

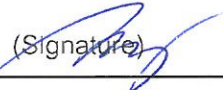

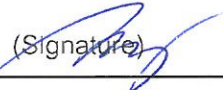

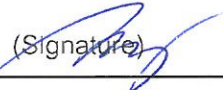


SAR TEST REPORT

| | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-------------|--|---|
| <p>DT&C Co., Ltd. 42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea Tel: 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664</p> | <p>Report No : DRRFCC1511-0101(1) Pages:(1) / (167) page</p> |  | | | |
| <p>1. Customer</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name : BLUEBIRD INC. • Address : (Dogok-dong, SEI Tower 13,14) 39, Eonjuro30-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea <p>2. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant</p> <p>3. Product Name (FCC ID): Enterprise Handheld Computer (FCC ID : SS4EF500)</p> <p>4. Date of Test :2015-08-27 ~ 2015-12-05</p> <p>5. Test Method Used: CFR §2.1093</p> <p>6. Testing Environment :See appended test report</p> <p>7. Test Result : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail</p> <p>The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Affirmation</td> <td> Tested by Name :BumJun,Park  </td> <td> Technical Manager Name : Harvey Sung  </td> </tr> </table> | | | Affirmation | Tested by Name :BumJun,Park  | Technical Manager Name : Harvey Sung  |
| Affirmation | Tested by Name :BumJun,Park  | Technical Manager Name : Harvey Sung  | | | |
| <p style="text-align: center;">2015. 12. 07.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">DT&C Co., Ltd.</p> | | | | | |

Test Report Version

| Test Report No. | Date | Description |
|--------------------|---------------|--|
| DRRFCC1511-0101 | Nov. 19, 2015 | Initial issue |
| DRRFCC1511-0101(1) | Dec. 7, 2015 | Add composition mixtures information. Add U-NII Band Head SAR Data. |
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1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

General Information

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| EUT type | Enterprise Handheld Computer | | | |
| FCC ID | SS4EF500 | | | |
| Equipment model name | EF500 | | | |
| Equipment add model name | EF500R 2 models are same mechanical, electrical and functional. The only difference is the model name, which are changed for marketing purpose. | | | |
| Equipment serial no. | Identical prototype | | | |
| Mode(s) of Operation | CDMA 850, CDMA 1900, GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1900, LTE Band 2, 4, 5, 17, 2.4 GHz W-LAN(802.11b/g/n HT20), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n HT20/n HT40) | | | |
| TX Frequency Range | Band | Mode | Bandwidth | Frequency |
| | CDMA 850 | CDMA | - | 824.7 ~ 848.31 MHz |
| | CDMA 1900 | CDMA | - | 1851.25 ~ 1908.75 MHz |
| | GSM 850 | GSM/GPRS/EDGE | - | 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz |
| | GSM 1900 | GSM/GPRS/EDGE | - | 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz |
| | WCDMA 850 | WCDMA | - | 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz |
| | WCDMA 1900 | WCDMA | - | 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz |
| | LTE Band 17 | LTE | 10 MHz | 709 ~ 711 MHz |
| | LTE Band 5(Cell) | LTE | 10 MHz | 829 ~ 844 MHz |
| | LTE Band 4(AWS) | LTE | 10 MHz | 1715 ~ 1750 MHz |
| | LTE Band 2(PCS) | LTE | 10 MHz | 1855 ~ 1905 MHz |
| | DTS | 802.11b/g/n HT20 | HT20 | 2412 ~ 2462 MHz |
| | U-NII-1 | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5180 ~ 5240 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5190 ~ 5230 MHz |
| | U-NII-2A | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5260 ~ 5320 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5270 ~ 5310 MHz |
| | U-NII-2C | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5500 ~ 5700 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5510 ~ 5670 MHz |
| | U-NII-3 | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5745 ~ 5825 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5755 ~ 5795 MHz |
| RX Frequency Range | CDMA 850 | CDMA | - | 869.7 ~ 893.31 MHz |
| | CDMA 1900 | CDMA | - | 1931.25 ~ 1988.75 MHz |
| | GSM 850 | GSM/GPRS/EDGE | - | 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz |
| | GSM 1900 | GSM/GPRS/EDGE | - | 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz |
| | WCDMA 850 | WCDMA | - | 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz |
| | WCDMA 1900 | WCDMA | - | 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz |
| | LTE Band 17 | LTE | 10 MHz | 739 ~ 741 MHz |
| | LTE Band 5(Cell) | LTE | 10 MHz | 874 ~ 889 MHz |
| | LTE Band 4(AWS) | LTE | 10 MHz | 2115 ~ 2150 MHz |
| | LTE Band 2(PCS) | LTE | 10 MHz | 1935 ~ 1985 MHz |
| | DTS | 802.11b/g/n HT20 | HT20 | 2412 ~ 2462 MHz |
| | U-NII-1 | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5180 ~ 5240 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5190 ~ 5230 MHz |
| | U-NII-2A | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5260 ~ 5320 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5270 ~ 5310 MHz |
| | U-NII-2C | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5500 ~ 5700 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5510 ~ 5670 MHz |
| | U-NII-3 | 802.11a/n HT20 | HT20 | 5745 ~ 5825 MHz |
| | | 802.11n HT40 | HT40 | 5755 ~ 5795 MHz |

| Band | Mode | Measured Conducted Power [dBm] | Ch | Reported SAR | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|-------|---------------|----------------------|---------|
| | | | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | | |
| | | | | Head | Body-worn | Hotspot |
| PCE | CDMA 850 | 24.51 | 384 | 0.22 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| PCE | CDMA 1900 | 24.04 | 600 | 0.10 | 0.99 | 1.11 |
| PCE | GSM 850 | 33.32 | 190 | 0.14 | 0.18 | N/A |
| PCE | GPRS 850 | 29.28 | 190 | 0.27 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| PCE | GSM 1900 | 30.17 | 661 | 0.03 | 0.68 | N/A |
| PCE | GPRS 1900 | 26.34 | 661 | 0.08 | 0.73 | 0.99 |
| PCE | WCDMA 850 | 23.96 | 4183 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.22 |
| PCE | WCDMA 1900 | 23.62 | 9400 | 0.07 | 0.75 | 1.11 |
| PCE | LTE Band 17 | 23.87 | 23790 | 0.10 | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| PCE | LTE Band 5 | 23.88 | 20525 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| PCE | LTE Band 4 | 22.90 | 20175 | 0.02 | 0.33 | 0.37 |
| PCE | LTE Band 2 | 23.19 | 18900 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.93 |
| DTS | 2.4 GHz W-LAN | 16.61 | 11 | 0.10 | N/A | 0.16 |
| U-NII-2A | 5.3 GHz W-LAN | 10.80 | 52 | 0.05 | N/A | N/A |
| U-NII-2C | 5.6 GHz W-LAN | 10.50 | 116 | 0.04 | N/A | N/A |
| U-NII-3 | 5.8 GHz W-LAN | 10.34 | 149 | 0.06 | N/A | N/A |
| DSS | Bluetooth | 7.00 | N/A | N/A | 0.12 ^{Note} | N/A |
| Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03 | | | N/A | 0.37 | 1.11 | 1.11 |
| FCC Equipment Class | PCS Licensed Transmitter held to ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS) Digital Transmission System (DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) | | | | | |
| Date(s) of Tests | 2015-08-27 ~ 2015-12-05 | | | | | |
| Antenna Type | Internal Type Antenna | | | | | |
| Note | Bluetooth SAR was estimated. | | | | | |
| Functions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GSM/GPRS (GPRS Class: 12) / EDGE (EDGE Class: 12) supported * DTM not supported BT(2.4GHz) / W-LAN(2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n(HT20)) supported W-LAN(5GHz 802.11a/n(HT20)/n(HT40)) supported * No simultaneous transmission between BT & WLAN GPRS, WCDMA, LTE, W-LAN VoIP supported. WiFi 2.4GHz Mobile Hotspot supported. LTE Band(B2, B4, B5, B17) is only 10 MHz bandwidth support. Simultaneous transmission between GSM, WCDMA voice + WLAN / GPRS, WCDMA + WLAN / LTE + WLAN | | | | | |

1.1 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)

1.2 Device Overview

| Band | Mode | Operating Modes | Tx Frequency |
|----------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| PCE | CDMA 850 | Voice/Data | 824.7 ~ 848.31 MHz |
| | CDMA 1900 | Voice/Data | 1851.25 ~ 1908.75 MHz |
| | GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850 | Voice/Data | 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz |
| | GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900 | Voice/Data | 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz |
| | WCDMA 850 | Voice/Data | 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz |
| | WCDMA 1900 | Voice/Data | 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz |
| | LTE Band 17 | Data | 706.5 ~ 713.5 MHz |
| | LTE Band 5 | Data | 824.7 ~ 848.3 MHz |
| | LTE Band 4 | Data | 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 MHz |
| | LTE Band 2 | Data | 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 MHz |
| DTS | 2.4 GHz WLAN | Data | 2412 ~ 2462 MHz |
| U-NII-1 | 5.2 GHz WLAN | Data | 5180 ~ 5240 MHz |
| U-NII-2A | 5.3 GHz WLAN | Data | 5260 ~ 5320 MHz |
| U-NII-2C | 5.6 GHz WLAN | Data | 5500 ~ 5700 MHz |
| U-NII-3 | 5.8 GHz WLAN | Data | 5745 ~ 5825 MHz |
| DSS | Bluetooth | Data | 2402 ~ 2480 MHz |

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

| Band & Mode | | | Modulated Average [dBm] |
|-------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------|
| PCE | CDMA 850 | Maximum | 25.0 |
| | | Nominal | 24.5 |
| | CDMA 1900 | Maximum | 24.2 |
| | | Nominal | 23.7 |

| Band & Mode | | | Voice [dBm] | Burst Average GMSK [dBm] | | | | Burst Average 8-PSK [dBm] | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | 1 TX Slot | 1 TX Slot | 2 TX Slot | 3 TX Slot | 4 TX Slot | 1 TX Slot | 2 TX Slot | 3 TX Slot | 4 TX Slot |
| PCE | GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850 | Maximum | 33.5 | 33.5 | 31.7 | 29.9 | 29.3 | 27.7 | 27.2 | 26.9 | 26.3 |
| | | Nominal | 33.0 | 33.0 | 31.2 | 29.4 | 28.8 | 27.2 | 26.7 | 26.4 | 25.8 |
| | GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900 | Maximum | 30.2 | 30.2 | 28.8 | 27.5 | 26.4 | 26.2 | 25.8 | 25.2 | 24.8 |
| | | Nominal | 29.7 | 29.7 | 28.3 | 27.0 | 25.9 | 25.7 | 25.3 | 24.7 | 24.3 |

| Band & Mode | | | Modulated Average [dBm] | | | | |
|-------------|------------|---------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | 3GPP WCDMA | 3GPP HSDPA | | | |
| | | | | Rel. 5 | | | |
| | | | | Rel. 99 | Subtest 1 | Subtest 2 | Subtest 3 |
| PCE | WCDMA 850 | Maximum | 24.2 | 24.2 | 24.2 | 23.7 | 23.7 |
| | | Nominal | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.2 | 23.2 |
| | WCDMA 1900 | Maximum | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.2 | 23.2 |
| | | Nominal | 23.2 | 23.2 | 23.2 | 22.7 | 22.7 |

Note : This device supports HSUPA but the manufacturer declares that the HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solution. Please refer to the tune-up procedure.

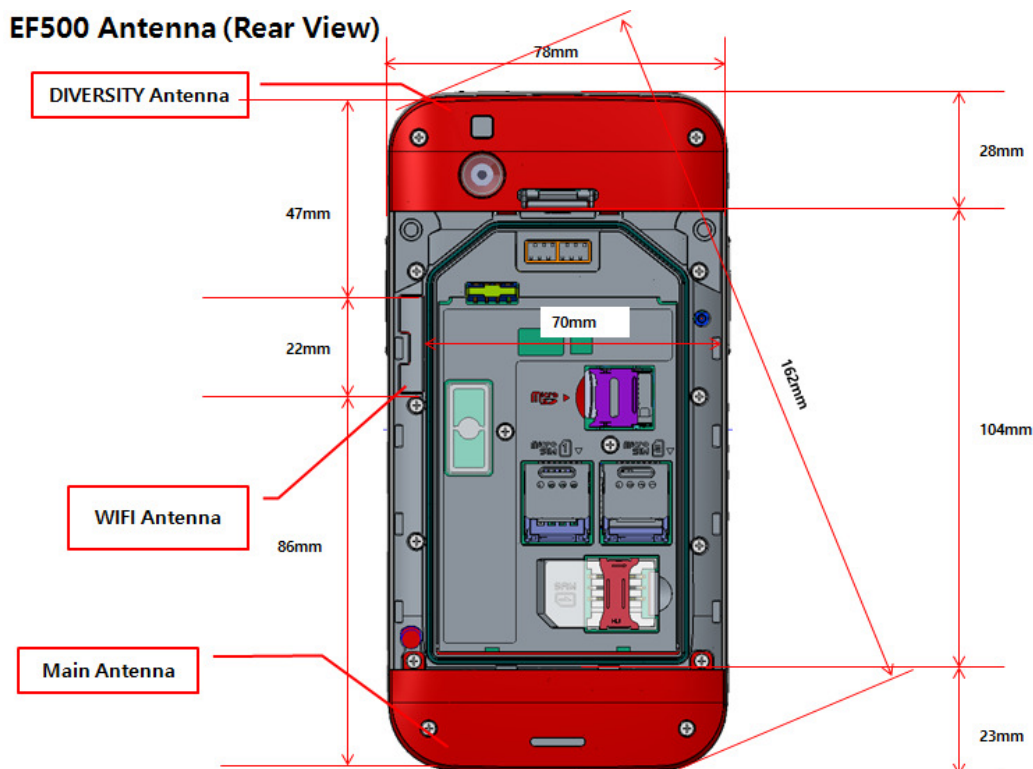
| Band & Mode | | | Modulated Average [dBm] |
|-------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| PCE | LTE Band 17 | Maximum | 24.0 |
| | | Nominal | 23.5 |
| | LTE Band 5(Cell) | Maximum | 24.0 |
| | | Nominal | 23.5 |
| | LTE Band 4(AWS) | Maximum | 23.0 |
| | | Nominal | 22.5 |
| | LTE Band 2(PCS) | Maximum | 23.2 |
| | | Nominal | 22.7 |

| Band & Mode | | | Modulated Average[dBm] | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------|--------|---------|
| | | | Ch Low | Ch Mid | Ch High |
| DTS | IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz) | Maximum | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 |
| | | Nominal | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.7 |
| | IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz) | Maximum | 13.3 | 13.3 | 11.6 |
| | | Nominal | 12.3 | 12.3 | 10.6 |
| | IEEE 802.11n HT20 (2.4 GHz) | Maximum | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.6 |
| | | Nominal | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 |

| Band & Mode | | | Modulated Average[dBm] |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| U-NII-1 | IEEE 802.11a/n HT20/n HT40 (5.2 GHz) | Maximum | 11.0 |
| | | Nominal | 10.0 |
| U-NII-2A | IEEE 802.11a/n HT20/n HT40(5.3 GHz) | Maximum | 11.0 |
| | | Nominal | 10.0 |
| U-NII-2C | IEEE 802.11a/n HT20/n HT40(5.6 GHz) | Maximum | 10.6 |
| | | Nominal | 9.6 |
| U-NII-3 | IEEE 802.11a/n HT20/n HT40(5.8 GHz) | Maximum | 10.5 |
| | | Nominal | 9.5 |

| Band & Mode | | | Modulated Average[dBm] | | |
|-------------|---------------------|---------|------------------------|--------|---------|
| | | | Ch Low | Ch Mid | Ch High |
| DSS | Bluetooth 1 Mbps | Maximum | 6.0 | 7.5 | 6.0 |
| | | Nominal | 5.0 | 6.5 | 5.0 |
| | Bluetooth 2 Mbps | Maximum | 3.5 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
| | | Nominal | 2.5 | 4.0 | 2.5 |
| | Bluetooth 3 Mbps | Maximum | 3.5 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
| | | Nominal | 2.5 | 4.0 | 2.5 |
| DTS | Bluetooth LE | Maximum | -3.5 | -3.0 | -4.0 |
| | | Nominal | -4.5 | -4.0 | -5.0 |

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations



Note 1: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the “Antenna Location_SS4EF500” in the FCC Filing.
Note 2: Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm, it is considered a “phablet”.

