

Antenna Measurement Data

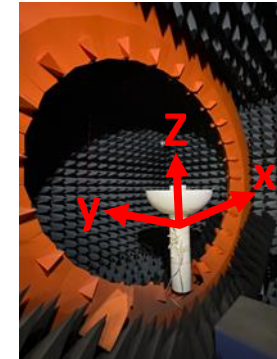
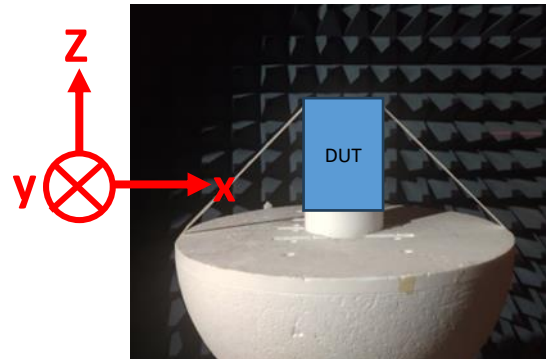
Introduction

This report provides Wi-Fi antenna passive measurement results which include:

- General Information
- Antenna Measurement System Information
- Test Procedure
- DUT Information
- Test Result (Antenna Peak Gain)
- Test Result 2D Radiation Pattern and 3D Raw Data
- Directional Gain Result
- Set-up Photo

General Information

- Antenna Vendor : Pegatron
- Test Date: 20240820
- Test Engineer: Darren Huang
- Measurement System: SATIMO SG24 Chamber
- Software Name: Wave Studio
- Software Version: 22.5.5



Pegatron's SATIMO SG24 chamber

Antenna Measurement System Information

- Measurement System: SATIMO SG24 Chamber

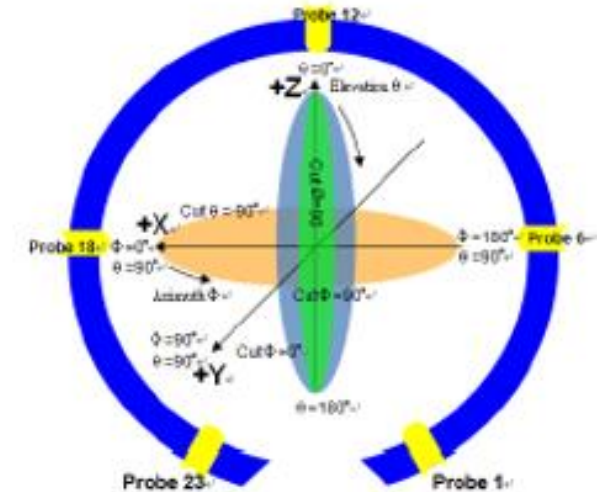
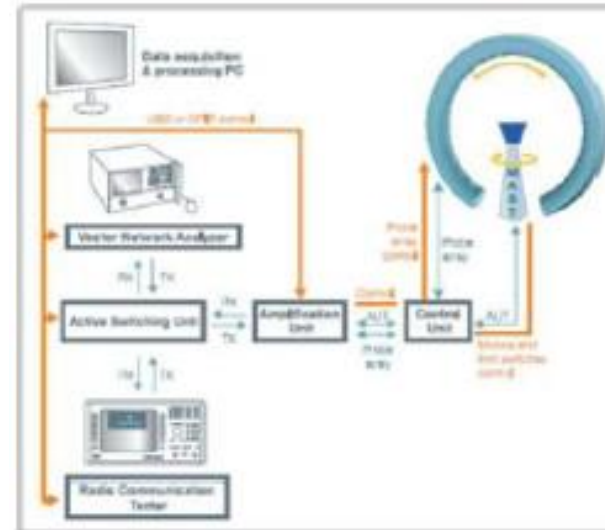
Measurement Setup:

- Pattern & Gain measurement:

