

# JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.

Report No.: JYTSZ-R14-2400157

# FCC SAR REPORT

**Report No.:** JYTSZ-R14-2400157

**Applicant: SWAGTEK** 

10205 NW 19th Street, STE 101, Miami, FL33172, USA **Address of Applicant:** 

**Equipment Under Test (EUT)** 

**Product Name:** 4G Feature Phone

Model No.: B9, U99, RANGER

Trade mark LOGIC, UNONU, iSWAG

FCC ID: O551723824

**Applicable standards:** FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 05 Dec., 2024 ~ 18 Dec., 2024

Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) **Test Result:** 

Manager

Head: 0.558 Body: 1.105

Project by: Date: 09 Jan., 2025

Reviewed by: 09 Jan., 2025 Date:

Approved by: 09 Jan., 2025 Date:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the JYT product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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# 2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	09 Jan., 2025	Original



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# 4 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as below:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Frequency Band Reported 1-g SAR		Highest Reported
•	, ,	(W/kg)	Equipment Class	1-g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM 850	0.504		
	PCS 1900	0.258		
	WCDMA Band II	0.318		
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.558	PCE	0.558
rieau	LTE Band 2	0.479		0.556
	LTE Band 4	0.276		
	LTE Band 12	0.220		
	Bluetooth	0.000	DSS	
	GSM 850	0.710		
	PCS 1900	0.417		
	WCDMA Band II	0.507		
Body	WCDMA Band V	0.730	PCE	1.105
(10 mm Gap)	LTE Band 2	1.105		1.105
	LTE Band 4	0.575		
	LTE Band 12	0.424		
	Bluetooth	0.000	DSS	

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Back	WWAN	1.105	PCE	1.105
Dack	Bluetooth	0.000	DSS	1.105

## Note:

 The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.</li>

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This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.





# 5 General Information

# 5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	SWAGTEK
Address of Applicant:	10205 NW 19th Street,STE 101, Miami, FL33172,USA
Manufacturer:	SWAGTEK
Address of Manufacturer:	10205 NW 19th Street,STE 101, Miami, FL33172,USA
Factory:	SWAGTEK
Address of Factory:	10205 NW 19th Street,STE 101, Miami, FL33172,USA

# 5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	4G Featur	e Phone						
Model No.:	B9, U99, F	B9, U99, RANGER						
Category of device	Portable device							
	GSM:	GSM850:	824.2~8	348.8 MHz	z P	CS 1	900: 1850.2	2~1909.8 MHz
	WCDMA:	Band II: 1852.4~1907.6 MHz			lz Ba	Band V: 826.4~846.6 MHz		
Operation Frequency:	LTE:	Band 2:18	350MHz	~1910MH	z Ba	and 4	1:1710MHz	~1755MHz
		Band 12:	699MHz	~716MHz	-			
	Bluetooth:	2402 MHz	~ 2480					
	GSM:	⊠Voice	, ,		•			S(GMSK, 8PSK)
	WCDMA:	⊠RMC	·	HSUF		SK)		(QPSK,16QAM)
Modulation technology:	LTE:	⊠QPSł	<b>(</b>	⊠16QA	M		⊠ 64QAN downlink)	M(only supports
	Bluetooth:	: ⊠BDR(GFSK) ⊠EDR(π/4-DC			QPS	K, 8DPSK)	⊠LE(GFSK)	
Antenna Type:	Internal Ar	ntenna						
	GSM 850:		-1.54 d	Bi	PCS 1	1900:	•	-0.36 dBi
	WCDMA Band II:		-0.36 d	Bi	Bi WCDMA E		and V	-1.54 dBi
Antenna Gain:	LTE Band 2:		-0.36 d	Bi	LTE Band		4	-0.36 dBi
	LTE Band 12: -1.7		-1.76 d	dBi				
	Bluetooth:	Bluetooth: -1.80 dE		Bi				
GPRS Class:	GPRS Cla	iss: 12						
Dimensions (L*W*H):	113 mm (L	_)× 47 mm	(W)× 14	mm (H)				
Accessories information:	Adapter: Model: Y0	6B				Re	ttery: chargeable :3.7V, 800m	Li-ion Battery nAh
Accessories information.	Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A  Output: DC 5.0V, 500mA  Support headset (shipped without)							
Remark:	design, la		onents	used and				electrical circuit only difference

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# 5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average P	Average Power (dBm)		
Mode	GSM 850	PCS 1900		
GSM (Voice)	32.91	29.97		
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	32.92	29.97		
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	30.80	27.66		
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	28.82	26.08		
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	26.64	24.05		

Mode	Average Power (dBm)		
Wiode	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V	
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.24	23.16	
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.27	23.14	
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.47	23.45	
HSDPA Sub-test 2	23.40	22.74	
HSDPA Sub-test 3	22.11	21.21	
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.19	21.24	
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.40	20.78	
HSUPA Sub-test 2	20.85	20.90	
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.66	20.67	
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.96	20.44	
HSUPA Sub-test 5	22.56	23.41	

	A	Average Power (dBm	
Mode	LTE	LTE	LTE
	Band 2	Band 4	Band 12
BW/1.4 MHz	23.67	23.72	23.59
BW/3.0 MHz	23.57	23.64	23.59
BW/5.0 MHz	23.71	23.83	23.58
BW/10 MHz	23.61	23.54	23.54
BW/15 MHz	23.71	23.68	/
BW/20 MHz	24.11	23.97	/

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	1 Mbps(GFSK)	2 Mbps(π/4DQPSK)	3 Mbps (8DPSK)	
Bluetooth	4.11	5.46	5.73	

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### 5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

# 5.5 Test Sample Plan

Sample Number	Used for Test Items
SZR012400612-6	SAR

**Remark**: JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. is only responsible for the test project data of the above samples, and will keep the above samples for a month.

## **5.6** Laboratory Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

#### • FCC - Designation No.: CN1211

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. has been accredited as a testing laboratory by FCC(Federal Communications Commission). The test firm Registration No. is 727551.

#### • ISED - CAB identifier.: CN0021

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber and 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. has been Registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 10106A-1.

#### CNAS - Registration No.: CNAS L15527

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration laboratories for the competence of testing. The Registration No. is CNAS L15527.

#### A2LA - Registration No.: 4346.01

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. The test scope can be found as below link: https://portal.a2la.org/scopepdf/4346-01.pdf

## 5.7 Test Location

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd.

No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.

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# 6 Introduction

#### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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# 7 RF Exposure Limits

# 7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### 7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

## 7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS							
	UNCONTROLLED CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT ENVIRONMENT General Population Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g) (W/kg) or (mW/g)						
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0					
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4					
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20					

#### Note:

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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# 8 SAR Measurement System

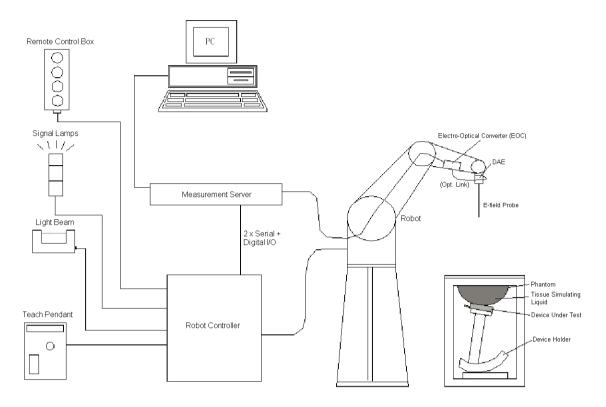


Fig. 8.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in the following sub-sections.



### 8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### **E-Field Probe Specification** <EX3DV4 Probe>

12/102/11/10/07		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency Directivity	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	302 A
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	Fig. 8.2 Photo of B



Fig. 8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

#### **E-Field Probe Calibration**

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix E of this report.

#### 8.2 **Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**

The Data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig. 8.3 Photo of DAE

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### 8.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; nobelt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

#### 8.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY 5: 400MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig. 8.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

# 8.5 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 8.6 Photo of Light Beam

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# 8.6 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

NOAM I WITT HATE		
Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm; Center ear point: $6 \pm 0.2$ mm	
Filling Volume Dimensions	Approx. 25 liters Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom	Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI4 Phantom >

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not in use; otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- DGBE based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom resistiveness



Fig.8.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom





## 8.7 Device Holder

#### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm$  0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm$  20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-low POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon=3$  and loss tangent  $\delta=0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

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# 8.8 Data storage and Evaluation

#### > Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verifications of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion	ConvF <sub>i</sub>
	- Diode compression point	dcp <sub>i</sub>
Device Parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest	cf
Media Parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp<sup>i</sup> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E- Field Probes: 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{v_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-Field Probes: 
$$H_i$$
 =  $\sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ 

With

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = senor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ 

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  $a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency (GHz)

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E<sub>tot</sub> = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in (mho/m) or (Siemens/m)

 $\rho$  = equipment tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.





