

TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRRFCC2211-0174

2. Customer

• Name : Kyocera Corporation

• Address : Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, Japan

3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Phone / EB1146

FCC ID : JOYEB1146

5. FCC Regulation(s) : CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093

Test Method Used : IEEE 1528-2013, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528

FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

6. Date of Test : 2022.10.24 ~ 2022.11.02

7. Location of Test : ☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.

9. Test Result : Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : YeJin Seo 	Name : HakMin Kim 

2022 . 11 . 22 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRFCC2211-0174	Nov. 22, 2022	Initial issue	YeJin Seo	HakMin Kim

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1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

1.1 General Information

EUT type	Mobile Phone				
FCC ID	JOYEB1146				
Equipment model name	EB1146				
Equipment add model name	N/A				
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype				
FCC & ISED MRA Designation No.	KR0034				
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 850, GSM 1 900, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1 700, WCDMA 1 900, LTE Band 12, 5, 4, 2 2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/g/n-HT20/ac-VHT20), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT80), Bluetooth				
TX Frequency Range	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency
	GSM 850	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
	GSM 1 900	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	1 850.2 MHz ~ 1 909.8 MHz
	WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1 700	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1 712.4 MHz ~ 1 752.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1 900	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1 852.4 MHz ~ 1 907.6 MHz
	LTE Band 12	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz
	LTE Band 5	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz
	LTE Band 4	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1 710.7 MHz ~ 1 754.3 MHz
	LTE Band 2	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1 850.7 MHz ~ 1 909.3 MHz
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz
	GSM 1 900	GSM/GPRS	Voice/Data	-	1 930.2 MHz ~ 1 989.8 MHz
	WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	871.4 MHz ~ 891.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1 700	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	2 112.4 MHz ~ 2 152.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1 900	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1 932.4 MHz ~ 1 987.6 MHz
	LTE Band 12	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	729.7 MHz ~ 745.3 MHz
	LTE Band 5	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10MHz	869.7 MHz ~ 893.3 MHz
	LTE Band 4	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	2 110.7 MHz ~ 2 154.3 MHz
	LTE Band 2	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1 930.7 MHz ~ 1 989.3 MHz
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT200	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz

SAR Summary Table

Equipment Class	Band	Reported SAR		
		1g SAR (W/kg)		
		Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
PCE	GSM 850	0.22	0.33	-
PCE	GPRS 850	0.23	0.36	0.37
PCE	GSM 1 900	0.04	0.41	-
PCE	GPRS 1 900	0.05	0.42	0.42
PCE	WCDMA 850	0.21	0.33	0.33
PCE	WCDMA 1 700	0.07	0.67	0.67
PCE	WCDMA 1 900	0.10	0.71	0.71
PCE	LTE Band 12	0.03	0.04	0.07
PCE	LTE Band 5	0.19	0.22	0.28
PCE	LTE Band 4	0.07	0.82	0.82
PCE	LTE Band 2	0.09	0.77	0.77
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	0.34	0.57	0.57
U-NII-1	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-
U-NII-2A	5.3 GHz W-LAN	0.03	0.14	-
U-NII-2C	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.10	0.40	-
DSS	Bluetooth	0.17	0.20	0.20
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03		0.55	1.42	1.39
FCC Equipment Class	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)			
Date(s) of Tests	2022.10.24 ~ 2022.11.02			
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna			
Functions	- GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. - No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN - Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. - VoIP is supported. - W-LAN 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot. - W-LAN 5 GHz is not supported Hotspot.			

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 9 of this test report.

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in JOYEB1146_Antenna Location. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is < 160 mm and diagonal dimension of this device's display is < 150 mm. it is not considered a "phablet".

Mode	Device Sides for SAR Testing					
	Top	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
GSM/GPRS 850	X	O	O	O	X	O
GSM/GPRS 1 900	X	O	O	O	X	O
WCDMA 850	X	O	O	O	X	O
WCDMA 1 700	X	O	O	O	X	O
WCDMA 1 900	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 12	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 5	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 4	X	O	O	O	X	O
LTE Band 2	X	O	O	O	X	O
2.4 GHz W-LAN	O	X	O	O	X	O
5 GHz W-LAN	X ^{Note 3}	X	O	O	X	X ^{Note 3}
Bluetooth	O	X	O	O	X	O

Note 1: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR or Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

Note 2: O - Test / X - Not test.

Note 3: 5 GHz W-LAN is not supported hotspot.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 12 of this test report.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) WIFI

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB publication 248227 D01v02r02.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a “phablet” since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Phablet SAR tests were not required when wireless router 1g SAR < 1.2 W/kg.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03, this device is considered a “phablet” since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05 (SAR for LTE Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02 (LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 (Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- April 2019 TCB Workshop Notes (Tissue Simulating Liquids)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units. The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 11.

1.9 FCC & ISED MRA test lab designation no. : KR0034

2. LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information					
FCC ID	JOYEB1146				
Form Factor	Mobile Phone				
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission Band	LTE Band 12 (699.7 ~ 715.3 MHz) LTE Band 5 (Cell) (824.7 ~ 848.3 MHz) LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1710.7 ~ 1754.3 MHz) LTE Band 2 (PCS) (1850.7 ~ 1909.3 MHz)				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 12 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz LTE Band 5 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz LTE Band 4 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz LTE Band 2 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz				
Channel Number and Frequencies(MHz)	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	Mid-High	High
LTE Band 12: 1.4 MHz	699.7 (23017)	N/A	707.5 (23095)	N/A	715.3 (23173)
LTE Band 12: 3 MHz	700.5 (23025)	N/A	707.5 (23095)	N/A	714.5 (23165)
LTE Band 12: 5 MHz	701.5 (23035)	N/A	707.5 (23095)	N/A	713.5 (23155)
LTE Band 12: 10 MHz	704.0 (23060)	N/A	707.5 (23095) ^{Note1}	N/A	711.0 (23130)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 1.4 MHz	824.7 (20407)	N/A	836.5 (20525)	N/A	848.3 (20643)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 3 MHz	825.5 (20415)	N/A	836.5 (20525)	N/A	847.5 (20635)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 5 MHz	826.5 (20425)	N/A	836.5 (20525)	N/A	846.5 (20625)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 10 MHz	829.0 (20450)	N/A	836.5 (20525) ^{Note2}	N/A	844.0 (20600)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz	1 710.7 (19957)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 754.3 (20393)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 3 MHz	1 711.5 (19965)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 753.5 (20385)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1 712.5 (19975)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 752.5 (20375)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1 715.0 (20000)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 750.0 (20350)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1 717.5 (20025)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 747.5 (20325)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1 720.0 (20050)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175) ^{Note3}	N/A	1 745.0 (20300)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4 MHz	1 850.7 (18607)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 909.3 (19193)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 3 MHz	1 851.5 (18615)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 908.5 (19185)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz	1 852.5 (18625)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 907.5 (19175)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz	1 855.0 (18650)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 905.0 (19150)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 15 MHz	1 857.5 (18675)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 902.5 (19125)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 20 MHz	1 860.0 (18700)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 900.0 (19100)
UE Category	UE Cat 4				
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3-6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes				
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes				
LTE Carrier Aggregation Possible Combinations	This device does not support both UL and DL carrier aggregation.				

Note(s)

- LTE B12 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B5(Cell) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B4 (AWS) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 20 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

3. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 3.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1 g/10 g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1 g or 10 g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5 %, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

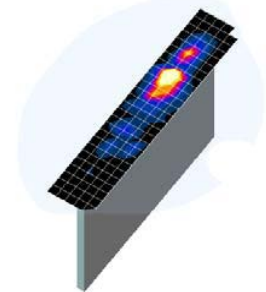


Figure 4.1
Sample SAR Area Scan

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° $\pm$ 1°	20° $\pm$ 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Table 4.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

5. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point(ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

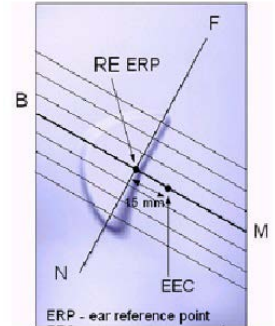


Figure 5.1
Close-up side view
of ERP

5.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Fig. 5.3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it’s top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

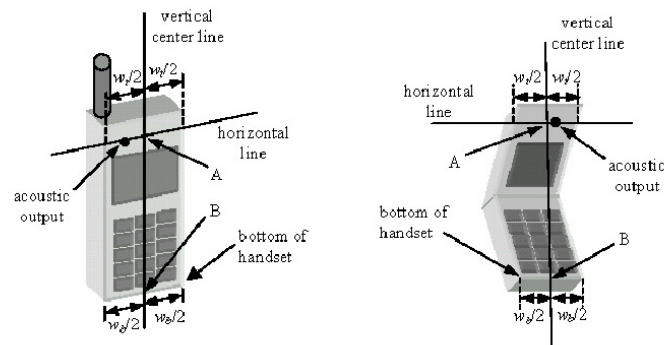


Figure 5.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

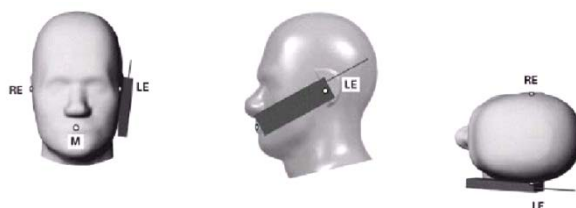


Figure 6.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 6.2)

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6.3).

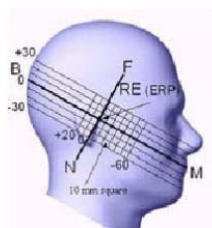


Figure 6.2 Side view w/relevant markings

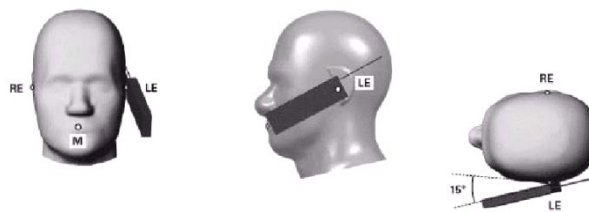


Figure 6.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

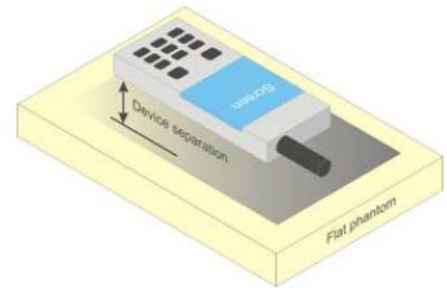


Figure 6.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.5 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front the front, rear and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was not activated during SAR assessment, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

8. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a “point SAR” at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5 %, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)

8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general, descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC,(transmit power control) set to all “1s” or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

8.3.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.						