1. Satimo chamber (SG24)
2. Satimo program (wave studio)
3. system overview :

- Test Item

- ## 1. Antenna passive test 400MHz~6GHz

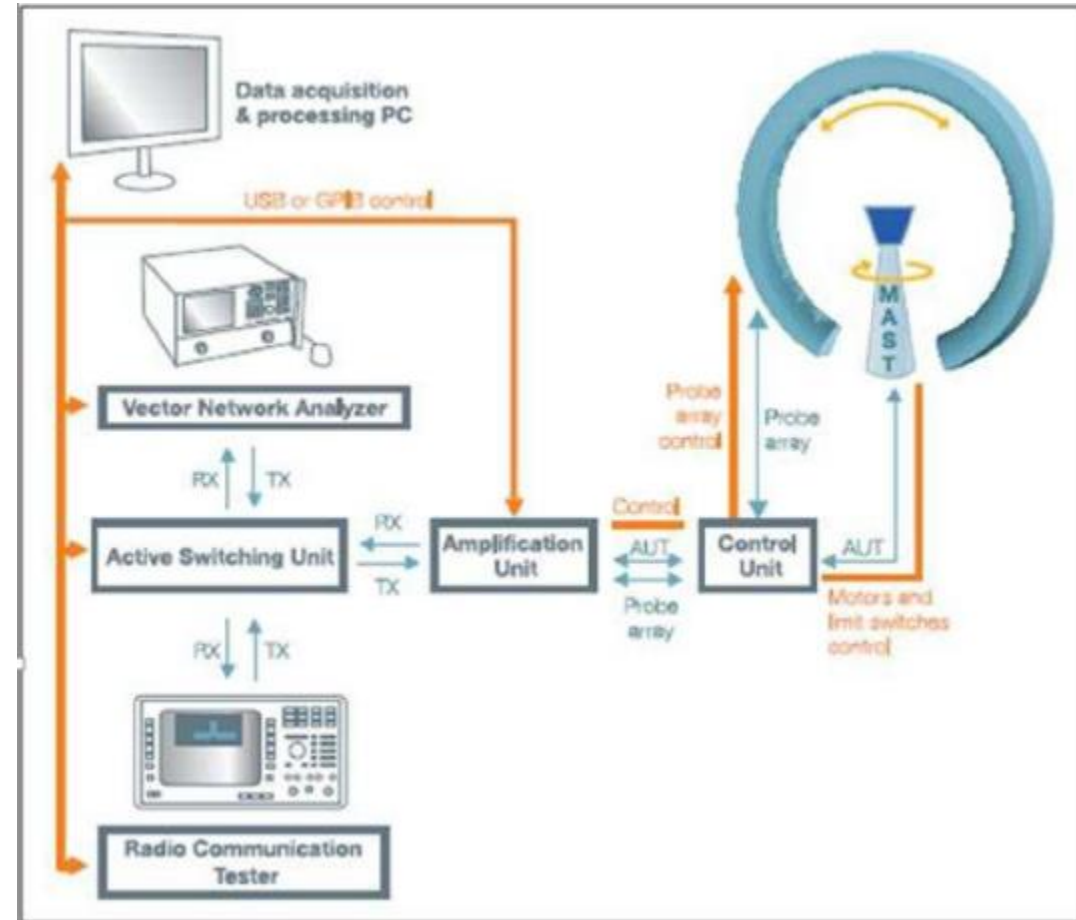


- Calibration Information

| Description | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibrated Date | Calibrated Until |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Chamber | Satimo SG24 | MVG/HKG0147S | 2023/09/15 | 2024/09/16 |
| Network Analyzer | E5071C | MY46212481 | 2023/05/15 | 2024/05/16 |

Test Procedure

1. Place the device to be tested on the fixture and align it with the center of the chamber.
2. Connect the antenna cable to the RF connector of the chamber.
3. Use the SW to configure parameters (antenna name, frequency points, measurement angles, antenna dimension), and then run the test SW (wave studio).
4. By phi from 0° to 360° and theta from 0° to 180° with a step size of 2 degrees, get the 3D data, including efficiency, peak gain, 2D and 3D radiation patterns.
5. This is far field test for antenna verification.
6. This is passive measurement, which means the device is off and not in any operating mode.



