

# TEST REPORT

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Report Number : SZNS221009-45814E-RF  
FCC ID: 2A7VD-H1163  
IC: 28789-H1163

## Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247; RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

## Sample Description

Product Type: Govee AI Music Sync Box  
Model No.: H1163  
Multiple Model(s) No.: N/A  
Trade Mark: Govee  
Date Received: 2022/10/09  
Report Date: 2022/11/04

Test Result:	Pass*
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\* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

## Prepared and Checked By:

*Roger Ling*

Roger Ling  
EMC Engineer

## Approved By:

*Candy Li*

Candy Li  
EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "\*".

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

HVIN	H1163
FVIN	1.00.18.12
Frequency Range	BLE: 2402-2480MHz
Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power	BLE: -2.42dBm
Modulation Technique	BLE: GFSK
Antenna Specification*	2.09dBi (provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 5V from USB charging port or DC 3.7V from battery
Sample serial number	1L1R for Conducted and Radiated Emissions 1L1Q for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by ATC)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition

### Objective

This report is in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

### Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		5%
RF Frequency		$0.082 \times 10^{-7}$
RF output power, conducted		0.73dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.6dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		2.72dB
Emissions, Radiated	9kHz - 30MHz	2.66dB
	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB
	1GHz - 18GHz	4.98dB
	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.06dB
	26.5GHz - 40GHz	4.72dB
Temperature		1°C
Humidity		6%
Supply voltages		0.4%

*Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor  $K$  with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.*

## Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0016.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

For BLE mode, 40 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	21	2444
2	2406	22	2446
3	2408	23	2448
4	2410	24	2450
5	2412	25	2452
6	2414	26	2454
7	2416	27	2456
8	2418	28	2458
9	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466
13	2428	33	2468
14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 19 and 39.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### EUT Exercise Software

“sscom5.13.1.exe”\* software was used to test and power level as below:

Mode	Data rate	Power Level*		
		Low Channel	Middle Channel	High Channel
BLE	1Mbps	Default	Default	Default

The software and power level was provided by the applicant.

## Duty cycle

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## Support Equipment List and Details

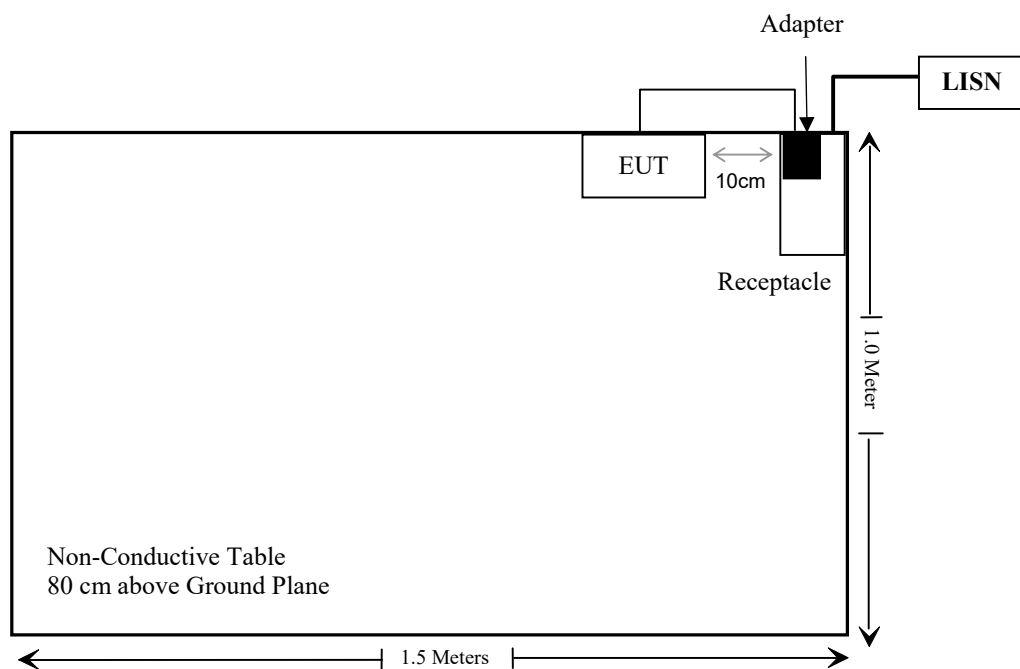
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Huawei	Adapter	HW-050450C00	Unknown

## External I/O Cable

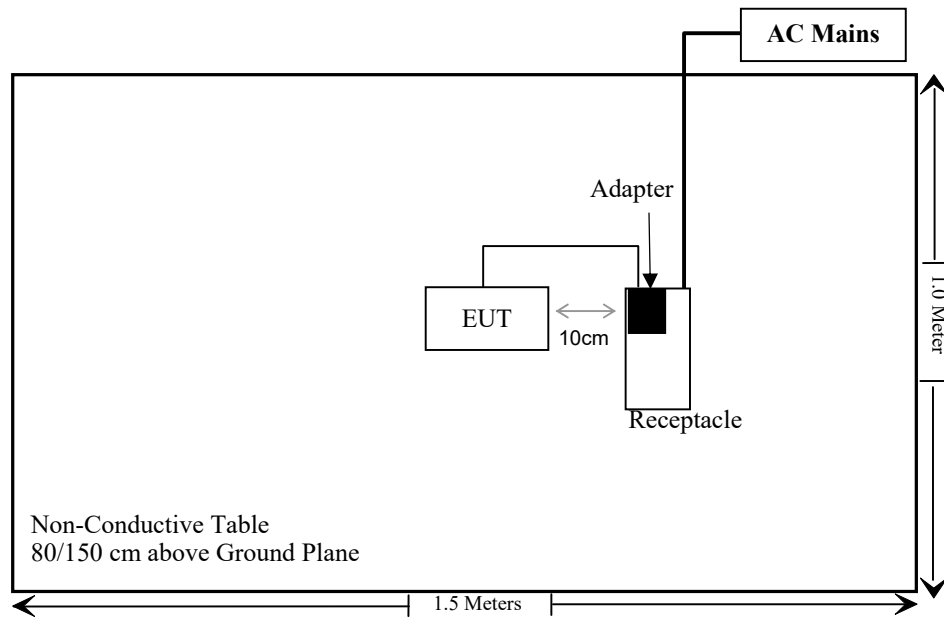
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-shielding Detachable USB Cable	1.0	EUT	Adapter

## Block Diagram of Test Setup

For conducted emission:



For Radiated Emissions:



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

<b>FCC Rules</b>	<b>RSS Rules</b>	<b>Description of Test</b>	<b>Result</b>
FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (3) &§2.1093	RSS-102 § 2.5.1	RF Exposure & Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – SAR Evaluation	Compliant
§15.203	RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	RSS- Gen§6.7 RSS-247 § 5.2 (a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth & 6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 § 5.4(d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
§15.247(e)	RSS-247 § 5.2 (b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Conducted emission test					
Rohde& Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100784	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	101314	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.17	N0350	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Conducted Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
Radiated emission test					
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	102725	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2021/11/09	2022/11/08
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	135	2021/11/09	2022/11/08
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2021/11/11	2022/11/10
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2021/07/06	2024/07/05
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Radiated Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.10	N050	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.11	N1000	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.12	N040	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.13	N300	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.14	N800	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.15	N600	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.16	N650	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18 G-10SS	5	2021/12/14	2022/12/13

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF conducted test					
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101590	2022/01/19	2023/01/18
Tonscend	RF Control Unit	JS0806-2	19G8060182	2022/07/06	2023/07/05
WEINSCHTEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU 3842	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.31	RF-01	Each time	

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## **FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (3) &§2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (3), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance

1-mW Test Exemption:

Per § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A), a single RF source is exempt RF device (from the requirement to show data demonstrating compliance to RF exposure limits, as previously mentioned) if the available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance. This exemption applies to all operating configurations and exposure conditions, for the frequency range 100 kHz to 100 GHz, regardless of fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. This is a standalone exemption, and it cannot be applied in conjunction with any other test exemption.