Figure 9.1 Table 1

8.3.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.

An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK. HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{in}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_m = \beta_{in}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{in} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{in}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Figure 9.2 Table 2

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The call simulator was used for LTE output power measurement and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Addition MPR) has been disable for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:

- Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channel is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50 % RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100 % allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100 % allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50 % RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50 % RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/kg.

8.4.5 64QAM uplink

(1) Per KDB 941225 D05 V02r05, we'll measure conducted powers per Section 5.1 for all uplink modulations (QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) and include in the test report.

(2) From these power measurements, we will apply the procedures in Section 5.2.4 ("Higher Order Modulations") to determine SAR test reduction for 16QAM and 64QAM test cases.

8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96 % is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.5.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

8.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

8.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

8.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power were the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required.

Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.

8.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

9. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

9.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Voice[dBm]	Burst Average GMSK [dBm]			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slot	3 TX Slot	4 TX Slot
GSM/GPRS 850	Maximum	33.90	33.90	30.90	29.10	27.90
	Nominal	32.50	32.50	29.50	27.70	26.50
GSM/GPRS 1900	Maximum	30.90	30.90	27.90	26.10	24.90
	Nominal	29.50	29.50	26.50	24.70	23.50

Table 9.1.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Band	Channel	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power(dBm)				
		Voice	GPRS Data (GMSK)			
		GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
GSM850	128	33.28	33.28	30.33	28.52	27.34
	190	33.21	33.21	30.35	28.59	27.38
	251	33.02	33.02	30.09	28.29	27.18
PCS 1900	512	30.18	30.18	27.32	25.56	24.35
	661	30.14	30.14	27.19	25.41	24.20
	810	29.99	29.99	27.05	25.19	24.05
Band	Channel	Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power(dBm)				
		Voice	GPRS Data (GMSK)			
		GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot
GSM850	128	24.25	24.25	24.31	24.26	24.33
	190	24.18	24.18	24.33	24.33	24.37
	251	23.99	23.99	24.07	24.03	24.17
PCS 1900	512	21.15	21.15	21.30	21.30	21.34
	661	21.11	21.11	21.17	21.15	21.19
	810	20.96	20.96	21.03	20.93	21.04
GSM850	Frame Avg. Targets:	24.87	24.87	24.88	24.84	24.89
PCS 1900	Frame Avg. Targets:	21.87	21.87	21.88	21.84	21.89

Table 9.1.2 GSM Conducted Power

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 9.1 Power Measurement Setup

9.2 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode			Cellular Band (dBm)	AWS Band (dBm)	PCS Band (dBm)	3GPP MPR (dB)
99	WCDMA	Voice	Maximum	24.30	24.30	24.30	-
			Nominal	23.00	23.00	23.00	
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.30	23.30	23.30	0
			Nominal	22.00	22.00	22.00	
5		Subtest 2	Maximum	23.30	23.30	23.30	0
			Nominal	22.00	22.00	22.00	
5		Subtest 3	Maximum	22.80	22.80	22.80	0.5
			Nominal	21.50	21.50	21.50	
5		Subtest 4	Maximum	22.80	22.80	22.80	0.5
			Nominal	21.50	21.50	21.50	
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.30	23.30	23.30	0
			Nominal	22.00	22.00	22.00	
6		Subtest 2	Maximum	21.30	21.30	21.30	2
			Nominal	20.00	20.00	20.00	
6		Subtest 3	Maximum	22.30	22.30	22.30	1
			Nominal	21.00	21.00	21.00	
6		Subtest 4	Maximum	21.30	21.30	21.30	2
			Nominal	20.00	20.00	20.00	
6		Subtest 5	Maximum	23.30	23.30	23.30	0
			Nominal	22.00	22.00	22.00	

Table 9.2.1 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band (dBm)			AWS Band (dBm)			PCS Band (dBm)			3GPP MPR (dB)
			4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.68	23.59	23.36	24.11	24.22	24.19	23.96	24.03	24.14	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	23.50	23.56	23.22	24.06	24.09	24.02	23.91	23.99	24.11	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.00	22.92	22.70	23.19	23.08	23.17	22.90	22.99	23.09	0
5		Subtest 2	22.98	22.90	22.66	23.17	23.06	23.15	22.91	22.99	23.08	0
5		Subtest 3	22.51	22.43	22.37	22.70	22.59	22.68	22.44	22.51	22.61	0.5
5		Subtest 4	22.48	22.39	22.32	22.67	22.56	22.64	22.40	22.48	22.58	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.15	22.06	21.83	22.13	22.21	22.12	22.05	22.12	22.23	0
6		Subtest 2	21.14	21.05	20.82	21.13	21.20	21.11	21.03	21.12	21.22	2
6		Subtest 3	22.18	22.09	21.86	22.18	22.07	22.16	21.91	21.99	22.09	1
6		Subtest 4	20.68	20.59	20.36	20.84	20.75	20.83	20.58	20.66	20.76	2
6		Subtest 5	22.13	22.05	21.82	22.14	22.05	22.12	21.87	21.95	22.05	0

Table 9.2.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

The manufacturer declares that the HSDPA and HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on MediaTek's HSPA chipset solutions.

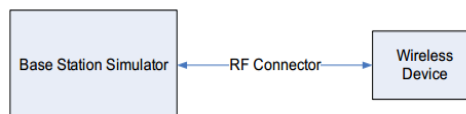


Figure 9.2 Power Measurement Setup

9.3 LTE Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 12	Maximum	24.30
	Nominal	23.00

Table 9.3.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

1) LTE Band 12

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power- 10 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			23095 (707.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)		
QPSK	1	0	23.75	≤ 1	0
	1	25	23.78		
	1	49	23.66		
	25	0	22.78		1
	25	12	22.79		
	25	25	22.68		
16QAM	50	0	22.74	≤ 1	1
	1	0	22.82		1
	1	25	22.83		
	1	49	22.81		
	25	0	21.75		2
	25	12	21.77		
64QAM	25	25	21.71		
	50	0	21.73	≤ 2	2
	1	0	21.70		2
	1	25	21.76		
	1	49	21.64		
	25	0	20.75		3
	25	12	20.79		
	25	25	20.68		
	50	0	20.64	≤ 3	3

Table 9.3.1.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B12 can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power- 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			23035 (701.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23155 (713.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.63	23.66	23.65	≤ 1	0
	1	12	23.66	23.71	23.68		
	1	24	23.61	23.64	23.62		
	12	0	22.61	22.70	22.66		1
	12	6	22.74	22.77	22.75		
	12	13	22.60	22.69	22.62		
	25	0	22.65	22.71	22.66		
16QAM	1	0	22.69	22.82	22.76	≤ 1	1
	1	12	22.70	22.86	22.80		
	1	24	22.60	22.79	22.70		
	12	0	21.65	21.75	21.72	≤ 2	2
	12	6	21.66	21.79	21.78		
	12	13	21.62	21.71	21.65		
	25	0	21.63	21.73	21.64		
64QAM	1	0	21.64	21.67	21.68	≤ 2	2
	1	12	21.67	21.75	21.72		
	1	24	21.60	21.66	21.61		
	12	0	20.65	20.76	20.68	≤ 3	3
	12	6	20.72	20.79	20.78		
	12	13	20.61	20.68	20.67		
	15	0	20.65	20.73	20.68		

Table 9.3.1.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power- 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			23025 (700.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23165 (714.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.64	23.70	23.68	≤ 1	0
	1	7	23.70	23.73	23.71		
	1	14	23.60	23.63	23.61		
	8	0	22.73	22.76	22.74		1
	8	4	22.76	22.78	22.77		
	8	7	22.71	22.73	22.72		
	15	0	22.62	22.72	22.66		
16QAM	1	0	22.67	22.80	22.79	≤ 1	1
	1	7	22.71	22.85	22.82		
	1	14	22.64	22.73	22.65		
	8	0	21.63	21.66	21.65	≤ 2	2
	8	4	21.72	21.78	21.75		
	8	7	21.61	21.65	21.62		
	15	0	21.65	21.67	21.66		
64QAM	1	0	21.63	21.73	21.67	≤ 2	2
	1	7	21.68	21.77	21.69		
	1	14	21.61	21.66	21.63		
	8	0	20.64	20.77	20.68	≤ 3	3
	8	4	20.66	20.79	20.78		
	8	7	20.60	20.62	20.61		
	15	0	20.61	20.72	20.63		

Table 9.3.1.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 12 Conducted Power– 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			23017 (699.7 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23173 (715.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.65	23.70	23.68	≤ 1	0
	1	2	23.72	23.77	23.72		
	1	5	23.63	23.67	23.65		
	3	0	23.65	23.71	23.70		0
	3	2	23.69	23.72	23.71		
	3	3	23.60	23.65	23.61		
	6	0	22.65	22.73	22.72		1
16QAM	1	0	22.72	22.79	22.74	≤ 1	1
	1	2	22.75	22.80	22.77		
	1	5	22.69	22.75	22.73		
	3	0	22.65	22.72	22.71		1
	3	2	22.67	22.74	22.73		
	3	3	22.61	22.67	22.64		
	6	0	21.60	21.72	21.61		≤ 2
64QAM	1	0	21.64	21.77	21.68	≤ 2	2
	1	2	21.65	21.79	21.73		
	1	5	21.63	21.65	21.64		
	3	0	21.61	21.70	21.62		2
	3	2	21.64	21.73	21.65		
	3	3	21.60	21.62	21.61		
	6	0	20.63	20.70	20.64		≤ 3

Table 9.3.1.5 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 5	Maximum	24.30
	Nominal	23.00

Table 9.3.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

2) LTE Band 5 (Cell)

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power- 10 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20525 (836.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)		
QPSK	1	0	23.80	≤ 1	0
	1	25	23.74		
	1	49	23.68		
	25	0	22.87		1
	25	12	22.79		
	25	25	22.74		
16QAM	50	0	22.78	≤ 1	1
	1	0	22.83		
	1	25	22.82		
	1	49	22.80		2
	25	0	21.77		
	25	12	21.75		
64QAM	25	25	21.73	≤ 2	2
	50	0	21.67		
	1	0	21.78		
	1	25	21.74		3
	1	49	21.72		
	25	0	20.76		
	25	12	20.71	≤ 3	3
	25	25	20.66		
	50	0	20.71		
					3