## 8.9 Test Equipment List

SPEAG   SPEAG   Dashetric E-Field Probe   E3DV4   WXJ023   Os. 18.2023   Os. 05. 17.2026		_ , ,		Management	Cal. Information		
SPEAG         835MHz System Validation Kit         D835V2         WXJ023-1         06.08.2022         06.07.2025           SPEAG         1750MHz System Validation Kit         D1750V2         WXJ023-6         01.17.2024         01.16.2027           SPEAG         1900MHz System Validation Kit         D1900V2         WXJ023-2         06.07.2022         06.05.2025           SPEAG         2450MHz System Validation Kit         D2450V2         WXJ023-3         06.06.2022         06.05.2025           SPEAG         Data Acquisition Electronics         DAE4         WXJ021         03.26.2024         03.25.2025           SPEAG         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         EX3DV4         WXJ022         03.20.2024         03.19.2025           SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         Version Sylon 146.14         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X         Version 146.14         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X         Version 146.14         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         Tymo Sham         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-4         N.C.R <th>Manufacturer</th> <th>Equipment Description</th> <th>Model</th> <th></th> <th>Last Cal.</th> <th>Due Date</th>	Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model		Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG         1750MHz System Validation Kit         D1750V2         WXJ023-6         01.17.2024         01.16.2027           SPEAG         1900MHz System Validation Kit         D1900V2         WXJ023-2         06.07.2022         06.06.2025           SPEAG         2450MHz System Validation Kit         D2450V2         WXJ023-3         06.06.2022         06.05.2025           SPEAG         Data Acquisition Electronics         DAE4         WXJ021-1         03.26.2024         03.25.2025           SPEAG         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         EX3DV4         WXJ022         03.20.2024         03.19.2025           SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         Version 52.10.4.1527         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X         Version 44.6.14         Version 75.01         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeagh 75.02         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-4         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SI?ubii         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R	SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	WXJ023	05.18.2023	05.17.2026	
SPEAG         1900MHz System Validation Kit         D1900V2         WXJ023-2         06.07.2022         06.06.2025           SPEAG         2450MHz System Validation Kit         D2450V2         WXJ023-3         06.06.2022         06.05.2025           SPEAG         Data Acquisition Electronics         DAE4         WXJ021-1         03.26.2024         03.25.2025           SPEAG         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         EX3DV4         WXJ022         03.20.2024         03.19.2025           SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         Version 52.10.4.1527         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X         Version 14.6.14 (resoult)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeago-TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R <t< td=""><td>SPEAG</td><td>835MHz System Validation Kit</td><td>D835V2</td><td>WXJ023-1</td><td>06.08.2022</td><td>06.07.2025</td></t<>	SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	WXJ023-1	06.08.2022	06.07.2025	
SPEAG         2450MHz System Validation Kit         D2450V2         WXJ023-3         06.06.2022         06.05.2025           SPEAG         Data Acquisition Electronics         DAE4         WXJ021-1         03.26.2024         03.25.2025           SPEAG         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         EX3DV4         WXJ022         03.20.2024         03.19.2025           SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         Version 5.10.4.1527         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X (7501)         Version 14.6.14 (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeag-TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-4         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           St?ubii         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025	SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	WXJ023-6	01.17.2024	01.16.2027	
SPEAG         Data Acquisition Electronics         DAE4         WXJ021-1         03.26.2024         03.25.2025           SPEAG         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         EX3DV4         WXJ022         03.20.2024         03.19.2025           SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         Version 14.6.14 (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X (7501)         Version 14.6.14 (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeag-TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         Twin SAM Phantom         WXG021-4         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner	SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	WXJ023-2	06.07.2022	06.06.2025	
SPEAG         Dosimetric E-Field Probe         EX3DV4         WXJ022         03.20.2024         03.19.2025           SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         Version 52.10.4.1527         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X (7501)         Version 14.6.14 (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         C88Cspeage TX60 TX60 TX60 TX60 TX60 TX60 TX60 TX60	SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	WXJ023-3	06.06.2022	06.05.2025	
SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52 Tile Conversion Software         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         Version 14.6.14 (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeag-TX60 TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         Twin SAM Phantom         WXG021-4         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           R&S         Broadband radio communication Lester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ008-1         12.27.2023	SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	WXJ021-1	03.26.2024	03.25.2025	
SPEAG         DASY 52 Measurement Software         DASY 52         52.10.4.1527         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         DASY 52 File Conversion Software         SEMCAD X (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeag-TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         ELI V5.0         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMW500 <td< td=""><td>SPEAG</td><td>Dosimetric E-Field Probe</td><td>EX3DV4</td><td>WXJ022</td><td>03.20.2024</td><td>03.19.2025</td></td<>	SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	WXJ022	03.20.2024	03.19.2025	
SPEAG         Software         SEMICAD X (7501)         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Robot Controller         CS8Cspeag-TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         Twin SAM Phantom         WXG021-4         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           SY2ubli         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor	SPEAG	DASY 52 Measurement Software	DASY 52		N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG         Robot Controller         TX60         WXG021-1         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phantom         Twin SAM Phantom         WXG021-5         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           St?ubli         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025 <t< td=""><td>SPEAG</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>N.C.R</td><td>N.C.R</td></t<>	SPEAG				N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG         Phantom         Phantom         WXG021-4         N.C.R         N.C.R           SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           St?ubli         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ098-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025	SPEAG	Robot Controller	TX60	WXG021-1	N.C.R	N.C.R	
SPEAG         Phone Positioner         N/A         WXG021-6         N.C.R         N.C.R           St?ubli         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           R&S         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMU200         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ091         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08	SPEAG	Phantom		WXG021-4	N.C.R N.C.R		
St?ubli         Robot         TX60Lspeag         WXG021-3         N.C.R         N.C.R           R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           R&S         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMU200         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ091         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3	SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V5.0	WXG021-5	N.C.R	N.C.R	
R&S         Broadband radio communication tester         CMW500         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           R&S         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMU200         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ091         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-14         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-15         See Note 3           Weinschel </td <td>SPEAG</td> <td>Phone Positioner</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>WXG021-6</td> <td>N.C.R</td> <td>N.C.R</td>	SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	WXG021-6	N.C.R	N.C.R	
R&S         tester         CMWS00         WXJ008-3         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           Anritsu         Universal Radio Communication Analyzer         MT8820C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           R&S         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMU200         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ091         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-14         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-15         See Note 3           Weinschel         Attenuator <td>St?ubli</td> <td>Robot</td> <td>TX60Lspeag</td> <td>WXG021-3</td> <td>N.C.R</td> <td>N.C.R</td>	St?ubli	Robot	TX60Lspeag	WXG021-3	N.C.R	N.C.R	
Annisu         Analyzer         MT8620C         WXJ008-5         01.10.2023         01.09.2025           R&S         Universal Radio Communication Tester         CMU200         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ091         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-14         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-15         See Note 3           Weinschel         Attenuator         23-3-34         WXG008-16         See Note 3           Anritsu         Directional Coupler         MP654A         WXG008-7         See Note 3           SPEAG         DAK Measurement Software         DAK         Version: DAK 3.5 <td< td=""><td>R&amp;S</td><td></td><td>CMW500</td><td>WXJ008-3</td><td>06.11.2024</td><td>06.10.2025</td></td<>	R&S		CMW500	WXJ008-3	06.11.2024	06.10.2025	
K&S         Tester         CM0200         WXJ008-2         12.27.2023         12.26.2025           KEYSIGHT         Network Analyzer         E5071C         WXJ091         12.27.2023         12.26.2024           KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-14         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-15         See Note 3           Weinschel         Attenuator         23-3-34         WXG008-16         See Note 3           Anritsu         Directional Coupler         MP654A         WXG008-17         See Note 3           SPEAG         DAK Measurement Software         DAK         Version: DAK 3.5         N.C.R	Anritsu		MT8820C	WXJ008-5	01.10.2023	01.09.2025	
KEYSIGHT         EPM Series Power Meter         N1914A         WXJ075         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-14         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-15         See Note 3           Weinschel         Attenuator         23-3-34         WXG008-16         See Note 3           Anritsu         Directional Coupler         MP654A         WXG008-17         See Note 3           SPEAG         Dielectric Assessment Kit         3.5 Probe         WXG008-7         See Note 4           SPEAG         DAK Measurement Software         DAK         Version: DAK 3.5         N.C.R	R&S		CMU200	WXJ008-2	12.27.2023	12.26.2025	
KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-1         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         E-Series Power Sensor         E9300H         WXJ075-2         06.11.2024         06.10.2025           KEYSIGHT         Signal Generator         N5173B         WXJ006-3         09.09.2024         09.08.2025           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-13         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-14         See Note 3           Huber Suhner         RF Cable         SUCOFLEX         WXG008-15         See Note 3           Weinschel         Attenuator         23-3-34         WXG008-16         See Note 3           Anritsu         Directional Coupler         MP654A         WXG008-17         See Note 3           SPEAG         Dielectric Assessment Kit         3.5 Probe         WXG008-7         See Note 4           SPEAG         DAK Measurement Software         DAK         Version: DAK 3.5         N.C.R	KEYSIGHT	Network Analyzer	E5071C	WXJ091	12.27.2023	12.26.2024	
KEYSIGHTE-Series Power SensorE9300HWXJ075-206.11.202406.10.2025KEYSIGHTSignal GeneratorN5173BWXJ006-309.09.202409.08.2025Huber SuhnerRF CableSUCOFLEXWXG008-13See Note 3Huber SuhnerRF CableSUCOFLEXWXG008-14See Note 3Huber SuhnerRF CableSUCOFLEXWXG008-15See Note 3WeinschelAttenuator23-3-34WXG008-16See Note 3AnritsuDirectional CouplerMP654AWXG008-17See Note 3SPEAGDielectric Assessment Kit3.5 ProbeWXG008-7See Note 4SPEAGDAK Measurement SoftwareDAKVersion: DAK 3.5N.C.R	KEYSIGHT	EPM Series Power Meter	N1914A	WXJ075	06.11.2024	06.10.2025	
KEYSIGHTSignal GeneratorN5173BWXJ006-309.09.202409.08.2025Huber SuhnerRF CableSUCOFLEXWXG008-13See Note 3Huber SuhnerRF CableSUCOFLEXWXG008-14See Note 3Huber SuhnerRF CableSUCOFLEXWXG008-15See Note 3WeinschelAttenuator23-3-34WXG008-16See Note 3AnritsuDirectional CouplerMP654AWXG008-17See Note 3SPEAGDielectric Assessment Kit3.5 ProbeWXG008-7See Note 4SPEAGDAK Measurement SoftwareDAKVersion: DAK 3.5N.C.R	KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-1	06.11.2024	06.10.2025	
Huber Suhner RF Cable SUCOFLEX WXG008-13 See Note 3 Huber Suhner RF Cable SUCOFLEX WXG008-14 See Note 3 Huber Suhner RF Cable SUCOFLEX WXG008-15 See Note 3 Weinschel Attenuator 23-3-34 WXG008-16 See Note 3 Anritsu Directional Coupler MP654A WXG008-17 See Note 3 SPEAG Dielectric Assessment Kit 3.5 Probe WXG008-7 See Note 4 SPEAG DAK Measurement Software DAK Version: DAK 3.5 N.C.R	KEYSIGHT	E-Series Power Sensor	E9300H	WXJ075-2	06.11.2024	06.10.2025	
Huber Suhner RF Cable SUCOFLEX WXG008-14 See Note 3 Huber Suhner RF Cable SUCOFLEX WXG008-15 See Note 3 Weinschel Attenuator 23-3-34 WXG008-16 See Note 3 Anritsu Directional Coupler MP654A WXG008-17 See Note 3 SPEAG Dielectric Assessment Kit 3.5 Probe WXG008-7 See Note 4 SPEAG DAK Measurement Software DAK Version: DAK 3.5 N.C.R	KEYSIGHT	Signal Generator	N5173B	WXJ006-3	09.09.2024	09.08.2025	
Huber Suhner RF Cable SUCOFLEX WXG008-15 See Note 3  Weinschel Attenuator 23-3-34 WXG008-16 See Note 3  Anritsu Directional Coupler MP654A WXG008-17 See Note 3  SPEAG Dielectric Assessment Kit 3.5 Probe WXG008-7 See Note 4  SPEAG DAK Measurement Software DAK Version: DAK 3.5 N.C.R	Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-13	See N	Note 3	
WeinschelAttenuator23-3-34WXG008-16See Note 3AnritsuDirectional CouplerMP654AWXG008-17See Note 3SPEAGDielectric Assessment Kit3.5 ProbeWXG008-7See Note 4SPEAGDAK Measurement SoftwareDAKVersion: DAK 3.5N.C.R	Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-14	See Note 3		
Anritsu Directional Coupler MP654A WXG008-17 See Note 3  SPEAG Dielectric Assessment Kit 3.5 Probe WXG008-7 See Note 4  SPEAG DAK Measurement Software DAK Version: DAK 3.5 N.C.R	Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	WXG008-15	See Note 3		
SPEAG Dielectric Assessment Kit 3.5 Probe WXG008-7 See Note 4  SPEAG DAK Measurement Software DAK Version: DAK 3.5 N.C.R	Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	WXG008-16	See Note 3		
SPEAG DAK Measurement Software DAK Version: DAK 3.5 N.C.R	Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	WXG008-17	See Note 3		
	SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	3.5 Probe	WXG008-7	See Note 4		
TXC Broadband Amplifier BBA018000 WXG008-11 See Note 5	SPEAG	DAK Measurement Software	DAK	Version: DAK 3.5	N.C	C.R	
	TXC	Broadband Amplifier	BBA018000	WXG008-11	See N	Note 5	