**For worst case:**

For BLE:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up power		Exemption Limit (mW)	SAR Test Exclusion
	(dBm)	(mW)		
2402-2480	-2.0	0.63	1	Yes

**Result:** Compliant.

## RSS-102 § 2.5.1 –EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-SAR EVALUATION

### Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 Issue 5 § (2.5.1), SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

**Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance<sup>4,5</sup>**

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of ≥50 mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW

4. The exemption limits in Table 1 are based on measurements and simulations of half-wave dipole antennas at separation distances of 5 mm to 25 mm from a flat phantom, providing a SAR value of approximately 0.4 W/kg for 1 g of tissue. For low frequencies (300 MHz to 835 MHz), the exemption limits are derived from a linear fit. For high frequencies (1900 MHz and above), the exemption limits are derived from a third order polynomial fit.

5. Transmitters operating between 0.003-10 MHz, meeting the exemption from routine SAR evaluation, shall demonstrate compliance to the instantaneous limits in Section 4.

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW. The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

### Test Result:

For worst case:

The higher of the conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power:

$$(2480-2450)/(3500-2450) = (4-P)/(4-2)$$

The exemption limit of 2480MHz is  $P = 3.94\text{mW}$

The antenna gain is 2.09dBi

The maximum tune up conducted power is -2.0dBm

The maximum tune up EIRP is  $(-2.0+2.09)\text{ dBm} = 0.09\text{dBm}$  (1.02mW), which less than 3.94mW@2480MHz exemption limit

**So the stand-alone SAR test is not required.**

## FCC §15.203 & RSS-GEN §6.8 – ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

According to FCC § 15.203, the applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device. Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

### Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangement which was permanently attached and the maximum antenna gain is 2.09dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Antenna Type	Antenna Gain	Impedance	Frequency Range
PCB	2.09dBi	50 Ω	2.4~2.5GHz

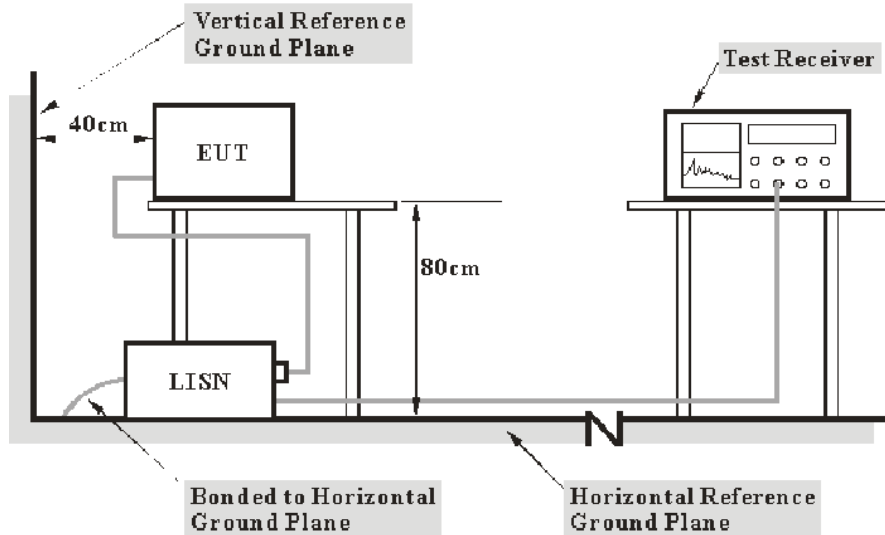
**Result:** Compliance

## FCC §15.207 (a), RSS-GEN §8.8 - AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

### Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207(a). RSS-Gen§8.8.

### EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits and RSS-Gen limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Test Results Summary

According to the EUT complied with the FCC 15.207/RSS-Gen.

## Transd Factor & Margin Calculation

The Transd factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) and Cable Loss. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

The “**Over limit**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over limit of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit} &= \text{Level} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor}\end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

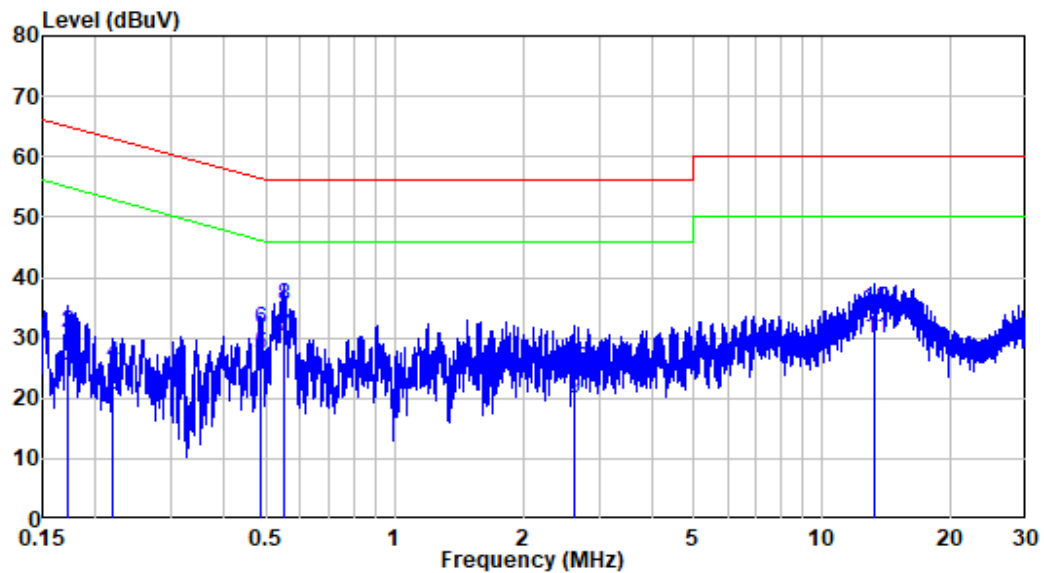
### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23 °C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

*The testing was performed by Jason Liu on 2022-11-01.*

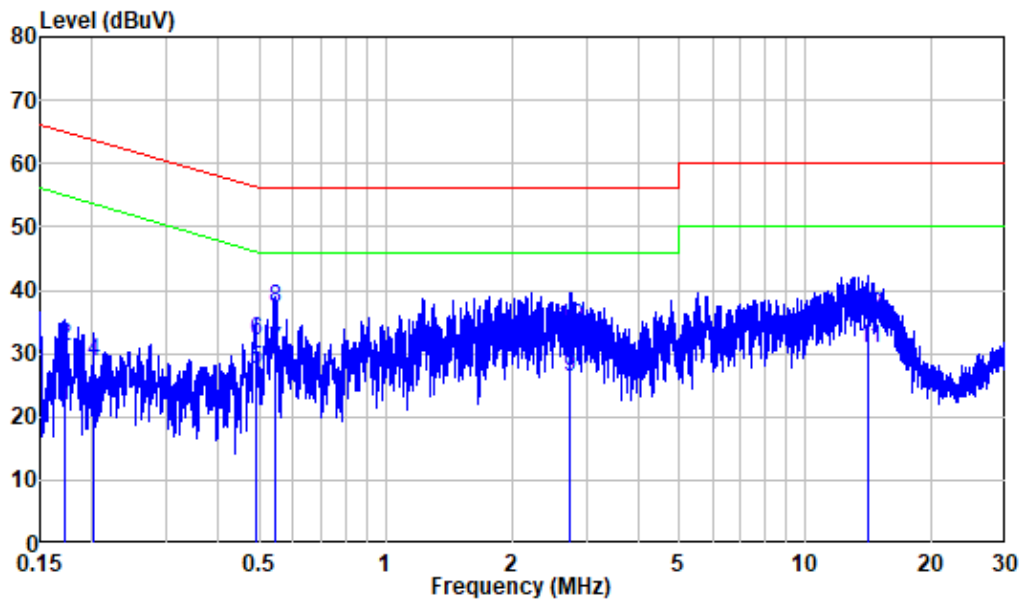
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting (Worst case is middle channel)*

## AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Line  
 Job No. : SZNS221009-45814E-RF  
 Mode : BLE Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.172	9.80	13.64	23.44	54.88	-31.44	Average
2	0.172	9.80	21.11	30.91	64.88	-33.97	QP
3	0.218	9.80	10.70	20.50	52.89	-32.39	Average
4	0.218	9.80	15.99	25.79	62.89	-37.10	QP
5	0.484	9.80	17.38	27.18	46.27	-19.09	Average
6	0.484	9.80	21.73	31.53	56.27	-24.74	QP
7	0.550	9.81	20.36	30.17	46.00	-15.83	Average
8	0.550	9.81	25.43	35.24	56.00	-20.76	QP
9	2.641	9.83	10.08	19.91	46.00	-26.09	Average
10	2.641	9.83	14.87	24.70	56.00	-31.30	QP
11	13.293	9.93	20.10	30.03	50.00	-19.97	Average
12	13.293	9.93	24.80	34.73	60.00	-25.27	QP

**AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**

Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Neutral  
 Job No. : SZNS221009-45814E-RF  
 Mode : BLE Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.172	9.80	11.91	21.71	54.87	-33.16	Average
2	0.172	9.80	21.35	31.15	64.87	-33.72	QP
3	0.201	9.80	11.12	20.92	53.58	-32.66	Average
4	0.201	9.80	18.78	28.58	63.58	-35.00	QP
5	0.490	9.80	17.68	27.48	46.17	-18.69	Average
6	0.490	9.80	22.13	31.93	56.17	-24.24	QP
7	0.544	9.81	20.79	30.60	46.00	-15.40	Average
8	0.544	9.81	27.27	37.08	56.00	-18.92	QP
9	2.757	9.83	16.49	26.32	46.00	-19.68	Average
10	2.757	9.83	24.29	34.12	56.00	-21.88	QP
11	14.166	10.04	20.64	30.68	50.00	-19.32	Average
12	14.166	10.04	26.03	36.07	60.00	-23.93	QP

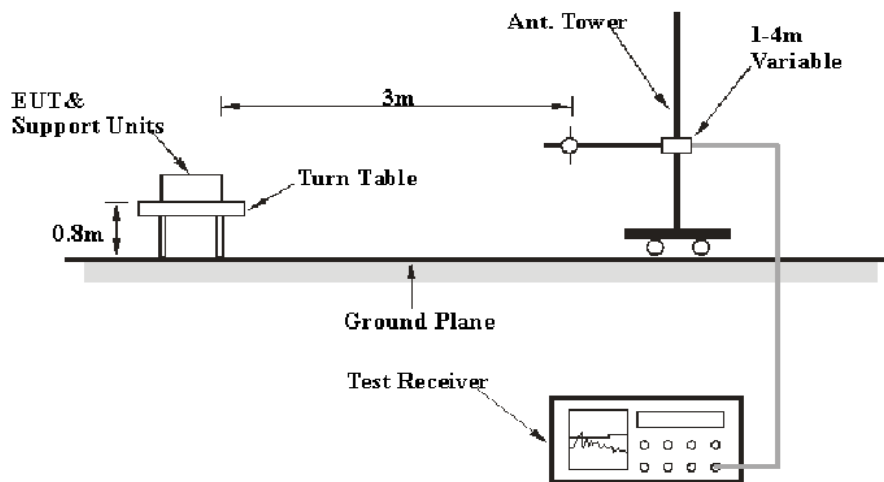
## **FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D), RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 – UNWANTED EMISSION FREQUENCIES AND RESTRICTED BANDS**

### **Applicable Standard**

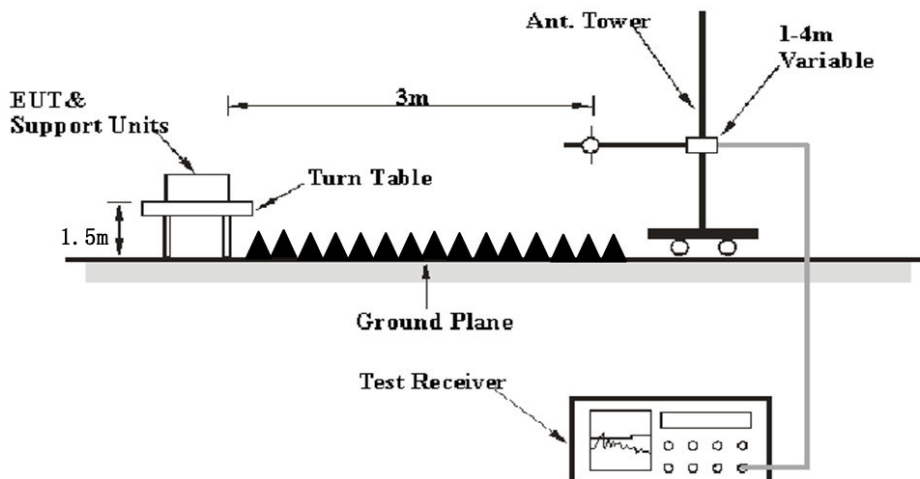
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205; RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.10.

### **EUT Setup**

#### **Below 1 GHz:**



#### **Above 1GHz:**



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz <sup>Note 1</sup>	/	Average
	1MHz	> 1/T <sup>Note 2</sup>	/	Average

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98%

Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.

Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.

Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

## Factor & Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Over Limit/Margin} &= \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor} \end{aligned}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the data in the following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

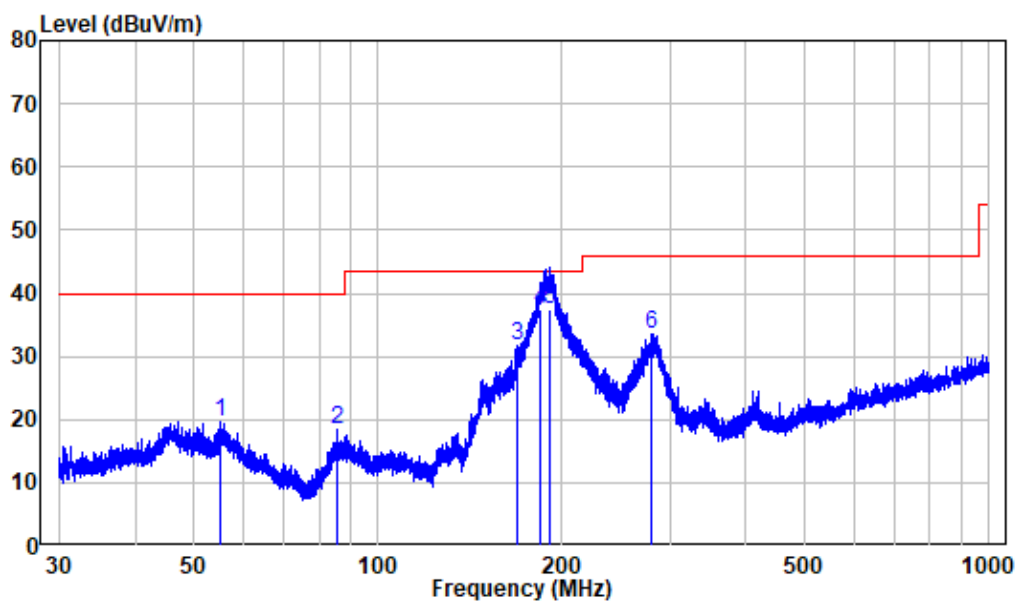
<b>Temperature:</b>	24~28.8 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	52~60 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Level Li on 2022-10-31 for below 1GHz and Jeff Jiang on 2022-10-26 for above 1GHz.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**30MHz-1GHz: (Worst case is middle channel)**

