Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1785

Manufactured: Last calibration: May 28, 2003 July 28, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

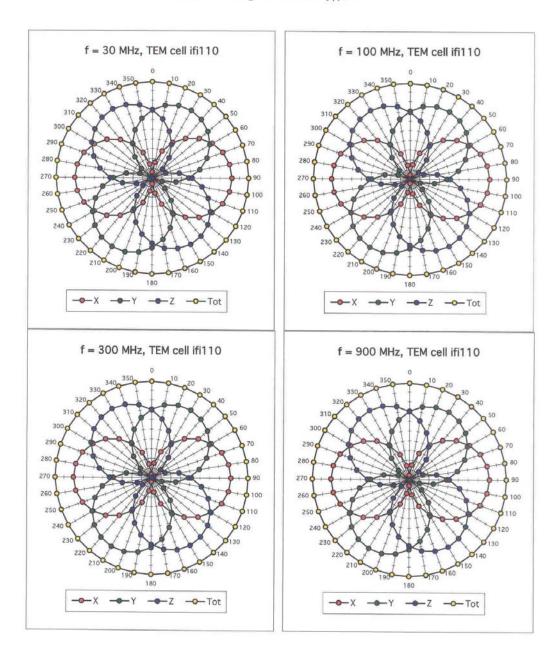
mVmVmV

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1785

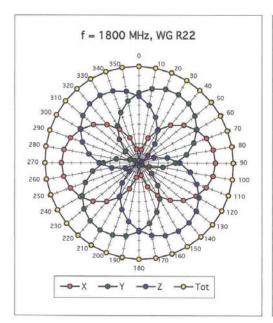
Sensitivity in Free Space			Diode Compression				
	NormX	1.70	μV/(V/m) ²		DCP X	97	
	NormY		μV/(V/m) ²		DCP Y	97	99
	NormZ		μV/(V/m) ²		DCP Z	97	19
	1.1.2.1.1.1.1.1.1				20. 2	•	
Sensitivi	ty in Tissue	Simulating	Liquid				
Head	90	0 MHz	ε_r = 41.5 ± 5%	σ=	0.97 ± 5%	mho/m	
Valid for f=8	00-1000 MHz v	vith Head Tissue	Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X				
	ConvF X	6.6	± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:		
	ConvF Y	6.6	± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.42	
	ConvF Z	6.6	± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.27	
Head	180	0 MHz	ε _τ = 40.0 ± 5%	σ=	1 40 ± FM	s make a fee	
			ε_r = 40.0 ± 5% σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m • Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X				
14114 101 1-1	ConvF X		± 9.5% (k=2)	g to Ei4 3030	Boundary e		
	ConvF Y		± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.49	
	ConvF Z		± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.55	
	001111 2	0.2	20.070 (11-2)		Берит	2.00	
Boundar	y Effect						
Head	90	0 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 %	% per mm			
TIONS 300 MINZ		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
	Probe Tip to Boundary				1 mm	2 mm	
	SAR _{be} [%]	Without Corre	ction Algorithm		9.1	5.1	
	SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction	n Algorithm		0.2	0.4	
Head	180	0 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 10	% per mm			
	Probe Tip to	Boundany			1 mm	2 mm	
	SAR _{be} [%]		ction Algorithm		12.8	8.6	
	SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction	2343		0.2	0.1	
		THAT CONCOUR	TAIGOTHIII		0.2	0.1	
Sensor (Offset						
Probe Tip to Sensor Center			2.7		mm		
	Optical Surfa	ce Detection		1.7 ± 0.2		mm	

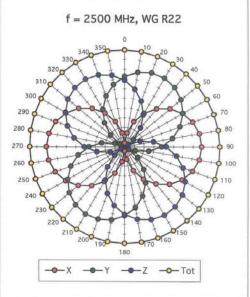
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°

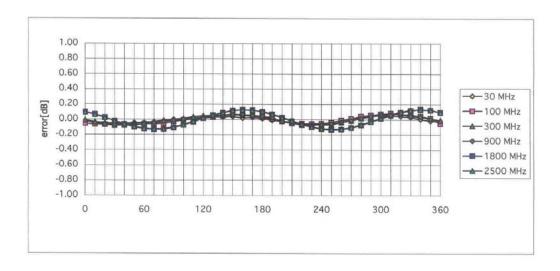


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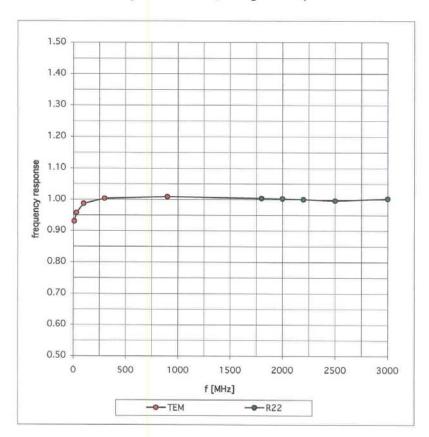
Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



