ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992



in accordance with the requirements of

FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62, and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C

FCC TEST REPORT

For

TATUNG CO.

TABLET PC

Trade Name: Tatung

Model: TTAB-B12D

Prepared for

TATUNG CO. 22 Chungshan N. Rd.,3 Sec. Taipei, Taiwan, 10451 R.O.C.

Prepared by

Compliance Certification Services Inc. No. 11, Wu-Kung 6 Rd, Wu-Ku Hsiang, Wu-Ku Industrial District, Taipei Hsien, (248) Taiwan.



TEL: 886-2-2299-9720 FAX: 886-2-2299-9721

Date of Issue: Sep 23, 2004

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Date of Test: Sep 16 and 21, 2004

Applicant: TATUNG CO.

22 Chungshan N. Rd., 3 Sec. Taipei,

Taiwan, 10451 R.O.C.

Model Number / Trade Name: T

TTAB-B12D / Tatung

Device Category:

PORTABLE DEVICES

Exposure Category:

GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

Test Sample is a: Production unit Modulation type: 802.11a:

802.11a: Orthogonal Frequency Division

Multiplexing (OFDM)

802.11b:

Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum

802.11g:

Orthogonal Frequency Division

Multiplexing (OFDM) **802.11a:** 5.15~5.35 GHz

5.725~5.85 GHz

Tx Frequency: **802.11b:**2412 ~ 2462 MHz

802.11g:2412 ~ 2462 MHz

802.11a:15.39dBm

Max. O/P Power: (Conducted/Peak)

802.11b:15.58dBm

802.11g:15.69dBm

802.11a:0.200W/kg

Max. SAR (1g): 802.11b:0.082W/kg

802.11g:0.077W/kg

Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Part(s): 15E

Note: This Report is only applicable for 802.11a/b/g

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (released on 6/29/2001 see Test Report).

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Approved by:

Reviewed by:

Harris W. Lai

Executive Vice President

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Devin Chang

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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10451 R.O.C.

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FCC Rule Part(s): 15E

PIFA Ant. Antenna:



2. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

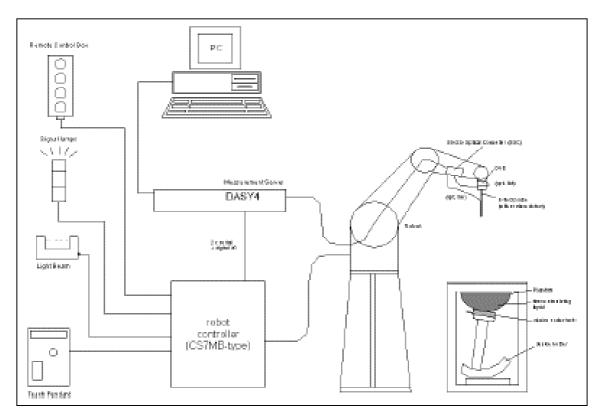
The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6]. According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2-SN: 3023 and ET3DV6-SN: 1763 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and EN50361.

3.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



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The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

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3.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

DASY4 Measurement Server



The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.

The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



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ET3DV6 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system (ET3DV6 only)

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-2500 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.

10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz) Frequency:

Directivity: \pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 \pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Optical Surface

Dynamic Range: $2 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Detection: \pm 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over

diffuse reflecting surfaces (ET3DV6 only)

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetric measurements up to 3 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

(ET3DV6)



Interior of probe



E-Field probe

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ES3DV2 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material

(resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-2500 MHz. Conversion

Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for

other liquids and frequencies upon request.

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB

Directivity: ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis);

 \pm 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones



E-Field probe



SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: The shell corresponds to the specifications of the

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually

teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width:

500mm



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Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin SAM, the

Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



System Validation Kits

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint

impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain

simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 450, 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position

Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1 GHz); > 40 W (f > 1 GHz)

Dimensions: 450V2: dipole length: 270 mm; overall height: 330 mm

D900V2: dipole length: 149 mm; overall height: 330 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72 mm; overall height: 300 mm

D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D5GHzV2: dipole

length: 25.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm



4. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

DATA EVALUATION

The DASY4 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

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Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

- Conversion factor $ConvF_i$ - Diode compression point dcp_i

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Media parameters: & - Conductivity & & & & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes: $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

7. = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

8. = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

• Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

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Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to **15 mm by 15 mm** and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures **5x5x7** points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

• Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

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The DASY4 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- · maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a \ll λ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors Sb (parameter Alpha in the DASY4 software) and a (parameter Delta in the DASY4 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30 to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY4 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during postprocessing.

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5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Tie.				VEE D153	0	
UN	CERTAINTY B	UDGE ACCORI	DING TO IE	EEE P152	8	
Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability distribution	Divisor	C ₁ 1g	Standard unc.(1g) ±%	V ₁ or V _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	±4.8	normal	1	1	±4.8	8
Axial isotropy of probe	±4.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-Cp)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Sph. Isotropy of probe	±9.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$		±3.9	8
Probe linearity	±4.5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.7	∞
Detection Limit	±0.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6	8
Boundary effects	±8.5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±4.8	8
Readoutelectronics	±1.0	normal	1	1	±1.0	8
Response time	±0.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.5	8
Integration time	±1.2	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.8	8
Mech Constrains of robot	±0.5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.2	8
Probe positioning	±2.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.7	∞
Extrap. And integration	±4.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.3	∞
RF ambient conditiona	±0.54	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.43	8
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	±2.2	normal	1	1	±2.23	11
Device holder uncertainty	±5	normal	1	1	±5.0	7
Power drift	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.9	8
Phantom and Set up						
Phantom uncertainty	<u>±</u> 4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.3	8
Liquid conductivity	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid conductivity	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	±3.5/1.7	8
Liquid permittivity	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid permittivity	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	±1.7	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±12.14/11.76	
Coverage Factor for 95%		kp=2				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty					±24.29/23.51	

Table: Worst-case uncertainty for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528.

The budge is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz to 6G Hz and represents a worst-case analysis.

6. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.4 8.0 2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any

1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the

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shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

7. TYPICAL COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR LIQUID TISSUE PHANTOMS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients					Frequen	cy (MHz)				
(% by weight)	45	50	83	35	915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: $99^+\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: $98^+\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16 \text{ M}\Omega^+$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE: $99^+\%$ Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

8. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

8.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an E-field probe ES3DV2 SN:3023 and an E-fileld probe ET3DV6 SN: 1763 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy=7.5 mm, dz=3 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3.0 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR values

The reference SAR values were using measurement results indicated in the dipole calibration document (see table below)

Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR	10g SAR	Local SAR at Surface (Above Feed Point)	Local SAR at Surface (y = 2cm offset from feed point)
900	10.3	6.57	16.4	5.4
1800	38.2	20.3	69.5	6.8
2450(Body)	53.2	24.3	104.2	7.7

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Dipole: D2450V2 SN: 728 **Date:** Sep 21, 2004

Ambient condition: Temperature 25.5°C; Relative humidity: 52%

Body	y Simulating L	iquid	Parameters	Target	M easured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
f(MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	Target	Micasurcu	Deviation[78]	Limited[%]
			Permitivity:	52.70	51.60	-2.09	± 5
2450.00	24.50	15.00	Conductivity:	1.95	1.99	2.05	± 5
			lg SAR:	53.60	53.20	-0.75	± 5

Dipole: D5GHzV2 SN:1004

Date: Sep 16, 2004

Ambient condition: Temperature 25.0°C; Relative humidity: 55%

Body Simulating Liq		iquid	Parameters	Target	M easured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
f(MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[78]	Limiteu[%]
			Permitivity:	49.02	49.70	1.39	± 5
5200.00	24.00	15.00	Conductivity:	5.29	5.20	-1.70	± 5
			lg SAR:	84.00	81.20	-3.33	± 5

Date of Issue: Sep 23, 2004

Dipole: D5GHzV2 SN:1004

Date: Sep 16, 2004

Ambient condition: Temperature 25.0°C; Relative humidity: 55%

Body	Body Simulating Liquid			Target	M easured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
f(MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	Target	Wicasuicu	Deviation[76]	Limited[%]
			Permitivity:	48.20	48.40	0.41	± 5
5800.00	24.00	15.00	Conductivity:	6.00	5.92	-1.33	± 5
			1g SAR:	80.00	77.60	-3.00	± 5

8.2 TEST LIQUID CONFIRMATION

SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

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The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below. 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies. Under such circumstances, 10% tolerance may be used until more precise tissue recipes are available

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency	Н	ead	Во	dy
(MHz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	45.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK RESULTS

Ambient condition: Temperature: 25.5°C; Relative humidity: 52% **Date:** Sep 21, 2004

Body	Body Simulating Liquid			Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
f (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[76]	Lilliteu[70]
2450.00	24.50	15.00	Permitivity:	52.70	51.60	-2.09	± 5
2430.00	24.30	13.00	Conductivity:	1.95	1.99	2.05	± 5

Ambient condition: Temperature: 25.0°C; Relative humidity: 55% **Date:** Sep 16, 2004

Body	y Simulating I	Liquid	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limitad[9/1
f (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
5200.00	24.00	15.00	Permitivity:	49.02	49.70	1.39	± 5
3200.00	24.00	13.00	Conductivity:	5.29	5.20	-1.70	± 5

Date of Issue: Sep 23, 2004

Ambient condition: Temperature: 25.0°C; Relative humidity: 55% **Date:** Sep 16, 2004

Body	Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
f (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Farameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
5800.00	24.00	15.00	Permitivity:	48.20	48.40	0.41	± 5
3800.00	24.00	13.00	Conductivity:	6.00	5.92	-1.33	± 5

8.3 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES

The following procedure had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

- o The client supplied a special driver to program the EUT, allowing it to continually transmit the specified maximum power and change the channel frequency.
- The conducted power was measured at the high, middle and low channel frequency before and after the SAR measurement.

