

# FCC SAR REPORT

**Applicant:** Sun Cupid Technology (HK) Ltd.

**Address of Applicant:** 16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

## Equipment Under Test (EUT)

**Product Name:** LTE Smart phone

**Model No.:** N6201L, G4

**Trade mark** NUU

**FCC ID:** 2ADINN6201L

**Applicable standards:** FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

**Date of Test:** 18 Dec., 2018 ~ 01 Jan., 2019

**Test Result:** Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)  
Head: 0.295      Body: 1.192      Hotspot: 1.192

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang  
Laboratory Manager

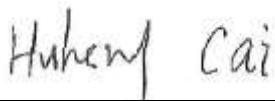
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**2 Version**

Version No.	Date	Description
00	16 Jan., 2019	Original

**Prepared by:****Date:**

16 Jan., 2019

**Report Clerk****Reviewed by:****Date:**

16 Jan., 2019

**Project Engineer**

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## 4 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM 850	0.101	PCE	0.295
	GSM 1900	0.029		
	WCDMA Band V	0.226		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.117		
	WCDMA Band II	0.060		
	CDMA BC 0	0.137		
	CDMA BC 1	0.061		
	LTE Band 25	0.032		
	LTE Band 4	0.140		
	LTE Band 26	0.220		
	LTE Band 7	0.054		
	LTE Band 12	0.103		
	LTE Band 13	0.295		
	LTE Band 41	0.029		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.097	DTS	
Body (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.431	PCE	1.192
	GSM 1900	0.092		
	WCDMA Band V	0.332		
	WCDMA Band IV	1.192		
	WCDMA Band II	0.123		
	CDMA BC 0	0.117		
	CDMA BC 1	0.172		
	LTE Band 25	0.088		
	LTE Band 4	0.419		
	LTE Band 26	0.290		
	LTE Band 7	0.319		
	LTE Band 12	0.004		
	LTE Band 13	0.412		
	LTE Band 41	0.145		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.008	DTS	
Hotspot (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.623	PCE	1.192
	GSM 1900	0.175		
	WCDMA Band V	0.332		
	WCDMA Band IV	1.192		
	WCDMA Band II	0.123		
	CDMA BC 0	0.117		
	CDMA BC 1	0.172		
	LTE Band 25	0.088		
	LTE Band 4	0.419		
	LTE Band 26	0.290		
	LTE Band 7	0.319		

	LTE Band 12	0.004		
	LTE Band 13	0.412		
	LTE Band 41	0.145		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.008	DTS	

## &lt;Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary&gt;

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Back	WCDMA Band IV	1.192	PCE	1.200
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.008	DTS	

**Note:**

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
3. For FDD-LTE Band 2 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 25, so only FDD-LTE Band 25 was tested, for FDD-LTE Band 5 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 26, so only FDD-LTE Band 26 was tested, for FDD-LTE Band 17 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 12, so only FDD-LTE Band 12.

## 5 General Information

### 5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	Sun Cupid Technology (HK) Ltd.
Address of Applicant:	16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Manufacturer:	Sun Cupid Technology (HK) Ltd.
Address of Manufacturer:	16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Factory:	Sun Cupid Technology (HK) Ltd.
Address of Factory:	16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

### 5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	LTE Smart phone
Model No.:	N6201L, G4
Category of device	Portable device
Operation Frequency:	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS 1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz  CDMA BC 0: 824.7 ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA BC 1: 1851.25 ~ 1908.75 MHz  FDD LTE Band 25 : 1850MHz-1915MHz FDD LTE Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz FDD LTE Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz FDD LTE Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 26 :814MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 7: 2500MHz~2570MHz FDD LTE Band 12: 698MHz~716MHz FDD LTE Band 13: 777MHz~787MHz FDD LTE Band 17: 704MHz~716MHz TDD LTE Band 38: 2570MHz~2620MHz TDD LTE Band 41: 2555MHz~2655MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412MHz ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40 :2422MHz~2452MHz 802.11a/n: 5150MHz ~5250MHz,5725MHz~5850MHz
Modulation technology:	GSM/GPRS:GMSK, EGPRS: 8PSK WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA: QPSK, 1xRTT: BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, HPSK 1xEVDO: BPSK, QPSK, 8PSK, 16-QAM LTE:QPSK/16QAM Bluetooth: GFSK/ $\pi$ /4DQPSK/8DPSK Wi-Fi: 802.11b: DSSS, 802.11a/ac/g/n: OFDM

Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna	
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: -1.53 dBi, PCS 1900: 0.11 dBi WCDMA Band V: -0.12 dBi, WCDMA Band II: 0.12 dBi WCDMA Band IV: 0.5 dBi BC 0: -1.53 dBi, BC 1: -1.53 dBi LTE Band 4: 0.07dBi; LTE Band 7: 1.18dBi; LTE Band 12: -2.64dBi; LTE Band 13: -2.60dBi; LTE Band 17: -2.40dBi; LTE Band 25: 0.15dBi LTE Band 26: -0.10dBi; LTE Band 41: -2.01dBi 2.4GHz WIFI/ 5.2GHz WIFI/ 5.8GHz WIFI/ BT: 2.0 dBi	
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	154 mm (L)× 75 mm (W)× 9 mm (H)	
Accessories information:	Adapter: Model: HJ-FC001K7-US Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.6A Output: DC 5.0V, 2000mA / DC 9.0V, 2000mA	Battery: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery 3.85V/3750mAh Headset: Support headset
Remark:	N6201L, G4 were identical inside, the electrical circuit design, layout, components used and internal wiring, with only difference being model name and for different areas , They all have two memory configurations, 1:6G(RAM) + 64G(ROM); 2: 6G(RAM) + 128G(ROM).	

### 5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (Voice)	33.05	29.85
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	32.96	29.79
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	32.20	28.98
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	30.36	27.01
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	29.12	25.92
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	27.46	25.99
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	26.11	24.71
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	23.82	22.67
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	22.42	21.33

Mode	Average Power (dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.82	23.01	23.06
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.91	23.14	23.21
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.87	22.03	22.19
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.48	21.61	21.71
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.93	20.21	20.2
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.95	20.26	20.15
HSUPA Sub-test 1	22.38	21.72	21.67
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.82	22.04	22.03
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.37	19.81	19.75
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.89	22.04	22.06
HSUPA Sub-test 5	21.40	20.64	20.64

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	BC 0	BC 1
1XRTT/RC1	2(Loopback)	23.95
	55(Loopback)	24.15
1XRTT/RC2	9(Loopback)	24.11
	55(Loopback)	24.15
1XRTT/RC3	2(Loopback)	24.07
	55(Loopback)	24.18
	32(+F-SCH)	24.21
	32(+SCH)	24.11
1XRTT/RC4	2(Loopback)	24.10
	55(Loopback)	24.16
	32(+F-SCH)	24.19
	32(+SCH)	24.12
1XRTT/RC5	9(Loopback)	24.14
	55(Loopback)	24.14

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	BC 0	BC 1
1XEV-DO/Rel.0	24.21	23.56
1XEV-DO/Rel. A	24.26	23.58

Mode	Average Power (dBm)							
	LTE Band 25	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 26	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 12	LTE Band 13	LTE Band 17	LTE Band 41
BW/1.4 MHz	22.74	22.80	23.32	/	23.14	/	/	/
BW/3.0 MHz	22.76	22.74	23.20	/	23.17	/	/	/
BW/5.0 MHz	22.75	22.60	23.20	22.74	23.10	23.17	23.21	23.17
BW/10 MHz	22.82	22.77	23.38	22.85	23.27	23.25	23.26	/
BW/15 MHz	22.74	22.80	23.27	22.87	/	/	/	/
BW/20 MHz	22.84	22.69	/	22.95	/	/	/	/

## WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)

Mode/Band	b	g	n (HT-20)	n (HT-40)
WLAN 2.4GHz	14.49	14.02	13.70	12.83

Mode/Band	a	n (HT-20)	n (HT-40)	ac 80
WLAN 5.2GHz	-1.61	-1.88	-2.44	-1.61

## WLAN 5.8 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)

Mode/Band	a	n (HT-20)	n (HT-40)	ac 80
WLAN 5.8GHz	-2.01	-2.06	-3.19	-2.58

## Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)

Mode/Band	1 Mbps(GFSK)	2 Mbps( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)	3 Mbps (8DPSK)	LE (BT 4.0)
Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	5.49	5.14	5.62	5.93

**5.4 Environment of Test Site**

<b>Temperature:</b>	18°C ~25 °C
<b>Humidity:</b>	35%~75% RH
<b>Atmospheric Pressure:</b>	1010 mbar

**5.5 Test Location**

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: No. B-C, 1/F., Building 2, Laodong No.2 Industrial Park, Xixiang Road,  
Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-755-23118282, Fax: +86-755-23116366

E-mail: info@ccis-cb.com

## 6 Introduction

### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dW$ ) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dv$ ) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where:  $C$  is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and  $E$  is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

## 7 RF Exposure Limits

### 7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### 7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

### 7.3 RF Exposure Limits

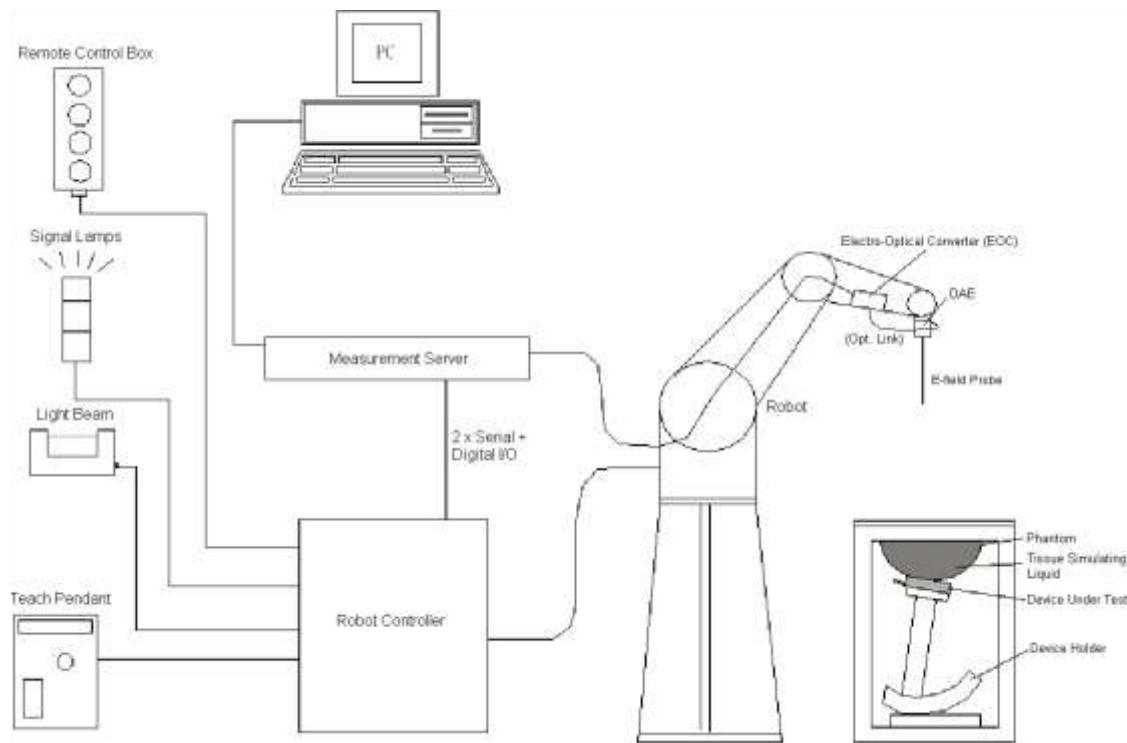
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

**Note:**

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

## 8 SAR Measurement System



**Fig. 8.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations**

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in the following sub-sections.

## 8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### ➤ E-Field Probe Specification

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency Directivity</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB $\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Fig. 8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

### ➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm 0.25$  dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix E of this report.

## 8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The Data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

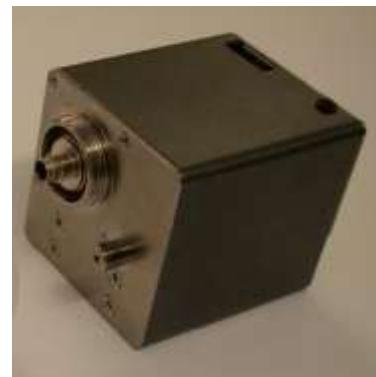


Fig. 8.3 Photo of DAE

### 8.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

### 8.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY 5: 400MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig. 8.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

### 8.5 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 8.6 Photo of Light Beam

## 8.6 Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
<b>Filling Volume Dimensions</b>	Approx. 25 liters Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm; Height: adjustable feet
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom



Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

### <ELI4 Phantom >

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not in use; otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- DGBE based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom resistiveness.



Fig.8.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

## 8.7 Device Holder

### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-low POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

## 8.8 Data storage and Evaluation

### ➤ Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verifications of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### ➤ Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

<b>Probe Parameters:</b>	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion	ConvF <sub>i</sub>
	- Diode compression point	dcp <sub>i</sub>
<b>Device Parameters:</b>	- Frequency	f
	- Crest	cf
<b>Media Parameters:</b>	- Conductivity	$\sigma$
	- Density	$\rho$

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With

$V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$U_i$  = input signal of channel i, ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$cf$  = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

$dcp_i$  = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E- Field Probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{v_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\text{H-Field Probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With

$V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$Norm_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel i, ( $i = x, y, z$ ),  $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

$ConvF$  = sensitivity enhancement in solution

$a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

$f$  = carrier frequency (GHz)

$E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

$H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

$\sigma$  = conductivity in (mho/m) or (Siemens/m)

$\rho$  = equipment tissue density in  $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

## 8.9 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	S/N	Cal. Information	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1118	06.08.2017	06.07.2020
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	06.16.2016	06.15.2019
MVG	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360	02.28.2018	02.27.2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	06.15.2016	06.14.2019
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	06.15.2016	06.14.2019
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1114	11.05.2018	11.04.2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1373	03.22.2018	03.21.2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3924	07.19.2018	07.18.2019
SPEAG	DASY 52 Measurement Software	DASY 52	Version: 52.8.8.1222	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	DASY 52 File Conversion Software	SEMCAD X	Version: 14.6.10 (7331)	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phantom	Twin Phantom	1765	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V5.0	1208	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Stäubli	Robot	TX60L	F13/5P6VB1/A/01	N.C.R	N.C.R
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201060814	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	113097	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A06291	03.19.2018	03.18.2019
Agilent	EPM Series Power Meter	E4418B	GB39512692	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101454	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
Agilent	Power Sensor	8481A	MY41090341	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
R&S	Power Sensor	URV5-Z2	SEL0071	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
R&S	Signal Generator	SMX	835457/016	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR20	10080050	03.07.2018	03.06.2019
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	12341	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	17268	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	2080	See Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	BL5513	See Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	100217491	See Note 3	
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	3.5 Probe	1119	See Note 4	
SPEAG	DAK Measurement Software	DAK	Version: DAK 3.5	N.C.R	
Mini-circuits	Power amplifier	ZHL-42W	SC609401309	See Note 5	

**Note:**

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it.
6. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
7. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

## 9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.

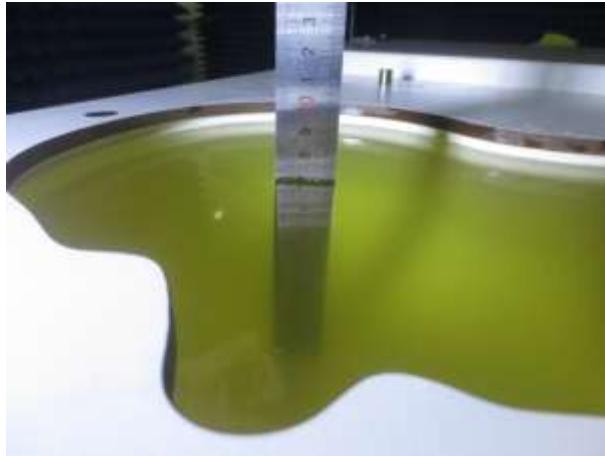


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR  
(700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