DUT Information

- DUT Operation Mode

| Support Band | TX/RX | Operation Mode |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------|
| 2.4G | 2TX/2RX | 11b/11g/11n/11ac/11ax |
| 5G UNII-1 | 2TX/2RX | 11a/11n/11ac/11ax |
| 5G UNII-2a | 2TX/2RX | 11a/11n/11ac/11ax |
| 5G UNII-2c | 2TX/2RX | 11a/11n/11ac/11ax |
| 5G UNII-3 | 2TX/2RX | 11a/11n/11ac/11ax |

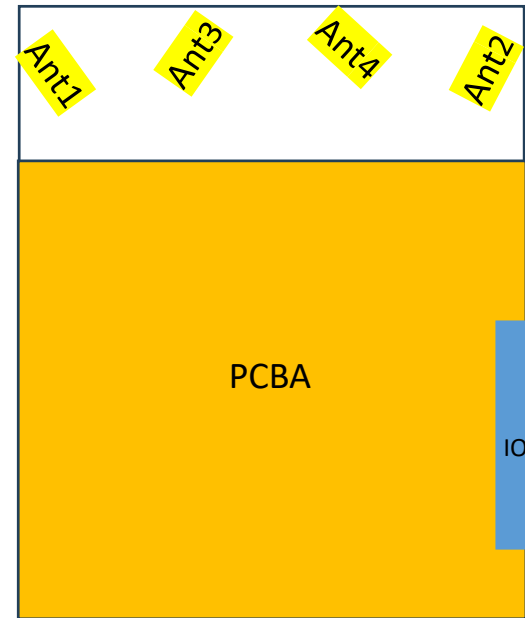
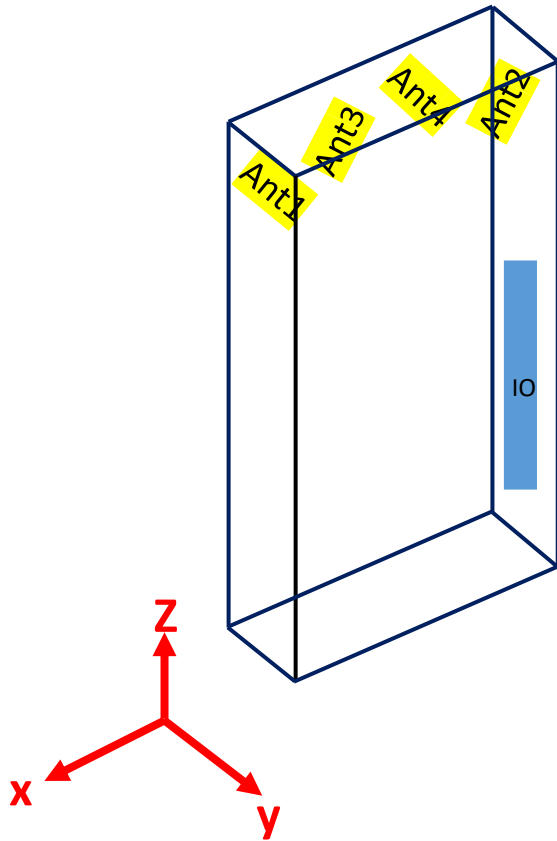
DUT Information

- Antenna System information

| Antenna NO. | RF Chain NO. | Support Function | Antenna Type | Connector Type |
|-------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| Ant1 | 0 | 2.4G | Dipole | I-PEX |
| Ant2 | 1 | 2.4G | Dipole | I-PEX |
| Ant3 | 0 | 5G | Dipole | I-PEX |
| Ant4 | 1 | 5G | Dipole | I-PEX |