#### Note:

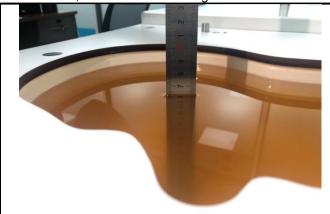
- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
- 6. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- 7. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

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# 9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.



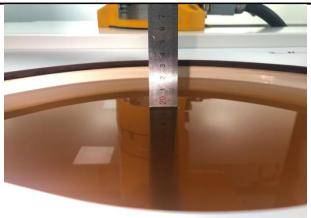


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within ±5% of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency (MHz)	εr	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
915	41.5	0.98
1450	40.5	1.20
1610	40.3	1.29
1800-2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5800	35.3	5.27

(  $\varepsilon r = relative permittivity$ ,  $\sigma = conductivity and <math>\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

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The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a Speag Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(εr)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (εr)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	22.5	0.89	40.65	0.89	41.90	-0.22	-2.98	±5	12/10/2024
835	22.1	0.91	40.26	0.90	41.50	0.56	-2.98	±5	12/07/2024
1750	22.9	1.36	38.79	1.37	40.10	-0.80	-3.27	±5	12/05/2027
1900	22.3	1.39	38.71	1.40	40.00	-0.93	-3.23	±5	12/16/2024
2450	22.6	1.78	37.91	1.80	39.20	-0.94	-3.30	±5	12/18/2024





# 10 SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

## > Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

## System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

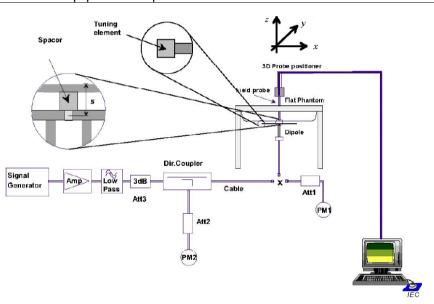


Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram



Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup





## > System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
12/10/2024	750	80	0.708	8.85	8.55	3.51
12/07/2024	835	80	0.783	9.79	9.6	1.98
12/05/2027	1750	40	1.450	36.25	36.5	-0.68
12/16/2024	1900	40	1.610	40.25	39.9	0.88
12/18/2024	2450	40	2.160	54.00	53.4	1.12

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# 11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in six different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

#### 11.1 Handset Reference Points

- ➤ The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w<sub>t</sub> of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset
- > The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

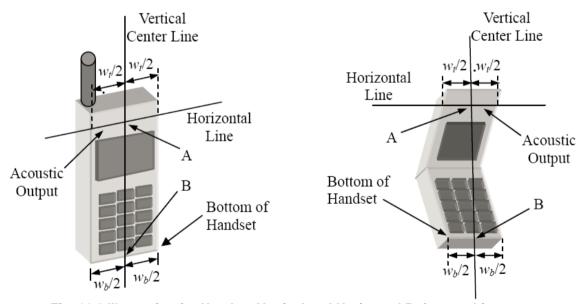


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines



# 11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)

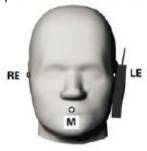






Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

# 11.3 Positioning for Ear / 150 Tilt

- To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).





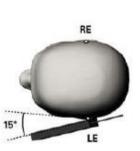


Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

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# 11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

# 11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- > To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- > To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

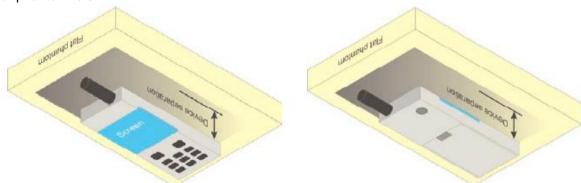


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.



## 12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as below:

<Conducted power measurement>

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

## <Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- > Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

#### 12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- > Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- > Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

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#### 12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the i			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area},\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 3 - 4 GHz: $\leq$ 5 r 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm* 4 - 6 GHz: $\leq$ 4 r		
	uniform grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	patial $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$ : between tion, normal to $1^{\text{st}}$ two points closest		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
			$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

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<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



## 12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

# 12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



# 13 Conducted RF Output Power

#### 13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.86	32.91	32.65	23.83	23.88	23.62
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	32.88	32.92	32.67	23.85	23.89	23.64
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	30.74	30.80	30.56	24.72	24.78	24.54
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	28.74	28.82	28.59	24.48	24.56	24.33
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	26.55	26.64	26.45	23.54	23.63	23.44

#### Remark:

 The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 1og (x)

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01

2. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

#### Note:

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- 2. For Body worn SAR testing and Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- 3. For GPRS multi time slots SAR measurement, when the measured maximum output power levels are within 0.25 dB of each other, test the configuration with the most number of time slots.
- 4. Per KDB447498 D04v01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 5. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

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Band: PCS 1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)		Frame-Average Power(dBm)			
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	29.90	29.97	29.79	20.87	20.94	20.76
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	29.90	29.97	29.80	20.87	20.94	20.77
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	27.63	27.66	27.42	21.61	21.64	21.40
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	26.06	26.08	25.80	21.80	21.82	21.54
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	24.04	24.05	23.75	21.03	21.04	20.74

#### Remark:

3. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power +  $10 \log (x)$ 

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01

4. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

#### Note:

- 1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in PCS 1900 Voice mode.
- 2. For Body worn SAR testing and Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 3 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- 3. Per KDB447498 D04v01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 4. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.



