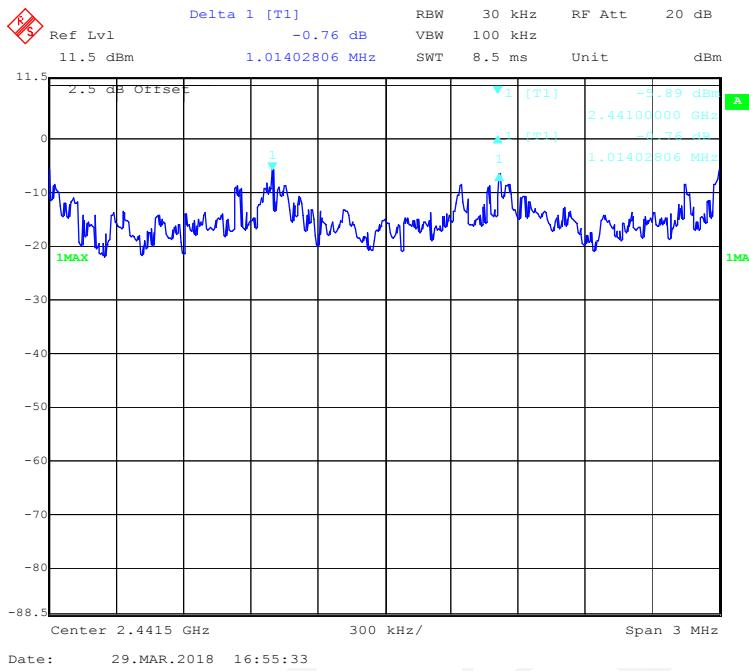
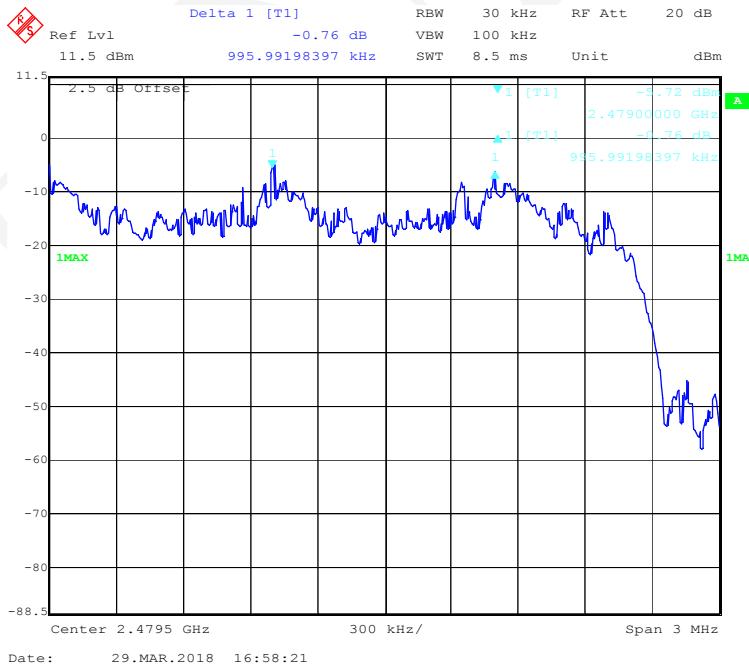
### BDR (GFSK): Low Channel



**BDR (GFSK): Middle Channel****BDR (GFSK): High Channel**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Low Channel****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Middle Channel**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): High Channel****EDR (8DPSK): Low Channel**

**EDR (8DPSK): Middle Channel****EDR (8DPSK): High Channel**

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) – 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	23.2 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.3 kPa

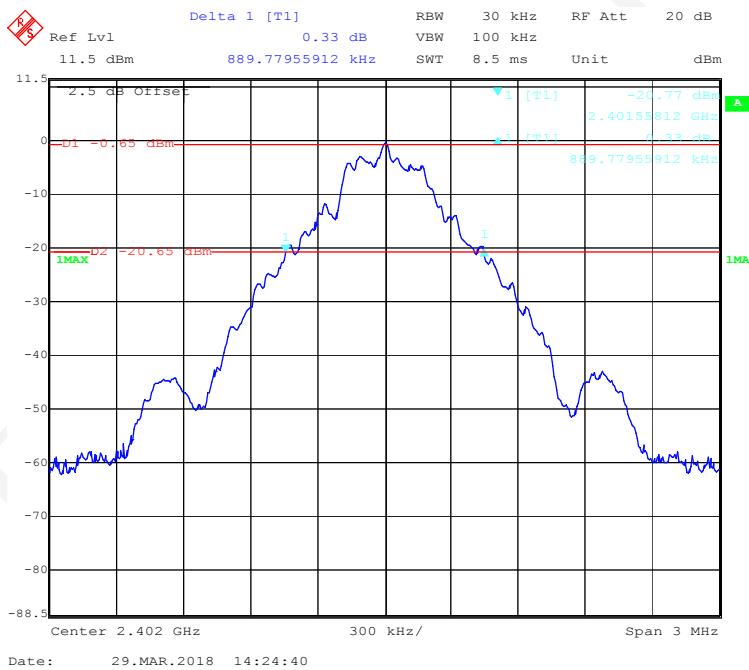
The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-03-29.

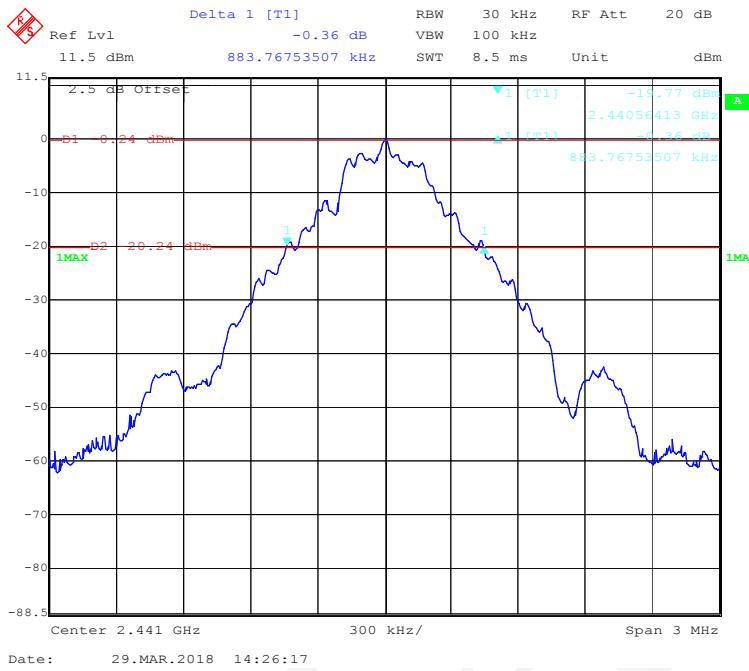
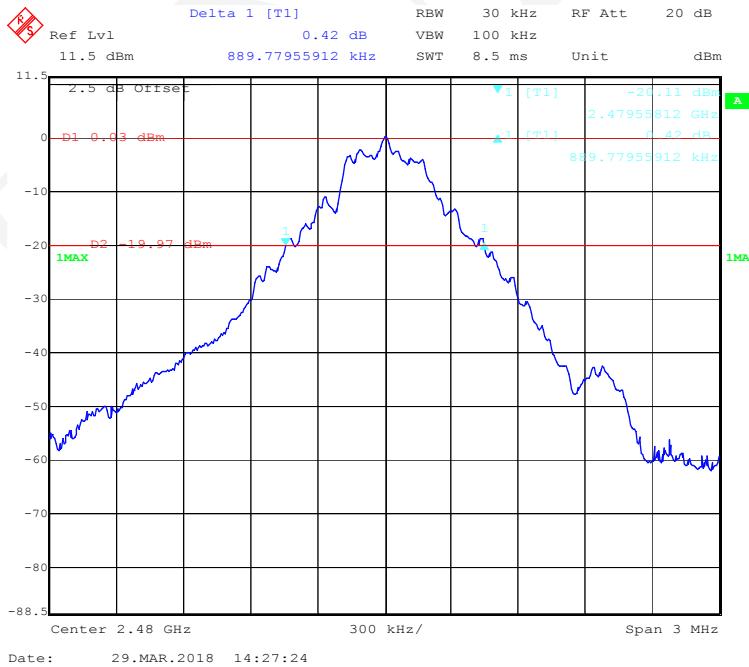
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

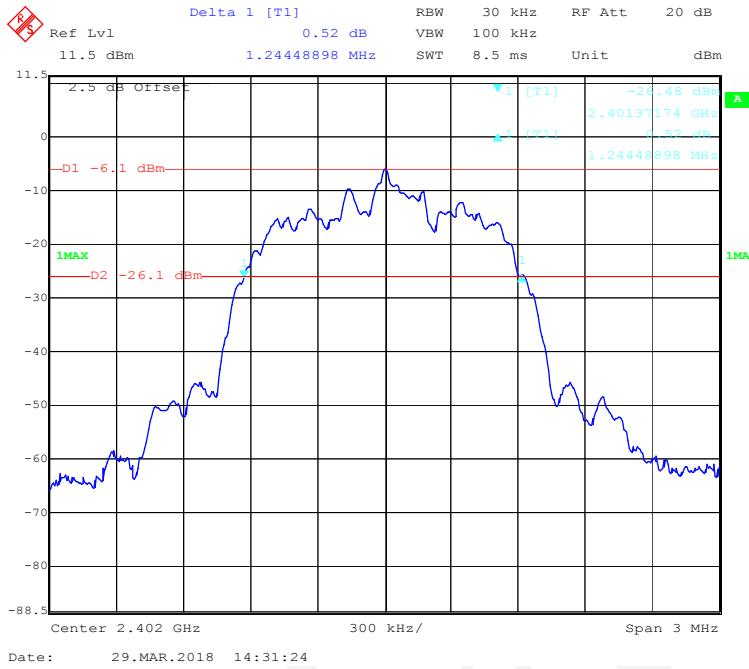
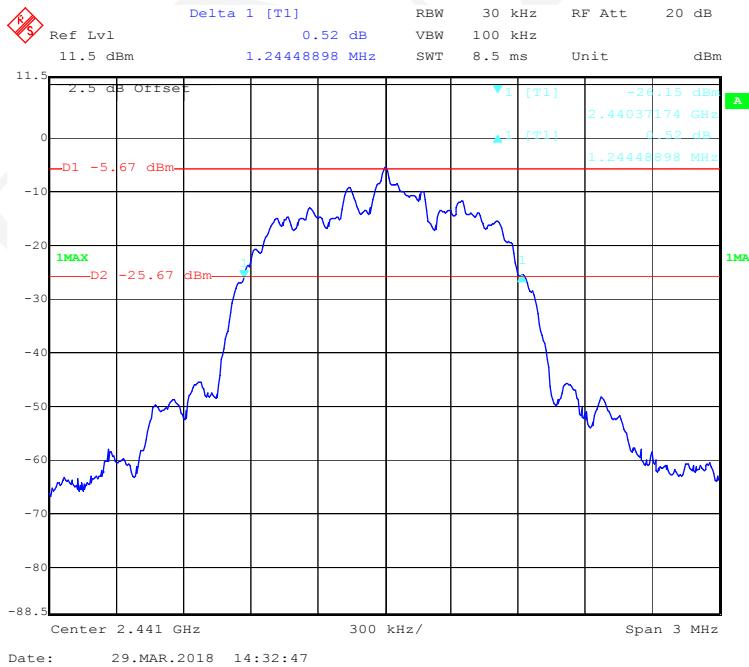
Test Result: Compliance.

