RF Exposure Lab

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Intel Corporation 100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 Columbia, SC 29210 Dates of Test: Test Report Number: March 12-15, 2020 SAR.20200309

FCC ID: IC Certificate: Model(s): Product Variant: Test Sample: Serial Number: Equipment Type: Classification: TX Frequency Range: Frequency Tolerance: Maximum RF Output:	PD99462NG (Contains Model 9462NGW) 1000M-9462NG (Contains Model 9462NGW) P126G P126G VL Engineering Unit Same as Production Eng 1 & Eng 2 Wireless Module Installed in Notebook/Tablet Portable Transmitter Next to Body 2412 – 2462 MHz; 5180 – 5320 MHz; 5500 – 5700 MHz; 5745 – 5825 MHz ± 2.5 ppm 2450 MHz (b) – 17.00 dB, 2450 MHz (g) – 17.00 dB, 2450 MHz (n20) – 17.00 dB, 2450 MHz (n40) – 17.00 dB, 5250 MHz (a) – 13.50 dB, 5250 MHz (n20) – 13.50 dB, 5250 MHz (n40) – 13.50 dB, 5250 MHz (ac80) – 13.50 dB, 5250 MHz (ac160) – 13.50 dB, 5600 MHz (a) – 13.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n20) – 13.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n40) – 13.50 dB, 5600 MHz (ac80) – 13.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n2160) – 13.50 dB, 5800 MHz (a) – 13.50 dB,
Signal Modulation: Antenna Type: Application Type: FCC Rule Parts: KDB Test Methodology: Industry Canada: Maximum SAR Value: Maximum Simultaneous SAR: Separation Distance to Probe: Separation Distance to Antenna:	5800 MHz (n20) – 13.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n40) – 13.50 dB, 5800 MHz (ac80) – 13.50 dB Conducted DSSS, OFDM HongBo, P/N 260-27408 (Tx1) & 260-27409 (Tx2); WNC, P/N 025.901ND.0011 (Tx1) & 025.901NE.0011 (Tx2); PIFA Antenna Certification Part 2, 15C, 15E KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 248227 v02r02, KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6 0.89 W/kg Reported 0.01 Separation Ratio 0 mm 2.65 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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Date
March 16, 2020

Note: The latest version supersedes all previous versions listed in the above table. The latest version shall be used.



1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Intel Corporation Model 9462NGW installed in Dell Model P126G FCC ID: PD99462NG with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 1000M-9462NG with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Intel Corporation Model 9462NGW installed in Dell Model P126G and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures and limits, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the 9462NGW installed in Dell Model P126G Wireless Modem. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11bgn20	N/A	15.5	±1.5	14.0	17.0
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11n40	N/A	15.5	±1.5	14.0	17.0
WLAN – 5 GHz Band I	802.11an20	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band I	802.11n40	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band I	802.11ac80	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band I	802.11ac160	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band IIA	802.11an20	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band IIA	802.11n40	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band IIA	802.11ac80	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band IIC	802.11an20n40	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band IIC	802.11ac80	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band IIC	802.11ac160	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band III	802.11an20	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band III	802.11n40	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band III	802.11ac80	N/A	12.0	±1.5	10.5	13.5
BT – BDR	Bluetooth	N/A	10.0	±1.5	8.5	11.5
BT – EDR2 & EDR3	Bluetooth	N/A	9.5	±1.5	8.0	11.0
BT – BLE	Bluetooth	N/A	7.5	±1.5	6.0	9.0



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



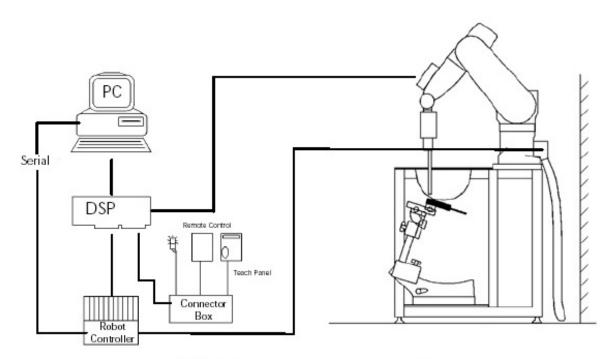
2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.







System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with autozeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

- Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz
- Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
- Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)



- Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB
- Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm
- Tip length: 20 mm
- Body diameter: 12 mm
- Tip diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm
- Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of wireless device



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique

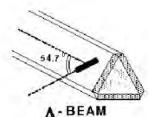


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

SAR =
$$C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$\mathsf{SAR} = \frac{\left|\mathsf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

simulated tissue conductivity,

Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

where:

where:

σ

ρ

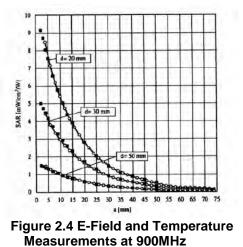
 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;



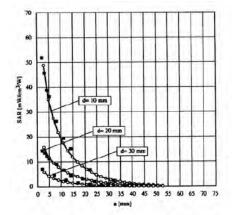


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below:

$$F_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
 with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_{i} = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 Cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_{i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-fi

E

field probes:	V_i Norm, = sensor sensitivity of chan V_i $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field prob	= compensated signal of channel i $(i = x,y,z)$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i $(i = x,y,z)$	
$F_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$		ConvF	μV/(V/m) ² for E-field probes = sensitivity of enhancement in solution = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{bd} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$	with	SAR Etor	 local specific absorption rate in W/g total field strength in V/m
Press		σ	= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
		ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm ³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{puv} = \frac{E_{hut}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm2 = total electric field strength in V/m$



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x - and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm				
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm				
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm				

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

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• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing					
r requericy range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom:	
Shell Material:	
Thickness:	

SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) Vivac Composite 2.0 ± 0.2 mm

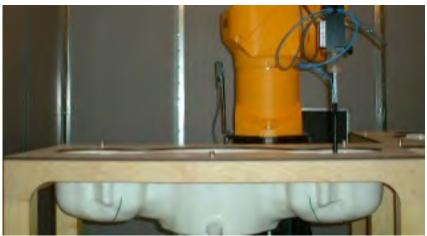


Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worstcase condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528-2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

		Simulating Tissue				
Ingredients	2450 MHz Head	5250 MHz Head	5600 MHz Head	5785 MHz Head		
Mixing Percentage						
Water						
Sugar		Proprietary Mixture				
Salt						
HEC		Procured from Speag				
Bactericide						
DGBE						
Dielectric Constant Targ	et 39.20	35.93	35.53	35.36		
Conductivity (S/m) Targ	1.80 4.71 5.07 5.22					

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue



5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters							
		2450 MHz Head		5250 MHz Head			
Date(s)	Mar. 14, 2		14, 2020	Mar.	12, 2020		
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured		
Dielectric Constant: ε		39.20	38.48	35.93	35.40		
Conductivity: σ		1.80	1.82	4.71	4.75		
		5600	5600 MHz Head		MHz Head		
Date(s)		Mar. 12, 2020		Mar 12, 2020			
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured		
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.53	34.98	35.36	34.81		
Conductivity: σ		5.07	5.13	5.22	5.30		

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

 Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation Target and Fast SAR to SAR (%)	Plot Number
14-Mar-2020	2450 MHz	51.70	51.90	Head	+ 0.39	1
12-Mar-2020	5250 MHz	82.80	83.80	Head	+ 1.21	2
12-Mar-2020	5600 MHz	85.40	86.50	Head	+ 1.29	3
12-Mar-2020	5750 MHz	83.90	85.40	Head	+ 1.79	4

See Appendix A for data plots.

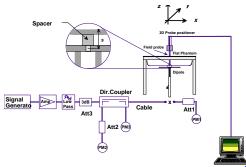
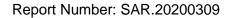


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup





8. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The EUT was tested in the tablet configuration of the device. The EUT was tested on all sides of the device where the antenna was within 25 mm of that side. All measurements were conducted with the side of the device in direct contact with the phantom. For sides of the antenna which were not measured in this report, the SAR was conduct on the module in the modular approval with the maximum distance of 8 mm on all six sides of the antenna. Data is located in the original modular report. Therefore, the requirements mentioned in RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001 – SAR Testing Requirements with Regards to Bystanders for Laptop Type Computers with Antennas Built-In on Display Screen (Laptop/Tablet Mode) are covered.

The Bluetooth transmitter does simultaneously transmit with the WiFi transmitter. When the BT is turned on, it transmits on Aux and the WiFi transmits on Main. Simultaneous transmission is evaluated on page 57.