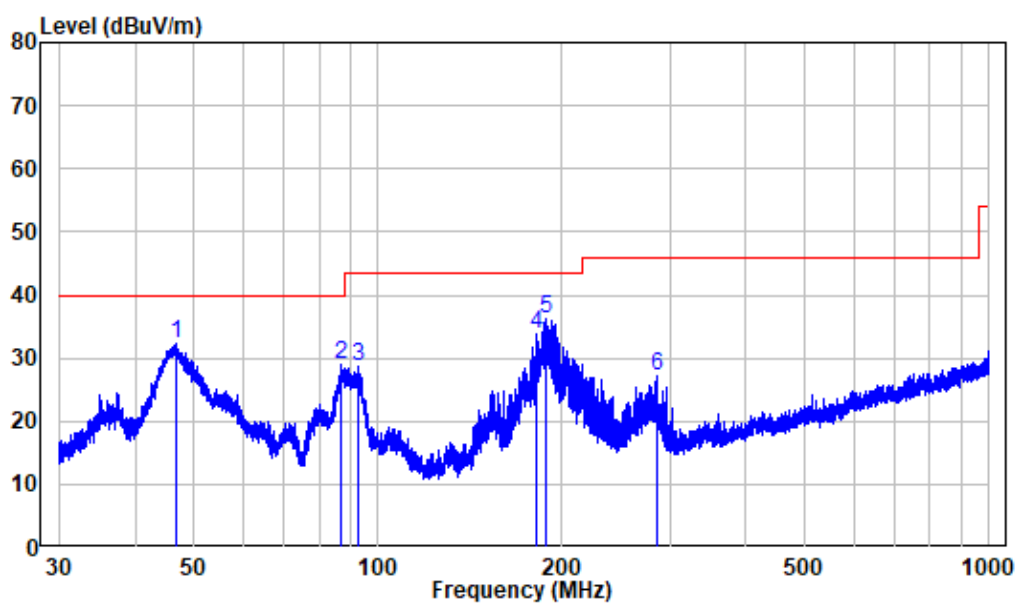
*Note: When the test result of peak was less than the limit of QP more than 6dB, just peak value were recorded.*

**Horizontal**

Site : chamber  
Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL  
Job No. : SZNS221009-45814E-RF  
Test Mode: Ble Transmission

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	55.245	-10.26	30.01	19.75	40.00	-20.25	Peak
2	85.523	-15.41	33.68	18.27	40.00	-21.73	Peak
3	168.783	-13.70	45.52	31.82	43.50	-11.68	Peak
4	184.167	-12.27	49.59	37.32	43.50	-6.18	QP
5	191.074	-11.40	48.90	37.50	43.50	-6.00	QP
6	279.411	-9.62	43.13	33.51	46.00	-12.49	Peak

## Vertical



Site : chamber  
Condition: 3m VERTICAL  
Job No. : SZNS221009-45814E-RF  
Test Mode: Ble Transmission

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	46.646	-10.00	42.28	32.28	40.00	-7.72	Peak
2	87.074	-14.87	43.76	28.89	40.00	-11.11	Peak
3	92.787	-13.06	41.87	28.81	43.50	-14.69	Peak
4	180.966	-12.65	46.51	33.86	43.50	-9.64	Peak
5	188.495	-11.76	47.95	36.19	43.50	-7.31	Peak
6	285.477	-9.43	36.68	27.25	46.00	-18.75	Peak

**1-25 GHz:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/AV		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
BLE 1M, Low Channel									
2310	63.25	PK	65	1.8	H	-7.24	56.01	74	-17.99
2310	51.73	AV	65	1.8	H	-7.24	44.49	54	-9.51
2310	63.92	PK	192	2.1	V	-7.24	56.68	74	-17.32
2310	51.35	AV	192	2.1	V	-7.24	44.11	54	-9.89
2390	62.49	PK	155	1.1	H	-7.22	55.27	74	-18.73
2390	49.12	AV	155	1.1	H	-7.22	41.90	54	-12.10
2390	62.93	PK	310	1.4	V	-7.22	55.71	74	-18.29
2390	49.46	AV	310	1.4	V	-7.22	42.24	54	-11.76
4804	61.75	PK	232	1.3	H	-3.51	58.24	74	-15.76
4804	54.05	AV	232	1.3	H	-3.51	50.54	54	-3.46
4804	59.16	PK	34	1.5	V	-3.51	55.65	74	-18.35
4804	49.01	AV	34	1.5	V	-3.51	45.50	54	-8.50
BLE 1M, Middle Channel									
4880	61.34	PK	250	1.1	H	-3.38	57.96	74	-16.04
4880	53.72	AV	250	1.1	H	-3.38	50.34	54	-3.66
4880	59.31	PK	201	2.4	V	-3.38	55.93	74	-18.07
4880	49.16	AV	244	2.4	V	-3.38	45.78	54	-8.22
BLE 1M, High Channel									
2483.5	63.79	PK	132	1.1	H	-7.2	56.59	74	-17.41
2483.5	54.06	AV	132	1.1	H	-7.2	46.86	54	-7.14
2483.5	63.81	PK	158	1.1	V	-7.2	56.61	74	-17.39
2483.5	54.87	AV	158	1.1	V	-7.2	47.67	54	-6.33
2500	62.53	PK	301	1.2	H	-7.18	55.35	74	-18.65
2500	49.33	AV	301	1.2	H	-7.18	42.15	54	-11.85
2500	62.89	PK	73	1.6	V	-7.18	55.71	74	-18.29
2500	49.33	AV	73	1.6	V	-7.18	42.15	54	-11.85
4960	60.68	PK	344	1.9	H	-3.01	57.67	74	-16.33
4960	52.94	AV	344	1.9	H	-3.01	49.93	54	-4.07
4960	58.05	PK	251	1.9	V	-3.01	55.04	74	-18.96
4960	48.54	AV	251	1.9	V	-3.01	45.53	54	-8.47

**Note:**

Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

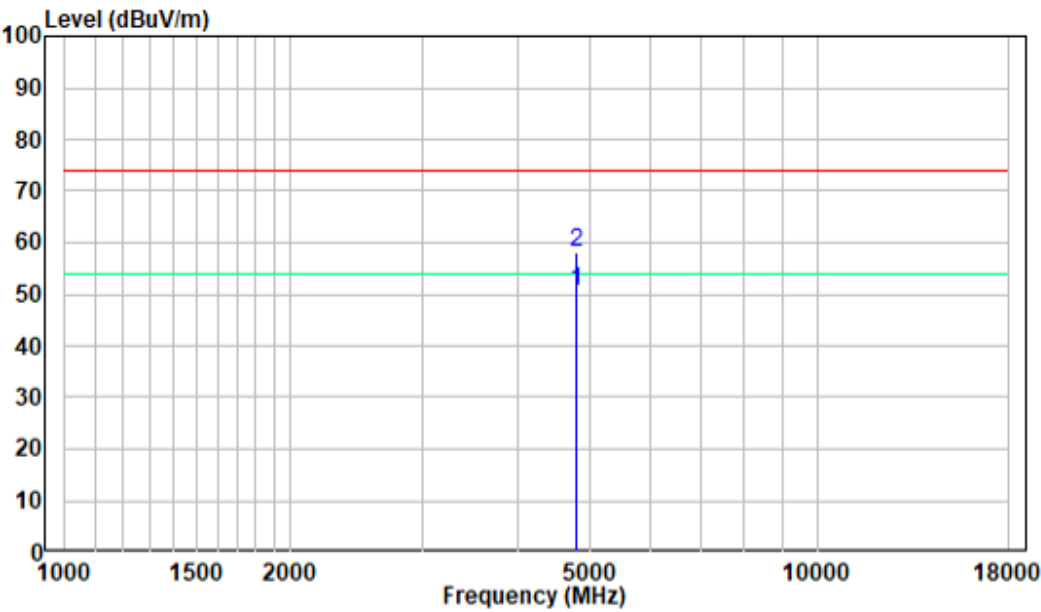
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