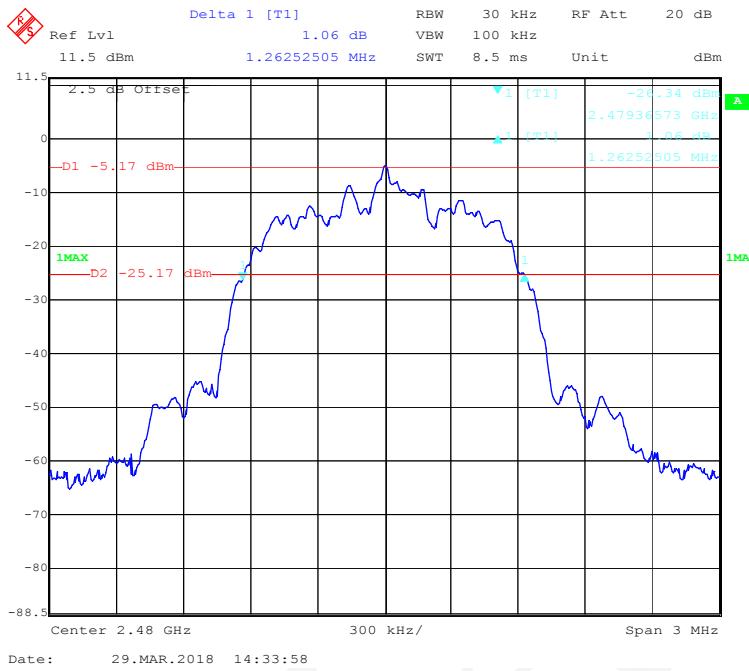
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)
BDR (GFSK)	Low	2402	0.890
	Middle	2441	0.880
	High	2480	0.890
EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	Low	2402	1.244
	Middle	2441	1.244
	High	2480	1.263
EDR (8DPSK)	Low	2402	1.220
	Middle	2441	1.220
	High	2480	1.226

### BDR (GFSK): Low Channel

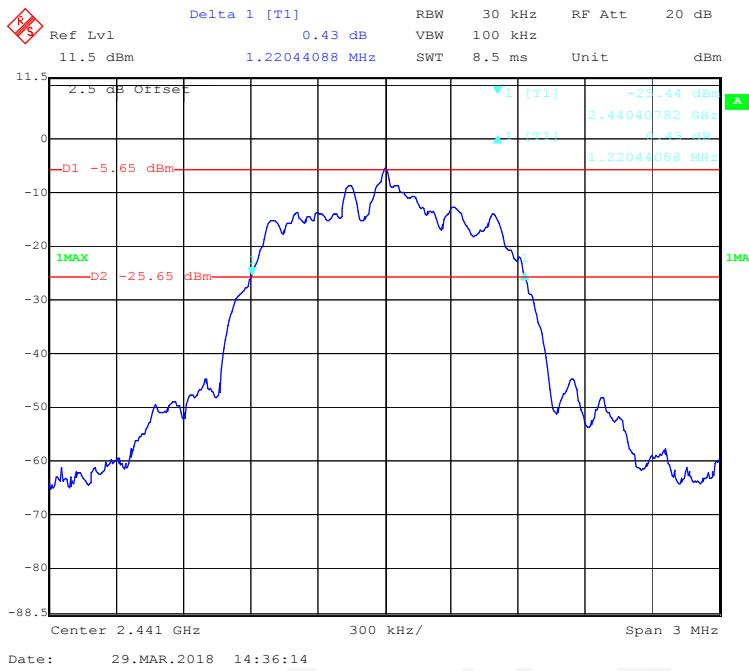


**BDR (GFSK): Middle Channel****BDR (GFSK): High Channel**

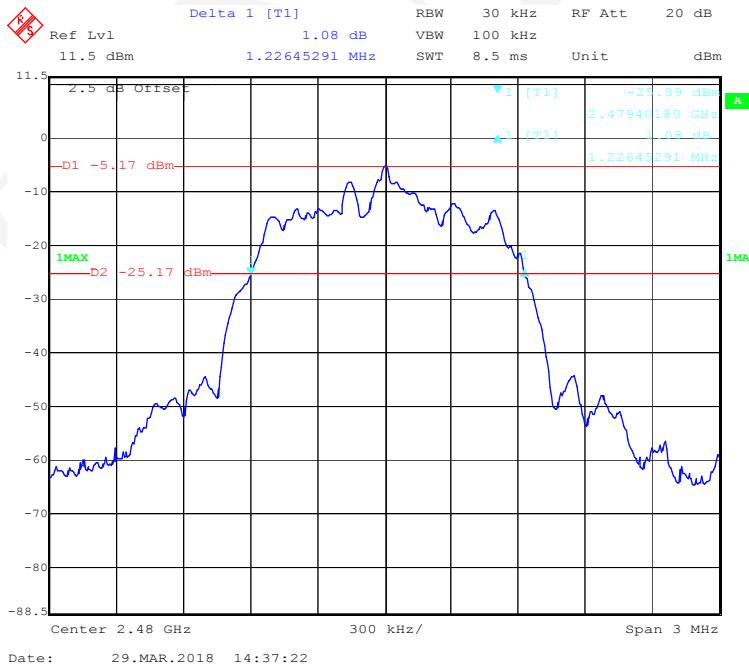
**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Low Channel****EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Middle Channel**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): High Channel****EDR (8DPSK): Low Channel**

### EDR (8DPSK): Middle Channel



### EDR (8DPSK): High Channel



## FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

### Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c. VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
- d. Sweep: Auto.
- e. Detector function: Peak.
- f. Trace: Max hold.
- g. Allow the trace to stabilize.

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	23.2 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2 kPa

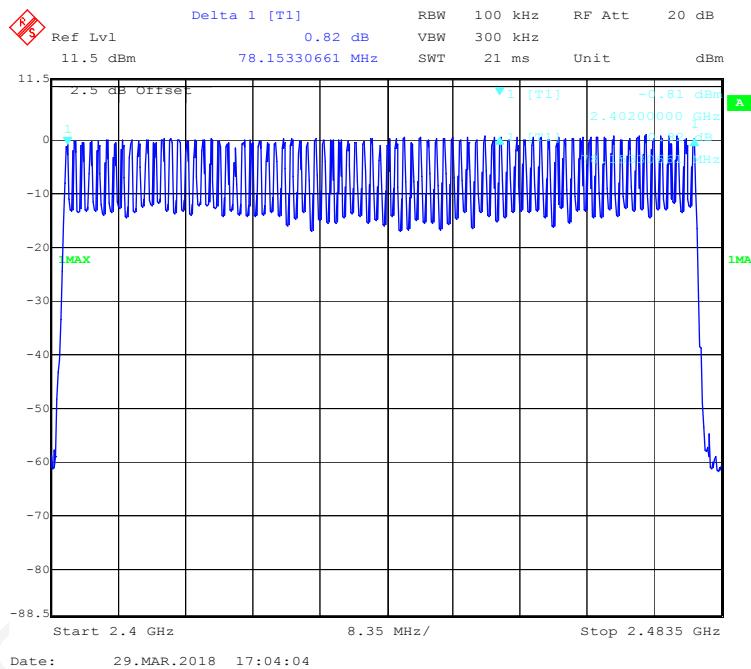
*The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-03-29.*

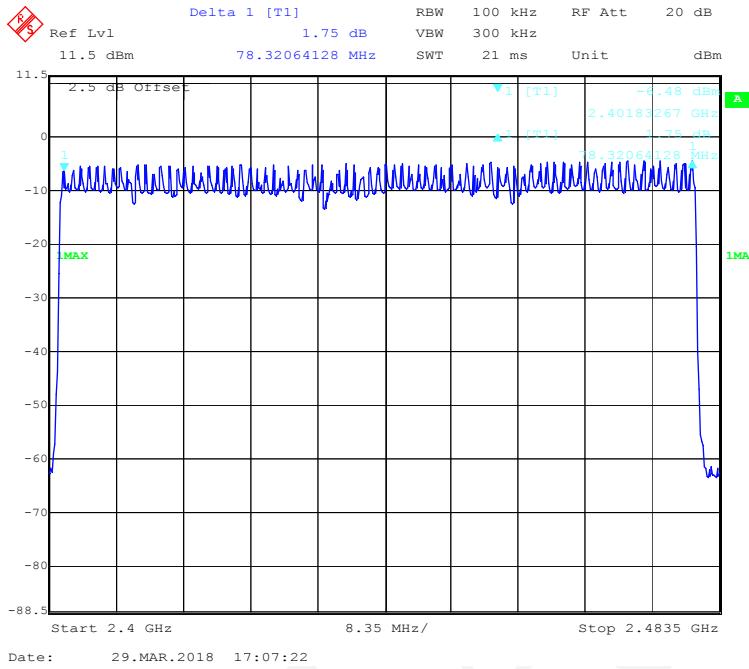
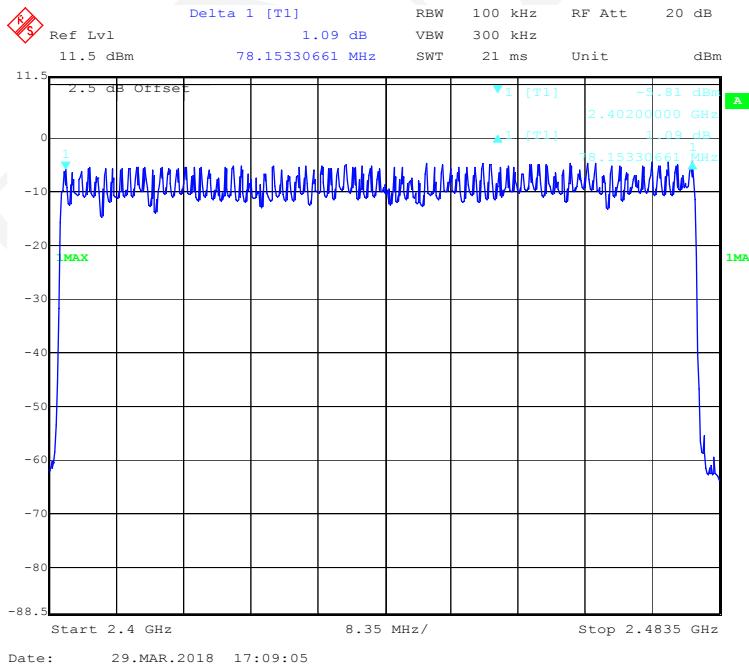
*EUT operation mode: Hopping*

*Test Result: Compliance.*

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channel (CH)	Limit (CH)
BDR (GFSK)	2400-2483.5	79	≥15
EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2400-2483.5	79	≥15
EDR (8DPSK)	2400-2483.5	79	≥15

### BDR (GFSK): Number of Hopping Channels



**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Number of Hopping Channels****EDR (8DPSK): Number of Hopping Channels**

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

### Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $\geq 1 / T$ , where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- c Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- d Detector function: Peak.
- e Trace: Max hold.

### Test Data

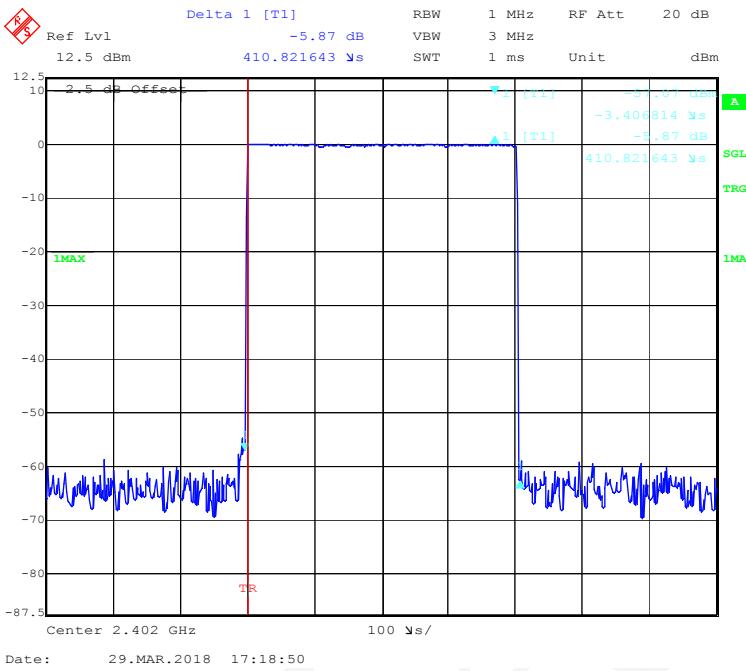
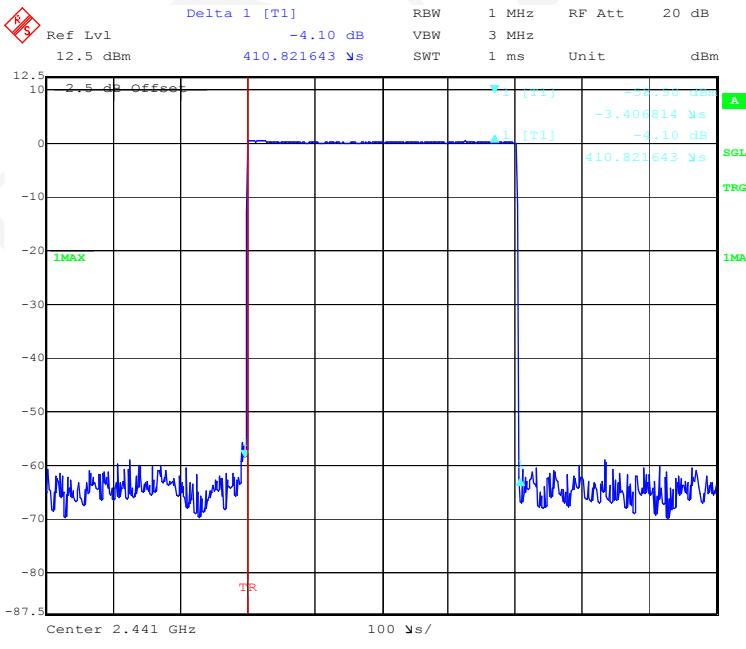
#### Environmental Conditions