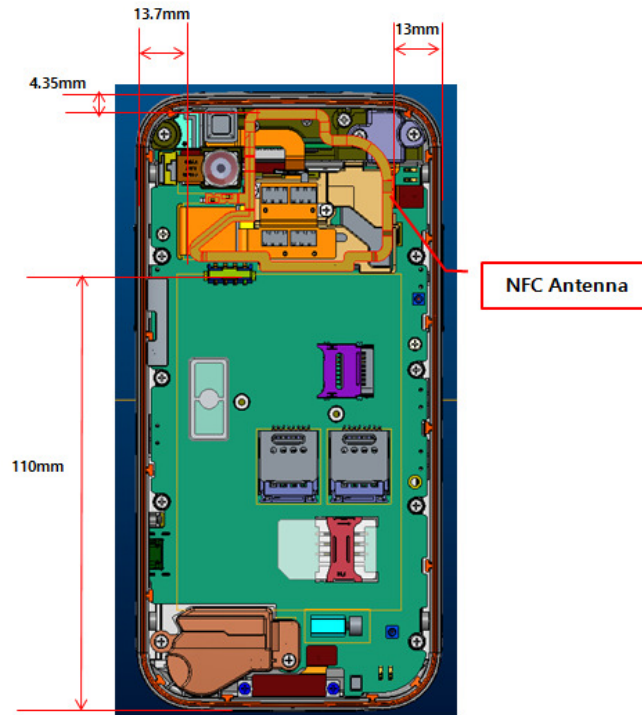
| Mode | Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|------|-------|------|
| | Top | Bottom | Front | Rear | Right | Left |
| CDMA 850 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| CDMA 1900 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| GSM 850 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| GSM 1900 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| WCDMA 850 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| WCDMA 1900 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| LTE Band 17 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| LTE Band 5 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| LTE Band 4 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| LTE Band 2 | X | O | O | O | O | O |
| 2.4G W-LAN(802.11b) | X | X | O | O | O | X |

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmit antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 guidance, page 2. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

1.5 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the back cover. The SAR tests were performed with the back cover with NFC antenna already incorporated.

EF500 Antenna



1.6 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI & BT

Since Wireless Router operations of this device are only allowed using 2.4 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02r01.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **Bluetooth SAR was not required**; $[(6/10) * \sqrt{2.441}] = \underline{0.9} < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **Bluetooth LE** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **Bluetooth LE SAR was not required**; $[(1/10) * \sqrt{2.440}] = \underline{0.1} < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **2.4 GHz WIFI** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **2.4 GHz WIFI SAR was required**; $[(47/10) * \sqrt{2.462}] = \underline{7.3} > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.2 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.2 GHz WIFI Head SAR was required**; $[(13/5)^* \sqrt{5.240}] = \underline{5.8} > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.3 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.3 GHz WIFI Head SAR was required**; $[(13/5)^* \sqrt{5.320}] = \underline{5.8} > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.6 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.6 GHz WIFI Head SAR was required**; $[(11/5)^* \sqrt{5.700}] = \underline{5.5} > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.8 GHz WIFI Head** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.8 GHz WIFI Head SAR was required**; $[(11/5)^* \sqrt{5.825}] = \underline{5.4} > 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.2 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.2 GHz WIFI Body SAR was not required**; $[(13/10)^* \sqrt{5.240}] = \underline{2.9} < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.3 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.3 GHz WIFI Body SAR was not required**; $[(13/10)^* \sqrt{5.320}] = \underline{2.9} < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.6 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.6 GHz WIFI Body SAR was not required**; $[(11/10)^* \sqrt{5.700}] = \underline{2.7} < 3.0$.

Based on the maximum conducted power of **5.8 GHz WIFI Body** (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, **5.8 GHz WIFI Body SAR was not required**; $[(11/10)^* \sqrt{5.825}] = \underline{2.7} < 3.0$.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

1.7 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

| Band & Mode | Head Serial Number | Hotspot Serial Number |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| CDMA 850 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| CDMA 1900 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| GSM/GPRS 850 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| GSM/GPRS 1900 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| WCDMA 850 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| WCDMA 1900 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| LTE Band 17 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| LTE Band 5 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| LTE Band 4 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| LTE Band 2 | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| 2.4 GHz WLAN | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |
| 5 GHz WLAN | FCC #1 | FCC #1 |

1.9 LTE Information

| LTE Information | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|-------------|
| FCC ID | SS4EF500 | | |
| Form Factor | Enterprise Handheld Computer | | |
| Frequency Range of each LTE transmission Band | LTE Band 17 (709 ~ 711 MHz) | | |
| | LTE Band 5 (Cell) (829 ~ 844 MHz) | | |
| | LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1715 ~ 1750 MHz) | | |
| | LTE Band 2 (PCS) (1855 ~ 1905 MHz) | | |
| Channel Bandwidths | LTE Band 17: 10 MHz | | |
| | LTE Band 5 (Cell): 10 MHz | | |
| | LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz | | |
| | LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz | | |
| Channel Number and Frequencies (MHz) | Low | Mid | High |
| LTE Band 17: 10 MHz | - | 710(23790) ^{Note1} | - |
| LTE Band 5 (Cell): 10 MHz | - | 836.5(20525) ^{Note1} | - |
| LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz | 1715(20000) | 1732.5(20175) | 1750(20350) |
| LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz | 1855(18650) | 1880(18900) | 1905(19150) |
| UE Category / Modulations Supported | UE Category 4 / QPSK, 16QAM | | |
| LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided) | Yes | | |
| A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing? | N/A (This device does not support A-MPR) | | |
| LTE Carrier Aggregation | This device does not support both UL and DL carrier aggregation. | | |

Note 1: LTE Band 17 and LTE Band 5 (Cell) at 10 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

2. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95*.1-2005 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 2.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 2.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m^3)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 3.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller each pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz desktop computer with Windows 7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

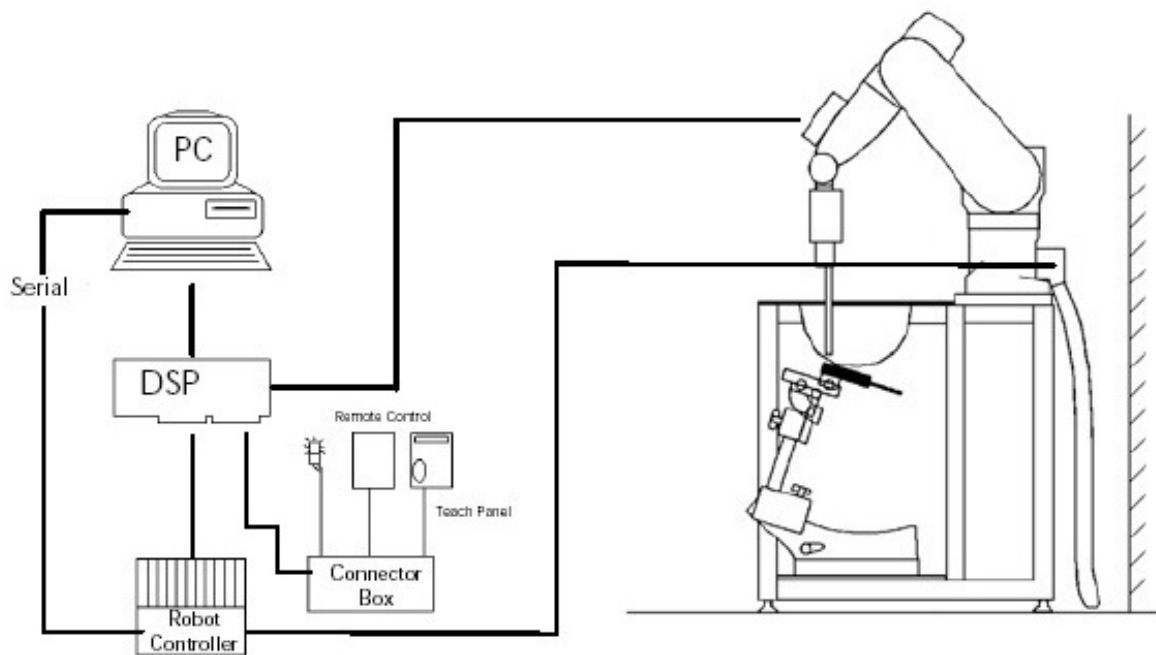


Figure 3.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.

3.2 EX3DV4Probe Specification

| | |
|---|---|
| Calibration | In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz |
| | In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 300 MHz, 450 MHz, 600 MHz, 750 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2300 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5500 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 6 GHz |
| Linearity | ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| Dynamic | 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g |
| Range | Linearity : ± 0.2 dB |
| Dimensions | Overall length : 337 mm |
| Tip length | 20 mm |
| Body diameter | 12 mm |
| Tip diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Distance from probe tip to sensor center | 1.0 mm |
| Application | SAR Dosimetry Testing |
| | Compliance tests of mobile phones |

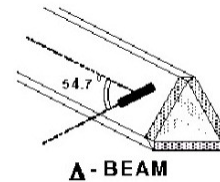
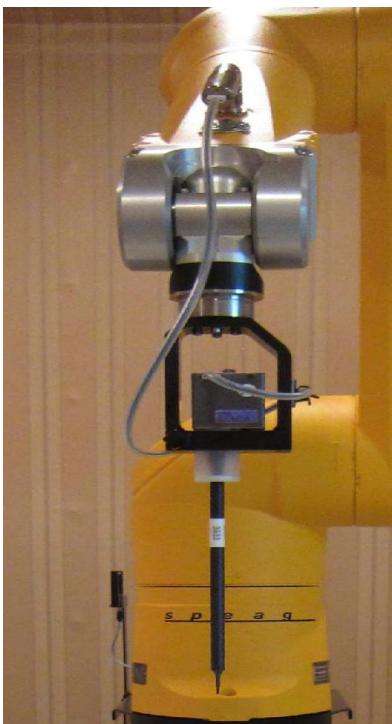


Figure 3.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 3.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 3.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multitier line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

3.3 Probe Calibration Process

3.3.1 E-Probe Calibration

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
 C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

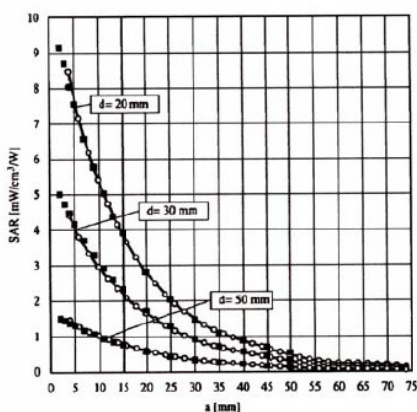


Figure 3.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

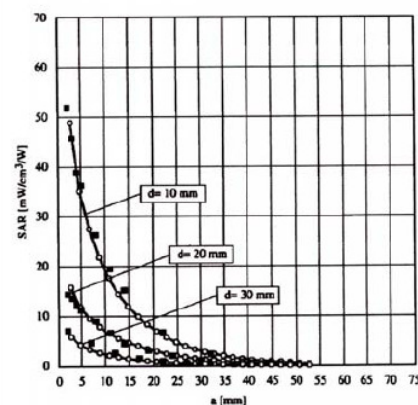


Figure 3.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz

3.4 Data Extrapolation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes
 $ConvF$ = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{free} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$

with P_{free} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

3.5 SAM Twin PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 3.6)



Figure 3.6 SAM Twin Phantom

SAM Twin Phantom Specification:

Construction

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

Shell Thickness

2 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume

Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions

Length: 1000 mm

Width: 500 mm

Height: adjustable feet

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications:


The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 3.7). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 3.7 Sam Twin Phantom shell

3.6 Modular Flat PHANTOM

Modular Flat Phantom Specification:

| | | |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Construction | <p>Triple Modular Phantom consists of three identical modules which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. It includes three reference points for phantom installation. Covers prevent evaporation of the liquid. Phantom material is resistant to DGBE based tissue simulating liquids. The MFP V5.1 will be delivered including wooden support only (non-standard SPEAG support). Applicable for system performance check from 800 MHz to 6 GHz and dosimetric evaluations for body-worn operation.</p> |  |
| Shell Thickness | <p>2 ± 0.2 mm(bottom plate)</p> | |
| Filling Volume | <p>Approx. 9.2 liters(per module)</p> | |
| Dimensions | <p>Length: 830 mm Width: 500 mm</p> | |

3.7 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c, V5.0 or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 3.8 Mounting Device

3.8 Brain & Muscle Simulation Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.



Figure 3.9 Simulated Tissue

Table3.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

| Ingredients (% by weight) | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|
| | 835 | | 1900 | | 2450 | | 5200 ~ 5800 | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 40.19 | 50.75 | 55.24 | 70.23 | 71.88 | 73.40 | 65.52 | 80.00 |
| Salt (NaCl) | 1.480 | 0.940 | 0.310 | 0.290 | 0.160 | 0.060 | - | - |
| Sugar | 57.90 | 48.21 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| HEC | 0.250 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bactericide | 0.180 | 0.100 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Triton X-100 | - | - | - | - | 19.97 | - | 17.24 | - |
| DGBE | - | - | 44.45 | 29.48 | 7.990 | 26.54 | - | - |
| Diethylene glycol hexyl ether | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17.24 | - |
| Polysorbate (Tween) 80 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20.00 |
| Target for Dielectric Constant | 41.5 | 55.2 | 40.0 | 53.3 | 39.2 | 52.7 | - | - |
| Target for Conductivity (S/m) | 0.90 | 0.97 | 1.40 | 1.52 | 1.80 | 1.95 | - | - |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--------|------------------------|
| Salt: | 99 % Pure Sodium Chloride | Sugar: | 98 % Pure Sucrose |
| Water: | De-ionized, 16M resistivity | HEC: | Hydroxyethyl Cellulose |
| DGBE: | 99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol] | | |
| Triton X-100(ultra pure): | Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether | | |

Table3.2 HSL/MSL750 (Head and Body liquids for 700 – 800 MHz)

| Item | Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL750 |
|--|---|
| | Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL750 |
| Type No | SL AAH 075, SL AAM 075 |
| Manufacturer | SPEAG |
| The item is composed of the following ingredients: | |
| H ² O | Water, 35 – 58% |
| Sucrose | Sucrose, 40 – 60% |
| NaCl | Sodium Chloride, 0 – 6% |
| Hydroxyethyl-cellulose | Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), < 0.3% |
| Preventol-D7 | Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone, 0.1 – 0.6% |

Table3.3 HSL/MSL1750 (Head and Body liquids for 1700 – 1800 MHz)

| Item | Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL1750 |
|--|--|
| | Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL1750 |
| Type No | SL AAH 175, SL AAM 175 |
| Manufacturer | SPEAG |
| The item is composed of the following ingredients: | |
| H ² O | Water, 52 – 75% |
| C ₈ H ₁₈ O ₃ | Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48% |
| NaCl | Sodium Chloride, < 1.0% |

3.9 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Table 3.2 Test Equipment Calibration

| | Type | Manufacturer | Model | Cal.Date | Next.Cal.Date | S/N |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SEMITEC Engineering | SEMITEC | N/A | N/A | N/A | Shield Room |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Robot | SCHMID | TX60L | N/A | N/A | F14/5VR2A1/A/01 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Robot Controller | SCHMID | CS8C | N/A | N/A | F14/5VR2A1/C/01 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Joystick | SCHMID | N/A | N/A | N/A | D21142605A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | IntelCorei7-3770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Probe Alignment Unit LB | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | SE UKS 030 AA |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Mounting Device | SCHMID | Holder | N/A | N/A | SD000H01KA |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Twin SAM Phantom | SCHMID | QD000P40CD | N/A | N/A | TP1220 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Triple Modular Phantom | SCHMID | QD000P51CA | N/A | N/A | 1147 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Data Acquisition Electronics | SCHMID | DAE4V1 | 2015-04-28 | 2016-04-28 | 1391 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | SCHMID | EX3DV4 | 2015-05-27 | 2016-05-27 | 3866 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Dummy Probe | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 750 MHz SAR Dipole | SCHMID | D750V3 | 2014-11-13 | 2016-11-13 | 1049 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 835 MHz SAR Dipole | SCHMID | D835V2 | 2014-11-19 | 2016-11-19 | 4d159 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1800 MHz SAR Dipole | SCHMID | D1800V2 | 2015-07-16 | 2017-07-16 | 2d047 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1900 MHz SAR Dipole | SCHMID | D1900V2 | 2014-11-14 | 2016-11-14 | 5d176 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2450 MHz SAR Dipole | SCHMID | D2450V2 | 2014-11-19 | 2016-11-19 | 920 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 GHz SAR Dipole | SCHMID | D5GHzV2 | 2015-03-23 | 2016-03-23 | 1103 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Network Analyzer | Agilent | E5071C | 2014-12-19 | 2015-12-19 | MY46111534 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Signal Generator | Agilent | ESG-3000A | 2015-06-26 | 2016-06-26 | US37230529 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Signal Generator | Agilent | E4438C | 2015-09-09 | 2016-09-09 | US41461520 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Amplifier | EMPOWER | BBS3Q7ELU | 2015-09-09 | 2016-09-09 | 1020 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Amplifier | RFBAY | MPA-40-40 | 2015-05-08 | 2016-05-08 | 21151801 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Amplifier | EMPOWER | BBS3Q8CCJ | 2015-10-20 | 2016-10-20 | 1005 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Power Meter | HP | EPM-442A | 2015-02-26 | 2016-02-26 | GB37170267 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Power Meter | Anritsu | ML2495A | 2014-10-07 2015-09-23 | 2015-10-07 2016-09-23 | 1435003 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Wide Bandwidth Power Sensor | Anritsu | MA2490A | 2014-10-07 2015-09-23 | 2015-10-07 2016-09-23 | 1409034 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Power Sensor | HP | 8481A | 2015-02-26 | 2016-02-26 | 3318A96566 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Power Sensor | HP | 8481A | 2015-02-06 | 2016-02-06 | 2702A65976 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Dual Directional Coupler | Agilent | 778D-012 | 2015-01-06 | 2016-01-06 | 50228 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Directional Coupler | HP | 772D | 2015-07-27 | 2016-07-27 | 2889A01064 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Low Pass Filter 1.5 GHz | Micro LAB | LA-15N | 2015-01-06 | 2016-01-06 | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Low Pass Filter 3.0 GHz | Micro LAB | LA-30N | 2014-09-11 2015-09-09 | 2015-09-11 2016-09-09 | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Low Pass Filter 6.0 GHz | Micro LAB | LA-60N | 2015-02-25 | 2016-02-25 | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Attenuators (3 dB) | Agilent | 8491B | 2015-06-26 | 2016-06-26 | MY39260700 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Attenuators (10 dB) | WEINSCHEL | 23-10-34 | 2015-01-06 | 2016-01-06 | BP4387 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Step Attenuator | HP | 8494A | 2014-09-11 2015-09-10 | 2015-09-11 2016-09-10 | 3308A33341 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Dielectric Probe kit | SCHMID | DAK-3.5 | 2014-12-09 | 2015-12-09 | 1092 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set | Agilent | E5515C | 2014-09-12 2015-09-10 | 2015-09-12 2016-09-10 | GB41321164 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Wideband Radio Communication Tester | Rohde Schwarz | CMW500 | 2014-09-18 2015-09-09 | 2015-09-18 2016-09-09 | 101414 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Power Splitter | Anritsu | K241B | 2015-02-25 | 2016-02-25 | 1301184 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Bluetooth Tester | TESCOM | TC-3000B | 2015-01-06 | 2016-01-06 | 3000B770243 |

NOTE: The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.

4. TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Automated TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS:

Positioner

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Robot | Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX60L |
| Repeatability | 0.02 mm |
| No. of axis | 6 |

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

| | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| Processor | Intel Core i7-3770 |
| Clock Speed | 3.40 GHz |
| Operating System | Windows 7 Professional |
| Data Card | DASY5 PC-Board |

Data Converter

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Features | Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic |
| Software | DASY5 |
| Connecting Lines | Optical downlink for data and status info Optical uplink for commands and clock |

PC Interface Card

| | |
|----------|--|
| Function | 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE 4 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot |
|----------|--|

E-Field Probes

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Model | EX3DV4 S/N: 3916 |
| Construction | Triangular core fiber optic detection system |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 6 GHz |
| Linearity | ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |

Phantom

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| Phantom | SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0) |
| Shell Material | Composite |
| Thickness | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm |

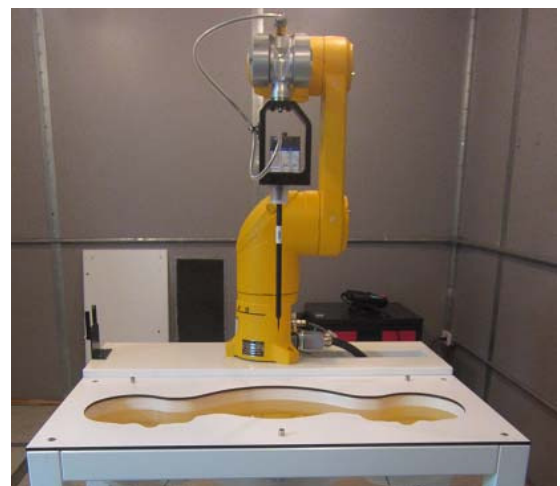


Figure 2.2 DASY5 Test System

5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

5.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

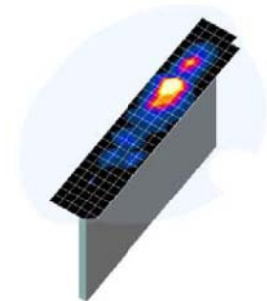


Figure 5.1
Sample SAR Area Scan

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 5-1) and IEEE1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 5-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 3-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

| Frequency | Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{area} , Δy_{area}) | Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{zoom} , Δy_{zoom}) | Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm) | | | Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z) |
|-----------|--|--|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | | Uniform Grid | Graded Grid | | |
| | | | | $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$ | $\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$ | |
| ≤ 2 GHz | ≤ 15 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | $\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 30 |
| 2-3 GHz | ≤ 12 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | $\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 30 |
| 3-4 GHz | ≤ 12 | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 3 | $\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 28 |
| 4-5 GHz | ≤ 10 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 3 | ≤ 2.5 | $\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 25 |
| 5-6 GHz | ≤ 10 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 2 | ≤ 2 | $\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$ | ≥ 22 |

Table 5.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

6. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

6.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.5. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

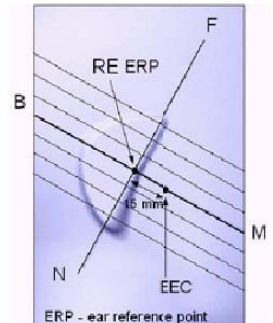


Figure 6.1
Close-up side view
of ERP

6.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Fig. 6.3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it’s top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

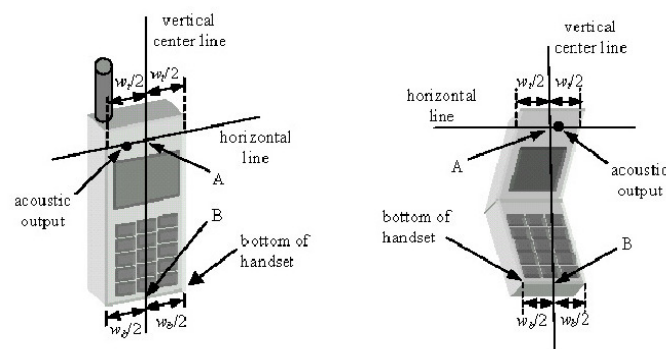


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

7. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

7.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

7.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

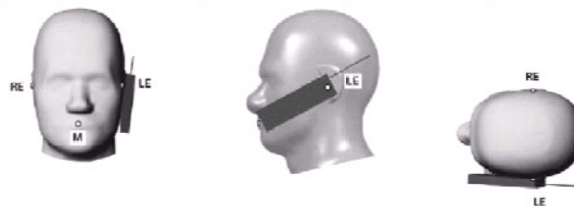


Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 7.2)

7.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 7.3).

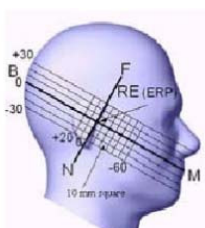


Figure 7.2 Side view w/relevant markings

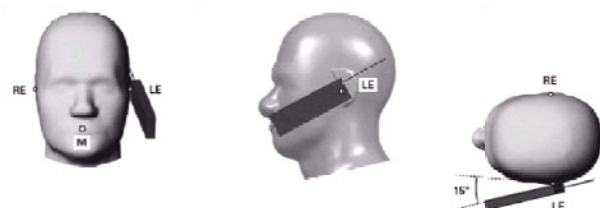


Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

7.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.7). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

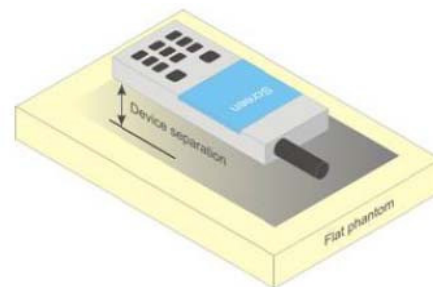


Figure 6.7 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

7.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

7.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes.

Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

8. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005

| | HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS | |
|--|---|---|
| | General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g) | Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g) |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain) | 1.60 | 8.00 |
| SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body) | 0.08 | 0.40 |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist) | 4.00 | 20.0 |

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

9. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

9.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures" v03r01, October 2015.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

9.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "3G SAR Procedures" v03r01, October 23, 2015.

9.3.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007. Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 11-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 11-2 was applied.

Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| I_{or} | dBm/1.23 MHz | -104 |
| $\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7 |
| $\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7.4 |

Table 11-1

Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| I_{or} | dBm/1.23 MHz | -86 |
| $\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7 |
| $\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7.4 |

Table 11-2

5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with "All Up" power control bits.

9.3.2 CDMA 2000 1x Advanced

This device additionally supports 1x Advanced. Conducted powers were measured using SO75 with RC8 on the uplink and RC11 on the downlink per Oct 2012 TCB Workshop notes. Smart blanking was disabled for all measurements. The EUT was configured with forward power control Mode 000 and reverse power control at 400 bps. Conducted powers were measured on an Agilent 8960 Series 10 Wireless Communications Test Set, Model E5515C using the CDMA2000 1x Advanced application, Option E1962B-410.

Based on the maximum output power measured for 1x Advanced, SAR is required for 1x advanced when if the maximum output for 1x Advanced is more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum measured for 1x. Also, if the measured SAR in any 1x mode exposure conditions (head, body etc.) is larger than 1.2 W/kg, the highest of those configurations above 1.2 W/kg for each exposure condition in 1x Advanced has to be repeated. All measured SAR in 1x mode higher than 1.5 W/kg must be repeated for 1x Advanced.

9.3.3 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

9.3.4 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCHn) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCHn) with FCH at full rate and SCH0 enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts. Body SAR was measured using TDSO / SO32 with power control bits in the "All Up".

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

9.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)

9.4.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC, (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

9.4.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

9.4.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

9.4.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

| Sub-test | β_c | β_d | β_d (SF) | β_c/β_d | $\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$ | CM (dB) ⁽²⁾ |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 12/15 ⁽³⁾ | 15/15 ⁽³⁾ | 64 | 12/15 ⁽³⁾ | 24/15 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 |

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Figure 9.1 Table 1

9.4.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.

An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK. HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

| Sub-test | β_c | β_d | β_d (SF) | β_c/β_d | $\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$ | β_{ec} | β_{ed} | β_{ed} (SF) | β_{ed} (codes) | CM ⁽²⁾ (dB) | MPR (dB) | AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index | E-TFCI |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------|
| 1 | 11/15 ⁽³⁾ | 15/15 ⁽³⁾ | 64 | 11/15 ⁽³⁾ | 22/15 | 209/225 | 1039/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 94/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 30/15 | $\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$ | 4 | 2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 2/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 64 | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 30/15 | 24/15 | 134/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 21 | 81 |

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Figure 9.2 Table 2

9.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurement and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

9.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

9.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

9.5.3 A-MPR

This device does not support the A-MPR.

9.5.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04:

- a. Per Section 4.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channel is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 4.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 4.2.1.
- c. Per Section 4.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Section 4.2.4 and 4.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 is less than or equal to 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/kg.

9.6 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

9.6.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

9.6.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

9.6.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

9.6.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

9.6.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power were the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

9.6.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

9.6.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

10.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

| Band | Channel | SO55 | SO55 | TDSO SO32 FCH | TDSO SO32 FCH+SCH _n | 1xEVDO Rev.0 | 1xEVDO Rev.0 | 1xEVDO Rev. A | 1xEVDO Rev. A |
|------|---------|-------|-------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | RC1 | RC3 | RC3 | RC3 | (FTAP) | (RTAP) | (FETAP) | (RETAP) |
| CDMA | 1013 | 24.81 | 24.75 | 24.83 | 24.77 | 24.82 | 24.93 | 24.97 | 24.86 |
| | 384 | 24.60 | 24.48 | 24.51 | 24.52 | 24.51 | 24.58 | 24.58 | 24.55 |
| | 777 | 24.55 | 24.45 | 24.32 | 24.35 | 24.42 | 24.45 | 24.47 | 24.39 |
| PCS | 1013 | 24.03 | 23.95 | 23.93 | 23.94 | 23.91 | 23.98 | 24.04 | 23.96 |
| | 384 | 24.12 | 24.02 | 24.04 | 24.03 | 24.13 | 24.02 | 24.07 | 24.02 |
| | 777 | 23.71 | 23.67 | 23.85 | 23.84 | 23.75 | 24.01 | 23.87 | 23.89 |

Table 10.2 The power was measured by E5515C

Per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01:

1. Head SAR was tested with SO55 RC3. SO55 RC1 was not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB than the SO55 RC3 powers.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. Ev-Do and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO / SO32 FCH only powers.

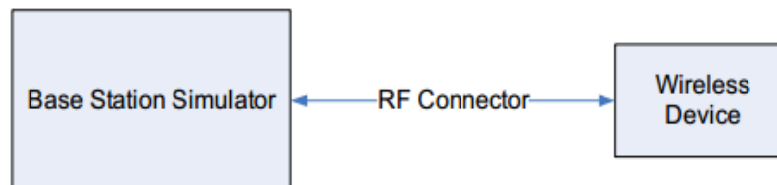


Figure 10.1 Power Measurement Setup

10.2 GSM Conducted Powers

| Band | Channel | Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power(dBm) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | Voice | GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK) | | | | EDGE Data (8-PSK) | | | |
| | | GSM CS 1 Slot | GPRS 1 TX Slot | GPRS 2 TX Slot | GPRS 3 TX Slot | GPRS 4 TX Slot | EDGE 1 TX Slot | EDGE 2 TX Slot | EDGE 3 TX Slot | EDGE 4 TX Slot |
| GSM850 | 128 | 33.02 | 33.02 | 31.20 | 29.44 | 28.61 | 27.10 | 26.85 | 26.43 | 25.97 |
| | 190 | 33.32 | 33.32 | 31.56 | 29.82 | 29.28 | 27.63 | 27.11 | 26.84 | 26.26 |
| | 251 | 33.41 | 33.41 | 31.68 | 29.83 | 29.23 | 27.14 | 26.92 | 26.78 | 26.06 |
| GSM1900 | 512 | 29.75 | 29.75 | 28.35 | 27.08 | 26.02 | 25.96 | 25.57 | 24.92 | 24.36 |
| | 661 | 30.17 | 30.17 | 28.70 | 27.50 | 26.34 | 26.14 | 25.78 | 25.15 | 24.77 |
| | 810 | 29.90 | 29.90 | 28.75 | 27.35 | 26.38 | 25.42 | 25.06 | 24.84 | 23.97 |
| Band | Channel | Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power(dBm) | | | | | | | | |
| | | Voice | GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK) | | | | EDGE Data (8-PSK) | | | |
| | | GSM CS 1 Slot | GPRS 1 TX Slot | GPRS 2 TX Slot | GPRS 3 TX Slot | GPRS 4 TX Slot | EDGE 1 TX Slot | EDGE 2 TX Slot | EDGE 3 TX Slot | EDGE 4 TX Slot |
| GSM850 | 128 | 23.99 | 23.99 | 25.18 | 25.18 | 25.60 | 18.07 | 20.83 | 22.17 | 22.96 |
| | 190 | 24.29 | 24.29 | 25.54 | 25.56 | 26.27 | 18.6 | 21.09 | 22.58 | 23.25 |
| | 251 | 24.38 | 24.38 | 25.66 | 25.57 | 26.22 | 18.11 | 20.9 | 22.52 | 23.05 |
| GSM1900 | 512 | 20.72 | 20.72 | 22.33 | 22.82 | 23.01 | 16.93 | 19.55 | 20.66 | 21.35 |
| | 661 | 21.14 | 21.14 | 22.68 | 23.24 | 23.33 | 17.11 | 19.76 | 20.89 | 21.76 |
| | 810 | 20.87 | 20.87 | 22.73 | 23.09 | 23.37 | 16.39 | 19.04 | 20.58 | 20.96 |
| GSM850 | Frame Avg. Targets: | 23.97 | 23.97 | 25.18 | 25.14 | 25.79 | 18.17 | 20.68 | 22.14 | 22.79 |
| GSM1900 | | 20.67 | 20.67 | 22.28 | 22.74 | 22.89 | 16.67 | 19.28 | 20.44 | 21.29 |

Table 10.1 The power was measured by E5515C

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
- GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
EDGE Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 10.1 Power Measurement Setup

10.3 WCDMA Conducted Powers

| 3GPP Release Version | Mode | 3GPP 34.121 Subtest | Cellular Band (dBm) | | | PCS Band (dBm) | | | 3GPP MPR (dB) |
|----------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|---------------|
| | | | 4132 | 4183 | 4233 | 9262 | 9400 | 9538 | |
| 99 | WCDMA | 12.2 kbps RMC | 24.16 | 23.96 | 23.73 | 23.41 | 23.62 | 23.62 | - |
| 99 | | 12.2 kbps AMR | 24.09 | 23.94 | 23.71 | 23.35 | 23.55 | 23.58 | - |
| 5 | HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 24.08 | 23.92 | 23.68 | 23.32 | 23.58 | 23.55 | 0 |
| 5 | | Subtest 2 | 24.04 | 23.86 | 23.71 | 23.28 | 23.49 | 23.51 | 0 |
| 5 | | Subtest 3 | 23.55 | 23.49 | 23.22 | 22.77 | 22.95 | 22.94 | 0.5 |
| 5 | | Subtest 4 | 23.52 | 23.44 | 23.18 | 22.75 | 22.93 | 22.92 | 0.5 |
| 6 | HSUPA | Subtest 1 | 22.78 | 22.58 | 22.44 | 22.41 | 22.36 | 22.20 | 0 |
| 6 | | Subtest 2 | 22.16 | 21.89 | 21.66 | 21.13 | 21.00 | 21.55 | 2 |
| 6 | | Subtest 3 | 21.96 | 21.70 | 21.63 | 21.30 | 21.49 | 21.44 | 1 |
| 6 | | Subtest 4 | 22.50 | 22.33 | 22.23 | 21.97 | 22.06 | 21.95 | 2 |
| 6 | | Subtest 5 | 22.62 | 22.37 | 22.64 | 22.25 | 22.00 | 21.88 | 0 |

Table 10.2 The power was measured by E5515C

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

The manufacturer declares that the HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solutions.