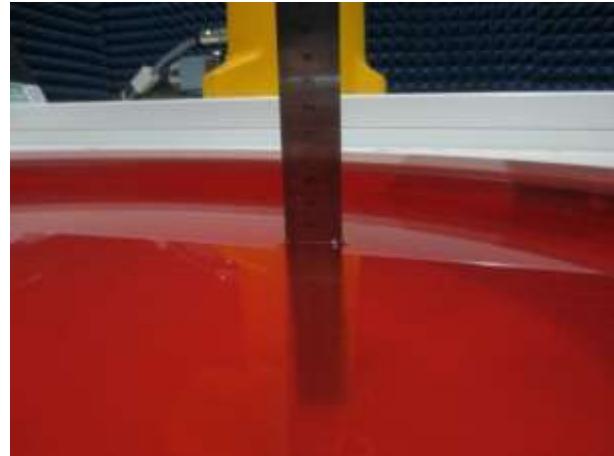


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of  
(700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

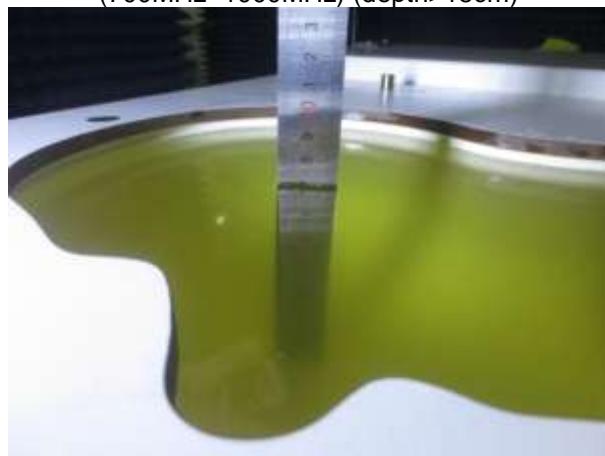


Fig. 9.3 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR  
(1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

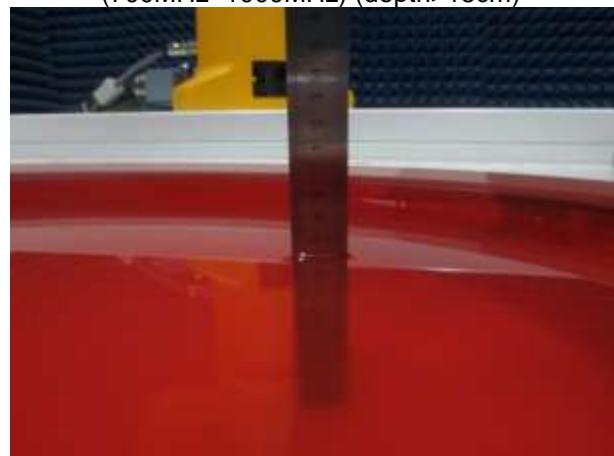


Fig. 9.4 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of ELI  
V5.0 (1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

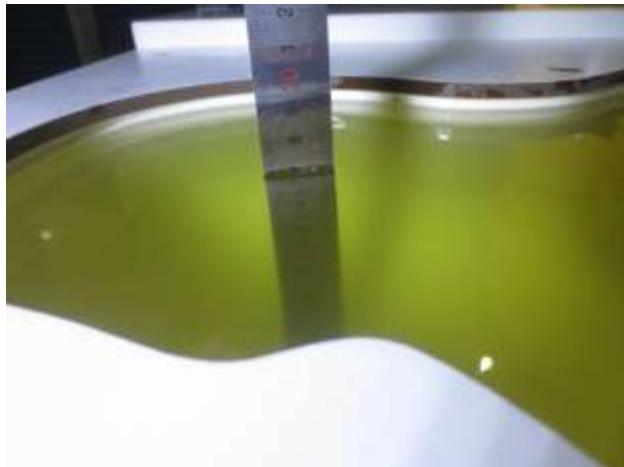


Fig. 9.5 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR  
(2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

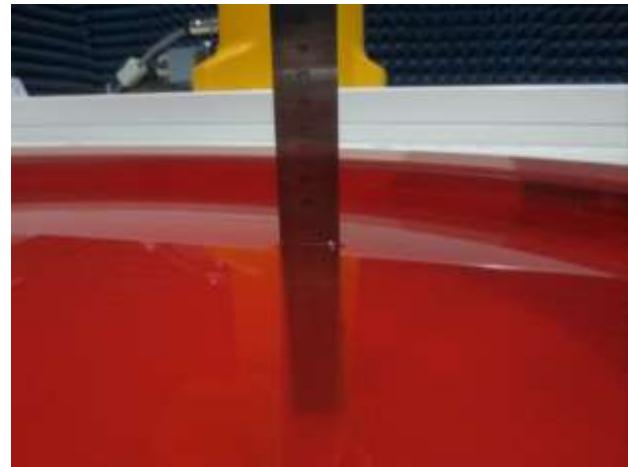


Fig. 9.6 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of Twin  
Phantom (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(  $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  )

The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a Speag Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity Target( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity Target( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta ( $\sigma$ )%	Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ )%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	Head	22.6	0.86	42.08	0.89	41.9	-3.37	0.43	±5	12.24.2018
835	Head	22.6	0.93	41.26	0.9	41.5	3.33	-0.58	±5	12.24.2018
1800	Head	22.9	1.41	40.21	1.4	40.0	0.71	0.53	±5	12.18.2018
1900	Head	22.9	1.43	39.34	1.4	40.0	2.14	-1.65	±5	12.18.2018
2450	Head	23.2	1.82	39.53	1.8	39.2	1.11	0.84	±5	12.27.2018
2600	Head	23.2	2.03	38.11	1.96	39.0	3.57	-2.28	±5	12.27.2018
750	Body	23.0	0.95	55.76	0.96	55.5	-1.04	0.47	±5	12.31.2018
835	Body	23.0	0.98	54.92	0.97	55.2	1.03	-0.51	±5	12.31.2018
1800	Body	22.7	1.51	52.64	1.52	53.3	-0.66	-1.24	±5	12.20.2018
1900	Body	22.7	1.54	51.81	1.52	53.3	1.32	-2.80	±5	12.20.2018
2450	Body	22.2	1.96	53.10	1.95	52.7	0.51	0.76	±5	12.27.2018
2600	Body	22.2	2.23	51.89	2.16	52.5	3.24	-1.16	±5	12.27.2018

## 10 SAR System Verification

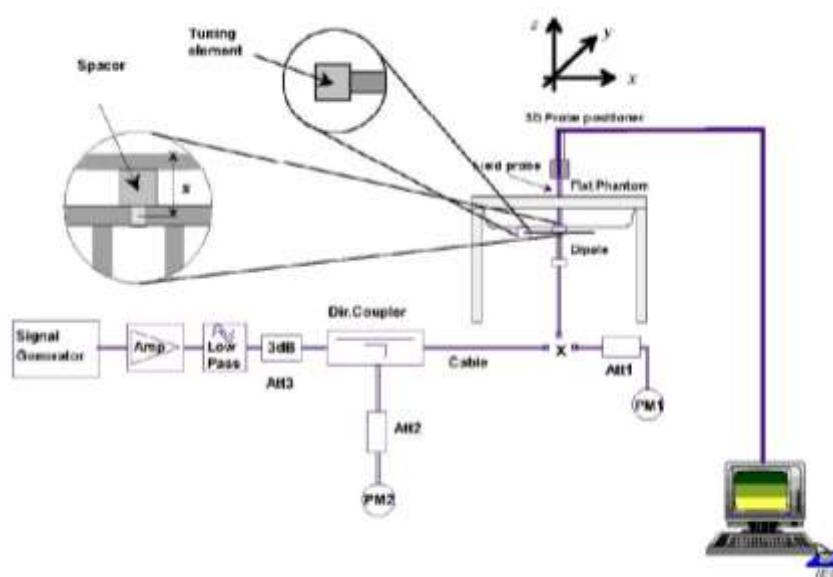
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### ➤ Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### ➤ System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



**Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup**

➤ **System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
12.24.2018	750	Head	80	0.697	8.71	8.31	4.81
12.24.2018	835	Head	80	0.785	9.81	9.24	6.17
12.18.2018	1800	Head	40	1.58	39.5	38.76	5.17
12.18.2018	1900	Head	40	1.67	41.75	40.4	3.34
12.27.2018	2450	Head	40	2.14	53.5	52.4	2.10
12.27.2018	2600	Head	40	2.31	57.75	56.3	2.58
12.31.2018	750	Body	80	0.734	9.18	8.76	4.79
12.31.2018	835	Body	80	0.798	9.98	9.57	4.28
12.20.2018	1800	Body	40	1.60	40.0	38.90	5.51
12.20.2018	1900	Body	40	1.66	41.5	40.1	3.49
12.27.2018	2450	Body	40	2.17	54.25	51.8	4.73
12.27.2018	2600	Body	40	2.23	55.75	53.1	4.99

## 11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

### 11.1 Handset Reference Points

- The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

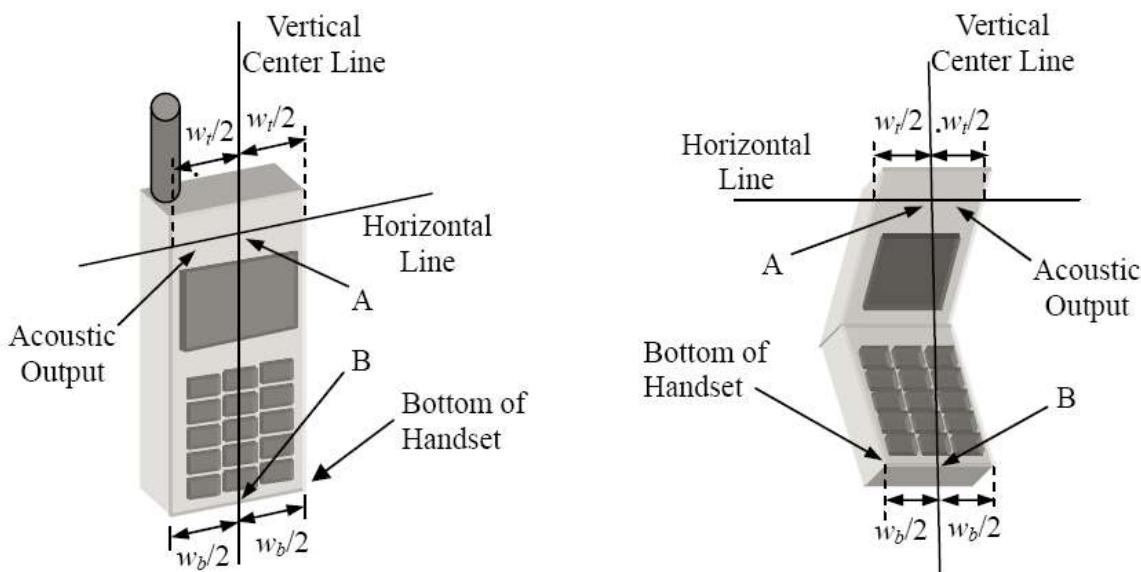


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

## 11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



**Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position**

## 11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

- To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



**Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position**

## 11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

## 11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

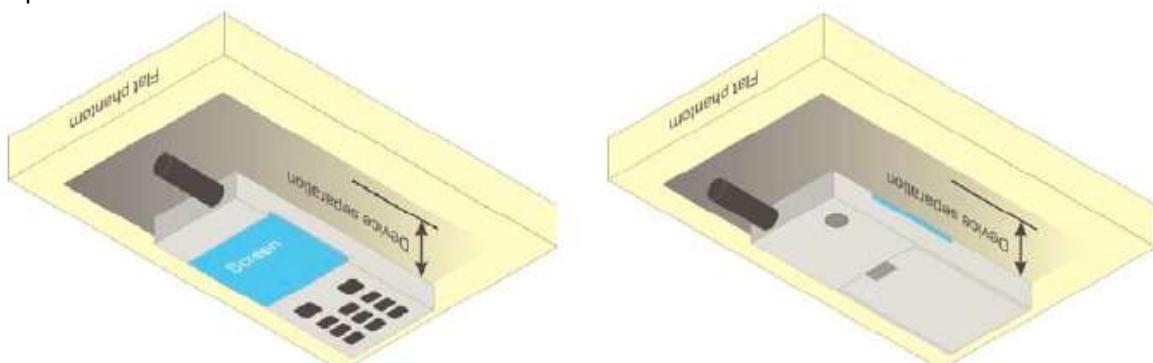


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

## 11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ ) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

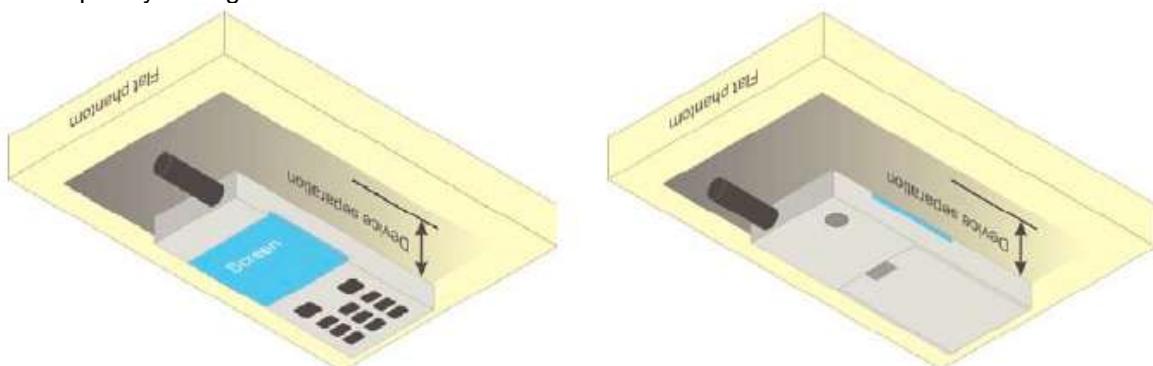


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

## 12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as bellows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

### 12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a “cube” measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

## 12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

		$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{5}{4} \cdot 6 \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1): \text{between } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ two points closest to phantom surface}$ $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1): \text{between subsequent points}$	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \geq 22 \text{ mm}$

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

\* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## **12.4 Volume Scan Procedures**

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## **12.5 SAR Averaged Methods**

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## **12.6 Power Drift Monitoring**

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

## 13 Conducted RF Output Power

### 13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.04	<b>33.05</b>	33.04	23.01	24.02	24.01
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	32.94	32.93	32.96	23.91	23.90	23.93
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	32.16	32.18	<b>32.20</b>	26.14	26.16	<b>26.18</b>
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	30.26	30.31	30.36	26.00	26.05	26.10
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	29.00	29.07	29.12	25.99	26.06	26.11
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	27.46	27.39	27.45	18.43	18.36	18.42
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	26.07	26.10	26.11	20.05	20.08	20.09
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	23.79	23.71	23.82	19.53	19.45	19.56
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	22.40	22.33	22.42	19.39	19.32	19.41

**Remark:**

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:  
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:  
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8  
Based on the calculation formula:  
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)  
So,  
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) - 9.03  
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) - 6.02  
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) - 4.26  
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

#### Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

Band: PCS 1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	29.79	29.81	<b>29.85</b>	20.76	20.78	20.82
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	29.72	29.74	29.79	20.69	20.71	20.76
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	28.87	28.9	<b>28.98</b>	22.85	22.88	<b>22.96</b>
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	26.85	26.91	27.01	22.59	22.65	22.75
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	25.76	25.82	25.92	22.75	22.81	22.91
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	25.99	25.92	25.82	16.96	16.89	16.79
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	24.71	24.62	24.59	18.69	18.60	18.57
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	22.67	22.58	22.42	18.41	18.32	18.16
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	21.33	21.2	21.08	18.32	18.19	18.07

**Remark:**

3. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:  
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:  
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8  
Based on the calculation formula:  
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)  
So,  
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03  
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02  
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26  
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
4. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

**Note:**

1. For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
2. For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice 1900 mode.
3. For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
4. Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
5. The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

## 13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - ii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - v. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table 1**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ .

Note 3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

### HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

**HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \* :
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table 2**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15		56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration**

**WCDMA Conducted Power:**

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.82	23.79	23.69
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.91	23.89	<b>23.91</b>
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.82	22.84	22.87
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.48	22.43	22.48
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.93	20.91	20.91
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.86	20.85	20.95
HSUPA Sub-test 1	22.33	22.35	22.38
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.79	22.79	22.82
HSUPA Sub-test 3	20.37	20.36	20.34
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.86	22.81	22.89
HSUPA Sub-test 5	21.40	21.29	21.34

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band IV		
Channel	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.01	22.98	22.82
RMC 12.2 kbps	<b>23.14</b>	23.11	22.96
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.93	22.03	21.90
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.61	21.61	21.60
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.21	20.09	19.96
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.23	20.26	20.08
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.72	21.68	21.57
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.04	22.00	21.99
HSUPA Sub-test 3	19.79	19.81	19.61
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.04	22.04	22.02
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.64	20.63	20.61

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band II		
Channel	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	23.06	23.02	23.03
RMC 12.2 kbps	23.14	23.15	<b>23.21</b>
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.19	22.07	22.06
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.71	21.71	21.68
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.14	20.2	20.11
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.15	20.06	20.01
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.63	21.67	21.56
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.03	22.01	22.01
HSUPA Sub-test 3	19.74	19.75	19.60
HSUPA Sub-test 4	22.06	22.01	21.96
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.61	20.64	20.49

**Note:**

- Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
- Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
- AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

### 13.3 CDMA 2000 Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### CDMA 2000 1XRTT Setup Configuration:

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. Results for at least steps 3, 4 and 10 of the power measurement procedures should be tabulated in the SAR report. Steps 3 and 4 should be measured using SO55 with power control bits in "ALL UP" condition. TDSO/SO32 may be used instead of SO55 for step 2. Step 10 should be measured using TDSO/SO32 with power control bits in the "Bits Hold" condition. All power measurements defined in C.S0011/TIA-98-E that are inapplicable to the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified in the test report.

#### CDMA2000 1XRTT Conducted Power:

Conducted Output Power (dBm)						
Band		BC 0			BC 1	
Channel		1013	384	777	25	600
Frequency (MHz)		824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880
RC1	2(Loopback)	23.90	23.95	23.94	23.43	23.44
	55(Loopback)	24.09	24.10	24.15	23.51	23.44
RC2	9(Loopback)	24.09	24.07	24.11	23.53	23.48
	55(Loopback)	24.09	24.09	24.15	23.51	23.45
RC3	2(Loopback)	24.05	24.07	24.06	23.56	23.50
	55(Loopback)	24.08	24.17	24.18	23.48	23.45
	32(+F-SCH)	24.18	24.10	24.21	23.48	23.47
	32(+SCH)	24.11	24.03	24.00	23.48	23.52
RC4	2(Loopback)	24.10	24.07	24.10	23.30	23.46
	55(Loopback)	24.16	24.09	24.16	23.53	23.51
	32(+F-SCH)	24.08	24.12	24.19	23.46	23.14
	32(+SCH)	24.04	24.09	24.12	23.45	23.43
RC5	9(Loopback)	24.12	24.09	24.14	23.58	23.52
	55(Loopback)	24.12	24.11	24.14	23.54	23.49

#### Note:

4. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured in RC3.
6. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured using TDSO/SO32, to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled.
7. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCH<sub>n</sub>) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured with FCH only.

**CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO Release 0 Setup Configuration:**

- Configure all of the open loop parameters to their maximum settings. Set the following parameters of the Access Parameters Message as specified below:

Parameter	Value(Decimal)
<i>Open Loop Adjust</i>	81 (-81 dB) for BC 0, 2, 3, 5, 7, and 9 84 (-84 dB) for BC 1, 4, 6, and 8
<i>Probe Initial Adjust</i>	15 (15dB)
<i>Probe Num Adjust</i>	15 (15 probes/sequence)

- Set the following fields of the Initial Configuration attribute of the Default Access Channel MAC Protocol as specified below:

Parameter	Value(Decimal)
<i>Power Step</i>	15 (7.5 dB/step)
<i>Probe Sequence Max</i>	15 (15 sequences)

- Connect the sector to the access terminal antenna connector as shown in Figure 11.5.1-4. The AWGN generator and the CW generator are not applicable in this test.
- Set up a Test Application session. Open a connection and configure the Test Application RTAP so that the Reverse Data Channel rate corresponds to 153.6 kbps. Configure the Test Application FTAP so that the Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponds to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps, and the ACK Channel is transmitted at all the slots.
- Set  $\text{I}_{\text{or}}$  to  $-105.5 \text{ dBm}/1.23 \text{ MHz}$ . (Check latest standards/revisions on  $-105 \text{ dBm}$ )
- Send continuously '0' power control bits to the access terminal.
- Measure the access terminal output power at the access terminal antenna connector.

**CDMA2000 1XEV-DO Release 0 Conducted Power:**

Conducted Output Power (dBm)						
Band		BC 0			BC 1	
Channel		1013	384	777	25	600
Frequency (MHz)		824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880
FTAP Rate	RTAP Rate	24.14	24.18	24.21	23.44	23.51
307.2kbps	153.6kbps					23.56

**Note:**

- Applying the subtest setup in KDB 941225 D01.
- Pre KDB 941225 D01, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for Ev-Do is not required.

**CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO Release A Setup Configuration:**

1. Configure all of the open loop parameters to their maximum settings. Set the following parameters of the Access Parameters Message as specified below:

Parameter	Value(Decimal)
<i>Open Loop Adjust</i>	81 (-81 dB) for BC 0, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, and 12 84 (-84 dB) for BC 1, 4, 6, and 8
<i>Probe Initial Adjust</i>	15 (15dB)
<i>Probe Num Adjust</i>	15 (15 7.5 dB/step)

2. Connect the sector to the access terminal antenna connector as shown in Figure 8.5.1-4. The AWGN generator and the CW generator are not applicable in this test.
3. For each band class that the access terminal supports, configure the access terminal to operate in that band class and perform steps 4 through 7.
4. Set up a Test Application session using one of the Physical Layer subtypes. Open a connection. For Subtype 0 or 1 Physical Layer, configure the Test Application RTAP so that the Reverse Data Channel rate corresponds to 153.6 kbps. For Subtype 2 Physical Layer, configure the Test Application RETAP so that the Reverse Data Channel payload size corresponds to 4096 bits with Termination Target of 16 slots. Configure the Test Application FTAP (for Subtype 0 or 1 Physical Layer) or FETAP (for Subtype 2 Physical Layer) so that the Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponds to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps, and the ACK Channel is transmitted 4 at all the slots.
5. Set  $\bar{I}_0$  to  $-60 \text{ dBm}/1.23 \text{ MHz}$ . (Check latest standards/revisions on  $-60 \text{ dBm}$ )
6. Send continuously '0' power control bits to the access terminal.
7. Measure the mean access terminal output power at the access terminal antenna connector.

**CDMA2000 1XEV-DO Release A Conducted Power:**

Conducted Output Power (dBm)						
Band		BC 0			BC 1	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	1013	384	777	25	600
FETAP-Traffic Format	RETAP-Data Payload Size	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880
307.2k,QPSK/ACK Channel is transmitted at all the slots	4096	24.26	24.04	24.00	23.58	23.38
						23.47

**Note:**

3. Applying the subtest setup in KDB 941225 D01.
4. Pre KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Rev. A is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured in RC3.

## 13.4 LTE Conducted Power

### 13.4.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

#### **QPSK with 1 RB allocation**

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ , testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.<sup>8</sup> When the reported SAR of a required test channel is  $> 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

#### **QPSK with 50% RB allocation**

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.<sup>9</sup>

#### **QPSK with 100% RB allocation**

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ . Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$ , the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### **Higher order modulations**

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$  higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$ .

### 13.4.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$  higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is  $> 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$ . The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

### 13.3.3 TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r03 and April 2013 TCB workshop slides, SAR must be tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- see 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions and must be taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor
  - according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS to determine the highest SAR test duty factor

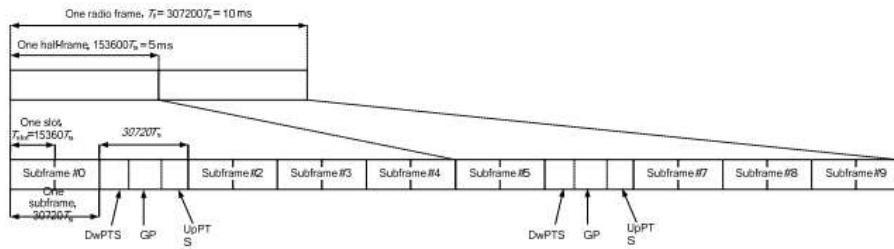


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink		Extended cyclic prefix in downlink	
	DwPTS	UpPTS	DwPTS	UpPTS
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	6592·T <sub>s</sub>		7680·T <sub>s</sub>	
1	19760·T <sub>s</sub>		20480·T <sub>s</sub>	2192·T <sub>s</sub>
2	21952·T <sub>s</sub>	2192·T <sub>s</sub>	23040·T <sub>s</sub>	2560·T <sub>s</sub>
3	24144·T <sub>s</sub>		25600·T <sub>s</sub>	
4	26336·T <sub>s</sub>		7680·T <sub>s</sub>	
5	6592·T <sub>s</sub>		20480·T <sub>s</sub>	4384·T <sub>s</sub>
6	19760·T <sub>s</sub>		23040·T <sub>s</sub>	5120·T <sub>s</sub>
7	21952·T <sub>s</sub>	4384·T <sub>s</sub>	12800·T <sub>s</sub>	
8	24144·T <sub>s</sub>		-	-
9	13168·T <sub>s</sub>		-	-

Per 3GPP 36.211 section 4.2, each radio frame of length  $T_f=37200 \cdot T_s = 10$  ms consists of two half-frames of length  $153600 \cdot T_s = 5$  ms each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length  $30720 \cdot T_s = 1$  ms. So, the uplink duty factor in special subframe as below:

Special Subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink		Extended cyclic prefix in downlink	
	Duty factor of Uplink		Duty factor of Uplink	
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
1	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
2	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
3	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
4	7.14%	8.33%	14.27%	16.67%
5	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
6	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
7	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
8	14.27%	16.67%	/	/
9	14.27%	16.67%	/	/

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to above table:

1. The highest duty factor is configuration 0;
2. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with normal cyclic prefix is:  $(3\text{ms} + 0.143\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=62.86\%$ ;
3. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with extended cyclic prefix is:  $(3\text{ms} + 0.167\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=63.34\%$ ;
4. For purpose to get the worst case SAR test duty factor, the duty factor of normal cyclic prefix in uplink scaled-up to the extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the scaling factor is  $63.34\%/62.86\%=1.008$ , and the scaling factor will be taken into the final measured SAR.

LTE Band 25 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26047	26365	26683
					1850.70MHz	1882.5MHz	1914.3MHz
Band 25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.51	22.51	22.44
			1	2	22.74	22.55	22.58
			1	5	22.57	22.60	22.46
			3	0	21.59	21.64	21.63
			3	1	21.64	21.69	21.58
			3	2	21.66	21.56	21.49
			6	0	21.61	21.70	21.64
		16QAM	1	0	21.67	21.72	22.07
			1	2	21.82	21.81	21.62
			1	5	21.53	21.78	21.36
			3	0	21.68	21.69	21.62
			3	1	21.87	21.66	21.60
			3	2	21.89	21.77	21.75
			6	0	20.68	20.62	20.81

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26055	26365	26675
					1851.50MHz	1882.5MHz	1913.5MHz
Band 25	3	QPSK	1	0	22.56	22.48	22.66
			1	7	22.76	22.68	22.58
			1	14	22.66	22.64	22.62
			8	0	21.71	21.59	21.64
			8	4	21.75	21.71	21.63
			8	7	21.70	21.62	21.51
			15	0	21.71	21.70	21.72
		16QAM	1	0	21.69	21.97	21.81
			1	7	21.59	21.23	21.70
			1	14	21.88	22.15	21.69
			8	0	20.93	20.79	20.81
			8	4	20.79	20.74	20.64
			8	7	20.70	20.77	20.62
			15	0	20.60	20.57	20.54

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26065	26365	26665
					1852.5MHz	1882.5MHz	1912.5MHz
Band 25	5	QPSK	1	0	22.57	22.57	22.47
			1	12	22.59	22.62	22.56
			1	24	22.51	22.52	22.36
			12	0	21.71	21.71	21.76
			12	6	21.73	21.80	21.69
			12	11	21.70	21.65	21.65
			25	0	21.69	21.66	21.65
		16QAM	1	0	22.14	21.50	21.35
			1	12	21.56	21.81	21.53
			1	24	21.45	21.67	21.95
			12	0	20.76	20.82	20.73
			12	6	20.89	20.72	20.71
			12	11	20.67	20.57	20.61
			25	0	20.83	20.63	20.65

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26090	26365	26640
					1855.00MHz	1882.5MHz	1910.0MHz
Band 25	10	QPSK	1	0	22.66	22.73	22.62
			1	24	22.74	22.62	22.82
			1	49	22.56	22.54	22.54
			25	0	21.74	21.75	21.61
			25	12	21.82	21.70	21.68
			25	24	21.85	21.70	21.60
			50	0	21.77	21.71	21.72
		16QAM	1	0	21.83	22.23	21.55
			1	24	21.95	22.22	22.31
			1	49	22.21	21.70	21.66
			25	0	20.66	20.80	20.70
			25	12	20.79	20.71	20.76
			25	24	20.80	20.59	20.56
			50	0	20.75	20.74	20.68

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26115	26365	26615
					1857.50MHz	1882.5MHz	1907.5MHz
Band 25	15	QPSK	1	0	22.61	22.57	22.59
			1	37	22.74	22.65	22.62
			1	74	22.48	22.43	22.51
			36	0	21.81	21.82	21.65
			36	16	21.68	21.72	21.73
			36	35	21.83	21.67	21.70
			75	0	21.65	21.61	21.73
	16QAM	16QAM	1	0	21.93	21.92	21.68
			1	37	21.72	22.42	21.98
			1	74	21.44	21.77	21.70
			36	0	20.84	20.79	20.65
			36	16	20.84	20.83	20.67
			36	35	20.66	20.64	20.62
			75	0	20.75	20.66	20.63

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26140	26365	26590
					1860.00MHz	1882.50MHz	1905.00MHz
Band 25	20	QPSK	1	0	22.59	22.53	22.48
			1	49	22.84	22.68	22.61
			1	99	22.49	22.38	22.46
			50	0	21.73	21.75	21.71
			50	24	21.67	21.58	21.80
			50	49	21.71	21.56	21.68
			100	0	21.75	21.72	21.68
	16QAM	16QAM	1	0	21.70	22.37	21.81
			1	49	22.48	21.85	22.50
			1	99	22.22	22.82	21.54
			50	0	20.63	20.75	20.75
			50	24	20.77	20.65	20.78
			50	49	20.69	20.59	20.70
			100	0	20.66	20.76	20.69