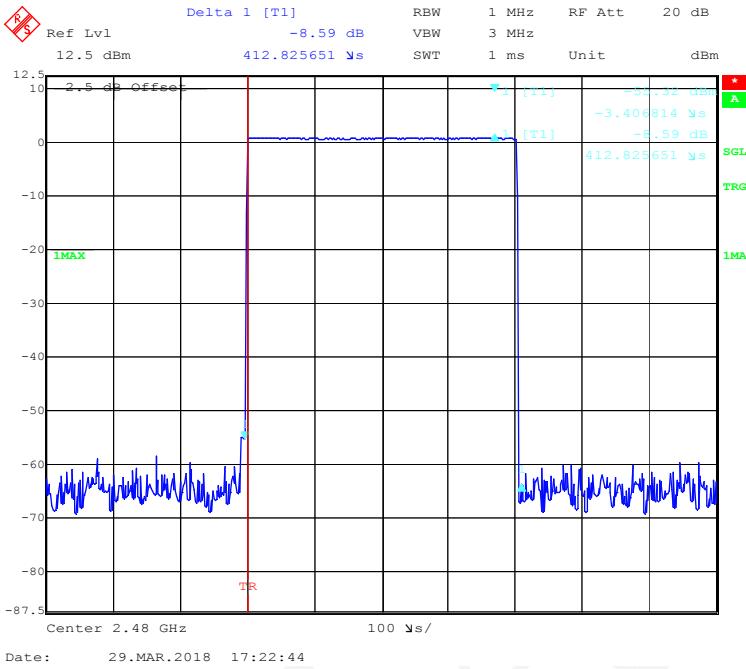
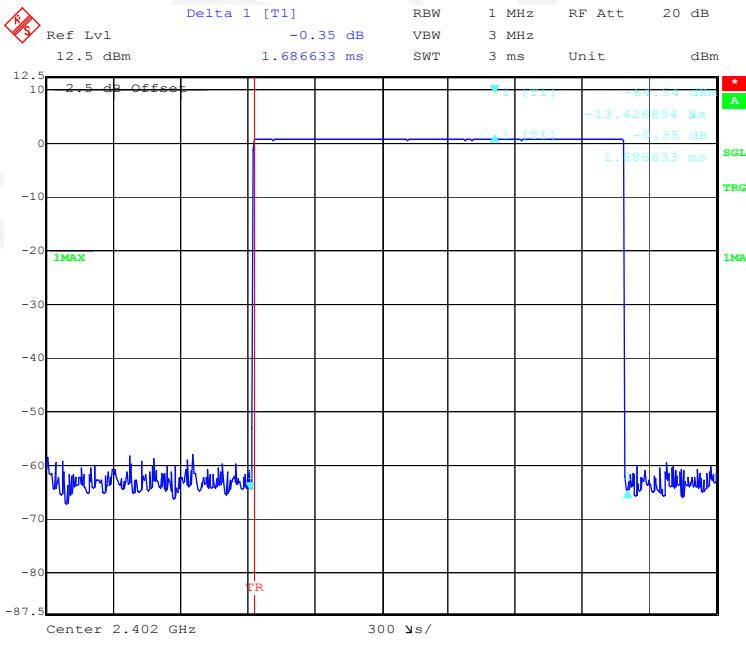
<b>Temperature:</b>	23.2 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2 kPa

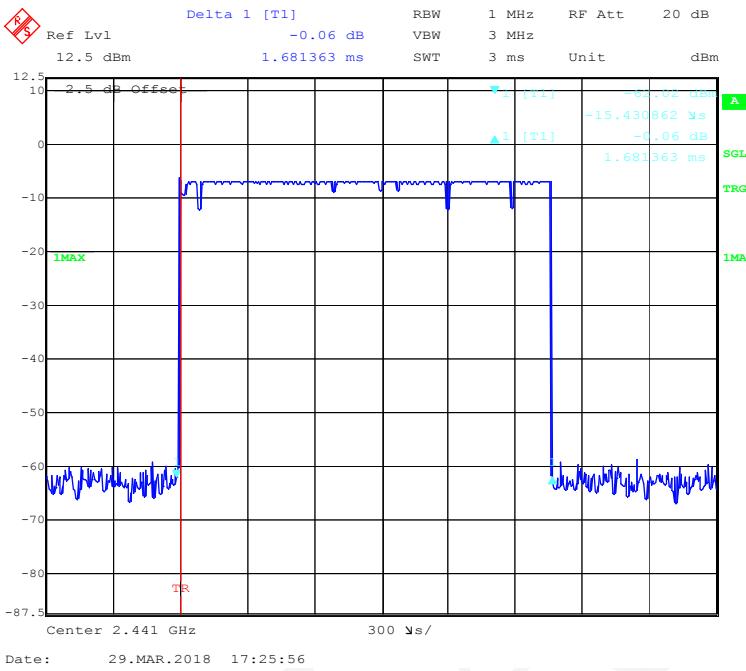
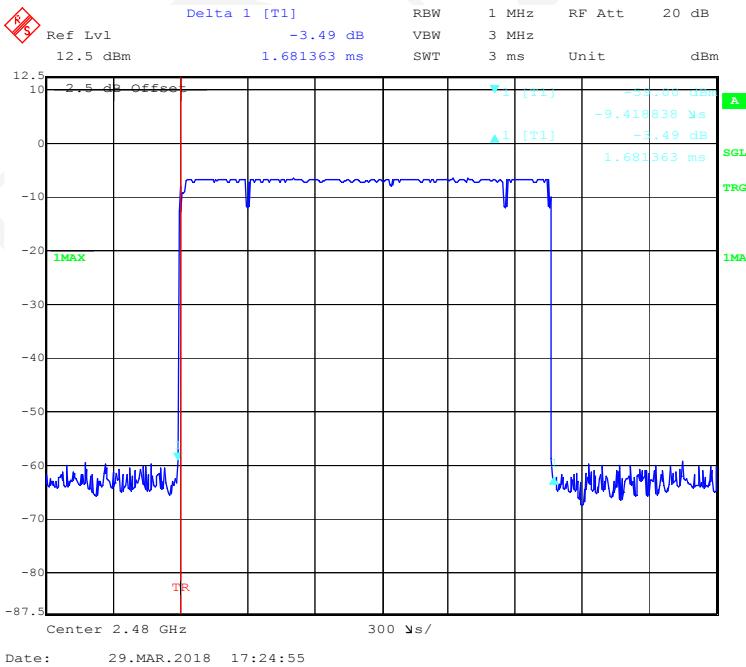
*The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-03-29.*

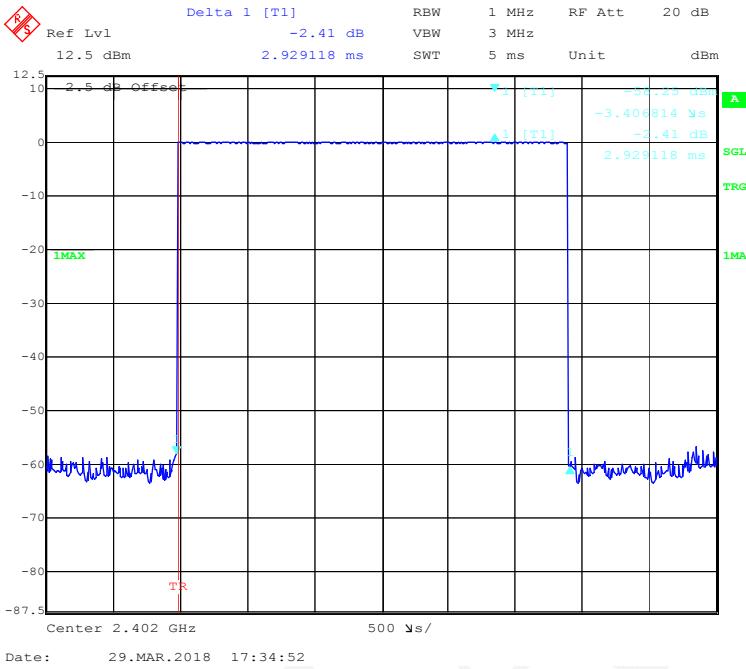
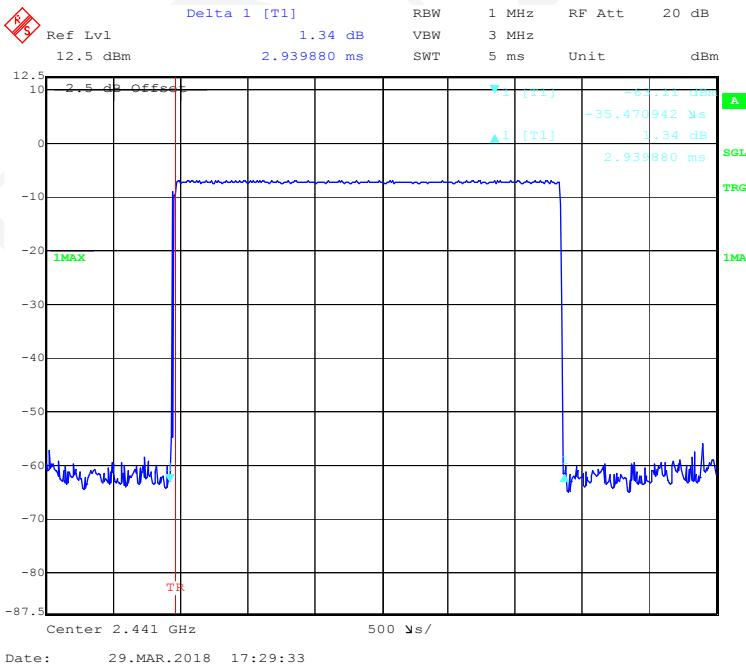
*EUT operation mode: Hopping*

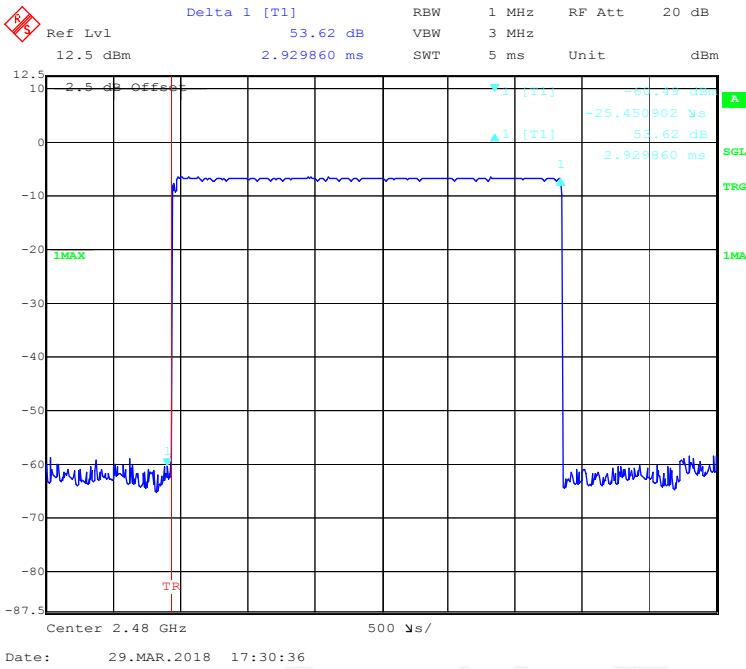
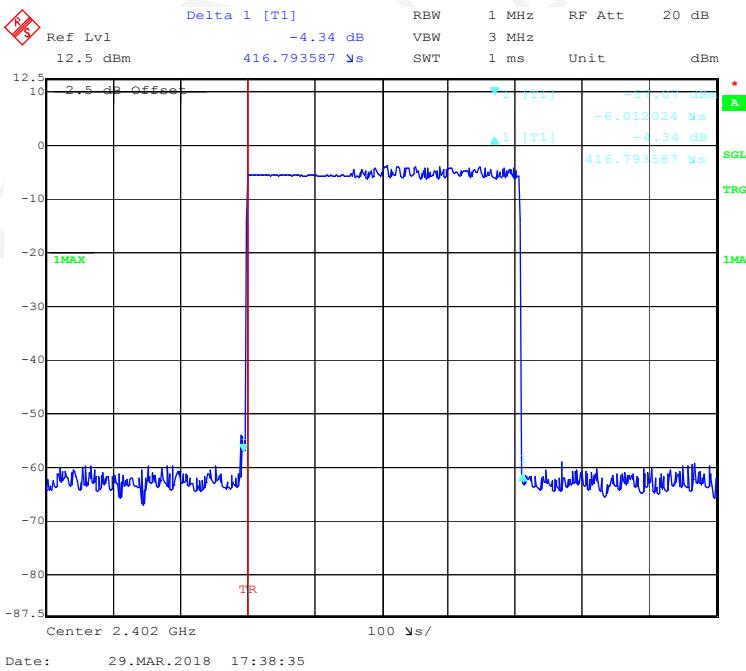
Mode		Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell Time (s)	Limit (s)	Result
BDR (GFSK)	DH1	Low	0.411	0.132	0.4	Pass
		Middle	0.411	0.132	0.4	Pass
		High	0.413	0.132	0.4	Pass
	Note: DH1:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/2/79)*31.6S					
	DH3	Low	1.687	0.270	0.4	Pass
		Middle	1.681	0.269	0.4	Pass
		High	1.681	0.269	0.4	Pass
	Note: DH3:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/4/79)*31.6S					
	DH5	Low	2.929	0.312	0.4	Pass
		Middle	2.940	0.314	0.4	Pass
		High	2.930	0.313	0.4	Pass
	Note: DH5:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/6/79)*31.6S					
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	2DH1	Low	0.417	0.133	0.4	Pass
		Middle	0.419	0.134	0.4	Pass
		High	0.416	0.133	0.4	Pass
	Note: 2DH1:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/2/79)*31.6S					
	2DH3	Low	1.689	0.270	0.4	Pass
		Middle	1.680	0.269	0.4	Pass
		High	1.686	0.270	0.4	Pass
	Note: 2DH3:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/4/79)*31.6S					
	2DH5	Low	2.938	0.313	0.4	Pass
		Middle	2.948	0.314	0.4	Pass
		High	2.969	0.317	0.4	Pass
	Note: 2DH5:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/6/79)*31.6S					
EDR (8DPSK)	3DH1	Low	0.416	0.133	0.4	Pass
		Middle	0.422	0.135	0.4	Pass
		High	0.418	0.134	0.4	Pass
	Note: 3 DH1:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/2/79)*31.6S					
	3DH3	Low	1.699	0.272	0.4	Pass
		Middle	1.699	0.272	0.4	Pass
		High	1.699	0.272	0.4	Pass
	Note: 3DH3:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/4/79)*31.6S					
	3DH5	Low	2.951	0.315	0.4	Pass
		Middle	2.971	0.317	0.4	Pass
		High	2.971	0.317	0.4	Pass
	Note: 3DH5:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/6/79)*31.6S					