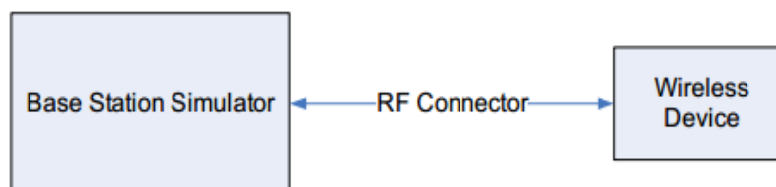


Figure 10.2 Power Measurement Setup

10.4 LTE Conducted Powers

1) LTE Band 17

| Mode | Freq. (MHz) | Channel | LTE Band 17 Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|---------|---|------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| | | | Bandwidth (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Conducted Power(dBm) | MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB) | MPR (dB) |
| Mid | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.87 | 0 | 0 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.77 | 0 | 0 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 23.71 | 0 | 0 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.76 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.70 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.73 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.76 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 22.92 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.82 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 22.84 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 22.05 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 22.04 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 22.03 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 710 | 23790 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 22.02 | 0-2 | 2 |

Table 10.3.1 The power was measured by CMW500

2) LTE Band 5

| Mode | Freq. (MHz) | Channel | LTE Band 5 Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|---------|--|------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| | | | Bandwidth (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Conducted Power(dBm) | MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB) | MPR (dB) |
| Mid | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.88 | 0 | 0 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.87 | 0 | 0 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 23.84 | 0 | 0 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.85 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.75 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.81 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.75 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 22.92 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.85 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 22.91 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 22.04 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 22.06 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 22.03 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 836.5 | 20525 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 22.04 | 0-2 | 2 |

Table 10.3.2 The power was measured by CMW500

3) LTE Band 4

| Mode | Freq. (MHz) | Channel | LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|---------|--|------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| | | | Bandwidth (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Conducted Power(dBm) | MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB) | MPR (dB) |
| Low | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.85 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 22.88 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.73 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 21.87 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 21.92 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 21.91 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 21.95 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.90 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 21.82 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.97 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.10 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.11 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.14 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1715 | 20000 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.04 | 0-2 | 2 |
| Mid | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.90 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 22.87 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.77 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.00 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 21.94 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 21.91 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 21.97 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.95 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 21.90 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.96 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.15 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.07 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.05 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1732.5 | 20175 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.05 | 0-2 | 2 |
| High | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.76 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 22.77 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.79 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 21.97 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 21.73 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 21.78 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 21.83 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 21.94 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 21.97 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.94 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.13 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.04 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.02 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1750 | 20350 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.06 | 0-2 | 2 |

Table 10.3.3 The power was measured by CMW500

4) LTE Band 2

| Mode | Freq. (MHz) | Channel | LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power– 10 MHz Bandwidth | | | | | | |
|------|----------------|---------|--|------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | | | Bandwidth (MHz) | Modulation | RB Size | RB Offset | Conducted Power(dBm) | MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB) | MPR (dB) |
| Low | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.10 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.09 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 23.05 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.07 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.00 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.00 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.03 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 22.24 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.29 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 22.28 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.28 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.24 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.25 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1855 | 18650 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.24 | 0-2 | 2 |
| Mid | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 23.19 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 23.09 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 23.02 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.14 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 22.09 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.07 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.06 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 22.28 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.29 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 22.27 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.26 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.22 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.33 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1880 | 18900 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.22 | 0-2 | 2 |
| High | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.98 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 25 | 22.97 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 1 | 49 | 22.92 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 22.03 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 12 | 21.96 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 25 | 25 | 22.12 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 22.05 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 0 | 22.19 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 25 | 22.12 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 1 | 49 | 21.92 | 0-1 | 1 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 21.24 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 12 | 21.23 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 25 | 25 | 21.31 | 0-2 | 2 |
| | 1905 | 19150 | 10 | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 21.26 | 0-2 | 2 |

Table 10.3.4 The power was measured by CMW500

10.5 WLAN Conducted Powers

| Mode | Freq. | Channel | 802.11b (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power (dBm) | | | |
|---------|-------|---------|---|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | |
| | (MHz) | | 1 | 2 | 5.5 | 11 |
| 802.11b | 2412 | 1 | 16.26 | 16.21 | 16.12 | 16.02 |
| | 2437 | 6 | 16.28 | 16.23 | 16.14 | 16.04 |
| | 2462 | 11 | <u>16.61</u> | 16.56 | 16.47 | 16.37 |

Table 10.4.1 IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq. | Channel | 802.11g (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------|---------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | | |
| | (MHz) | | 6 | 9 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 54 |
| 802.11g | 2412 | 1 | 13.15 | 13.08 | 12.96 | 13.03 | 12.82 | 12.74 | 12.66 | 12.69 |
| | 2437 | 6 | 13.23 | 13.20 | 13.06 | 13.11 | 12.97 | 12.93 | 12.86 | 12.88 |
| | 2462 | 11 | 11.58 | 11.54 | 11.39 | 11.43 | 11.36 | 11.30 | 11.25 | 11.26 |

Table 10.4.2 IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq. | Channel | 802.11n HT20 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | | |
| | (MHz) | | 6.5 | 13 | 19.5 | 26 | 39 | 52 | 58.5 | 65 |
| 802.11n (HT-20) | 2412 | 1 | 11.16 | 11.04 | 10.83 | 10.88 | 10.77 | 10.74 | 10.80 | 10.67 |
| | 2437 | 6 | 11.22 | 11.10 | 10.89 | 10.94 | 10.83 | 10.80 | 10.86 | 10.73 |
| | 2462 | 11 | 11.59 | 11.47 | 11.26 | 11.31 | 11.20 | 11.17 | 11.23 | 11.10 |

Table 10.4.3 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq. | Channel | 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------|---------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | | |
| | (MHz) | | 6 | 9 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 54 |
| 802.11a | 5180 | 36 | 10.49 | 10.44 | 10.43 | 10.45 | 10.40 | 10.37 | 10.35 | 10.31 |
| | 5200 | 40 | 10.37 | 10.32 | 10.31 | 10.33 | 10.28 | 10.25 | 10.23 | 10.19 |
| | 5220 | 44 | 10.34 | 10.29 | 10.28 | 10.30 | 10.25 | 10.22 | 10.20 | 10.16 |
| | 5240 | 48 | 10.84 | 10.79 | 10.78 | 10.80 | 10.75 | 10.72 | 10.70 | 10.66 |
| | 5260 | 52 | <u>10.80</u> | 10.75 | 10.74 | 10.76 | 10.71 | 10.68 | 10.66 | 10.62 |
| | 5280 | 56 | 10.67 | 10.62 | 10.61 | 10.63 | 10.58 | 10.55 | 10.53 | 10.49 |
| | 5300 | 60 | 10.52 | 10.47 | 10.46 | 10.48 | 10.43 | 10.40 | 10.38 | 10.34 |
| | 5320 | 64 | 10.43 | 10.38 | 10.37 | 10.39 | 10.34 | 10.31 | 10.29 | 10.25 |
| | 5500 | 100 | 10.19 | 10.14 | 10.13 | 10.15 | 10.10 | 10.07 | 10.05 | 10.01 |
| | 5580 | 116 | <u>10.50</u> | 10.45 | 10.44 | 10.46 | 10.41 | 10.38 | 10.36 | 10.32 |
| | 5660 | 132 | 10.14 | 10.09 | 10.08 | 10.10 | 10.05 | 10.02 | 10.00 | 9.96 |
| | 5720 | 144 | 10.44 | 10.39 | 10.38 | 10.40 | 10.35 | 10.32 | 10.30 | 10.26 |
| | 5745 | 149 | <u>10.34</u> | 10.29 | 10.28 | 10.30 | 10.25 | 10.22 | 10.20 | 10.16 |
| | 5785 | 157 | 10.20 | 10.15 | 10.14 | 10.16 | 10.11 | 10.08 | 10.06 | 10.02 |
| | 5825 | 165 | 10.02 | 9.97 | 9.96 | 9.98 | 9.93 | 9.90 | 9.88 | 9.84 |

Table 10.4.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq. | Channel | 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | | |
| | (MHz) | | 6.5 | 13 | 19.5 | 26 | 39 | 52 | 58.5 | 65 |
| 802.11n (HT-20) | 5180 | 36 | 10.67 | 10.62 | 10.61 | 10.63 | 10.58 | 10.55 | 10.53 | 10.49 |
| | 5200 | 40 | 10.58 | 10.53 | 10.52 | 10.54 | 10.49 | 10.46 | 10.44 | 10.40 |
| | 5220 | 44 | 10.48 | 10.43 | 10.42 | 10.44 | 10.39 | 10.36 | 10.34 | 10.30 |
| | 5240 | 48 | 10.95 | 10.90 | 10.89 | 10.91 | 10.86 | 10.83 | 10.81 | 10.77 |
| | 5260 | 52 | 10.84 | 10.79 | 10.78 | 10.80 | 10.75 | 10.72 | 10.70 | 10.66 |
| | 5280 | 56 | 10.95 | 10.90 | 10.89 | 10.91 | 10.86 | 10.83 | 10.81 | 10.77 |
| | 5300 | 60 | 10.56 | 10.51 | 10.50 | 10.52 | 10.47 | 10.44 | 10.42 | 10.38 |
| | 5320 | 64 | 10.48 | 10.43 | 10.42 | 10.44 | 10.39 | 10.36 | 10.34 | 10.30 |
| | 5500 | 100 | 10.25 | 10.20 | 10.19 | 10.21 | 10.16 | 10.13 | 10.11 | 10.07 |
| | 5580 | 116 | 10.57 | 10.52 | 10.51 | 10.53 | 10.48 | 10.45 | 10.43 | 10.39 |
| | 5660 | 132 | 10.16 | 10.11 | 10.10 | 10.12 | 10.07 | 10.04 | 10.02 | 9.98 |
| | 5720 | 144 | 10.50 | 10.45 | 10.44 | 10.46 | 10.41 | 10.38 | 10.36 | 10.32 |
| | 5745 | 149 | 10.37 | 10.32 | 10.31 | 10.33 | 10.28 | 10.25 | 10.23 | 10.19 |
| | 5785 | 157 | 10.24 | 10.19 | 10.18 | 10.20 | 10.15 | 10.12 | 10.10 | 10.06 |
| | 5825 | 165 | 10.05 | 10.00 | 9.99 | 10.01 | 9.96 | 9.93 | 9.91 | 9.87 |

Table 10.4.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

| Mode | Freq. | Channel | 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power (dBm) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | Data Rate (Mbps) | | | | | | | |
| | (MHz) | | 13.5 | 27 | 40.5 | 54 | 81 | 108 | 121.5 | 135 |
| 802.11n (HT-40) | 5190 | 38 | 10.69 | 10.64 | 10.63 | 10.65 | 10.60 | 10.57 | 10.55 | 10.51 |
| | 5230 | 46 | 10.48 | 10.43 | 10.42 | 10.44 | 10.39 | 10.36 | 10.34 | 10.30 |
| | 5270 | 54 | 10.84 | 10.79 | 10.78 | 10.80 | 10.75 | 10.72 | 10.70 | 10.66 |
| | 5310 | 62 | 10.66 | 10.61 | 10.60 | 10.62 | 10.57 | 10.54 | 10.52 | 10.48 |
| | 5510 | 102 | 10.25 | 10.20 | 10.19 | 10.21 | 10.16 | 10.13 | 10.11 | 10.07 |
| | 5550 | 110 | 10.00 | 9.95 | 9.94 | 9.96 | 9.91 | 9.88 | 9.86 | 9.82 |
| | 5670 | 134 | 10.02 | 9.97 | 9.96 | 9.98 | 9.93 | 9.90 | 9.88 | 9.84 |
| | 5710 | 142 | 9.77 | 9.72 | 9.71 | 9.73 | 9.68 | 9.65 | 9.63 | 9.61 |
| | 5755 | 151 | 10.26 | 10.21 | 10.20 | 10.22 | 10.17 | 10.14 | 10.12 | 10.08 |
| | 5795 | 159 | 10.06 | 10.01 | 10.00 | 10.02 | 9.97 | 9.94 | 9.92 | 9.88 |

Table 10.4.6 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 and October 2012 / April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

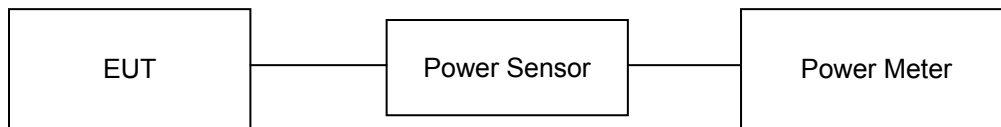


Figure 10.1 Power Measurement Setup

10.6 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

| Channel | Frequency | Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps) | | Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps) | | Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps) | |
|---------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------|
| | (MHz) | (dBm) | (mW) | (dBm) | (mW) | (dBm) | (mW) |
| Low | 2402 | 5.76 | 3.767 | 3.34 | 2.158 | 3.36 | 2.168 |
| Mid | 2441 | 7.00 | 5.012 | 4.61 | 2.891 | 4.62 | 2.897 |
| High | 2480 | 5.47 | 3.524 | 3.07 | 2.028 | 3.10 | 2.042 |

Table 10.5.1 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

| Channel | Frequency | Frame AVG Output Power (LE) | |
|---------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | (MHz) | (dBm) | (mW) |
| Low | 2402 | -3.84 | 0.413 |
| Mid | 2440 | -3.03 | 0.498 |
| High | 2480 | -4.39 | 0.364 |

Table 10.5.2 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

● Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)

1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 10.4(A).

3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

2. Bluetooth (LE)

1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 10.4(B).

3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

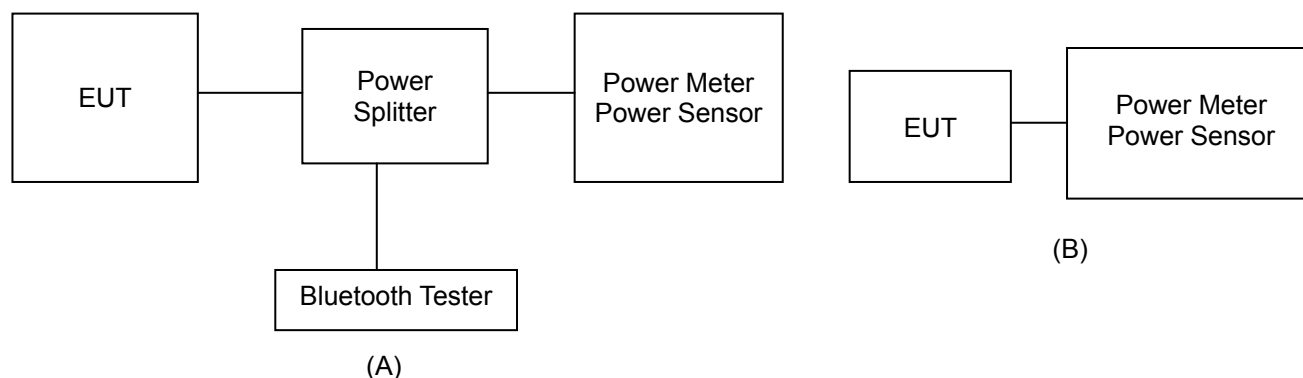


Figure 10.4 Average Power Measurement Setup

The average conducted output powers of Bluetooth were measured using above test setup and a wideband gated RF power meter when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power level.