LTE Band 4 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19957	20175	20393
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
Band 4	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.55	22.49	22.60
			1	2	22.61	22.71	22.80
			1	5	22.53	22.54	22.64
			3	0	21.63	21.72	21.74
			3	1	21.67	21.64	21.97
			3	2	21.63	21.76	21.64
			6	0	21.83	21.64	21.67
		16QAM	1	0	21.90	21.71	21.73
			1	2	22.01	21.66	21.79
			1	5	21.69	21.63	21.68
			3	0	21.69	21.82	21.74
			3	1	21.78	21.87	21.89
			3	2	21.67	21.54	21.87
			6	0	20.57	20.66	20.87

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19965	20175	20385
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
Band 4	3	QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.69	22.74
			1	7	22.70	22.56	22.64
			1	14	22.64	22.68	22.55
			8	0	21.64	21.61	21.77
			8	4	21.72	21.67	21.73
			8	7	21.67	21.62	21.72
			15	0	21.66	21.67	21.70
		16QAM	1	0	21.65	21.78	21.73
			1	7	21.49	21.64	21.64
			1	14	21.67	21.97	21.57
			8	0	20.56	20.65	20.74
			8	4	20.56	20.71	20.70
			8	7	20.67	20.48	20.69
			15	0	20.54	20.63	20.52

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19975	20175	20375
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
Band 4	5	QPSK	1	0	22.55	22.59	22.59
			1	12	22.57	22.56	22.60
			1	24	22.51	22.58	22.48
			12	0	21.57	21.74	21.71
			12	6	21.78	21.71	21.87
			12	11	21.59	21.71	21.69
			25	0	21.74	21.68	21.71
		16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.71	22.06
			1	12	21.74	21.77	21.46
			1	24	21.72	21.74	21.70
			12	0	20.57	20.70	20.72
			12	6	20.63	20.54	20.82
			12	11	20.66	20.68	20.56
			25	0	20.68	20.81	20.76

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20000	20175	20350
					1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
Band 4	10	QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.65	22.68
			1	24	22.77	22.77	22.76
			1	49	22.54	22.56	22.64
			25	0	21.69	21.79	21.74
			25	12	21.71	21.72	21.77
			25	24	21.73	21.68	21.75
			50	0	21.74	21.91	21.79
		16QAM	1	0	21.76	21.77	21.57
			1	24	21.87	21.94	21.96
			1	49	21.64	21.72	21.73
			25	0	20.64	20.91	20.80
			25	12	20.71	20.82	20.79
			25	24	20.76	20.83	20.74
			50	0	20.80	20.83	20.72

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20025	20175	20325
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
Band 4	15	QPSK	1	0	22.72	22.71	22.68
			1	37	22.58	22.65	22.63
			1	74	22.54	22.80	22.58
			36	0	21.64	21.89	21.81
			36	16	21.61	21.80	21.80
			36	35	21.75	21.72	21.82
			75	0	21.64	21.79	21.79
		16QAM	1	0	22.18	21.87	21.86
			1	37	21.78	21.86	21.91
			1	74	21.47	21.21	21.80
			36	0	20.67	20.72	20.88
			36	16	20.77	20.77	20.76
			36	35	20.65	20.79	20.73
			75	0	20.67	20.74	20.77

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20050	20175	20300
					1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
Band 4	20	QPSK	1	0	22.59	22.58	22.63
			1	49	22.69	22.63	22.69
			1	99	22.38	22.53	22.55
			50	0	21.66	21.86	21.80
			50	24	21.72	21.73	21.90
			50	49	21.62	21.60	21.74
			100	0	21.61	21.71	21.76
		16QAM	1	0	21.47	21.95	21.87
			1	49	21.90	22.00	21.97
			1	99	21.52	21.80	21.70
			50	0	20.66	20.82	20.74
			50	24	20.71	20.73	20.70
			50	49	20.67	20.62	20.86
			100	0	20.63	20.78	20.77

LTE Band 26 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26697	26865	27033
					814.7MHz	831.5MHz	848.3MHz
Band 26	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.05	22.64	23.23
			1	2	23.16	22.79	23.32
			1	5	23.14	22.50	23.18
			3	0	22.16	21.77	22.34
			3	1	22.23	21.67	22.33
			3	2	22.19	21.65	22.18
			6	0	22.16	21.78	22.24
		16QAM	1	0	22.50	21.79	22.28
			1	2	22.51	21.89	22.36
			1	5	21.96	21.81	22.33
			3	0	22.21	21.70	22.34
			3	1	22.35	21.89	22.46
			3	2	22.12	21.80	22.13
			6	0	21.28	20.74	21.44

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26705	26865	27025
					815.5MHz	831.5MHz	847.5MHz
Band 26	3	QPSK	1	0	23.00	22.99	23.13
			1	7	23.11	23.04	23.20
			1	14	23.17	23.10	23.18
			8	0	22.05	22.10	22.34
			8	4	22.14	22.20	22.23
			8	7	22.17	22.05	22.11
			15	0	22.27	22.17	22.16
		16QAM	1	0	21.68	22.50	22.67
			1	7	22.27	22.17	22.70
			1	14	22.70	22.24	22.33
			8	0	21.21	21.16	21.36
			8	4	21.21	21.30	21.30
			8	7	21.22	21.17	21.29
			15	0	21.14	21.21	21.33

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26715	26865	27015
					816.5MHz	831.5MHz	846.5MHz
Band 26	5	QPSK	1	0	23.01	23.05	22.98
			1	12	23.12	23.10	23.20
			1	24	23.04	22.88	23.10
			12	0	22.11	22.17	22.33
			12	6	22.22	22.23	22.29
			12	11	22.29	22.11	22.07
			25	0	22.22	22.11	22.28
		16QAM	1	0	22.18	22.12	22.34
			1	12	22.02	22.26	22.69
			1	24	22.20	22.09	22.22
			12	0	21.18	21.20	21.32
			12	6	21.25	21.28	21.36
			12	11	21.20	21.10	21.12
			25	0	21.27	21.11	21.28

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26750	26865	26990
					820MHz	831.5MHz	844MHz
Band 26	10	QPSK	1	0	23.10	23.06	23.16
			1	24	23.19	23.13	23.38
			1	49	23.04	23.08	23.20
			25	0	22.20	22.23	22.30
			25	12	22.17	22.15	22.23
			25	24	22.20	22.13	21.96
			50	0	22.12	22.20	22.25
		16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.31	21.99
			1	24	22.45	22.19	22.46
			1	49	22.60	22.58	22.27
			25	0	21.30	21.32	21.23
			25	12	21.32	21.22	21.29
			25	24	21.12	21.11	21.11
			50	0	21.19	21.14	21.18

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					26775	26865	26965
					822.5MHz	831.5MHz	841.5MHz
Band 26	15	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.05	23.09
			1	37	23.23	23.27	23.18
			1	74	22.98	23.11	23.03
			36	0	22.18	22.09	22.18
			36	16	22.15	22.13	22.13
			36	35	22.15	22.29	22.11
			75	0	22.17	22.09	22.10
	16QAM	16QAM	1	0	22.49	22.45	21.98
			1	37	22.58	22.23	21.94
			1	74	21.98	22.41	21.99
			36	0	21.10	21.10	21.13
			36	16	21.24	21.13	21.21
			36	35	21.29	21.14	21.09
			75	0	21.09	21.05	21.18

LTE Band 7 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20775	21100	21425
					2502.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2567.5MHz
Band 7	5	QPSK	1	0	22.59	22.63	22.67
			1	12	22.60	22.67	22.74
			1	24	22.57	22.66	22.59
			12	0	21.71	21.69	21.78
			12	6	21.83	21.81	21.81
			12	11	21.78	21.72	21.79
			25	0	21.72	21.66	21.88
		16QAM	1	0	21.91	21.90	21.63
			1	12	21.77	21.66	21.87
			1	24	21.49	21.66	21.46
			12	0	20.67	20.74	20.78
			12	6	20.68	20.74	20.84
			12	11	20.70	20.64	20.73
			25	0	20.69	20.68	20.88

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20800	21100	21400
					2505.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2565.0MHz
Band 7	10	QPSK	1	0	22.60	22.65	22.76
			1	24	22.85	22.65	22.82
			1	49	22.63	22.69	22.69
			25	0	21.76	21.76	21.82
			25	12	21.82	21.80	21.83
			25	24	21.90	21.86	21.89
			50	0	21.89	21.75	21.84
		16QAM	1	0	21.70	21.68	22.08
			1	24	22.06	21.78	21.86
			1	49	21.67	21.84	21.75
			25	0	20.63	20.73	20.93
			25	12	20.77	20.78	20.86
			25	24	20.79	20.72	20.89
			50	0	20.77	20.87	20.80

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20825	21100	21375
					2507.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2562.5MHz
Band 7	15	QPSK	1	0	22.63	22.55	22.64
			1	37	22.75	22.62	22.87
			1	74	22.72	22.58	22.65
			36	0	21.73	21.79	21.89
			36	16	21.84	21.78	21.92
			36	35	21.79	21.69	21.73
			75	0	21.78	21.70	21.79
		16QAM	1	0	21.35	21.54	22.20
			1	37	21.89	22.21	22.07
			1	74	21.92	22.16	21.97
			36	0	20.75	20.73	20.91
			36	16	20.66	20.82	20.86
			36	35	20.73	20.73	20.84
			75	0	20.80	20.76	20.84

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20850	21100	21350
					2510.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2560.0MHz
Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	22.63	22.49	22.62
			1	49	22.74	22.75	22.95
			1	99	22.54	22.51	22.57
			50	0	21.66	21.84	21.82
			50	24	21.81	21.75	21.91
			50	49	21.77	21.84	21.78
			100	0	21.69	21.74	21.72
		16QAM	1	0	22.11	21.71	21.84
			1	49	22.15	21.67	22.09
			1	99	21.45	21.75	21.82
			50	0	20.56	20.72	20.75
			50	24	20.68	20.67	20.83
			50	49	20.91	20.68	20.67
			100	0	20.67	20.82	20.77

**LTE Band 12 part:**

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23017	23095	23175
					699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
Band 12	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.99	22.97	23.03
			1	2	23.03	23.13	23.14
			1	5	23.09	23.11	22.89
			3	0	22.18	22.18	22.03
			3	1	22.16	22.25	22.18
			3	2	22.09	22.14	22.09
			6	0	22.21	22.03	22.13
		16QAM	1	0	22.11	22.03	21.90
			1	2	22.23	22.21	22.21
			1	5	22.50	22.28	21.90
			3	0	21.91	22.30	22.01
			3	1	22.24	22.20	22.00
			3	2	22.25	22.06	22.05
			6	0	21.09	21.20	21.11

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23025	23095	23165
					700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
Band 12	3	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.17	22.94
			1	7	23.07	23.11	22.96
			1	14	23.01	23.16	23.05
			8	0	22.00	22.19	22.16
			8	4	22.22	22.17	22.24
			8	7	22.16	22.21	22.08
			15	0	22.09	22.12	22.10
		16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.28	22.02
			1	7	22.36	22.40	22.25
			1	14	22.26	22.09	22.25
			8	0	21.26	21.32	21.24
			8	4	21.20	21.23	21.10
			8	7	21.17	21.37	21.12
			15	0	21.26	21.12	21.19

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23035	23095	23155
					701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz
Band 12	5	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.93	22.95
			1	12	23.05	23.10	23.03
			1	24	22.99	22.94	22.92
			12	0	22.12	22.11	22.02
			12	6	22.16	22.30	22.21
			12	11	22.18	22.26	22.06
			25	0	22.11	22.16	22.13
		16QAM	1	0	22.52	21.92	21.87
			1	12	22.47	22.38	22.12
			1	24	22.21	22.52	21.81
			12	0	21.14	21.16	21.08
			12	6	21.20	21.19	21.18
			12	11	21.15	21.15	20.89
			25	0	21.12	21.19	20.96

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23060	23095	23130
					704MHz	707.5MHz	711MHz
Band 12	10	QPSK	1	0	23.03	22.97	23.04
			1	24	23.13	23.27	23.22
			1	49	23.11	23.02	23.15
			25	0	22.18	22.20	22.14
			25	12	22.32	22.19	22.19
			25	24	22.19	22.19	22.24
			50	0	22.22	22.31	22.11
		16QAM	1	0	22.19	22.16	22.27
			1	24	22.65	22.76	22.24
			1	49	22.27	22.17	22.17
			25	0	21.09	21.30	21.18
			25	12	21.25	21.21	21.14
			25	24	21.18	21.34	21.14
			50	0	21.18	21.32	21.12

**LTE Band 13 part:**

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23205	23230	23255
					779.50MHz	782.00MHz	784.50MHz
Band 13	5	QPSK	1	0	23.00	23.04	22.97
			1	12	23.17	23.17	23.16
			1	24	22.95	23.02	22.99
			12	0	22.05	22.23	22.33
			12	6	22.27	22.24	22.36
			12	11	22.21	22.20	22.08
			25	0	22.16	22.25	22.32
		16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.15	22.52
			1	12	22.19	22.34	22.34
			1	24	22.10	21.89	22.12
			12	0	21.01	21.06	21.26
			12	6	21.07	21.32	21.22
			12	11	21.17	21.22	21.10
			25	0	21.07	21.17	21.29

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					/	23230	/
					/	782.00MHz	/
Band 13	10	QPSK	1	0	/	23.03	/
			1	24	/	23.25	/
			1	49	/	23.05	/
			25	0	/	22.16	/
			25	12	/	22.25	/
			25	24	/	22.20	/
			50	0	/	22.11	/
		16QAM	1	0	/	22.50	/
			1	24	/	22.43	/
			1	49	/	22.34	/
			25	0	/	21.18	/
			25	12	/	21.20	/
			25	24	/	21.12	/
			50	0	/	21.11	/

**LTE Band 17 part:**

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23755	23790	23825
					706.5MHz	710.0MHz	713.5MHz
Band 17	5	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.08	22.90
			1	12	23.14	23.21	23.07
			1	24	23.16	22.90	23.00
			12	0	22.18	22.13	22.14
			12	6	22.22	22.16	22.17
			12	11	22.26	22.26	22.07
			25	0	22.15	22.17	22.07
		16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.10	22.37
			1	12	22.71	22.35	22.12
			1	24	22.34	22.12	22.21
			12	0	21.24	21.19	21.10
			12	6	21.22	21.11	21.10
			12	11	21.15	21.13	21.24
			25	0	21.31	21.16	21.18

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23780	23790	23800
					709.0MHz	710.0MHz	711.0MHz
Band 17	10	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.14	23.08
			1	24	23.26	23.22	23.14
			1	49	23.15	23.06	23.11
			25	0	22.23	22.19	22.10
			25	12	22.29	22.19	22.20
			25	24	22.23	22.20	22.13
			50	0	22.30	22.27	22.14
		16QAM	1	0	22.27	22.28	22.54
			1	24	22.67	22.31	22.32
			1	49	22.00	22.22	22.05
			25	0	21.29	21.28	21.21
			25	12	21.24	21.14	21.20
			25	24	21.30	21.25	21.18
			50	0	21.36	21.24	21.22

**LTE Band 41 part:**

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40265	40505	40740	41093	41215
					2557.5MHz	2581.5MHz	2605.0MHz	2640.3MHz	2652.5MHz
Band 41	5	QPSK	1	0	22.51	22.60	22.95	23.01	23.07
			1	12	22.74	22.86	23.14	23.13	23.17
			1	24	22.57	22.71	23.01	23.02	23.05
			12	0	21.80	21.98	22.13	22.16	22.22
			12	6	21.81	21.90	22.21	22.23	22.25
			12	11	21.71	21.86	22.24	22.21	22.22
			25	0	21.69	21.75	22.16	22.15	22.13
	16QAM	16QAM	1	0	21.71	21.90	22.09	22.12	22.18
			1	12	21.87	21.93	22.25	22.25	22.22
			1	24	21.70	21.95	22.13	22.12	22.10
			12	0	20.66	21.73	21.15	21.16	21.18
			12	6	20.72	20.88	21.15	21.22	21.30
			12	11	20.61	20.79	21.16	21.13	21.15
			25	0	20.74	20.83	21.29	21.25	21.20

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 section 4.1, 6), the required test channels number is 5 for LTE Band 41.