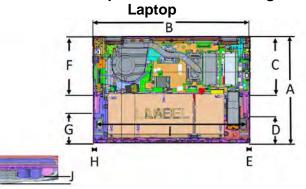
The main antenna was evaluated for stand-alone SAR per RSS-102 Issue 5 for BT. Please see data sheet summary on page 53.

The data rates used when evaluating the WiFi transmitter were the lowest data rates for each mode. The device was operating at its maximum output power at the lowest data rate for all measurements.

The tablet was using the Intel test utility DRTU Version 11.1941.0-10270 and the device driver was version 21.50.0.3.

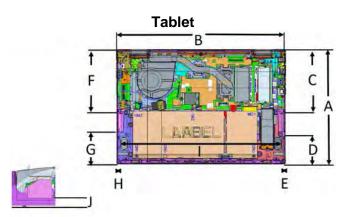
The antenna was on a minimum of 10 cm of Styrofoam during each test. The following is a pictorial drawing of the locations and separation distances.





Location and Separation Distances Diagrams

Item	Location	distance
A	SYSTEM Y	219.5
8	SYSTEM X	324.3
c	WLAN-main to edge	123.7
D	WLAN-main to edge	69
E	WLAN-main to edge	3.47
	WLAN-aux to edge	123.7
G	WLAN-aux to edge	63
н	WLAN-aux to edge	3.47
1	WLAN-main to WLAN-aux	299.36
1	WLAN to table	5.75



Item	Location	distance
A	SYSTEM Y	219.5
	SYSTEM X	324.3
c	WLAN-main to edge	123.7
D	WLAN-main to edge	59
£	WLAN-main to edge	3,47
F	WLAN-aux to edge	123.7
G	WLAN-aux to edge	63
н	WLAN-aux to edge	3.47
	WLAN-main to WLAN-aux	299.36
	WLAN to table	2.65



Report Number: SAR.20200309

Band	802.11b	(MHz)		(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)	
-	802.11b			(2)	mate		(dBm)	Pwr (dBm)
-	802.11b		1	2412	-		16.95	17.00
-	802.11b		6	2437	-	Chain A	17.00	17.00
-		20	11	2462 2412	1 Mbps		<u>16.90</u> 16.94	17.00 17.00
			6	2412		Chain B	17.00	17.00
			11	2462	-	ondin D	16.96	17.00
			1	2412			16.97	17.00
			6	2437		Chain A	16.94	17.00
	802.11g	20	11	2462	6 Mbps		16.94	17.00
	002.115	20	1	2412	0 101005		16.89	17.00
			6	2437	-	Chain B	16.86	17.00
2450 MHz			11	2462			16.92	17.00
			1 6	2412 2437	-	Chain A	<u>16.95</u> 16.87	17.00 17.00
			11	2462		Chain A	16.90	17.00
	802.11n	20	1	2402	HT0		16.91	17.00
			6	2437		Chain B	16.88	17.00
			11	2462			16.89	17.00
			3	2422			16.95	17.00
			6	2437	_	Chain A	16.87	17.00
	802.11n	40	10	2457	нто		16.90	17.00
			3	2422	-		16.91	17.00
			6	2437	-	Chain B	16.88	17.00
			10 38	2457 5190			16.89 13.42	17.00 13.50
			40	5200			13.50	13.50
			40	5220	-	Chain A	13.50	13.50
	002 11-		48	5240			13.47	13.50
	802.11a	20	36	5180	6 Mbps	Chain B	13.49	13.50
			40	5200			13.50	13.50
			44	5220			13.50	13.50
L			48	5240			13.44	13.50
		2.11n 20	38	5190	нто -		13.41	13.50
			40	5200		Chain A	13.38	13.50
			44 46	5220 5230			13.39 13.35	13.50 13.50
5.15-5.25 GHz	802.11n		36	5180			13.34	13.50
			40	5200		Chain B	13.34	13.50
			44	5220			13.39	13.50
			46	5230			13.33	13.50
			38	5190	нто	Chain A	13.42	13.50
	802.11n	40	46	5230		chairry	13.44	13.50
		40	38	5190	HT0	Chain B	13.48	13.50
_			46	5230			13.45	13.50
		80	42	5210		Chain A Chain B	<u>13.42</u> 13.44	13.50 13.50
	802.11ac		50	5250	VHT0	Chain A	13.36	13.50
		160	50	5250	-	Chain B	13.39	13.50
			52	5260	1		13.45	13.50
			56	5280]	Chain A	13.50	13.50
			60	5300		Chain A	13.50	13.50
	802.11a	20	63	5315	6 Mbps		13.47	13.50
		20	52	5260	5 10005		13.44	13.50
			56	5280	-	Chain B	13.50	13.50
			60	5300	-		13.50	13.50
			63	5315			13.48	13.50
			54 56	5270	-		13.42	13.50
			60	5280 5300		Chain A	13.39 13.38	13.50 13.50
5.25-5.35 GHz	002.44	~~	62	5310	1170		13.40	13.50
	802.11n	20	52	5260	HT0		13.41	13.50
			56	5280		Chain B	13.33	13.50
			60	5300	_		13.46	13.50
F			62	5310	ļ		13.39	13.50
			54	5270	нто	Chain A	13.32	13.50
	802.11n	40	62	5310			13.34	13.50
		-	54	5270	HT0	Chain B	13.39	13.50
			60	5300	-		13.30	13.50
	802.11ac	80	58	5290	VHT0	Chain A Chain B	<u>13.35</u> 13.41	13.50 13.50



Band	Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency	Data	Antenna	Avg Power	Tune-up
Dallu	Ivioue	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)	Pwr (dBm)
			102	5510			13.42	13.50
			104	5520			13.50	13.50
			108	5540			13.45	13.50
			112	5560	-		13.47	13.50
			116	5580			13.50	13.50
			120	5600		Chain A	13.41	13.50
			124 128	5620 5640			13.50 13.48	13.50 13.50
			128	5660			13.44	13.50
			136	5680			13.50	13.50
			138	5690			13.40	13.50
	802.11a	20	100	5500	6 Mbps		13.39	13.50
			104	5520			13.50	13.50
			108	5540			13.42	13.50
			112	5560			13.47	13.50
			116	5580			13.50	13.50
			120	5600		Chain B	13.43	13.50
			124	5620			13.50	13.50
			128 132	5640 5660			13.41 13.38	13.50 13.50
			132	5680			13.50	13.50
			138	5690			13.44	13.50
			102	5510			13.38	13.50
			104	5520		Chain A	13.33	13.50
			108	5540			13.35	13.50
			112	5560			13.36	13.50
			116	5580	нто		13.34	13.50
			120	5600			13.40	13.50
			124	5620			13.41	13.50
			128	5640			13.44	13.50
5600 MHz			132 136	5660 5680			13.31 13.39	13.50 13.50
			138	5690			13.39	13.50
	802.11n	20	100	5500			13.42	13.50
			104	5520		Chain B	13.40	13.50
			108	5540			13.37	13.50
			112	5560			13.39	13.50
			116	5580			13.33	13.50
			120	5600			13.36	13.50
			124	5620			13.40	13.50
			128	5640			13.44	13.50
			132	5660			13.41	13.50
			136 138	5680 5690			13.36 13.39	13.50 13.50
			102	5510			13.45	13.50
			102	5550			13.40	13.50
			118	5580	1	Chain A	13.42	13.50
			126	5610			13.37	13.50
	802.11n	40	134	5670	НТО		13.38	13.50
	002.1111	+0	102	5510			13.44	13.50
			110	5550			13.40	13.50
			118	5580		Chain B	13.43	13.50
			126	5610			13.38	13.50
			134 106	5670 5530			13.35	13.50
			106	5530		Chain A	13.38 13.42	13.50 13.50
			138	5690		ChallerA	13.36	13.50
		80	106	5530	1		13.38	13.50
	802.11ac		122	5610	VHT0	Chain B	13.41	13.50
			138	5690			13.38	13.50
		160	114	5570		Chain A	13.39	13.50
		100	114	5570		Chain B	13.41	13.50