### 13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

## **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

#### Table 1

Sub-test	βε	$eta_d$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	βhs <sup>(1)</sup>	CM (dB) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	$12/15^{(3)}$	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$ 

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ .

Note 3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

## **HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration**

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#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

## Table 2

Sub- test	βς	$\beta_d$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	${\beta_{hs}}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed1</sub> : 47/15 β <sub>ed2</sub> : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

### **HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration**

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#### **WCDMA Conducted Power:**

WCDMA Average power (dBm)								
Band	WCDMA Band II							
Channel	9262	9400	9538					
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6					
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.04	23.17	23.24					
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.06	23.21	23.27					
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.45	23.28	23.47					
HSDPA Sub-test 2	23.38	23.01	23.40					
HSDPA Sub-test 3	21.96	21.79	22.11					
HSDPA Sub-test 4	22.06	21.80	22.19					
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.14	20.04	20.40					
HSUPA Sub-test 2	20.82	20.51	20.85					
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.66	20.32	20.65					
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.92	20.62	20.96					
HSUPA Sub-test 5	22.54	22.23	22.56					

WCDMA Average power (dBm)								
Band		WCDMA Band V						
Channel	4132	4183	4233					
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6					
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.12	23.08	23.16					
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.13	23.09	23.14					
HSDPA Sub-test 1	23.45	23.37	22.93					
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.63	22.74	22.23					
HSDPA Sub-test 3	21.17	21.21	20.89					
HSDPA Sub-test 4	21.24	21.23	20.91					
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.78	20.70	20.41					
HSUPA Sub-test 2	20.90	20.80	20.55					
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.67	20.59	20.32					
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.43	20.44	20.18					
HSUPA Sub-test 5	23.41	23.35	23.33					

#### Note:

- 1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
- 3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

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#### 13.3 LTE Conducted Power

## 13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

#### QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

#### QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

#### QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### **Higher order modulations**

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ? dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

#### 13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ? dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

## 13.3.3 TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r03 and April 2013 TCB workshop slides, SAR must be tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- see 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions and must be taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor
  - according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS to determine the highest SAR test duty factor

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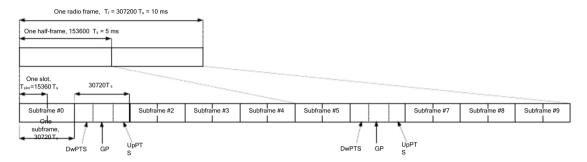


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	l cyclic prefix in	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink					
configuration DwPTS		Up	PTS	DwPTS	Up	PTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		$2560 \cdot T_{ m s}$	
1	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>		2560 · T <sub>s</sub>	$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	2192.1 <sub>8</sub>		
3	24144·T <sub>s</sub>			25600 · T <sub>s</sub>			
4	26336·T <sub>s</sub>			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	
6	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>	$T_{\rm s}$ 4384 · $T_{\rm s}$	5120 · T <sub>s</sub>	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>			
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	4364 · 1 <sub>s</sub>	3120 · 1 <sub>8</sub>	-	-	-	
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-	

Per 3GPP 36.211 section 4.2, each radio frame of length  $T_i$ =37200?  $T_s$  = 10 ms consists of two half-frames of length 153600?  $T_s$  = 5ms each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length 30720 ?  $T_s$  = 1ms. So, the uplink duty factor in special subframe as below:

	Normal cyclic	prefix in downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
Special Subframe	Duty fac	tor of Uplink	Duty factor of Uplink				
configuration	Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic prefix	Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic prefix			
	in uplink	in uplink	in uplink	in uplink			
0	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%			
1	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%			
2	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%			
3	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%			
4	7.14%	8.33%	14.27%	16.67%			
5	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%			
6	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%			
7	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%			
8	14.27%	16.67%	/	/			
9	14.27%	16.67%	/	/			

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Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink		Subframe number								
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms		S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1 5 ms		D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2 5 ms		D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6 5 ms		D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

#### According to above table:

- 1. The highest duty factor is configuration 0;
- 2. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with normal cyclic prefix is: (3ms + 0.143ms)/5ms=62.86%;
- 3. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with extended cyclic prefix is: (3ms + 0.167ms)/5ms=63.34%;
- 4. For purpose to get the worst case SAR test duty factor, the duty factor of normal cyclic prefix in uplink scaled-up to the extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the scaling factor is 63.34%/62.86%=1.008, and the scaling factor will be taken into the final measured SAR.

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## LTE Band 2 part:

	Bandwidt				Av	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulatio n	RB Size	RB Offset	18607	18900	19193
Baria	(MHz)		0.20	Choot	1850.7MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.3MHz
			1	0	23.38	23.60	23.43
			1	2	23.38	23.60	23.41
			1	5	23.34	23.58	23.49
		QPSK	3	0	23.37	23.52	23.63
			3	1	23.47	23.51	23.61
			3	2	23.43	23.49	23.67
Dond 2	4.4		6	0	22.31	22.47	22.53
Band 2	1.4		1	0	22.66	23.01	22.48
			1	2	22.69	22.99	22.54
		16QAM	1	5	22.65	23.19	22.52
			3	0	22.00	22.20	22.49
			3	1	22.01	22.27	22.46
			3	2	22.03	22.27	22.46
			6	0	21.41	21.80	21.69

	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulatio n	RB Size	RB Offset	18615	18900	19185
Barra	(MHz)	"	0120	Onset	1851.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.5MHz
			1	0	23.40	23.46	23.54
			1	7	23.40	23.48	23.57
			1	14	23.31	23.52	23.49
		QPSK	8	0	22.48	22.54	22.58
			8	4	22.38	22.46	22.63
			8	7	22.48	22.56	22.56
Dond O	3		15	0	22.39	22.61	22.50
Band 2	3		1	0	22.10	22.31	22.58
			1	7	22.05	22.40	22.51
			1	14	22.02	22.40	22.54
		16QAM	8	0	21.70	21.85	21.86
			8	4	21.69	21.86	21.87
			8	7	21.69	21.82	21.81
			15	0	21.46	21.74	21.68

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	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18625	18900	19175
Daria	(MHz)		OIZO	Onset	1852.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.5MHz
			1	0	23.32	23.56	23.71
			1	12	23.35	23.56	23.71
			1	24	23.33	23.55	23.59
		QPSK	12	0	22.51	22.48	22.70
			12	6	22.51	22.51	22.71
			12	11	22.51	22.52	22.63
Band 2	5		25	0	22.46	22.57	22.66
Dallu Z	5		1	0	22.63	21.95	22.58
			1	12	22.69	22.09	22.59
		16QAM	1	24	22.67	22.02	22.57
			12	0	21.62	21.74	21.67
			12	6	21.58	21.75	21.68
			12	11	21.66	21.75	21.68
			25	0	21.60	21.83	21.57

	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18650	18900	19150
Dana	(MHz)		Oizo	Onoci	1855.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1905.0MHz
			1	0	23.36	23.43	23.61
			1	24	23.45	23.54	23.56
			1	49	23.35	23.55	23.50
		QPSK	25	0	22.43	22.53	22.64
			25	12	22.42	22.54	22.67
			25	24	22.41	22.54	22.76
Band 2	10		50	0	22.46	22.56	22.63
Dallu Z	10		1	0	22.36	21.84	22.55
			1	24	22.40	21.88	22.53
			1	49	22.32	21.90	22.43
		16QAM	25	0	21.71	21.70	21.90
			25	12	21.73	21.70	21.92
			25	24	21.73	21.71	21.89
			50	0	21.60	21.78	21.73

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	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18675	18900	19125
Daria	(MHz)		OIZO	Onset	1857.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1902.5MHz
			1	0	23.44	23.60	23.71
			1	37	23.37	23.60	23.71
			1	74	23.36	23.71	23.68
		QPSK	36	0	22.44	22.58	22.63
			36	16	22.51	22.56	22.77
			36	35	22.50	22.55	22.78
Dond 2	15		75	0	22.45	22.59	22.76
Band 2	15		1	0	23.00	22.88	22.62
			1	37	23.05	22.92	22.66
			1	74	23.01	23.00	22.57
		16QAM	36	0	21.49	21.74	21.79
			36	16	21.48	21.81	21.79
			36	35	21.46	21.72	21.79
			75	0	21.51	21.79	21.78

