



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	The state of the s
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	2.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.0 ± 6 %	2.20 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.0 Ω - 5.6 iΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB	

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.6 Ω - 4.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB	

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

EL I S	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.152 ns
	1.132115

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.07.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1012

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.01 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 29.06.2020

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 121.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

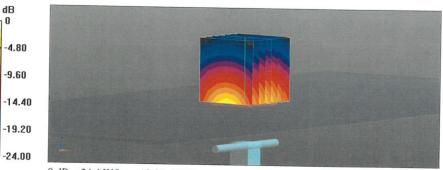
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.40 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.4 W/kg



0 dB = 24.4 W/kg = 13.87 dBW/kg

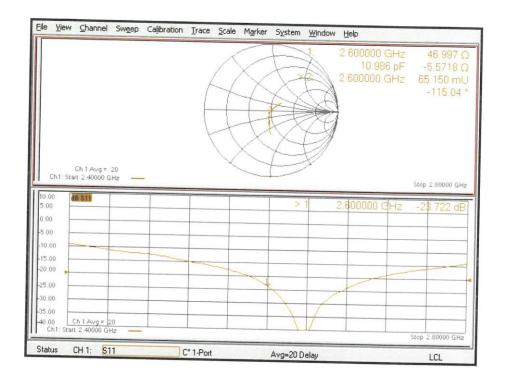
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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.07.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1012

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.20 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.0;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 29.06.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

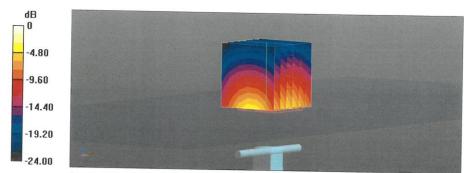
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.0 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



0 dB = 22.7 W/kg = 13.57 dBW/kg

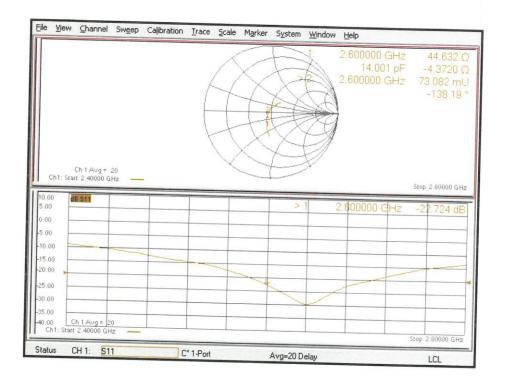
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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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# **ANNEX I Newly add band WIFI2.4G**

# I.1 Dielectric Performance and System Validation

Table I.1-1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2021-11-10	Head	2450MHz	40.539	3.42	1.907	5.94

## Table I.1-2: System Validation of Head

Measurement		Target val	get value (W/kg) Measured value(W/kg) Deviation		/alue(W/kg) Devia		ation
Date	Frequency	10 g	10 g 1 g		1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2021-11-10	2450MHz	24.9	53.3	25.76	55.44	3.45%	4.02%





# I.2 Conductive output power

The average conducted power for Wi-Fi 2.4G is as following:

The average	802.11b							
	804	2.11D	T	Π				
Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps				
11(2462MHz)	16.60	/	/	/				
6(2437(MHz)	15.88	/	/	/				
1(2412MHz)	16.64	16.55	16.36	16.19				
Tune up	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00				
	802	2.11g						
Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
11(2462MHz)	14.36	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	14.72	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
1(2412MHz)	14.74	14.44	14.29	14.13	12.93	12.75	12.71	12.45
Tune up	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	12.00
			802.11	n-20MHz				
Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
11(2462MHz)	14.35	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6(2437(MHz)	14.90	14.50	13.30	12.68	12.35	7.62	7.46	7.27
1(2412MHz)	14.89	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	15.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	9.00	9.00	9.00

## I.3 SAR test results

## Table I.3-1: SAR Values (WIFI2.4G)

Frequency		Test	Figure	Conduct ed	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g )(W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
1	2412	Front 10mm	Fig.I-1	16.64	17	0.009	0.01	0.0208	0.02	-0.01
1	2412	Rear 0mm	Fig.I-2	16.64	17	0.012	0.01	0.0278	0.03	-0.05



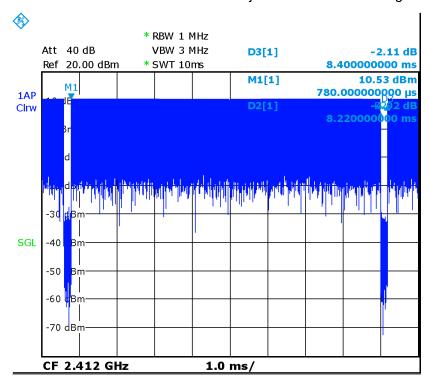


According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table I.3-2: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) - 802.11b (Scaled Reported SAR)

Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C									
Frequ	ency	Test Position	Actual duty	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR			
Ch.	MHz		factor	duty factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
1	2412	Front 10mm	100%	98%	0.02(1g)	0.02(1g)			
1	2412	Rear 0mm	100%	98%	0.01(10g)	0.01(10g)			

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Picture I.3-1 Duty factor plot





## I.4 Graph Results

## WLAN2450 CH1 Front 10mm

Date: 11/10/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.873$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.576$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: WLAN2450 2412 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.35,7.35,7.35)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0389 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (9x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.121 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.123 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.021 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.009 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 W/kg

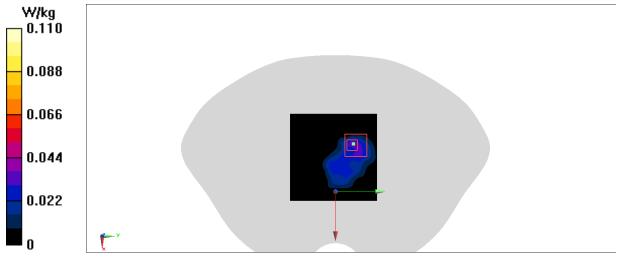
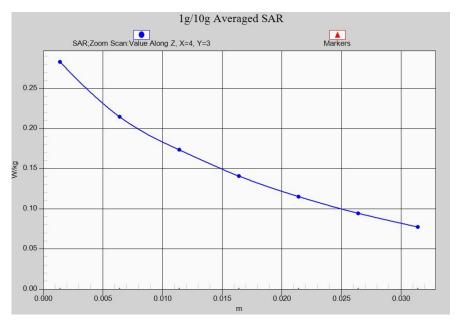


Fig.I-1





Z-Scan at power reference point (WIFI2.4G)





## WLAN2450 CH1 Rear 0mm

Date: 11/10/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.873$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.576$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: WLAN2450 2412 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.35,7.35,7.35)

**Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0908 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (9x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.415 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.216 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.028 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.216 W/kg

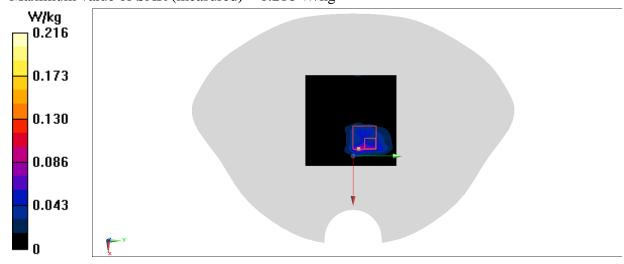
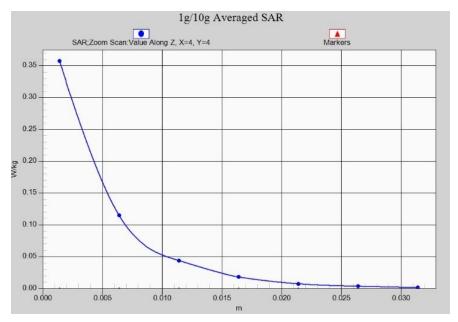


Fig.I-2





Z-Scan at power reference point (WIFI2.4G)





## **I.5 System Verification Results**

#### 2450 MHz

Date: 11/10/2021

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.907 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.539$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7548 ConvF(7.35,7.35,7.35)

## System Performance Check/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Reference Value = 37.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.5 W/kg

## System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.34 V/m; Power Drift =0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.44 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.3 W/kg

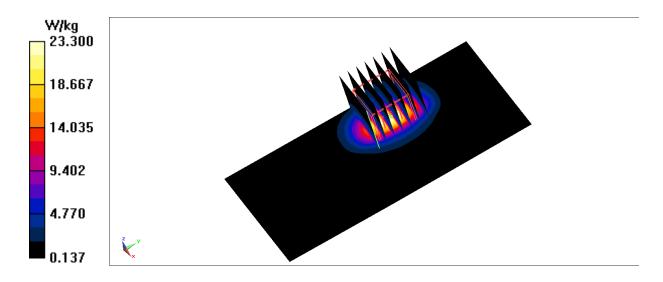


Fig.I.5-1 validation 2450 MHz 250mW





## **I.6 Main Test Instruments**

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period	
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 14, 2021	One year	
02	Power meter	NRP2	106276	May 44, 2024	0.000	
03	Power sensor	NRP6A	101369 May 11, 2021		One year	
04	Signal Generator	Signal Generator E4438C MY490714		February 1, 2021	One Year	
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration	Requested	
06	BTS	CMW500	159889	January 13, 2021	BTS	
07	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	7548	June 25, 2021	One year	
08	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1331	September 1, 2021	One year	
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 26,2021	One year	