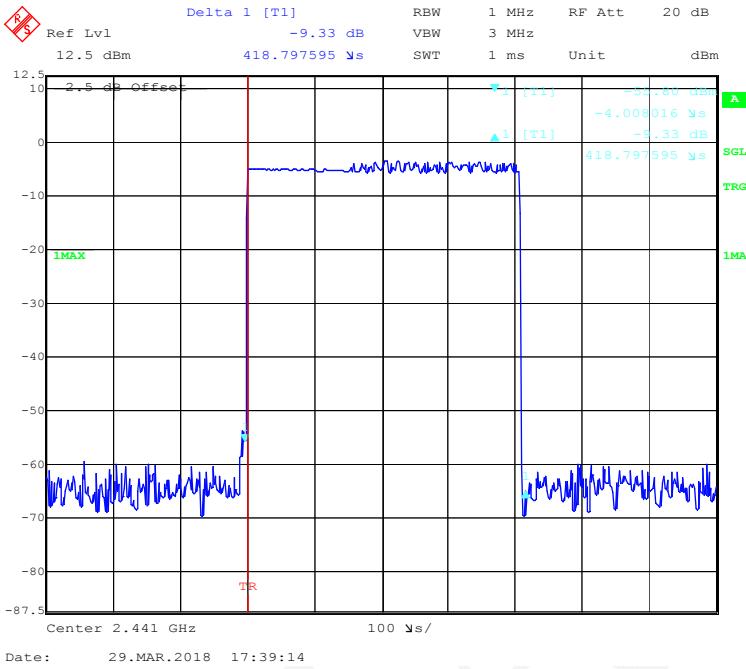
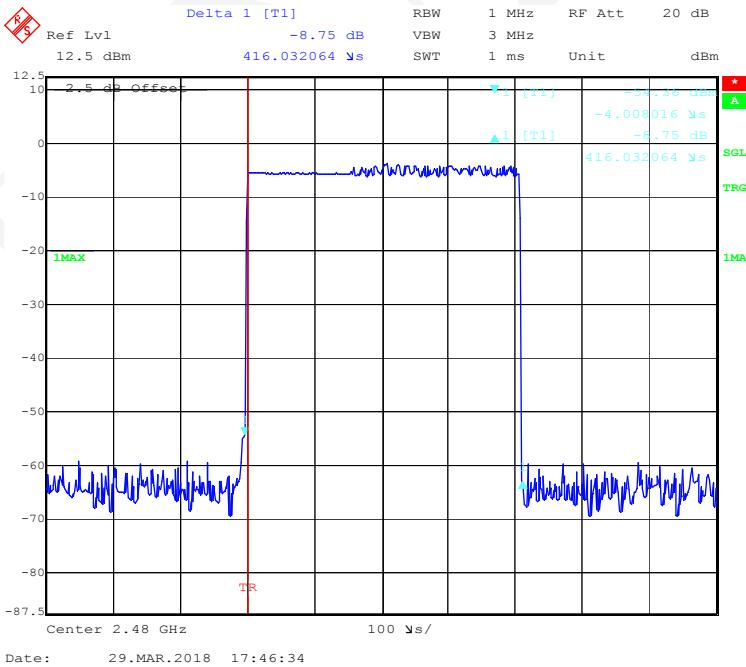
**BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, DH1****BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, DH1**

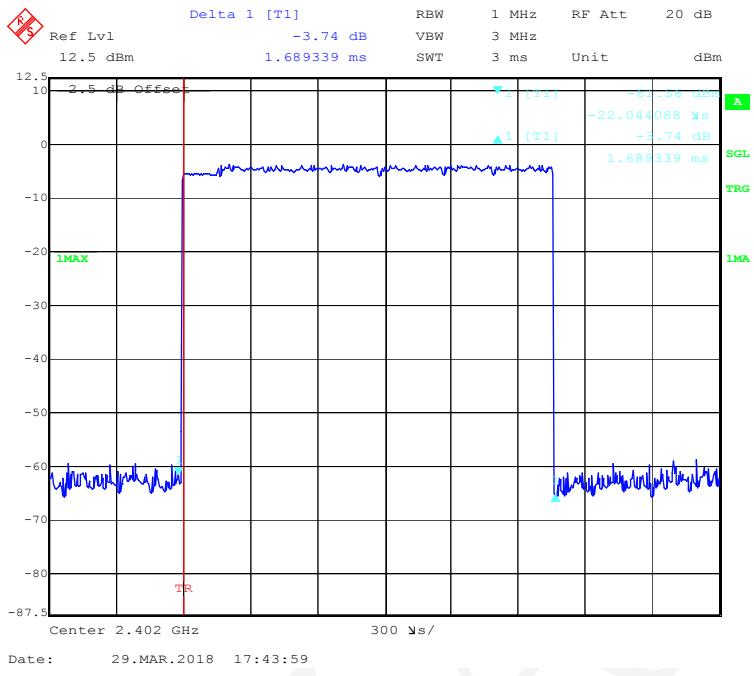
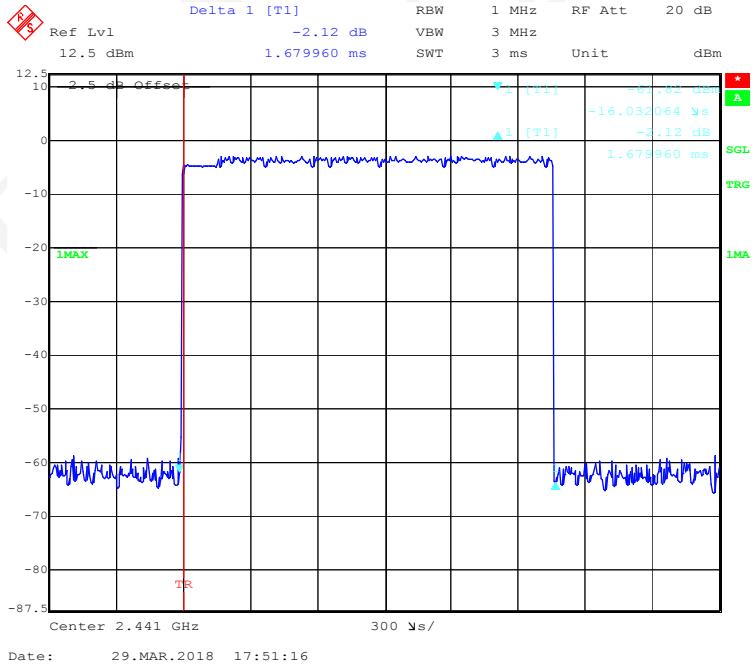
**BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, High Channel, DH1****BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, DH3**

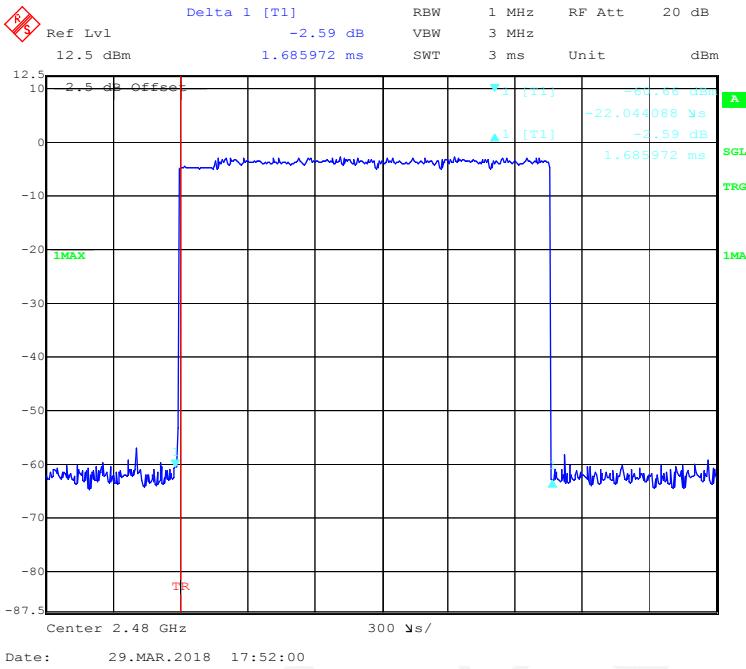
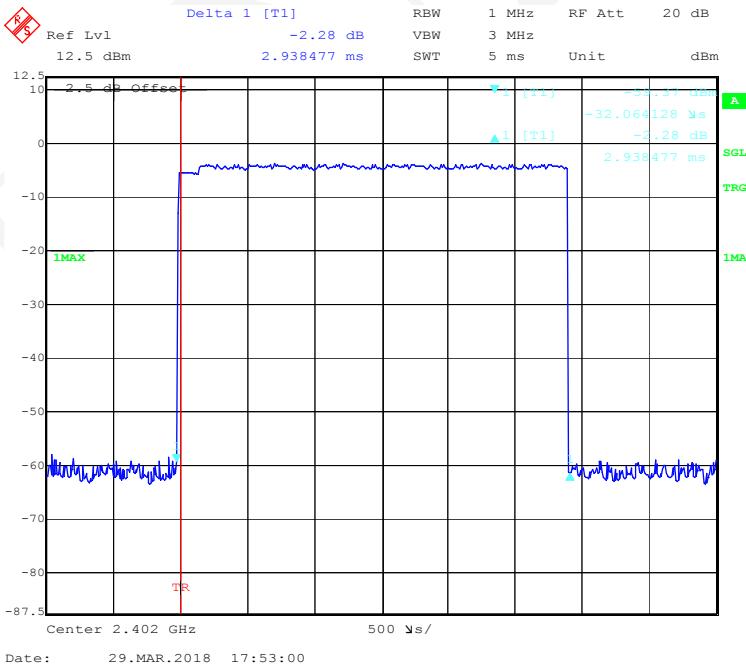
**BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, DH3****BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, High Channel, DH3**

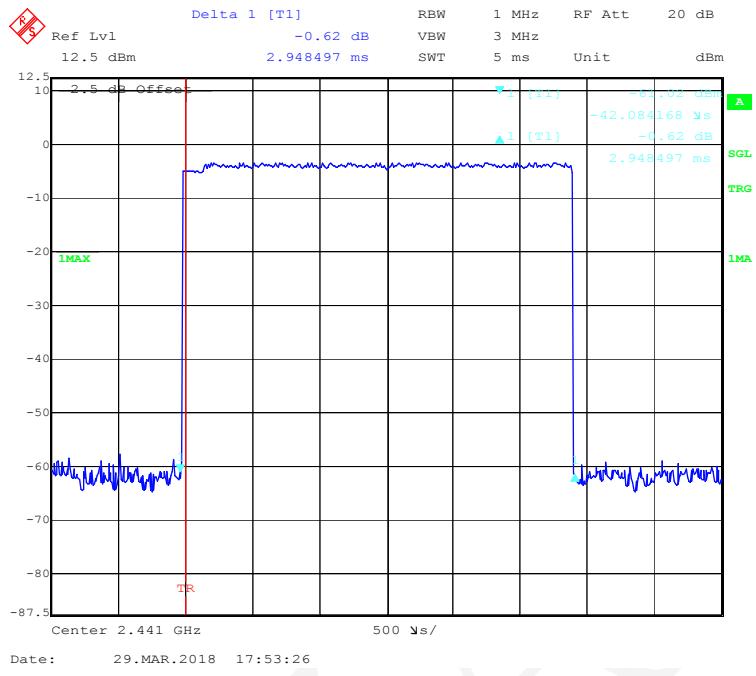
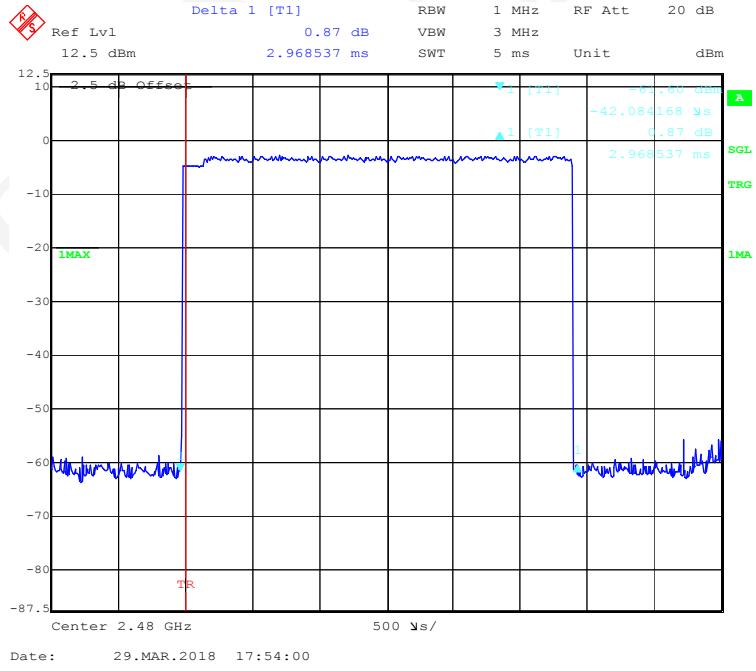
**BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, DH5****BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, DH5**