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Frequency Response of E-Field

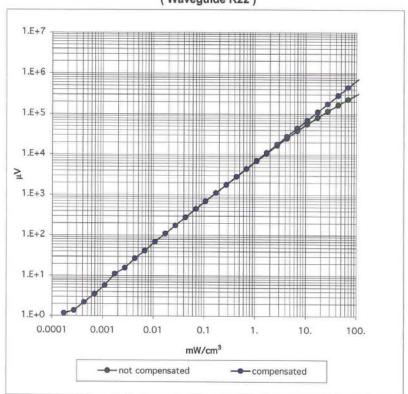
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)

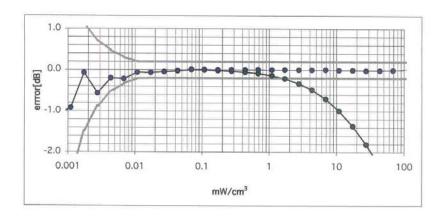


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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

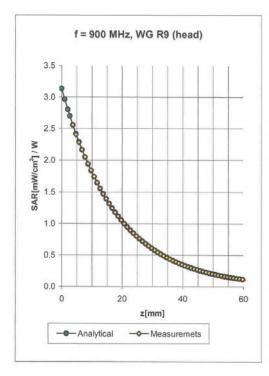
(Waveguide R22)

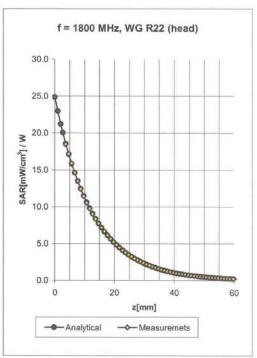




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Conversion Factor Assessment





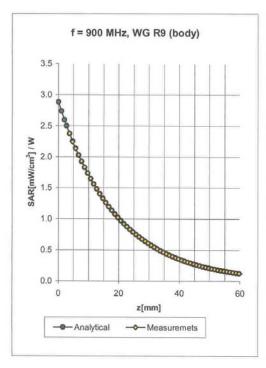
Head	900 MH	z	ε_r = 41.5 ± 5%	σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m	
Valid for f=	800-1000 MHz with F	lead Tissue Sim	ulating Liquid according t	o EN 50361, P1528-200X	
	ConvF X	6.6 ± 9	.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
	ConvF Y	6.6 ± 9	.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.42
	ConvF Z	6.6 ±9	5% (k=2)	Depth	2.27
Head	1800 MH	z	ε_r = 40.0 ± 5%	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$	

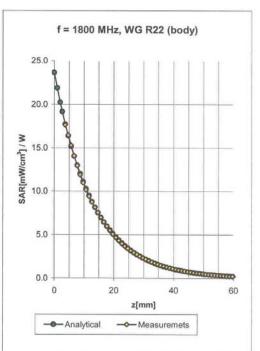
Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effe	ect:
ConvF Y	5.2 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.49
ConvF Z	$5.2 \pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.55

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Conversion Factor Assessment





Body 900 MHz $\varepsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ mho/m Valid for f=855-945 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C ConvF X 6.3 ± 8.9% (k=2) Boundary effect: ConvF Y $6.3 \pm 8.9\% (k=2)$ Alpha 0.43 6.3 ± 8.9% (k=2) ConvF Z 2.32 Depth ε_r = 53.3 ± 5% 1800 MHz $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m Valid for f=1710-1890 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

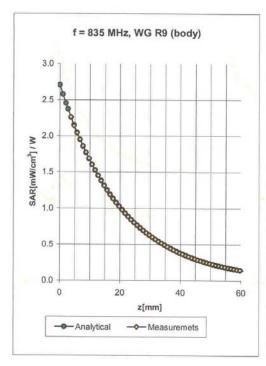
 ConvF X
 4.9 ±8.9% (k=2)
 Boundary effect:

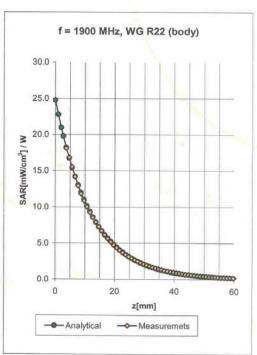
 ConvF Y
 4.9 ±8.9% (k=2)
 Alpha
 0.55

 ConvF Z
 4.9 ±8.9% (k=2)
 Depth
 2.70

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Conversion Factor Assessment





Body 835 MHz ϵ_r = 55.2 ± 5% σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m Valid for f=793-877 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

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ConvF X $6.3 \pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) Boundary effect:

ConvF Y 6.3 ± 8.9% (k=2) Alpha 0.45

ConvF Z $6.3 \pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) Depth **2.17**

Body 1900 MHz ϵ_r = 53.3 ± 5% σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=1805-1995 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

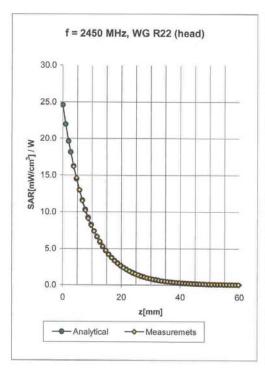
ConvF X 4.7 ± 8.9% (k=2) Boundary effect:

ConvF Y 4.7 ± 8.9% (k=2) Alpha 0.61

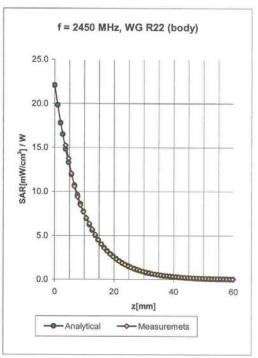
ConvF Z 4.7 ±8.9% (k=2) Depth 2.46

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Conversion Factor Assessment



ConvF Z



1.66

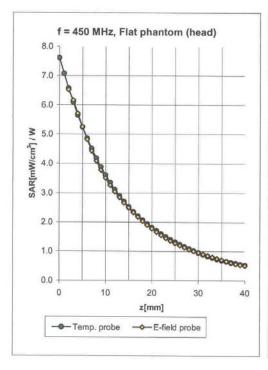
Depth

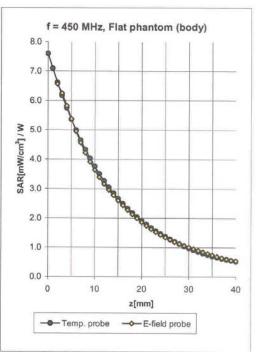
Head 2450 MHz $\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 39.2 \pm 5\%$ σ = 1.80 ± 5% mho/m Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X ConvF X 4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2) Boundary effect: ConvF Y 4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2) Alpha 1.01 4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2) ConvF Z 1.83 Depth Body 2450 MHz $\varepsilon_r = 52.7 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\%$ mho/m Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C ConvF X 4.4 ± 8.9% (k=2) Boundary effect: ConvF Y 4.4 ± 8.9% (k=2) Alpha 1.05

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4.4 ± 8.9% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment





Head 450 MHz ϵ_r = 43.5 ± 5% σ = 0.87 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=400-500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

 ConvF X
 7.0 ± 15.5% (k=2)
 Boundary effect:

 ConvF Y
 7.0 ± 15.5% (k=2)
 Alpha
 0.40

 ConvF Z
 7.0 ± 15.5% (k=2)
 Depth
 2.22

Body 450 MHz $\epsilon_r = 56.7 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.94 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=400-500 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

 ConvF X
 6.5 ± 15.5% (k=2)
 Boundary effect:

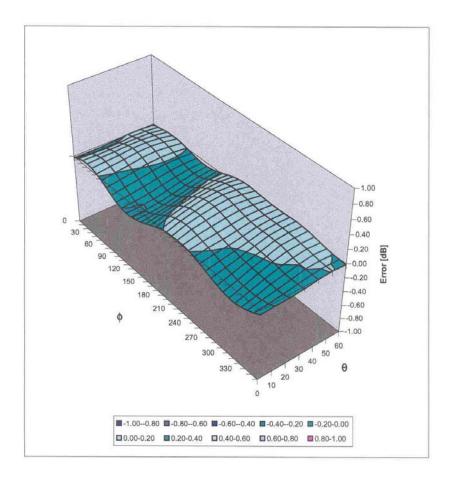
 ConvF Y
 6.5 ± 15.5% (k=2)
 Alpha
 0.43

 ConvF Z
 6.5 ± 15.5% (k=2)
 Depth
 2.36

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Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,ϕ) , f = 900 MHz



APPENDIX A – PHANTOM CERTIFICATE

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Type No	QD 000 P40 BA
Series No	TP-1002 and higher
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9
- (*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date

18.11.2001

Signature / Stamp

APPENDIX B - 900 MHZ DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

900 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D900V2
Serial Number:	013
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	December 19, 2002
Calibration Interval:	24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Approved by:

O. Veller

Slean's Ketyn

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D900V2

Serial: 013

Manufactured: July 1997

Calibrated: December 19, 2002

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 42.4 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 0.97 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.5 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3$ %. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 10.6 mW/g

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 6.72 mW/g

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.418 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.994 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 50.3 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 0.7 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz -41.9 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 12/19/02 11:57:16

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland File Name: SN013_SN1507_HSL900_191202.da4

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz Type & Serial Number: D900V2 - SN013 Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm

Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 900 MHz (σ = 0.97 mho/m, ϵ = 42.44, ρ = 1000 kg/m3) Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.5, 6.5, 6.5); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Reference Value = 56.5 V/m Peak SAR = 4.03 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 2.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g Power Drift = -0.003 dB