### 13.5 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 b	802.11 g	802.11n (HT20)
CH 01	2412	14.16	13.80	13.16
CH 06	2437	<b>14.49</b>	<b>14.02</b>	13.70
CH 11	2462	14.23	14.02	13.52

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n (HT40)
CH 03	2422	12.66
CH 06	2437	12.83
CH 09	2452	12.66

**Note:**

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 06	2.437	15.0	31.62	5	9.87	3.0
g/CH 06	2.437	14.5	28.18	5	8.79	3.0

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
  - When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 96.8%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.03.

### 13.6 WLAN 5.2GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 a	802.11 n20
CH 36	5180	-1.61	-1.88
CH 40	5200	-1.76	-1.98
CH 48	5240	-1.96	-2.27

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n 40
CH 38	5190	-2.44
CH 46	5230	-2.73

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n 40
CH 42	5210	-1.61

**Note:**

7. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:  

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where
  - $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
8. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 a mode is not required.
9. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
10. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
11. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 94.7%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.05.

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
a/CH 36	5.180	-1.5	0.71	5	0.32	3.0

### 13.7 WLAN 5.8GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 a	802.11 n20
CH 149	5745	-2.07	-2.26
CH 157	5785	<b>-2.01</b>	-2.17
CH 165	5825	-2.05	-2.06

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n 40
CH 151	5755	-3.19
CH 159	5795	-3.41

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n 40
CH 155	5775	-2.58

**Note:**

12. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:  

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where
  - $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
13. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 a mode is not required.
14. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
15. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
16. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 94.4%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.06.

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
a/CH 157	5.725	-2.0	0.63	5	0.30	3.0

### 13.8 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm) (BT 2.0)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8DPSK
CH 01	2402	3.68	3.31	3.82
CH 39	2441	5.49	5.14	<b>5.62</b>
CH 78	2480	4.95	4.56	5.11

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	BLE (BT 4.0)
CH 00	2402	5.16
CH 20	2442	5.29
CH 39	2480	5.93

**Note:**

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:  

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where
  - $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 39	2.48	6.0	3.98	5	1.24	3.0

## 14 Exposure Positions Consideration

### 14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

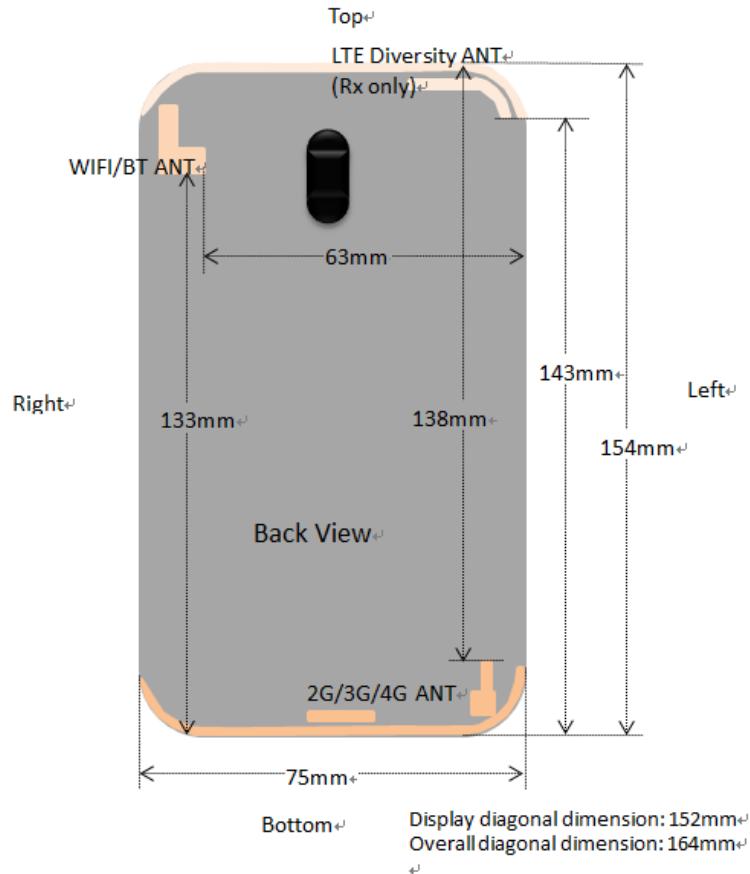


Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

### 14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	<25mm	<25mm	138mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	133mm	<25mm	63mm

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

**Note:**

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq 9\text{cm} * 5\text{cm}$ , the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$

## 15 SAR Test Results Summary

### 15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
1	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	190	836.6	33.05	0.13	33.5	<b>0.091</b>	1.109	0.101
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	190	836.6	33.05	0.28	33.5	0.042	1.109	0.047
	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	190	836.6	33.05	-0.10	33.5	0.080	1.109	0.089
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	190	836.6	33.05	-0.15	33.5	0.033	1.109	0.037
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	29.85	0.13	30.0	0.024	1.035	0.025
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	29.85	0.20	30.0	0.012	1.035	0.012
2	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	29.85	-0.27	30.0	<b>0.028</b>	1.035	0.029
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	29.85	-0.34	30.0	0.013	1.035	0.013
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

#### ➤ WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
3	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.91	-0.18	24.0	<b>0.221</b>	1.021	0.226
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.91	-0.29	24.0	0.106	1.021	0.108
	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.91	-0.26	24.0	0.191	1.021	0.195
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.91	0.08	24.0	0.095	1.021	0.097
	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	23.14	0.07	23.5	0.070	1.086	0.076
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	23.14	0.20	23.5	0.032	1.086	0.035
4	Band IV/RMC	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	23.14	0.16	23.5	<b>0.108</b>	1.086	0.117
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	23.14	0.10	23.5	0.051	1.086	0.055
5	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.17	23.5	<b>0.056</b>	1.069	0.06
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.23	23.5	0.024	1.069	0.026
	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.20	23.5	0.044	1.069	0.047
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.21	0.16	23.5	0.021	1.069	0.022
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

#### ➤ CDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
6	BC0/RC3 (SO55)	Right Cheek	777	848.31	24.18	-0.16	24.5	<b>0.127</b>	1.076	0.137
	BC0/RC3 (SO55)	Right Tilted	777	848.31	24.18	0.20	24.5	0.060	1.076	0.065
	BC0/RC3 (SO55)	Left Cheek	777	848.31	24.18	0.11	24.5	0.102	1.076	0.110
	BC0/RC3 (SO55)	Left Tilted	777	848.31	24.18	0.25	24.5	0.048	1.076	0.052
	BC1/RC3 (SO55)	Right Cheek	1175	1908.75	23.64	0.21	24.0	0.041	1.086	0.045
	BC1/RC3 (SO55)	Right Tilted	1175	1908.75	23.64	0.16	24.0	0.016	1.086	0.017
7	BC1/RC3 (SO55)	Left Cheek	1175	1908.75	23.64	-0.30	24.0	<b>0.056</b>	1.086	0.061
	BC1/RC3 (SO55)	Left Tilted	1175	1908.75	23.64	-0.22	24.0	0.024	1.086	0.026
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

#### ➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
8	Band25/RB#49	Right Cheek	26140	1860.0	22.84	-0.36	23.0	<b>0.031</b>	1.038	0.032
	Band25/RB#49	Right Tilted	26140	1860.0	22.84	-0.31	23.0	0.016	1.038	0.017

	Band25/RB#49	Left Cheek	26140	1860.0	22.84	-0.37	23.0	0.024	1.038	0.025
	Band25/RB#49	Left Tilted	26140	1860.0	22.84	0.25	23.0	0.011	1.038	0.011
9	Band4/RB#49	Right Cheek	20300	1745.0	22.69	0.28	23.0	<b>0.130</b>	1.074	0.140
	Band4/RB#49	Right Tilted	20300	1745.0	22.69	0.20	23.0	0.061	1.074	0.066
	Band4/RB#49	Left Cheek	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.17	23.0	0.086	1.074	0.092
	Band4/RB#49	Left Tilted	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.16	23.0	0.042	1.074	0.045
10	Band7/RB#49	Right Cheek	21350	2560.0	22.95	-0.28	23.0	<b>0.053</b>	1.012	0.054
	Band7/RB#49	Right Tilted	21350	2560.0	22.95	-0.27	23.0	0.024	1.012	0.024
	Band7/RB#49	Left Cheek	21350	2560.0	22.95	-0.29	23.0	0.016	1.012	0.016
	Band7/RB#49	Left Tilted	21350	2560.0	22.95	0.19	23.0	0.008	1.012	0.008
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
11	Band26/RB#37	Right Cheek	26865	831.5	23.27	0.38	23.5	<b>0.209</b>	1.054	0.220
	Band26/RB#37	Right Tilted	26865	831.5	23.27	0.26	23.5	0.102	1.054	0.108
	Band26/RB#37	Left Cheek	26865	831.5	23.27	-0.19	23.5	0.170	1.054	0.179
	Band26/RB#37	Left Tilted	26865	831.5	23.27	-0.08	23.5	0.081	1.054	0.085
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
12	Band12/RB#24	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	23.27	-0.28	23.5	<b>0.098</b>	1.054	0.103
	Band12/RB#24	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	23.27	-0.22	23.5	0.043	1.054	0.045
	Band12/RB#24	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	23.27	-0.18	23.5	0.060	1.054	0.063
	Band12/RB#24	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	23.27	0.27	23.5	0.024	1.054	0.025
13	Band13/RB#24	Right Cheek	23230	782.0	23.25	0.06	23.5	<b>0.279</b>	1.059	0.295
	Band13/RB#24	Right Tilted	23230	782.0	23.25	0.14	23.5	0.134	1.059	0.142
	Band13/RB#24	Left Cheek	23230	782.0	23.25	-0.27	23.5	0.212	1.059	0.225
	Band13/RB#24	Left Tilted	23230	782.0	23.25	0.10	23.5	0.103	1.059	0.109
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ TDD-LTE 5MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#12	Right Cheek	41215	2652.5	23.17	-0.05	23.5	0.012	1.079	1.008	0.013
	Band41/RB#12	Right Tilted	41215	2652.5	23.17	0.10	23.5	0.006	1.079	1.008	0.007
14	Band41/RB#12	Left Cheek	41215	2652.5	23.17	-0.22	23.5	<b>0.027</b>	1.079	1.008	0.029
	Band41/RB#12	Left Tilted	41215	2652.5	23.17	0.16	23.5	0.013	1.079	1.008	0.014
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
15	Band25/RB#24	Right Cheek	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.25	22.0	<b>0.015</b>	1.047	0.016
	Band25/RB#24	Right Tilted	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.18	22.0	0.007	1.047	0.007
	Band25/RB#24	Left Cheek	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.06	22.0	0.011	1.047	0.012
	Band25/RB#24	Left Tilted	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.21	22.0	0.005	1.047	0.005

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16	Band4/RB#24	Right Cheek	20300	1745.0	21.90	-0.27	22.0	<b>0.121</b>	1.023	0.124
	Band4/RB#24	Right Tilted	20300	1745.0	21.90	0.03	22.0	0.055	1.023	0.056
	Band4/RB#24	Left Cheek	20300	1745.0	21.90	0.02	22.0	0.081	1.023	0.083
	Band4/RB#24	Left Tilted	20300	1745.0	21.90	-0.17	22.0	0.037	1.023	0.038
17	Band7/RB#24	Right Cheek	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.28	22.0	<b>0.030</b>	1.021	0.031
	Band7/RB#24	Right Tilted	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.20	22.0	0.012	1.021	0.012
	Band7/RB#24	Left Cheek	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.12	22.0	0.014	1.021	0.014
	Band7/RB#24	Left Tilted	21350	2560.0	21.91	-0.08	22.0	0.005	1.021	0.005
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
18	Band26/RB#35	Right Cheek	26865	831.5	22.29	-0.03	22.5	<b>0.156</b>	1.05	0.164
	Band26/RB#35	Right Tilted	26865	831.5	22.29	-0.14	22.5	0.073	1.05	0.077
	Band26/RB#35	Left Cheek	26865	831.5	22.29	0.25	22.5	0.132	1.05	0.139
	Band26/RB#35	Left Tilted	26865	831.5	22.29	0.19	22.5	0.060	1.05	0.063
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
19	Band12/RB#12	Right Cheek	23060	704.0	22.32	0.36	22.5	<b>0.069</b>	1.042	0.072
	Band12/RB#12	Right Tilted	23060	704.0	22.32	-0.03	22.5	0.037	1.042	0.039
	Band12/RB#12	Left Cheek	23060	704.0	22.32	0.12	22.5	0.051	1.042	0.053
	Band12/RB#12	Left Tilted	23060	704.0	22.32	0.16	22.5	0.016	1.042	0.017
20	Band13/RB#12	Right Cheek	23230	782.0	22.25	-0.22	22.5	<b>0.227</b>	1.059	0.240
	Band13/RB#12	Right Tilted	23230	782.0	22.25	0.15	22.5	0.106	1.059	0.112
	Band13/RB#12	Left Cheek	23230	782.0	22.25	0.06	22.5	0.194	1.059	0.205
	Band13/RB#12	Left Tilted	23230	782.0	22.25	0.20	22.5	0.096	1.059	0.102
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ TDD-LTE 5MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#6	Right Cheek	41215	2652.5	22.25	0.14	22.5	0.011	1.059	1.008	0.012
	Band41/RB#6	Right Tilted	41215	2652.5	22.25	0.19	22.5	0.005	1.059	1.008	0.005
21	Band41/RB#6	Left Cheek	41215	2652.5	22.25	0.26	22.5	<b>0.024</b>	1.059	1.008	0.026
	Band41/RB#6	Left Tilted	41215	2652.5	22.25	-0.30	22.5	0.010	1.059	1.008	0.011
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	06	2437	14.49	-0.22	15.0	0.055	1.125	1.03	0.064
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	06	2437	14.49	-0.31	15.0	0.049	1.125	1.03	0.057
22	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	06	2437	14.49	-0.39	15.0	<b>0.084</b>	1.125	1.03	0.097
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilted	06	2437	14.49	-0.12	15.0	0.081	1.125	1.03	0.094
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b>						

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Averaged over 1g
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**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR  $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ , other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ .
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ .
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ , no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$ . Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 28.18mW(4.5dBm) and 31.62mW(15.0dBm), the scaled SAR would be  $0.097 \times (28.18/31.62) = 0.086\text{W/Kg}$ , therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

## 15.2 Standalone Body SAR

### ➤ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Front	190	836.6	33.05	0.10	33.5	0.216	1.109	0.240
23	GSM850/Voice	Back	190	836.6	33.05	-0.15	33.5	<b>0.389</b>	1.109	0.431
	GSM1900/Voice	Front	810	1909.8	29.85	-0.15	30.0	0.046	1.035	0.048
24	GSM1900/Voice	Back	810	1909.8	29.85	-0.12	30.0	<b>0.089</b>	1.035	0.092
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

### ➤ WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.91	0.01	24.0	0.257	1.021	0.262
25	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.91	-0.32	24.0	<b>0.325</b>	1.021	0.332
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1312	1712.4	23.14	-0.28	23.5	0.425	1.086	0.462
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1312	1712.4	23.14	-0.30	23.5	0.793	1.086	0.861
26	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	23.11	-0.07	23.5	<b>1.090</b>	1.094	1.192
	<b>Band IV/RMC</b>	<b>Back</b>	<b>1413</b>	<b>1732.6</b>	<b>23.11</b>	<b>-0.12</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>0.991</b>	<b>1.094</b>	<b>1.084</b>
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1513	1752.6	22.96	-0.26	23.5	0.932	1.132	1.055
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.20	23.5	0.029	1.069	0.031
27	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.24	23.5	<b>0.115</b>	1.069	0.123
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

### ➤ CDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Front	777	848.31	24.21	0.18	24.5	0.062	1.069	0.066
28	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Back	777	848.31	24.21	0.23	24.5	<b>0.109</b>	1.069	0.117
	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Front	1175	1908.75	23.50	-0.36	24.0	0.067	1.122	0.075
29	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Back	1175	1908.75	23.50	-0.27	24.0	<b>0.153</b>	1.122	0.172
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

### ➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#49	Front	26140	1860.0	22.84	-0.20	23.0	0.039	1.038	0.04
30	Band25/RB#49	Back	26140	1860.0	22.84	0.23	23.0	<b>0.085</b>	1.038	0.088
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.11	23.0	0.149	1.074	0.16
31	Band4/RB#49	Back	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.37	23.0	<b>0.390</b>	1.074	0.419
	Band7/RB#49	Front	21350	2560.0	22.95	0.28	23.0	0.075	1.012	0.076
32	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	22.95	0.16	23.0	<b>0.315</b>	1.012	0.319
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

### ➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#37	Front	26865	831.5	23.27	-0.03	23.5	0.218	1.054	0.230

33	Band26/RB#37	Back	26865	831.5	23.27	-0.36	23.5	<b>0.275</b>	1.054	0.290
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band12/RB#24	Front	23095	707.5	23.27	0.15	23.5	0.002	1.054	0.002
34	Band12/RB#24	Back	23095	707.5	23.27	0.19	23.5	<b>0.004</b>	1.054	0.004
35	Band13/RB#24	Front	23230	782.0	23.25	0.03	23.5	<b>0.389</b>	1.059	0.412
	Band13/RB#24	Back	23230	782.0	23.25	-0.04	23.5	0.323	1.059	0.342
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ TDD-LTE 5MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#12	Front	41215	2652.5	23.17	-0.28	23.5	0.023	1.079	1.008	0.025
36	Band41/RB#12	Back	41215	2652.5	23.17	0.08	23.5	<b>0.133</b>	1.079	1.008	0.145
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
	Band25/RB#24	Front	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.17	22.0	0.031	1.047	0.032	
37	Band25/RB#24	Back	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.25	22.0	<b>0.066</b>	1.047	0.069	
	Band4/RB#24	Front	20300	1745.0	21.90	-0.13	22.0	0.105	1.023	0.107	
38	Band4/RB#24	Back	20300	1745.0	21.90	-0.06	22.0	<b>0.288</b>	1.023	0.295	
	Band7/RB#24	Front	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.20	22.0	0.052	1.021	0.053	
39	Band7/RB#24	Back	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.00	22.0	<b>0.245</b>	1.021	0.25	
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
	Band26/RB#35	Front	26865	831.5	22.29	0.16	22.5	0.181	1.05	0.190	
40	Band26/RB#35	Back	26865	831.5	22.29	-0.25	22.5	<b>0.227</b>	1.05	0.238	
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
	Band12/RB#12	Front	23060	704.0	22.32	0.37	22.5	0.002	1.042	0.002	
41	Band12/RB#12	Back	23060	704.0	22.32	0.29	22.5	<b>0.003</b>	1.042	0.003	
42	Band13/RB#12	Front	23230	782.0	22.25	0.02	22.5	<b>0.306</b>	1.059	0.324	
	Band13/RB#12	Back	23230	782.0	22.25	0.16	22.5	0.285	1.059	0.302	
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population											
> TDD-LTE 5MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR											
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#6	Front	41215	2652.5	22.25	0.16	22.5	0.020	1.059	1.008	0.021
43	Band41/RB#6	Back	41215	2652.5	22.25	-0.04	22.5	<b>0.112</b>	1.059	1.008	0.12
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>				<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>							

WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR											
Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	06	2437	14.49	-0.26	15.0	0.007	1.125	1.03	0.008
44	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	06	2437	14.49	-0.36	15.0	<b>0.007</b>	1.125	1.03	0.008
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>				<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>							

**Note:**

1. Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
2. Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported SAR* for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel *Reported SAR*  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ , other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
7. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .
9. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
10. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

### 15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

➤ GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
45	GPRS850/2 slots	Front	251	848.8	32.20	0.29	32.5	0.461	1.072	0.494
	GPRS850/2 slots	Back	251	848.8	32.20	-0.21	32.5	<b>0.581</b>	1.072	0.623
	GPRS850/2 slots	Left	251	848.8	32.20	0.18	32.5	0.234	1.072	0.251
	GPRS850/2 slots	Right	251	848.8	32.20	-0.10	32.5	0.102	1.072	0.109
	GPRS850/2 slots	Bottom	251	848.8	32.20	-0.03	32.5	0.481	1.072	0.516
46	GPRS1900/2 slots	Front	810	1909.8	28.98	-0.29	29.5	0.065	1.127	0.073
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Back	810	1909.8	28.98	0.23	29.5	<b>0.155</b>	1.127	0.175
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Left	810	1909.8	28.98	0.12	29.5	0.032	1.127	0.036
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Right	810	1909.8	28.98	-0.31	29.5	0.020	1.127	0.023
	GPRS1900/2 slots	Bottom	810	1909.8	28.98	0.23	29.5	0.029	1.127	0.033
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

➤ WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
25	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	23.91	0.01	24.0	0.257	1.021	0.262
	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	23.91	-0.32	24.0	<b>0.325</b>	1.021	0.332
	Band V/RMC	Left	4233	846.6	23.91	0.27	24.0	0.113	1.021	0.115
	Band V/RMC	Right	4233	846.6	23.91	-0.28	24.0	0.085	1.021	0.087
	Band V/RMC	Bottom	4233	846.6	23.91	0.22	24.0	0.252	1.021	0.257
26	Band IV/RMC	Front	1312	1712.4	23.14	-0.28	23.5	0.425	1.086	0.462
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1312	1712.4	23.14	-0.30	23.5	0.793	1.086	0.861
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	23.11	-0.07	23.5	<b>1.090</b>	1.094	1.192
	<b>Band IV/RMC</b>	<b>Back</b>	<b>1413</b>	<b>1732.6</b>	<b>23.11</b>	<b>-0.12</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>0.991</b>	<b>1.094</b>	<b>1.084</b>
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1513	1752.6	22.96	-0.26	23.5	0.932	1.132	1.055
27	Band IV/RMC	Left	1312	1712.4	23.04	0.25	23.5	0.202	1.112	0.225
	Band IV/RMC	Right	1312	1712.4	23.04	0.12	23.5	0.125	1.112	0.139
	Band IV/RMC	Bottom	1312	1712.4	23.04	0.18	23.5	0.148	1.112	0.165
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.20	23.5	0.029	1.069	0.031
	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.24	23.5	<b>0.115</b>	1.069	0.123
28	Band II/RMC	Left	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.20	23.5	0.046	1.069	0.049
	Band II/RMC	Right	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.14	23.5	0.015	1.069	0.016
	Band II/RMC	Bottom	9538	1907.6	23.21	-0.17	23.5	0.020	1.069	0.021
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

➤ CDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
28	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Front	777	848.31	24.21	0.18	24.5	0.062	1.069	0.066
	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Back	777	848.31	24.21	0.23	24.5	<b>0.109</b>	1.069	0.117
	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Left	777	848.31	24.21	0.15	24.5	0.049	1.069	0.052
	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Right	777	848.31	24.21	-0.10	24.5	0.025	1.069	0.027
	BC 0/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Bottom	777	848.31	24.21	0.08	24.5	0.058	1.069	0.062
29	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Front	1175	1908.75	23.50	-0.36	24.0	0.067	1.122	0.075
	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Back	1175	1908.75	23.50	-0.27	24.0	<b>0.153</b>	1.122	0.172
	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Left	1175	1908.75	23.50	0.16	24.0	0.039	1.122	0.044
	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Right	1175	1908.75	23.50	0.19	24.0	0.025	1.122	0.028
	BC 1/RC3 (+F-SCH)	Bottom	1175	1908.75	23.50	0.22	24.0	0.056	1.122	0.063
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

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## Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

## ➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
30	Band25/RB#49	Front	26140	1860.0	22.84	-0.20	23.0	0.039	1.038	0.04
	Band25/RB#49	Back	26140	1860.0	22.84	0.23	23.0	<b>0.085</b>	1.038	0.088
	Band25/RB#49	Left	26140	1860.0	22.84	0.12	23.0	0.016	1.038	0.017
	Band25/RB#49	Right	26140	1860.0	22.84	-0.08	23.0	0.011	1.038	0.011
	Band25/RB#49	Bottom	26140	1860.0	22.84	0.11	23.0	0.020	1.038	0.021
31	Band4/RB#49	Front	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.11	23.0	0.149	1.074	0.16
	Band4/RB#49	Back	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.37	23.0	<b>0.390</b>	1.074	0.419
	Band4/RB#49	Left	20300	1745.0	22.69	0.15	23.0	0.051	1.074	0.055
	Band4/RB#49	Right	20300	1745.0	22.69	-0.20	23.0	0.036	1.074	0.039
	Band4/RB#49	Bottom	20300	1745.0	22.69	0.16	23.0	0.073	1.074	0.078
32	Band7/RB#49	Front	21350	2560.0	22.95	0.28	23.0	0.075	1.012	0.076
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	22.95	0.16	23.0	<b>0.315</b>	1.012	0.319
	Band7/RB#49	Left	21350	2560.0	22.95	-0.08	23.0	0.069	1.012	0.07
	Band7/RB#49	Right	21350	2560.0	22.95	-0.24	23.0	0.045	1.012	0.046
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	21350	2560.0	22.95	0.05	23.0	0.096	1.012	0.097
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
33	Band26/RB#37	Front	26865	831.5	23.27	-0.03	23.5	0.218	1.054	0.230
	Band26/RB#37	Back	26865	831.5	23.27	-0.36	23.5	<b>0.275</b>	1.054	0.290
	Band26/RB#37	Left	26865	831.5	23.27	0.29	23.5	0.098	1.054	0.103
	Band26/RB#37	Right	26865	831.5	23.27	0.31	23.5	0.072	1.054	0.076
	Band26/RB#37	Bottom	26865	831.5	23.27	0.40	23.5	0.185	1.054	0.195
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
33	Band5/RB#24	Front	20600	844.0	23.38	0.18	23.5	0.008	1.028	0.008
	Band5/RB#24	Back	20600	844.0	23.38	0.12	23.5	<b>0.013</b>	1.028	0.013
	Band5/RB#24	Left	20600	844.0	23.38	0.30	23.5	0.007	1.028	0.007
	Band5/RB#24	Right	20600	844.0	23.38	0.26	23.5	0.003	1.028	0.003
	Band5/RB#24	Bottom	20600	844.0	23.38	-0.04	23.5	0.009	1.028	0.009
34	Band12/RB#24	Front	23095	707.5	23.27	0.15	23.5	0.002	1.054	0.002
	Band12/RB#24	Back	23095	707.5	23.27	0.19	23.5	<b>0.004</b>	1.054	0.004
	Band12/RB#24	Left	23095	707.5	23.27	0.21	23.5	0.001	1.054	0.001
	Band12/RB#24	Right	23095	707.5	23.27	0.34	23.5	0.001	1.054	0.001
	Band12/RB#24	Bottom	23095	707.5	23.27	-0.22	23.5	0.001	1.054	0.001
35	Band13/RB#24	Front	23230	782.0	23.25	0.03	23.5	<b>0.389</b>	1.059	0.412
	Band13/RB#24	Back	23230	782.0	23.25	-0.04	23.5	0.323	1.059	0.342
	Band13/RB#24	Left	23230	782.0	23.25	0.22	23.5	0.106	1.059	0.112
	Band13/RB#24	Right	23230	782.0	23.25	-0.29	23.5	0.082	1.059	0.087
	Band13/RB#24	Bottom	23230	782.0	23.25	-0.33	23.5	0.250	1.059	0.265
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g</b>					

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## ➤ TDD-LTE 5MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#12	Front	41215	2652.5	23.17	-0.28	23.5	0.023	1.079	1.008	0.025
36	Band41/RB#12	Back	41215	2652.5	23.17	0.08	23.5	<b>0.133</b>	1.079	1.008	0.145
	Band41/RB#12	Left	41215	2652.5	23.17	-0.25	23.5	0.019	1.079	1.008	0.021
	Band41/RB#12	Right	41215	2652.5	23.17	-0.23	23.5	0.010	1.079	1.008	0.011
	Band41/RB#12	Bottom	40620	2593.0	23.17	0.03	23.5	0.032	1.079	1.008	0.035
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>				<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>							

## ➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band25/RB#24	Front	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.17	22.0	0.031	1.047	0.032
37	Band25/RB#24	Back	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.25	22.0	<b>0.066</b>	1.047	0.069
	Band25/RB#24	Left	26590	1905.0	21.80	0.12	22.0	0.013	1.047	0.014
	Band25/RB#24	Right	26590	1905.0	21.80	-0.13	22.0	0.009	1.047	0.009
	Band25/RB#24	Bottom	26590	1905.0	21.80	-0.18	22.0	0.018	1.047	0.019
	Band4/RB#24	Front	20300	1745.0	21.90	-0.13	22.0	0.105	1.023	0.107
38	Band4/RB#24	Back	20300	1745.0	21.90	-0.06	22.0	<b>0.288</b>	1.023	0.295
	Band4/RB#24	Left	20300	1745.0	21.90	0.17	22.0	0.046	1.023	0.047
	Band4/RB#24	Right	20300	1745.0	21.90	0.31	22.0	0.027	1.023	0.028
	Band4/RB#24	Bottom	20300	1745.0	21.90	0.03	22.0	0.069	1.023	0.071
	Band7/RB#49	Front	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.20	22.0	0.052	1.021	0.053
39	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.00	22.0	<b>0.245</b>	1.021	0.250
	Band7/RB#49	Left	21350	2560.0	21.91	0.11	22.0	0.036	1.021	0.037
	Band7/RB#49	Right	21350	2560.0	21.91	-0.15	22.0	0.030	1.021	0.031
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	21350	2560.0	21.91	-0.09	22.0	0.088	1.021	0.090
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>				<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ LTE 15MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band26/RB#35	Front	26865	831.5	22.29	0.16	22.5	0.181	1.05	0.190
40	Band26/RB#35	Back	26865	831.5	22.29	-0.25	22.5	<b>0.227</b>	1.05	0.238
	Band26/RB#35	Left	26865	831.5	22.29	0.24	22.5	0.088	1.05	0.092
	Band26/RB#35	Right	26865	831.5	22.29	-0.12	22.5	0.061	1.05	0.064
	Band26/RB#35	Bottom	26865	831.5	22.29	0.15	22.5	0.132	1.05	0.139
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>				<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#0	Front	20600	844.0	22.30	0.13	22.5	0.006	1.047	0.006
40	Band5/RB#0	Back	20600	844.0	22.30	-0.16	22.5	<b>0.009</b>	1.047	0.009
	Band5/RB#0	Left	20600	844.0	22.30	0.23	22.5	0.004	1.047	0.004
	Band5/RB#0	Right	20600	844.0	22.30	0.33	22.5	0.001	1.047	0.001
	Band5/RB#0	Bottom	20600	844.0	22.30	-0.21	22.5	0.005	1.047	0.005
	Band12/RB#12	Front	23060	704.0	22.32	0.37	22.5	0.002	1.042	0.002
41	Band12/RB#12	Back	23060	704.0	22.32	0.29	22.5	<b>0.003</b>	1.042	0.003