11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

11.1 Tissue Verification

| MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Date(s) | Tissue Type | Ambient Temp.[°C] | Liquid Temp.[°C] | Measured Frequency [MHz] | Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r | Target Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r | Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Er Deviation [%] | σ Deviation [%] |
| Aug. 28. 2015 | 835 Head | 21.9 | 22.2 | 824.7 | 41.550 | 0.899 | 42.626 | 0.907 | 2.59 | 0.89 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 41.500 | 0.900 | 42.529 | 0.916 | 2.48 | 1.78 |
| | | | | 836.5 | 41.500 | 0.901 | 42.513 | 0.917 | 2.44 | 1.78 |
| | | | | 848.3 | 41.500 | 0.914 | 42.403 | 0.928 | 2.18 | 1.53 |
| Aug. 28. 2015 | 835 Body | 21.9 | 22.2 | 824.7 | 55.240 | 0.969 | 54.781 | 0.987 | -0.83 | 1.86 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 55.200 | 0.970 | 54.696 | 0.996 | -0.91 | 2.68 |
| | | | | 836.5 | 55.200 | 0.971 | 54.681 | 0.997 | -0.94 | 2.68 |
| | | | | 848.3 | 55.160 | 0.986 | 54.575 | 1.006 | -1.06 | 2.03 |
| Sep. 02. 2015 | 1900 Head | 22.0 | 22.4 | 1851.3 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.193 | 1.354 | 0.48 | -3.29 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.134 | 1.384 | 0.34 | -1.14 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.061 | 1.404 | 0.15 | 0.29 |
| | | | | 1908.8 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.029 | 1.414 | 0.07 | 1.00 |
| Sep. 02. 2015 | 1900 Body | 22.0 | 22.4 | 1851.3 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 53.086 | 1.475 | -0.40 | -2.96 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 53.022 | 1.499 | -0.52 | -1.38 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.967 | 1.517 | -0.62 | -0.20 |
| | | | | 1908.8 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.942 | 1.525 | -0.67 | 0.33 |
| Aug. 27. 2015 | 835 Head | 22.2 | 22.5 | 824.2 | 41.550 | 0.899 | 42.317 | 0.909 | 1.85 | 1.11 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 41.500 | 0.900 | 42.229 | 0.918 | 1.76 | 2.00 |
| | | | | 836.6 | 41.500 | 0.901 | 42.211 | 0.920 | 1.71 | 2.11 |
| | | | | 848.8 | 41.500 | 0.914 | 42.095 | 0.930 | 1.43 | 1.75 |
| Aug. 27. 2015 | 835 Body | 22.2 | 22.5 | 824.2 | 55.240 | 0.969 | 53.763 | 0.982 | -2.67 | 1.34 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 55.200 | 0.970 | 53.669 | 0.991 | -2.77 | 2.16 |
| | | | | 836.6 | 55.200 | 0.971 | 53.657 | 0.992 | -2.80 | 2.16 |
| | | | | 848.8 | 55.160 | 0.986 | 53.536 | 1.002 | -2.94 | 1.62 |
| Sep. 01. 2015 | 1900 Head | 21.8 | 22.3 | 1850.2 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.117 | 1.371 | 0.29 | -2.07 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.051 | 1.399 | 0.13 | -0.07 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.984 | 1.419 | -0.04 | 1.36 |
| | | | | 1909.8 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.950 | 1.429 | -0.12 | 2.07 |
| Sep. 01. 2015 | 1900 Body | 21.8 | 22.3 | 1850.2 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.301 | 1.483 | -1.87 | -2.43 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.218 | 1.511 | -2.03 | -0.59 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.158 | 1.530 | -2.14 | 0.66 |
| | | | | 1909.8 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.129 | 1.539 | -2.20 | 1.25 |
| Aug. 31. 2015 | 835 Head | 22.4 | 22.7 | 826.4 | 41.540 | 0.899 | 42.697 | 0.917 | 2.79 | 2.00 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 41.500 | 0.900 | 42.623 | 0.924 | 2.71 | 2.67 |
| | | | | 836.6 | 41.500 | 0.901 | 42.605 | 0.926 | 2.66 | 2.77 |
| | | | | 846.6 | 41.500 | 0.912 | 42.505 | 0.934 | 2.42 | 2.41 |
| Aug. 31. 2015 | 835 Body | 22.4 | 22.7 | 826.4 | 55.240 | 0.969 | 53.818 | 0.985 | -2.57 | 1.65 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 55.200 | 0.970 | 53.738 | 0.992 | -2.65 | 2.27 |
| | | | | 836.6 | 55.200 | 0.971 | 53.724 | 0.994 | -2.67 | 2.37 |
| | | | | 846.6 | 55.170 | 0.984 | 53.628 | 1.001 | -2.79 | 1.73 |
| Sep. 03. 2015 | 1900 Head | 22.1 | 22.5 | 1852.4 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.316 | 1.375 | 0.79 | -1.79 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.254 | 1.401 | 0.63 | 0.07 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.186 | 1.421 | 0.47 | 1.50 |
| | | | | 1907.6 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 40.156 | 1.429 | 0.39 | 2.07 |
| Sep. 03. 2015 | 1900 Body | 22.1 | 22.5 | 1852.4 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.208 | 1.485 | -2.05 | -2.30 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.133 | 1.510 | -2.19 | -0.66 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.073 | 1.529 | -2.30 | 0.59 |
| | | | | 1907.6 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 52.048 | 1.536 | -2.35 | 1.05 |
| Sep. 09. 2015 | 750 Head | 22.2 | 22.5 | 710.0 | 42.110 | 0.887 | 42.852 | 0.881 | 1.76 | -0.68 |
| | | | | 750.0 | 41.900 | 0.890 | 42.335 | 0.916 | 1.04 | 2.92 |
| Sep. 09. 2015 | 750 Body | 22.2 | 22.5 | 710.0 | 55.690 | 0.960 | 56.443 | 0.937 | 1.35 | -2.40 |
| | | | | 750.0 | 55.530 | 0.963 | 56.068 | 0.972 | 0.97 | 0.93 |

| MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Date(s) | Tissue Type | Ambient Temp.[°C] | Liquid Temp.[°C] | Measured Frequency [MHz] | Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r | Target Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r | Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m) | Er Deviation [%] | σ Deviation [%] |
| Sep. 08. 2015 | 835 Head | 21.9 | 22.3 | 829.0 | 41.530 | 0.899 | 41.365 | 0.891 | -0.40 | -0.89 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 41.500 | 0.900 | 41.338 | 0.897 | -0.39 | -0.33 |
| | | | | 836.5 | 41.500 | 0.901 | 41.327 | 0.898 | -0.42 | -0.33 |
| | | | | 844.0 | 41.500 | 0.910 | 41.285 | 0.906 | -0.52 | -0.44 |
| Sep. 08. 2015 | 835 Body | 21.9 | 22.3 | 829.0 | 55.220 | 0.970 | 54.857 | 0.992 | -0.66 | 2.27 |
| | | | | 835.0 | 55.200 | 0.970 | 54.804 | 0.997 | -0.72 | 2.78 |
| | | | | 836.5 | 55.200 | 0.971 | 54.789 | 0.998 | -0.74 | 2.78 |
| | | | | 844.0 | 55.170 | 0.981 | 54.721 | 1.004 | -0.81 | 2.34 |
| Sep. 07. 2015 | 1800 Head | 22.3 | 22.6 | 1715.0 | 40.120 | 1.351 | 39.834 | 1.338 | -0.71 | -0.96 |
| | | | | 1732.5 | 40.100 | 1.361 | 39.697 | 1.353 | -1.00 | -0.59 |
| | | | | 1750.0 | 40.070 | 1.371 | 39.566 | 1.369 | -1.26 | -0.15 |
| | | | | 1800.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.248 | 1.415 | -1.88 | 1.07 |
| Sep. 07. 2015 | 1800 Body | 22.3 | 22.6 | 1715.0 | 53.590 | 1.466 | 53.641 | 1.474 | 0.10 | 0.55 |
| | | | | 1732.5 | 53.560 | 1.477 | 53.606 | 1.488 | 0.09 | 0.74 |
| | | | | 1750.0 | 53.520 | 1.488 | 53.572 | 1.504 | 0.10 | 1.08 |
| | | | | 1800.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 53.444 | 1.550 | 0.27 | 1.97 |
| Sep. 04. 2015 | 1900 Head | 21.7 | 22.1 | 1855.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.461 | 1.380 | -1.35 | -1.43 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.372 | 1.403 | -1.57 | 0.21 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.288 | 1.422 | -1.78 | 1.57 |
| | | | | 1905.0 | 40.000 | 1.400 | 39.267 | 1.427 | -1.83 | 1.93 |
| Sep. 04. 2015 | 1900 Body | 21.7 | 22.1 | 1855.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 54.326 | 1.483 | 1.92 | -2.43 |
| | | | | 1880.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 54.279 | 1.504 | 1.84 | -1.05 |
| | | | | 1900.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 54.233 | 1.521 | 1.75 | 0.07 |
| | | | | 1905.0 | 53.300 | 1.520 | 54.221 | 1.525 | 1.73 | 0.33 |
| Sep. 10. 2015 | 2450 Head | 22.5 | 22.8 | 2412.0 | 39.270 | 1.766 | 39.467 | 1.772 | 0.50 | 0.34 |
| | | | | 2437.0 | 39.220 | 1.788 | 39.391 | 1.803 | 0.44 | 0.84 |
| | | | | 2450.0 | 39.200 | 1.800 | 39.349 | 1.818 | 0.38 | 1.00 |
| | | | | 2462.0 | 39.180 | 1.813 | 39.320 | 1.831 | 0.36 | 0.99 |
| Sep. 10. 2015 | 2450 Body | 22.5 | 22.8 | 2412.0 | 52.750 | 1.914 | 52.198 | 1.944 | -1.05 | 1.57 |
| | | | | 2437.0 | 52.720 | 1.938 | 52.141 | 1.974 | -1.10 | 1.86 |
| | | | | 2450.0 | 52.700 | 1.950 | 52.105 | 1.990 | -1.13 | 2.05 |
| | | | | 2462.0 | 52.680 | 1.967 | 52.081 | 2.004 | -1.14 | 1.88 |
| Dec. 4. 2015 | 5300 Head | 21.4 | 21.8 | 5260.0 | 35.940 | 4.720 | 36.374 | 4.682 | 1.21 | -0.81 |
| | | | | 5280.0 | 35.920 | 4.740 | 36.343 | 4.709 | 1.18 | -0.65 |
| | | | | 5300.0 | 35.900 | 4.760 | 36.316 | 4.726 | 1.16 | -0.71 |
| | | | | 5320.0 | 35.880 | 4.780 | 36.267 | 4.752 | 1.08 | -0.59 |
| Dec. 5. 2015 | 5600 Head | 21.6 | 21.9 | 5500.0 | 35.650 | 4.965 | 34.699 | 4.849 | -2.67 | -2.34 |
| | | | | 5580.0 | 35.530 | 5.049 | 34.572 | 4.933 | -2.70 | -2.30 |
| | | | | 5600.0 | 35.500 | 5.070 | 34.538 | 4.961 | -2.71 | -2.15 |
| | | | | 5660.0 | 35.440 | 5.130 | 34.455 | 5.026 | -2.78 | -2.03 |
| Dec. 5. 2015 | 5800 Head | 21.6 | 21.9 | 5720.0 | 35.380 | 5.190 | 34.363 | 5.095 | -2.87 | -1.83 |
| | | | | 5745.0 | 35.360 | 5.215 | 34.428 | 5.368 | -2.64 | 2.93 |
| | | | | 5785.0 | 35.320 | 5.255 | 34.363 | 5.415 | -2.71 | 3.04 |
| | | | | 5800.0 | 35.300 | 5.270 | 34.327 | 5.434 | -2.76 | 3.11 |
| Dec. 5. 2015 | 5800 Head | 21.6 | 21.9 | 5825.0 | 35.280 | 5.296 | 34.292 | 5.469 | -2.80 | 3.27 |

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r'(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r'} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

11.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 835 MHz, 1800MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz and 5 GHz by using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

| SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------|
| SAR System # | Freq. [MHz] | SAR Dipole kits | Date(s) | Tissue Type | Ambient Temp.[°C] | Liquid Temp.[°C] | Probe S/N | Input Power (mW) | 1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | 1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | Deviation [%] |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN:4d159 | Aug. 28. 2015 | Head | 21.9 | 22.2 | 3866 | 250 | 9.19 | 2.41 | 9.64 | 4.90 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN: 4d159 | Aug. 28. 2015 | Body | 21.9 | 22.2 | 3866 | 250 | 9.64 | 2.43 | 9.72 | 0.83 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN:5d176 | Sep. 02. 2015 | Head | 22.0 | 22.4 | 3866 | 250 | 40.1 | 10.00 | 40.00 | -0.25 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN: 5d176 | Sep. 02. 2015 | Body | 22.0 | 22.4 | 3866 | 250 | 40.0 | 10.40 | 41.60 | 4.00 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN:4d159 | Aug. 27. 2015 | Head | 22.2 | 22.5 | 3866 | 250 | 9.19 | 2.46 | 9.84 | 7.07 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN: 4d159 | Aug. 27. 2015 | Body | 22.2 | 22.5 | 3866 | 250 | 9.64 | 2.42 | 9.68 | 0.41 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN:5d176 | Sep. 01. 2015 | Head | 21.8 | 22.3 | 3866 | 250 | 40.1 | 10.40 | 41.60 | 3.74 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN: 5d176 | Sep. 01. 2015 | Body | 21.8 | 22.3 | 3866 | 250 | 40.0 | 10.50 | 42.00 | 5.00 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN:4d159 | Aug. 31. 2015 | Head | 22.4 | 22.7 | 3866 | 250 | 9.19 | 2.48 | 9.92 | 7.94 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN: 4d159 | Aug. 31. 2015 | Body | 22.4 | 22.7 | 3866 | 250 | 9.64 | 2.41 | 9.64 | 0.00 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN:5d176 | Sep. 03. 2015 | Head | 22.1 | 22.5 | 3866 | 250 | 40.1 | 10.20 | 40.80 | 1.75 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN: 5d176 | Sep. 03. 2015 | Body | 22.1 | 22.5 | 3866 | 250 | 40.0 | 10.00 | 40.00 | 0.00 |
| B | 750 | D750V2, SN: 1049 | Sep. 09. 2015 | Head | 22.2 | 22.5 | 3866 | 250 | 8.22 | 2.09 | 8.36 | 1.70 |
| B | 750 | D750V2, SN: 1049 | Sep. 09. 2015 | Body | 22.2 | 22.5 | 3866 | 250 | 8.56 | 2.31 | 9.24 | 7.94 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN: 4d159 | Sep. 08. 2015 | Head | 21.9 | 22.3 | 3866 | 250 | 9.19 | 2.40 | 9.60 | 4.46 |
| B | 835 | D835V2, SN: 4d159 | Sep. 08. 2015 | Body | 21.9 | 22.3 | 3866 | 250 | 9.64 | 2.43 | 9.72 | 0.83 |
| B | 1800 | D1800V2, SN: 2d047 | Sep. 07. 2015 | Head | 22.3 | 22.6 | 3866 | 250 | 38.5 | 9.36 | 37.44 | -2.75 |
| B | 1800 | D1800V2, SN: 2d047 | Sep. 07. 2015 | Body | 22.3 | 22.6 | 3866 | 250 | 37.2 | 9.76 | 39.04 | 4.95 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN: 5d176 | Sep. 04. 2015 | Head | 21.7 | 22.1 | 3866 | 250 | 40.1 | 10.50 | 42.00 | 4.74 |
| B | 1900 | D1900V2, SN: 5d176 | Sep. 04. 2015 | Body | 21.7 | 22.1 | 3866 | 250 | 40.0 | 10.30 | 41.20 | 3.00 |
| B | 2450 | D2450V2, SN: 920 | Sep. 10. 2015 | Head | 22.5 | 22.8 | 3866 | 250 | 52.7 | 13.10 | 52.40 | -0.57 |
| B | 2450 | D2450V2, SN: 920 | Sep. 10. 2015 | Body | 22.5 | 22.8 | 3866 | 250 | 51.4 | 13.80 | 55.20 | 7.39 |
| B | 5300 | D5GHzV2, SN: 1103 | Dec. 4. 2015 | Head | 21.4 | 21.8 | 3866 | 100 | 82.4 | 8.21 | 82.10 | -0.36 |
| B | 5600 | D5GHzV2, SN: 1103 | Dec. 5. 2015 | Head | 21.6 | 21.9 | 3866 | 100 | 82.2 | 8.46 | 84.60 | 2.92 |
| B | 5800 | D5GHzV2, SN: 1103 | Dec. 5. 2015 | Head | 21.6 | 21.9 | 3866 | 100 | 78.4 | 7.98 | 79.80 | 1.79 |

Note1 : System Verification was measured with input 250 mW , 100 mW(5200-5800 MHz) and normalized to 1W.

Note2 : To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.

Note3: Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment 3.