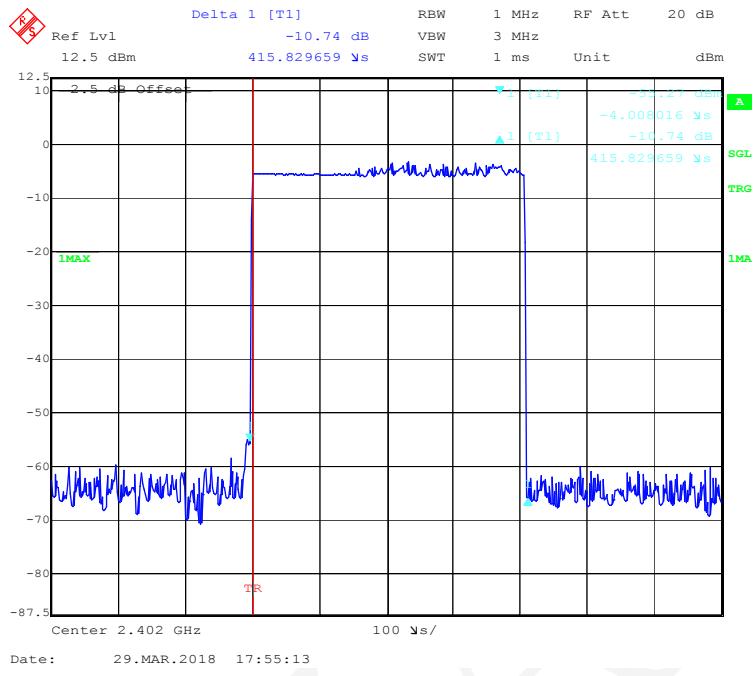
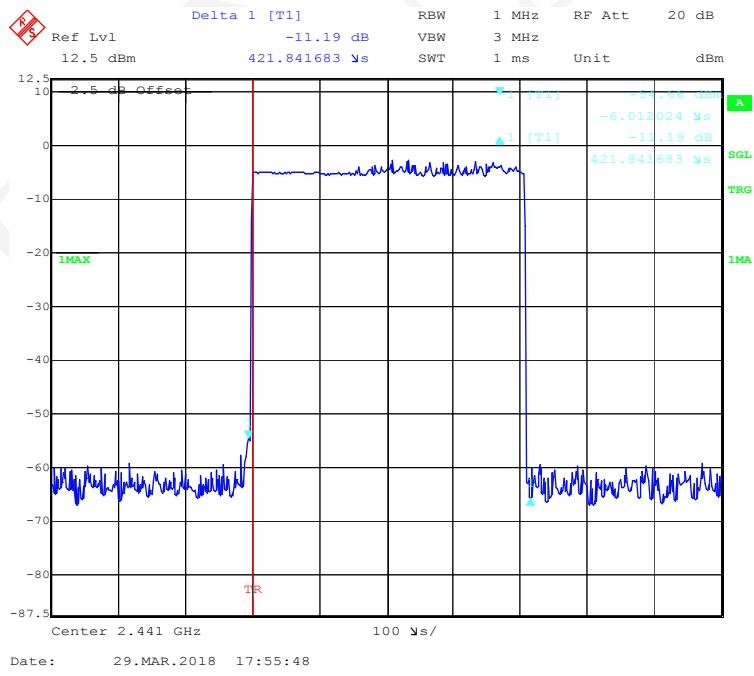
**BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, High Channel, DH5****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 2DH1**

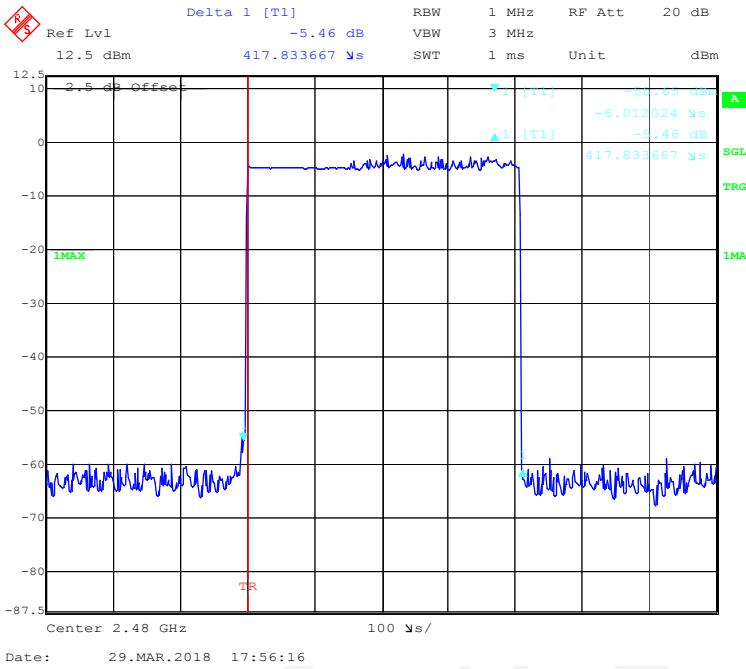
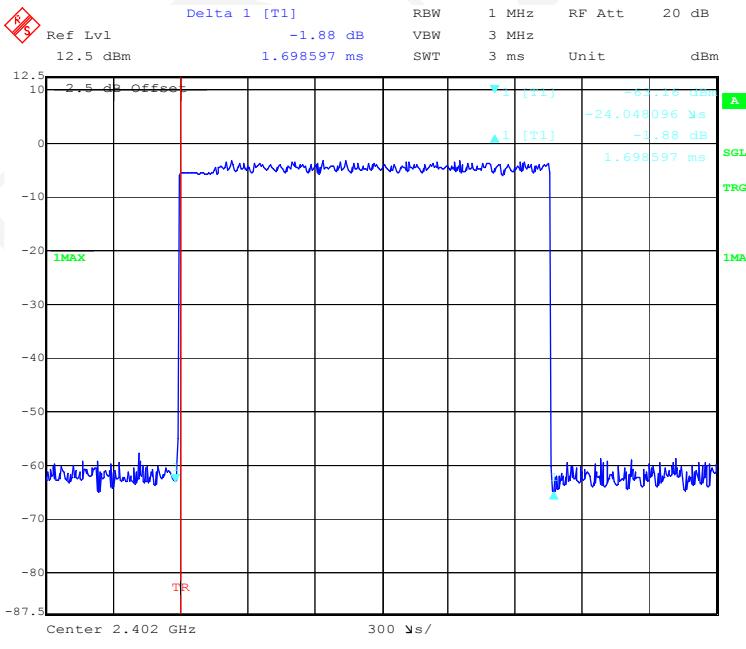
**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, Middle Channel, 2DH1****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, High Channel, 2DH1**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, Low Channel, 2DH3****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, Middle Channel, 2DH3**

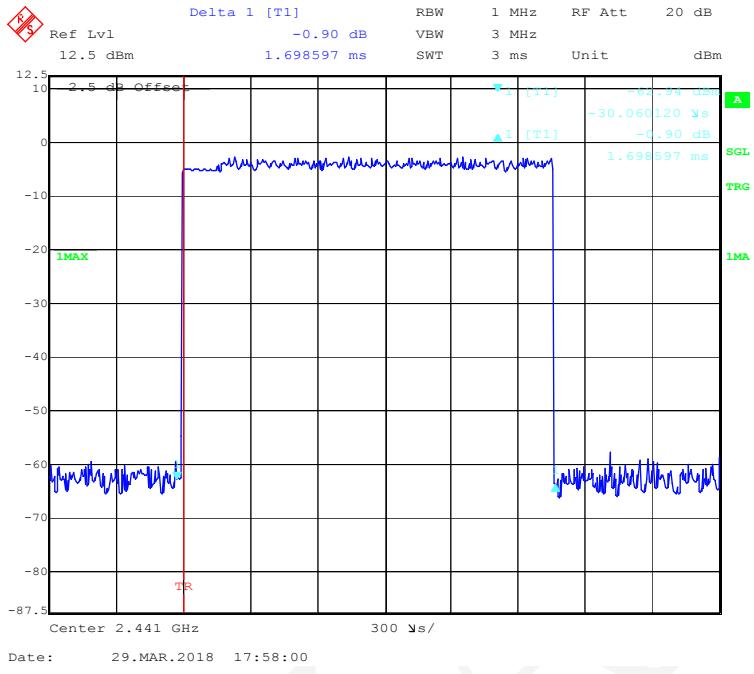
**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, High Channel, 2DH3****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, Low Channel, 2DH5**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, Middle Channel, 2DH5****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK):Pulse time, High Channel, 2DH5**

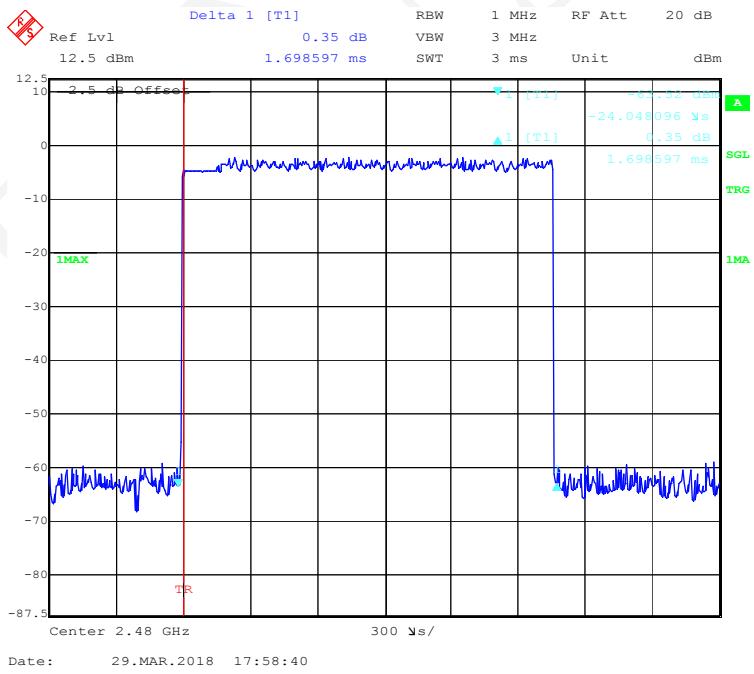
**EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 3DH1****EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, 3DH1**

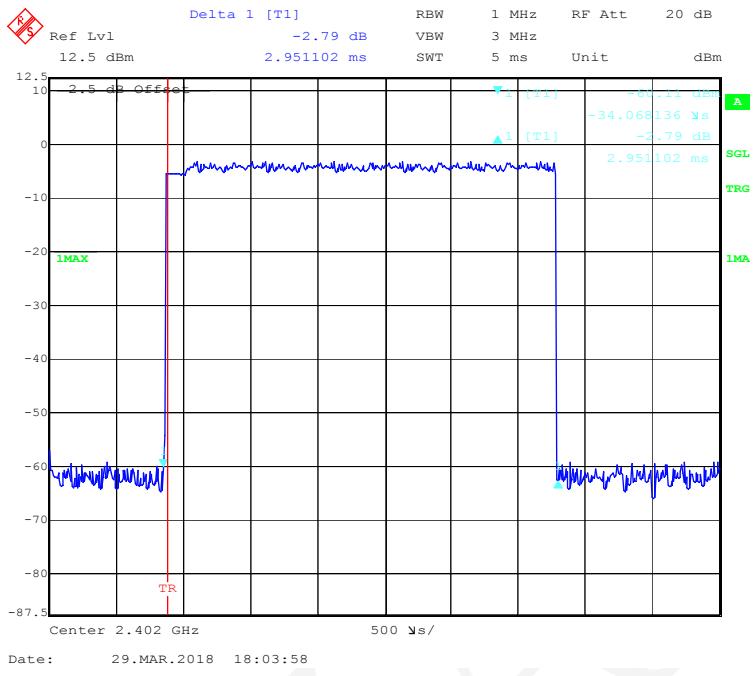
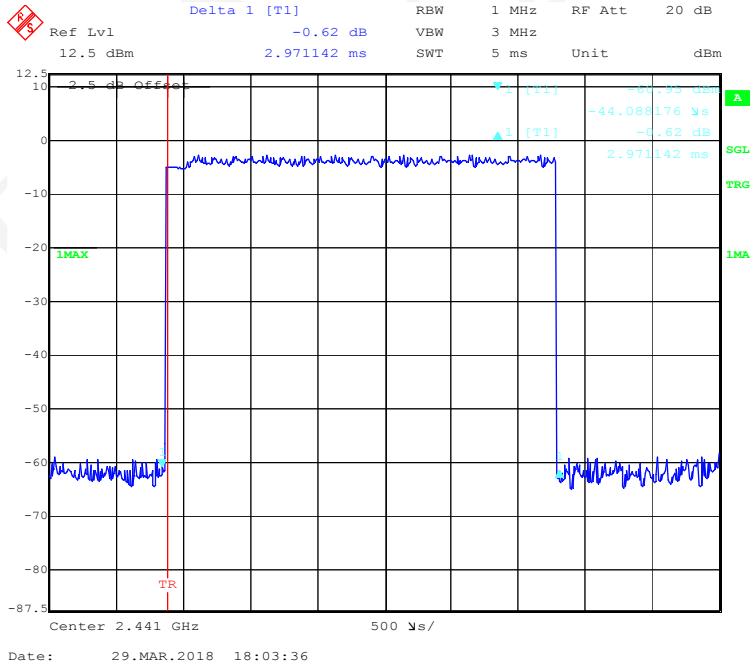
**EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, High Channel, 3DH1****EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 3DH3**

