

FCC RF EXPOSURE REPORT

FCC ID: TE7AX10

Project No. : 1905C079
Equipment : AX1500 Wi-Fi 6 Router
Model Name : Archer AX10, Archer AX1500
Series Model : N/A
Applicant : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address : Building 24(floors1,3,4,5) and 28(floors1-4)
Central Science and Technology Park,
Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

According : FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE
C95.1 & FCC Part 2.1091

B T L I N C .

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Certificate #5123.02

1. GENERAL SUMMARY

Equipment : AX1500 Wi-Fi 6 Router
Brand Name : tp-link
Test Model : Archer AX10, Archer AX1500
Series Model : N/A
Applicant : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address : Building 24(floors1,3,4,5) and 28(floors1-4) Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China
Date of Test : May 23, 2019 ~ Jul. 10, 2019
Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: DG19061085
Standards : FCC Title 47 Part 2.1091, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report (Ref No. BTL-FCCP-3-1905C079) were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of A2LA according to the ISO/IEC 17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

2. MPE CALCULATION METHOD

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi^2}$$

where:

S = power density



P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Table for Filed Antenna:





For 2.4GHz:

Ant.	Brand	P/N	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1		3101502558	Dipole	Weld	3.82
2		3101502557	Dipole	Weld	3.82

Note: This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain,
 Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$, where Array Gain is as follows:
 For power spectral density measurements, $N_{ANT} = 2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.
 So Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = 10 \log (N_{ANT} / N_{SS}) \text{ dB} = 3.82 + 10 \log (2/1) \text{ dBi} = 6.83$.
 Then, the power density limit is $8 - (6.83 - 6) = 7.17$.
 For power measurements, Array Gain = 0 dB ($N_{ANT} \leq 4$), so the Directional gain = 3.82.

For 5GHz:

Antenna Specification:

Ant.	Brand	P/N	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)	Note
1		3101502560	I-PEX	N/A	4.37	UNII-1
2		3101502559	I-PEX	N/A	4.37	UNII-1
1		3101502560	I-PEX	N/A	5.80	UNII-3
2		3101502559	I-PEX	N/A	5.80	UNII-3

Note: 1. This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$, where Array Gain is as follows:

For UNII-1 Non-Beamforming function,
 For power spectral density measurements, $N_{ANT} = 2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.
 So Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = 10 \log (N_{ANT} / N_{SS}) \text{ dB} = 4.37 + 10 \log (2/1) \text{ dBi} = 7.38$. Then, the power spectral density limit is $17 - 7.38 + 6 = 15.62$.
 For power measurements, Array Gain = 0 dB ($N_{ANT} \leq 4$), so the Directional gain = 4.37.

For UNII-3 Non-Beamforming function,
 For power spectral density measurements, $N_{ANT} = 2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.
 So Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = 10 \log (N_{ANT} / N_{SS}) \text{ dB} = 5.80 + 10 \log (2/1) \text{ dBi} = 8.81$. Then, the power spectral density limit is $30 - 8.81 + 6 = 27.19$.
 For power measurements, Array Gain = 0 dB ($N_{ANT} \leq 4$), so the Directional gain = 5.80.

2. For UNII-1 Beamforming function, Beamforming Gain: 3.00 dB.
 So Directional gain = $4.37 + 3.00 = 7.37$. Then, output power limit is $30 - 7.37 + 6 = 28.63$, the power density limit is $17 - 7.37 + 6 = 15.63$.

For UNII-3 Beamforming function, Beamforming Gain: 3.00 dB.
 So Directional gain = $5.80 + 3.00 = 8.80$. Then, output power limit is $30 - 8.80 + 6 = 27.20$, the power density limit is $30 - 8.80 + 6 = 27.20$

3. TEST RESULTS

Tune up tolerance(dBm)	
2.4GHz	5GHz
±0.5	±0.5

For 2.4GHz:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
3.82	2.4099	23.4	218.7762	0.10494	1	Complies

For 5GHz Non-Beamforming (UNII-1):

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
4.37	2.7353	26.52	448.7454	0.24432	1	Complies

For 5GHz Non-Beamforming (UNII-3):

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
5.80	3.8019	26.78	476.4310	0.36054	1	Complies

For 5GHz With Beamforming (UNII-1):

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
7.37	5.4576	26.56	452.8976	0.49198	1	Complies

For 5GHz With Beamforming (UNII-3):

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
8.80	7.5858	26.46	442.5884	0.66827	1	Complies

For the max simultaneous transmission MPE:

Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Total	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
2.4GHz	5GHz			
0.10494	0.66827	0.77321	1	Complies

Note: The calculated distance is 20 cm.

End of Test Report