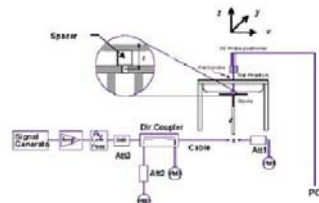


Figure 11.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

12. SAR TEST RESULTS

12.1 Head SAR Results

Table 12.1 CDMA 850 Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | SO55 RC3 | 25.0 | 24.48 | 0.050 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.167 | 1.127 | 0.188 | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | SO55 RC3 | 25.0 | 24.48 | 0.150 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.196 | 1.127 | 0.221 | A1 |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | SO55 RC3 | 25.0 | 24.48 | -0.030 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0946 | 1.127 | 0.107 | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | SO55 RC3 | 25.0 | 24.48 | 0.090 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0969 | 1.127 | 0.109 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Table 12.2 CDMA 1900 Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | SO55 RC3 | 24.2 | 24.02 | -0.020 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.099 | 1.042 | 0.103 | A2 |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | SO55 RC3 | 24.2 | 24.02 | 0.140 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0737 | 1.042 | 0.077 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | SO55 RC3 | 24.2 | 24.02 | 0.150 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0231 | 1.042 | 0.024 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | SO55 RC3 | 24.2 | 24.02 | 0.010 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0504 | 1.042 | 0.053 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Table 12.3 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slots | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-----|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GSM | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.180 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.116 | 1.042 | 0.121 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GSM | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.140 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.130 | 1.042 | 0.135 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GSM | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.140 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.0668 | 1.042 | 0.070 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GSM | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.080 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.0759 | 1.042 | 0.079 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.130 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.239 | 1.005 | 0.240 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.060 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.133 | 1.042 | 0.139 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 31.7 | 31.56 | 0.050 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 2 | 1:4.15 | 0.173 | 1.033 | 0.179 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.9 | 29.82 | 0.080 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.212 | 1.019 | 0.216 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.010 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.267 | 1.005 | 0.268 | A3 |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.120 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.140 | 1.005 | 0.141 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.040 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.162 | 1.005 | 0.163 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Table 12.4 GSM/GPRS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slots | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-----|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | PCS | 30.2 | 30.17 | -0.010 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.0337 | 1.007 | 0.034 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | PCS | 30.2 | 30.17 | -0.130 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.0249 | 1.007 | 0.025 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | PCS | 30.2 | 30.17 | -0.120 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.00621 | 1.007 | 0.006 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | PCS | 30.2 | 30.17 | -0.130 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.00847 | 1.007 | 0.009 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 30.2 | 30.17 | 0.180 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.0352 | 1.007 | 0.035 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 28.8 | 28.70 | -0.060 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 2 | 1:4.15 | 0.0548 | 1.023 | 0.056 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 27.5 | 27.50 | -0.170 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.0691 | 1.000 | 0.069 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.040 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.075 | 1.014 | 0.076 | A4 |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | -0.100 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.0509 | 1.014 | 0.052 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | -0.150 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.0142 | 1.014 | 0.014 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.190 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.0214 | 1.014 | 0.022 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Table 12.5 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.070 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.150 | 1.057 | 0.159 | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.110 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.183 | 1.057 | 0.193 | A5 |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.130 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0916 | 1.057 | 0.097 | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | -0.070 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0948 | 1.057 | 0.100 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Table 12.6 WCDMA 1900 Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.140 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.068 | 1.019 | 0.069 | A6 |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | -0.190 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0474 | 1.019 | 0.048 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.110 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.0151 | 1.019 | 0.015 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.034 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 1:1 | 0.034 | 1.019 | 0.035 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Table 12.7 LTE Band 17 Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|----------------|---|------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.110 | 0 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.100 | 1.030 | 0.103 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.020 | 1 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0771 | 1.057 | 0.081 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.020 | 0 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.101 | 1.030 | 0.104 | A7 |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | -0.010 | 1 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0818 | 1.057 | 0.086 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.110 | 0 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0572 | 1.030 | 0.059 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | -0.100 | 1 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.045 | 1.057 | 0.048 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.090 | 0 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0588 | 1.030 | 0.061 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.150 | 1 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0438 | 1.057 | 0.046 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |

Table 12.8 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|----------------|----------------------------|---|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.130 | 0 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.112 | 1.028 | 0.115 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | 0.170 | 1 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0848 | 1.035 | 0.088 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.120 | 0 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.123 | 1.028 | 0.126 | A8 |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | 0.150 | 1 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.091 | 1.035 | 0.094 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | -0.110 | 0 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0663 | 1.028 | 0.068 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | -0.050 | 1 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0511 | 1.035 | 0.053 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.070 | 0 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.055 | 1.028 | 0.057 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | -0.090 | 1 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0428 | 1.035 | 0.044 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Table 12.9 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|----------------|----------------------------|---|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.000 | 0 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.023 | 1.023 | 0.024 | A9 |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | 0.000 | 1 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0195 | 1.000 | 0.020 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.120 | 0 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.00932 | 1.023 | 0.010 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | 0.050 | 1 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.00784 | 1.000 | 0.008 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.000 | 0 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.00663 | 1.023 | 0.007 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | 0.000 | 1 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.00548 | 1.000 | 0.005 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.140 | 0 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0101 | 1.023 | 0.010 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | 0.090 | 1 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.00758 | 1.000 | 0.008 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Table 12.10 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|----------------|---|------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.030 | 0 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.101 | 1.002 | 0.101 | A10 |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.060 | 1 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0685 | 1.014 | 0.069 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.150 | 0 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0544 | 1.002 | 0.055 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | -0.110 | 1 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0435 | 1.014 | 0.044 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.170 | 0 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0231 | 1.002 | 0.023 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.100 | 1 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0176 | 1.014 | 0.018 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.110 | 0 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0371 | 1.002 | 0.037 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.000 | 1 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.031 | 1.014 | 0.031 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005-- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |

Table 12.11 DTS Head SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Peak SAR of Area Scan | Data Rate [Mbps] | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle) | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | 0.040 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 0.0704 | 1 | 97.6 | - | 1.021 | 1.025 | - | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | -0.030 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 0.0951 | 1 | 97.6 | 0.097 | 1.021 | 1.025 | 0.102 | A11 |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | 0.150 | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.0173 | 1 | 97.6 | - | 1.021 | 1.025 | - | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | -0.070 | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.0142 | 1 | 97.6 | - | 1.021 | 1.025 | - | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Note: Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

| Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Antenna | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | FREQUENCY [MHz] | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Ratio of OFDM to DSSS | 1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg) | Determine OFDM SAR |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | DSSS | 16.7 | 0.101 | 2462 | 802.11g | OFDM | 13.3 | 0.457 | 0.046 | X |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | DSSS | 16.7 | 0.101 | 2462 | 802.11n HT20 | OFDM | 11.6 | 0.309 | 0.031 | X |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Table 12.12 U-NII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Peak SAR of Area Scan | Data Rate [Mbps] | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle) | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-----|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | 11.0 | 10.80 | - | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 0.0334 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.047 | 1.147 | - | |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | 11.0 | 10.80 | 0.000 | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 0.053 | 6 | 87.2 | 0.038 | 1.047 | 1.147 | 0.046 | A30 |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | 11.0 | 10.80 | - | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.0087 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.047 | 1.147 | - | |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | 11.0 | 10.80 | - | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.0143 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.047 | 1.147 | - | |
| 5580 | 116 | 802.11a | 10.6 | 10.50 | 0.000 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 0.0287 | 6 | 87.2 | 0.032 | 1.023 | 1.147 | 0.038 | A31 |
| 5580 | 116 | 802.11a | 10.6 | 10.50 | - | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 0.0262 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.023 | 1.147 | | |
| 5580 | 116 | 802.11a | 10.6 | 10.50 | - | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.010 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.023 | 1.147 | | |
| 5580 | 116 | 802.11a | 10.6 | 10.50 | - | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.0059 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.023 | 1.147 | | |
| 5745 | 149 | 802.11a | 10.5 | 10.34 | 0.000 | Left Touch | FCC #1 | 0.0462 | 6 | 87.2 | 0.052 | 1.038 | 1.147 | 0.062 | A32 |
| 5745 | 149 | 802.11a | 10.5 | 10.34 | - | Right Touch | FCC #1 | 0.043 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.038 | 1.147 | | |
| 5745 | 149 | 802.11a | 10.5 | 10.34 | - | Left Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.019 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.038 | 1.147 | | |
| 5745 | 149 | 802.11a | 10.5 | 10.34 | - | Right Tilt | FCC #1 | 0.0069 | 6 | 87.2 | - | 1.038 | 1.147 | | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Note: Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Antenna | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | FREQUENCY [MHz] | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Adjusted Factor | 1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg) | SAR for the band with lower maximum output power |
|---|----|---------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | OFDM | 11.00 | 0.046 | 5240 | 802.11a | OFDM | 11.00 | 1.000 | 0.046 | X |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | OFDM | 11.00 | 0.046 | 5240 | 802.11a | OFDM | 11.00 | 1.000 | 0.046 | X |
| 5260 | 52 | 802.11a | OFDM | 11.00 | 0.046 | 5240 | 802.11a | OFDM | 11.00 | 1.000 | 0.046 | X |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Note(s):

1. U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 12.13 CDMA Body-Worn SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Spacing [Side] | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slot s | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 25.0 | 24.51 | 0.030 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.239 | 1.119 | 0.267 | A12 |
| 1851.3 | 25 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.773 | 1.038 | 0.802 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | -0.030 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.956 | 1.038 | 0.992 | A13 |
| 1908.8 | 1175 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.010 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.765 | 1.038 | 0.794 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Table 12.14 GSM/PCS/GPRS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Spacing [Side] | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slot s | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GSM | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.000 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.175 | 1.042 | 0.182 | A14 |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.176 | 1.042 | 0.183 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 31.7 | 31.56 | 0.050 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 2 | 1:4.15 | 0.241 | 1.033 | 0.249 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.9 | 29.82 | 0.070 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.278 | 1.019 | 0.283 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.050 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.350 | 1.005 | 0.352 | A15 |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | PCS | 30.2 | 30.17 | -0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.677 | 1.007 | 0.682 | A16 |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.717 | 1.014 | 0.727 | A17 |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.211 | 1.057 | 0.223 | A18 |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.740 | 1.019 | 0.754 | A19 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Table 12.15 LTE Body-Worn SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|-----------------|---|------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.060 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.226 | 1.030 | 0.233 | A20 |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.030 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.187 | 1.057 | 0.198 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.010 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.149 | 1.028 | 0.153 | A21 |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | 0.090 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.123 | 1.035 | 0.127 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | -0.130 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.322 | 1.023 | 0.329 | A22 |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | -0.100 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.318 | 1.000 | 0.318 | |
| 1855.0 | 18650 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.10 | -0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.740 | 1.023 | 0.757 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | 0.190 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.866 | 1.002 | 0.868 | A23 |
| 1905.0 | 19150 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 22.98 | 0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.738 | 1.052 | 0.776 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.020 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.698 | 1.014 | 0.708 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.000 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.613 | 1.014 | 0.622 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005-- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |

Table 12.16 DTS Body-Worn SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Peak SAR of Area Scan | Data Rate [Mbps] | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle) | SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | 0.070 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 0.113 | 1 | 97.6 | - | 1.021 | 1.025 | - | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Note: Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

12.3 Standalone Wireless router SAR Results

Table 12.17 CDMA Hotspot SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Spacing [Side] | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slots | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 25.0 | 24.51 | 0.010 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.122 | 1.119 | 0.137 | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 25.0 | 24.51 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.181 | 1.119 | 0.203 | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 25.0 | 24.51 | 0.030 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.239 | 1.119 | 0.267 | A12 |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 25.0 | 24.51 | -0.100 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.177 | 1.119 | 0.198 | |
| 836.5 | 384 | CDMA 850 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 25.0 | 24.51 | 0.000 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.097 | 1.119 | 0.109 | |
| 1851.3 | 25 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.000 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.854 | 1.038 | 0.886 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | -0.010 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 1.070 | 1.038 | 1.111 | A24 |
| 1908.8 | 1175 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | -0.060 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.860 | 1.038 | 0.893 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.050 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.205 | 1.038 | 0.213 | |
| 1851.3 | 25 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.773 | 1.038 | 0.802 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | -0.030 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.956 | 1.038 | 0.992 | A13 |
| 1908.8 | 1175 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.010 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.765 | 1.038 | 0.794 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.170 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.0224 | 1.038 | 0.023 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | 0.030 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.153 | 1.038 | 0.159 | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSO SO32 FCH | 24.2 | 24.04 | -0.010 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 1.070 | 1.038 | 1.111 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Note: Blue entries represent repeatability measurements.

Table 12.18 GPRS Hotspot SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Spacing [Side] | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slots | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.010 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.205 | 1.005 | 0.206 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | -0.010 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.313 | 1.005 | 0.315 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 33.5 | 33.32 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.176 | 1.042 | 0.183 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 31.7 | 31.56 | 0.050 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 2 | 1:4.15 | 0.241 | 1.033 | 0.249 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.9 | 29.82 | 0.070 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.278 | 1.019 | 0.283 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.050 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.350 | 1.005 | 0.352 | A15 |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | 0.080 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.224 | 1.005 | 0.225 | |
| 836.6 | 190 | GSM850 | GPRS | 29.3 | 29.28 | -0.020 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.129 | 1.005 | 0.130 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 30.2 | 30.17 | -0.030 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 1 | 1:8.3 | 0.477 | 1.007 | 0.480 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 28.8 | 28.70 | -0.040 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 2 | 1:4.15 | 0.727 | 1.023 | 0.744 | |
| 1850.2 | 512 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 27.5 | 27.08 | -0.090 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.740 | 1.102 | 0.815 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 27.5 | 27.50 | -0.090 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.912 | 1.000 | 0.912 | |
| 1909.8 | 810 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 27.5 | 27.35 | -0.020 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 3 | 1:2.77 | 0.625 | 1.035 | 0.647 | |
| 1850.2 | 512 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.02 | -0.060 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.684 | 1.091 | 0.746 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | -0.050 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.975 | 1.014 | 0.989 | A25 |
| 1909.8 | 810 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.38 | -0.040 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.919 | 1.005 | 0.924 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.196 | 1.014 | 0.199 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.717 | 1.014 | 0.727 | A17 |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.140 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.0252 | 1.014 | 0.026 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | 0.060 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.0973 | 1.014 | 0.099 | |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM1900 | GPRS | 26.4 | 26.34 | -0.100 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | 4 | 1:2.075 | 0.950 | 1.014 | 0.963 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | |

Note: Blue entries represent repeatability measurements.

Table 12.19 WCDMA Hotspot SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Spacing [Side] | Device Serial Number | # of Time Slots | Duty Cycl e | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.110 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.111 | 1.057 | 0.117 | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | -0.010 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.155 | 1.057 | 0.164 | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.211 | 1.057 | 0.223 | A18 |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.010 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.147 | 1.057 | 0.155 | |
| 836.6 | 4183 | WCDMA 850 | RMC | 24.2 | 23.96 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.082 | 1.057 | 0.087 | |
| 1852.4 | 9262 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | -0.040 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.771 | 1.019 | 0.786 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | -0.040 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 1.090 | 1.019 | 1.111 | A26 |
| 1907.6 | 9538 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | -0.040 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.643 | 1.019 | 0.655 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.050 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.171 | 1.019 | 0.174 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.020 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.740 | 1.019 | 0.754 | A19 |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.040 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.0326 | 1.019 | 0.033 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.100 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 0.127 | 1.019 | 0.129 | |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | 23.7 | 23.62 | 0.070 | 10 mm [Bottom] | FCC #1 | N/A | 1:1 | 1.080 | 1.019 | 1.101 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

Note: Blue entries represent repeatability measurements.

Table 12.20 LTE Band 17 Hotspot SAR

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------|---|------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.040 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0348 | 1.030 | 0.036 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.120 | 1 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0293 | 1.057 | 0.031 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.040 | 0 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.131 | 1.030 | 0.135 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | -0.010 | 1 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.105 | 1.057 | 0.111 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.060 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.226 | 1.030 | 0.233 | A20 |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.030 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.187 | 1.057 | 0.198 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.020 | 0 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.149 | 1.030 | 0.153 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.020 | 1 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.127 | 1.057 | 0.134 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.87 | 0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.172 | 1.030 | 0.177 | |
| 710.0 | 23790 | LTE B17 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.76 | 0.040 | 1 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.138 | 1.057 | 0.146 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |

Table 12.21 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------|----------------------------|---|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.070 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0837 | 1.028 | 0.086 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | -0.070 | 1 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.069 | 1.035 | 0.071 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | -0.150 | 0 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.112 | 1.028 | 0.115 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | 0.060 | 1 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0916 | 1.035 | 0.095 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.010 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.149 | 1.028 | 0.153 | A21 |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | 0.090 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.123 | 1.035 | 0.127 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.050 | 0 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.105 | 1.028 | 0.108 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | -0.060 | 1 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0827 | 1.035 | 0.086 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 24.0 | 23.88 | 0.160 | 0 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.049 | 1.028 | 0.050 | |
| 836.5 | 20525 | LTE B5 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.85 | 0.070 | 1 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0428 | 1.035 | 0.044 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Table 12.22 LTE Band 4(AWS) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------|----------------------------|---|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | -0.090 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.359 | 1.023 | 0.367 | A27 |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | -0.050 | 1 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.352 | 1.000 | 0.352 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.090 | 0 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0672 | 1.023 | 0.069 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | 0.110 | 1 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0647 | 1.000 | 0.065 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | -0.130 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.322 | 1.023 | 0.329 | A22 |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | -0.100 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.318 | 1.000 | 0.318 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.00359 | 1.023 | 0.004 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | 0.010 | 1 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0025 | 1.000 | 0.003 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 23.0 | 22.90 | 0.160 | 0 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0367 | 1.023 | 0.038 | |
| 1732.5 | 20175 | LTE B4 | 10 | 22.0 | 22.00 | -0.020 | 1 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0364 | 1.000 | 0.036 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Table 12.23 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------|---|------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Band | BW [MHz] | Max Allowed Power [dBm] | Cond. PWR [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | MPR | Position | Device Serial Number | Mod. | RB Size | RB Offs. | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1855.0 | 18650 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.10 | -0.060 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.750 | 1.023 | 0.767 | A28 |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.170 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.926 | 1.002 | 0.928 | |
| 1905.0 | 19150 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 22.98 | -0.130 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.796 | 1.052 | 0.837 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | -0.140 | 1 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.728 | 1.014 | 0.738 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | -0.070 | 1 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.716 | 1.014 | 0.726 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.040 | 0 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.185 | 1.002 | 0.185 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.050 | 1 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.149 | 1.014 | 0.151 | |
| 1855.0 | 18650 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.10 | -0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.740 | 1.023 | 0.757 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | 0.190 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.866 | 1.002 | 0.868 | |
| 1905.0 | 19150 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 22.98 | 0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.738 | 1.052 | 0.776 | A23 |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.020 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.698 | 1.014 | 0.708 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.000 | 1 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.613 | 1.014 | 0.622 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | 0.100 | 0 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0198 | 1.002 | 0.020 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.120 | 1 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0151 | 1.014 | 0.015 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | 0.070 | 0 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.0912 | 1.002 | 0.091 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 22.2 | 22.14 | 0.070 | 1 | 10 mm [Left] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.076 | 1.014 | 0.077 | |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | 10 | 23.2 | 23.19 | -0.030 | 0 | 10 mm [Bot.] | FCC #1 | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 1:1 | 0.902 | 1.002 | 0.904 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |

Note: Blue entries represent repeatability measurements.