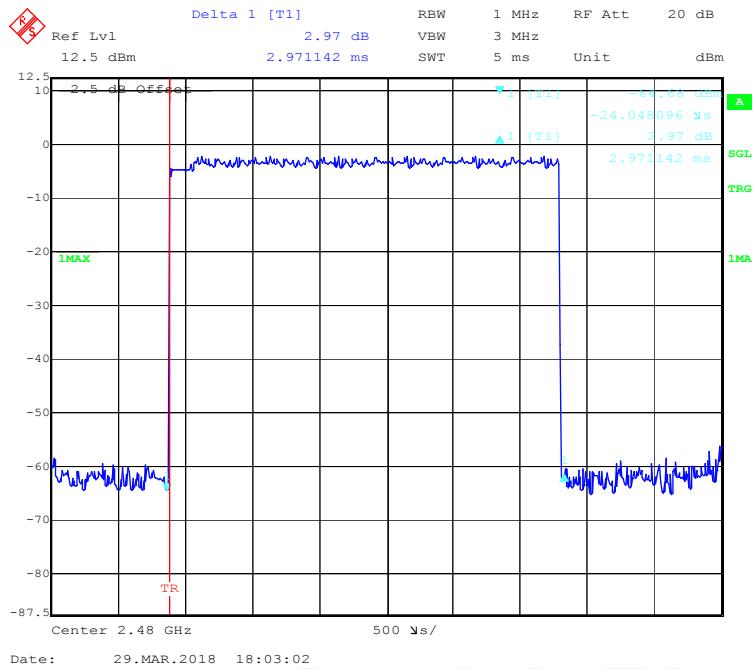
## **EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, 3DH3**



## **EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, High Channel, 3DH3**



**EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 3DH5****EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, 3DH5**

**EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, High Channel, 3DH5**

## FCC §15.247(b) (1) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Applicable Standard

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

### Test Procedure

- a. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
  - 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
  - 3) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
  - 4) Sweep: Auto.
  - 5) Detector function: Peak.
  - 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b. Allow trace to stabilize.
- c. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d. The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
- e. A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

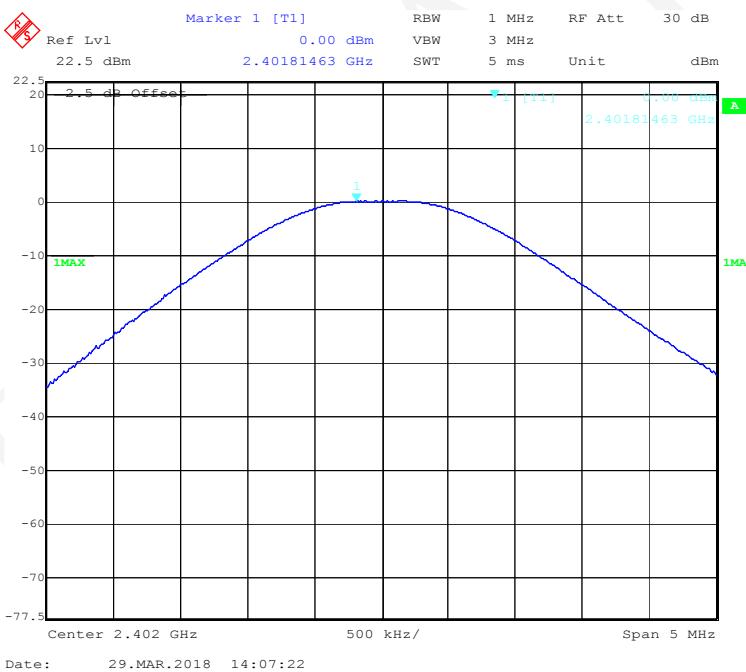
<b>Temperature:</b>	23.2 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.2 kPa

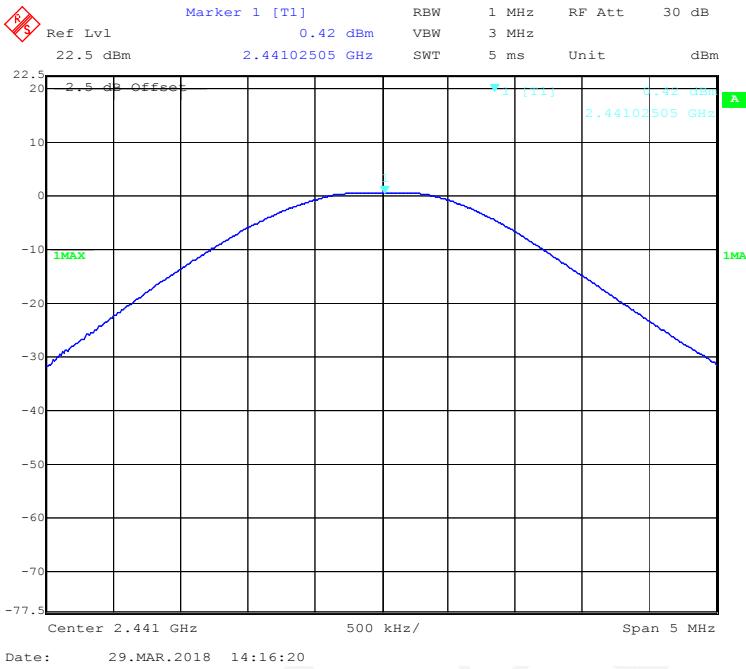
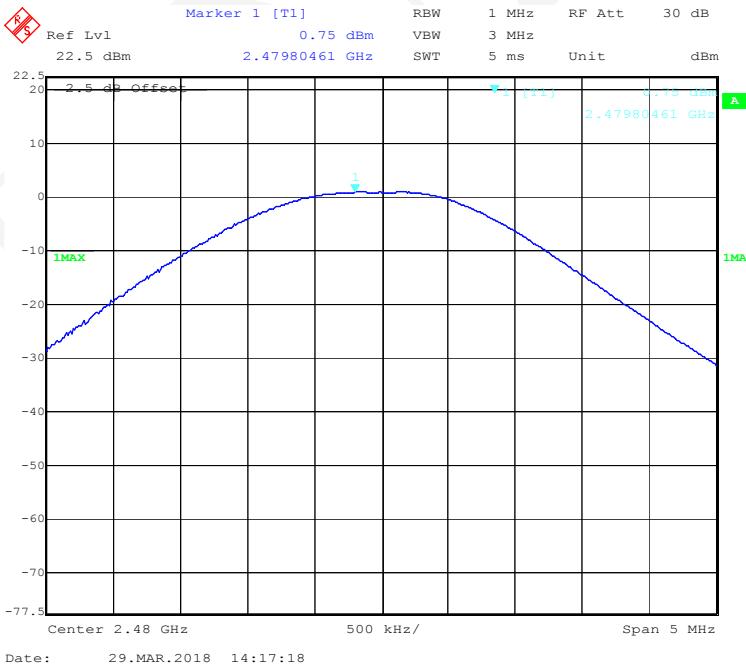
The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-03-29 to 2018-05-10.

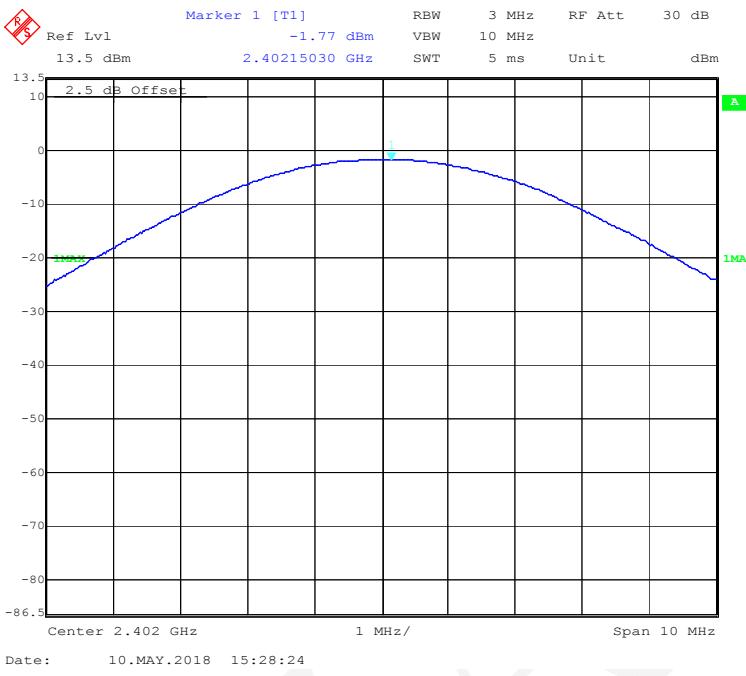
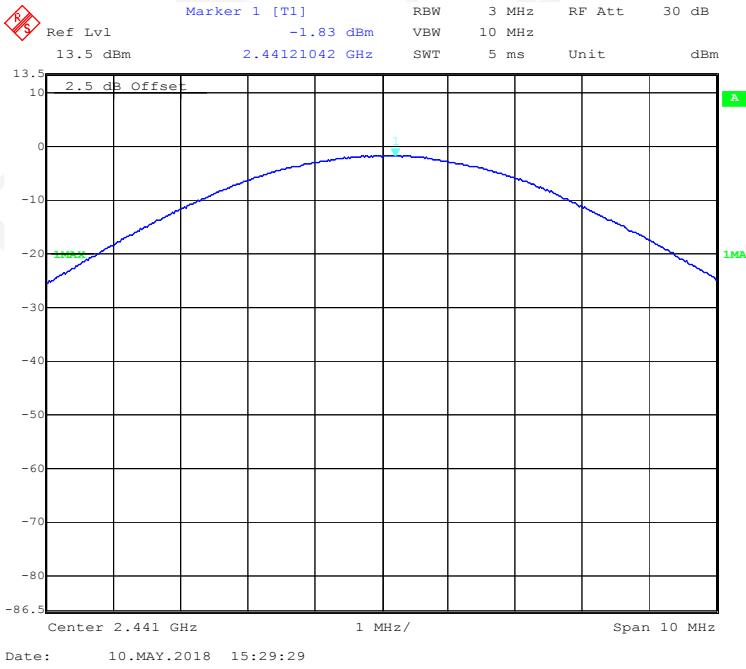
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

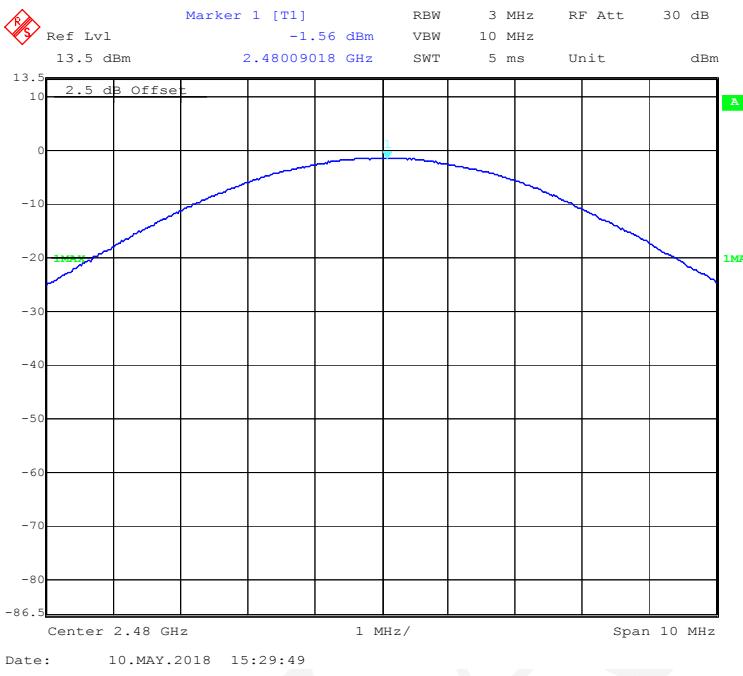
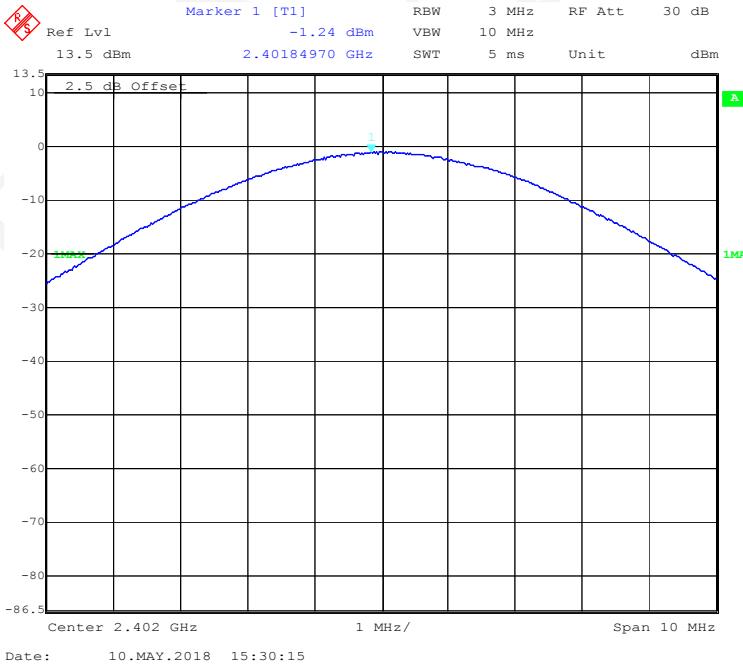
Test Result: Compliance.