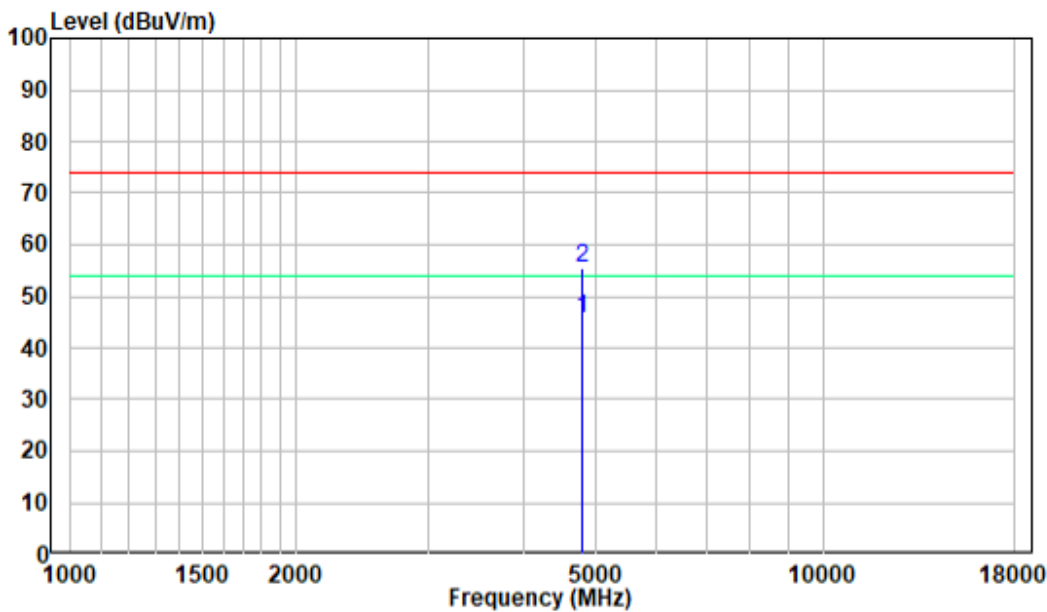
The other spurious emission which is in the noise floor level was not recorded.

1-18 GHz:

Pre-scan for Low Channel  
Horizontal

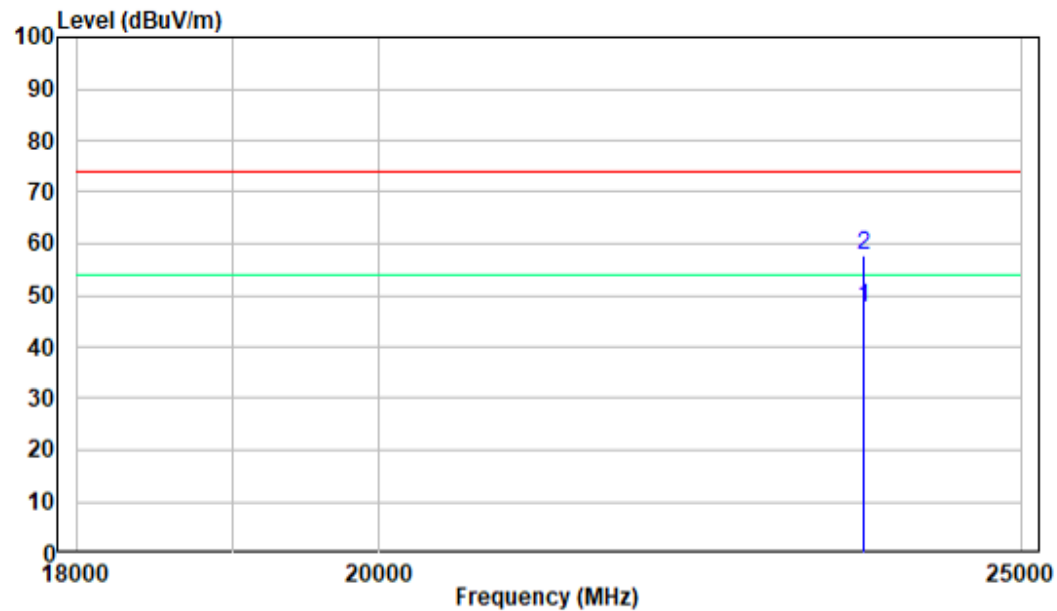


Vertical

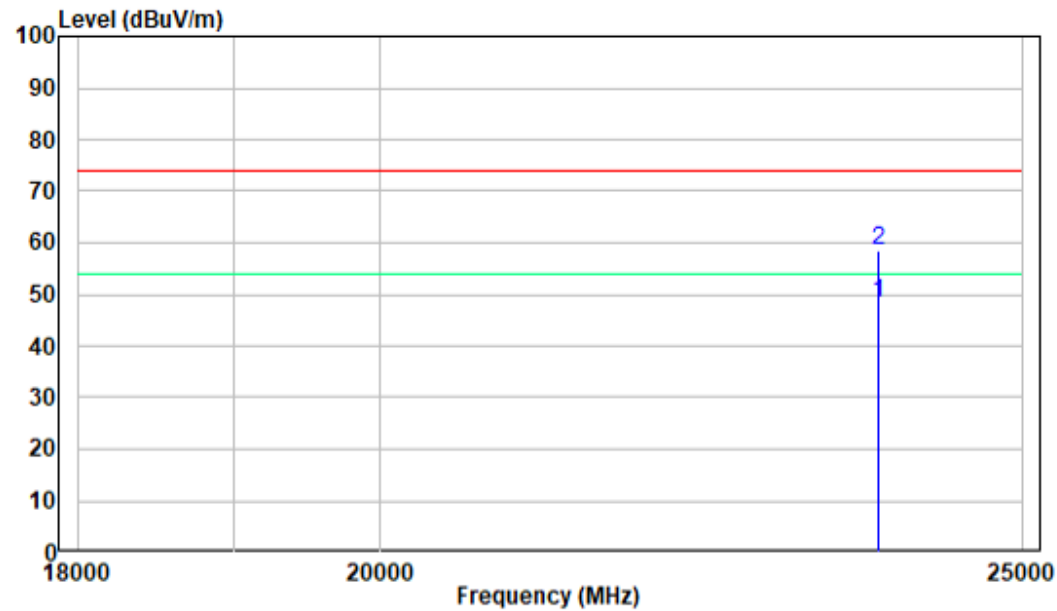


18 -25GHz:

Pre-scan for Low Channel,  
Horizontal



Vertical



## **FCC §15.247(a) (2), RSS-GEN § 6.7 & RSS-247 § 5.2 (a) – 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH**

### **Standard Applicable**

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 a)

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

According to RSS-Gen §6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

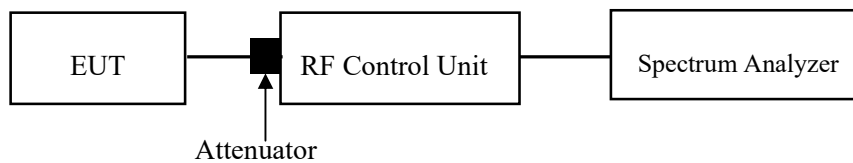
## Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

99% Occupied bandwidth test:

Use Occupied bandwidth test function, measure the 99% Occupied bandwidth.

Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-10-28.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## FCC §15.247(e), RSS-247 §5.2 (b) – POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(e):

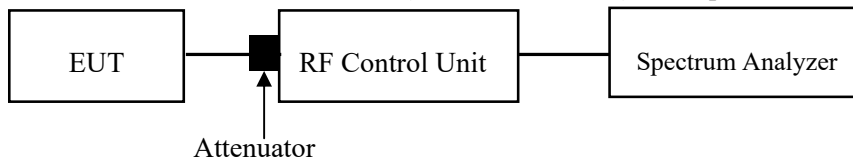
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 b):

- b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

### Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to:  $3\text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ .
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	55 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-10-28.*

*Test Mode: Transmitting*

**Test Result:** Pass

Please refer to the Appendix.

## FCC §15.247(b) (3), RSS-247 §5.4 (d) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Applicable Standard

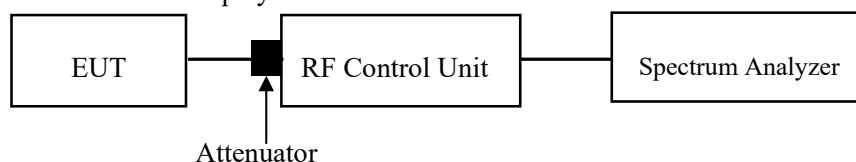
According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247§5.4 d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	55 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Roger Ling on 2022-10-28.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

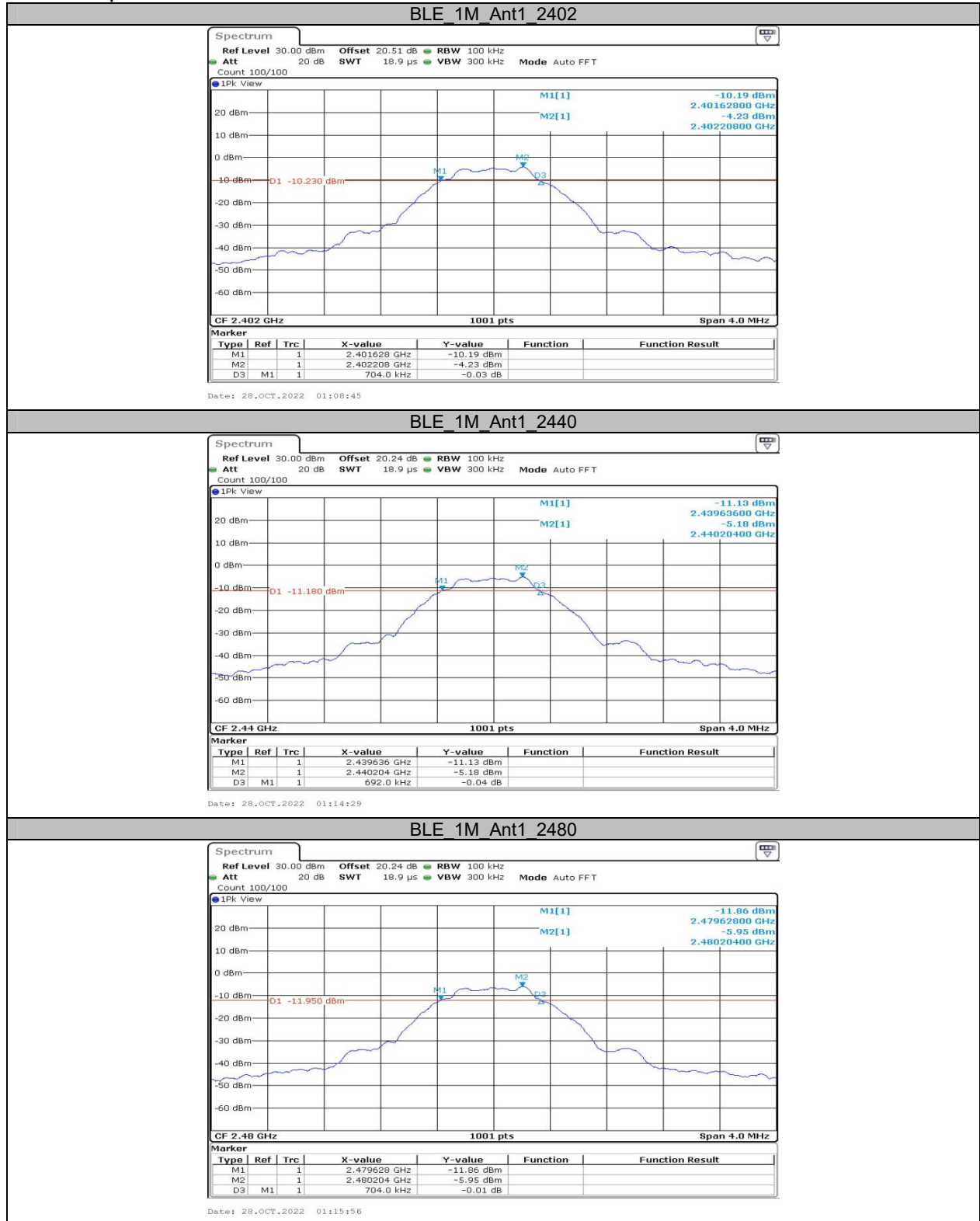
Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## APPENDIX

### Appendix A: DTS Bandwidth Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	DTS BW [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	0.70	0.5	PASS
		2440	0.69	0.5	PASS
		2480	0.70	0.5	PASS

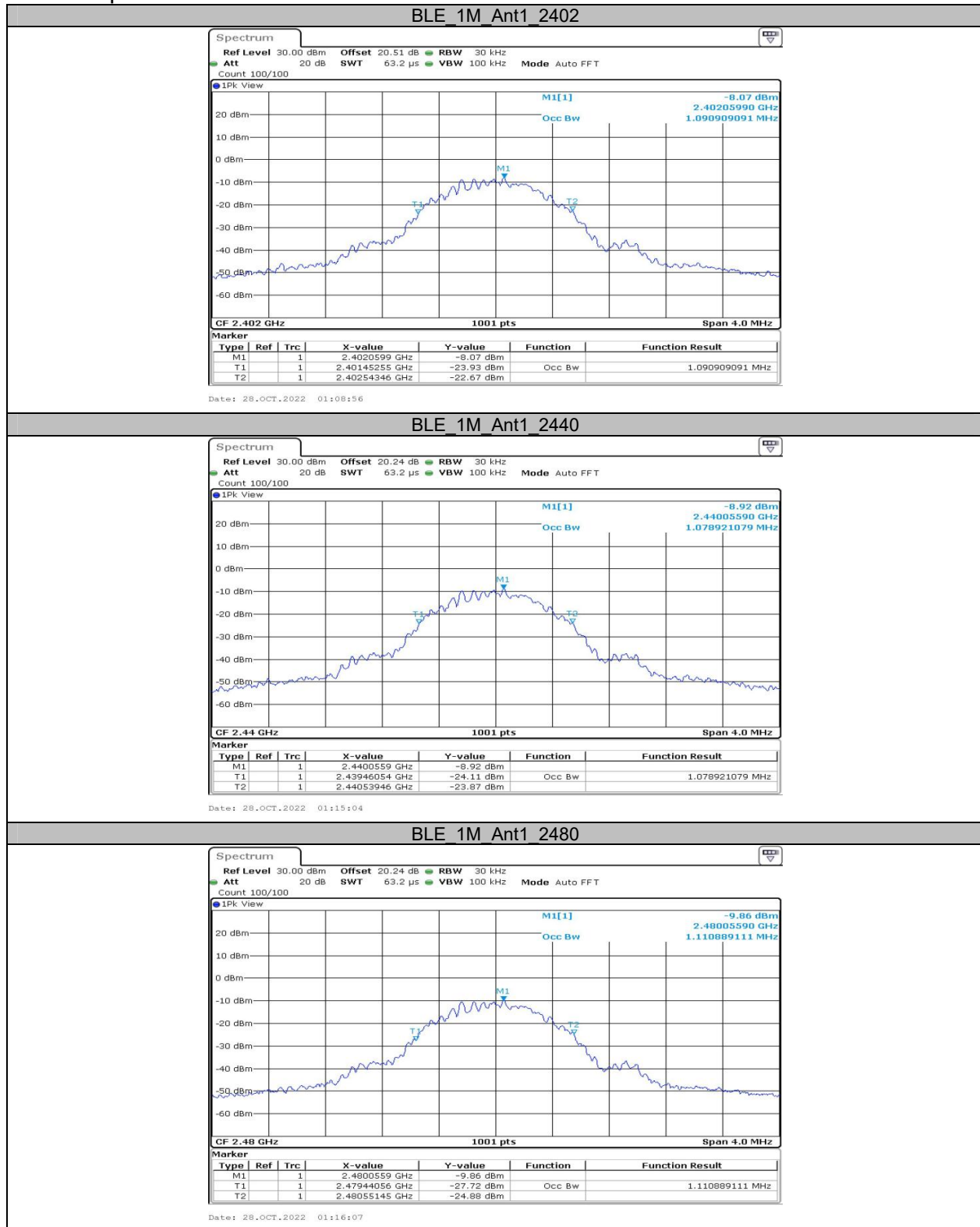
## Test Graphs



**Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth  
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	1.091	2401.453	2402.543	---	---
		2440	1.079	2439.461	2440.539	---	---
		2480	1.111	2479.441	2480.551	---	---

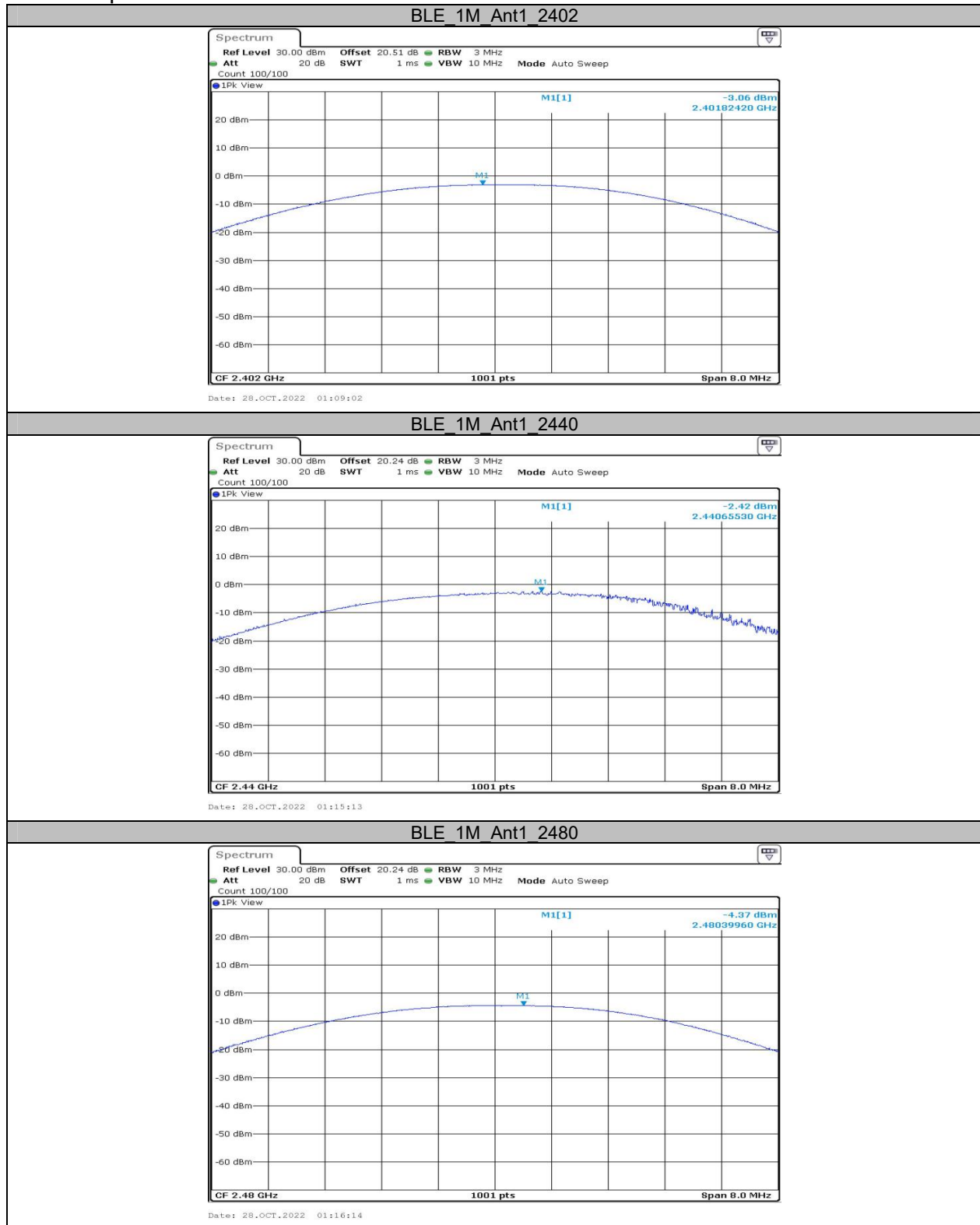
## Test Graphs



**Appendix C: Maximum conducted output power  
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	-3.06	≤30	PASS
		2440	-2.42	≤30	PASS
		2480	-4.37	≤30	PASS
Note: for worst case, the maximum antenna gain among the antennas is 2.09dBi, the maximum EIRP=-0.33dBm<36dBm					

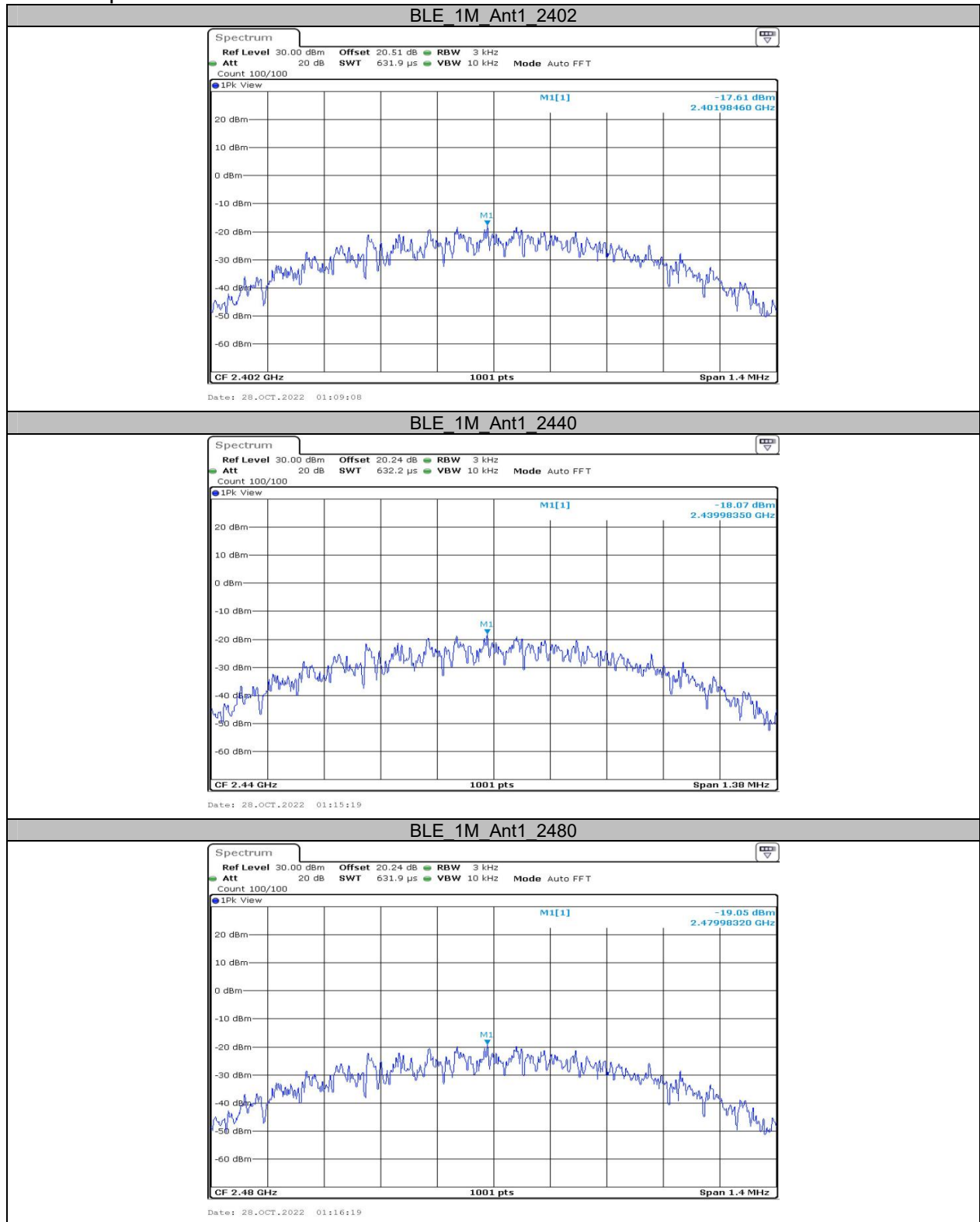
## Test Graphs



**Appendix D: Maximum power spectral density  
Test Result**

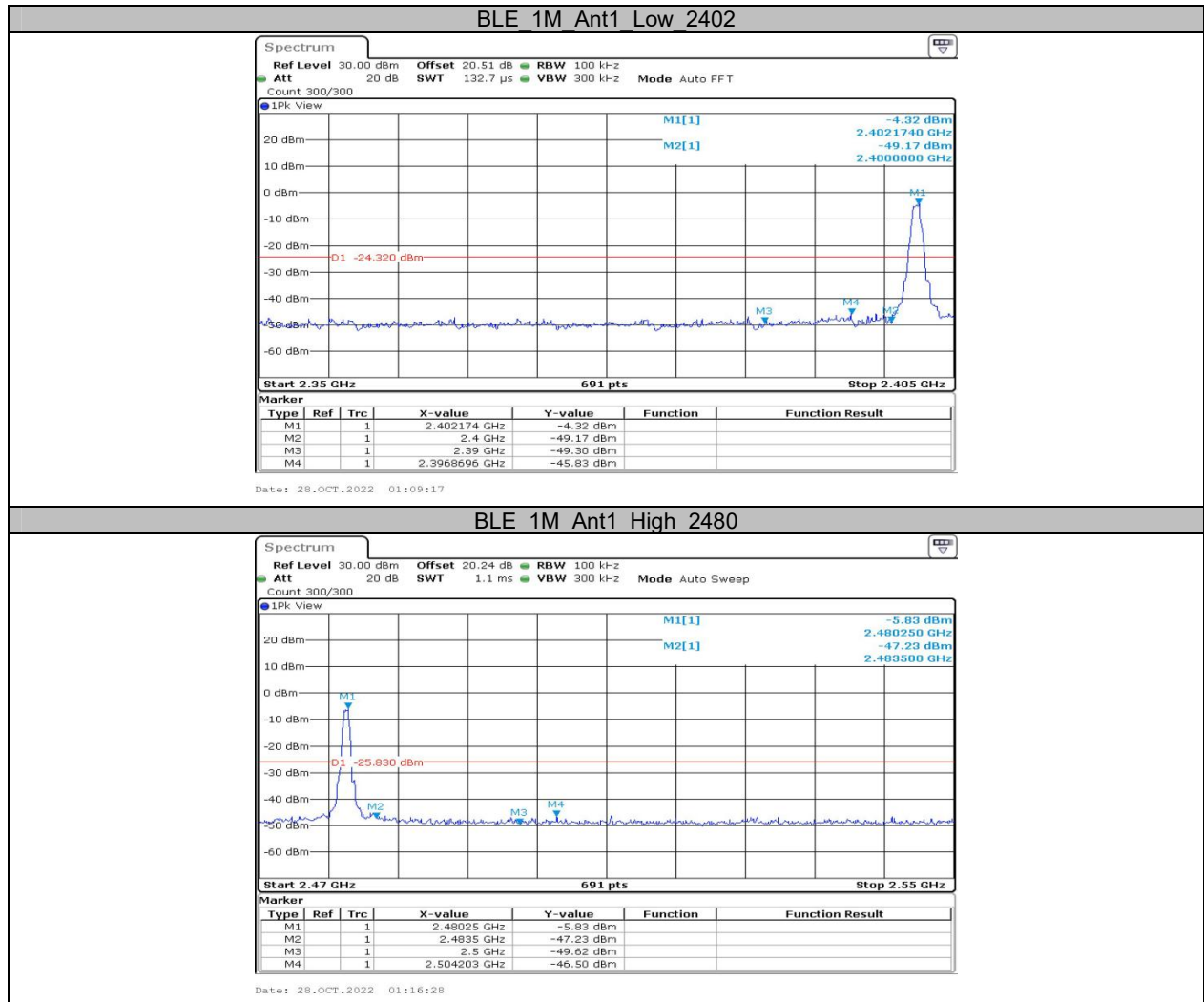
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[dBm/3kHz]	Limit[dBm/3kHz]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	-17.61	≤8.00	PASS
		2440	-18.07	≤8.00	PASS
		2480	-19.05	≤8.00	PASS

## Test Graphs



## Appendix E: Band edge measurements

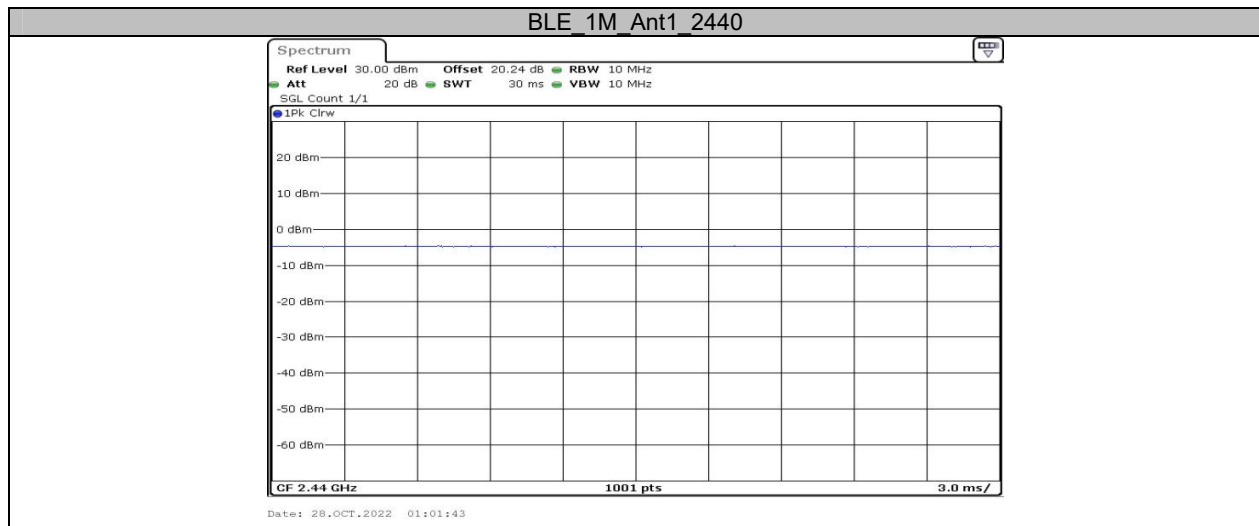
### Test Graphs



## Appendix F: Duty Cycle Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	ON Time [ms]	Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]
BLE_1M	Ant1	2440	--	--	100.00

## Test Graphs



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*