	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18700	18900	19100
Dana	(MHz)		0.20	Onoot	1860.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1900.0MHz
			1	0	23.59	23.83	24.01
			1	49	23.45	23.83	24.11
			1	99	23.45	23.95	24.02
		QPSK	50	0	22.47	22.81	22.79
		20 16QAM	50	24	22.44	22.77	22.91
			50	49	22.50	22.78	22.91
Band 2	20		100	0	22.49	22.70	22.80
Dallu Z	20		1	0	22.40	22.65	23.15
			1	49	22.39	22.61	23.25
			1	99	22.39	22.71	23.18
			50	0	21.76	21.89	21.93
			50	24	21.63	21.91	21.94
			50	49	21.68	21.91	21.94
			100	0	21.56	21.93	21.95

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## LTE Band 4 part:

	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulatio n	RB Size	RB Offset	19957	20175	20393
Baria	(MHz)		0.20	Choot	1710.7	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
			1	0	23.27	23.56	23.49
			1	2	23.34	23.58	23.51
			1	5	23.33	23.58	23.47
		QPSK	3	0	23.32	23.65	23.47
			3	1	23.30	23.63	23.45
			3	2	23.29	23.72	23.49
Dond 4	4.4		6	0	22.31	22.52	22.38
Band 4	1.4		1	0	22.57	23.41	23.04
			1	2	22.61	23.44	23.02
		16QAM	1	5	22.51	23.44	23.00
			3	0	21.91	22.43	21.93
			3	1	21.93	22.40	21.90
			3	2	21.97	22.41	21.96
			6	0	21.40	21.96	21.60

	Bandwidt				Av	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulatio n	RB RB Size Offset	RB Offset	19965	20175	20385
Daria	(MHz)		Oizo	Onoci	1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
			1	0	23.16	23.50	23.34
			1	7	23.25	23.62	23.35
			1	14	23.23	23.64	23.35
		QPSK	8	0	22.23	22.66	22.53
			8	4	22.25	22.68	22.54
			8	7	22.25	22.73	22.54
Band 4	3		15	0	22.38	22.57	22.54
Dallu 4	3		1	0	22.30	23.12	22.25
		16QAM	1	7	22.27	23.19	22.21
			1	14	22.26	23.21	22.20
			8	0	21.61	21.88	21.74
			8	4	21.62	21.90	21.73
			8	7	21.62	21.94	21.72
			15	0	21.38	21.79	21.51

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	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19975	20175	20375
Daria	(MHz)		OIZO	Onset	1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
			1	0	23.30	23.74	23.49
			1	12	23.33	23.83	23.49
			1	24	23.31	23.77	23.46
		QPSK	12	0	22.31	22.66	22.40
			12	6	22.33	22.68	22.41
			12	11	22.33	22.67	22.40
Band 4	5		25	0	22.37	22.61	22.47
Dallu 4	5		1	0	22.23	22.67	21.88
			1	12	22.33	22.74	21.87
			1	24	22.41	22.78	22.01
		16QAM	12	0	21.41	21.76	21.51
			12	6	21.39	21.76	21.52
			12	11	21.37	21.75	21.51
			25	0	21.24	21.79	21.65

	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20000	20175	20350
Dana	(MHz)		Oizo	Onoci	1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
			1	0	23.06	23.42	23.46
			1	24	23.16	23.54	23.31
			1	49	23.29	23.46	23.41
		QPSK	25	0	22.27	22.71	22.35
			25	12	22.26	22.59	22.48
			25	24	22.36	22.63	22.34
Dond 4	10		50	0	22.45	22.61	22.43
Band 4	10		1	0	22.13	22.47	21.89
			1	24	22.27	22.58	21.87
			1	49	22.32	22.48	21.87
		16QAM	25	0	21.50	21.80	21.58
			25	12	21.49	21.79	21.64
			25	24	21.46	21.78	21.63
			50	0	21.52	21.79	21.51

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	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dBi	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20025	20175	20325
Daria	(MHz)		OIZO	Onset	1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
			1	0	23.15	23.59	23.44
			1	37	23.26	23.68	23.38
			1	74	23.44	23.63	23.45
		QPSK	36	0	22.35	22.62	22.44
			36	16	22.19	22.62	22.49
			36	35	22.29	22.56	22.42
Pand 4	15		75	0	22.37	22.51	22.36
Band 4	15		1	0	22.43	22.53	22.40
			1	37	22.61	22.63	22.37
			1	74	22.82	22.50	22.35
		16QAM	36	0	21.44	21.78	21.64
			36	16	21.48	21.67	21.65
		<b> </b>	36	35	21.46	21.76	21.65
			75	0	21.55	21.70	21.57

	Bandwidt				A۱	verage Power (dB	m)
LTE Band	h	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20050	20175	20300
Dana	(MHz)		0.20	Onoot	1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
			1	0	23.45	23.33	23.97
			1	49	23.68	23.51	23.94
			1	99	23.87	23.44	23.89
		QPSK	50	0	22.36	22.55	22.54
			50	24	22.46	22.67	22.59
			50	49	22.46	22.67	22.56
Band 4	20		100	0	22.43	22.60	22.50
Dallu 4	20		1	0	22.80	22.63	21.92
			1	49	22.88	22.84	21.77
			1	99	23.07	22.77	21.79
		16QAM	50	0	21.45	21.82	21.71
			50	24	21.44	21.82	21.80
		•	50	49	21.43	21.82	21.74
			100	0	21.61	21.59	21.61

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# 13.4 Bluetooth Conducted Power

		Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK	π/4-DQPSK	8DPSK
CH 00	2402	3.31	4.74	5.10
CH 39	2441	3.69	5.10	5.45
CH 78	2480	4.11	5.46	5.73

#### Note:

- 1. SAR test of Bluetooth is performed and the mode with highest average power is selected for SAR testing.
- 2. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 100%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.





# 14 SAR Test Results Summary

# 14.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

# ➢ GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	190	836.6	32.91	-0.01	33.0	0.479	1.021	0.489
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	190	836.6	32.91	0.13	33.0	0.175	1.021	0.179
1	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	190	836.6	32.91	-0.14	33.0	0.494	1.021	0.504
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	190	836.6	32.91	-0.08	33.0	0.206	1.021	0.210
2	PCS1900/Voice	Right Cheek	661	1880	29.97	0.08	30.5	0.228	1.13	0.258
	PCS1900/Voice	Right Tilted	661	1880	29.97	-0.04	30.5	0.099	1.13	0.112
	PCS1900/Voice	Left Cheek	661	1880	29.97	-0.02	30.5	0.227	1.13	0.257
	PCS1900/Voice	Left Tilted	661	1880	29.97	0.07	30.5	0.092	1.13	0.104
	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa Uncontrolled Expo	tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged					

#### ► WCDMA Hoad SAP

$\triangleright$	WCDMA Head SAF	₹								
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
3	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.27	0.08	23.5	0.302	1.054	0.318
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.27	-0.16	23.5	0.125	1.054	0.132
	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.27	-0.19	23.5	0.284	1.054	0.299
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.27	-0.03	23.5	0.102	1.054	0.108
	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.14	0.03	23.5	0.459	1.086	0.498
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.14	0.10	23.5	0.143	1.086	0.155
4	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.14	-0.14	23.5	0.514	1.086	0.558
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.14	0.17	23.5	0.181	1.086	0.197
	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa Uncontrolled Expo	atial Peak		tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged			

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
5	Band2/1RB#49	Right Cheek	19100	1900	24.11	0.03	24.5	0.438	1.094	0.479
	Band2/1RB#49	Right Tilted	19100	1900	24.11	0.09	24.5	0.164	1.094	0.179
	Band2/1RB#49	Left Cheek	19100	1900	24.11	-0.02	24.5	0.336	1.094	0.368
	Band2/1RB#49	Left Tilted	19100	1900	24.11	-0.06	24.5	0.146	1.094	0.160
	Band2/50%RB#49	Right Cheek	19100	1900	22.91	-0.05	23.5	0.377	1.146	0.432
	Band2/50%RB#49	Right Tilted	19100	1900	22.91	0.01	23.5	0.143	1.146	0.164
	Band2/50%RB#49	Left Cheek	19100	1900	22.91	0.18	23.5	0.292	1.146	0.335
	Band2/50%RB#49	Left Tilted	19100	1900	22.91	0.00	23.5	0.127	1.146	0.146
	ANSI / IEEE CS Spa Uncontrolled Expo	tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged					

FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Head SAR

	FDD-LTE Ballu 4(2	OWN 12) QI OIL	i icaa o	VI V						
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
6	Band4/1RB#0	Right Cheek	20300	1745	23.97	0.08	24.5	0.244	1.13	0.276
	Band4/1RB#0	Right Tilted	20300	1745	23.97	-0.07	24.5	0.084	1.13	0.095
	Band4/1RB#0	Left Cheek	20300	1745	23.97	0.10	24.5	0.186	1.13	0.210
	Band4/1RB#0	Left Tilted	20300	1745	23.97	0.12	24.5	0.061	1.13	0.069
	Band4/50%RB#24	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.67	0.20	23.0	0.212	1.079	0.229
	Band4/50%RB#24	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.67	0.09	23.0	0.073	1.079	0.079
	Band4/50%RB#24	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.67	0.05	23.0	0.165	1.079	0.178
	Band4/50%RB#24	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.67	0.12	23.0	0.053	1.079	0.057
	ANSI / IEEE CS	atial Peak	4ian			1.6 W/kg Averaged				

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

## FDD-LTE Band 12(10MHz) QPSK Head SAR

**Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population** 

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band12/1RB#0	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	23.54	-0.02	24.0	0.184	1.112	0.205
	Band12/1RB#0	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	23.54	-0.04	24.0	0.092	1.112	0.102
7	Band12/1RB#0	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	23.54	-0.07	24.0	0.198	1.112	0.220
	Band12/1RB#0	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	23.54	-0.11	24.0	0.095	1.112	0.106
	Band12/50%RB#12	Right Cheek	23130	711	22.88	-0.12	23.0	0.165	1.028	0.170
	Band12/50%RB#12	Right Tilted	23130	711	22.88	0.05	23.0	0.082	1.028	0.084
	Band12/50%RB#12	Left Cheek	23130	711	22.88	0.04	23.0	0.178	1.028	0.183
	Band12/50%RB#12	Left Tilted	23130	711	22.88	-0.09	23.0	0.086	1.028	0.088
	ANSI / IEEE C9 Spa	tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged					

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Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.