DUT Information

- Antenna Placement



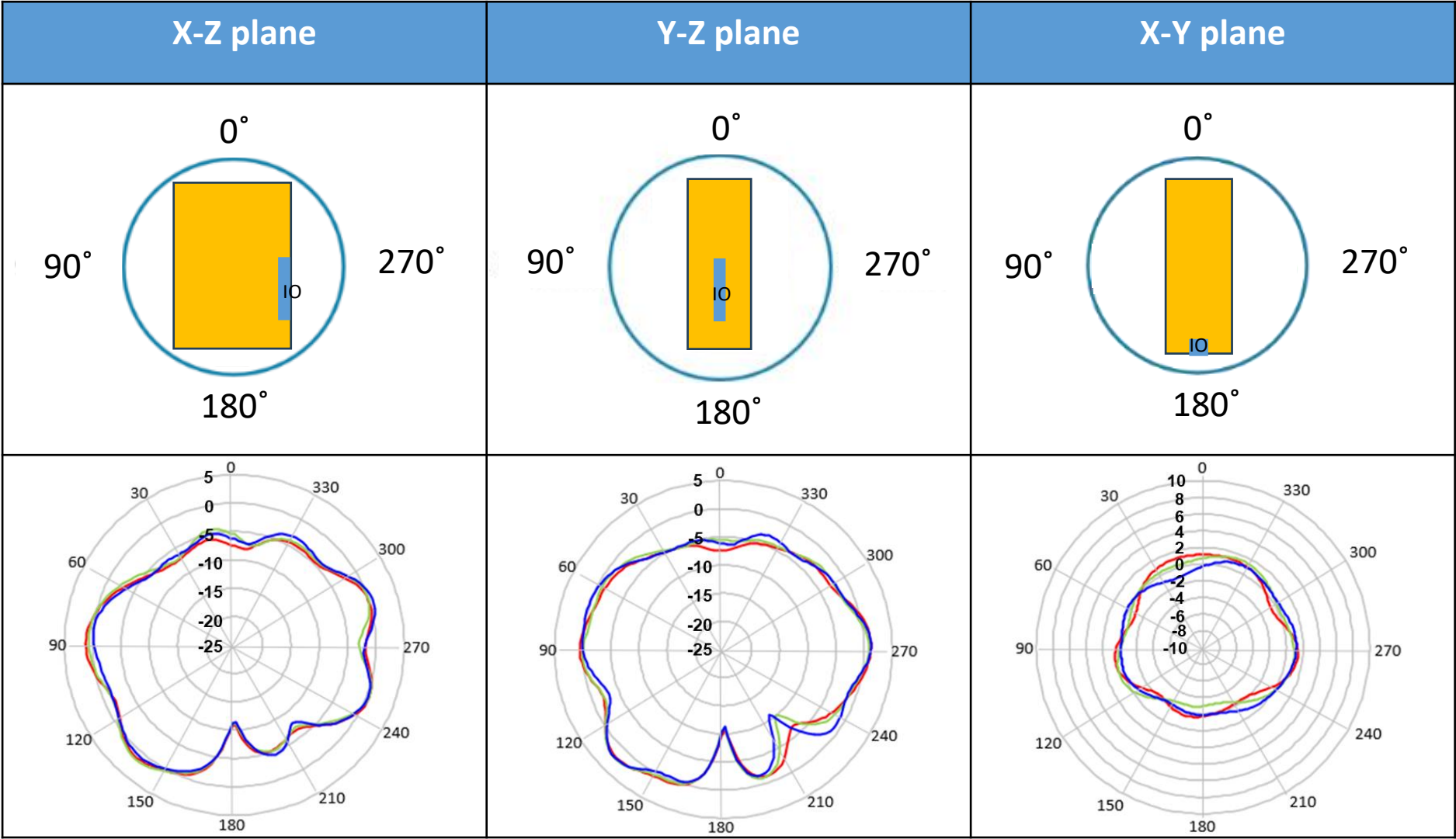
Test Result (Antenna Peak Gain)

| Antenna NO. | Model | Test Frequency (MHz) | Peak Gain (dBi) |
|-------------|-------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Ant1 | U4.2 | 2450 | 3.26 |
| Ant2 | U4.2 | 2450 | 2.75 |
| Ant3 | U4.2 | 5800 | 3.91 |
| Ant4 | U4.2 | 5300 | 3.51 |

| Band | 2.4G (2.4G~2.4835GHz) | UNII-1 (5.15G~5.25GHz) | UNII-2a (5.25G~5.35GHz) | UNII-2c (5.47G~5.725GHz) | UNII-3 (5.725G~5.85GHz) |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Frequency (GHz) | 2.45GHz | 5.18GHz | 5.3GHz | 5.5GHz | 5.8GHz |

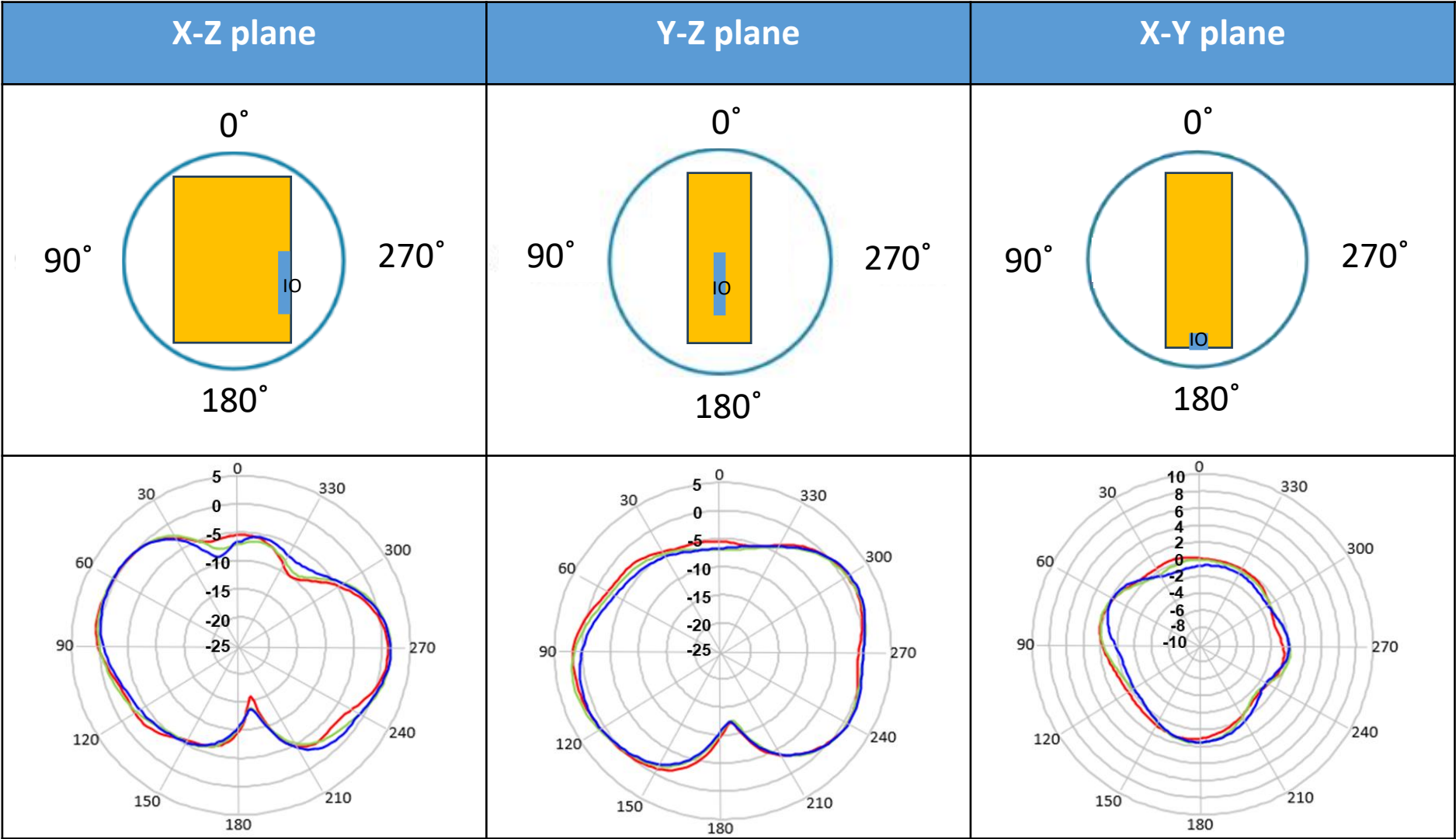
Test Result 2D Radiation Pattern and 3D Raw Data

