





### 8. SAR Results

#### 8.1. SAR measurement results

#### 8.1.1. **SAR** measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position	Test	Mada		Value /kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Dete	Diet
of Body with  0mm	channel /Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.003	0.001	1.21	16.67	17.00	0.003	2024/8/07	
Left Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.022	0.015	-1.85	16.67	17.00	0.024	2024/8/07	1#
Back Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.007	0.005	0.50	16.67	17.00	0.008	2024/8/07	
Right Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.005	0.003	3.97	16.67	17.00	0.005	2024/8/07	
Top Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.004	0.002	-2.96	16.67	17.00	0.004	2024/8/07	
Bottom Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.004	0.002	-3.53	16.67	17.00	0.004	2024/8/07	
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.003	0.001	1.21	16.67	17.00	0.003	2024/8/07	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

## 9. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

## 10. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents	
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz	





## **MEASUREMENT 1**

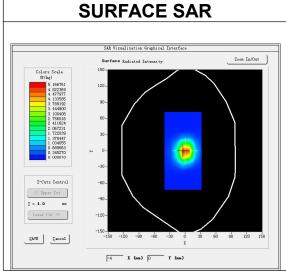
Date of measurement: 7/8/2024

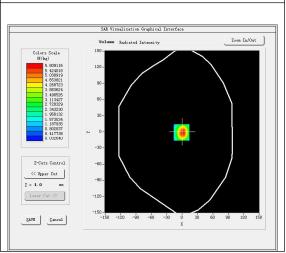
A. Experimental conditions.

A Experimental conditioner				
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm			
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm			
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>			
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Dipole</u>			
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>			
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>			
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)			
ConvF	1.98			

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

11 1 111 0 010 011 0 111 0 110 1 10 0 011 0	
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.910986
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.158279
Conductivity (S/m)	1.790988
Variation (%)	1.640000





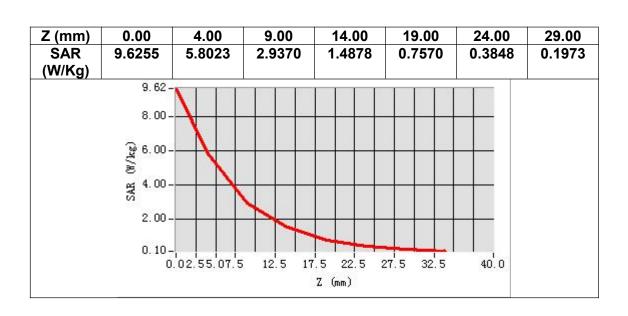
**VOLUME SAR** 

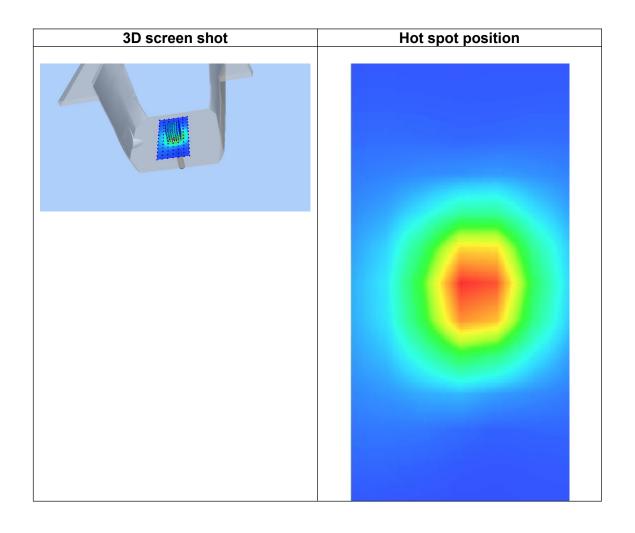
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 9.73 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.213380
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.472335













# 11. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

	Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 2.4G Body	





## **MEASUREMENT 1**

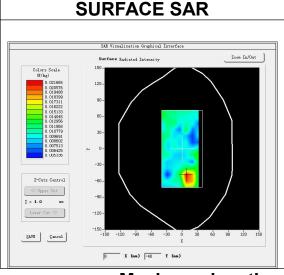
Date of measurement: 7/8/2024

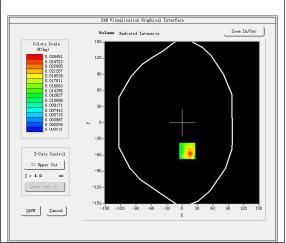
A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>			
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm		
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm		
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>		
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>		
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>		
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>		
<u>Signal</u>	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)		
ConvF	2.85		

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

<del></del>	
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.963085
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.076779
Conductivity (S/m)	1.770451
Variation (%)	-1.850000





