Table of Contents

RF POWER OUTPUT 2 MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS 3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH 10 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 21 FREQUENCY STABILITY 30 INDENTIFICATION NAMEPLATE 33 TRANSIENT FREQSUENCY BEHAVIOR 34

RF POWER OUTPUT

2.985 (A) The RF Power measured at the output terminals:

AXATR-381-A2 5 Watts

Method: The measurement was made per TIA/EIA-603 using the following equipment::

A 50 ohm load is attached to the output terminal through a directional coupler.. The power is measured on a HP436A power meter.

MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

<u>Ref. Par. 2.987 (a, b, d)</u> the frequency and amplitude response to audio inputs measured per TIA/ EIA 603 are shown on the following sheet

> 136-174 Mhz Section 2B Audio Frequency Response(25,12.5kHz)

<u>Section 2C</u> Modulation Characteristics (25, 12.5kHz)

Equipment used was:

Marconi Instruments Ltd. FM/AM Modulation Meter TF2300B Hewlett Packard Audio Signal Generator 204D Hewlett Packard Distortion Analyzer 333A

At those modulation frequencies at which the transmitter is not capable of producing 30% of system deviation, audio response is calculated from measurement of input voltage producing a lesser deviation.



AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONCE

Audio Frequency Response TR-1381-A2 25 KHZ CH SPC	L L			E LOWER SPEC	-37.00	-24.96	-17.92	-12.92	-9.02	-7.44	-4.94	3.00	-1.42	-0.08	1.08	2.11	3.02	3.85 896-940 MHz rolloff	4.23 4.20	4.60 4.20	4.96 4.20	5.30 4.20	5.63 4.20	5.63 3.50	5.63 2.00								
Audio Frequency Respo TR-1381-A2 25 KHZ CH SPC	nse			BASE LINE	-20.00	-13.98	-10.46	-7.96	-6.02	-4.44	-1.94	0.00	1.58	2.92	4.08	5.11	6.02	6.85	7.23	7.60	7.96	8.30	8.63	8.94	9.54								
Audio Fre TR- 381-A2	auency Respo	25 KHZ CH SPC		UPPER SPEC	-19.00	-12.98	-9.46	-6.96	-5.02	-3.44	-0.94	1.00	2.58	3.92	5.08	6.11	7.02	7.85	8.23	8.60	8.96	9.30	9.63	9.94	10.54								DECONNEL
LR-	Audio Fre	381-A2	Enter Data	AFR	-24.43	-24.43	-13.55	-8.87	-6.37	-4.73	-2.16	0.00	1.59	2.86	3.92	4.76	5.39	5.94	6.19	6.28	6.36	6.28	6.15	6.02	5.57	4.01	-17.72	-24.43	-24.43	-24.43	-24.43	-24.43	
AXA'		AXATR-		FREQ	100	200	300	400	500	800	2 800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2200	2300	2400	2500	2600	1 2700	2800	3000	3200	3400	3600	3800	4000	4500	5000	CODMIN A

2/18/98



	A	ß	U U	D	Ш	L
-		Audio Fre	quency Respo	nse		
2	AXATR-	381-A2	12.5 KHZ CH SPC			
9						
4		Enter Data				
5	FREQ	AFR	UPPER SPEC	BASE LINE	LOWER SPEC	
9	100	-21.94	-19.00	-20.00	-37.00	
7	200	-21.94	-12.98	-13.98	-24.96	
80	300	-12.39	-9.46	-10.46	-17.92	
n	§	-8.63	-6.96	-7.96	-12.92	
9	500	-6.19	-5.02	-6.02	-9.02	
7	800	4.58	-3.44	4.44	-7.44	
12	800	-2.16	-0.94	-1.94	-4.94	
₽	<u>6</u>	0:00	1.00	0.00	-3.00	
\$	1200	1.59	2.58	1.58	-1.42	
5	1400	2.86	3.92	2.92	-0.08	
9	1600	3.92	5.08	4.08	1.08	
4	1800	4.76	6.11	5.11	2.11	
₽	2000	5.39	7.02	6.02	3.02	
19	2200	6.02	7.85	6.85	3.85	896-940 MHz rolloff
20	2300	6.19	8.23	7.23	4.23	4.20
21	2400	6.36	8.60	7.60	4.60	4.20
22	2500	6.36	8.96	7.96	4.96	4.20
23	2600	6.36	9.30	8.30	5.30	4.20
24	2700	6.19	9.63	8.63	5.63	4.20
25	2800	6.11	9.94	8.94	5.63	3.50
26	3000	5.67	10.54	9.54	5.63	2.00
27	3200	4.01				
28	3400	-17.08				
29	3600	-21.94				
8	3800	-21.94				
ä	6 000	-21.94				
32	4500	-21.94				
33	5000	-21.94				
34						
35	FORMULA	AUDIO FREQ. F	RESPONSE			
36	20 LOG 10	DEV FREQ / DEV	V REF)			

AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONCE

Section 2 B2 Data





OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Per 2.989 (c, 1) the measurements were made per TIA/EIA 603.

<u>162.0245 Mhz</u>

SECTION 3 B1, B2. C1, C2 (25 kHz, 50 & 150 kHz spans, Voice) SECTION 3 B3, B4, C3, C4 (12.5 kHz, 50 & 150 kHz spans, Voice)

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

(FOR 25 kHz CHANNELIZATION)

Method of Measurement Per 2.989 (c,1) Data on Occupied Bandwidth is presented in the form of a spectrum analyzer plot which illustrates the transmitter sidebands. A plot is taken of the carrier sideband modulated with a 2500 Hz tone at a level 16 dB greater than that required to produce 50 percent modulation. (The spectrum analyzer grid indicates the reference level of the carrier unmodulated in all exhibits.)

SECTION 3B,C Telephony Bn = 2M + 2DK where

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{M} &= 3000 \; \text{Hz} \\ \mathbf{D} &= 4000 \; \text{Hz} \\ \text{K} &= 1 (\text{assumed}) \end{split}$$

Bn = 14000 Hz Therefore, Emission Designator = 14K0F3E



AXATR-381-A2

EXHIBIT 6

ERICSSON INC.





AXATR-381-A2



OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

(FOR 12.5 kHz CHANNELIZATION)

Method of Measurement Per Data on Occupied Bandwidth is presented in the form of a spectrum analyzer plot which illustrates the transmitter sidebands. A plot is taken of the carrier sideband modulated with a 2500 Hz tone at a level 16 dB greater than that required to produce 50 percent modulation. (The spectrum analyzer grid indicates the reference level of the carrier unmodulated in all exhibits.)

Section B,C Voice Bn = 2M + 2DK where

M = 3000 HzD = 2200 HzK = 1 (assumed)

Bn=10400Hz Therefore, Emission Designator =10K4F3E



AXATR-381-A2

EXHIBIT 6

ERICSSON INC.





AXATR-381-A2



SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Reference 2.991 spurious emissions at the antenna terminals when properly loaded with an appropriate artificial antenna were measured per TIA\EIA 603.

Results are as shown in the following Sections

Tx Radiated Emissions										
Sections	Frequency Mhz	Power in Watts								
M1	150.825	1								
M2	150.825	5								
N1	173.975	1								
N2	173.975	5								

Equipment used was:

Hewlett Placard Spectrum Analyzer 140T Display, 8554-B-RF, 8552B-IF.

Reference 2.993 field strength of spurious radiation was measured on our three meter range. The site and equipment are described in the site description and attenuation measurements for the Ericsson Inc. three meter radiation site #2 filed with the FCC in Columbia, Maryland, in November of 1990. The measurement procedure is per TIA/EIA 603, but done on a three meter test site. Results are shown on the following exhibits

Tx Conducted Emissions									
Sections	Frequency Mhz	Power in Watts							
B1	150.825	1							
B2	150.825	5							
C1	173.975	1							
C2	173.975	5							

*SAME AS FOR 25 OR 12.5 kHz modes.















AXATR-381-A2



EXHIBIT 6

FREQUENCY STABILITY

Par. 2.995 (a,1) (b) (d, 1) variation of output frequency as a result of either temperature or voltage variation is reported in the graphs on the following sheets: (The battery is rated from 6 to 9 volts.)

Exhibit 12B Carrier Frequency Vs Temperature

Exhibit 12C Carrier Frequency Vs. Voltage

The Equipment used is:

Hewlett Packard QUARTZ Thermometer Model 2804A Takeda Counter TR5823AK Takeda Digital Multimeter TR6878 Tabai Temperature chamber PL-2G





INDENTIFICATION NAMEPLATE



TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

PER PT 90.214 USING EIA/TIA 603, THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE:

SECTION	FREQUENCY	BANDWIDTH
7B	162.025	25 kHz
7C	162.025	12.5 kHz

The Measurements taken are representative of the entire frequency band.

Table 1: List of Equipment

HP 778D DUAL DIRECTIONAL COUPLER	HP432A RF DETECTOR
TEKTRONIX 2232 OSCILLOSCOPE	HP8657A SIGNAL GENERATOR
HP 8901A MODULATION ANALYZER	HP436A POWER METER
HP 8482A POWER SENSOR	6261 DC POWER SUPPLY
KEITHLY 179 TRMS DIGITAL MULTIMETER	TEKTRONIX HC100 PLOTTER
NARDA ATTENUATORS	MINICIRCUITS 15542 ZFRSC-2050

TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

Transient Frequency Behavior Measurement Per TIA/EIA 603.



1. Equipment is connected as illustrated above.

 Connect the test receiver's Demodulator Output Port (DOP) to the vertical input chan nel of the storage Oscilloscope. Connect the output of the RF detector the external trigger of the oscilloscope. Connect the output of the RF combiner the RF power meter.
Set the test receiver to measure FM deviation with the audio bandwidth set at =50 Hz to

=15,000 Hz and tune the RF frequency to the transmitter assigned frequency.

4. Turn on the TUT (Transmitter Under Test). Adjust the RF attenuator to provide an input level of 20 dBm which is 10 dB below the maximum allowed input power to the test receiver. (TIA/EIA 603 first sets the level to 40 dB below the maximum allowed input level of the test receiver, then increases the level by 30 dB to 10 dB below the maximum allowed input level. The maximum input level of our test receiver is 30 dBm.) Turn off the TUT.

5. Set the signal generator to the assigned TX frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at +/- d, deviation equal to the Channel Spacing (i.e. 25,12.5, or 6.25 kHz) and set its power to -30 dBm (50 dB below the level of the TUT).

6. Disconnect the RF power meter and connect the output of the RF combiner network to the input of the test receiver.

TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

7. Set the horizontal sweep rate on the storage oscilloscope to 10 milliseconds per division and adjust the display to continuously view the 1000 Hz tone from the DOP. Adjust the vertical amplitude control of the oscilloscope to display the 1000 Hz at +/-4 divisions vertically centered on the display.

8. Adjust the oscilloscope so it will trigger on an increasing magnitude from the RF peak detector at 1 division from the left side of the display, when the transmitter is turned on. Set the controls to store the display.

9. Turn on the TUT and observe the stored display. The output at the DOP, due to the change in ratio of power between the signal generator input power and the transmitter output power will, because of the capture effect of the test receiver, produce a change in display: For the first part of the sweep it will show the 1 kHz test signal. Then once the receiver's demodulator has been captured by the transmitter power, the display will show the frequency difference from the assigned frequency to the actual transmitter frequency versus time. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed (including any capture time due to phasing) is considered to be "t on". 10. To test the transient frequency during the period of "t 3", the transmitter shall be switched on. 11. Adjust the oscilloscope so it will trigger on a decreasing magnitude from the RF peak detector at 1 division from the right side of the display, when the transmitter is turned off. Set the controls to store the display.

12. The transmitter shall be switched off.

13. Observe the display. The trace should remain with in the allowed divisions during the period "t

3", according to the specifications in 90.213,90.214.

EXHIBIT 6

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SECTION 7

TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR





Section 7 B2

162.02500 MHz / 25 kHz Channel Space / Vertical Expanded X10

20 Feb 1998 Date:2-24-98 Δ: 20.0ms @: 25.0ms 00:06:36 <u>98mV</u> وبوطيعهم والمرادين والمراجع المليل 1 Transient Frequency Behavior Ax2 M 10.0ms やいやかいやい Tek Stop: Single Seq 5.00kS/s FCC ID: AXATR-381-A2 <u>4.60mVΩ</u> 5 **†**







162.02500 MHz / 12.5 kHz Channel Space



Section 7 C2

162.02500 MHz / 12.5 kHz Channel Space / Vertical Expanded X10