## I.7 System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table I.7: System Validation for 7548

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
7548	Head 750MHz	July.8,2021	750 MHz	OK
7548	Head 900MHz	July.8,2021	900 MHz	OK
7548	Head 1450MHz	July.8,2021	1450 MHz	OK
7548	Head 1750MHz	July.8,2021	1750 MHz	OK
7548	Head 1900MHz	July.9,2021	1900 MHz	OK
7548	Head 2000MHz	July.9,2021	2000 MHz	OK
7548	Head 2300MHz	July.9,2021	2300 MHz	OK
7548	Head 2450MHz	July.9,2021	2450 MHz	OK
7548	Head 2600MHz	July.9,2021	2600 MHz	OK
7548	Head 3300MHz	July.10,2021	3300 MHz	OK
7548	Head 3500MHz	July.10,2021	3500 MHz	OK
7548	Head 3700MHz	July.10,2021	3700 MHz	OK
7548	Head 5250MHz	July.10,2021	5250 MHz	OK
7548	Head 5600MHz	July.10,2021	5600 MHz	OK
7548	Head 5750MHz	July.10,2021	5750 MHz	OK





#### **I.8 Probe Calibration Certificate**

#### **Probe 7548 Calibration Certificate**



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, Chin Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Certificate No: Z21-60231

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Client

Object EX3DV4 - SN: 7548

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: June 25, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22\pm3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Reference 10dBAttenuar	tor 18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenua	tor 18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3D\	/4 SN 3617	27-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan21)	Jan-22
DAE4	SN 1556	15-Jan-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Jan2	1) Jan-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG370	0A 6201052605	16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) Jun-22	
Network Analyzer E5071	C MY46110673	21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Jan-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	The state of the s
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林光
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	Son
		Issued: June 27	, 2021
This calibration certificate s	hall not be reproduce	d except in full without written approval of the	ne laboratory.

Certificate No: Z21-60231

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7548

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.61	0.69	0.62	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.7	101.3	102.5	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> ( <i>k</i> =2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	212.9	±2.0%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		221.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		208.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7548

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.36	10.36	10.36	0.40	0.70	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.16	1.28	±12.1%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.55	8.55	8.55	0.41	0.73	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.31	0.93	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.29	0.99	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.21	1.17	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.64	0.67	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.35	7.35	7.35	0.64	0.68	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.11	7.11	7.11	0.49	0.81	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.79	6.79	6.79	0.47	0.89	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.64	6.64	6.64	0.40	1.05	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.42	1.03	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.35	1.40	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	5.98	5.98	5.98	0.40	1.30	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.93	5.93	5.93	0.40	1.30	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.74	5.74	5.74	0.40	1.35	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.45	1.40	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.50	1.35	±13.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

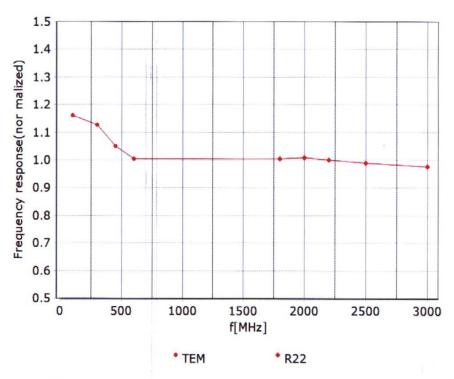
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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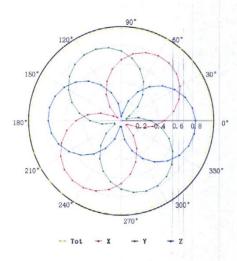


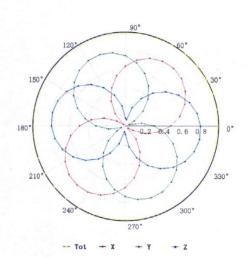


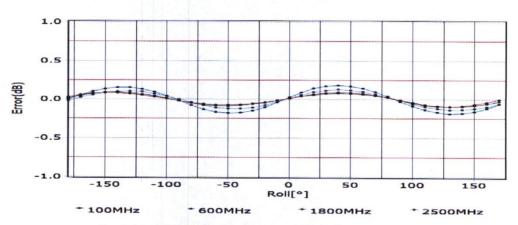
# Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