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			149	5745			13.50	13.50
			153	5765			13.42	13.50
			157	5785		Chain A	13.50	13.50
			161	5805			13.44	13.50
	802.11a	20	165	5825	Chabas		13.50	13.50
	802.11a	20	150	5750	6 Mbps		13.50	13.50
			153	5765		Chain B	13.43	13.50
			157	5785			13.50	13.50
			161	5805	-		13.44	13.50
			165	5825			13.50	13.50
			150	5750	НТО		13.38	13.50
			153	5765			13.37	13.50
			157	5785		Chain A	13.40	13.50
5800 MHz			161	5805			13.42	13.50
	802.11n	20	164	5820			13.44	13.50
	802.110	י 20	150	5750	пю		13.45	13.50
			153	5765			13.40	13.50
			157	5785		Chain B	13.39	13.50
			161	5805			13.35	13.50
			164	5820			13.37	13.50
			152	5760		Chain A	13.42	13.50
	002.11-	40	159	5795		Chain A	13.45	13.50
	802.11n	40	152	5760	HT0	Chain D	13.43	13.50
			159	5795		Chain B	13.40	13.50
	002 11	00	455			Chain A	13.42	13.50
	802.11ac	80	155	5775	VHT0	Chain B	13.44	13.50

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
		0	2402	Basic Rate		11.40	11.50
		39	2441			11.47	11.50
		78	2480	GFSK	Chain B	11.42	11.50
		0	2402	EDR π/4 DQPSK		10.42	11.00
		39	2441			10.43	11.00
		78	2480			10.38	11.00
2450 MHz	Bluetooth v4.0	0	2402			10.44	11.00
		39	2441	EDR 8-DPSK		10.41	11.00
		78	2480			10.43	11.00
		0	2402			8.99	9.00
		39	2441	Low Energy		8.88	9.00
		78	2480	GFSK		8.93	9.00



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
802.11b		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.110		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000 11 -		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	<u> </u>	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000.44		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Figure 8.1 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁵ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 50.1 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(\doldsymbol{2.462})]*50 mm}]+[{121-50 mm}*10]=805 mW which is greater than 50.1 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
802.11b		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
002.110		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000.44 *	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000 11-	Ŭ	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Figure 8.2 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Left side.

Maximum power: 50.1 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√2.462)]*50 mm}]+[{121-50 mm}*10]=805 mW which is greater than 50.1 mW



Mode	Side	Required	Tested/Reduced	
moue	Olde	Channel		
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Deals	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Left	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Len	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹	
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹	
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Lonton	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²	
	District Detterm	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²	
	Right, Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²	
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²	
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	L off	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Left	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹	
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹	
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Lonton	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²	
	Dight Dottors	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²	
	Right, Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²	
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²	
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹	
802.11ac	Left	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³	
5210 MHz	Laptop	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³	
	Right, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²	

Figure 8.3 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Main HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.



	est neudeli	JII Table – J.T	OIIZ AUX HOII
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deals	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Discht	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lafe Dattan	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deals	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Distri	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Dottors	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Right	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Laptop	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Figure 8.4 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Aux HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{121-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=775 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Figure 8.5 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Main HongBo

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
1		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
1	Left	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Len	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Bottom	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Len	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Bottom	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Dottoff	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11ac	Left	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
5210 MHz	Laptop	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.



Figure 8.6 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Aux HongBo

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ⁴ Tested Reduced ⁴ Reduced ¹ Reduced ² Reduced ² Reduced ² Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁴ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	
		52 – 5260 MHz	
	Right	56 – 5280 MHz	
	rugin	60 – 5300 MHz	
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	
	Laptop	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Bottom	56 – 5280 MHz	
	Left, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz	-	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested Reduced ⁴ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Tested Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ² Reduced ² Reduced ² Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁴ Reduced ⁴ Reduced ¹ Reduced ² Reduced ² Reduced ² Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ Reduced ² Reduced ³ Reduced ³ Reduced ⁴ Reduced
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Laft Dattar	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11ac	Right	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
5210 MHz	Laptop	58 – 5290 MHz	
	Left, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.



		$\frac{111}{100} = \frac{100}{100}$	SEZ Main Bong
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	1	136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	J .,	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.7 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.



<u>lie o.o ie</u>		$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}$	эпг маіп попо
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Lon	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11a			Reduced ⁴
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
0000 11112		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
_		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Diskt Datters	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom		Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.8 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ^₄
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.9 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.



10 0.10	est Reducti	on Table – 5.6	
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ^₄
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom 11 12 12 12 12	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.10 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}}]+[{121-50 \text{ mm}}*10]=772 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



	est Reducti	on Table – 5.6	
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.11 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}}]+[{121-50 \text{ mm}}*10]=772 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.12 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ^₄
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	-	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Left	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz	Laptop	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right, Bottom	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Figure 8.13 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.4 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{121-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=772 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		Reduced ²
Back		Tested
		Reduced ²
	165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Left, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
,	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
5	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		Reduced ¹
Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		Reduced ⁴
Left, Bottom		Reduced ⁴
,		Reduced ⁴
		Reduced ⁴
Back		Reduced ²
		Reduced ¹
		Reduced ¹
		Reduced ⁴
	Side Back Right Laptop Left, Bottom	Back 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 582

Figure 8.14 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Aux HongBo

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.4 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{121-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=772 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



ure 0.15	Test Reduct	1011 Table = 2.	4 GHZ Main W
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁵
	Left	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
000 116		11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
802.11b		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	ŀ	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000 11 -		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	ŀ	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000 44.		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	3 ,	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Figure 8.15 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁵ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 50.1 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√2.462)]*50 mm}]+[{154-50 mm}*10]=1135 mW which is greater than 50.1 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
000 445	Ũ	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	,	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
000.44		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	· ·	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	3	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laptop	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Lon, Donom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Figure 8.16 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁵ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 50.1 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√2.462)]*50 mm}]+[{154-50 mm}*10]=1135 mW which is greater than 50.1 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	DdCK	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Leit	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lonton	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Bottom	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	DACK	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	1.44	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lonton	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Diskt Datter	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Left	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Laptop	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Figure 8.17 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1105 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deals	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
	-	48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dischet	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deals	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dischet	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left Detterr	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
	Ē	48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Right	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Laptop	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Figure 8.18 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1105 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	васк	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	1	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Deals	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Diskt Datter	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Right, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac 5210 MHz	Left	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Figure 8.19 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.32)]*50 mm}]+[{154-50 mm}*10]=1105 mW which is greater than 22.4 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Deals	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
	Back	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dialat	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
802.11a		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lantan	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Laft Dattan	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	DACK	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dialat	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
5250 MHz		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lonton	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Bottom	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11ac	Right	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
5210 MHz	Laptop	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Figure 8.20 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.32)]*50 mm}]+[{154-50 mm}*10]=1105 mW which is greater than 22.4 mW



ure 8.21	lest Reduc	tion lable – 5.6	o GHZ Main Wi
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
0000 11112		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Eaptop	124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 - 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Dottom	120 – 5600 MHz 124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz 128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz 132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.21 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1102 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



jure 8.22	lest Reduc	tion lable – 5.6	o GHZ Main Wi
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Lon	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Right, Dottoff	120 – 5600 MHz 124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz 128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 - 5700 IVIFIZ	Reduced

Figure 8.22 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154\text{-}50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1102 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced	
			106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹	
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹	
	Left	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹	
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹	
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴	
	Laptop	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ⁴	
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴	
	Right, Bottom	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³	
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³	
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³	

Figure 8.23 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.70)]*50 mm}]+[{154-50 mm}*10]=1102 mW which is greater than 22.4 mW

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.



jure 8.24	lest Reduc		6 GHZ AUX WN
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
0000 10112		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	120 – 3600 MHz	Tested
		124 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
			Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz 140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laft Dattag	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.24 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154\text{-}50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1102 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



jure 8.25		ction lable – 5.	
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	0	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	1	112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	,,	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.25 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1102 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



	103t Modu		
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹
5600 MHz		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laptop	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Bottom	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

Figure 8.26 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.70)]*50 mm}]+[{154-50 mm}*10]=1102 mW which is greater than 22.4 mW



	iest Reduc	tion lable – 5.8	s Ghz Main Wr
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	-	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	U .	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac	Left	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
5800 MHz	Laptop	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Right, Bottom	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	rught, Dottom		i loudocu

Figure 8.27 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.4 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Right Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154\text{-}50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1102 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW



Test Redu	ction rable – 5.	
Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		Reduced ³
		Reduced ³
Back		Tested
		Reduced ³
		Tested
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Left, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Right	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Laptop	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Left, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ^₄
·	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
		Reduced ¹
	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
		Reduced ⁴
	Side Back Right Laptop Left, Bottom Back Right Laptop Left, Bottom	I49 - 5745 MHz Back 153 - 5765 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz

Figure 8.28 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Aux WNC

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.4 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 22.4 mW Bottom Edge distance: 121 mm Left Side distance: 310 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{154\text{-}50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=1102 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 22.4 mW

SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b & BT

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Diat	Con	Antenna	Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR		
Plot	Gap	Antenna	FUSICION	MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
			Back	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.00	0.226	0.23		
			Dack	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.00	0.320	0.32		
			Left	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.00	0.380	0.38		
			Right	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.00	0.323	0.32		
		HongBo	Lantan	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.00	0.202	0.20		
			J J		Laptop	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.00	0.222	0.22
			Back	2440	39	GFSK		11.47	0.0569	0.06		
			Right	2440	39	GFSK	Aux	11.47	0.0512	0.05		
	•		Laptop	2440	39	GFSK		11.47	0.0328	0.03		
	0		Book	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.00	0.372	0.37		
	mm		Back	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.00	0.385	0.39		
			l off	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.00	0.408	0.41		
1			Left	2462	11	DSSS	Main	16.90	0.411	0.42		
			Right	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.00	0.369	0.37		
		WNC	Lonton	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.00	0.288	0.29		
			Laptop	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.00	0.203	0.20		
			Back	2440	39	GFSK		11.47	0.0562	0.06		
			Right	2440	39	GFSK	Aux	11.47	0.0597	0.06		
	1		Laptop	2440	39	GFSK		11.47	0.0301	0.03		

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip

EIRP

N/A

Right Head

ERP

Eli4

Body

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Left Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

Head

SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Plot	Gap	Antenna	Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR		
FIUL	Gap	Antenna	FUSILION	MHz	Ch.	WOULIATION	Antonna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
				5280	56	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.432	0.43		
			Back	5300	60	OFDM	IVIAIIT	13.50	0.465	0.47		
			Dack	5280	56	OFDM	Δυν	13.50	0.540	0.54		
2		HongBo		5300	60	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.557	0.56		
			попуво	попуво	Left	5300	60	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.117	0.12
			Right	5300	60	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.136	0.14		
	0		Laptop	5300	60	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.185	0.19		
	mm			5300	60	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.125	0.13		
				5300	60	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.361	0.36		
			Back	5280	56	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.397	0.40		
				5300	60	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.408	0.41		
		WNC	Left	5300	60	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.162	0.16		
				Right	5300	60	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.254	0.25	
			Lanton	5300	60	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.166	0.17		
			Laptop	5300	60	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.119	0.12		

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted

2. SAR Measurement

- Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Left Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

Head

EIRP

Right Head

Eli4

ERP

Body

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip N/A

SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Plot	Gap	Antenna	Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
	•			MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
				5580	116	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.727	0.73	
			Book	5620	124	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.755	0.76	
3			Back	5580	116	OFDM	Διιχ	13.50	0.887	0.89	
		HongPo		5620	124	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.876	0.88	
		HongBo	Left	5620	124	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.155	0.16	
				Right	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.140	0.14
				Laptop	5620	124	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.140	0.14
					сартор	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.124
	0			5580	116	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.421	0.42	
	mm		Back 5620 124 OFDM	Iviairi	13.50	0.448	0.45				
	111111		Dack	5580	116	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.561	0.56	
				5620	124	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.577	0.58	
			Left	5580	116	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.413	0.41	
			Len	5620	124	OFDM	Ivialiti	13.50	0.454	0.45	
			Right	5580	116	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.425	0.43	
			Right	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.461	0.46	
			Laptop	5620	124	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.158	0.16	
			сартор	5620	124	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.112	0.11	
		HongBo	Repeated	5580	116	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.862	0.86	
							1	Body I.6 W/kg (mV averaged over 1 gr			
		Power M	s fully charged easured asurement	l for all t		nducted	ERP		EIRP		

- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Left Head

 \square Test Code

With Belt Clip

Head

Eli4

Body

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip

Right Head

N/A

SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Plot	ot Gap Antenna	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
FIOL	Gap		Position	MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
				5785	157	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.507	0.51
		HongBo Eack 5825 5785 5825 Left 5785 Right 5785 5785	Pook	5825	165	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.586	0.59
			Dack	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.444	0.44
			165	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.457	0.46		
			Left	5785	157	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.128	0.13
			Right	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.134	0.13
			Laptop	5785	157	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.109	0.11
	0			5785	157	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.155	0.16
	mm			5785	157	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.702	0.70
			Deals	5825	165	OFDM	IVIAIIT	13.50	0.686	0.69
			Back	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.780	0.78
4		WNC		5825	165	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.809	0.81
		WINC	Left	5785	157	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.290	0.29
			Right	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.145	0.15
			Lanton	5785	157	OFDM	Main	13.50	0.182	0.18
			Laptop	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	13.50	0.170	0.17

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Conducted Power Measured

ERP

EIRP

- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- Left Head Head
- Test Code
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode With Belt Clip
- 4. Test Configuration 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

 \boxtimes Eli4 \boxtimes Body

Right Head

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$



SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation

MEASUREMENT RESULTS – BT											
Freque	ency	Modulation	Frequ	ency	Modulation	SAR₁	SAR ₂	SAR Total			
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	MHz	Ch.	wouldton		SAIX2	SAN TOTAL			
2462	11	DSSS	2440	39	GFSK	0.42	0.06	0.48			
5300	60	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.47	0.06	0.53			
5580	124	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.76	0.06	0.82			
5785	157	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.70	0.06	0.76			
						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.

MEAS	MEASUREMENT RESULTS – MIMO (No BT)										
Freque	ency	Modulation	Frequ	ency	Modulation	SAR₁	R ₁ SAR ₂	SAR Total			
MHz	Ch.	Wouldton	MHz	Ch.	Wodulation			OAN IOLAI			
2462	11	DSSS	2437	6	DSSS	0.42	0.39	0.81			
5300	60	OFDM	5300	60	OFDM	0.47	0.56	1.03			
5580	124	OFDM	5580	116	OFDM	0.76	0.89	1.65			
5785	157	OFDM	5825	165	OFDM	0.70	0.81	1.51			
					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						

averaged over 1 gram

MEASUREMENT RESULTS – MIMO (With BT)										
Freque	ency	Modulation	Frequ	ency	Modulation	SAR1	SAR ₂ + BT	SAR Total		
MHz	Ch.	Wouldton	MHz	Ch.	wooulation					
5300	60	OFDM	5300	60	OFDM	0.47	0.62	1.09		
5580	124	OFDM	5580	116	OFDM	0.76	0.95	1.71		
5785	157	OFDM	5825	165	OFDM	0.70	0.87	1.57		
					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

The worst case condition is in the 5.6 GHz band with BT.



Report Number: SAR.20200309

MEASUREMENT RESULTS - WWAN-WiFi (Main) Maxima Maxima Frequency Frequency Position SAR₁ SAR₂ SAR Total MHz Ch. Х Y Ζ MHz Ch. Х Y Ζ 0.95 Back 5620 124 9.00 163.00 0.88 5580 116 -29.20 -151.40 1.18 0.76 1.71 Head Tissue 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

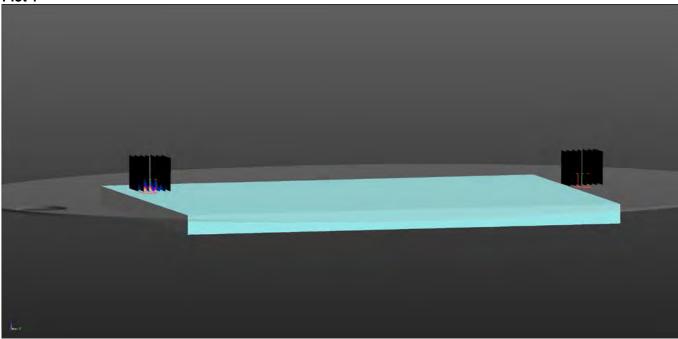
Back – 316.71 mm S

SPLSR=0.01 See Plot 1 Below

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

Plot 1





9. Test Equipment List

Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications										
Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number							
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01							
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012							
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1065							
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	01/14/2021	01/14/2020	1321							
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	06/03/2020	06/03/2019	7531							
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	07/12/2019	07/12/2018	829							
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	07/19/2019	07/19/2018	1085							
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	04/27/2020	04/27/2019	GB45100254							
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	04/27/2020	04/27/2019	MY45240464							
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/25/2020	03/25/2019	31720068							
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/20/2020	03/20/2019	2749A10226							
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/20/2020	03/20/2019	2647A01172							
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/20/2020	03/20/2019	3135A01724							
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/20/2020	03/20/2019	2904A00595							
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/19/2020	03/19/2019	MY48360364							
Anritsu MT8820C	05/31/2020	05/31/2019	6201176199							
Agilent 778D Dual Directional Coupler	N/A	N/A	MY48220184							
MiniCircuits BW-N20W5+ Fixed 20 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Attenuator										
MiniCircuits SPL-10.7+ Low Pass Filter	N/A	N/A	R8979513746							
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011							
Head Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Head Equivalent Matter (5 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A							

Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications



10. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



11. References

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996

[2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 – 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 2002.