Table 12.24 W-LAN Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|
| FREQUENCY | | Mode | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Conducted Power [dBm] | Drift Power [dB] | Phantom Position | Device Serial Number | Peak SAR of Area Scan | Data Rate [Mbps] | Duty Cycle | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Scaling Factor | Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle) | SAR (W/kg) | Plots # |
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | 0.110 | 10 mm [Front] | FCC #1 | 0.0456 | 1 | 97.6 | - | 1.021 | 1.025 | - | A29 |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | 0.070 | 10 mm [Rear] | FCC #1 | 0.113 | 1 | 97.6 | - | 1.021 | 1.025 | - | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | 16.7 | 16.61 | 0.120 | 10 mm [Right] | FCC #1 | 0.134 | 1 | 97.6 | 0.149 | 1.021 | 1.025 | 0.156 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | |

Note: Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR

| FREQUENCY | | Mode/ Antenna | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | 1g Scaled SAR (W/kg) | FREQUENCY [MHz] | Mode | Service | Maximum Allowed Power [dBm] | Ratio of OFDM to DSSS | 1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg) | Determine OFDM SAR |
|---|----|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| MHz | Ch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | DSSS | 16.7 | 0.156 | 2462 | 802.11g | OFDM | 13.3 | 0.457 | 0.071 | X |
| 2462 | 11 | 802.11b | DSSS | 16.7 | 0.156 | 2462 | 802.11n HT20 | OFDM | 11.6 | 0.309 | 0.048 | X |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | |

12.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).
9. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 14 for variability analysis.

CDMA Notes:

1. Head SAR for CDMA2000 mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. EVDO and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO / SO32 FCH only powers, per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

GSM Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations; therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). Since the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is not $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, the middle channel was used for testing.

WCDMA (UMTS) Notes:

1. WCDMA (UMTS) mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r04. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 4.1.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

WLAN Notes:

1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

13. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 b), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Table 13.1 Estimated SAR

| Mode | Frequency | Maximum Allowed Power | | Separation Distance (Body) | Estimated SAR (Body) |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| | [MHz] | [dBm] | [mW] | [mm] | [W/kg] |
| Bluetooth | 2441 | 7.5 | 6 | 10 | 0.117 |

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

13.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 13.1 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Figure 13.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 13.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

| No. | Capable TX Configuration | CDMA 850 | CDMA 1900 | GSM 850 | GSM 1900 | WCDMA Band 5 | WCDMA Band 2 | LTE Band 2 | LTE Band 4 | LTE Band 5 | LTE Band 17 | WLAN 2.4 GHz | WLAN 5 GHz | Bluetooth 2.4GHz |
|-----|--------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------------|
| 1 | CDMA850 | | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2 | CDMA1900 | No | | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 3 | GSM850 | No | No | | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 4 | GSM1900 | No | No | No | | No | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 5 | WCDMA Band 5 | No | No | No | No | | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 6 | WCDMA Band 2 | No | No | No | No | No | | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 7 | LTE Band 2 | No | No | No | No | No | No | | No | No | No | Yes | No | Yes |
| 8 | LTE Band 4 | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | | No | No | Yes | No | Yes |
| 9 | LTE Band 5 | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | | No | Yes | No | Yes |
| 10 | LTE Band 17 | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | | Yes | No | Yes |
| 11 | WLAN 2.4 GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | No | No |
| 12 | WLAN 5 GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | No | No | | No |
| 13 | Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | |

Table 13.3 Simultaneous SAR Cases

| No. | Capable Transmit Configuration | Head SAR | Body SAR | Note |
|-----|--|----------|----------|---|
| 1 | CDMA 850 + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 2 | CDMA 1900 + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 3 | CDMA 850 + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 4 | CDMA 1900 + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 5 | CDMA 850 + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 6 | CDMA 1900 + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 7 | GSM850 Voice + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 8 | GSM1900 Voice + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 9 | GSM850 Voice + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 10 | GSM1900 Voice + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 11 | GSM850 Voice + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 12 | GSM1900 Voice + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 13 | GSM850 GPRS/EDGE + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | * Pre-installed VoIP applications are considered. |
| 14 | GSM1900 GPRS/EDGE + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 15 | GSM850 GPRS/EDGE + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | * Pre-installed VoIP applications are considered. |
| 16 | GSM1900 GPRS/EDGE + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 17 | GSM850 GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | * Pre-installed VoIP applications are considered. |
| 18 | GSM1900 GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 19 | WCDMA Band 5 + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 20 | WCDMA Band 2 + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 21 | WCDMA Band 5 + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 22 | WCDMA Band 2 + WLAN 5GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 23 | WCDMA Band 5 + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 24 | WCDMA Band 2 + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | |
| 25 | LTE B2, B4, B5, B17 + WLAN 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | * Pre-installed VoIP applications are considered. |
| 26 | LTE B2, B4, B5, B17 + WLAN 5GHz | No | No | |
| 27 | LTE B2, B4, B5, B17 + Bluetooth 2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | * Pre-installed VoIP applications are considered. |

Notes:

1. CDMA, GSM, WCDMA and LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.
2. Bluetooth & WLAN (2.4GHz, 5GHz) are not operated at same time.
3. VoIP is supported. (e.g. 3rd part VoIP)

Note:

- When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.
- Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is not expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body voice call. Therefore, there are no simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct beyond that listed in the above table.

13.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for CDMA with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | CDMA 850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | CDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.188 | - | 0.188 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.103 | - | 0.103 |
| | Right Touch | 0.221 | 0.102 | 0.323 | | Right Touch | 0.077 | 0.102 | 0.179 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.107 | - | 0.107 | | Left Tilt | 0.024 | - | 0.024 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.109 | - | 0.109 | | Right Tilt | 0.053 | - | 0.053 |

Table 13.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for GSM with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | GSM850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | GSM1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.121 | - | 0.121 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.034 | - | 0.034 |
| | Right Touch | 0.135 | 0.102 | 0.237 | | Right Touch | 0.025 | 0.102 | 0.127 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.070 | - | 0.070 | | Left Tilt | 0.006 | - | 0.006 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.079 | - | 0.079 | | Right Tilt | 0.009 | - | 0.009 |

Table 13.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for GPRS with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.240 | - | 0.240 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.076 | - | 0.076 |
| | Right Touch | 0.268 | 0.102 | 0.370 | | Right Touch | 0.052 | 0.102 | 0.154 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.141 | - | 0.141 | | Left Tilt | 0.014 | - | 0.014 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.163 | - | 0.163 | | Right Tilt | 0.022 | - | 0.022 |

Table 13.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for WCDMA with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.159 | - | 0.159 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.069 | - | 0.069 |
| | Right Touch | 0.193 | 0.102 | 0.295 | | Right Touch | 0.048 | 0.102 | 0.150 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.097 | - | 0.097 | | Left Tilt | 0.015 | - | 0.015 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.100 | - | 0.100 | | Right Tilt | 0.035 | - | 0.035 |

Table 13.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for LTE with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 17 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 5 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.103 | - | 0.103 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.115 | - | 0.115 |
| | Right Touch | 0.104 | 0.102 | 0.206 | | Right Touch | 0.126 | 0.102 | 0.228 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.059 | - | 0.059 | | Left Tilt | 0.068 | - | 0.068 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.061 | - | 0.061 | | Right Tilt | 0.057 | - | 0.057 |
| Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 4 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 2 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.024 | - | 0.024 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.101 | - | 0.101 |
| | Right Touch | 0.010 | 0.102 | 0.112 | | Right Touch | 0.055 | 0.102 | 0.157 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.007 | - | 0.007 | | Left Tilt | 0.023 | - | 0.023 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.010 | - | 0.010 | | Right Tilt | 0.037 | - | 0.037 |

Table 13.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for CDMA with 5.3 & 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | CDMA 850 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | CDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|--|-------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.188 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.250 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.103 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.165 |
| | Right Touch | 0.221 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.267 | | Right Touch | 0.077 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.123 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.107 | - | 0.107 | | Left Tilt | 0.024 | - | 0.024 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.109 | - | 0.109 | | Right Tilt | 0.053 | - | 0.053 |

Table 13.10 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for GSM with 5.3 & 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | GSM850 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------|--|-------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.121 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.183 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.034 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.096 |
| | Right Touch | 0.135 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.181 | | Right Touch | 0.025 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.071 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.070 | - | 0.070 | | Left Tilt | 0.006 | - | 0.006 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.079 | - | 0.079 | | Right Tilt | 0.009 | - | 0.009 |

Table 13.11 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for GPRS with 5.3 & 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|--|-------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.240 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.302 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.076 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.138 |
| | Right Touch | 0.268 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.314 | | Right Touch | 0.052 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.098 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.141 | - | 0.141 | | Left Tilt | 0.014 | - | 0.014 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.163 | - | 0.163 | | Right Tilt | 0.022 | - | 0.022 |

Table 13.12 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for WCDMA with 5.3 & 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|----------------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|--|-------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.159 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.221 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.069 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.131 |
| | Right Touch | 0.193 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.239 | | Right Touch | 0.048 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.094 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.097 | - | 0.097 | | Left Tilt | 0.015 | - | 0.015 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.100 | - | 0.100 | | Right Tilt | 0.035 | - | 0.035 |

Note(s):

1. 5.3G W-LAN 802.11a Right Touch SAR Data: 0.046 W/kg

2. 5.8G W-LAN 802.11a Left Touch SAR Data: 0.062 W/kg

Table 13.13 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for LTE with 5.3 & 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

| Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 17 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 5 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|------------------------|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|--|-------------|
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.103 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.165 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.115 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.177 |
| | Right Touch | 0.104 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.150 | | Right Touch | 0.126 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.172 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.059 | - | 0.059 | | Left Tilt | 0.068 | - | 0.068 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.061 | - | 0.061 | | Right Tilt | 0.057 | - | 0.057 |
| Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 4 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 2 SAR (W/kg) | 5.3G & 5.8G W-LAN (802.11a) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
| Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.024 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.086 | Head SAR | Left Touch | 0.101 | 0.062 ^{Note 2} | 0.163 |
| | Right Touch | 0.010 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.056 | | Right Touch | 0.055 | 0.046 ^{Note 1} | 0.101 |
| | Left Tilt | 0.007 | - | 0.007 | | Left Tilt | 0.023 | - | 0.023 |
| | Right Tilt | 0.010 | - | 0.010 | | Right Tilt | 0.037 | - | 0.037 |

Note(s):

1. 5.3G W-LAN 802.11a Right Touch SAR Data: 0.046 W/kg

2. 5.8G W-LAN 802.11a Left Touch SAR Data: 0.062 W/kg

13.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13.14 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

| Configuration | Mode | 2G/3G SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Rear Side | CDMA 850 | 0.267 | - | 0.267 |
| Rear Side | CDMA 1900 | 0.992 | - | 0.992 |
| Rear Side | GSM 850 | 0.182 | - | 0.182 |
| Rear Side | GPRS 850 | 0.352 | - | 0.352 |
| Rear Side | GSM 1900 | 0.682 | - | 0.682 |
| Rear Side | GPRS 1900 | 0.727 | - | 0.727 |
| Rear Side | WCDMA 850 | 0.223 | - | 0.223 |
| Rear Side | WCDMA 1900 | 0.754 | - | 0.754 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 17 | 0.233 | - | 0.233 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 5 | 0.153 | - | 0.153 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 4 | 0.329 | - | 0.329 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 2 | 0.868 | - | 0.868 |

Note: Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

Table 13.15 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

| Configuration | Mode | 2G/3G SAR (W/kg) | Bluetooth SAR (W/kg) | ΣSAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Rear Side | CDMA 850 | 0.267 | 0.117 | 0.384 |
| Rear Side | CDMA 1900 | 0.992 | 0.117 | 1.109 |
| Rear Side | GSM 850 | 0.182 | 0.117 | 0.299 |
| Rear Side | GPRS 850 | 0.352 | 0.117 | 0.469 |
| Rear Side | GSM 1900 | 0.682 | 0.117 | 0.799 |
| Rear Side | GPRS 1900 | 0.727 | 0.117 | 0.844 |
| Rear Side | WCDMA 850 | 0.223 | 0.117 | 0.340 |
| Rear Side | WCDMA 1900 | 0.754 | 0.117 | 0.871 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 17 | 0.233 | 0.117 | 0.350 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 5 | 0.153 | 0.117 | 0.270 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 4 | 0.329 | 0.117 | 0.446 |
| Rear Side | LTE Band 2 | 0.868 | 0.117 | 0.985 |

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

13.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("").

Table 13.16 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for CDMA with 2.4GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

| Simult TX | Configuration | CDMA 850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | CDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Body SAR | Top | - | - | - | Body SAR | Top | - | - | - |
| | Bottom | 0.137 | - | 0.137 | | Bottom | 1.111 | - | 1.111 |
| | Front | 0.203 | - | 0.203 | | Front | 0.213 | - | 0.213 |
| | Rear | 0.267 | - | 0.267 | | Rear | 0.992 | - | 0.992 |
| | Right | 0.198 | 0.156 | 0.354 | | Right | 0.023 | 0.156 | 0.179 |
| | Left | 0.109 | - | 0.109 | | Left | 0.159 | - | 0.159 |

Table 13.17 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for GPRS with 2.4GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

| Simult TX | Configuration | GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Body SAR | Top | - | - | - | Body SAR | Top | - | - | - |
| | Bottom | 0.206 | - | 0.206 | | Bottom | 0.989 | - | 0.989 |
| | Front | 0.315 | - | 0.315 | | Front | 0.199 | - | 0.199 |
| | Rear | 0.352 | - | 0.352 | | Rear | 0.727 | - | 0.727 |
| | Right | 0.225 | 0.156 | 0.381 | | Right | 0.026 | 0.156 | 0.182 |
| | Left | 0.130 | - | 0.130 | | Left | 0.099 | - | 0.099 |

Table 13.18 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for WCDMA with 2.4GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

| Simult TX | Configuration | WCDMA 850 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | WCDMA 1900 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Body SAR | Top | - | - | - | Body SAR | Top | - | - | - |
| | Bottom | 0.117 | - | 0.117 | | Bottom | 1.111 | - | 1.111 |
| | Front | 0.164 | - | 0.164 | | Front | 0.174 | - | 0.174 |
| | Rear | 0.223 | - | 0.223 | | Rear | 0.754 | - | 0.754 |
| | Right | 0.155 | 0.156 | 0.311 | | Right | 0.033 | 0.156 | 0.189 |
| | Left | 0.087 | - | 0.087 | | Left | 0.129 | - | 0.129 |

Table 13.19 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario for LTE with 2.4GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

| Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 17 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 5 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Body SAR | Top | - | - | - | Body SAR | Top | - | - | - |
| | Bottom | 0.036 | - | 0.036 | | Bottom | 0.086 | - | 0.086 |
| | Front | 0.135 | - | 0.135 | | Front | 0.115 | - | 0.115 |
| | Rear | 0.233 | - | 0.233 | | Rear | 0.153 | - | 0.153 |
| | Right | 0.153 | 0.156 | 0.309 | | Right | 0.108 | 0.156 | 0.264 |
| | Left | 0.177 | - | 0.177 | | Left | 0.050 | - | 0.050 |
| Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 4 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) | Simult TX | Configuration | LTE Band 2 SAR (W/kg) | 2.4G W-LAN (802.11b) SAR (W/kg) | Σ SAR (W/kg) |
| Body SAR | Top | - | - | - | Body SAR | Top | - | - | - |
| | Bottom | 0.367 | - | 0.367 | | Bottom | 0.928 | - | 0.928 |
| | Front | 0.069 | - | 0.069 | | Front | 0.185 | - | 0.185 |
| | Rear | 0.329 | - | 0.329 | | Rear | 0.868 | - | 0.868 |
| | Right | 0.004 | 0.156 | 0.160 | | Right | 0.020 | 0.156 | 0.176 |
| | Left | 0.038 | - | 0.038 | | Left | 0.091 | - | 0.091 |