Report No.: JYTSZ-R14-2400157

#### Bluetooth Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	BT/8DPSK	Right Cheek	78	2480	5.73	0.08	6.0	<0.001*	1.064	1.000	<0.001*
	BT/8DPSK	Right Tilted	78	2480	5.73	0.00	6.0	<0.001*	1.064	1.000	<0.001*
	BT/8DPSK	Left Cheek	78	2480	5.73	0.00	6.0	<0.001*	1.064	1.000	<0.001*
	BT/8DPSK	Left Tilted	78	2480	5.73	0.00	6.0	<0.001*	1.064	1.000	<0.001*
U	ANSI / IEEE C99 Spar ncontrolled Expos	tial Peak		tion				N/kg (m\ aged ov	•		

#### Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D04v01, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
   Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- 5. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination
- 6. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.
- 7. \*: Due the antenna location and antenna performance results the SAR value lower than the lowest system limit, then we show "<0.001\* W/Kg" in the report.





# 14.2 Standalone Body SAR

# ➢ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	GPRS850/2 slots	Front	190	836.6	30.80	-0.06	31.0	0.308	1.047	0.322
8	GPRS850/2 slots	Back	190	836.6	30.80	0.07	31.0	0.678	1.047	0.710
	GPRS1900/3 slots	Front	661	1880	26.08	-0.04	26.5	0.148	1.102	0.163
9	GPRS1900/3 slots	Back	661	1880	26.08	0.13	26.5	0.378	1.102	0.417
	ANSI / IEEE C95 Spat Uncontrolled Expos	ial Peak		tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged			

## WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	23.27	0.15	23.5	0.185	1.054	0.195
10	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.27	0.03	23.5	0.481	1.054	0.507
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.17	0.12	23.5	0.331	1.079	0.357
11	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.17	0.01	23.5	0.677	1.079	0.730
ļ	ANSI / IEEE C95 Spat Uncontrolled Expos	ial Peak		tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged	• •		

# > FDD-LTE Band 2(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

Plot	Band/Mode	Test	CH.	Freq.	Ave. Power	Power Drift	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. SAR <sub>1q</sub>	Scaling	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>
No.		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)
	Band2/1RB#49	Front	19100	1900	24.11	-0.02	24.5	0.361	1.094	0.395
12	Band2/1RB#49	Back	19100	1900	24.11	-0.01	24.5	1.010	1.094	1.105
	Band2/1RB#0	Back	18700	1860	23.59	0.12	24.5	0.833	1.233	1.027
	Band2/1RB#99	Back	18900	1880	23.95	-0.09	24.5	0.850	1.135	0.965
	Band2/1RB#49	Back	19100	1900	24.11	0.00	24.5	0.995	1.094	1.089
	Band2/50%RB#49	Front	19100	1900	22.91	0.17	23.5	0.250	1.146	0.287
	Band2/50%RB#49	Back	19100	1900	22.91	-0.03	23.5	0.894	1.146	1.025
	Band2/50%RB#49	Back	18700	1860	22.50	0.11	23.5	0.705	1.259	0.888
	Band2/50%RB#0	Back	18900	1880	22.81	0.06	23.5	0.727	1.172	0.852
	Band2/100%RB#0	Back	19100	1900	22.80	-0.03	23.0	0.732	1.047	0.766
	ANSI / IEEE C95	5.1 - SAFE	TY LIMIT				1.6 \//////	(m\\//a\		
	Spat	ial Peak					1.6 W/kg Averaged			
	Uncontrolled Expos	tion			Averaged	i over 1g				

#### > FDD-LTE Band 4(20MHz) QPSK Body SAR

	T DD-LTL Danu 4(20)	···· · <u>-</u> / <del>·</del> ·· ·	Coup of							
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band4/1RB#0	Front	20300	1745	23.97	-0.01	24.5	0.208	1.130	0.235
13	Band4/1RB#0	Back	20300	1745	23.97	-0.09	24.5	0.509	1.130	0.575
	Band4/50%RB#24	Front	20175	1732.5	22.67	0.02	23.0	0.183	1.079	0.197
	Band4/50%RB#24	Back	20175	1732.5	22.67	0.13	23.0	0.443	1.079	0.478
	ANSI / IEEE C95 Spat Uncontrolled Expos	ial Peak		tion			1.6 W/kg Averaged			_

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Report No.: JYTSZ-R14-2400157

FDD-LTE Band 12(10MHz) QPSK Body SAR

				(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Factor	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Band12/1RB#0	Front	23095	707.5	23.54	-0.10	24.0	0.128	1.112	0.142
Band12/1RB#0	Back	23095	707.5	23.54	0.05	24.0	0.381	1.112	0.424
Band12/50%RB#12	Front	23130	711	22.88	-0.02	23.0	0.112	1.028	0.115
Band12/50%RB#12	Back	23130	711	22.88	0.11	23.0	0.334	1.028	0.343
_	Band12/1RB#0 and12/50%RB#12	Band12/1RB#0         Back           and12/50%RB#12         Front	Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130	Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095         707.5           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130         711	Band12/1RB#0         Front         23095         707.5         23.54           Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095         707.5         23.54           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130         711         22.88	Band12/1RB#0         Front         23095         707.5         23.54         -0.10           Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095         707.5         23.54         0.05           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130         711         22.88         -0.02	Band12/1RB#0         Front         23095         707.5         23.54         -0.10         24.0           Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095         707.5         23.54         0.05         24.0           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130         711         22.88         -0.02         23.0	Band12/1RB#0         Front         23095         707.5         23.54         -0.10         24.0         0.128           Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095         707.5         23.54         0.05         24.0         0.381           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130         711         22.88         -0.02         23.0         0.112	Band12/1RB#0         Front         23095         707.5         23.54         -0.10         24.0         0.128         1.112           Band12/1RB#0         Back         23095         707.5         23.54         0.05         24.0         0.381         1.112           and12/50%RB#12         Front         23130         711         22.88         -0.02         23.0         0.112         1.028

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT
Spatial Peak
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g

Bluetooth Body SAR

Placetocal Body Of at											
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	BT/8DPSK	Front	78	2480	5.73	0.00	6.0	<0.001*	1.064	1.000	<0.001*
	BT/8DPSK	Back	78	2480	5.73	0.00	6.0	<0.001*	1.064	1.000	<0.001*
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g							

#### Note:

- 1. Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
- 2. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
- 3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 4. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D04v01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- 6. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 8. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- 9. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.
- 10. \*: Due the antenna location and antenna performance results the SAR value lower than the lowest system limit, then we show "<0.001\* W/Kg" in the report.</p>

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# 14.3 Product specific 10g SAR

# 14.4 Repeated SAR measurement

	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/kg)					
Band/ Mode				Original	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated		2 <sup>nd</sup> Repeated		
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	
Band2/1RB#49	Back	19100	1900	1.010	0.995	1.02	/	/	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

#### Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8 W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

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### 14.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

#### **Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities**

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D04v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

#### Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

Simultaneous	Position	Applicable Combination			
Transmission	Head	WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth			
Consideration	Body	WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth			

#### Note:

- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously. 1.
- 2. The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D04v01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if, 3.

  - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg. SPLSR =  $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$ , and the peak separation distance is determined ii. from the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$ , where  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
  - iii. Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

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# 14.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

#### > Simultaneous Transmission

Position		Standalone S	Σ SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		
		1	2	4.2	
		WWAN	BT	1+2	
Head	Right Cheek	0.498	0.000	0.498	
	Right Tilted	0.179	0.000	0.179	
	Left Cheek	0.558	0.000	0.558	
	Left Tilted	0.210	0.000	0.210	
Body- worn	Front	0.395	0.000	0.395	
	Back	1.105	0.000	1.105	

#### Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D04v01.





# 14.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



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#### 14.8 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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# 15 Reference

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- [4]. SPEAG DASY52 System Handbook
- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS", October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01, "RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES", November 2021
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- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES", Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz", August 2015





**Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check** 





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/10/2024

## DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.888 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.65$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(10.23, 10.23, 10.23) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 03.20.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 03.26.2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# System Performance Check at Frequency750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.708 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 17.6 mm

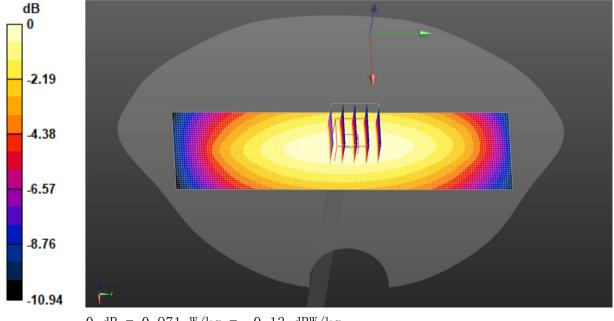
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.971 W/kg

# System Performance Check at Frequency750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x151x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.984 W/kg



0 dB = 0.971 W/kg = -0.13 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/7/2024

# DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4D154

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.905$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.263$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 03.20.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 03.26.2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# System Performance Check at Frequency835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x141x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

# System Performance Check at Frequency835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

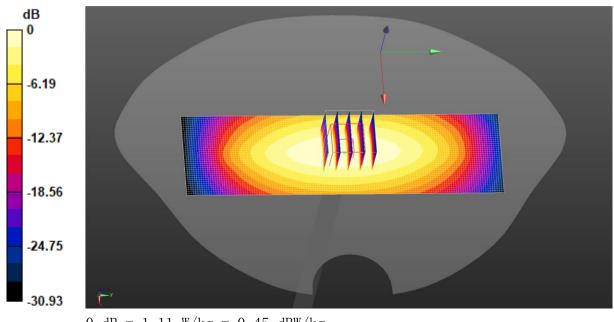
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 0.783 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.490 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.45 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/5/2024

### DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: SN:1177

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.359 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.787$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 03.20.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 03.26.2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# System Performance Check at Frequency1750 MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.25 W/kg

# System Performance Check at Frequency1750 MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

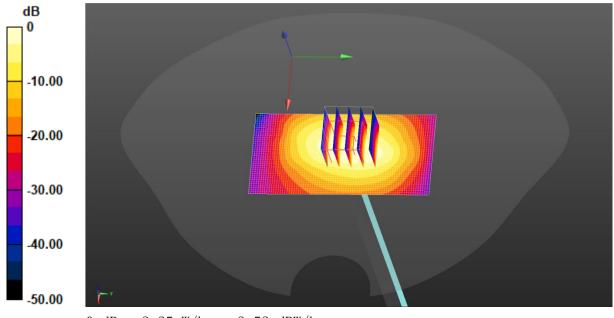
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.75 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 1.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.806 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 54.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 W/kg



0 dB = 2.25 W/kg = 3.52 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d175

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 03.20.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 03.26.2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# System Performance Check at Frequency1900 MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 W/kg

# System Performance Check at Frequency1900 MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

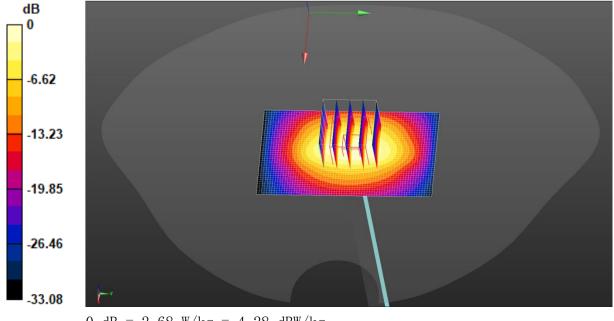
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.15 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 1.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.854 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 W/kg



0 dB = 2.68 W/kg = 4.28 dBW/kg





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/18/2024

### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:910

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.783$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.908$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(7.59, 7.59, 7.59) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 03.20.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 03.26.2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# System Performance Check at Frequency2450 MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.75 W/kg

# System Performance Check at Frequency2450 MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 43.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

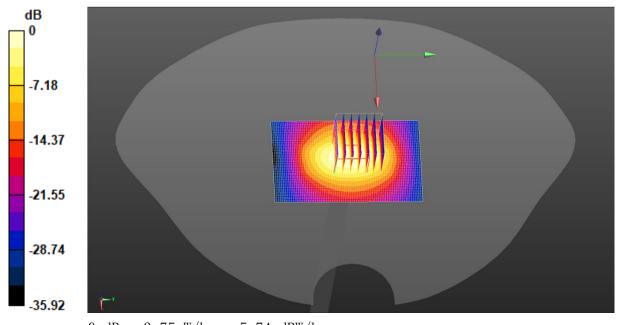
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.55 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.987 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.41 W/kg



0 dB = 3.75 W/kg = 5.74 dBW/kg

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**Appendix B: Plots of SAR Test Data** 





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/7/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.905$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.257$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# GSM 850 Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.612 W/kg

# GSM 850 Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

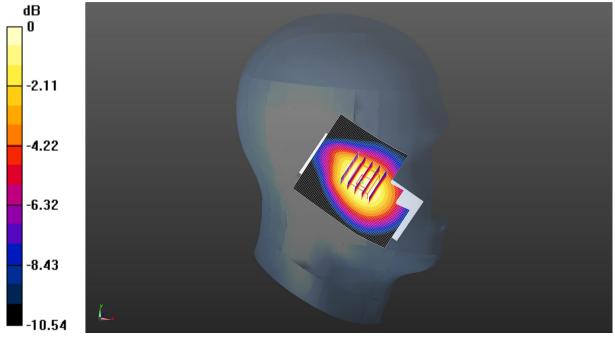
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.694 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.494 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 20.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 72.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 W/kg



0 dB = 0.624 W/kg = -2.05 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# GSM 1900 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.304 W/kg

# GSM 1900 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.539 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

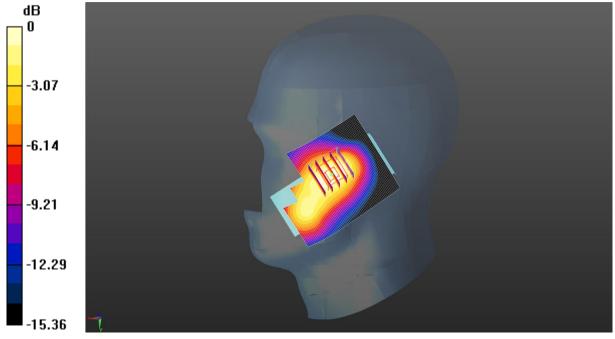
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 15.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 72%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg



0 dB = 0.294 W/kg = -5.31 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1907.6 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.422 W/kg

# WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.284 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

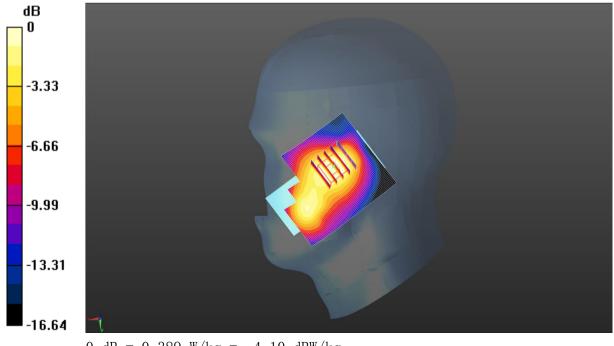
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 14.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 W/kg



0 dB = 0.389 W/kg = -4.10 dBW/kg

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Report Template No.: JYTSZ4b-286-C Project No.: JYTSZR2412010 No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community, Xinqiao Street,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/7/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.909$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.22$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 846.6 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.633 W/kg

# WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

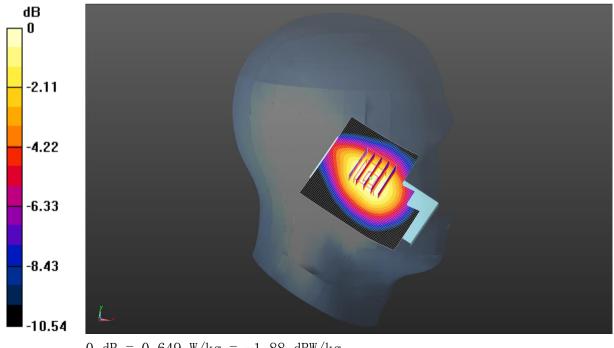
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.727 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 18.1 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.649 W/kg



0 dB = 0.649 W/kg = -1.88 dBW/kg

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Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024

Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.590 W/kg

# LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.239 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

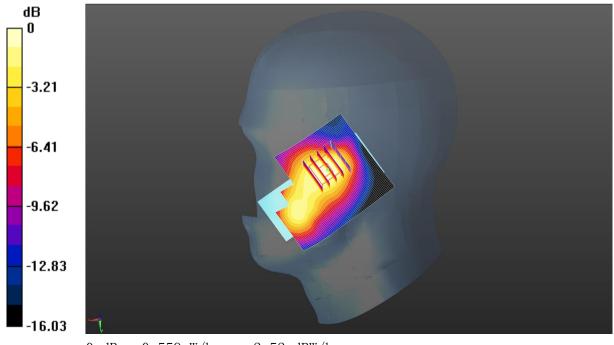
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.634 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 13.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 73.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.559 W/kg



0 dB = 0.559 W/kg = -2.52 dBW/kg

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Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China. Telephone: +86 (0) 755 23118282 Fax: +86 (0) 755 23116366, E-mail: info-JYTee@lets.com





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/5/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1745 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.356$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.795$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 W/kg

# LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.863 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

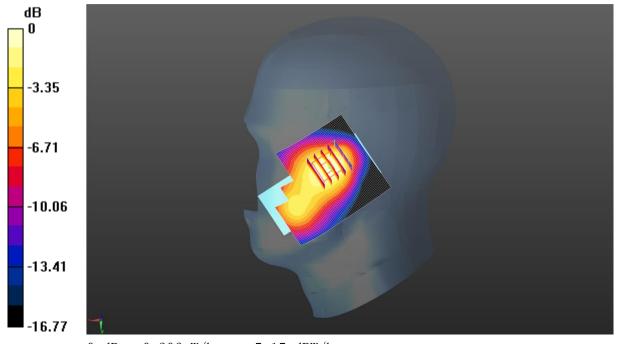
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 12.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 73.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 W/kg



0 dB = 0.306 W/kg = -5.15 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/10/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

# **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(10.23, 10.23, 10.23) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

# LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.229 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

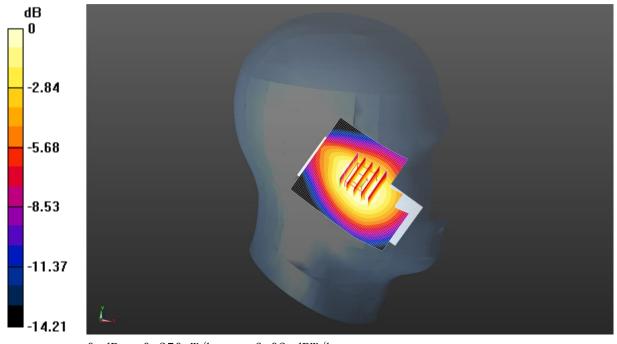
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.279 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 27.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg



0 dB = 0.250 W/kg = -6.02 dBW/kg

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Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/7/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(2 Slots) (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.10015

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.905$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.257$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# GPRS 850 2Slots Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

# GPRS 850 2Slots Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

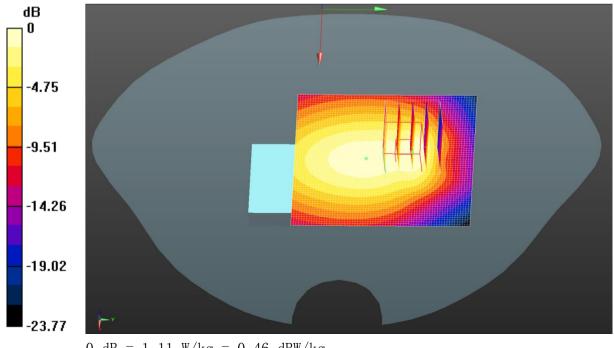
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.678 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 12.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 W/kg



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.46 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(3 Slots) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle:

1:2.77971

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# GPRS 1900 3Slots Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.640 W/kg

# GPRS 1900 3Slots Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

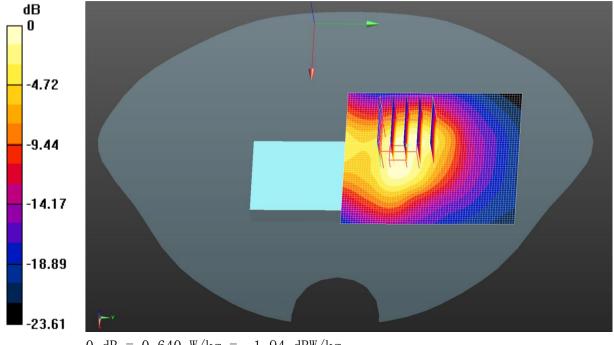
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.736 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.378 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 14.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.562 W/kg



0 dB = 0.640 W/kg = -1.94 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1907.6 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# WCDMA 1900 Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.904 W/kg

# WCDMA 1900 Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

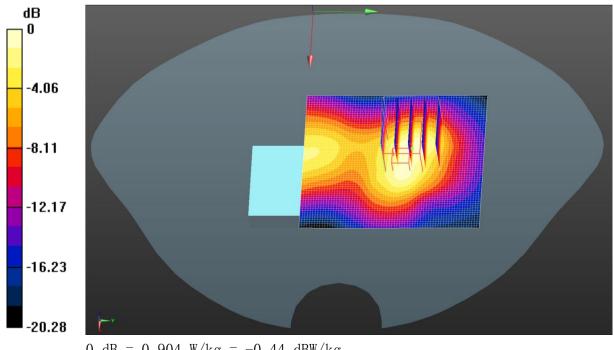
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.910 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.481 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.275 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 13.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.721 W/kg



0 dB = 0.904 W/kg = -0.44 dBW/kg

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Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/7/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.909$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.22$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 846.6 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# WCDMA 850 Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

# WCDMA 850 Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

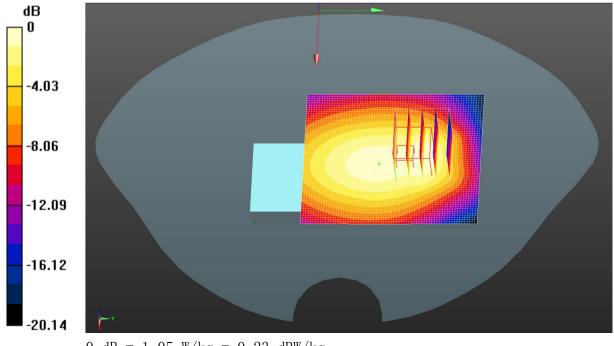
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.677 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.460 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.898 W/kg



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg = 0.23 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/16/2024

## DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.708$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.65 W/kg

# LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

**0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

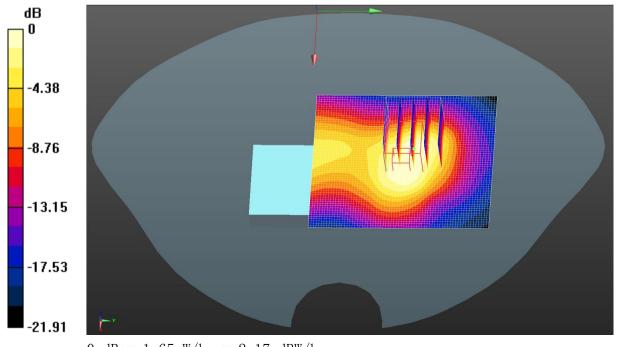
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.552 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 12.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 57.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg



0 dB = 1.65 W/kg = 2.17 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/5/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1745 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.356$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.795$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.966 W/kg

# LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

**0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

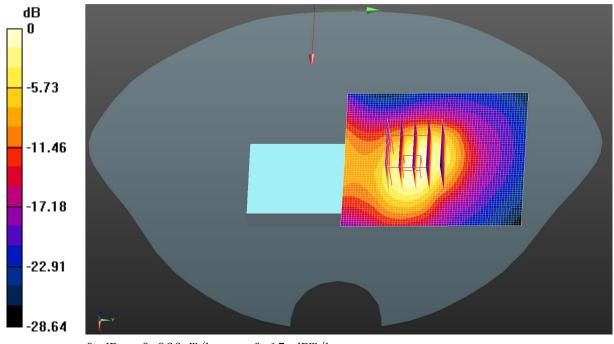
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.509 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 11.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.820 W/kg



0 dB = 0.966 W/kg = -0.15 dBW/kg

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Report Template No.: JYTSZ4b-286-C Project No.: JYTSZR2412010 No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.





Test Laboratory: JYTSZ Date: 12/10/2024

# DUT: 4G Feature Phone; Type: B9; Serial: SZR012400612-6

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty

Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3924; ConvF(10.23, 10.23, 10.23) @ 707.5 MHz; Calibrated: 3/20/2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1452; Calibrated: 3/26/2024
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

# LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.564 W/kg

# LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

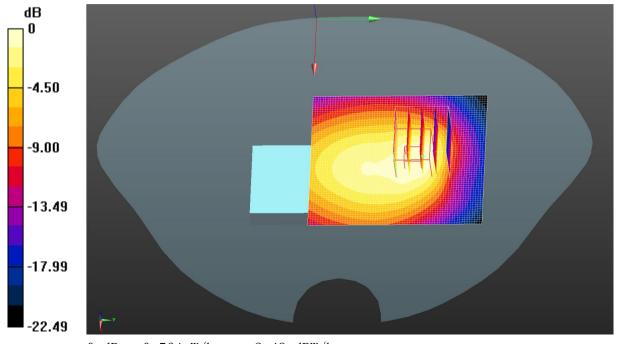
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.381 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10.7 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 44.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg



0 dB = 0.564 W/kg = -2.49 dBW/kg

JianYan Testing Group Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Report Template No.: JYTSZ4b-286-C Project No.: JYTSZR2412010 No.101, Building 8, Innovation Wisdom Port, No.155 Hongtian Road, Huangpu Community, Xinqiao Street,

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