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o The output power(dBm) we measured before SAR test in different transition rate and channel

IEEE802.11b:

Rate CH(Frequency)	11M
1(2412)	15.58
6(2437)	15.39
11(2462)	15.52

IEEE802.11g:

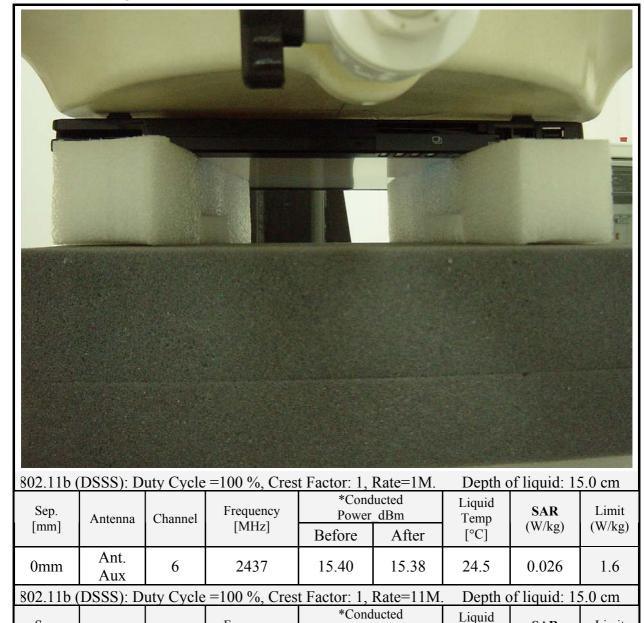
Rate CH(Frequency)	6M
1(2412)	15.56
6(2437)	15.57
11(2462)	15.69

IEEE 802.11a:

Rate CH(Frequency)	6M
36(5180)	11.61
52(5260)	12.31
64(5320)	12.06
149(5745)	15.39
157(5785)	15.31
165(5825)	15.27

8.4 SAR MEASUREMENTS RESULTS

EUT TEST Configuration-1



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SAR

(W/kg)

0.027

Temp

[°C]

24.0

Limit

(W/kg)

1.6

Notes: 1. *: Peak power.

Antenna

Ant.

Aux

Sep.

[mm]

0 mm

Channel

6

Frequency

[MHz]

2437

Power_dBm

After

15.38

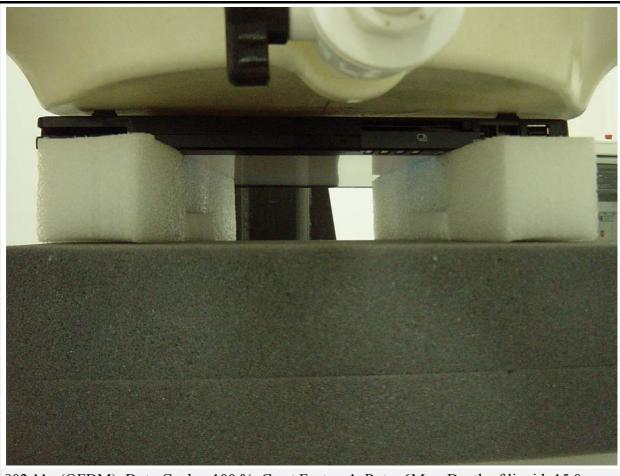
Before

15.41

^{2.}Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.

^{3.} See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT TEST Configuration-1

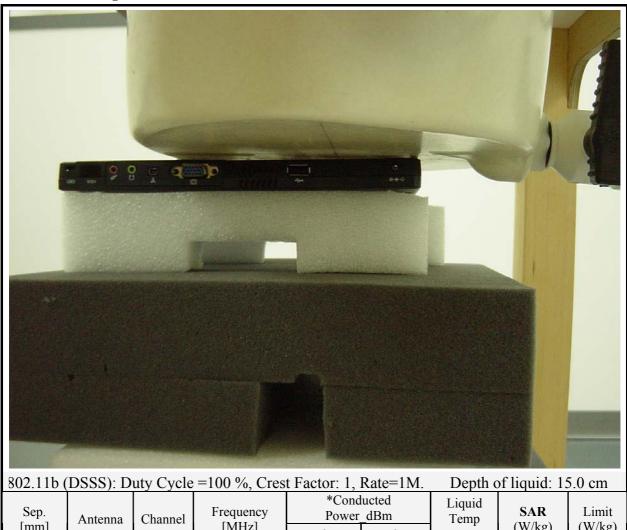


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802.11g (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	le =100 %, Cre	st Factor: 1	, Rate=6M	Depth o	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.		Channel	Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]		[MHZ]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
0mm	Ant. Aux	6	2437	15.59	15.57	24.0	0.029	1.6
802.11g (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	e = 100 %, Cre	et Factor: 1	Rate=54N	1 Denth o	fliquid: 14	- 0
	Sen	July Cycl	0 100 70, 010	st I actor. I	, Itale 371v	1. Depuire	<u>n nquia. 1.</u>	5.0 cm
	Antenna	Channel	Frequency	*Cond Power	lucted	Liquid	SAR	Limit
Sep. [mm]				*Cond	lucted		•	

- 2.Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.
- $3. \\ See$ attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

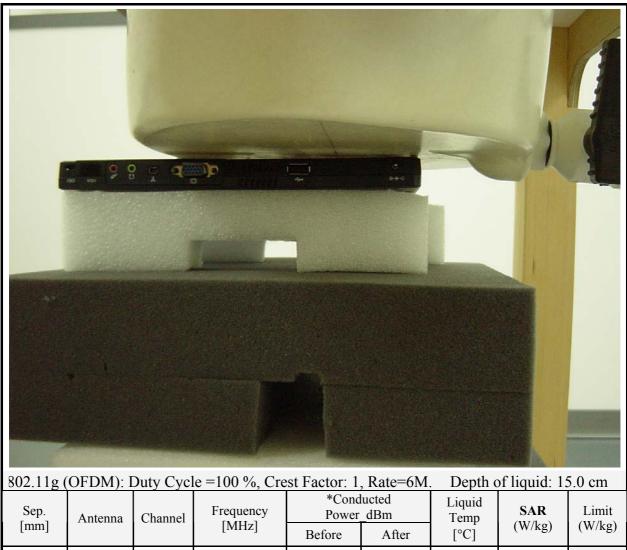
EUT TEST Configuration-2



802.11b (DSSS): D	S): Duty Cycle =100 %, Crest Factor: 1, Rate=1M. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm						
Sep.	Antenna	Channel	Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]			[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
0mm	Ant. Main	6	2437	15.41	15.39	24.5	0.069	1.6
	-							
802.11b (DSSS): D	uty Cycle	=100 %, Cres	t Factor: 1,	Rate=11M.	Depth of	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.	DSSS): D Antenna	uty Cycle Channel	Frequency	t Factor: 1, *Cond Power	ucted	Liquid	SAR	Limit
	,		•	*Cond	ucted		•	

- 2.Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

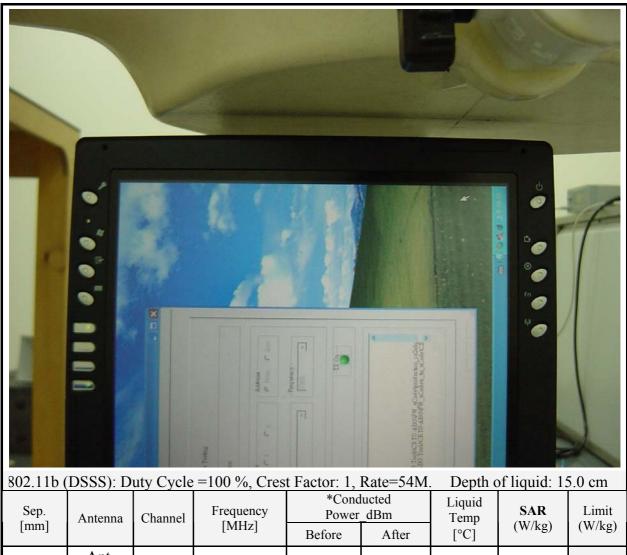
EUT TEST Configuration-2



802.11g (.11g (OFDM): Duty Cycle =100 %, Crest Factor: 1, Rate=6M. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm							
Sep.				*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]			[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
0mm	Ant. Main	6	2437	15.59	15.57	24.0	0.071	1.6
802.11g (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	le =100 %, Cre	st Factor: 1	, Rate=54N	1. Depth of	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.	Antenna	Channel	Frequency	*Cond Power		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]		Antenna Chamier [MHz]	[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
0mm	Ant. Main	6	2437	15.61	15.58	24.0	0.077	1.6