**VOLUME SAR** 

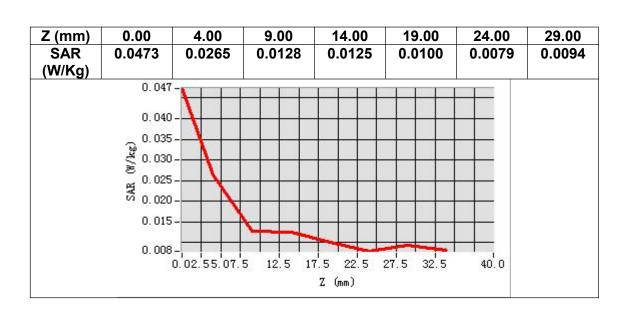
Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-52.00

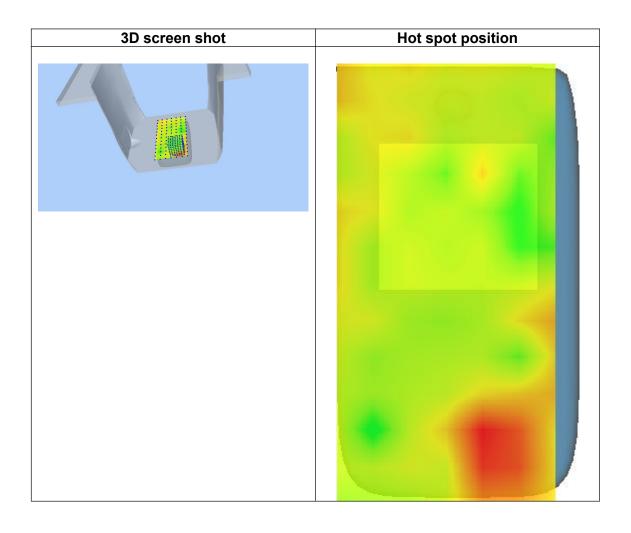
SAR Peak: 0.04 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.014989
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.021827













# 12. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents		
E Field Probe - 3423-EPGO-426		
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352		
Extended Calibration Certificate		
Extended Calibration Certificate		







### **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

# SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE SERIAL NO.: 3423-EPGO-426

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 09/18/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on <u>www.cofrac.fr</u>

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#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).









#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

10	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Cyrille ONNEE	Measurement Responsible	9/18/2023	3
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	9/18/2023	JE
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	9/19/2023	Yann TOUTAAN

Signature Yann numérique de Yann Toutain ID Toutain ID Date: 2023.09.19 09:08:14 +02'00'

Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK **TESTING** Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Cyrille ONNEE	9/18/2023	Initial release
	S		4
3.	2		

Page: 2/10



#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

į.	Devi	ce Under Test4	
2	Prod	uct Description4	
	2.1	General Information	
3	Mea	surement Method4	
	3.1	Sensitivity	
	3.2	Linearity	
	3.3	Isotropy	
	3.4	Boundary Effect	
4	Mea	surement Uncertainty6	
5	Calil	bration Results	
	5.1	Calibration in air	6
	5.2	Calibration in liquid	
5	Veri	fication Results8	
7	List	of Equipment9	







#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR 261 11 23 BES A

#### 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SSE2		
Serial Number	3423-EPGO-426		
Product Condition (new / used)	New		
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz		
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.261 MΩ		
8	Dipole 2: R2=0.213 MΩ		
	Dipole 3: R3=0.233 MΩ		

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

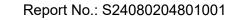
#### 3.1 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.

Page: 4/10









#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR 261 11 23 BES A

#### 3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100 W/kg.

#### 3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and  $d_{\rm be}$  +  $d_{\rm steo}$  along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} \left[\% \right] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \, \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta \beta)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR<sub>uncertainty</sub> is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 $\Delta_{ ext{step}}$  is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 $\delta$  is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e.,  $\delta \approx 14$  mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR<sub>be</sub> in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance  $d_{\text{be}}$  from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).







#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR 261 11 23 BES A

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

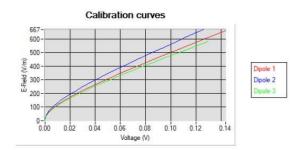
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is  $\pm 14\%$  for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

#### 5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

#### 5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^{2} = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \frac{V_{i} (1 + \frac{V_{i}}{DCP_{i}})}{Norm_{i}}$$

where

Vi=voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCPi=diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

Normi=dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe

Page: 6/10









#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR 261 11 23 BES A

Normx dipole 1 $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$		
0.78	0.62	0.85

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
105	108	107

#### 5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

 $\sigma$ =the conductivity of the liquid

ρ=the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c=the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt=the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{4PW}{ab\delta}e^{\frac{-2Z}{\delta}}$$

where

a=the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide b=the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide δ=the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide Pw=the power delivered to the liquid