Table 9.3.2.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B5(Cell) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power- 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20425 (826.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20625 (846.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.76	23.77	23.75	≤ 1	0
	1	12	23.74	23.75	23.71		
	1	24	23.72	23.73	23.67		
	12	0	22.81	22.83	22.76		1
	12	6	22.77	22.80	22.75		
	12	13	22.72	22.76	22.67		
	25	0	22.63	22.73	22.60		
16QAM	1	0	22.87	22.93	22.81	≤ 1	1
	1	12	22.82	22.87	22.79		
	1	24	22.77	22.78	22.74		
	12	0	21.77	21.82	21.72	≤ 2	2
	12	6	21.71	21.73	21.70		
	12	13	21.67	21.68	21.65		
	25	0	21.65	21.79	21.61		
64QAM	1	0	21.74	21.81	21.71	≤ 2	2
	1	12	21.69	21.73	21.67		
	1	24	21.65	21.69	21.63		
	12	0	20.76	20.80	20.75	≤ 3	3
	12	6	20.72	20.75	20.65		
	12	13	20.65	20.71	20.63		
	25	0	20.69	20.75	20.64		

Table 9.3.2.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power- 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.74	23.77	23.71	≤ 1	0
	1	7	23.72	23.73	23.65		
	1	14	23.68	23.70	23.62		
	8	0	22.77	22.79	22.68		1
	8	4	22.71	22.74	22.62		
	8	7	22.70	22.73	22.61		
	15	0	22.65	22.67	22.60		
16QAM	1	0	22.82	22.87	22.78	≤ 1	1
	1	7	22.75	22.83	22.74		
	1	14	22.73	22.78	22.72		
	8	0	21.73	21.76	21.72	≤ 2	2
	8	4	21.70	21.75	21.67		
	8	7	21.66	21.72	21.65		
	15	0	21.65	21.67	21.61		
64QAM	1	0	21.71	21.72	21.66	≤ 2	2
	1	7	21.66	21.69	21.65		
	1	14	21.63	21.64	21.62		
	8	0	20.71	20.75	20.70	≤ 3	3
	8	4	20.68	20.71	20.66		
	8	7	20.65	20.70	20.62		
	15	0	20.68	20.70	20.65		

Table 9.3.2.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Power- 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20407 (824.7 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20643 (848.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.76	23.79	23.75	≤ 1	0
	1	2	23.70	23.77	23.65		
	1	5	23.63	23.67	23.61		
	3	0	23.70	23.75	23.64		0
	3	2	23.67	23.73	23.63		
	3	3	23.61	23.62	23.60		
	6	0	22.67	22.71	22.64		
16QAM	1	0	22.82	22.91	22.78	≤ 1	1
	1	2	22.76	22.85	22.74		
	1	5	22.69	22.76	22.68		
	3	0	22.74	22.78	22.71		1
	3	2	22.70	22.75	22.64		
	3	3	22.67	22.69	22.63		
	6	0	21.68	21.80	21.65		
64QAM	1	0	21.82	21.84	21.71	≤ 2	2
	1	2	21.74	21.79	21.63		
	1	5	21.66	21.77	21.61		
	3	0	21.78	21.80	21.67		
	3	2	21.73	21.75	21.61		2
	3	3	21.71	21.73	21.60		
	6	0	20.71	20.73	20.68		

Table 9.3.2.5 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 4	Maximum	24.30
	Nominal	23.00

Table 9.3.3.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3) LTE Band 4

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power- 20 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20175 (1732.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)		
QPSK	1	0	24.23	≤ 1	0
	1	50	24.24		
	1	99	24.20		
	50	0	23.23		1
	50	25	23.04		
	50	50	23.02		
	100	0	23.03		1
16QAM	1	0	23.09	≤ 1	1
	1	50	23.11		
	1	99	23.06		
	50	0	22.18	≤ 2	2
	50	25	21.90		
	50	50	21.86		
	100	0	21.91		2
64QAM	1	0	22.05	≤ 2	2
	1	50	22.21		
	1	99	22.02		
	50	0	21.07	≤ 3	3
	50	25	20.99		
	50	50	20.96		
	100	0	21.01		3

Table 9.3.3.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B4 (AWS) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 20 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power- 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20025 (1717.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20325 (1747.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.85	23.81	23.76	≤ 1	0
	1	36	23.90	23.87	23.81		
	1	74	23.81	23.74	23.72		
	36	0	22.74	22.72	22.71		1
	36	18	22.65	22.64	22.62		
	36	37	22.63	22.61	22.60		
	75	0	22.67	22.63	22.62		
16QAM	1	0	22.87	22.81	22.74	≤ 1	1
	1	36	22.95	22.83	22.79		
	1	74	22.84	22.75	22.72		
	36	0	21.75	21.74	21.68	≤ 2	2
	36	18	21.67	21.65	21.63		
	36	37	21.66	21.63	21.60		
	75	0	21.73	21.63	21.60		
64QAM	1	0	21.82	21.77	21.66	≤ 2	2
	1	36	21.92	21.89	21.85		
	1	74	21.76	21.73	21.61		
	36	0	20.83	20.79	20.75	≤ 3	3
	36	18	20.77	20.73	20.70		
	36	37	20.62	20.61	20.60		
	75	0	20.74	20.73	20.70		

Table 9.3.3.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power- 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20000 (1715.0 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20350 (1750.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.73	23.72	23.67	≤ 1	0
	1	25	23.77	23.76	23.73		1
	1	49	23.67	23.66	23.61		
	25	0	22.77	22.72	22.70		
	25	12	22.73	22.71	22.67		
	25	25	22.69	22.68	22.65		
	50	0	22.71	22.67	22.64		1
16QAM	1	0	22.75	22.74	22.71	≤ 1	1
	1	25	22.79	22.77	22.75		
	1	49	22.70	22.68	22.66		
	25	0	21.76	21.70	21.69	≤ 2	2
	25	12	21.72	21.66	21.62		
	25	25	21.65	21.64	21.61		
	50	0	21.75	21.68	21.65		2
64QAM	1	0	21.72	21.70	21.62	≤ 2	2
	1	25	21.75	21.74	21.73		
	1	49	21.67	21.63	21.61		
	25	0	20.88	20.82	20.79	≤ 3	3
	25	12	20.77	20.73	20.61		
	25	25	20.72	20.68	20.60		
	50	0	20.80	20.75	20.61		3

Table 9.3.3.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19975 (1712.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20375 (1752.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.73	23.68	23.65	≤ 1	0
	1	12	23.76	23.75	23.74		
	1	24	23.64	23.61	23.60		
	12	0	22.76	22.74	22.70		1
	12	6	22.73	22.71	22.69		
	12	13	22.71	22.65	22.63		
	25	0	22.72	22.67	22.67		1
16QAM	1	0	22.76	22.70	22.66	≤ 1	1
	1	12	22.83	22.79	22.74		
	1	24	22.71	22.69	22.63		
	12	0	21.78	21.77	21.67	≤ 2	2
	12	6	21.70	21.69	21.66		
	12	13	21.69	21.63	21.60		
	25	0	21.65	21.64	21.61		2
64QAM	1	0	21.76	21.73	21.70	≤ 2	2
	1	12	21.79	21.78	21.75		
	1	24	21.73	21.69	21.60		
	12	0	20.90	20.85	20.78	≤ 3	3
	12	6	20.79	20.74	20.68		
	12	13	20.69	20.65	20.61		
	25	0	20.79	20.76	20.70		3

Table 9.3.3.5 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19965 (1711.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20385 (1753.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.73	23.72	23.66	≤ 1	0
	1	7	23.76	23.75	23.69		
	1	14	23.71	23.68	23.64		
	8	0	22.83	22.80	22.73		1
	8	4	22.70	22.69	22.65		
	8	7	22.69	22.65	22.62		
	15	0	22.64	22.63	22.62		1
16QAM	1	0	22.81	22.75	22.68	≤ 1	1
	1	7	22.83	22.77	22.70		
	1	14	22.79	22.71	22.63		
	8	0	21.78	21.75	21.74	≤ 2	2
	8	4	21.69	21.67	21.66		
	8	7	21.66	21.63	21.61		
	15	0	21.67	21.65	21.61		2
64QAM	1	0	21.72	21.69	21.68	≤ 2	2
	1	7	21.79	21.74	21.73		
	1	14	21.68	21.66	21.61		
	8	0	20.82	20.77	20.75	≤ 3	3
	8	4	20.77	20.72	20.70		
	8	7	20.67	20.66	20.65		
	15	0	20.75	23.72	20.65		3

Table 9.3.3.6 LTE Conducted Power

TE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19957 (1710.7 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20393 (1754.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.77	23.74	23.71	≤ 1	0
	1	2	23.82	23.81	23.76		
	1	5	23.65	23.64	23.61		
	3	0	23.80	23.76	23.75		0
	3	2	23.75	23.74	23.70		
	3	3	23.73	23.71	23.69		
	6	0	22.68	22.66	22.64		1
16QAM	1	0	22.69	22.66	22.64	≤ 1	1
	1	2	22.87	22.80	22.77		
	1	5	22.62	22.61	22.60		
	3	0	22.76	22.74	22.72		1
	3	2	22.73	22.71	22.70		
	3	3	22.70	22.69	22.63		
	6	0	21.74	21.70	21.63		≤ 2
64QAM	1	0	21.79	21.73	21.70	≤ 2	2
	1	2	21.84	21.75	21.74		
	1	5	21.70	21.69	21.68		
	3	0	21.79	21.74	21.68		2
	3	2	21.78	21.69	21.65		
	3	3	21.68	21.63	21.62		
	6	0	20.79	20.68	20.65		≤ 3

Table 9.3.3.7 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 2(PCS)	Maximum	24.30
	Nominal	23.00

Table 9.3.4.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

4) LTE Band 2 (PCS)

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 20 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18700 (1860.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19100 (1900.0 MHz)		
Conducted Power (dBm)							
QPSK	1	0	24.03	24.06	23.80	≤ 1	0
	1	50	24.07	24.11	23.87		
	1	99	24.02	24.03	23.79		
	50	0	22.99	23.02	22.76		1
	50	25	23.00	23.06	22.78		
	50	50	22.93	23.01	22.72		
	100	0	22.98	23.05	22.72		
	16QAM	1	0	23.12	23.25		22.92
1		50	23.22	23.26	22.95		
1		99	23.08	23.23	22.91		
50		0	22.08	22.15	21.84	≤ 2	2
50		25	22.09	22.17	21.85		
50		50	22.04	22.11	21.76		
100		0	22.07	22.16	21.83		
64QAM		1	0	22.15	22.16	21.83	≤ 2
	1	50	22.18	22.25	22.04		
	1	99	22.12	22.13	21.76		
	50	0	20.93	20.96	20.76	≤ 3	
	50	25	20.98	21.10	20.77		
	50	50	20.85	20.93	20.75		
	100	0	20.97	21.05	20.73		