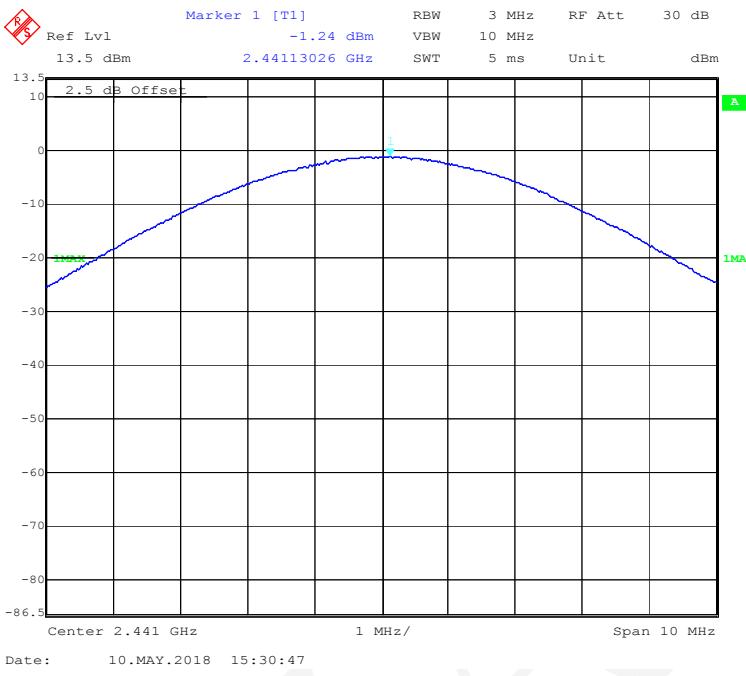
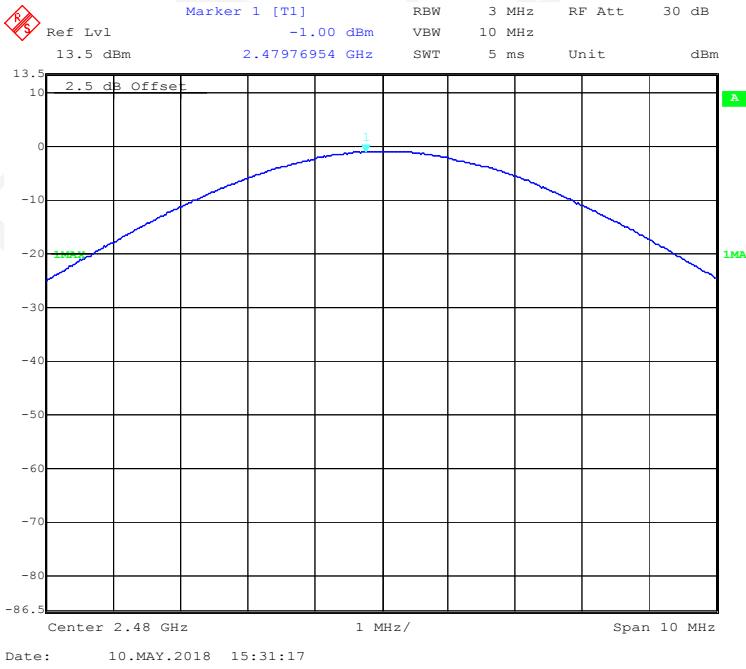
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Limit (mW)
		(dBm)	(mW)	
<b>BDR (GFSK)</b>	2402	0.00	1.00	1000
	2441	0.42	1.10	1000
	2480	0.75	1.19	1000
<b>EDR (<math>\pi/4</math>-DQPSK)</b>	2402	-1.77	0.67	125
	2441	-1.83	0.66	125
	2480	-1.56	0.70	125
<b>EDR (8DPSK)</b>	2402	-1.24	0.75	125
	2441	-1.24	0.75	125
	2480	-1.00	0.79	125

**BDR (GFSK): 2402MHz**

**BDR (GFSK): 2441MHz****BDR (GFSK): 2480MHz**

**EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): 2402MHz****EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): 2441MHz**

**EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): 2480MHz****EDR(8DPSK): 2402MHz**

**EDR(8DPSK): 2441MHz****EDR(8DPSK): 2480MHz**

## FCC §15.247(d) - BAND EDGES TESTING

### Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates Compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### Test Data

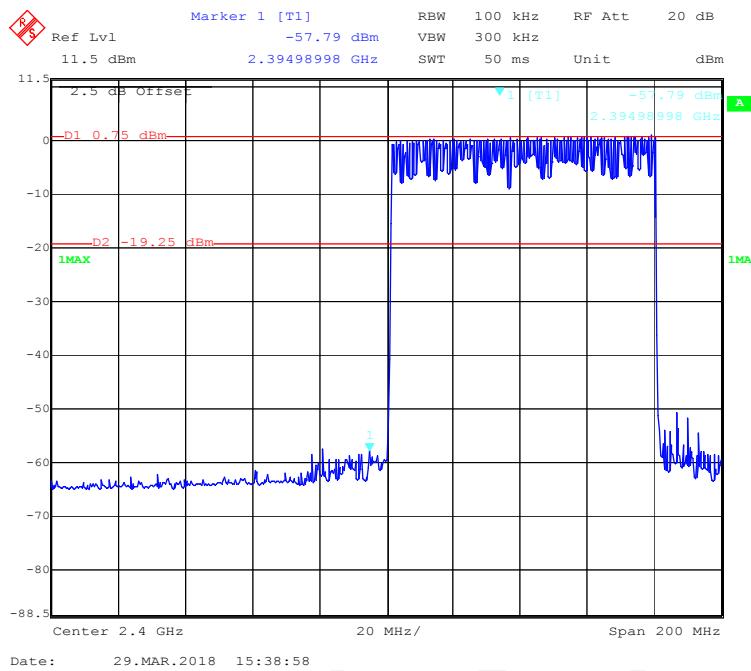
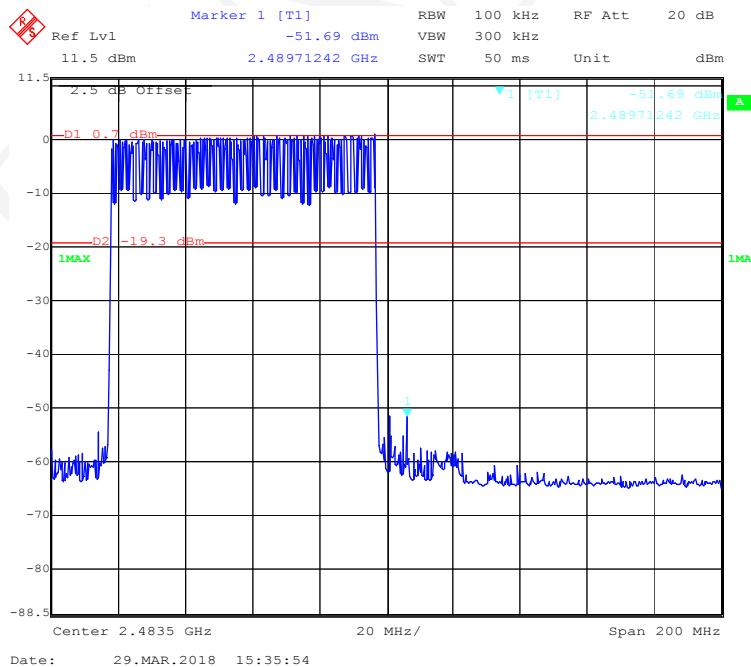
#### Environmental Conditions

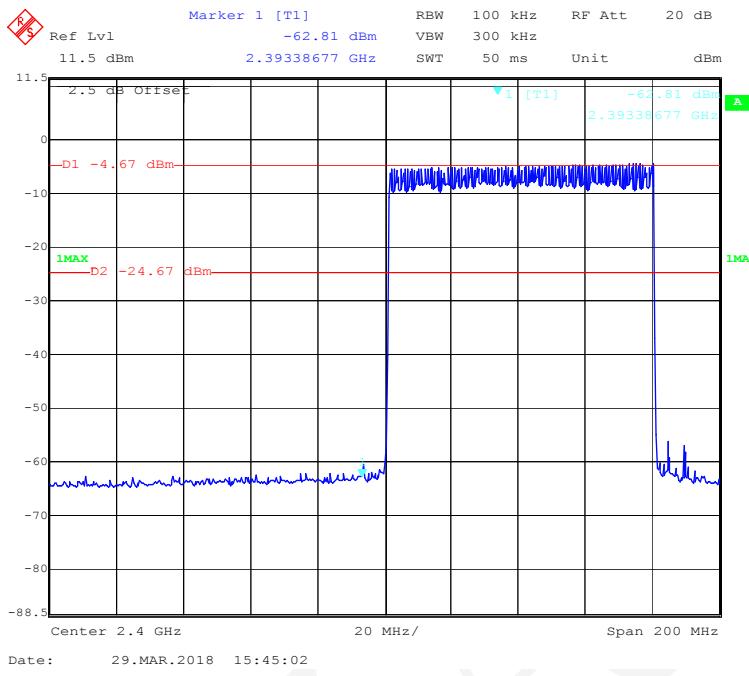
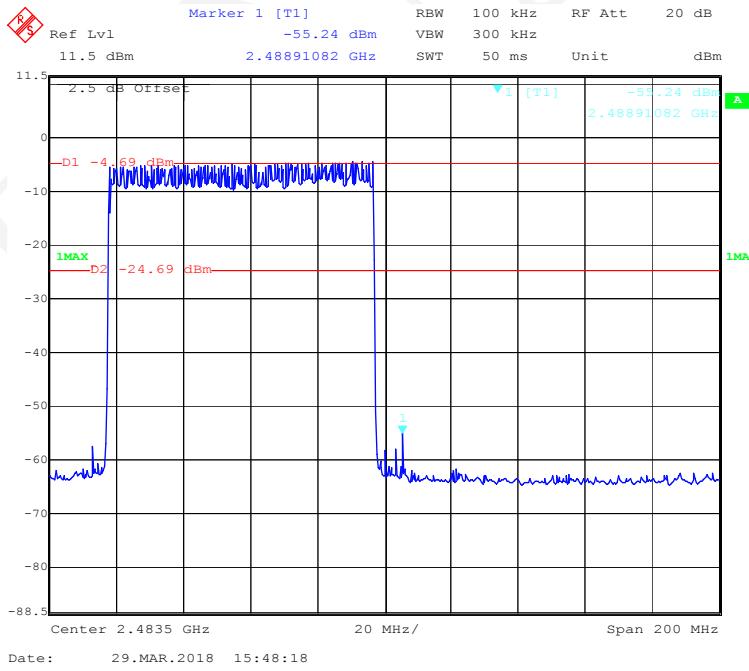
Temperature:	23.2 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