[4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.

[5] IEEE Standard 1528 – 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.

[6] Industry Canada, RSS – 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.

[7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.



Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

* value interpolated



***** Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Thu 12/Mar/2020 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM
 Test
 Freq
 FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s

 5.1000
 36.10
 4.55
 35.57
 4.58

 5.1200
 36.08
 4.57
 35.55
 4.60

 5.1400
 36.05
 4.59
 35.52
 4.62

 5.1600
 36.01
 4.63
 35.48
 4.67

 5.2000
 35.99
 4.65
 35.45
 4.69

 5.2200
 35.94
 4.70
 35.41
 4.71

 5.2400
 35.92
 4.72
 35.38
 4.76

 5.2600
 35.92
 4.72
 35.38
 4.76

 5.2800
 35.89
 4.74
 35.35
 4.78

 5.3000
 35.87
 4.76
 35.32
 4.80

 5.3200
 35.80
 4.82
 35.26
 4.87

 5.3600
 35.78
 4.84
 35.23
 4.89

 5.4000
 35.67
 4.94
 35.12
 5.00

 5.400
 35.67
 4.94
 35.12
 5.00

 5.400
 35.60
 35.07</t Freq

* value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.82 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.48; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

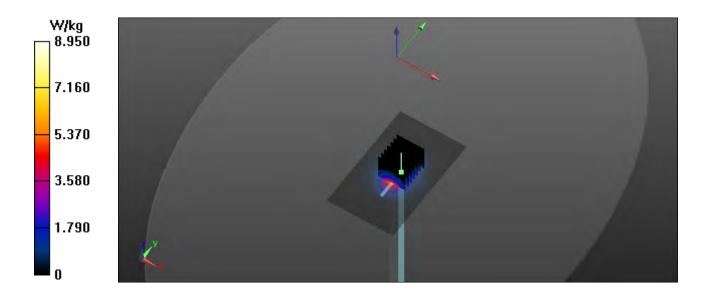
Test Date: Date: 3/14/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7531; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

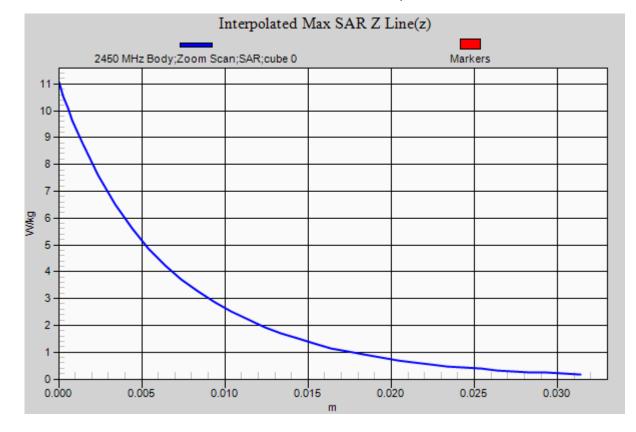
Head Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.76 W/kg

Head Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.987 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.02 W/kg Pin= 100 mW SAR(1 g) = 5.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.84 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.92 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20200309





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.745 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.395; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 3/12/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7531; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

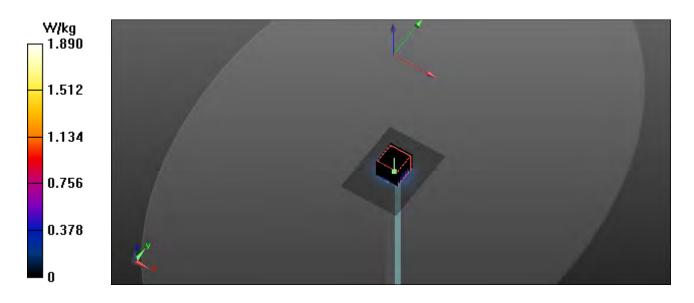
Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.74 W/kg

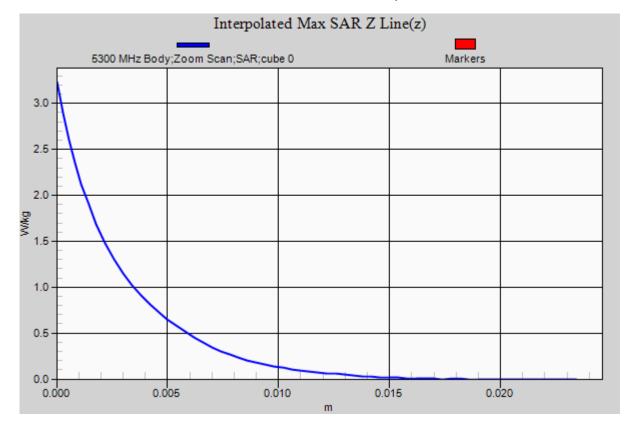
Head Verification/5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 14.267 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.25 W/kg Pin=10 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.838 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.87 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20200309





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.13 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.98; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

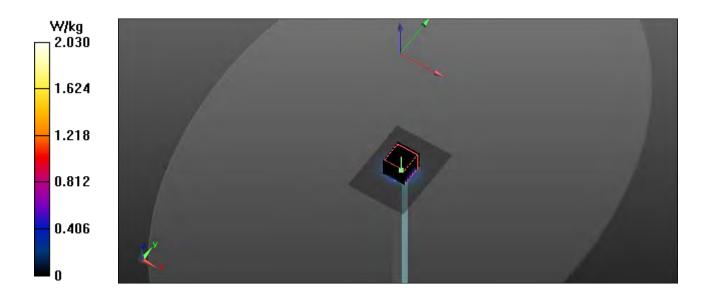
Test Date: Date: 3/12/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7531; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

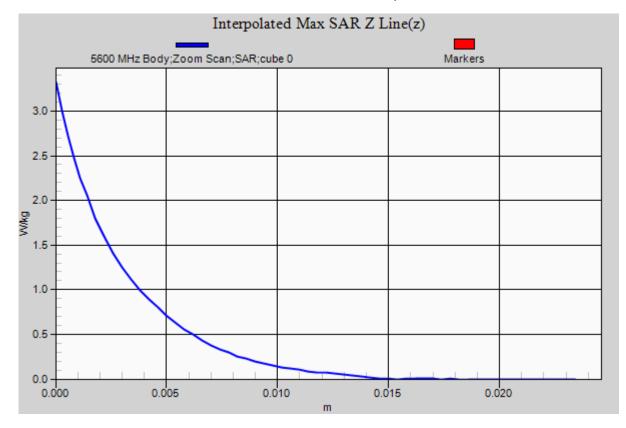
Head Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.95 W/kg

Head Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 15.446 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg Pin=10 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20200309





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.3 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.81; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 3/12/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7531; ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

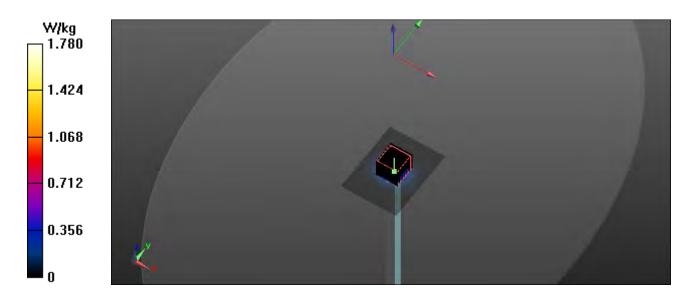
Procedure Notes:

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.69 W/kg

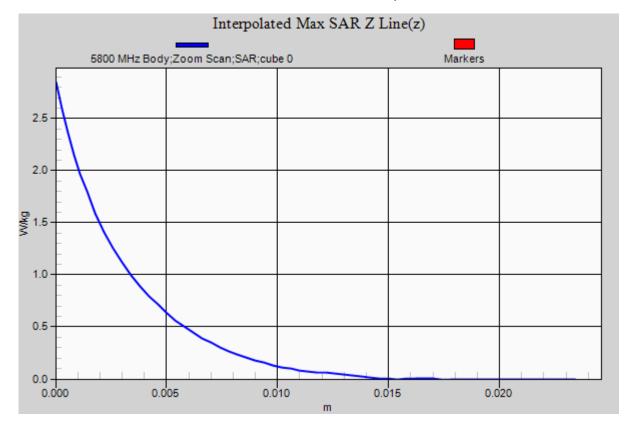
Head Verification/5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 13.697 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.85 W/kg Pin=10 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.854 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.75 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20200309





Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



Plot 1

DUT: P126G VL; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 2

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.832 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.476; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 3/15/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7531; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

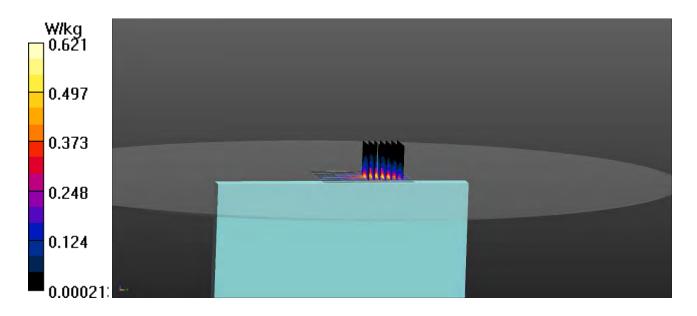
Procedure Notes:

2450 MHz WNC/Tablet Left Tx1 High/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.547 W/kg

2450 MHz WNC/Tablet Left Tx1 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.750 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.411 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 W/kg





Plot 2

DUT: P126G VL; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL3-6GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 4.8 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

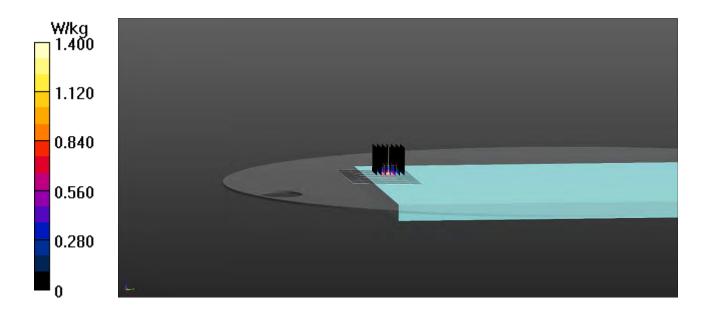
Test Date: Date: 3/12/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7531; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

5200 MHz HongBo/Tablet Back Tx2 60/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg

5200 MHz HongBo/Tablet Back Tx2 60/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.557 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg





Plot 3

DUT: P126G VL; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL3-6GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; σ = 5.11 S/m; ϵ_r = 35; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 3/13/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

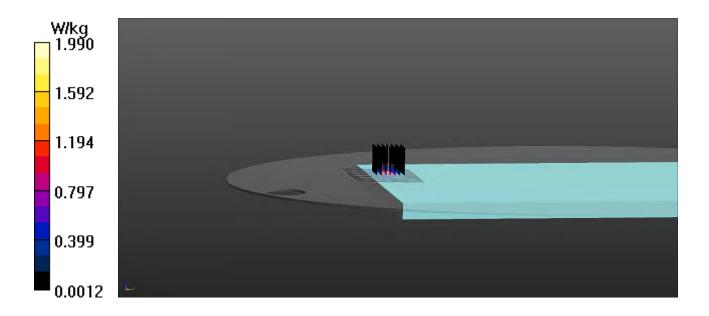
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7531; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.99 W/kg

5600 MHz HongBo/Tablet Back Tx2 116/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

5600 MHz HongBo/Tablet Back Tx2 116/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 1.262 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.68 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.887 W/kg





Plot 4

DUT: P126G VL; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 2

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL3-6GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5825 MHz; σ = 5.385 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.715; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 3/13/2020; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7531; ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 6/3/2019; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 1/14/2020 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

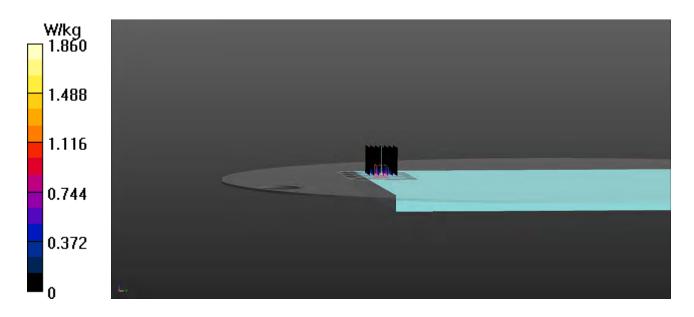
5800 MHz WNC/Tablet Back Tx2 165/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.791 W/kg

5800 MHz WNC/Tablet Back Tx2 165/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.39 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.809 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.86 W/kg





Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
- S Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-7531_Jun19

								C/	

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7531
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	June 3, 2019
This calibration certificate doc	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI)

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20	
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19	
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19	

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	All
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	litte
This calibration certificate		n full without written approval of the labo	Issued: June 3, 2019

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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 - Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
o <i>i</i> i <i>i</i>	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY4 version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.39	0.47	0.39	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	97.9	95.2	100.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	Β dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	139.8	±3.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.9		
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		137.4		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6). ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	6.4
	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	9 mm
	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)			
150	52.3	0.76	13.01	13.01	13.01	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %			
220	49.0	0.81	12.68	12.68	12.68	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %			
300	45.3	0.87	12.23	12.23	12.23	0.06	1.30	± 13.3 %			
450	43.5	0.87	11.43	11.43	11.43	0.13	1.30	± 13.3 %			
600	42.7	0.88	10.58	10.58	10.58	0.03	1.30	± 13.3 %			
1450	40.5	1.20	8.85	8.85	8.85	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %			
1640	40.2	1.31	8.71	8.71	8.71	0.28	0.91	± 12.0 %			
2450	39.2	1.80	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.28	0.96	± 12.0 %			
5250	35.9	4.71	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %			
5600	35.5	5.07	4.69	4.69	4.69	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %			
5750	35.4	5.22	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %			

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

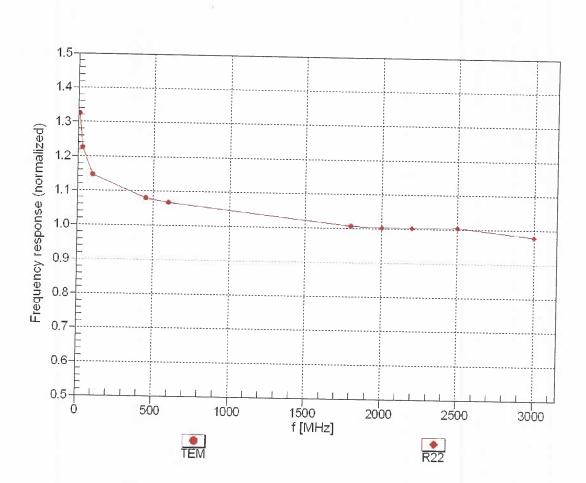
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)		
150	61.9	0.80	12.57	12.57	12.57	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %		
220	60.2	0.86	12.08	12.08	12.08	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %		
300	58.2	0.92	11.64	11.64	11.64	0.03	1.20	± 13.3 %		
450	56.7	0.94	11.18	11.18	11.18	0.09	1.20	± 13.3 %		
600	56.1	0.95	10.55	10.55	10.55	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %		
1640	53.7	1.42	8.53	8.53	8.53	0.26	0.99	± 12.0 %		
2450	52.7	1.95	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.28	0.95	± 12.0 %		
5250	48.9	5.36	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %		
5600	48.5	5.77	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %		
5750	48.3	5.94	4.08	4.08	4.08	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %		

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

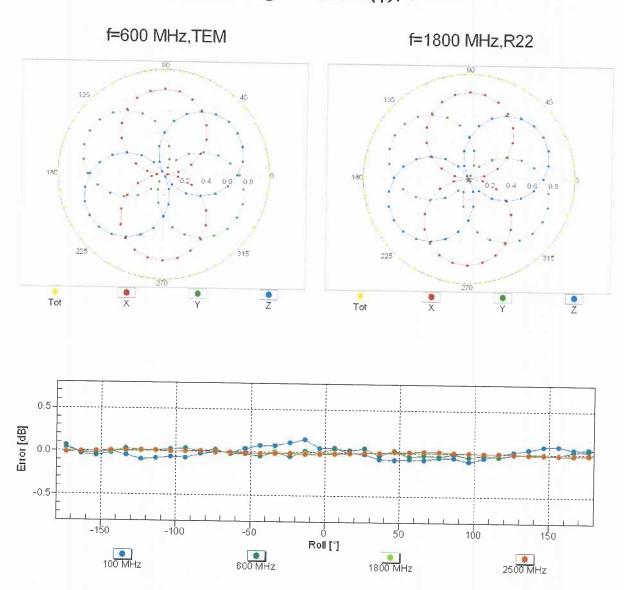
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