Table 9.3.4.2 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18675 (1857.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19125 (1902.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.84	23.89	23.72	≤ 1	0
	1	36	23.92	23.97	23.82		
	1	74	23.77	23.81	23.66		
	36	0	22.85	22.87	22.70		1
	36	18	22.88	22.92	22.75		
	36	37	22.71	22.85	22.68		
	75	0	22.82	22.87	22.74		
16QAM	1	0	22.93	22.97	22.79	≤ 1	1
	1	36	23.00	23.11	22.87		
	1	74	22.79	22.88	22.78		
	36	0	21.99	22.00	21.90		≤ 2
	36	18	22.03	22.10	21.94		
	36	37	21.87	21.99	21.77		
	75	0	21.95	22.00	21.87	2	
64QAM	1	0	21.99	22.01	21.87	≤ 2	2
	1	36	22.07	22.10	21.92		
	1	74	21.86	21.89	21.69		
	36	0	20.87	20.96	20.77		≤ 3
	36	18	20.96	21.01	20.79		
	36	37	20.85	20.90	20.76		
	75	0	20.85	20.93	20.78	3	

Table 9.3.4.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18650 (1855.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19150 (1905.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.90	23.95	23.77	≤ 1	0
	1	25	23.97	23.99	23.82		
	1	49	23.86	23.91	23.67		
	25	0	22.87	22.92	22.67		1
	25	12	22.91	22.94	22.72		
	25	25	22.85	22.87	22.61		
	50	0	22.85	22.89	22.69		1
16QAM	1	0	23.00	23.10	22.81	≤ 1	1
	1	25	23.07	23.16	22.91		
	1	49	22.97	23.05	22.69		
	25	0	22.00	22.01	21.86	≤ 2	2
	25	12	22.05	22.08	21.90		
	25	25	21.97	21.99	21.81		
	50	0	21.96	22.05	21.86	2	
64QAM	1	0	21.97	22.10	21.83	≤ 2	2
	1	25	22.11	22.13	21.98		
	1	49	21.96	21.99	21.76		
	25	0	20.88	20.94	20.80	≤ 3	3
	25	12	20.91	20.99	20.85		
	25	25	20.81	20.86	20.68		
	50	0	20.88	20.95	20.75	3	

Table 9.3.4.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 5 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			18625 (1852.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19175 (1907.5 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	23.81	23.89	23.71	≤ 1	0	
	1	12	23.93	24.00	23.84			
	1	24	23.77	23.79	23.62			
	12	0	22.90	22.93	22.82		1	
	12	6	22.92	22.96	22.88			
	12	13	22.80	22.84	22.69			
	25	0	22.86	22.87	22.79		1	
16QAM	1	0	22.86	22.99	22.82	≤ 1	1	
	1	12	23.03	23.11	22.85			
	1	24	22.84	22.87	22.80			
	12	0	22.04	22.08	21.95		≤ 2	2
	12	6	22.05	22.09	22.04			
	12	13	21.93	21.98	21.84			
	25	0	21.96	22.02	21.91		2	
64QAM	1	0	21.96	21.99	21.89	≤ 2	2	
	1	12	22.07	22.12	22.03			
	1	24	21.94	21.96	21.65			
	12	0	21.02	21.03	21.01		≤ 3	3
	12	6	21.08	21.12	21.04			
	12	13	20.89	20.98	20.85			
	25	0	20.87	20.98	20.80		3	

Table 9.3.4.5 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 3 MHz Bandwidth								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)	
			18615 (1851.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19185 (1908.5 MHz)			
			Conducted Power (dBm)					
QPSK	1	0	23.94	23.96	23.69	≤ 1	0	
	1	7	23.95	23.97	23.73			
	1	14	23.91	23.93	23.64			
	8	0	22.86	22.91	22.65		1	
	8	4	22.88	22.93	22.68			
	8	7	22.83	22.90	22.60			
	15	0	22.85	22.92	22.64		1	
	16QAM	1	0	23.00	23.07		22.74	≤ 1
1		7	23.05	23.14	22.82			
1		14	22.99	23.06	22.68			
8		0	21.99	22.06	21.80	≤ 2	2	
8		4	22.06	22.13	21.88			
8		7	21.94	21.99	21.78			
15		0	21.95	22.04	21.84	2		
64QAM		1	0	21.99	22.04	21.84	≤ 2	
	1	7	22.10	22.12	21.88			
	1	14	21.92	21.94	21.83			
	8	0	20.95	20.99	20.79	≤ 3		3
	8	4	21.01	21.11	20.84			
	8	7	20.94	20.97	20.60			
	15	0	20.88	21.07	20.83	3		

Table 9.3.4.6 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power- 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18607 (1850.7 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19193 (1909.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	23.93	23.95	23.68	≤ 1	0
	1	2	23.96	23.99	23.71		
	1	5	23.91	23.92	23.65		
	3	0	23.93	23.94	23.68		0
	3	2	23.95	23.96	23.69		
	3	3	23.91	23.93	23.62		
	6	0	22.93	22.94	22.66		1
16QAM	1	0	23.05	23.11	22.85	≤ 1	1
	1	2	23.09	23.13	22.87		
	1	5	23.01	23.10	22.77		
	3	0	22.90	22.94	22.67		1
	3	2	22.91	22.95	22.70		
	3	3	22.85	22.93	22.65		
	6	0	22.01	22.12	21.86		≤ 2
64QAM	1	0	21.96	22.03	21.71	≤ 2	2
	1	2	22.10	22.14	21.88		
	1	5	21.93	22.01	21.70		
	3	0	21.98	22.10	21.86		2
	3	2	22.09	22.11	21.87		
	3	3	21.95	22.09	21.71		
	6	0	20.98	21.04	20.72		≤ 3

Table 9.3.4.7 LTE Conducted Power

9.4 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]	
			Maximum	Nominal
2.4	802.11b	1	16.00	13.00
		6	16.00	13.00
		11	16.00	13.00
	802.11g	1	15.00	12.00
		6	15.00	12.00
		11	15.00	12.00
	802.11n (HT20)	1	15.00	12.00
		6	15.00	12.00
		11	15.00	12.00

Table 9.4.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11b	2 412	1	14.94
	2 437	6	15.23
	2 462	11	14.87
802.11g	2 412	1	14.12
	2 437	6	14.24
	2 462	11	14.00
802.11n (HT-20)	2 412	1	14.00
	2 437	6	14.18
	2 462	11	13.94

Table 9.4.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]	
			Maximum	Nominal
5 (UNII)	802.11a	36-165	14.00	11.00
	802.11n (20MHz)	36-165	14.00	11.00
	802.11ac (20MHz)	36-165	14.00	11.00
	802.11n (40MHz)	38-159	14.00	11.00
	802.11ac (40MHz)	38-159	14.00	11.00
	802.11ac (80MHz)	42-155	14.00	11.00

Table 9.4.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11a	5 180	36	12.17
	5 200	40	12.04
	5 220	44	12.29
	5 240	48	12.17
	5 260	52	11.46
	5 280	56	11.48
	5 300	60	11.50
	5 320	64	11.56
	5 500	100	12.13
	5 580	116	12.11
	5 660	132	12.91
	5 720	144	12.50

Table 9.4.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11n (HT-20)	5 180	36	12.09
	5 200	40	11.92
	5 220	44	12.18
	5 240	48	12.14
	5 260	52	11.40
	5 280	56	11.43
	5 300	60	11.53
	5 320	64	11.51
	5 500	100	12.03
	5 580	116	11.98
	5 660	132	12.81
	5 720	144	12.49

Table 9.4.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-20)	5 180	36	12.14
	5 200	40	12.21
	5 220	44	12.24
	5 240	48	12.10
	5 260	52	11.39
	5 280	56	11.42
	5 300	60	11.51
	5 320	64	11.51
	5 500	100	12.03
	5 580	116	12.08
	5 660	132	12.84
	5 720	144	12.43

Table 9.4.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11n (HT-40)	5 190	38	12.43
	5 230	46	11.96
	5 270	54	11.50
	5 310	62	11.56
	5 510	102	12.07
	5 550	110	12.08
	5 670	134	12.85
	5 710	142	12.62

Table 9.4.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-40)	5 190	38	12.41
	5 230	46	11.93
	5 270	54	11.45
	5 310	62	11.53
	5 510	102	11.94
	5 550	110	12.02
	5 670	134	12.85
	5 710	142	12.59

Table 9.4.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]
802.11ac (VHT-80)	5 210	42	11.65
	5 290	58	12.37
	5 530	106	12.48
	5 610	122	13.27
	5 690	138	12.80

Table 9.4.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

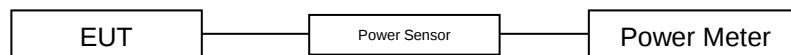


Figure 9.4 Power Measurement Setup

9.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Frame Modulated Average[dBm]		
Bluetooth 1 Mbps	Maximum	12.30
	Nominal	8.60
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	Maximum	8.50
	Nominal	4.90
Bluetooth 3 Mbps	Maximum	8.50
	Nominal	4.90
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	8.50
	Nominal	4.90

Table 9.5.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2 402	7.77	5.30	5.28
Mid	2 441	8.11	5.70	5.66
High	2 480	8.66	5.90	5.88

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2 402	2.21	-0.54
Mid	2 440	3.62	0.91
High	2 480	3.27	0.55

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

● Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)

1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1.

3) The maximum output powers of BDR (1 Mbps), EDR (2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

2. Bluetooth (LE)

1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1.

3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

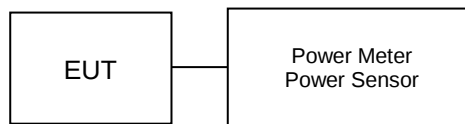


Figure 9.5.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

- Bluetooth Transmission Plot

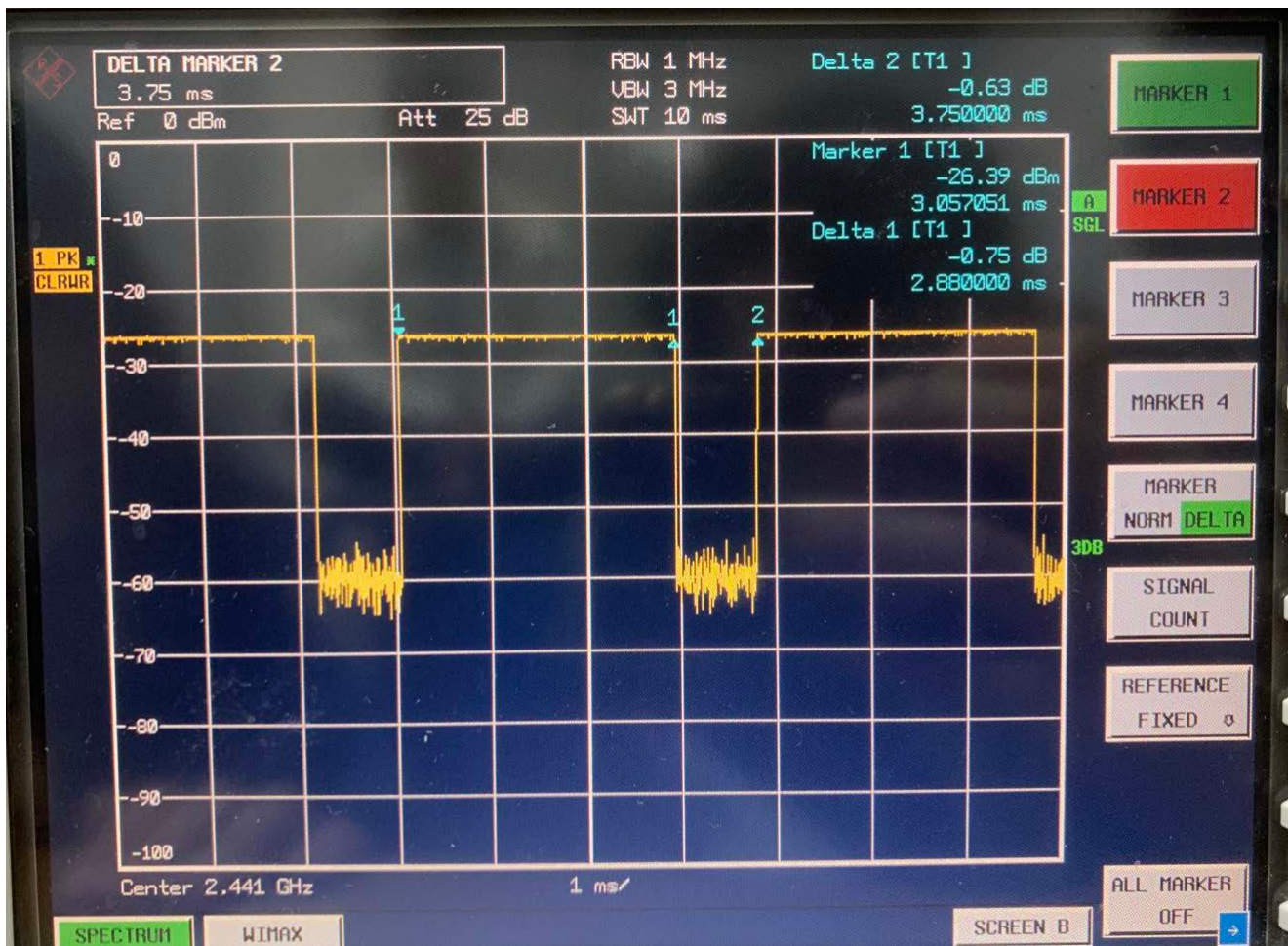


Figure 9.5.2 Bluetooth Transmission Plot

- Bluetooth Duty Cycle Calculation

$$\text{Duty Cycle} = \text{Pulse/Period} * 100\% = (2.880/3.750) * 100 = 76.8\%$$

10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS										
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	ϵ_r Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
22.10.25	750 Head	21.5	21.9	707.5	42.129	0.887	42.199	0.864	0.17	-2.61
				750.0	41.900	0.890	41.883	0.899	-0.04	1.01
22.10.24	835 Head	22.1	22.5	821.5	41.566	0.898	42.877	0.895	3.15	-0.37
				824.2	41.552	0.899	42.838	0.897	3.10	-0.19
				826.4	41.542	0.899	42.806	0.899	3.04	0.01
				829.0	41.528	0.899	42.768	0.902	2.99	0.30
				831.5	41.519	0.900	42.730	0.905	2.92	0.61
				835.0	41.500	0.900	42.687	0.908	2.86	0.89
				836.5	41.500	0.901	42.668	0.910	2.81	0.99
				836.6	41.500	0.901	42.665	0.910	2.81	0.99
				841.5	41.500	0.906	42.600	0.915	2.65	0.94
				844.0	41.500	0.910	42.571	0.917	2.58	0.80
				846.6	41.500	0.912	42.542	0.919	2.51	0.78
				848.8	41.500	0.914	42.512	0.922	2.44	0.88
22.11.02	1800 Head	20.9	20.8	1712.4	40.126	1.350	39.792	1.327	-0.83	-1.68
				1720.0	40.114	1.354	39.743	1.333	-0.93	-1.57
				1732.4	40.097	1.361	39.659	1.343	-1.09	-1.33
				1732.5	40.097	1.361	39.659	1.343	-1.09	-1.33
				1745.0	40.079	1.369	39.582	1.353	-1.24	-1.14
				1752.6	40.069	1.373	39.546	1.359	-1.30	-0.99
22.11.01	1900 Head	20.7	20.9	1800.0	40.000	1.400	39.323	1.399	-1.69	-0.07
				1850.2	40.000	1.400	39.908	1.349	-0.23	-3.64
				1852.4	40.000	1.400	39.909	1.349	-0.23	-3.64
				1860.0	40.000	1.400	39.898	1.358	-0.25	-3.00
				1880.0	40.000	1.400	39.858	1.376	-0.36	-1.71
				1900.0	40.000	1.400	39.818	1.395	-0.46	-0.36
22.10.31	2450 Head	21.5	21.4	1907.6	40.000	1.400	39.802	1.402	-0.50	0.14
				1909.8	40.000	1.400	39.800	1.405	-0.50	0.36
				2402.0	39.282	1.757	38.061	1.795	-3.11	2.16
				2412.0	39.265	1.766	38.021	1.807	-3.17	2.32
				2437.0	39.222	1.788	37.926	1.836	-3.30	2.68
				2441.0	39.215	1.792	37.912	1.840	-3.32	2.68
				2450.0	39.200	1.800	37.884	1.850	-3.36	2.78
				2462.0	39.184	1.813	37.845	1.862	-3.42	2.70
22.10.27	5300 Head	20.3	20.2	2472.0	39.171	1.823	37.808	1.872	-3.48	2.69
				2480.0	39.160	1.832	37.776	1.881	-3.53	2.67
				5260.0	35.940	4.720	35.100	4.691	-2.34	-0.61
				5270.0	35.930	4.730	35.080	4.703	-2.37	-0.57
				5280.0	35.920	4.740	35.061	4.714	-2.39	-0.55
				5290.0	35.910	4.750	35.039	4.724	-2.43	-0.55
				5300.0	35.900	4.760	35.010	4.737	-2.48	-0.48
22.10.28	5600 Head	20.2	20.1	5310.0	35.890	4.770	34.983	4.750	-2.53	-0.42
				5320.0	35.880	4.780	34.963	4.763	-2.56	-0.36
				5500.0	35.650	4.965	35.563	5.061	-0.24	1.93
				5510.0	35.635	4.976	35.541	5.072	-0.26	1.93
				5530.0	35.605	4.997	35.496	5.099	-0.31	2.04
				5550.0	35.575	5.018	35.458	5.123	-0.33	2.09
				5580.0	35.530	5.049	35.389	5.162	-0.40	2.24
				5600.0	35.500	5.070	35.354	5.187	-0.41	2.31
				5610.0	35.490	5.080	35.336	5.198	-0.43	2.32
				5660.0	35.440	5.130	35.231	5.261	-0.59	2.55
				5670.0	35.430	5.140	35.208	5.273	-0.63	2.59
				5690.0	35.410	5.160	35.165	5.301	-0.69	2.73
				5710.0	35.390	5.180	35.131	5.327	-0.73	2.84
				5720.0	35.380	5.190	35.112	5.337	-0.76	2.83
				5800.0	35.300	5.270	34.939	5.442	-1.02	3.26

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Msa):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_0\epsilon_r}{\ln(b/a)} \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \exp\left[-j\omega r'(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}\right] d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r'^2 = \rho'^2 + \rho^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 10.2.1 System Verification Results (1 g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
F	750	D750V3, SN:1049	Oct. 25. 2022	Head	21.5	21.9	3933	250	8.45	21.7	8.68	2.72
F	835	D835V2, SN:4d159	Oct. 24. 2022	Head	22.1	22.5	3933	250	9.56	2.46	9.84	2.93
B	1 800	D1800V2, SN:2d202	Nov. 02. 2022	Head	20.9	20.8	3916	100	38.80	3.85	38.50	-0.77
B	1 900	D1900V2, SN:5d176	Nov. 01. 2022	Head	20.7	20.9	3916	100	39.10	4.01	40.10	2.56
C	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 920	Oct. 31. 2022	Head	21.5	21.4	3866	100	52.90	5.14	51.40	-2.84
D	5 300	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Oct. 27. 2022	Head	20.3	20.2	3866	100	82.00	8.05	80.50	-1.83
D	5 600	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Oct. 28. 2022	Head	20.2	20.1	3866	100	84.10	8.88	88.80	5.59

Note(s):

1. System Verification was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.
2. Full system validation status and results can be found in Appendix D.

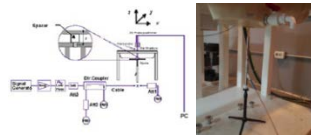


Figure 10.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

11. SAR TEST RESULTS

11.1 Standalone Head SAR Results

Table 11.1.1 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.90	33.21	-0.050	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.188	1.172	0.220	A1
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.90	33.21	0.160	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.173	1.172	0.203	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.90	33.21	-0.090	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.085	1.172	0.100	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.90	33.21	-0.010	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.080	1.172	0.094	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS	27.90	27.38	-0.020	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.206	1.127	0.232	A2
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS	27.90	27.38	-0.070	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.180	1.127	0.203	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS	27.90	27.38	-0.070	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.092	1.127	0.104	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS	27.90	27.38	-0.060	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.085	1.127	0.096	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.1.2 PCS/GPRS 1 900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	PCS	30.90	30.14	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.030	1.191	0.036	A3
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	PCS	30.90	30.14	0.060	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.034	1.191	0.040	
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	PCS	30.90	30.14	0.020	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.022	1.191	0.026	
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	PCS	30.90	30.14	0.080	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.011	1.191	0.013	
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	GPRS	24.90	24.20	0.060	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.033	1.175	0.039	A4
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	GPRS	24.90	24.20	0.130	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.039	1.175	0.046	
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	GPRS	24.90	24.20	0.090	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.026	1.175	0.031	
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	GPRS	24.90	24.20	0.060	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.015	1.175	0.018	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.1.3 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.30	23.59	-0.090	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.172	1.178	0.203	A5
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.30	23.59	0.030	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.178	1.178	0.210	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.30	23.59	0.030	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.089	1.178	0.105	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.30	23.59	0.070	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.076	1.178	0.090	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.1.4 WCDMA 1 700 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
1 732.4	1412	WCDMA 1 700	RMC	24.30	24.22	0.050	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.052	1.019	0.053	A6
1 732.4	1412	WCDMA 1 700	RMC	24.30	24.22	0.050	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.064	1.019	0.065	
1 732.4	1412	WCDMA 1 700	RMC	24.30	24.22	0.050	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.028	1.019	0.029	
1 732.4	1412	WCDMA 1 700	RMC	24.30	24.22	-0.180	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.038	1.019	0.039	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.1.5 WCDMA 1 900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1 900	RMC	24.30	24.03	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.068	1.064	0.072	A7
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1 900	RMC	24.30	24.03	0.050	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.092	1.064	0.098	
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1 900	RMC	24.30	24.03	-0.050	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.044	1.064	0.047	
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1 900	RMC	24.30	24.03	0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.037	1.064	0.039	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Table 11.1.6 LTE Band 12 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.30	23.78	0.000	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.027	1.127	0.030	A8
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.00	22.79	0.000	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.023	1.050	0.024	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.30	23.78	-0.050	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.024	1.127	0.027	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.00	22.79	0.000	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.018	1.050	0.019	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.30	23.78	-0.080	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.018	1.127	0.020	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.00	22.79	-0.120	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.015	1.050	0.016	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.30	23.78	0.040	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.014	1.127	0.016	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.00	22.79	0.040	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.011	1.050	0.012	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.7 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Sca led SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.30	23.80	0.070	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.168	1.122	0.188	A9
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.30	22.87	-0.010	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	0	1:1	0.135	1.104	0.149	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.30	23.80	0.030	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.124	1.122	0.139	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.30	22.87	0.050	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	25	0	1:1	0.100	1.104	0.110	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.30	23.80	-0.090	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.096	1.122	0.108	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.30	22.87	0.040	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	0	1:1	0.074	1.104	0.082	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.30	23.80	-0.080	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.064	1.122	0.072	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.30	22.87	0.090	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	25	0	1:1	0.053	1.104	0.059	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.8 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Model Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	0.050	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.050	1.014	0.051	A10
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.23	0.080	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.042	1.016	0.043	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	-0.020	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.066	1.014	0.067	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.23	0.010	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.051	1.016	0.052	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	0.020	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.027	1.014	0.027	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.23	0.040	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.025	1.016	0.025	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	0.100	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.040	1.014	0.041	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.23	-0.020	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.031	1.016	0.031	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.9 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.30	24.11	0.090	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.058	1.045	0.061	A11
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.30	23.06	0.050	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	25	1:1	0.048	1.057	0.051	
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.30	24.11	0.020	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.086	1.045	0.090	
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.30	23.06	0.090	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	25	1:1	0.063	1.057	0.067	
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.30	24.11	0.060	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.043	1.045	0.045	
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.30	23.06	0.020	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	25	1:1	0.036	1.057	0.038	
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.30	24.11	0.050	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.062	1.045	0.065	
1 880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.30	23.06	0.000	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	25	1:1	0.046	1.057	0.049	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.10 DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2437.0	6	802.11b	16.00	15.23	0.030	Left Touch	FCC #1	0.109	1	97.1	0.106	1.194	1.030	0.130	A12
2437.0	6	802.11b	16.00	15.23	0.110	Right Touch	FCC #1	0.294	1	97.1	0.278	1.194	1.030	0.342	
2437.0	6	802.11b	16.00	15.23	0.050	Left Tilt	FCC #1	0.041	1	97.1	0.041	1.194	1.030	0.050	
2437.0	6	802.11b	16.00	15.23	0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #1	0.097	1	97.1	0.096	1.194	1.030	0.118	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1 g Sca led SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1 g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.342	2437.0	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.272	X
2437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.342	2437.0	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.272	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.1.11 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	0.100	Left Touch	FCC #1	0.021	MCS0	90.6	0.007	1.455	1.104	0.011	A13
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	-0.100	Right Touch	FCC #1	0.028	MCS0	90.6	0.020	1.455	1.104	0.032	
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	-0.100	Left Tilt	FCC #1	0.020	MCS0	90.6	0.007	1.455	1.104	0.011	
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	-0.100	Right Tilt	FCC #1	0.020	MCS0	90.6	0.007	1.455	1.104	0.011	
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	0.070	Right Tilt	FCC #1	0.002	MCS0	90.6	0.004	1.455	1.104	0.006	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1 g Sca led SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1 g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.00	0.032	5210.0	802.11ac	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.032	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.1.12 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	14.00	13.27	0.000	Left Touch	FCC #1	0.089	MCS0	90.6	0.074	1.183	1.104	0.097	A14
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	14.00	13.27	0.000	Right Touch	FCC #1	0.084	MCS0	90.6	0.062	1.183	1.104	0.081	
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	14.00	13.27	0.000	Left Tilt	FCC #1	0.004	MCS0	90.6	0.0001	1.183	1.104	< 0.001	
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	14.00	13.27	0.000	Right Tilt	FCC #1	0.020	MCS0	90.6	0.008	1.183	1.104	0.010	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.1.13 Bluetooth Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle [%]	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.180	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.018	2.624	1.302	0.061	A15
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	0.000	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.050	2.624	1.302	0.171	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.070	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.003	2.624	1.302	0.010	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.050	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.015	2.624	1.302	0.051	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 11.2.1 GSM/PCS/GPRS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.90	33.21	-0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.191	1.172	0.224	A16
836.6	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.90	33.21	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.285	1.172	0.334	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS	27.90	27.38	-0.040	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.201	1.127	0.227	
836.6	190	GSM 850	GPRS	27.90	27.38	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.317	1.127	0.357	A17
1 880.0	661	PCS 1 900	PCS	30.90	30.14	-0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.173	1.191	0.206	A18
1 880.0	661	PCS 1 900	PCS	30.90	30.14	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.348	1.191	0.414	
1 880.0	661	PCS 1 900	GPRS	24.90	24.20	0.010	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.177	1.175	0.208	
1 880.0	661	PCS 1 900	GPRS	24.90	24.20	-0.070	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.358	1.175	0.421	A19
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.30	23.59	-0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.186	1.178	0.219	A20
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	24.30	23.59	-0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.277	1.178	0.326	
1 732.4	1412	WCDMA 1 700	RMC	24.30	24.22	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.330	1.019	0.336	
1 732.4	1412	WCDMA 1 700	RMC	24.30	24.22	0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.657	1.019	0.669	A21
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1 900	RMC	24.30	24.03	-0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.348	1.064	0.370	A22
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1 900	RMC	24.30	24.03	-0.070	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.664	1.064	0.706	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.2.2 LTE B12, B5, B4, B2 Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Model/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.30	23.78	0.080	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.037	1.127	0.042	A23
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.30	22.79	-0.010	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.029	1.125	0.033	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	24.30	23.78	-0.020	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	25	1:1	0.039	1.127	0.044	
707.5	23095	LTE B12	10	23.30	22.79	-0.080	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	12	1:1	0.027	1.125	0.030	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.30	23.80	-0.020	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.148	1.122	0.166	A24
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.30	22.87	-0.060	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	0	1:1	0.115	1.104	0.127	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	24.30	23.80	0.010	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.197	1.122	0.221	
836.5	20525	LTE B5	10	23.30	22.87	-0.030	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	25	0	1:1	0.154	1.104	0.170	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	0.040	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.389	1.014	0.394	A25
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.23	0.000	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.338	1.016	0.343	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	-0.040	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.810	1.014	0.821	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.23	-0.010	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.684	1.016	0.695	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	23.30	23.03	-0.040	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	100	0	1:1	0.672	1.064	0.715	A26
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	24.30	24.24	0.000	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.801	1.014	0.812	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.30	24.11	0.030	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.358	1.045	0.374	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.30	23.06	-0.020	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	25	1:1	0.290	1.057	0.307	
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	24.30	24.11	-0.020	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.738	1.045	0.771	A26
1880.0	18900	LTE B2	20	23.30	23.06	-0.050	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	25	1:1	0.630	1.057	0.666	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note(s):
1. Yellow entries represent variability measurements.

Table 11.2.3 DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2 437.0	6	802.11b	16.00	15.23	0.100	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.096	1	97.1	0.084	1.194	1.030	0.103	A27
2 437.0	6	802.11b	16.00	15.23	-0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.465	1	97.1	0.464	1.194	1.030	0.571	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR

FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1 g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.00	0.571	2 437.0	802.11g	OFDM	15.00	0.794	0.453	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.00	0.571	2 437.0	802.11n	OFDM	15.00	0.794	0.453	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.2.4 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.019	MCS0	90.6	0.006	1.455	1.104	0.010	A28
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	14.00	12.37	-0.150	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.086	MCS0	90.6	0.089	1.455	1.104	0.143	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT												Body			
Spatial Peak												1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure												averaged over 1 gram			

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR

FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1 g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5 290.0	58	802.11ac	OFDM	14.00	0.143	5 210.0	802.11ac	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.143	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.2.5 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	14.00	13.27	-0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.033	MCS0	90.6	0.026	1.183	1.104	0.034	
5 610.0	122	802.11ac	14.00	13.27	-0.000	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.314	MCS0	90.6	0.309	1.183	1.104	0.404	A29
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.2.6 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.140	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.010	2.624	1.302	0.034	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.010	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.057	2.624	1.302	0.195	A30
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg averaged over 1 gram.

Table 11.3.4 Bluetooth Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1 g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2.441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	0.000	10 mm [Top]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.003	2.624	1.302	0.010	
2.441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.140	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.010	2.624	1.302	0.034	
2.441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.010	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.057	2.624	1.302	0.195	A30
2.441.0	39	Bluetooth	12.30	8.11	-0.120	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.054	2.624	1.302	0.184	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

11.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated.
9. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

GSM Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations; therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR.
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). Since the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is not $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, the middle channel was used for testing.

WCDMA (UMTS) Notes:

1. WCDMA (UMTS) mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required.
Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1 RB, 50% RB and 100% RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1 RB allocation and 50% RB allocation were less than 1.45 W/kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=1 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
5. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1 RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

WLAN Notes:

1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

Bluetooth Notes:

1. Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx test mode type. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Refer to section 9.5 for the time-domain plot and calculation for the duty factor of the device.
2. Head and hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT tethering applications.

12. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 12.3.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Hotspot SAR	Note
1	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	
3	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
4	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
5	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	
7	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
8	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
9	LTE + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10	LTE + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	
11	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
12	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
13	GPRS + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
14	GPRS + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes*	Yes*	N/A	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
15	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes**	Yes*	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
16	GPRS + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes**	Yes*	N/A	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
17	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
Notes: - WiFi 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot and WiFi-Direct(GO/GC). - WiFi 5GHz is not supported Hotspot and WiFi-Direct(GO/GC). - LTE, WCDMA, GPRS is supported Hotspot. - VoIP is supported in LTE, WCDMA, GSM. - GSM, WCDMA and LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.					

12.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.220	0.061	0.011	0.282	0.231	0.293
		Right Touch	0.203	0.171	0.032	0.374	0.235	0.406
		Left Tilt	0.100	0.010	0.011	0.110	0.111	0.121
	GPRS 850	Right Tilt	0.094	0.051	0.006	0.145	0.100	0.151
		Left Touch	0.232	0.061	0.011	0.294	0.243	0.305
		Right Touch	0.203	0.171	0.032	0.374	0.235	0.406
	GSM 1900	Left Tilt	0.104	0.010	0.011	0.114	0.115	0.125
		Right Tilt	0.096	0.051	0.006	0.147	0.102	0.153
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.036	0.061	0.011	0.098	0.047	0.109
		Right Touch	0.040	0.171	0.032	0.211	0.072	0.243
	WCDMA 850	Left Tilt	0.026	0.010	0.011	0.036	0.037	0.047
		Right Tilt	0.013	0.051	0.006	0.064	0.019	0.070
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.039	0.061	0.011	0.101	0.050	0.112
		Right Touch	0.046	0.171	0.032	0.217	0.078	0.249
	WCDMA 1 700	Left Tilt	0.031	0.010	0.011	0.041	0.042	0.052
		Right Tilt	0.018	0.051	0.006	0.069	0.024	0.075
	WCDMA 1 900	Left Touch	0.203	0.061	0.011	0.265	0.214	0.276
		Right Touch	0.210	0.171	0.032	0.381	0.242	0.413
	LTE Band 12	Left Tilt	0.105	0.010	0.011	0.115	0.116	0.126
		Right Tilt	0.090	0.051	0.006	0.141	0.096	0.147
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.053	0.061	0.011	0.115	0.064	0.126
		Right Touch	0.065	0.171	0.032	0.236	0.097	0.268
	LTE Band 4	Left Tilt	0.029	0.010	0.011	0.039	0.040	0.050
		Right Tilt	0.039	0.051	0.006	0.090	0.045	0.096
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.072	0.061	0.011	0.134	0.083	0.145
		Right Touch	0.098	0.171	0.032	0.269	0.130	0.301
	LTE Band 12	Left Tilt	0.047	0.010	0.011	0.057	0.058	0.068
		Right Tilt	0.039	0.051	0.006	0.090	0.045	0.096
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.030	0.061	0.011	0.092	0.041	0.103
		Right Touch	0.027	0.171	0.032	0.198	0.059	0.230
	LTE Band 4	Left Tilt	0.020	0.010	0.011	0.030	0.031	0.041
		Right Tilt	0.016	0.051	0.006	0.067	0.022	0.073
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.188	0.061	0.011	0.250	0.199	0.261
		Right Touch	0.139	0.171	0.032	0.310	0.171	0.342
	LTE Band 5	Left Tilt	0.108	0.010	0.011	0.118	0.119	0.129
		Right Tilt	0.072	0.051	0.006	0.123	0.078	0.129
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.051	0.061	0.011	0.113	0.062	0.124
		Right Touch	0.067	0.171	0.032	0.238	0.099	0.270
	LTE Band 2	Left Tilt	0.027	0.010	0.011	0.037	0.038	0.048
		Right Tilt	0.041	0.051	0.006	0.092	0.047	0.098
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.061	0.061	0.011	0.123	0.072	0.134
		Right Touch	0.090	0.171	0.032	0.261	0.122	0.293
	LTE Band 4	Left Tilt	0.045	0.010	0.011	0.055	0.056	0.066
		Right Tilt	0.065	0.051	0.006	0.116	0.071	0.122

Table 12.4.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.220	0.061	0.097	0.281	0.317	0.378
		Right Touch	0.203	0.171	0.081	0.374	0.284	0.455
		Left Tilt	0.100	0.010	< 0.001	0.110	0.100	0.110
	GPRS 850	Right Tilt	0.094	0.051	0.010	0.145	0.104	0.155
		Left Touch	0.232	0.061	0.097	0.293	0.329	0.390
		Right Touch	0.203	0.171	0.081	0.374	0.284	0.455
	GSM 1900	Left Tilt	0.104	0.010	< 0.001	0.114	0.104	0.114
		Right Tilt	0.096	0.051	0.010	0.147	0.106	0.157
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.036	0.061	0.097	0.097	0.133	0.194
		Right Touch	0.040	0.171	0.081	0.211	0.121	0.292
	WCDMA 850	Left Tilt	0.026	0.010	< 0.001	0.036	0.026	0.036
		Right Tilt	0.013	0.051	0.010	0.064	0.023	0.074
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.039	0.061	0.097	0.100	0.136	0.197
		Right Touch	0.046	0.171	0.081	0.217	0.127	0.298
	WCDMA 1 700	Left Tilt	0.031	0.010	< 0.001	0.041	0.031	0.041
		Right Tilt	0.018	0.051	0.010	0.069	0.028	0.079
	WCDMA 1 900	Left Touch	0.203	0.061	0.097	0.264	0.300	0.361
		Right Touch	0.210	0.171	0.081	0.381	0.291	0.462
	LTE Band 12	Left Tilt	0.105	0.010	< 0.001	0.115	0.105	0.115
		Right Tilt	0.090	0.051	0.010	0.141	0.100	0.151
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.053	0.061	0.097	0.114	0.150	0.211
		Right Touch	0.065	0.171	0.081	0.236	0.146	0.317
	LTE Band 4	Left Tilt	0.029	0.010	< 0.001	0.039	0.029	0.039
		Right Tilt	0.039	0.051	0.010	0.090	0.049	0.100
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.072	0.061	0.097	0.133	0.169	0.230
		Right Touch	0.098	0.171	0.081	0.269	0.179	0.350
	LTE Band 5	Left Tilt	0.047	0.010	< 0.001	0.057	0.047	0.057
		Right Tilt	0.039	0.051	0.010	0.090	0.049	0.100
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.030	0.061	0.097	0.091	0.127	0.188
		Right Touch	0.027	0.171	0.081	0.198	0.108	0.279
	LTE Band 2	Left Tilt	0.020	0.010	< 0.001	0.030	0.020	0.030
		Right Tilt	0.016	0.051	0.010	0.067	0.026	0.077
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.188	0.061	0.097	0.249	0.285	0.346
		Right Touch	0.139	0.171	0.081	0.310	0.220	0.391
	LTE Band 4	Left Tilt	0.108	0.010	< 0.001	0.118	0.108	0.118
		Right Tilt	0.072	0.051	0.010	0.123	0.082	0.133
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.051	0.061	0.097	0.112	0.148	0.209
		Right Touch	0.067	0.171	0.081	0.238	0.148	0.319
	LTE Band 5	Left Tilt	0.027	0.010	< 0.001	0.037	0.027	0.037
		Right Tilt	0.041	0.051	0.010	0.092	0.051	0.102
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.061	0.061	0.097	0.122	0.158	0.219
		Right Touch	0.090	0.171	0.081	0.261	0.171	0.342
	LTE Band 2	Left Tilt	0.045	0.010	< 0.001	0.055	0.045	0.055
		Right Tilt	0.065	0.051	0.010	0.116	0.075	0.126

Table 12.4.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.220	0.130	0.350
		Right Touch	0.203	0.342	0.545
		Left Tilt	0.100	0.050	0.150
		Right Tilt	0.094	0.118	0.212
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.232	0.130	0.362
		Right Touch	0.203	0.342	0.545
		Left Tilt	0.104	0.050	0.154
		Right Tilt	0.096	0.118	0.214
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.036	0.130	0.166
		Right Touch	0.040	0.342	0.382
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.050	0.076
		Right Tilt	0.013	0.118	0.131
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.039	0.130	0.169
		Right Touch	0.046	0.342	0.388
		Left Tilt	0.031	0.050	0.081
		Right Tilt	0.018	0.118	0.136
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.203	0.130	0.333
		Right Touch	0.210	0.342	0.552
		Left Tilt	0.106	0.050	0.156
		Right Tilt	0.090	0.118	0.208
	WCDMA 1 700	Left Touch	0.053	0.130	0.183
		Right Touch	0.065	0.342	0.407
		Left Tilt	0.029	0.050	0.079
		Right Tilt	0.039	0.118	0.157
	WCDMA 1 900	Left Touch	0.072	0.130	0.202
		Right Touch	0.098	0.342	0.440
		Left Tilt	0.047	0.050	0.097
		Right Tilt	0.039	0.118	0.157
	LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.030	0.130	0.160
		Right Touch	0.027	0.342	0.369
		Left Tilt	0.020	0.050	0.070
		Right Tilt	0.016	0.118	0.134
	LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.188	0.130	0.318
		Right Touch	0.139	0.342	0.481
		Left Tilt	0.108	0.050	0.158
		Right Tilt	0.072	0.118	0.190
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.051	0.130	0.181
		Right Touch	0.067	0.342	0.409
		Left Tilt	0.027	0.050	0.077
		Right Tilt	0.041	0.118	0.159
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.061	0.130	0.191
		Right Touch	0.090	0.342	0.432
		Left Tilt	0.045	0.050	0.095
		Right Tilt	0.065	0.118	0.183

Table 12.4.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.061	0.011	0.072
		Right Touch	0.171	0.032	0.203
		Left Tilt	0.010	0.011	0.021
		Right Tilt	0.051	0.006	0.057
	5.6G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.061	0.097	0.158
		Right Touch	0.171	0.081	0.252
		Left Tilt	0.010	< 0.001	0.010
		Right Tilt	0.051	0.010	0.061