	Band12/RB#12	Left	23060	704.0	22.32	0.36	22.5	0.001	1.042	0.001
	Band12/RB#12	Right	23060	704.0	22.32	-0.32	22.5	0.001	1.042	0.001
	Band12/RB#12	Bottom	23060	704.0	22.32	0.29	22.5	0.001	1.042	0.001
42	Band13/RB#12	Front	23230	782.0	22.25	0.02	22.5	<b>0.306</b>	1.059	0.324
	Band13/RB#12	Back	23230	782.0	22.25	0.16	22.5	0.285	1.059	0.302
	Band13/RB#12	Left	23230	782.0	22.25	0.23	22.5	0.091	1.059	0.096
	Band13/RB#12	Right	23230	782.0	22.25	-0.30	22.5	0.066	1.059	0.070
	Band13/RB#12	Bottom	23230	782.0	22.25	0.35	22.5	0.232	1.059	0.246
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>					

## ➤ TDD-LTE 5MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Band41/RB#6	Front	41215	2652.5	22.25	0.16	22.5	0.020	1.059	1.008	0.021
43	Band41/RB#6	Back	41215	2652.5	22.25	-0.04	22.5	<b>0.112</b>	1.059	1.008	0.12
	Band41/RB#6	Left	41215	2652.5	22.25	0.20	22.5	0.013	1.059	1.008	0.014
	Band41/RB#6	Right	41215	2652.5	22.25	-0.28	22.5	0.008	1.059	1.008	0.009
	Band41/RB#6	Bottom	40620	2593.0	22.25	0.06	22.5	0.025	1.059	1.008	0.027
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

## ➤ WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	06	2437	14.49	-0.26	15.0	0.007	1.125	1.03	0.008
44	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	06	2437	14.49	-0.36	15.0	<b>0.007</b>	1.125	1.03	0.008
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right	06	2437	14.49	-0.29	15.0	0.005	1.125	1.03	0.006
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	06	2437	14.49	0.38	15.0	0.002	1.125	1.03	0.002
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>					<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>						

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR  $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ , other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
2. Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
3. For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension  $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$ , the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is  $< 0.25\text{dB}$  higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is  $\leq 1.2\text{W/kg}$ , HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
5. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ .
6. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $> 1.2\text{ W/kg}$ , SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$ . Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
8. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
9. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

### 15.4 Repeated SAR measurement

Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/kg)			
				Original	1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated		2 <sup>nd</sup> Repeated
					Value	Ratio	Value
Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	1.09	0.991	1.1	/
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>Spatial Peak</b> <b>Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>				<b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <b>Averaged over 1g</b>			

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$  W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is  $\leq 1.2$  and the measured SAR  $< 1.45$  W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

## 15.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

### ➤ Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

### ➤ Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is  $\leq 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$ . When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body
		Test Distance (mm)	0	10
5.2GHz WIFI	-1.5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.043	0.022
5.2GHz WIFI	-2.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.040	0.020
Bluetooth	6.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.166	0.083

#### Note:

- When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5 \text{ mm}$ , a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

### ➤ Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Position	Applicable Combination
	Head	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Hotspot	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz

#### Note:

- WLAN 2.4GHz Band, WLAN 5.2GHz Band, WLAN 5.8GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - Scalar SAR summation  $< 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$ .
  - $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$ , where  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If SPLSR  $\leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
  - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR  $< 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$

## 15.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

### ➤ Head Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.101	0.064	0.165
	Right Tilted	0.047	0.057	0.104
	Left Cheek	0.089	0.097	0.186
	Left Tilted	0.037	0.094	0.131

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.101	0.166	0.267
	Right Tilted	0.047	0.166	0.213
	Left Cheek	0.089	0.166	0.255
	Left Tilted	0.037	0.166	0.203

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.025	0.064	0.089
	Right Tilted	0.012	0.057	0.069
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.097	0.126
	Left Tilted	0.013	0.094	0.107

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.025	0.166	0.191
	Right Tilted	0.012	0.166	0.178
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.166	0.195
	Left Tilted	0.013	0.166	0.179

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.226	0.064	0.290
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.057	0.165
	Left Cheek	0.195	0.097	0.292
	Left Tilted	0.097	0.094	0.191

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.226	0.166	0.392
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.166	0.274
	Left Cheek	0.195	0.166	0.361
	Left Tilted	0.097	0.166	0.263

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.076	0.064	0.140
	Right Tilted	0.035	0.057	0.092
	Left Cheek	0.117	0.097	0.214
	Left Tilted	0.055	0.094	0.149

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.076	0.166	0.242
	Right Tilted	0.035	0.166	0.201
	Left Cheek	0.117	0.166	0.283
	Left Tilted	0.055	0.166	0.221

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.060	0.064	0.124
	Right Tilted	0.026	0.057	0.083
	Left Cheek	0.047	0.097	0.144
	Left Tilted	0.022	0.094	0.116

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.060	0.166	0.226
	Right Tilted	0.026	0.166	0.192
	Left Cheek	0.047	0.166	0.213
	Left Tilted	0.022	0.166	0.188

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Right Cheek	0.137	0.064	0.201
	Right Tilted	0.065	0.057	0.122
	Left Cheek	0.110	0.097	0.207

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Right Cheek	0.137	0.166	0.303
	Right Tilted	0.065	0.166	0.231
	Left Cheek	0.110	0.166	0.276

	Left Tilted	0.052	0.094	0.146
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	Left Tilted	0.052	0.166	0.218
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WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Right Cheek	0.045	0.064	0.109
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.057	0.074
	Left Cheek	0.061	0.097	0.158
	Left Tilted	0.026	0.094	0.120

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Right Cheek	0.045	0.166	0.211
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.166	0.183
	Left Cheek	0.061	0.166	0.227
	Left Tilted	0.026	0.166	0.192

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Right Cheek	0.032	0.064	0.096
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.057	0.074
	Left Cheek	0.025	0.097	0.122
	Left Tilted	0.011	0.094	0.105

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Right Cheek	0.032	0.166	0.198
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.166	0.183
	Left Cheek	0.025	0.166	0.191
	Left Tilted	0.011	0.166	0.177

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.140	0.064	0.204
	Right Tilted	0.066	0.057	0.123
	Left Cheek	0.092	0.097	0.189
	Left Tilted	0.045	0.094	0.139

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.140	0.166	0.306
	Right Tilted	0.066	0.166	0.232
	Left Cheek	0.092	0.166	0.258
	Left Tilted	0.045	0.166	0.211

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.220	0.064	0.284
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.057	0.165
	Left Cheek	0.179	0.097	0.276
	Left Tilted	0.085	0.094	0.179

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.220	0.166	0.386
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.166	0.274
	Left Cheek	0.179	0.166	0.345
	Left Tilted	0.085	0.166	0.251

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.054	0.064	0.118
	Right Tilted	0.024	0.057	0.081
	Left Cheek	0.016	0.097	0.113
	Left Tilted	0.008	0.094	0.102

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.054	0.166	0.22
	Right Tilted	0.024	0.166	0.19
	Left Cheek	0.016	0.166	0.182
	Left Tilted	0.008	0.166	0.174

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.103	0.064	0.167
	Right Tilted	0.045	0.057	0.102
	Left Cheek	0.063	0.097	0.160
	Left Tilted	0.025	0.094	0.119

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.103	0.166	0.269
	Right Tilted	0.045	0.166	0.211
	Left Cheek	0.063	0.166	0.229
	Left Tilted	0.025	0.166	0.191

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WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.295	0.064	0.359
	Right Tilted	0.142	0.057	0.199
	Left Cheek	0.225	0.097	0.322
	Left Tilted	0.109	0.094	0.203

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.295	0.166	0.461
	Right Tilted	0.142	0.166	0.308
	Left Cheek	0.225	0.166	0.391
	Left Tilted	0.109	0.166	0.275

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.013	0.064	0.077
	Right Tilted	0.007	0.057	0.064
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.097	0.126
	Left Tilted	0.014	0.094	0.108

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.013	0.166	0.179
	Right Tilted	0.007	0.166	0.173
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.166	0.195
	Left Tilted	0.014	0.166	0.18

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.101	0.043	0.144
	Right Tilted	0.047	0.043	0.090
	Left Cheek	0.089	0.043	0.132
	Left Tilted	0.037	0.043	0.080

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.025	0.043	0.068
	Right Tilted	0.012	0.043	0.055
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.043	0.072
	Left Tilted	0.013	0.043	0.056

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.226	0.043	0.269
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.043	0.151
	Left Cheek	0.195	0.043	0.238
	Left Tilted	0.097	0.043	0.140

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.076	0.043	0.119
	Right Tilted	0.035	0.043	0.078
	Left Cheek	0.117	0.043	0.160
	Left Tilted	0.055	0.043	0.098

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.060	0.043	0.103
	Right Tilted	0.026	0.043	0.069
	Left Cheek	0.047	0.043	0.090
	Left Tilted	0.022	0.043	0.065

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Right Cheek	0.137	0.043	0.180
	Right Tilted	0.065	0.043	0.108
	Left Cheek	0.110	0.043	0.153
	Left Tilted	0.052	0.043	0.095

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Right Cheek	0.045	0.043	0.088
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.043	0.060
	Left Cheek	0.061	0.043	0.104
	Left Tilted	0.026	0.043	0.069

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Right Cheek	0.032	0.043	0.075
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.043	0.060
	Left Cheek	0.025	0.043	0.068
	Left Tilted	0.011	0.043	0.054

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.140	0.043	0.183
	Right Tilted	0.066	0.043	0.109
	Left Cheek	0.092	0.043	0.135
	Left Tilted	0.045	0.043	0.088

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.220	0.043	0.263
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.043	0.151
	Left Cheek	0.179	0.043	0.222
	Left Tilted	0.085	0.043	0.128

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.054	0.043	0.097
	Right Tilted	0.024	0.043	0.067
	Left Cheek	0.016	0.043	0.059
	Left Tilted	0.008	0.043	0.051

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.103	0.043	0.146
	Right Tilted	0.045	0.043	0.088
	Left Cheek	0.063	0.043	0.106
	Left Tilted	0.025	0.043	0.068

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.295	0.043	0.338
	Right Tilted	0.142	0.043	0.185
	Left Cheek	0.225	0.043	0.268
	Left Tilted	0.109	0.043	0.152

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.013	0.043	0.056
	Right Tilted	0.007	0.043	0.050
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.043	0.072
	Left Tilted	0.014	0.043	0.057

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.101	0.040	0.141
	Right Tilted	0.047	0.040	0.087
	Left Cheek	0.089	0.040	0.129
	Left Tilted	0.037	0.040	0.077

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.025	0.040	0.065
	Right Tilted	0.012	0.040	0.052
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.040	0.069
	Left Tilted	0.013	0.040	0.053

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.226	0.040	0.266
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.040	0.148
	Left Cheek	0.195	0.040	0.235
	Left Tilted	0.097	0.040	0.137

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.076	0.040	0.116
	Right Tilted	0.035	0.040	0.075
	Left Cheek	0.117	0.040	0.157
	Left Tilted	0.055	0.040	0.095

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.060	0.040	0.100
	Right Tilted	0.026	0.040	0.066
	Left Cheek	0.047	0.040	0.087
	Left Tilted	0.022	0.040	0.062

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Right Cheek	0.137	0.040	0.177
	Right Tilted	0.065	0.040	0.105
	Left Cheek	0.110	0.040	0.150
	Left Tilted	0.052	0.040	0.092

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Right Cheek	0.045	0.040	0.085
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.040	0.057
	Left Cheek	0.061	0.040	0.101
	Left Tilted	0.026	0.040	0.066

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Right Cheek	0.032	0.040	0.072
	Right Tilted	0.017	0.040	0.057
	Left Cheek	0.025	0.040	0.065
	Left Tilted	0.011	0.040	0.051

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.140	0.040	0.180
	Right Tilted	0.066	0.040	0.106
	Left Cheek	0.092	0.040	0.132
	Left Tilted	0.045	0.040	0.085

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.220	0.040	0.260
	Right Tilted	0.108	0.040	0.148
	Left Cheek	0.179	0.040	0.219
	Left Tilted	0.085	0.040	0.125

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.054	0.040	0.094
	Right Tilted	0.024	0.040	0.064
	Left Cheek	0.016	0.040	0.056
	Left Tilted	0.008	0.040	0.048

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.103	0.040	0.143
	Right Tilted	0.045	0.040	0.085
	Left Cheek	0.063	0.040	0.103
	Left Tilted	0.025	0.040	0.065

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.295	0.040	0.335
	Right Tilted	0.142	0.040	0.182
	Left Cheek	0.225	0.040	0.265
	Left Tilted	0.109	0.040	0.149

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.013	0.040	0.053
	Right Tilted	0.007	0.040	0.047
	Left Cheek	0.029	0.040	0.069
	Left Tilted	0.014	0.040	0.054

## ➤ Body worn Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.240	0.008	0.248
	Back	0.431	0.008	0.439

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.240	0.083	0.323
	Back	0.431	0.083	0.514

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.048	0.008	0.056
	Back	0.092	0.008	0.100

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.048	0.083	0.131
	Back	0.092	0.083	0.175

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.008	0.270
	Back	0.332	0.008	0.340

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.083	0.345
	Back	0.332	0.083	0.415

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.008	0.470
	Back	1.192	0.008	1.200

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.083	0.545
	Back	1.192	0.083	1.275

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.008	0.039
	Back	0.123	0.008	0.131

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.083	0.114
	Back	0.123	0.083	0.206

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.008	0.074
	Back	0.117	0.008	0.125

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.083	0.149
	Back	0.117	0.083	0.200

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.008	0.083
	Back	0.172	0.008	0.180

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.083	0.158
	Back	0.172	0.083	0.255

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Front	0.040	0.008	0.048
	Back	0.088	0.008	0.096

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Front	0.040	0.083	0.123
	Back	0.088	0.083	0.171

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.008	0.168
	Back	0.419	0.008	0.427

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.083	0.243
	Back	0.419	0.083	0.502

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.008	0.238
	Back	0.290	0.008	0.298

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.083	0.313
	Back	0.290	0.083	0.373

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.008	0.084
	Back	0.319	0.008	0.327

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.083	0.159
	Back	0.319	0.083	0.402

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.008	0.010
	Back	0.004	0.008	0.012

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.083	0.085
	Back	0.004	0.083	0.087

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.008	0.420
	Back	0.342	0.008	0.350

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.083	0.495
	Back	0.342	0.083	0.425

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.008	0.033
	Back	0.145	0.008	0.153

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.083	0.108
	Back	0.145	0.083	0.228

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.240	0.022	0.262
	Back	0.431	0.022	0.453

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.048	0.022	0.070
	Back	0.092	0.022	0.114

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.022	0.284
	Back	0.332	0.022	0.354

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.022	0.484
	Back	1.192	0.022	1.214

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.022	0.053
	Back	0.123	0.022	0.145

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.022	0.088
	Back	0.117	0.022	0.139

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.022	0.097
	Back	0.172	0.022	0.194

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Front	0.040	0.022	0.062
	Back	0.088	0.022	0.110

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.022	0.182
	Back	0.419	0.022	0.441

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.022	0.252
	Back	0.290	0.022	0.312

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.022	0.098
	Back	0.319	0.022	0.341

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.022	0.024
	Back	0.004	0.022	0.026

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.022	0.434
	Back	0.342	0.022	0.364

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.022	0.047
	Back	0.145	0.022	0.167

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.240	0.020	0.260
	Back	0.431	0.020	0.451

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.048	0.020	0.068
	Back	0.092	0.020	0.112

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.020	0.282
	Back	0.332	0.020	0.352

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.020	0.482
	Back	1.192	0.020	1.212

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.020	0.051
	Back	0.123	0.020	0.143

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.020	0.086
	Back	0.117	0.020	0.137

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.020	0.095
	Back	0.172	0.020	0.192

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Front	0.040	0.020	0.060
	Back	0.088	0.020	0.108