# f=600 MHz, TEM

# f=1800 MHz, R22







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

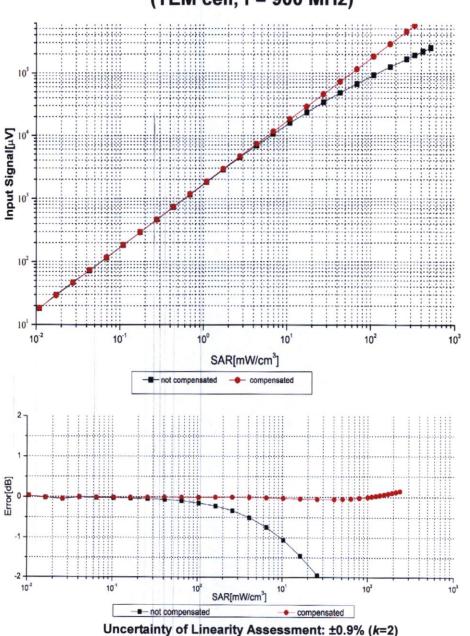
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



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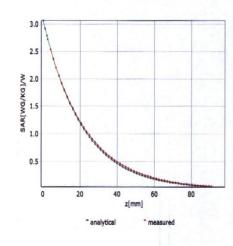


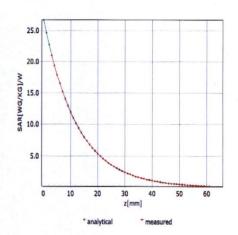


# **Conversion Factor Assessment**

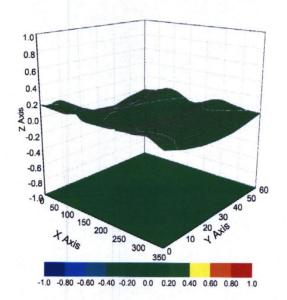
f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)





# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7548

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular	
Connector Angle (°)	152.2	
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled	
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable	
Probe Overall Length	337mm	
Probe Body Diameter	10mm	
Tip Length	9mm	
Tip Diameter	2.5mm	
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm	
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm	
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm	
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm	

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# I.9 Dipole Calibration Certificate

## 2450 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTTI (Auden)

Cartificate No. D2450V2-853 Jul21

	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D2450V2 - SN:85	53	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	July 26, 2021		
		onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages ar	
		ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03344)	Apr-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349 SN: 601	28-Dec-20 (No. EX3-7349_Dec20) 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601 Nov20)	Dec-21 Nov-21
	314. 601	02-N0V-20 (NO. DAE4-601_N0V20)	NOV-21
DAE4			Scheduled Check
	ID#	Check Date (in house)	
Secondary Standards	ID # SN: GB39512475	Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B			In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-21
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22
Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-21
DAE4  Secondary Standards  Power meter E4419B  Power sensor HP 8481A  Power sensor HP 8481A  RF generator R&S SMT-06  Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A  Calibrated by:  Approved by:	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-21

Certificate No: D2450V2-853\_Jul21

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- . Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)	

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.6 \Omega + 3.8 jΩ$	
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB	

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.164 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
manarata by	· · · ·

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 26.07.2021

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 853

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

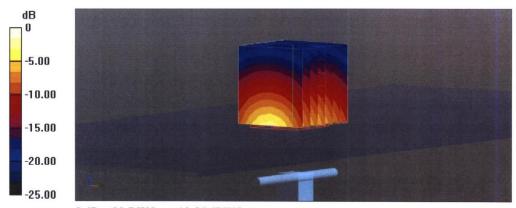
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



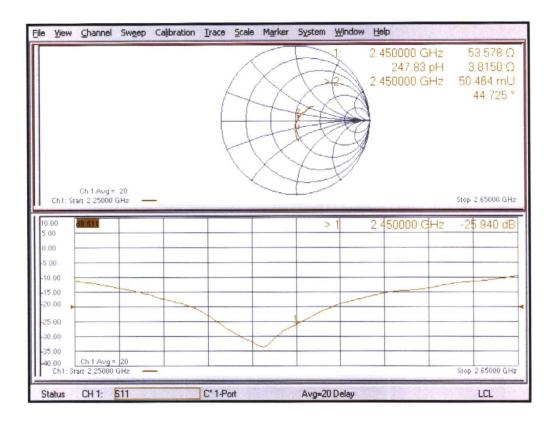
0 dB = 22.7 W/kg = 13.56 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-853\_Jul21

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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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## **ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate**

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



# Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

#### **Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT**

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2021-09-29 through 2022-09-30

Effective Dates



For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program