- Ant No.: Ant1
- Model No.: 1415-0AVK000



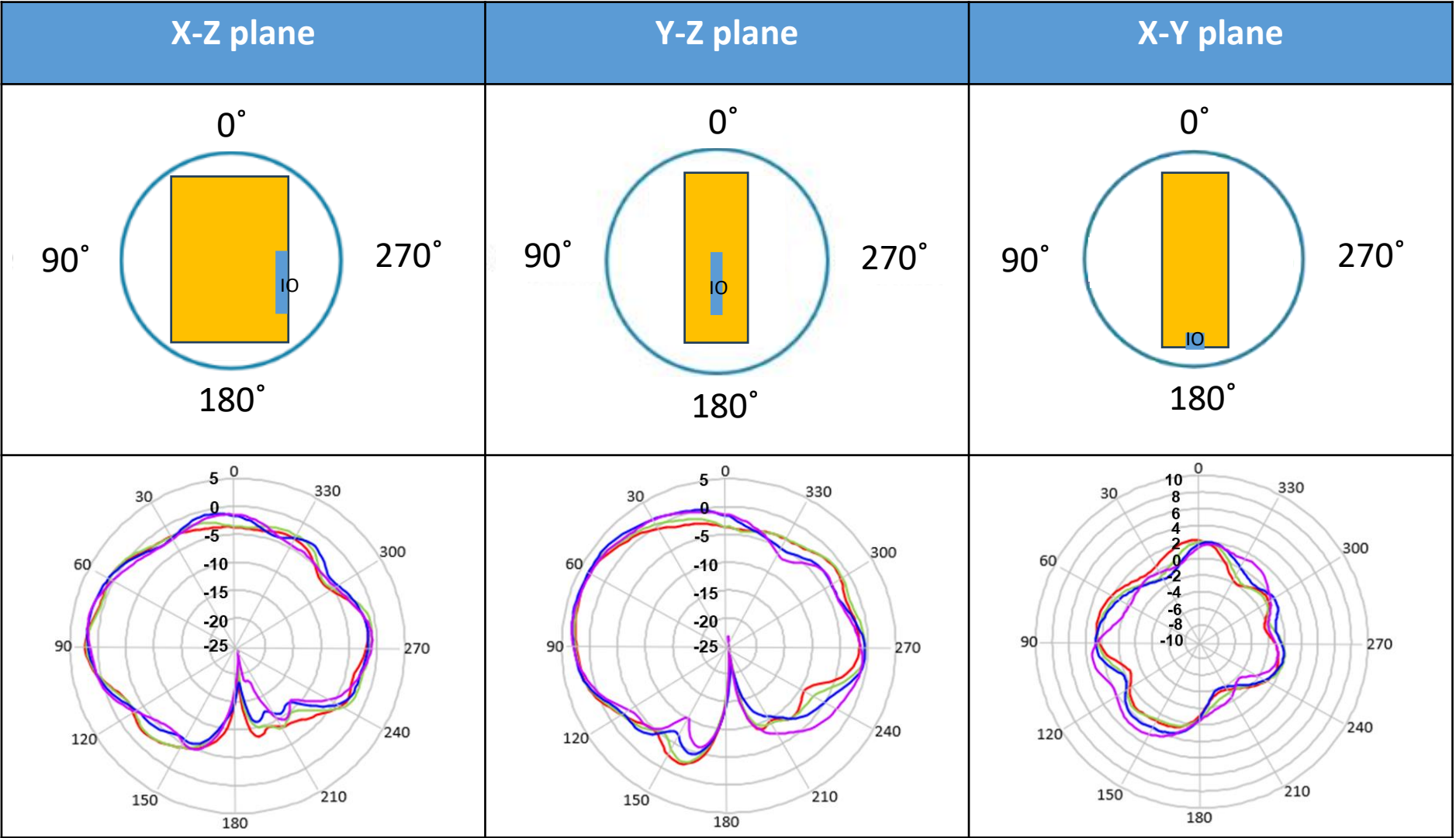
Test Result 2D Radiation Pattern and 3D Raw Data