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.020	0.180
	Back	0.419	0.020	0.439

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.020	0.250
	Back	0.290	0.020	0.310

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.020	0.096
	Back	0.319	0.020	0.339

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.020	0.022
	Back	0.004	0.020	0.024

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.020	0.432
	Back	0.342	0.020	0.362

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.020	0.045
	Back	0.145	0.020	0.165

## ➤ Hotspot mode Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.494	0.008	0.502
	Back	0.623	0.008	0.631
	Left	0.251	/	0.251
	Right	0.109	0.006	0.115
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.516	/	0.516

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.073	0.008	0.081
	Back	0.175	0.008	0.183
	Left	0.036	/	0.036
	Right	0.023	0.006	0.029
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.033	/	0.033

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.008	0.270
	Back	0.332	0.008	0.340
	Left	0.115	/	0.115
	Right	0.087	0.006	0.093
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.257	/	0.257

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.008	0.470
	Back	1.192	0.008	1.200
	Left	0.225	/	0.225
	Right	0.139	0.006	0.145
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.165	/	0.165

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.008	0.039
	Back	0.123	0.008	0.131
	Left	0.049	/	0.049
	Right	0.016	0.006	0.022
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.021	/	0.021

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.008	0.074
	Back	0.117	0.008	0.125
	Left	0.052	/	0.052
	Right	0.027	0.006	0.033
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.062	/	0.062

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.008	0.083
	Back	0.172	0.008	0.180
	Left	0.044	/	0.044
	Right	0.028	0.006	0.034
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.063	/	0.063

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Front	0.040	0.008	0.048
	Back	0.088	0.008	0.096
	Left	0.017	/	0.017
	Right	0.011	0.006	0.017
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.021	/	0.021

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.008	0.168
	Back	0.419	0.008	0.427
	Left	0.055	/	0.055
	Right	0.039	0.006	0.045

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.008	0.238
	Back	0.290	0.008	0.298
	Left	0.103	/	0.103
	Right	0.076	0.006	0.082

	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.078	/	0.078

	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.195	/	0.195

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.008	0.084
	Back	0.319	0.008	0.327
	Left	0.070	/	0.07
	Right	0.046	0.006	0.052
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.097	/	0.097

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.008	0.010
	Back	0.004	0.008	0.012
	Left	0.001	/	0.001
	Right	0.001	0.006	0.007
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.001	/	0.001

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.008	0.420
	Back	0.342	0.008	0.350
	Left	0.112	/	0.112
	Right	0.087	0.006	0.093
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.265	/	0.265

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.008	0.033
	Back	0.145	0.008	0.153
	Left	0.021	/	0.021
	Right	0.011	0.006	0.017
	Top	/	0.002	0.002
	Bottom	0.035	/	0.035

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.494	0.022	0.516
	Back	0.623	0.022	0.645
	Left	0.251	/	0.251
	Right	0.109	0.022	0.131
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.516	/	0.516

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.073	0.022	0.095
	Back	0.175	0.022	0.197
	Left	0.036	/	0.036
	Right	0.023	0.022	0.045
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.033	/	0.033

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.022	0.284
	Back	0.332	0.022	0.354
	Left	0.115	/	0.115
	Right	0.087	0.022	0.109
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.257	/	0.257

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.022	0.484
	Back	1.192	0.022	1.214
	Left	0.225	/	0.225
	Right	0.139	0.022	0.161
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.165	/	0.165

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.022	0.053
	Back	0.123	0.022	0.145

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.022	0.088
	Back	0.117	0.022	0.139

	Left	0.049	/	0.049
	Right	0.016	0.022	0.038
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.021	/	0.021

	Left	0.052	/	0.052
	Right	0.027	0.022	0.049
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.062	/	0.062

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.022	0.097
	Back	0.172	0.022	0.194
	Left	0.044	/	0.044
	Right	0.028	0.022	0.05
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.063	/	0.063

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 25	Front	0.040	0.022	0.062
	Back	0.088	0.022	0.110
	Left	0.017	/	0.017
	Right	0.011	0.022	0.033
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.021	/	0.021

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.022	0.182
	Back	0.419	0.022	0.441
	Left	0.055	/	0.055
	Right	0.039	0.022	0.061
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.078	/	0.078

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.022	0.252
	Back	0.290	0.022	0.312
	Left	0.103	/	0.103
	Right	0.076	0.022	0.098
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.195	/	0.195

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.022	0.098
	Back	0.319	0.022	0.341
	Left	0.070	/	0.070
	Right	0.046	0.022	0.068
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.097	/	0.097

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.022	0.024
	Back	0.004	0.022	0.026
	Left	0.001	/	0.001
	Right	0.001	0.022	0.023
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.001	/	0.001

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.022	0.434
	Back	0.342	0.022	0.364
	Left	0.112	/	0.112
	Right	0.087	0.022	0.109
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.265	/	0.265

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.022	0.047
	Back	0.145	0.022	0.167
	Left	0.021	/	0.021
	Right	0.011	0.022	0.033
	Top	/	0.022	0.022
	Bottom	0.035	/	0.035

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.494	0.020	0.514
	Back	0.623	0.020	0.643
	Left	0.251	/	0.251
	Right	0.109	0.020	0.129
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.516	/	0.516

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.073	0.020	0.093
	Back	0.175	0.020	0.195
	Left	0.036	/	0.036
	Right	0.023	0.020	0.043
	Top		0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.033	/	0.033

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.262	0.020	0.282
	Back	0.332	0.020	0.352
	Left	0.115	/	0.115
	Right	0.087	0.020	0.107
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.257	/	0.257

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.462	0.020	0.482
	Back	1.192	0.020	1.212
	Left	0.225	/	0.225
	Right	0.139	0.020	0.159
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.165	/	0.165

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.031	0.020	0.051
	Back	0.123	0.020	0.143
	Left	0.049	/	0.049
	Right	0.016	0.020	0.036
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.021	/	0.021

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 0	Front	0.066	0.020	0.086
	Back	0.117	0.020	0.137
	Left	0.052	/	0.052
	Right	0.027	0.020	0.047
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.062	/	0.062

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
CDMA BC 1	Front	0.075	0.020	0.095
	Back	0.172	0.020	0.192
	Left	0.044	/	0.044
	Right	0.028	0.020	0.048
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.063	/	0.063

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.040	0.020	0.060
	Back	0.088	0.020	0.108
	Left	0.017	/	0.017
	Right	0.011	0.020	0.031
	Top	/	0.020	0.02
	Bottom	0.021	/	0.021

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.160	0.020	0.180
	Back	0.419	0.020	0.439
	Left	0.055	/	0.055
	Right	0.039	0.020	0.059
	Top	/	0.020	0.020

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 26	Front	0.230	0.020	0.250
	Back	0.290	0.020	0.310
	Left	0.103	/	0.103
	Right	0.076	0.020	0.096
	Top	/	0.020	0.020

	Bottom	0.078	/	0.078
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	Bottom	0.195	/	0.195
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WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.076	0.020	0.096
	Back	0.319	0.020	0.339
	Left	0.070	/	0.070
	Right	0.046	0.020	0.066
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.097	/	0.097

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.002	0.020	0.022
	Back	0.004	0.020	0.024
	Left	0.001	/	0.001
	Right	0.001	0.020	0.021
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.001	/	0.001

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 13	Front	0.412	0.020	0.432
	Back	0.342	0.020	0.362
	Left	0.112	/	0.112
	Right	0.087	0.020	0.107
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.265	/	0.265

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.025	0.020	0.045
	Back	0.145	0.020	0.165
	Left	0.021	/	0.021
	Right	0.011	0.020	0.031
	Top	/	0.020	0.020
	Bottom	0.035	/	0.035

#### ➤ Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

## 15.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A Type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacturer's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in below Table.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor	$1/k(b)$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

### Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Uncertainty Component	Section	Uncert. Value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(C <sub>i</sub> ) (1 g)	(C <sub>i</sub> ) (10 g)	Std. Unc. (1 g)	Std. Unc. (10 g)	V <sub>i</sub>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	±7.4%	N	1	1	1	±7.4%	±7.4%	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	±1.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±0.49%	±0.49%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	±3.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.29%	±1.29%	∞
Boundary Effects	E.2.3	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.52%	±0.52%	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	±0.25%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.14%	±0.14%	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.46%	±0.46%	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerances	E.6.2	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.23%	±0.23%	∞
Probe positioning tolerance with respect to the phantom shell surface	E.6.3	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.67%	±1.67%	∞
Interpolation, extrapolation, and integration algorithm For max. SAR Evaluation.	E.5	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>									
Device Positioning	E.4.2	±4.6%	N	1	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	M-1
Device Holder	E.4.1	±5.2%	N	1	1	1	±5.2%	±5.2%	M-1
Power Drift	6.6.2	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.89%	±2.89%	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.31%	±2.31%	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.51%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.74%	±2.49%	M
Liquid dielectric constant (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.4%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.78%	±0.88%	M
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±1.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±0.72%	±0.66%	∞
Liquid Dielectric Constant - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.12%	±0.14%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (RSS)							±11.61%	±11.55%	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Level, k = 2)							±23.23%	±23.10%	

**Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz according to IEEE1528-2013**

## **15.8 Measurement Conclusion**

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

## 16 Reference

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- [4]. SPEAG DASY52 System Handbook
- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS", October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES", October 2015
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- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES", Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, " SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES", October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz", August 2015

## Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 12.24.2018 07:57:16

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.859 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.083$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

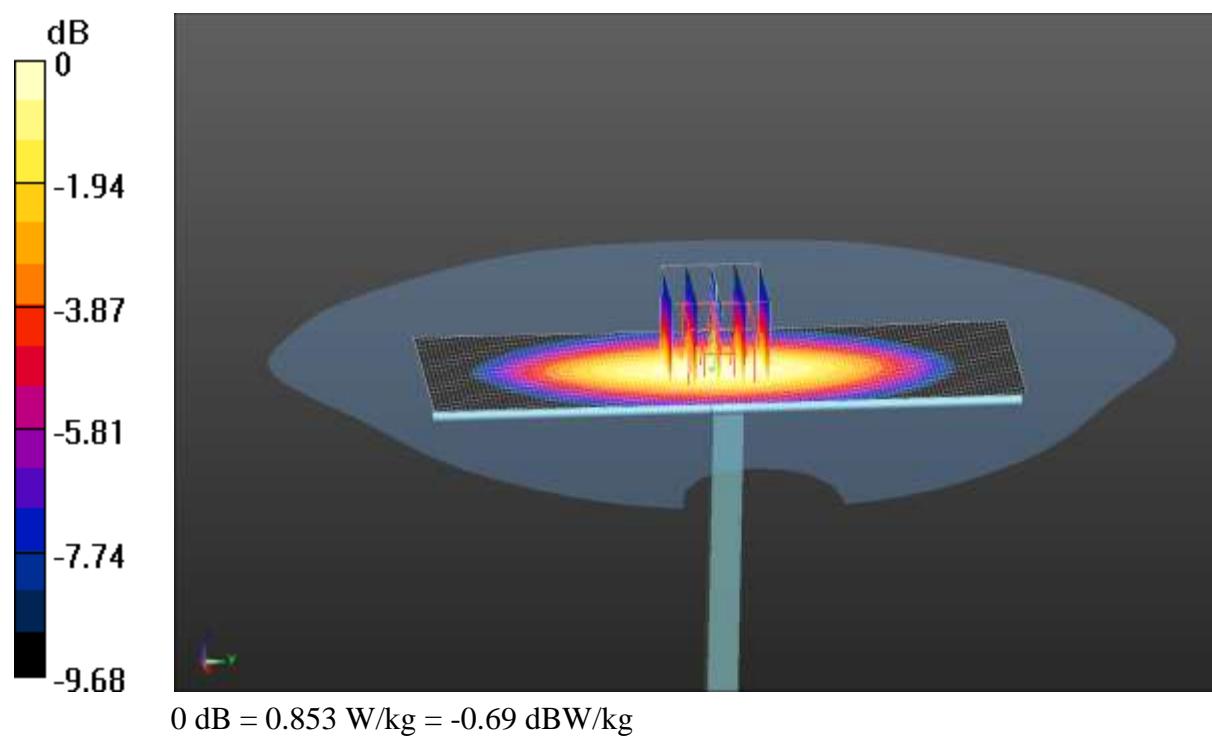
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.06, 10.06, 10.06); Calibrated: 07.19.2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 03.22.2018
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm,  
Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value = 32.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.697 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.861 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm,  
Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid:  
dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.853 W/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 12.24.2018 08:19:42

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4d154**

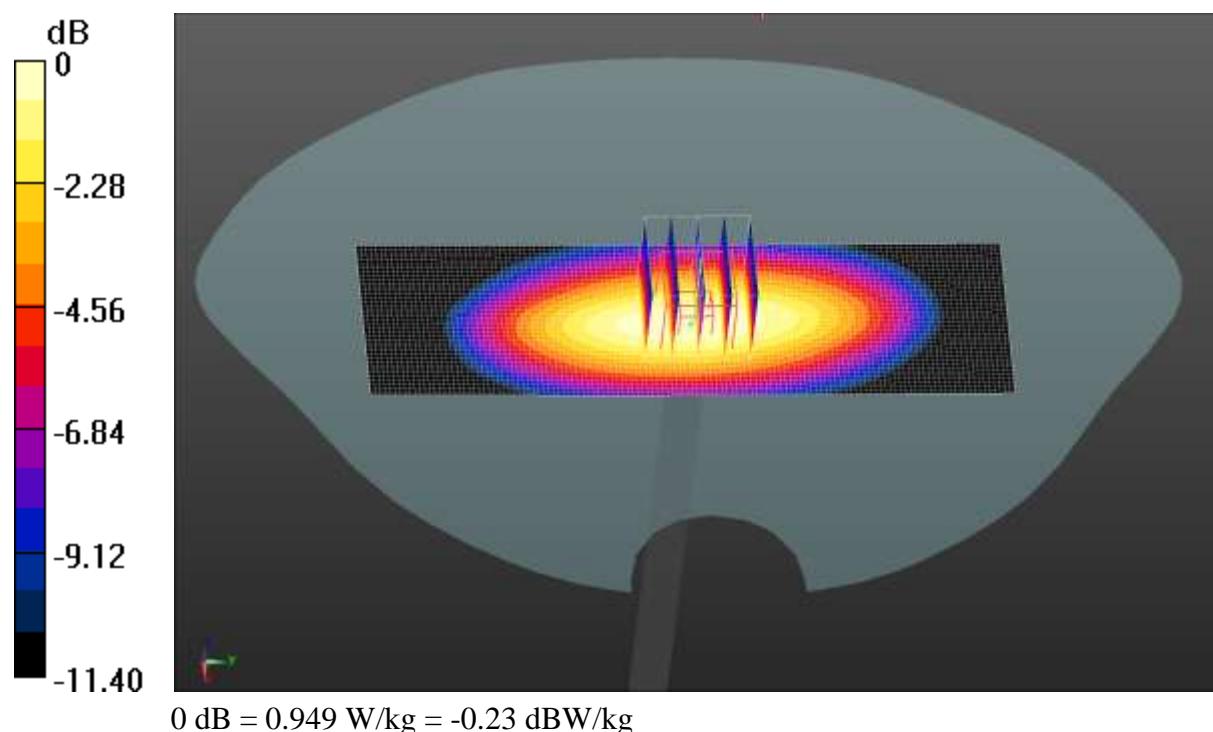
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.927$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.256$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66); Calibrated: 07.19.2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 03.22.2018
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.983 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**  
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 33.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.785 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.949 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 12.18.2018 08:26:02

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: SID1800; Serial: SN:09/15 DIP IG800-360**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.405 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.207$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.3, 8.3, 8.3); Calibrated: 07.19.2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 03.22.2018
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 42.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.813 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1):**Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.35 W/kg