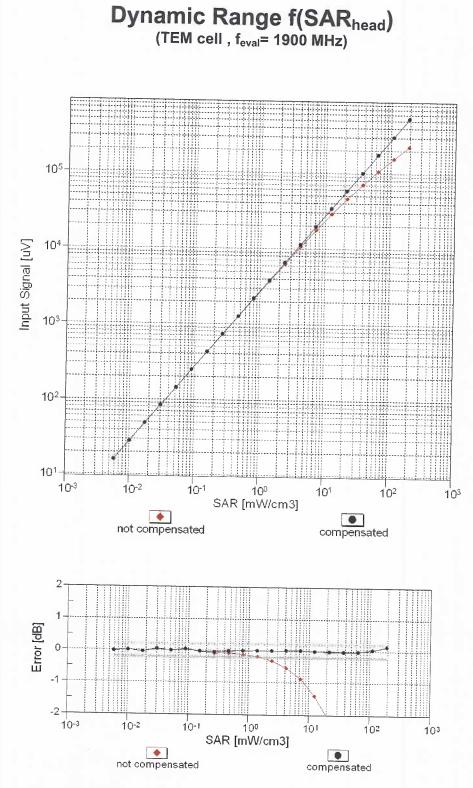
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



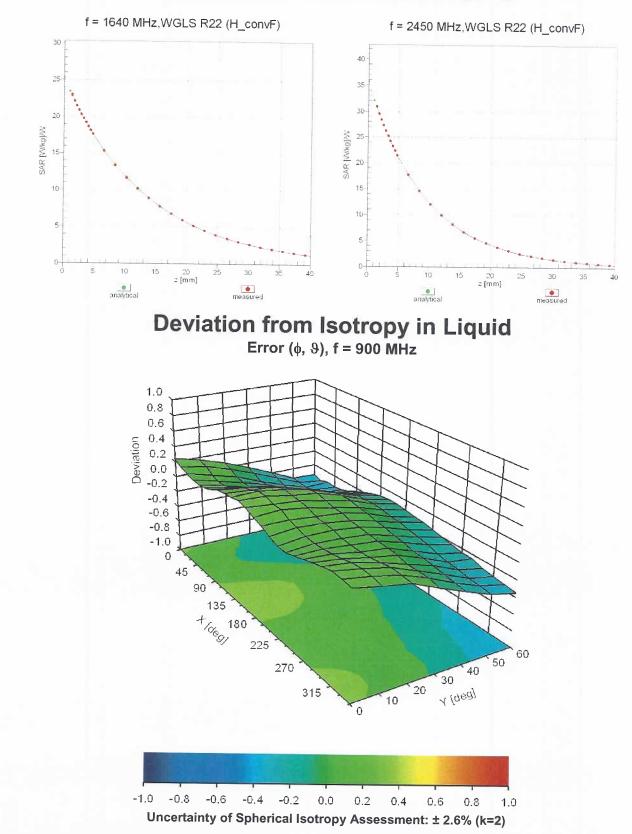
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-7531_Jun19



Conversion Factor Assessment



Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

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Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Jul18

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

RF Exposure Lab Client

Dbject	D2450V2 - SN:82	29	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v10 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	we 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 12, 2018		
		onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an	
All calibrations have been conducte	ed in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°(C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Manu Seitz	Laboratory Technician	èn de la companya de
Cambratou by.			Elles -
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
http://www.uy.	A NEW YORK TO AND A STATE		KAN
			Issued: July 16, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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- S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

.	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.9 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω + 3.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω + 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.156 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 11, 2008

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (<-20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D2450V2 SN: 829 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
7/12/2018	-27.4		52.9		3.3	
7/13/2019	-27.9	1.8	53.4	0.5	3.7	0.4
		D2450\	/2 SN: 829	- Body		
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
7/12/2018	-24.5		50.9		5.9	_
7/13/2019	-25.3	3.3	51.2	0.3	5.7	-0.2
1,10,2015		2.0				

Certificate No: D2450V2-829 Jul18

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 12.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:829

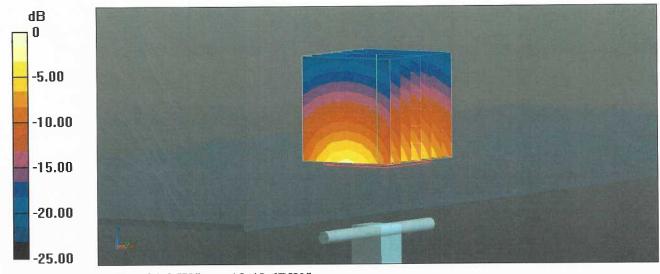
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.85 S/m; ϵ_r = 37.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

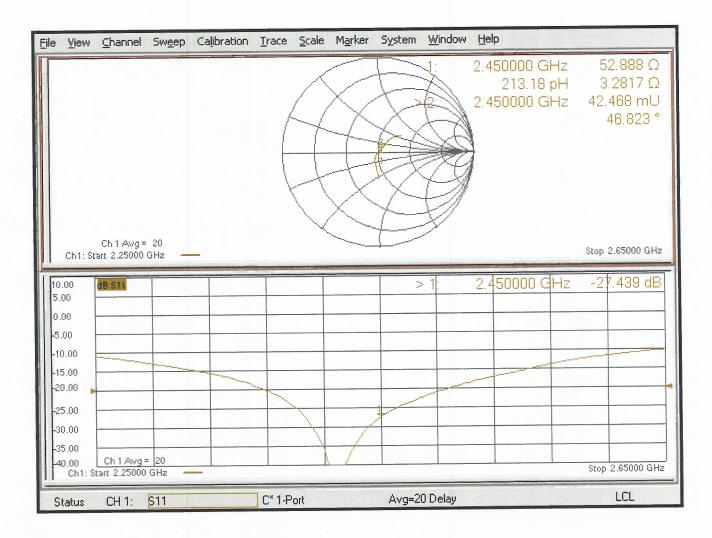
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 116.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:829

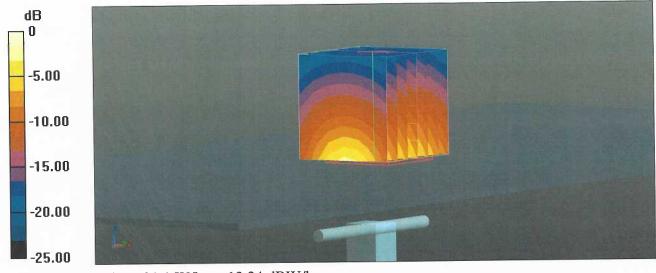
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.02 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

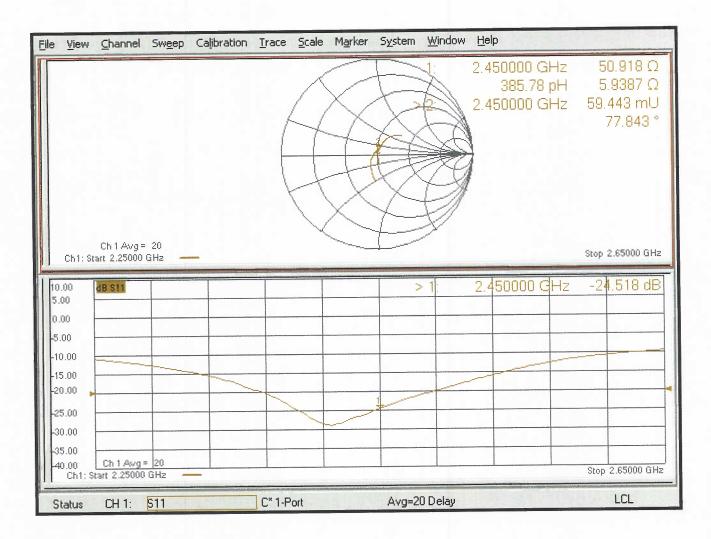
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 107.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg



0 dB = 21.1 W/kg = 13.24 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

RF Exposure Lab Client

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Jul18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration date: Ju This calibration certificate documents t The measurements and the uncertainti All calibrations have been conducted in Calibration Equipment used (M&TE cri Primary Standards II Power meter NRP S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Reference 20 dB Attenuator S Type-N mismatch combination S Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S Secondary Standards I	uly 19, 2018 the traceability to natio ties with confidence pr in the closed laborator	dure for dipole validation kits betw onal standards, which realize the physical uni robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	its of measurements (SI). d are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate documents t The measurements and the uncertainti All calibrations have been conducted ir Calibration Equipment used (M&TE cri Primary Standards II Power meter NRP S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Reference 20 dB Attenuator S Type-N mismatch combination S Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S	the traceability to natio ties with confidence pr in the closed laborator ritical for calibration) D # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-19 Apr-19
This calibration certificate documents t The measurements and the uncertainti All calibrations have been conducted ir Calibration Equipment used (M&TE cri Primary Standards II Power meter NRP S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Reference 20 dB Attenuator S Type-N mismatch combination S Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S	the traceability to natio ties with confidence pr in the closed laborator ritical for calibration) D # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	d are part of the certificate. C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-19 Apr-19
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Power meter NRP S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Reference 20 dB Attenuator S Type-N mismatch combination S Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S Secondary Standards II	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19 Apr-19
Power meter NRP S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Power sensor NRP-Z91 S Reference 20 dB Attenuator S Type-N mismatch combination S Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S Secondary Standards I	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
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Type-N mismatch combination S Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S Secondary Standards I	JN. JUJO (ZUK)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4 S DAE4 S Secondary Standards I	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 3503	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-3503_Dec17)	Dec-18
Beeendary etandaree	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Beeendary etandaree	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
_	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

S Service suisse d'étalonnage

С Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed • point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. ٠ No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. •
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

<u> </u>	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	4.56 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	4.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	·
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.4 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	5.08 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.74 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	5.94 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C			

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

-	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.0 ± 6 %	6.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (<-20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

	D5GHzV2 SN: 1085 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Frequency	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΔ
7/19/2018		-22.0		48.4		-7.7	
7/13/2019	5250 MHz	-21.7	-1.4	49.6	1.2	-8.3	-0.6
7/19/2018		-25.3		53.7		-4.3	
7/13/2019	5600 MHz	-26.4	4.3	54.3	0.6	-4.7	-0.4
7/19/2018		-23.8		54.9		-4.6	
7/13/2019	5750 MHz	-23.2	-2.5	55.6	0.7	-4.2	0.4
		D5GH	IzV2 SN:	1085 - Body			
Date of Measurement	Frequency	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
7/19/2018		-25.8		48.5		-4.9	
7/13/2019	5250 MHz	-24.6	-4.7	49.6	1.1	-5.1	-0.2
7/19/2018		-22.7		57.0		-3.5	
7/13/2019	5600 MHz	-23.2	2.2	56.8	-0.2	-3.1	0.4
7/19/2018		-25.4		55.5		-1.4	
7/13/2019	5750 MHz	-26.0	2.4	56.3	0.8	-1.6	-0.2

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Ω - 7.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.7 Ω - 4.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.9 Ω - 4.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω - 4.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.0 Ω - 3.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.5 Ω - 1.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.204 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 21, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1085

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.56 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.08 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

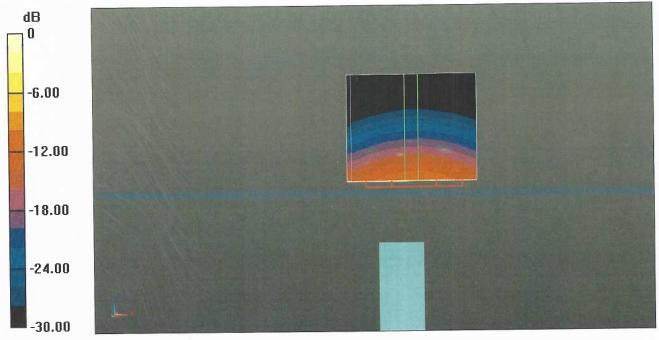
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 76.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

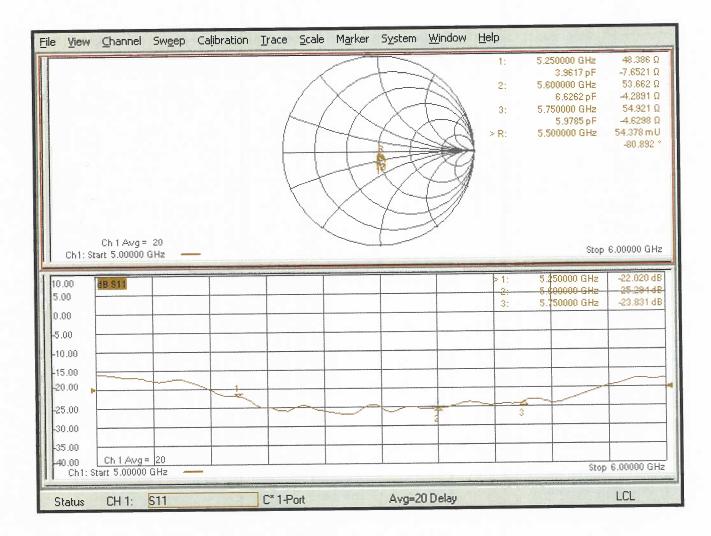
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 74.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



 $\overline{0 \text{ dB}} = 20.6 \text{ W/kg} = 13.14 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1085

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 5.47 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.94 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 6.14 S/m; ϵ_r = 46; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

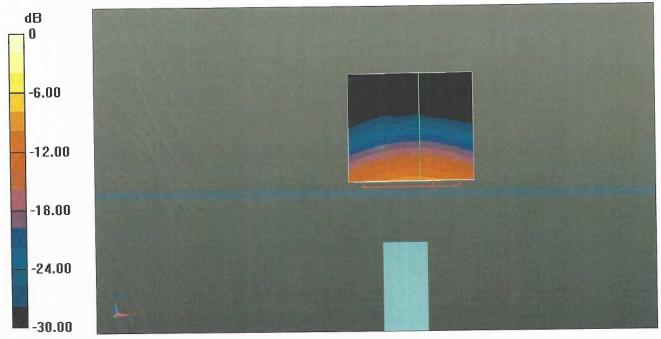
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 68.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

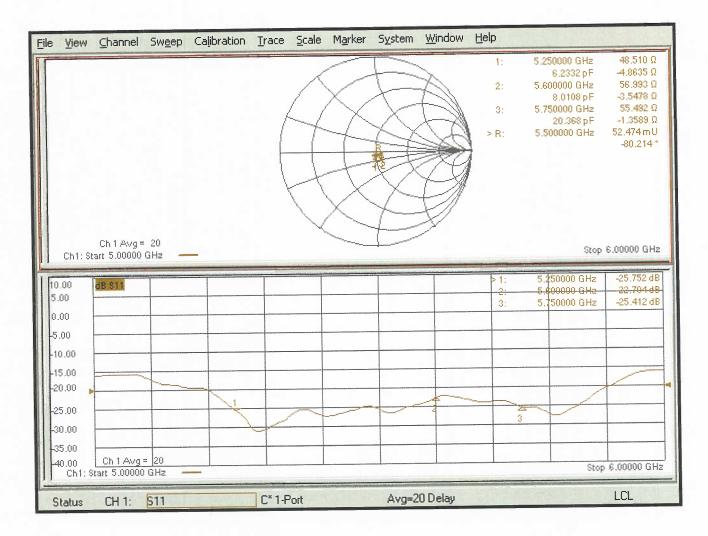
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 68.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

ltem	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material	Compliant with the standard	Bottom plate:	all
thickness	requirements	2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	
Material	Dielectric parameters for required	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4	Material
parameters	frequencies	+/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	sample
Material	The material has been tested to be	DGBE based simulating	Equivalent
resistivity	compatible with the liquids defined in	liquids.	phantoms,
-	the standards if handled and cleaned	Observe Technical Note for	Material
	according to the instructions.	material compatibility.	sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material,	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm	Prototypes,
	Internal dimensions,	Depth 190 mm,	Sample
	Sagging	Shape is within tolerance for	testing
	compatible with standards from	filling height up to 155 mm,	_
	minimum frequency	Eventual sagging is reduced or	[
		eliminated by support via DUT	

Standards

- CENELEC EN 50361-2001, « Basic standard for the measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz) », July 2001
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT. **S P G a G**

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Appendix G – Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

	SAN System Valuation Summary													
SAR			Durks	Ducha	Probe Cal. Point		Caral		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
System #	Freq. (MHz)	Date	Probe S/N	Probe Type			Cond. (σ)	Perm. (ε _r)	Sens- itivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
2	2450	6/19/2019	7531	EX3DV4	2450	Body	1.96	52.64	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM/TDD	Pass	Pass
2	5250	6/18/2019	7531	EX3DV4	5200	Body	5.35	48.96	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
2	5600	6/18/2019	7531	EX3DV4	5600	Body	5.74	48.43	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
2	5750	6/18/2019	7531	EX3DV4	5800	Body	5.91	48.21	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

Table G-1 SAR System Validation Summary