- Ant No.: Ant2
- Model No.: 1415-0AVJ000



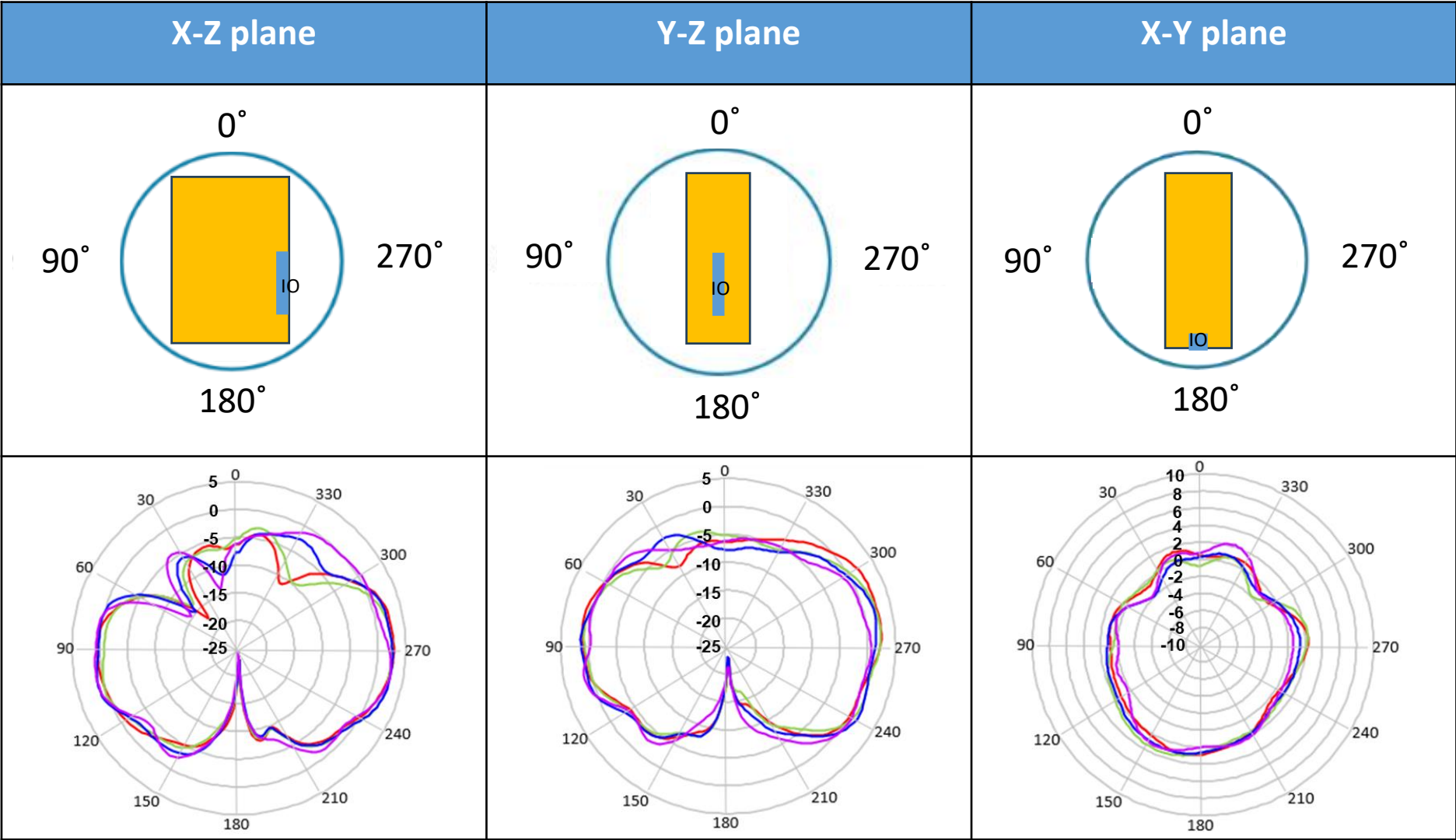
Test Result 2D Radiation Pattern and 3D Raw Data