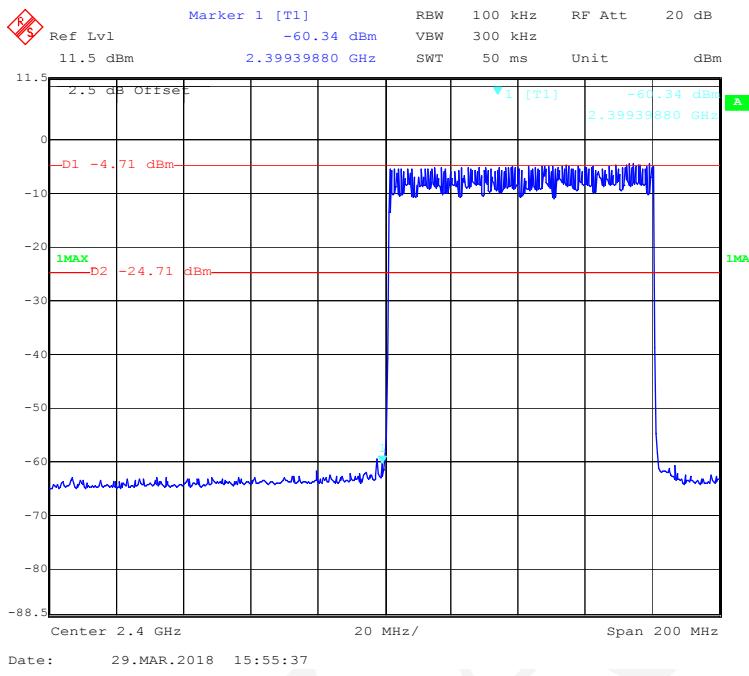
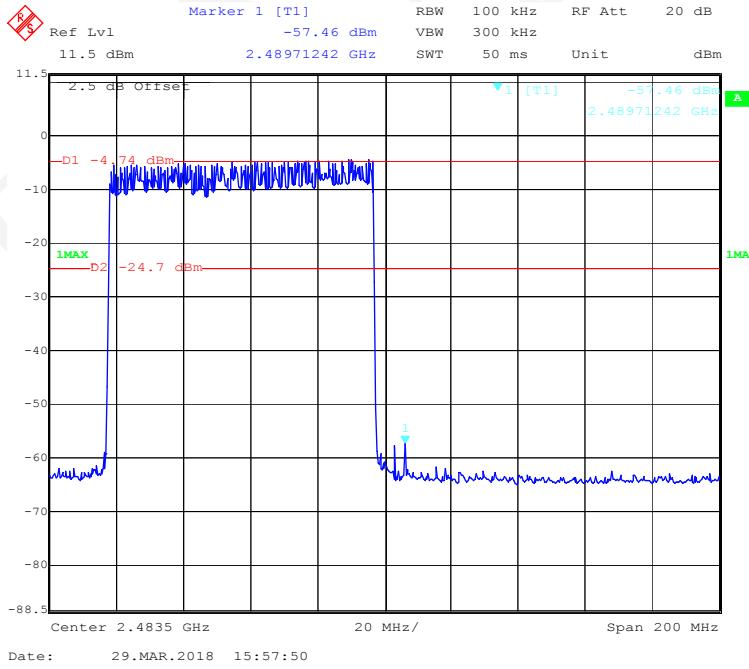
The testing was performed by Mark Yu on 2018-03-29.

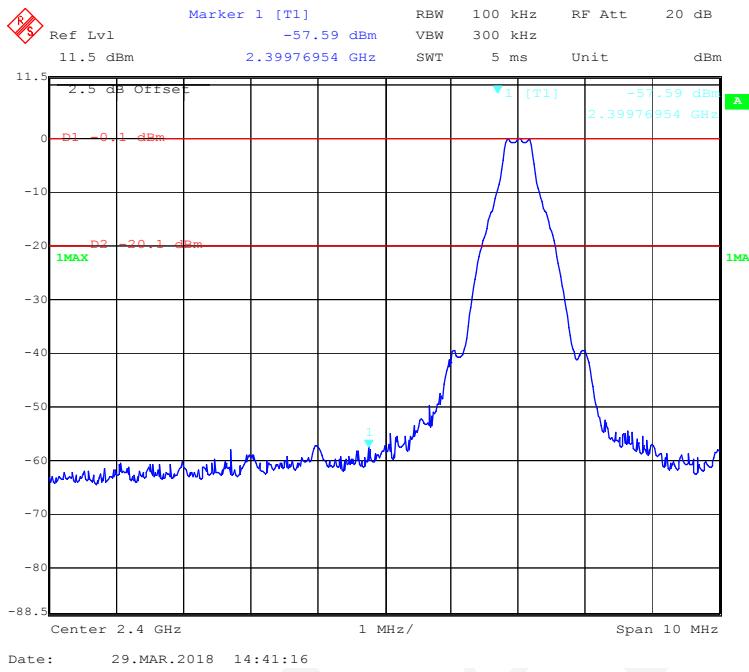
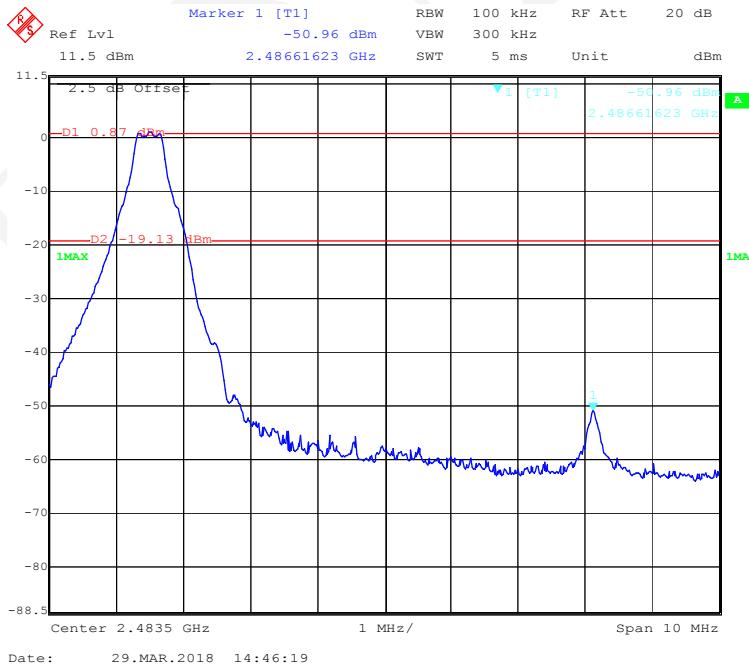
EUT operation mode: Transmitting & Hopping

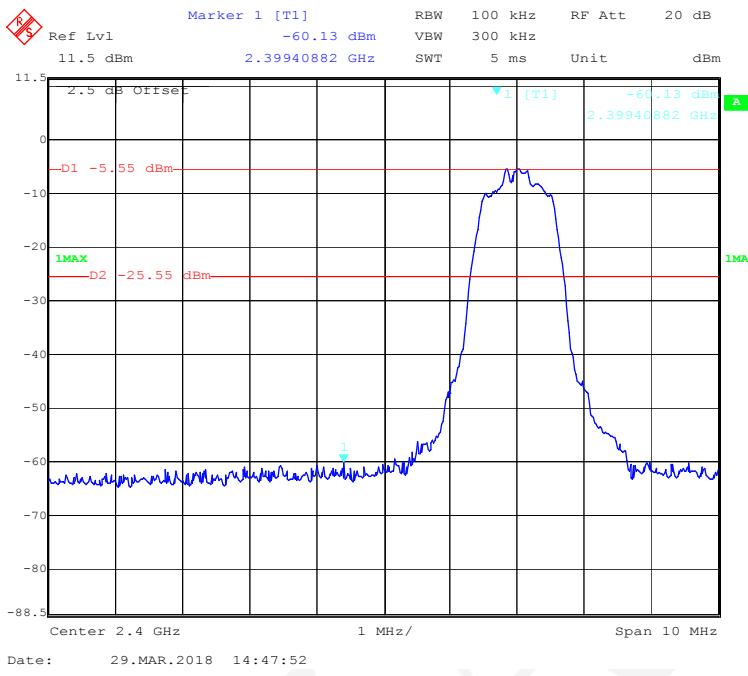
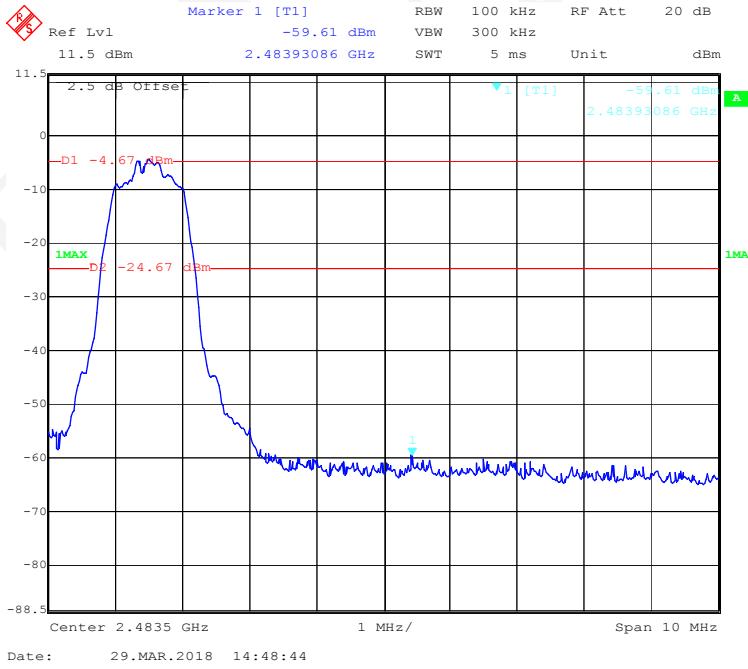
Test Result: Compliance.

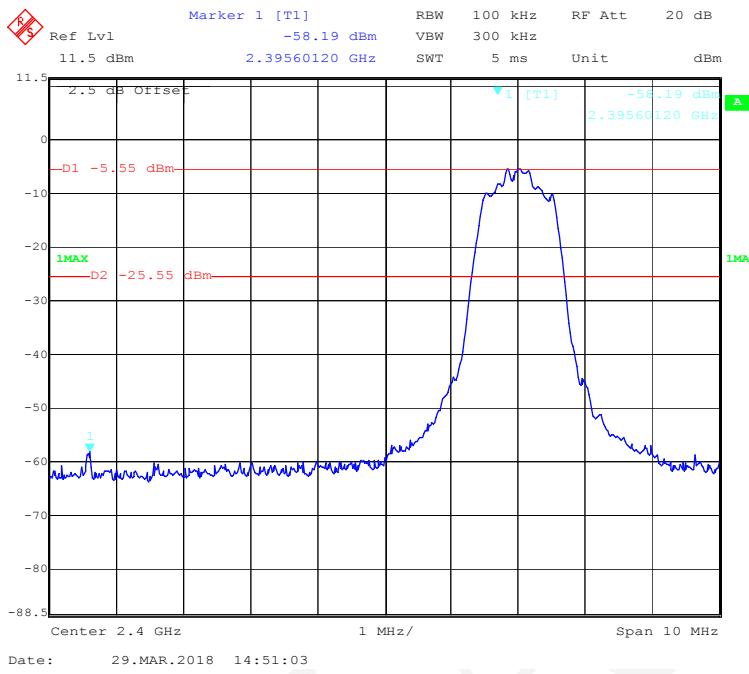
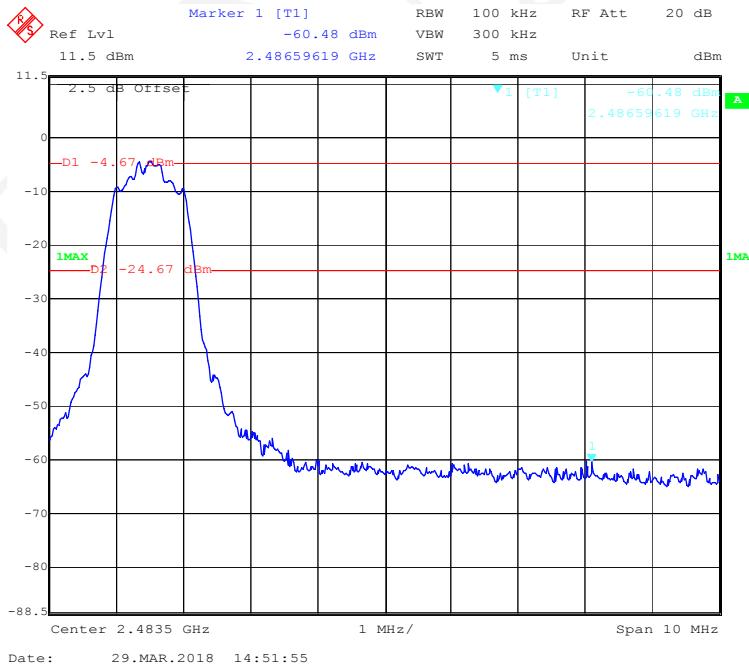
**Band Edge****BDR (GFSK): Left Side - Hopping****BDR (GFSK): Right Side - Hopping**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Left Side - Hopping****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Right Side - Hopping**

**EDR (8DPSK): Left Side - Hopping****EDR (8DPSK): Right Side - Hopping**

**BDR (GFSK): Left Side****BDR (GFSK): Right Side**

**EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Left Side****EDR ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK): Right Side**

**EDR (8DPSK): Left Side****EDR (8DPSK): Right Side**

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*