- 2.Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT TEST Configuration-4

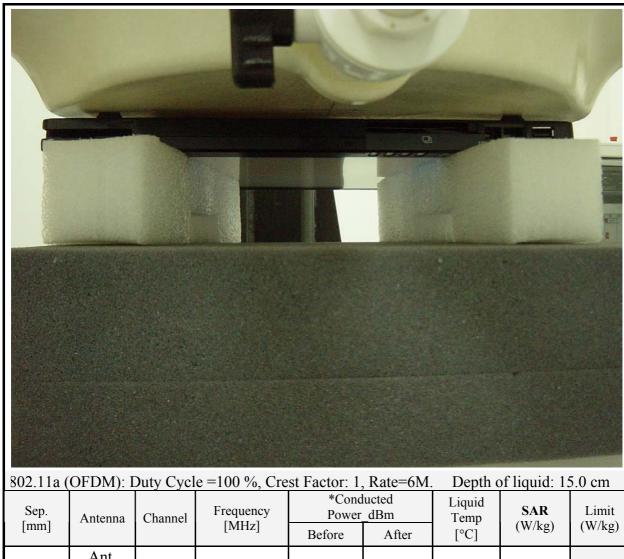


802.11b ((DSSS): D	uty Cycle	ycle =100 %, Crest Factor: 1, Rate=54M. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm					
Sep.			Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]			[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
15mm	Ant. Main	6	2437	15.43	15.40	24.0	0.082	1.6
802.11g (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	e =100 %, Cre	st Factor: 1	, Rate=54N	1. Depth of	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.		ntenna Channel	Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
Immi						1 01110		/XX7/1 \
[mm]		C11 4 1111 C 1	[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)

^{2.} Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.

^{3.} See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

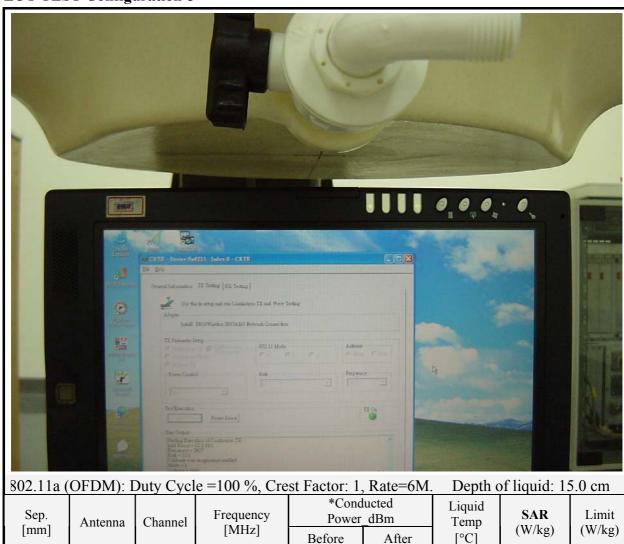
EUT TEST Configuration-1



002.11a (OFDM). I	1). Duty Cycle – 100 %, Clest Factor. 1, Rate–owl. Depth of figure. 15.0 cm).U CIII	
Sep. [mm]	Antenna	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	*Cond Power Before		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
0mm	Ant. Aux	52	5260	12.32	12.30	24.0	0.0596	1.6
802.11a (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	e = 100 %, Cre	st Factor: 1	Rate=6M.	Depth of	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.	Antenna Channel Fi		Frequency [MHz]	*Cond Power		Liquid Temp	SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
[IIIII]			[WIIZ]	Before	After	[°C]	(11/146)	(W/Kg)
0mm	Ant.	157	5785	15.33	15.30	24.0	0.0854	1.6

- 2.Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.
- $3. \\ See$ attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

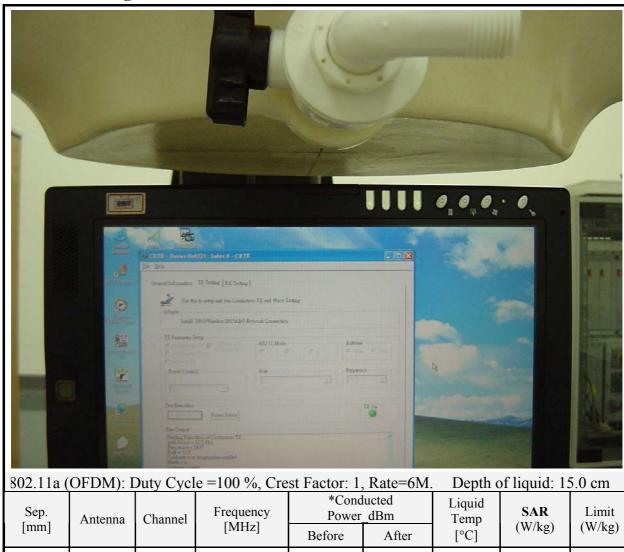
EUT TEST Configuration-3



802.11a (la (OFDM): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1, Rate=6M. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm							
Sep.		Channel	Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR (W/kg)	Limit
[mm]		[MHZ]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)		
15mm	Ant. Aux	52	5260	12.34	12.31	24.0	0.199	1.6
802.11a (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	e = 100 %, Cre	st Factor: 1	Rate=12N	1. Depth of	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.	Antenna	Channel	Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]			[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
15mm	Ant. Aux	52	5260	15.35	15.32	24.0	0.200	1.6

- 2. Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT TEST Configuration-3

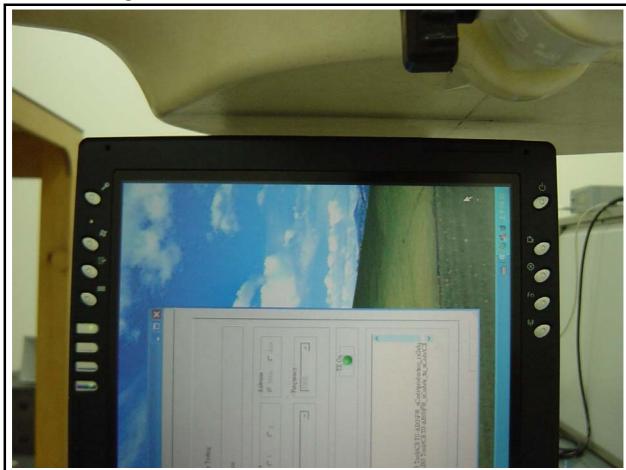


002.110 (012111		• 100 / 0, 010	100 70, 010001 000011 1, 11000 01111 20001 01 110 01101 12:0 01				• 111
Sep.			Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]			[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
15mm	Ant. Aux	157	5785	12.33	12.31	24.0	0.172	1.6
802.11a (OFDM): I	Outy Cycl	e = 100 %, Cre	st Factor: 1	Rate=12N	1. Depth of	of liquid: 15	5.0 cm
Sep.	Antenna	Channel	Frequency	*Cond Power		Liquid Temp	SAR (W/kg)	Limit

Sep.	Antenna	Channel	Frequency	*Conducted Power_dBm		Liquid Temp	SAR	Limit
[mm]			[MHz]	Before	After	[°C]	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
15mm	Ant. Aux	157	5785	15.34	15.30	24.0	0.161	1.6

- 2. Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT TEST Configuration-4



802.11a (OFDM): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1, Rate=12M. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm *Conducted Liquid Sep. Frequency **SAR** Limit Power_dBm Antenna Channel Temp [mm] [MHz] (W/kg) (W/kg) [°C] Before After Ant. 52 15mm 5260 15.35 15.32 24.0 0.114 1.6 Main 802.11a (OFDM): Duty Cycle =100 %, Crest Factor: 1, Rate=6M Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm *Conducted Liquid Frequency **SAR** Limit Sep. Power dBm Antenna Channel Temp [mm] [MHz] (W/kg) (W/kg) Before After [°C] Ant. 15mm 157 5785 12.33 12.31 24.0 0.0682 1.6 Main

^{2.} Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.

^{3.} See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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FCC ID: BJM-TTAB12DABG

9. EUT PHOTOS





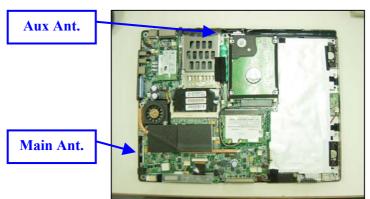
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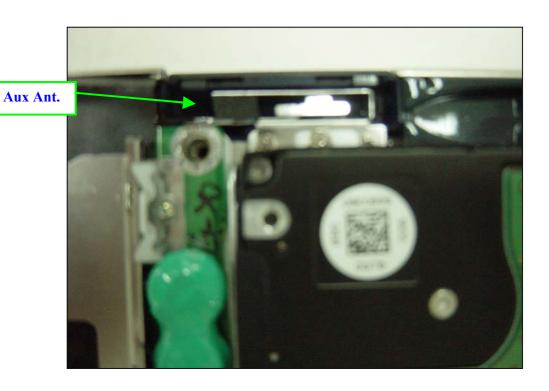


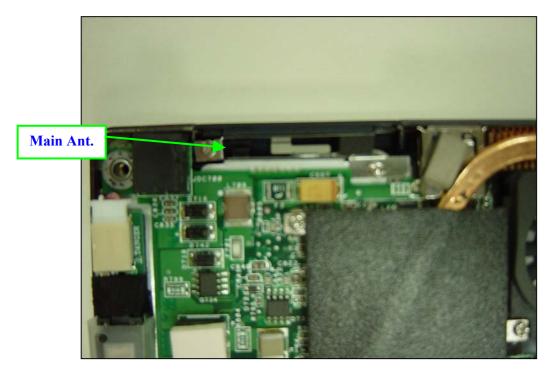


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10. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US40260243	05/24/05
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070D	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Boonton	4531	13061	07/12/05
Power Sensor	Boonton	56218	2240	07/12/05
Thermometer	Amarell	4046	25060	10/02/04
Thermometer	Amarell	4046	25058	12/03/04
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	1100.0008.02	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	83630B	3844A01022	01/14/05
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-1724HLN	N/A	N/A
DC Power generator	ABM	8301HD	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE3	427	03/15/05
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ET3DV6	1763	03/23/05
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV2	3023	09/23/04
900 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D900V2	179	05/12/06
1800 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2d062	03/17/06
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	728	03/22/06
5800 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1004	10/05/05
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	348	N/A
Robot	Staubli	RX90B L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A
SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A
Devices Holder	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head 835 MHz	CCS	H835A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 835 MHz	CCS	M835A	N/A	N/A
Head 900 MHz	CCS	H900A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 900 MHz	CCS	M900A	N/A	N/A
Head 1800 MHz	CCS	H1800A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 1800 MHz	CCS	M1800A	N/A	N/A
Head 1900 MHz	CCS	H1900A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 1900 MHz	CCS	M1900A	N/A	N/A
Head 2450 MHz	CCS	H2450A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 2450 MHz	CCS	M2450A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 5800 MHz	CCS	M5800A	N/A	N/A

11. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
No. 11, Wu-Kung 6 Rd, Wu-Ku Hsiang, Wu-Ku Industrial District, Taipei Hsien, (248) Taiwan.
No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Date of Issue: Sep 23, 2004

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13. ATTACHMENTS

Exhibit	Content
1	System Performance Check Plots
2	SAR Test Plots

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END OF REPORT

Date/Time: 09/21/04 12:13:19

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

D2450V2 SN 728

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:728

Communication System: CW2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

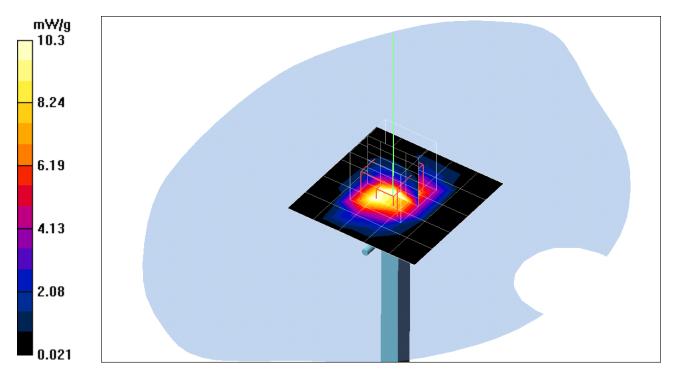
Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

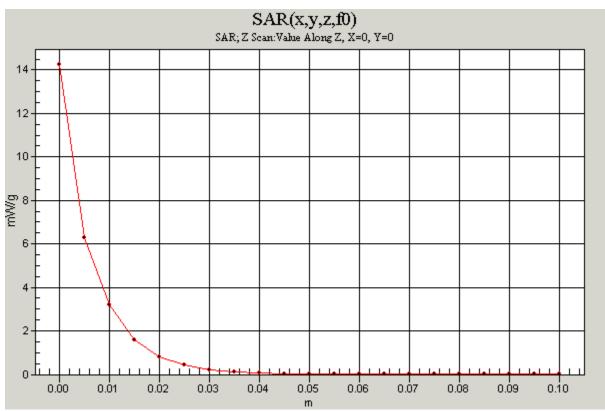
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.9 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/16/04 08:51:54

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

D5GHz V2 SN 1004

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz V2; Serial: 1004

Communication System: CW5GHz; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.82, 1.82, 1.82); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Pin=250mW,d=10mm f=5200MHz 2/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 89.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm f=5200MHz 2/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 54.8 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm f=5200MHz 2/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0:

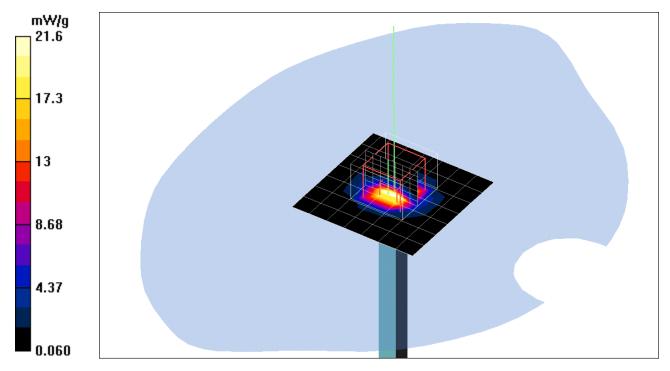
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 89.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 33.1 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 67.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 20.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.72 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/16/04 09:31:44

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

D5GHz V2 SN 1004

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz V2; Serial: 1004

Communication System: CW5GHz; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2/20/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Pin=250mW,d=10mm f=5800MHz 2/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 85.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm f=5800MHz 2/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.15 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm f=5800MHz 2/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0:

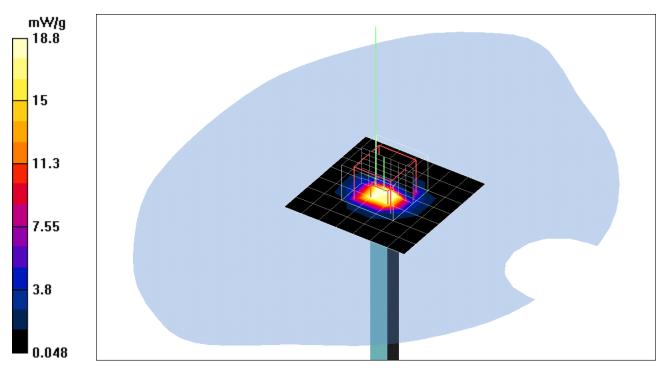
Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

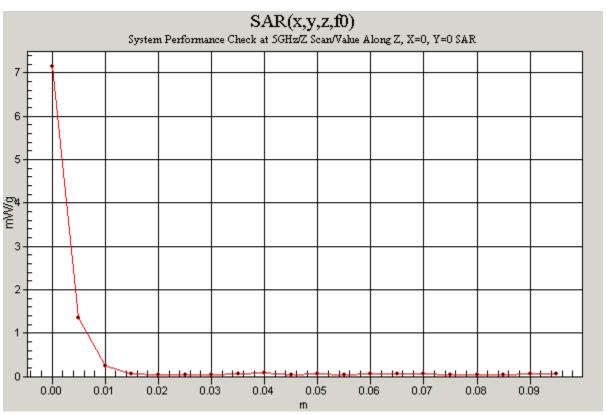
Reference Value = 85.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 31.4 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 80.8 W/kg

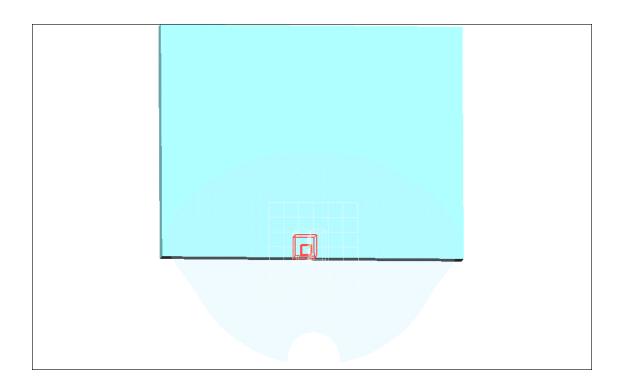
SAR(1 g) = 19.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-1



Date/Time: 09/21/04 19:22:02

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat

Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=1M bit 2/Area Scan (8x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=1M bit 2/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=1M bit 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

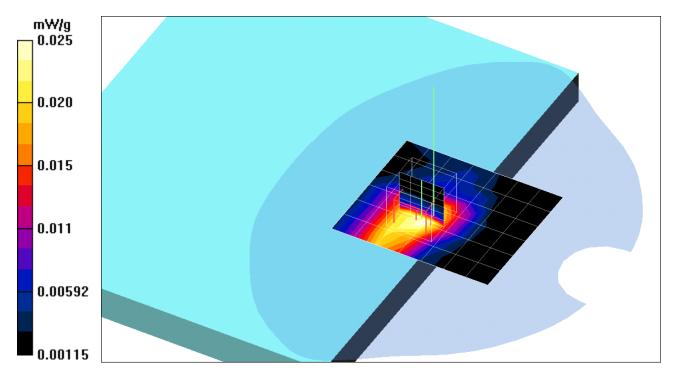
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

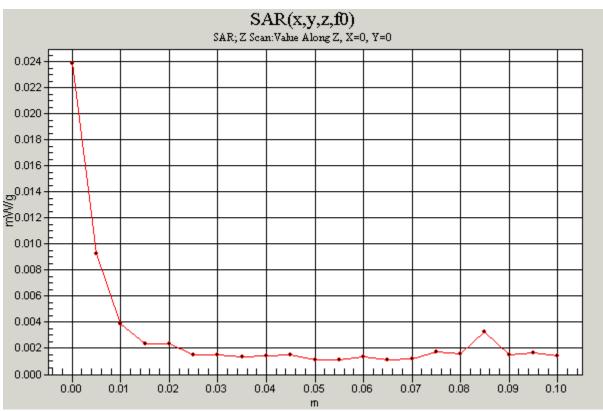
Reference Value = 3.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.081 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.026 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 19:22:02

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=11M bit/Area Scan (8x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.026 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=11M bit/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=11M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

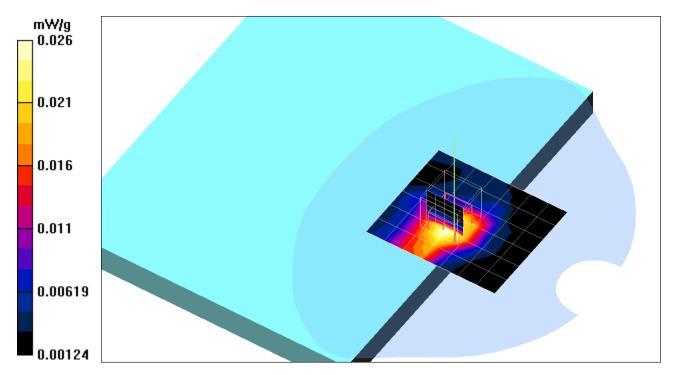
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

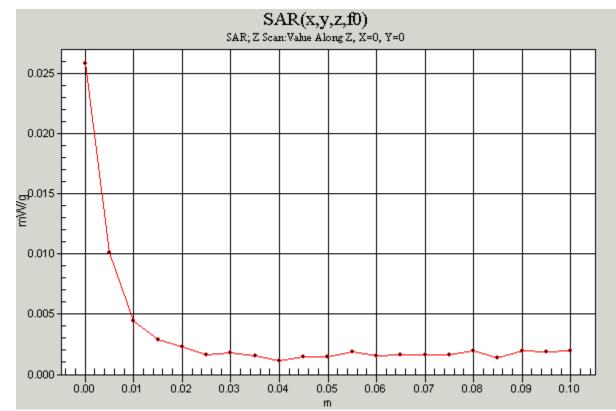
Reference Value = 3.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 12:19:59

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=6M bit 2/Area Scan (8x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=6M bit 2/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dv=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=6M bit 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

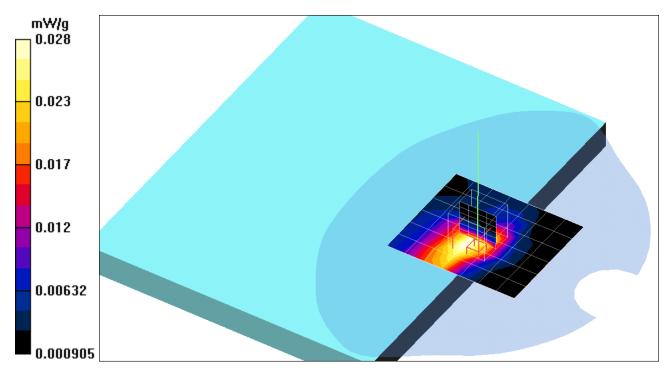
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

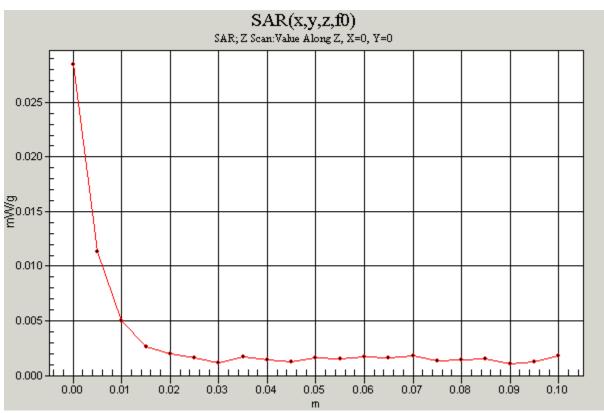
Reference Value = 3.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0935 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0162 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 12:19:59

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=54M bit/Area Scan (8x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.026 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=54M bit/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=54M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

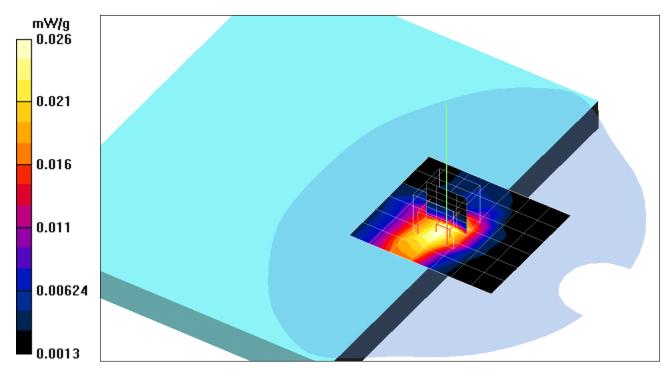
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

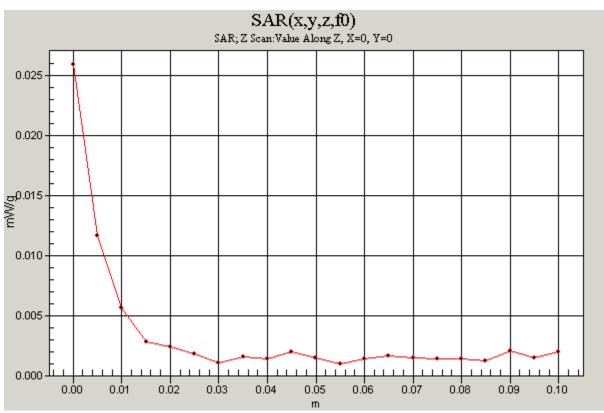
Reference Value = 3.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.067 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g

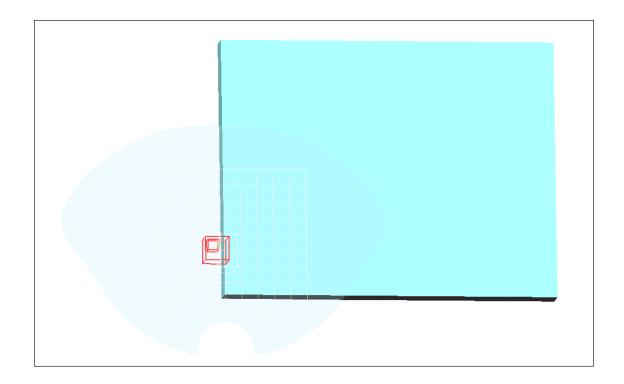




Date/Time: 09/21/04 17:20:09

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Tese Configuration-2



Date/Time: 09/21/04 13:44:06

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=1M bit/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=1M bit/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.075 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=1M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

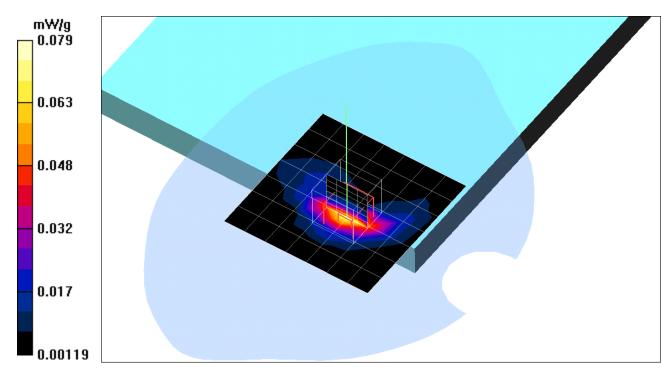
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

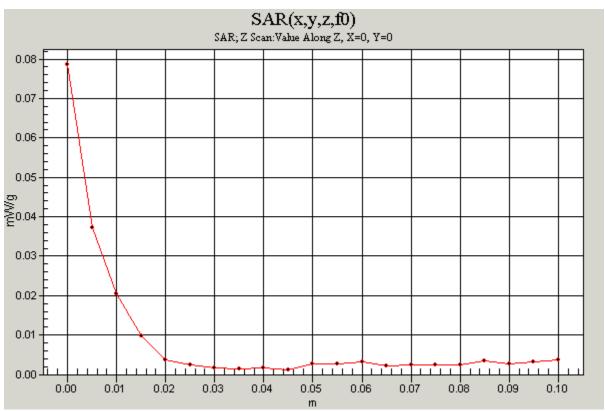
Reference Value = 5.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.080 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 13:44:06

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=11M bit/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.072 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=11M bit/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=11M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

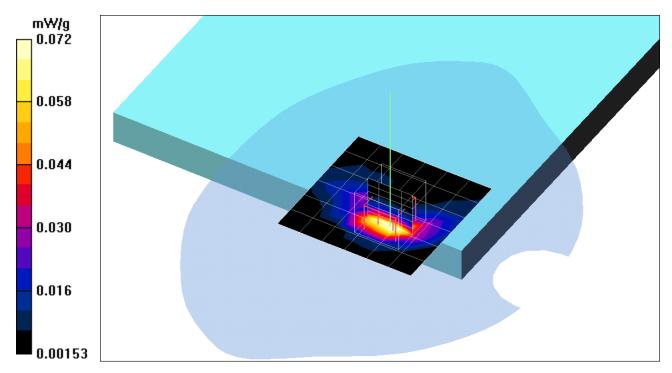
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

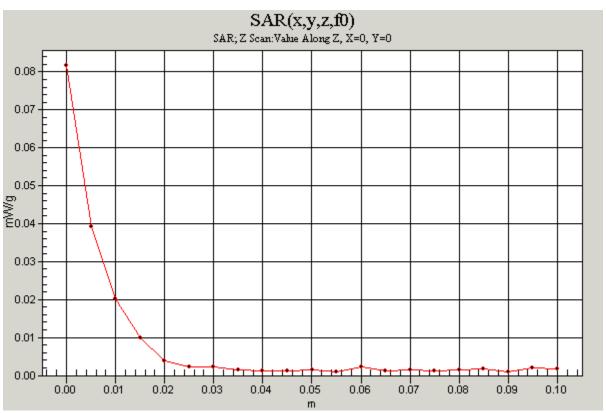
Reference Value = 5.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.189 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 19:28:14

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=6M bit/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=6M bit/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.075 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=6M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

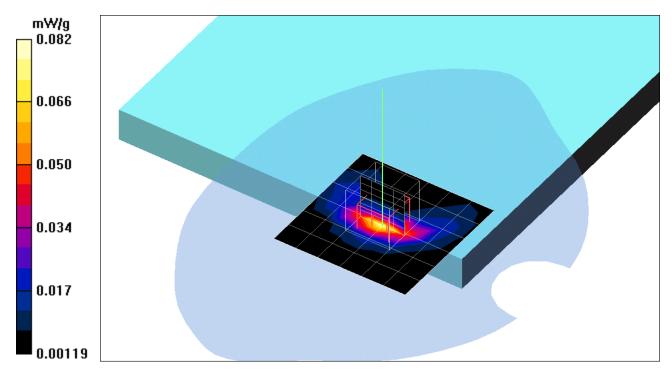
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

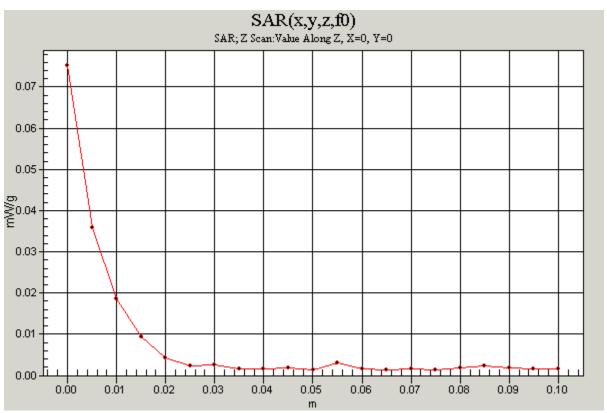
Reference Value = 6.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.078 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 19:28:14

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle CH Rate=54M bit/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.065 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=54M bit/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.078 mW/g

Middle CH Rate=54M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

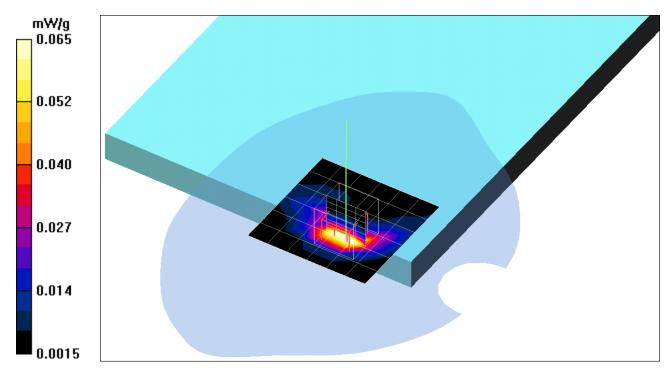
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

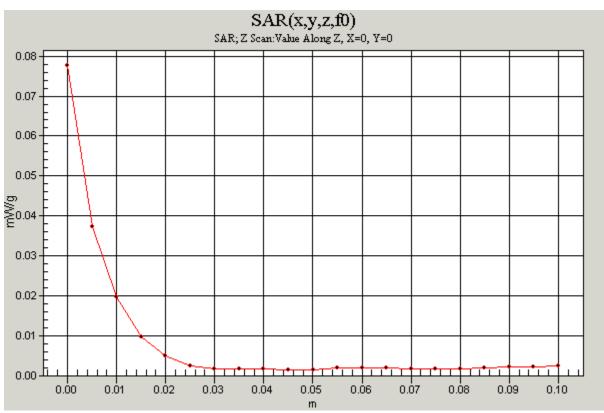
Reference Value = 5.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.193 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g

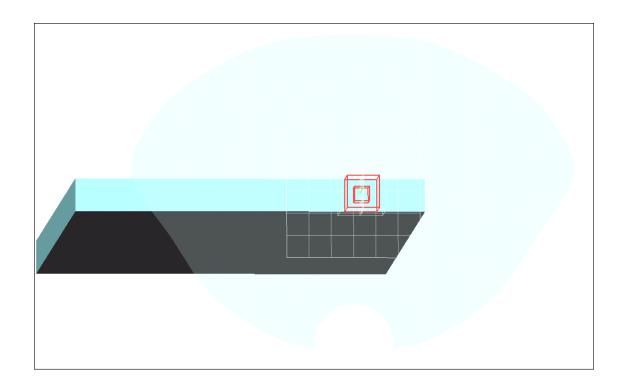
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.080 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-4



Date/Time: 09/22/04 15:55:03

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

15mm mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle Rate=11M bit/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.081 mW/g

Middle Rate=11M bit/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.047 mW/g

Middle Rate=11M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

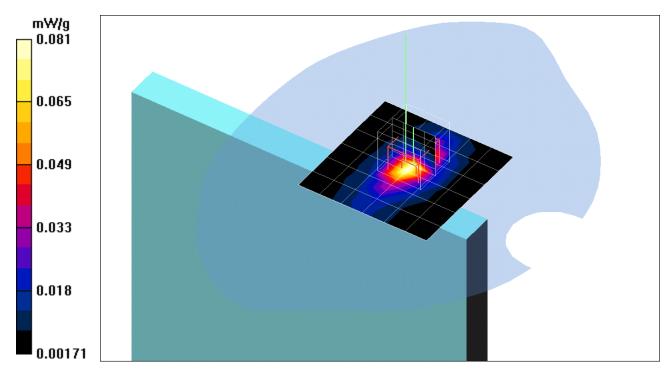
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

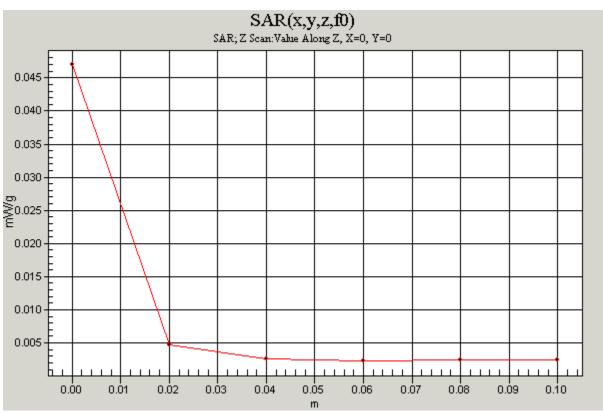
Reference Value = 6.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.192 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.091 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/21/04 15:30:21

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

15mm mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; ≈ 51.6 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.5 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1763; ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 3/23/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

Middle Rate=54M bit/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.057 mW/g

Middle Rate=54M bit/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g

Middle Rate=54M bit/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

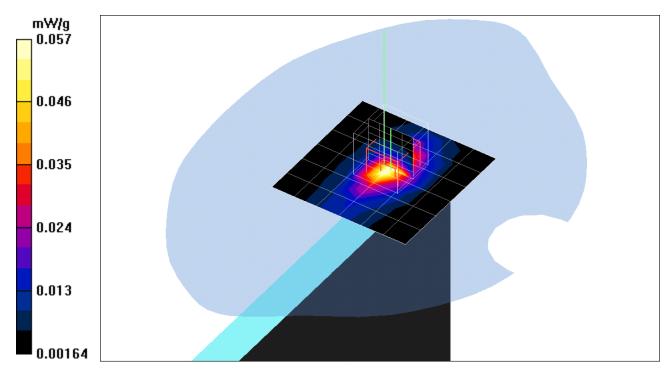
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

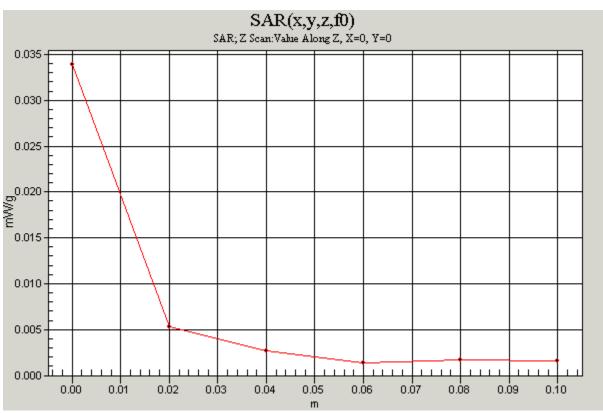
Reference Value = 5.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.133 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

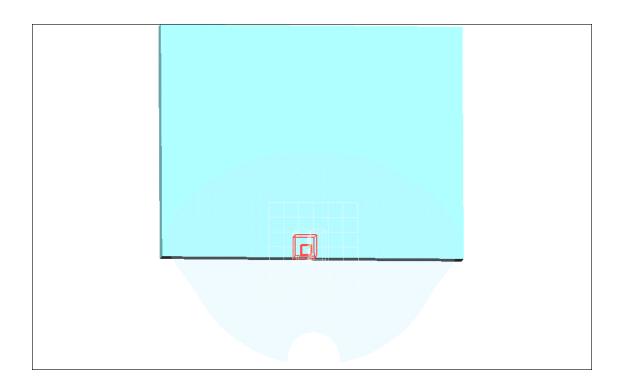
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.063 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-1



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a Touch mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3023; ConvF(1.5, 1.5, 1.5); Calibrated: 9/23/2003

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

• Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.099 mW/g

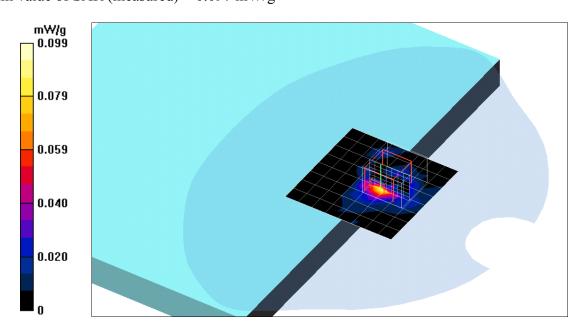
DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 3.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1883 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0596 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.097 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a Touch mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat

Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.82, 1.82, 1.82); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

UNII CH=5260 Rate=6Mbps/Area Scan (11x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=6Mbps/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=6Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

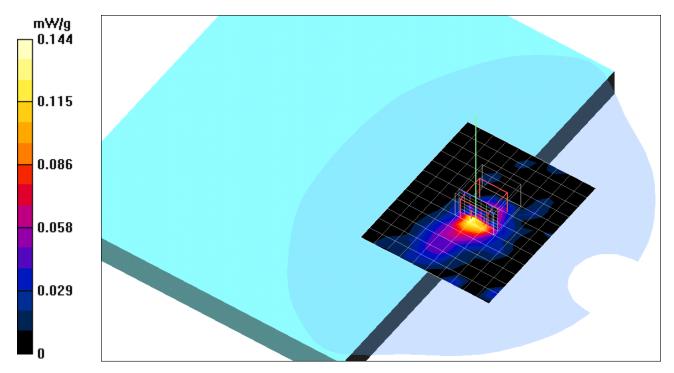
dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

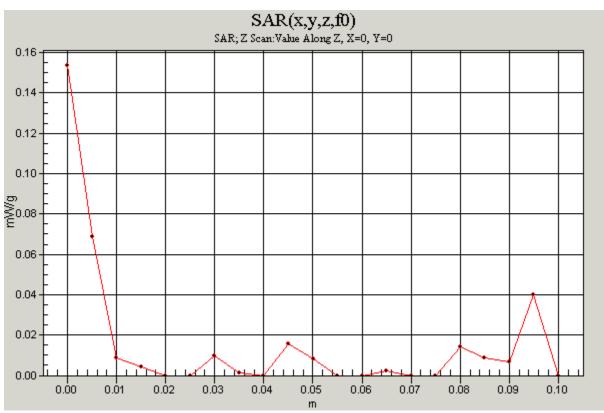
Reference Value = 4.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2699 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0854 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

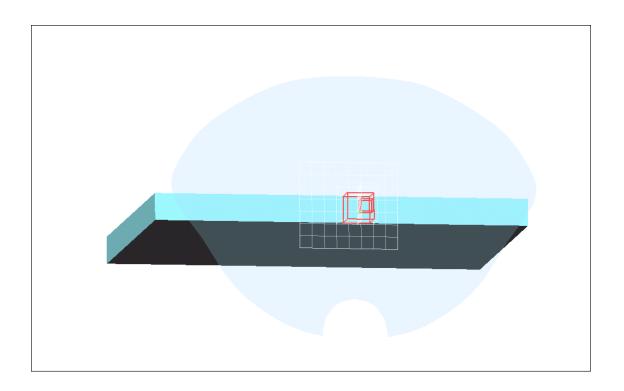
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-3



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a 15mm mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.82, 1.82, 1.82); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

UNII CH=5260 Rate=6Mbps/Area Scan (11x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=6Mbps/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=6Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

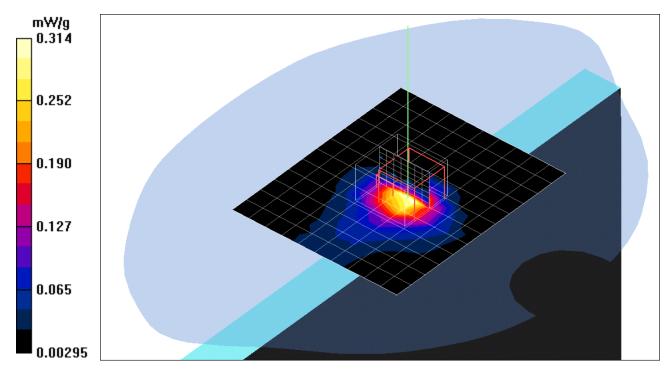
dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

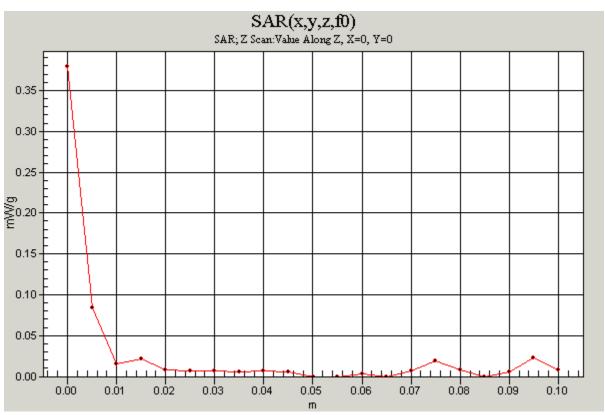
Reference Value = 7.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.6310 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0702 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a 15mm mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.82, 1.82, 1.82); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

UNII CH=5260 Rate=12Mbps/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=12Mbps/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.371 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=12Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement

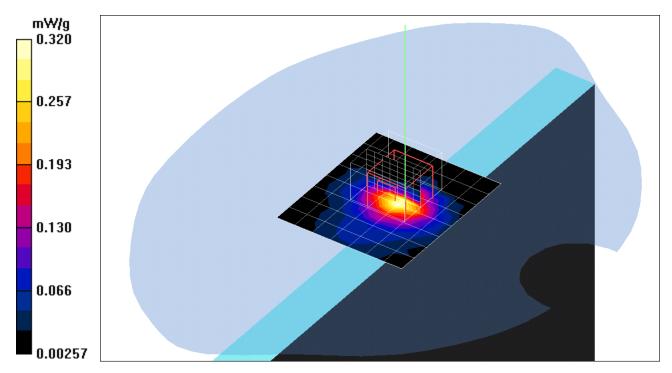
grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

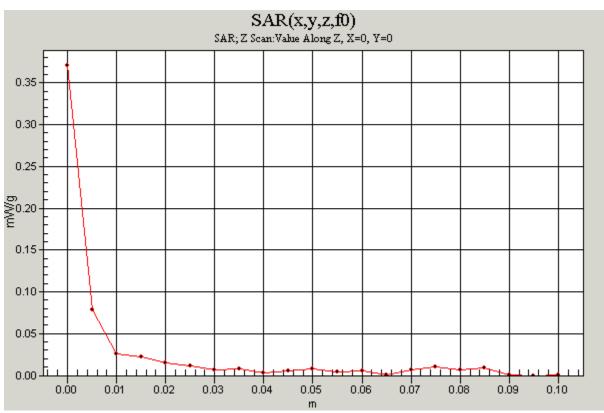
Reference Value = 7.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.633 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.200 mW/g; SAR(10g) = 0.0704 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a 15mm mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.5, 1.5, 1.5); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 mW/g

DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g

DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

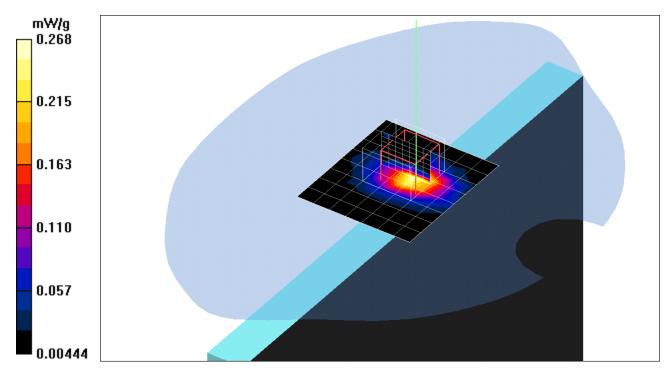
dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

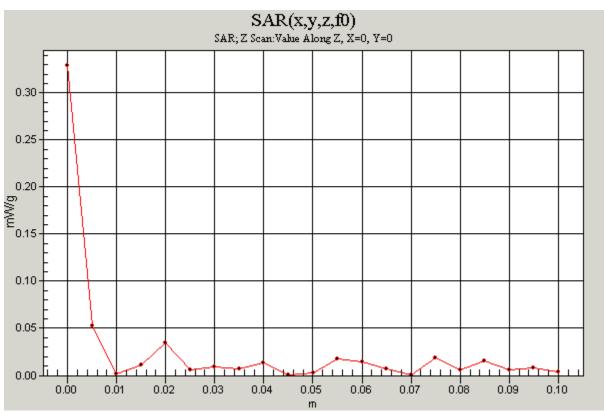
Reference Value = 6.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.544 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 mW/g; SAR(10g) = 0.060 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.280 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a 15mm mode-Ant Aux

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.5, 1.5, 1.5); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

DTS CH=5785 Rate=12Mbps/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.242 mW/g

DTS CH=5785 Rate=12Mbps/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 mW/g

DTS CH=5785 Rate=12Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement

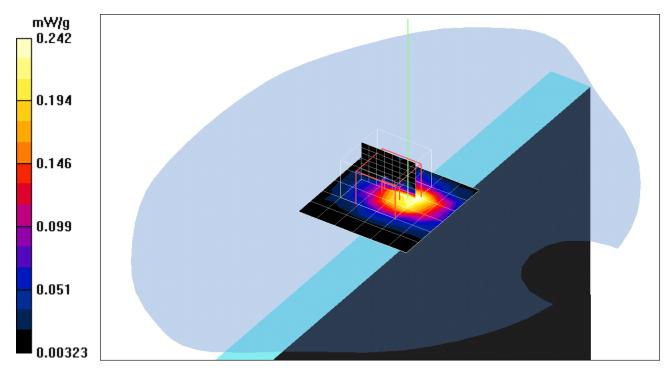
grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

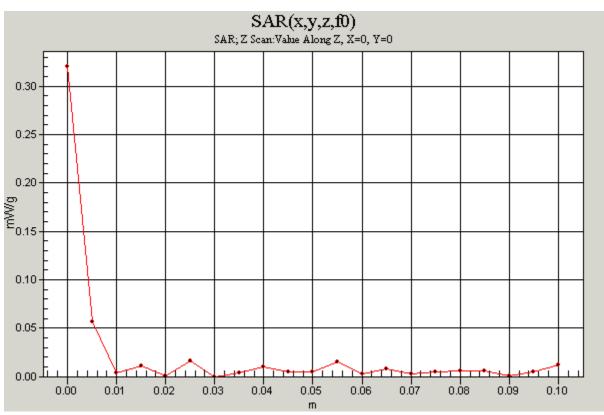
Reference Value = 6.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.509W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.161 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g

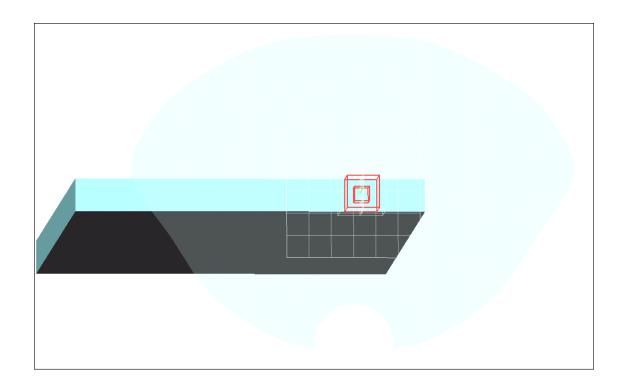
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-4



Date/Time: 09/16/04 15:32:24

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a 15mm mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3023; ConvF(1.82, 1.82, 1.82); Calibrated: 9/23/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

UNII CH=5260 Rate=12Mbps/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=12Mbps/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 mW/g

UNII CH=5260 Rate=12Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement

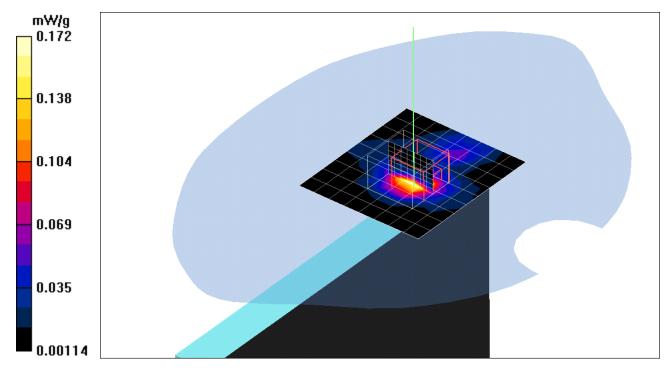
grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

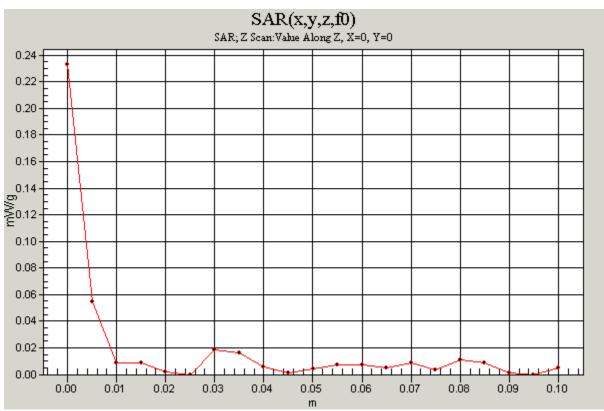
Reference Value = 5.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.3611 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 mW/g





Date/Time: 09/16/04 15:32:24

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

802.11a 15mm mode-Ant Main

DUT: TABLE PC; Type: TTAB-B12D; Serial: N/A

Communication System: IEEE 802.11 A; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.92$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Air Temperature: 25.0 deg C;Liquid Temperature: 24.0 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3023; ConvF(1.5, 1.5, 1.5); Calibrated: 9/23/2003

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn427; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

• Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.080 mW/g

DTS CH=5785 Rate=6Mbps/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 3.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

D 1 CAD (4 1 1) 0.2155 M/l

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2155 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0682 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0240Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 mW/g