- Ant No.: Ant3
- Model No.: 1415-0AVH000



Test Result 2D Radiation Pattern and 3D Raw Data

- Ant No.: Ant4
- Model No.: 1415-0AVG000



Measurement Setup

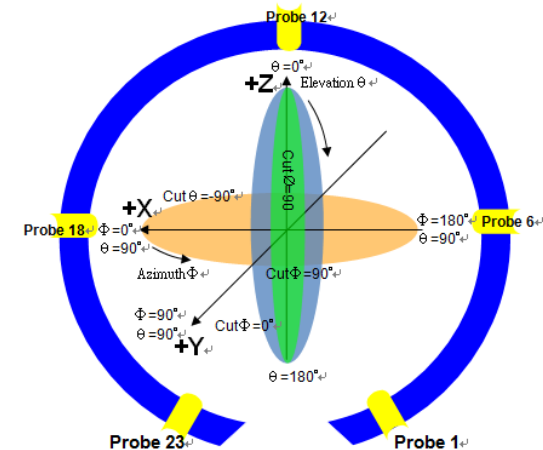
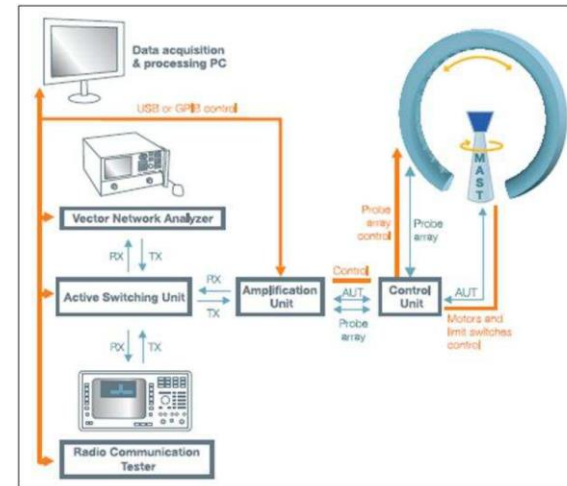
• Procedure

- sub-divide the whole sphere surface into many 2x2 degree subsection.
- Measure the gain contributed from each antenna within each subsection position.
- Apply the KDB 662911 D01 correlated directional gain formula to calculate directional gain for each subsection.
- After all subsections have been evaluated, the largest calculated value among all positions evaluated is picked as the worst-case directional gain for the system and used in RF/EMC test report.

d) *Unequal antenna gains, with equal transmit powers.* For antenna gains given by G_1, G_2, \dots, G_N dBi

- If transmit signals are *correlated*, then

Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G_1/20} + 10^{G_2/20} + \dots + 10^{G_N/20})^2 / N_{\text{ANT}}]$ dBi [Note the “20”s in the denominator of each exponent and the square of the sum of terms; the object is to combine the signal levels coherently.]



Directional Gain Result

- Summary Result

Calculated Directional Gain: theta(V)

| Directional Gain _ Maximum Gain Value and Positions | | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Frequency Bands (MHz) | 2400-2483.5 | 5150-5250 | 5250-5350 | 5470-5725 | 5725-5850 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2450 | 5180 | 5300 | 5500 | 5800 |
| Ant 1 (dBi) | 3.26 | X | X | X | X |
| Ant 2 (dBi) | 2.75 | X | X | X | X |
| Ant 3 (dBi) | X | 3.43 | 3.51 | 3.58 | 3.91 |
| Ant 4 (dBi) | X | 3.08 | 3.51 | 3.36 | 3.39 |
| Directional Gain _ 1SS | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| Polarization / θ / Φ | theta (92,84) | theta (88,74) | theta (86,146) | theta (88,158) | theta (94,154) |

Set-up Photo