13.7 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

14. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

14.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 14.1 Body SAR Measurement Variability Results

| Frequency | | Mode | Service | # of Time Slots | Spacing [Side] | Measured SAR (1g) | 1st Repeated SAR(1g) | Ratio | 2nd Repeated SAR(1g) | Ratio | 3rd Repeated SAR(1g) | Ratio |
|---|-------|------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|---|-------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| MHz | Ch. | | | | | (W/kg) | (W/kg) | | (W/kg) | | (W/kg) | |
| 1880.0 | 600 | CDMA 1900 | TDSC SO32 FCH | N/A | 10 mm [Bottom] | 1.111 | 1.111 | 1.00 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1880.0 | 661 | GSM 1900 | GPRS | 4 | 10 mm [Bottom] | 0.989 | 0.963 | 1.03 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1880.0 | 9400 | WCDMA 1900 | RMC | N/A | 10 mm [Bottom] | 1.111 | 1.101 | 1.01 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1880.0 | 18900 | LTE B2 | LTE | N/A | 10 mm [Bottom] | 0.928 | 0.904 | 1.03 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure | | | | | | | Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | |

14.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664D01v01r04, the standard measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

15. IEEE P1528 –MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

750 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.0 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.2 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.2 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.1 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.2 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

750 MHz Body

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 3.7 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 3.7 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.5 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.1 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.2 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

835 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.6 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.6 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.2 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.2 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.2 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.4 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

835 MHz Body

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.5 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 3.8 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 3.8 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.1 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.2 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

1800 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.2 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.2 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 3.9 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 3.9 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.1 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.2 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

1800 MHz Body

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.0 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.0 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.0 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

1900 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.3 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.3 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.5 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.2 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.4 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

1900 MHz Body

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 3.7 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 3.7 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.5 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.1 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.2 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

2450 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.4 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.4 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.6 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.6 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.2 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.4 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

2450 MHz Body

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.1 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.1 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.5 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.1 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.2 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

5300 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.55 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.55 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 3.7 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 3.7 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.6 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.6 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.4 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.8 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

5600 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.55 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.55 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 3.9 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 3.9 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.5 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.4 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.8 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

5800 MHz Head

| Error Description | Uncertainty value $\pm\%$ | Probability Distribution | Divisor | (Ci) 1g | Standard (1g) | vi 2 or Veff |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 6.55 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.55 \%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 5.543 \%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.714 \%$ | ∞ |
| Detection limits | ± 0.25 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.145 \%$ | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.462 \%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 2.6 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.501 \%$ | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.732 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.231 \%$ | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 1.674 \%$ | ∞ |
| Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval. | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 0.577 \%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ± 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9 \%$ | 145 |
| Device Holder | ± 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6 \%$ | 5 |
| Power Drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Physical Parameters | | | | | | |
| Phantom Shell | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | $\pm 2.31 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (Meas.) | ± 4.4 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | $\pm 4.4 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | $\pm 2.887 \%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (Meas.) | ± 4.0 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | $\pm 4.0 \%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | $\pm 12.4 \%$ | 330 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | $\pm 24.8 \%$ | |

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE P1528 (2003)

16. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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Attachment 1. – Probe Calibration Data

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **DT&C (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3866_May15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3866**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,
QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

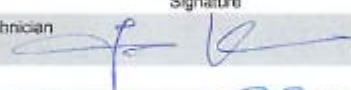

Calibration date: **May 27, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) | Mar-16 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133) | Mar-16 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) | Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|---|
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician |  |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager |  |
| Issued: May 28, 2015 | | | |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization θ | θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3866

May 27, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3866

Manufactured: February 2, 2012
Calibrated: May 27, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A | 0.42 | 0.46 | 0.40 | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 101.2 | 101.7 | 102.6 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 145.9 | $\pm 3.8 \%$ |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 130.9 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 136.9 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 10.94 | 10.94 | 10.94 | 0.10 | 1.15 | ± 13.3 % |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 11.20 | 11.20 | 11.20 | 0.18 | 1.20 | ± 13.3 % |
| 600 | 42.7 | 0.88 | 9.99 | 9.99 | 9.99 | 0.08 | 1.15 | ± 13.3 % |
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.54 | 9.54 | 9.54 | 0.25 | 1.20 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9.09 | 9.09 | 9.09 | 0.18 | 1.68 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 8.93 | 8.93 | 8.93 | 0.24 | 1.37 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 7.84 | 7.84 | 7.84 | 0.39 | 0.81 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.58 | 7.58 | 7.58 | 0.26 | 0.98 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 7.20 | 7.20 | 7.20 | 0.34 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 6.85 | 6.85 | 6.85 | 0.25 | 1.09 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 6.73 | 6.73 | 6.73 | 0.23 | 1.17 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 6.58 | 0.21 | 1.79 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 5.24 | 5.24 | 5.24 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 5.02 | 5.02 | 5.02 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.33 | 4.33 | 4.33 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.57 | 4.57 | 4.57 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^f | Conductivity (S/m) ^f | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^g | Depth ^a (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 300 | 58.2 | 0.92 | 10.73 | 10.73 | 10.73 | 0.06 | 1.15 | ± 13.3 % |
| 450 | 56.7 | 0.94 | 10.60 | 10.60 | 10.60 | 0.10 | 1.15 | ± 13.3 % |
| 600 | 56.1 | 0.95 | 10.02 | 10.02 | 10.02 | 0.05 | 1.15 | ± 13.3 % |
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 9.39 | 9.39 | 9.39 | 0.43 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 9.25 | 9.25 | 9.25 | 0.51 | 0.84 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 9.12 | 9.12 | 9.12 | 0.33 | 1.06 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.64 | 7.64 | 7.64 | 0.44 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.31 | 7.31 | 7.31 | 0.42 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2300 | 52.9 | 1.81 | 7.15 | 7.15 | 7.15 | 0.38 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 0.36 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 6.84 | 6.84 | 6.84 | 0.29 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3500 | 51.3 | 3.31 | 6.18 | 6.18 | 6.18 | 0.22 | 2.07 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 5.30 | 4.28 | 4.28 | 4.28 | 0.40 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 4.21 | 4.21 | 4.21 | 0.40 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 5.65 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 0.45 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.83 | 3.83 | 3.83 | 0.45 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 6.00 | 4.02 | 4.02 | 4.02 | 0.45 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

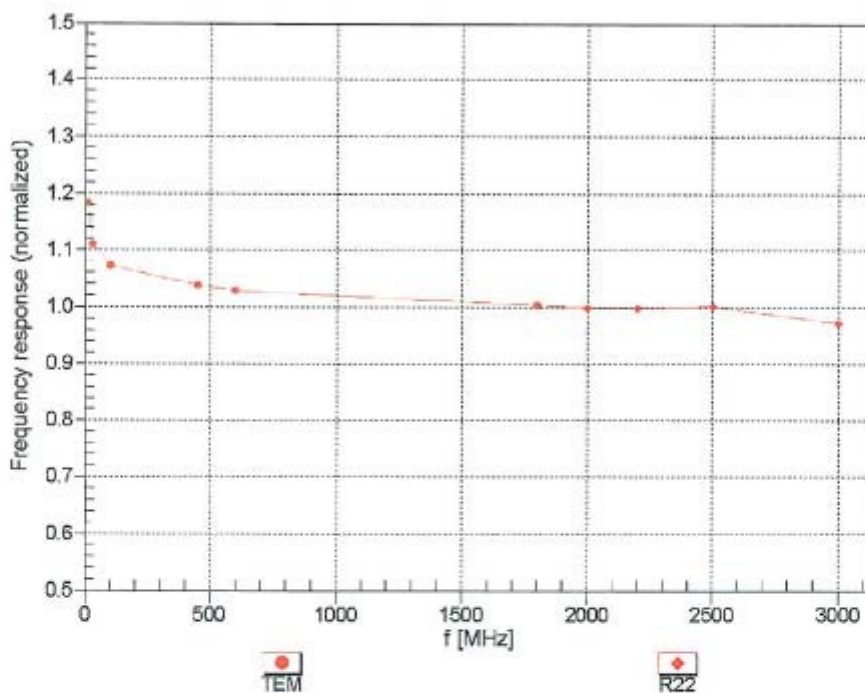
^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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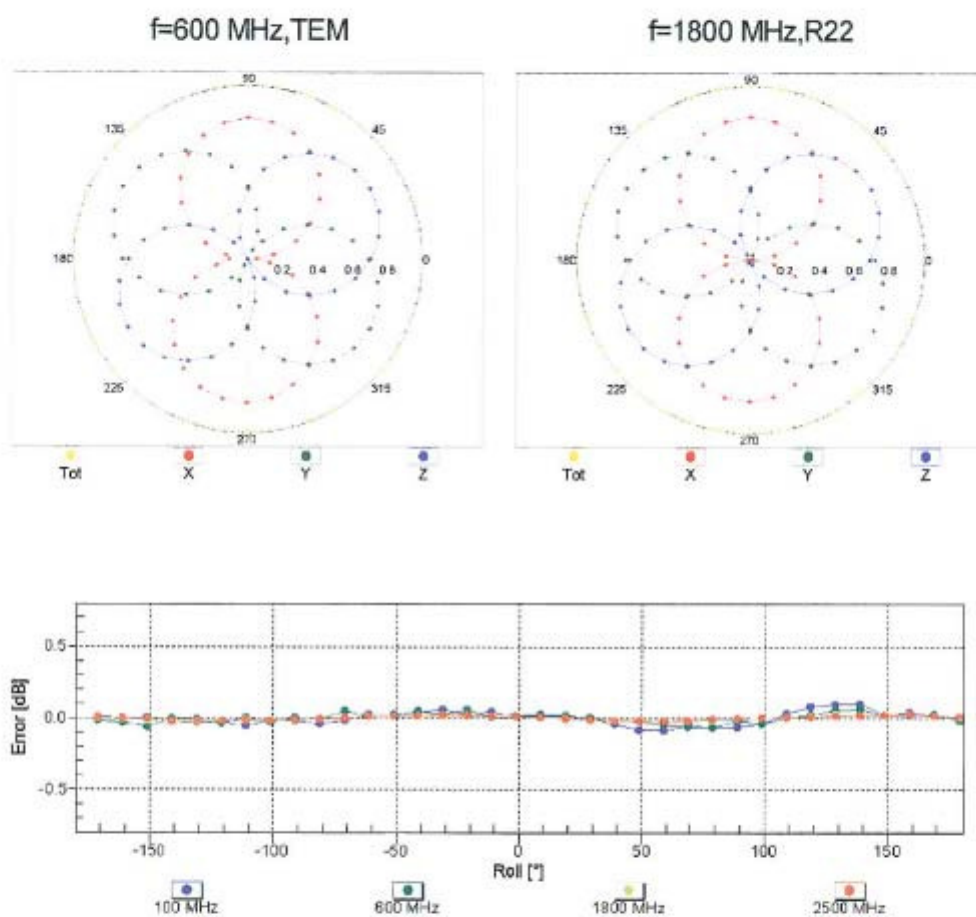
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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

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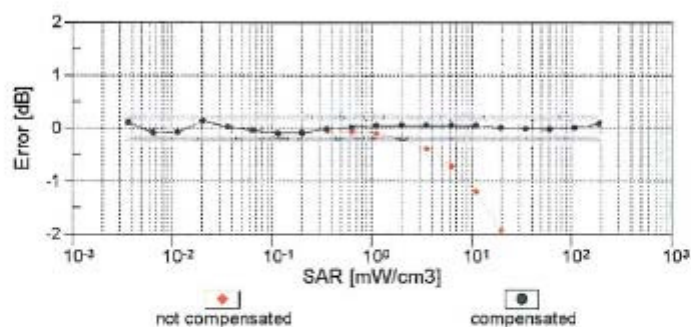
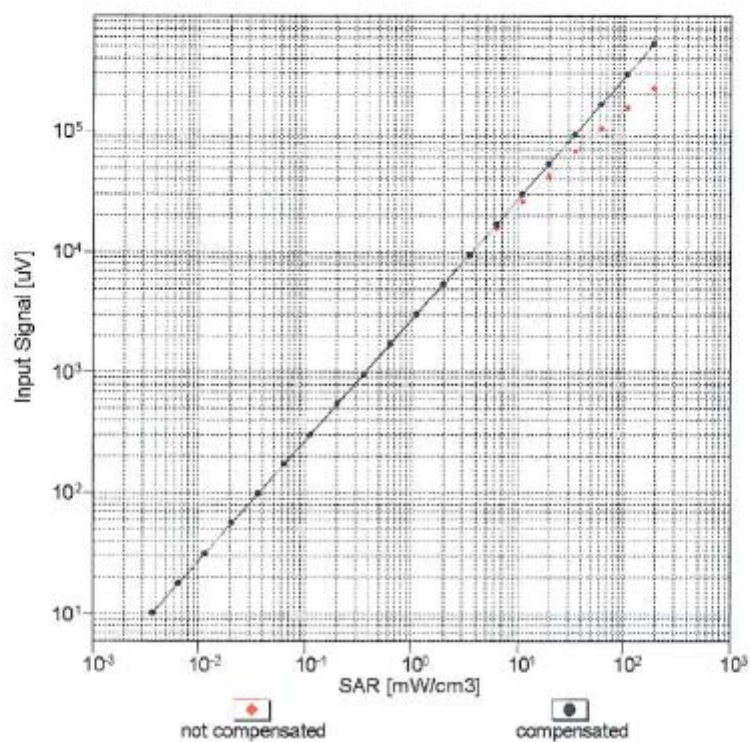
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$ **Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)**

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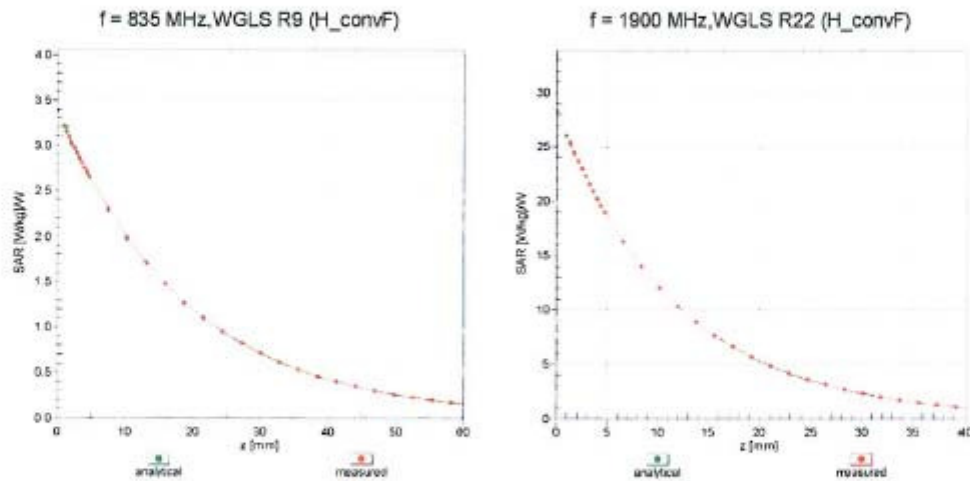
Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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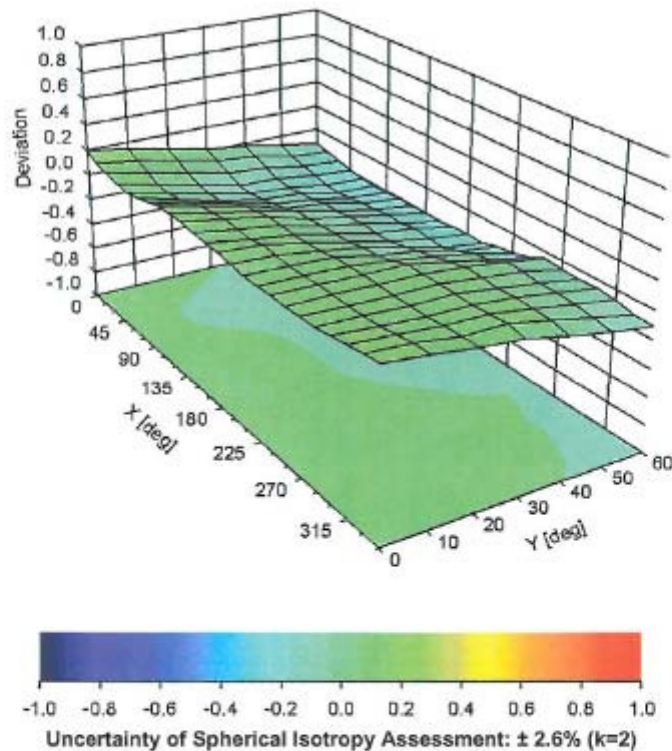
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866**Other Probe Parameters**

| | |
|---|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | 68.9 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |