1. RF Exposure Requirements

1.1 General Information

Client Information Applicant: Address of applicant: Manufacturer: Address of manufacturer:	Lumi United Technology Co Ltd B1, Chongwen Park, Nanshan iPark, Liuxian Avenue, Taoyuan Residential District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518000, China Lumi United Technology Co Ltd B1, Chongwen Park, Nanshan iPark, Liuxian Avenue, Taoyuan Residential District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518000, China
General Description of EUT:	
Product Name:	Light Switch H2 US (4 Buttons, 3 Channels), Light Switch H2 US (2 Buttons, 2 Channels), Light Switch H2 US (2 Buttons, 1 Channel)
Trade Name	Aqara
Model No.:	WS-K04E
Adding Model(s):	WS-K03E, WS-K02E
Rated Voltage:	AC120V
Power Adapter:	
FCC ID:	2AKIT-WSK02E
Equipment Type:	Fixed device
Technical Characteristics of EUT Bluetooth	:
Bluetooth Version:	V5.0 (BLE mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	5.56dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK
Quantity of Channels:	40
Channel Separation:	2MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	1dBi
T here and	
Thread	
Eroquoney Dango:	2405 2480MH-
Frequency Range:	2405-2480MHz 5.62dBm (Conducted)
RF Output Power:	5.62dBm (Conducted)
RF Output Power: Type of Modulation:	5.62dBm (Conducted) QPSK
RF Output Power: Type of Modulation: Quantity of Channels:	5.62dBm (Conducted) QPSK 16
RF Output Power: Type of Modulation: Quantity of Channels: Channel Separation:	5.62dBm (Conducted) QPSK 16 5MHz
RF Output Power: Type of Modulation: Quantity of Channels:	5.62dBm (Conducted) QPSK 16

Zigbee

Support Standards: Frequency Range: RF Output Power: Type of Modulation: Quantity of Channels: Channel Separation: Type of Antenna: Antenna Gain: IEEE802.15.4 2405-2480MHz 5.62dBm (Conducted) QPSK 16 5MHz Integral Antenna 1dBi

1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

Option A: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A):The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

Option B: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} (mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \ cm} (d/20 \ cm)^x & d \le 20 \ cm \\ ERP_{20 \ cm} & 20 \ cm < d \le 40 \ cm \end{cases}$$

Where

and

$$(ERP_{20} cm\sqrt{f})$$

 $x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{1000}\right)$ and f is in GHz;

$$ERP_{20\ cm}\ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5\ \text{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5\ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6\ \text{GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

Option C: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation					
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)				
0.3-1.34	1,920 R ²				
1.34-30	3,450 R ² /f ²				
30-300	3.83 R ²				
300-1,500	0.0128 R ² f				
1,500-100,000	19.2R ²				

For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{b} \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{c} \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \le 1$$

1.3 Calculated Result

Radio	Prediction	Output	Antenna	Duty	Tune-Up	ERP	
Access	Frequency	Power	Gain	Cycle	Time-Averaged Power	LIXF	
Technology	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
Bluetooth	2402	5.56	1.0	100	6.00	4.85	
Thread / Zigbee	2405	5.62	1.0	100	6.00	4.85	

Frequency	Ontion	Min. Distance Max. Power		Exposure Limit	Datia	Result	
(MHz)	Option	(cm)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)	Ratio	Pass/Fail
2402	С	20.00	4.85	3.05	768.00	0.01	Pass
2405	С	20.00	4.85	3.05	768.00	0.01	Pass

Note: 1. Time-Averaged Power=Output Power * Duty Cycle; ERP= Time-Averaged Power+ Antenna gain-2.15dB

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B, P_{th} (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Simultaneous	Limit	Result
Technology			Ratio		Pass/Fail

Note: Bluetooth, Thread and Zigbee can't transmit at the same time.

Result: Pass