Page: 7/10

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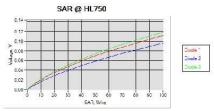
#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

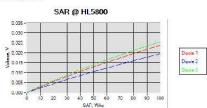
Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz*)	<u>Con∨F</u>
HL750	750	2.37
HL850	835	2.32
HL900	900	2.23
HL1800	1800	2.45
HL1900	1900	2.63
HL2000	2000	2.83
HL2300	2300	2.81
HL2450	2450	2.85
HL2600	2600	2.65
HL3300	3300	2.21
HL3500	3500	2.20
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.40
HL4200	4200	2.40
HL4600	4600	2.33
HL4900	4900	2.37
HL5200	5200	2.07
HL5400	5400	2.11
HL5600	5600	2.20
HL5800	5800	2.04

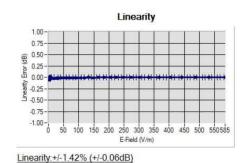
(\*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz

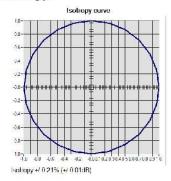




#### VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is +/-0.2 dB for linearity and +/-0.15 dB for axial isotropy.





Page: 8/10

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE COMOSAR Probe vL

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#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

#### 7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Manufacturer / Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2023
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2022	09/2025
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide MVG SN 32/16 WG2_1 Validated. No cal required.		Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG		Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

Page: 9/10









#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
emperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024







## **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.53.29.24.BES.A

# SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15DIP2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/21/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.









#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

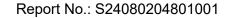
Ref : ACR.53.29.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	fedurfling
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	J <del>3</del>
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/27/2024	Yann TOUTANN

Signature Yann numérique de Toutain ID Date: 2024.02.27 08:57:39 +01'00'

Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: **TECHNOLOGY** CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release
**			
			-
=			





#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR.53.29.24.BES.A

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Intro	oduction4	
2	Dev	ice Under Test4	
3	Proc	luct Description4	
	3.1	General Information	
4	Mea	surement Method	
	4.1	Mechanical Requirements	5
	4.2	S11 parameter Requirements	
	4.3	SAR Requirements	5
5	Mea	surement Uncertainty5	
	5.1	Mechanical dimensions	5
	5.2	S11 Parameter	5
	5.3	SAR	
6	Cali	bration Results6	
	6.1	Mechanical Dimensions	6
	6.2	S11 parameter	e
	6.3	SAR	6
7	List	of Equipment8	





#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR. 53.29.24.BES.A

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID2450			
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP2G450-352			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole









#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR 53 29 24 BES A

#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

#### 4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

#### 4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

#### 4.3 SAR REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

#### 5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is  $\pm$ 0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

#### 5.2 S11 PARAMETER

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is  $\pm -0.08$  with respect to measurement conditions.

#### 5.3 <u>SAR</u>

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

Page: 5/8







#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR 53 29 24 BES A

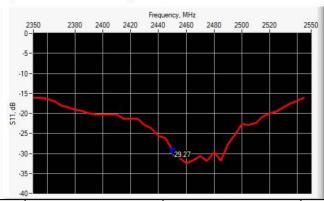
#### 6 CALIBRATION RESULTS

#### 6.1 <u>MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS</u>

L mm		h mm		d mm	
Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required
<u> </u>	51.50 +/- 2%	8	30.40 +/- 2%		3.60 +/- 2%

#### 6.2 S11 PARAMETER

#### 6.2.1 S11 parameter in Head Liquid



Frequency (MHz)	S11 parameter (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-29.27	-20	$53.6\Omega + 0.1j\Omega$

#### 6.3 SAR

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

#### 6.3.1 SAR with Head Liquid

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.







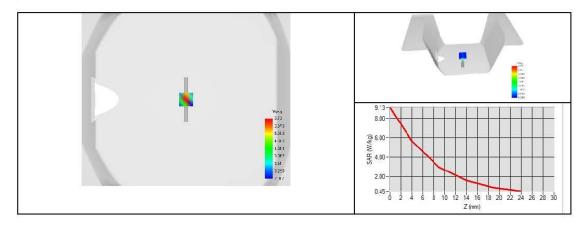


#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.29.24.BES.A

Software	OPENSAR V5		
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68		
Probe	3523-EPGO-429		
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 42.1 sigma: 1.83		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	2450 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C		
Lab Humidity	30-70 %		

Frequency	1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)		
	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W
2450 MHz	5.00	50.05	52.40	2.38	23.80	24.00









#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.29.24.BES.A

#### 7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Ildentification No I		Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN 13/09 SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025		
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	11/2022	11/2025		
Reference Probe	MVG	3523-EPGO-429	11/2023	11/2024		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025		
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024		
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025		
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to Characterized test. No cal required. test. No cal re			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024		

Page: 8/8