12.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.224	0.034	0.010	0.258	0.234	0.268
		Rear	0.334	0.195	0.143	0.529	0.477	0.672
	GPRS 850	Front	0.227	0.034	0.010	0.261	0.237	0.271
		Rear	0.357	0.195	0.143	0.552	0.500	0.695
	GSM 1900	Front	0.206	0.034	0.010	0.240	0.216	0.250
		Rear	0.414	0.195	0.143	0.609	0.557	0.752
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.209	0.034	0.010	0.242	0.218	0.252
		Rear	0.421	0.195	0.143	0.616	0.564	0.799
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.219	0.034	0.010	0.253	0.229	0.263
		Rear	0.326	0.195	0.143	0.521	0.469	0.664
	WCDMA 1 700	Front	0.336	0.034	0.010	0.370	0.346	0.380
		Rear	0.669	0.195	0.143	0.864	0.812	1.007
	WCDMA 1 900	Front	0.370	0.034	0.010	0.404	0.380	0.414
		Rear	0.706	0.195	0.143	0.901	0.849	1.044
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.042	0.034	0.010	0.076	0.052	0.086
		Rear	0.044	0.195	0.143	0.239	0.187	0.382
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.166	0.034	0.010	0.200	0.176	0.210
		Rear	0.221	0.195	0.143	0.416	0.364	0.559
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.394	0.034	0.010	0.428	0.404	0.438
		Rear	0.821	0.195	0.143	1.016	0.964	1.159
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.374	0.034	0.010	0.408	0.384	0.418
		Rear	0.771	0.195	0.143	0.966	0.914	1.109

Table 12.5.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6 GHz W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.224	0.034	0.034	0.258	0.258	0.292
		Rear	0.334	0.195	0.404	0.529	0.738	0.933
	GPRS 850	Front	0.227	0.034	0.034	0.261	0.261	0.295
		Rear	0.357	0.195	0.404	0.552	0.761	0.956
	GSM 1900	Front	0.206	0.034	0.034	0.240	0.240	0.274
		Rear	0.414	0.195	0.404	0.609	0.818	1.013
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.208	0.034	0.034	0.242	0.242	0.276
		Rear	0.421	0.195	0.404	0.616	0.825	1.020
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.219	0.034	0.034	0.253	0.253	0.287
		Rear	0.326	0.195	0.404	0.521	0.730	0.925
	WCDMA 1 700	Front	0.336	0.034	0.034	0.370	0.370	0.404
		Rear	0.669	0.195	0.404	0.864	1.073	1.268
	WCDMA 1 900	Front	0.370	0.034	0.034	0.404	0.404	0.438
		Rear	0.706	0.195	0.404	0.901	1.110	1.305
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.042	0.034	0.034	0.076	0.076	0.110
		Rear	0.044	0.195	0.404	0.239	0.448	0.643
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.166	0.034	0.034	0.200	0.200	0.234
		Rear	0.221	0.195	0.404	0.416	0.625	0.820
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.394	0.034	0.034	0.428	0.428	0.462
		Rear	0.821	0.195	0.404	1.016	1.225	1.420
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.374	0.034	0.034	0.408	0.408	0.442
		Rear	0.771	0.195	0.404	0.966	1.175	1.370

Table 12.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.224	0.103	0.327
		Rear	0.334	0.571	0.905
	GPRS 850	Front	0.227	0.103	0.330
		Rear	0.357	0.571	0.928
	GSM 1900	Front	0.206	0.103	0.309
		Rear	0.414	0.571	0.985
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.208	0.103	0.311
		Rear	0.421	0.571	0.992
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.219	0.103	0.322
		Rear	0.326	0.571	0.897
	WCDMA 1 700	Front	0.336	0.103	0.439
		Rear	0.669	0.571	1.240
	WCDMA 1 900	Front	0.370	0.103	0.473
		Rear	0.706	0.571	1.277
	LTE Band 12	Front	0.042	0.103	0.145
		Rear	0.044	0.571	0.615
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.166	0.103	0.269
		Rear	0.221	0.571	0.792
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.394	0.103	0.497
		Rear	0.821	0.571	1.392
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.374	0.103	0.477
		Rear	0.771	0.571	1.342

Table 12.5.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.034	0.010	0.044
		Rear	0.195	0.143	0.338
	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.034	0.034	0.068
		Rear	0.195	0.404	0.599

12.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("").

Table 12.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.218	-	0.218
		Front	0.227	0.103	0.330
		Rear	0.357	0.571	0.928
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.367	0.406	0.773
	GPRS 1900	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.220	-	0.220
		Front	0.208	0.103	0.311
		Rear	0.421	0.571	0.992
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.204	0.406	0.610
	WCDMA 850	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.177	-	0.177
		Front	0.219	0.103	0.322
		Rear	0.326	0.571	0.897
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.262	0.406	0.668
	WCDMA 1 700	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.417	-	0.417
		Front	0.336	0.103	0.439
		Rear	0.669	0.571	1.240
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.165	0.406	0.571
	WCDMA 1 900	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.413	-	0.413
		Front	0.370	0.103	0.473
		Rear	0.706	0.571	1.277
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.396	0.406	0.802
	LTE Band 12	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.018	-	0.018
		Front	0.042	0.103	0.145
		Rear	0.044	0.571	0.615
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.071	0.406	0.477
	LTE Band 5	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.163	-	0.163
		Front	0.166	0.103	0.269
		Rear	0.221	0.571	0.792
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.281	0.406	0.687
	LTE Band 4	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.523	-	0.523
		Front	0.394	0.103	0.497
		Rear	0.821	0.571	1.392
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.406	0.406	0.812
	LTE Band 2	Top	-	0.031	0.031
		Bottom	0.428	-	0.428
		Front	0.374	0.103	0.477
		Rear	0.771	0.571	1.342
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.306	0.406	0.712

Table 12.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.218	-	0.218
		Front	0.227	0.034	0.261
		Rear	0.357	0.195	0.552
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.367	0.184	0.551
	GPRS 1900	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.220	-	0.220
		Front	0.208	0.034	0.242
		Rear	0.421	0.195	0.616
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.204	0.184	0.388
	WCDMA 850	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.177	-	0.177
		Front	0.219	0.034	0.253
		Rear	0.326	0.195	0.521
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.262	0.184	0.446
	WCDMA 1 700	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.417	-	0.417
		Front	0.336	0.034	0.370
		Rear	0.669	0.195	0.864
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.165	0.184	0.349
	WCDMA 1 900	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.413	-	0.413
		Front	0.370	0.034	0.404
		Rear	0.706	0.195	0.901
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.396	0.184	0.580
	LTE Band 12	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.018	-	0.018
		Front	0.042	0.034	0.076
		Rear	0.044	0.195	0.239
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.071	0.184	0.255
	LTE Band 5	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.163	-	0.163
		Front	0.166	0.034	0.200
		Rear	0.221	0.195	0.416
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.281	0.184	0.465
	LTE Band 4	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.523	-	0.523
		Front	0.394	0.034	0.428
		Rear	0.821	0.195	1.016
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.406	0.184	0.590
	LTE Band 2	Top	-	0.010	0.010
		Bottom	0.428	-	0.428
		Front	0.374	0.034	0.408
		Rear	0.771	0.195	0.966
		Right	-	-	0.000
		Left	0.306	0.184	0.490

12.7 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

Table 13.1 Body-Worn SAR Measurement Variability Results

Frequency		Mode	Service	# of Time Slots	Spacing [Side]	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio
MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	-	-	10 mm [Rear]	0.810	0.801	1.01	-	-	-	-
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 13.2 Hotspot SAR Measurement Variability Results

Frequency		Mode	Service	# of Time Slots	Spacing [Side]	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio
MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	-	-	10 mm [Rear]	0.810	0.801	1.01	-	-	-	-
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10 g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

14. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 14.1.1 Test Equipment Calibration

	Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/A/01
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/A/01
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/A/01
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F14/5WV5D1/A/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F14/5VR2A1/C/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/C/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/C/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F14/5WV5D1/C/01
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	D21142605A
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12450905
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-13200990
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	P21142605A	N/A	N/A	005695
☒	Intel Core i7-4 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Intel Core i7-4 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01KA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1837
☒	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1783
☒	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1786
☒	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1785
☒	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2022-02-24	2023-02-24	1391
☒	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2022-08-19	2023-08-19	1396
☒	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2022-09-21	2023-09-21	1453
☒	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2022-09-27	2023-09-27	3933
☒	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2022-03-30	2023-03-30	3916
☒	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2022-04-29	2023-04-29	3866
☒	750 MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	2022-01-21	2024-01-21	1049
☒	835 MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	2022-05-30	2024-05-30	40159
☒	1 800 MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2022-03-25	2024-03-25	20202
☒	1 900 MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	2022-05-30	2024-05-30	50176
☒	2 450 MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2022-08-18	2024-08-18	920
☒	5 GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2022-01-31	2024-01-31	1212
☒	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	MY46106970
☒	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	US41461520
☒	Amplifier	RFBAY, Inc	MPA-40-40	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	21151801
☒	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	1020
☒	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	1005
☒	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	GB37170267
☒	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	1435003
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	2702A61707
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	2702A65976
☒	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	0845478
☒	Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	50228
☒	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	2889A01064
☒	Low Pass Filter 1 GHz	Wainwright Instruments	WLK6-1000-1400-9000-60SS	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	165
☒	Low Pass Filter 1.5 GHz	Micro LAB	LA-15N	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	2
☒	Low Pass Filter 3.0 GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	2
☒	Low Pass Filter 6.0 GHz	Micro LAB	LA-60N	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	03942
☒	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHEL	23-10-34	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	BP4387
☒	Attenuator	Saluki	3.5TS2-3dB-26.5G	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	21090703
☒	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAKS-3.5	2022-07-25	2023-07-25	1046
☒		SPEAG	R140	2022-07-26	2023-07-26	0101213
☒	8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	GB41321164
☒	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde Schwarz	CMW500	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	101414
☒	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2021-12-16	2022-12-16	1301183
☒	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	2022-06-24	2023-06-24	3000C000563

NOTE(S):

- The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.
- CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

15. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

750 ~ 835 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (%)	Standard 10 g (%)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Spatial x-y-Resolution	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Fast SAR z-Approximation	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.97	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.86	0.78	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

$$= 26\% \text{ (The confidence level is about } 95\% \text{ } k = 2)$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

$$= 26\% \text{ (The confidence level is about } 95\% \text{ } k = 2)$$

1 800 ~ 1 900 MHz Head (SN: 3916)

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (%)	Standard 10 g (%)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Spatial x-y-Resolution	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Fast SAR z-Approximation	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.92	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.81	0.74	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.29	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

$$= 26\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

$$= 26\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

2 450 MHz Head (SN: 3866)

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (%)	Standard 10 g (%)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Spatial x-y-Resolution	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Fast SAR z-Approximation	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.2	2.9	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.90	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.1	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.95	0.86	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						13	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						26	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

5 200 ~ 5 800 MHz Head (SN: 3866)

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (%)	Standard 10 g (%)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.5	Normal	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Boundary Effects	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Spatial x-y-Resolution	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Fast SAR z-Approximation	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.94	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.90	0.82	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.30	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						14	13	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						28	26	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 14\%$$

= 28 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 13\%$$

= 26 % (The confidence level is about 95 % $k = 2$)

16. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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