

6. 26DB & 99% EMISSION BANDWIDTH

6.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum bandwidth 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500KHz. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- a) Set RBW = 100KHz.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 · RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.



Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwei Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China











6.3 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

6.4 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :	26 ℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	TX		

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% bandwidth(MHz)	Limit(KHz)	Result
-	CH36	5180	21.640	17.155		
802.11a	CH40	5200	20.440	17.126		
CD.	CH48	5240	25.400	17.091		6
000.44	CH36	5180	25.120	18.195		- 13
802.11 n20	CH40	5200	25.200	18.152		
1120	CH48	5240	24.920	18.199		
802.11	CH38	5190	43.840	36.807		
n40	CH46	5230	49.840	36.850	>500	Pass
000.44	CH36	5180	26.680	17.903		
802.11 ac20	CH40	5200	21.600	17.896		
aczu	CH48	5240	22.280	17.946		
802.11	CH38	5190	50.400	36.665		
ac40	CH46	5230	49.200	36.714		100
802.11	CH42	5210	85.920	75.715		
AC80	UП42	5210	03.920	75.715		

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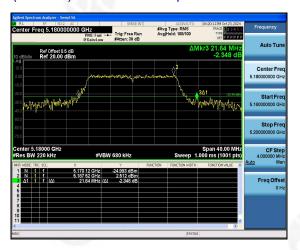








(802.11 a) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 36



(802.11 a) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 40



(802.11 a) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 48





(802.11 n20) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 36



(802.11 n40) 26dBBandwidth plot on channel 38



(802.11 n20) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 40



(802.11 n40) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 46



(802.11 n20) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 48



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(802.11ac20) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 36



(802.11 ac40) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 38



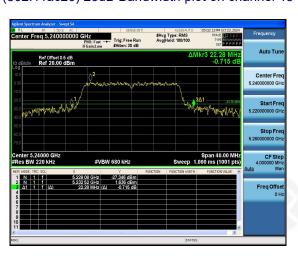
(802.11ac20) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 40



(802.11 ac40) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 46



(802.11ac20) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 48



(802.11 ac80) 26dB Bandwidth plot on channel 42



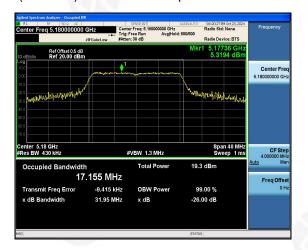
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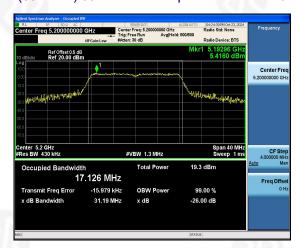




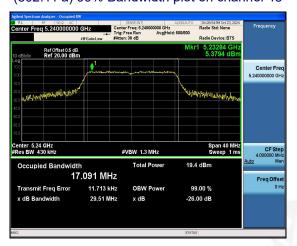
(802.11 a) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 36



(802.11 a) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 40



(802.11 a) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 48



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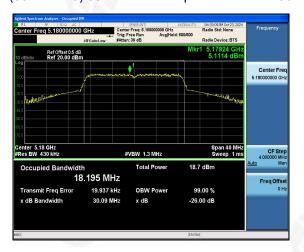








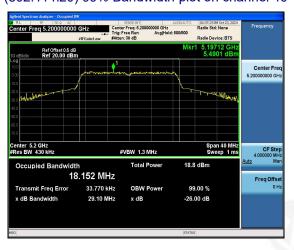
(802.11 n20) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 36



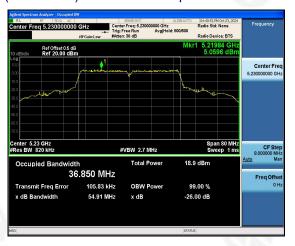
(802.11 n40) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 38



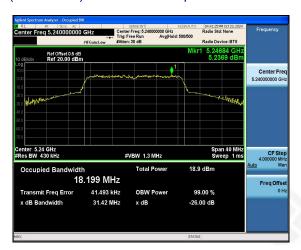
(802.11 n20) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 40



(802.11 n40) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 46



(802.11 n20) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 48



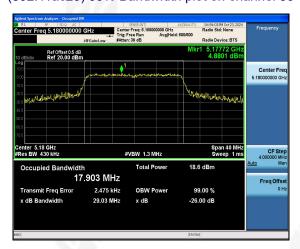
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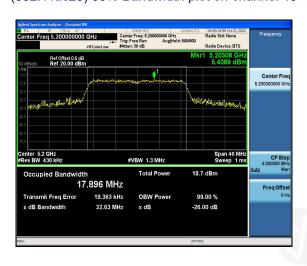
(802.11ac20) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 36



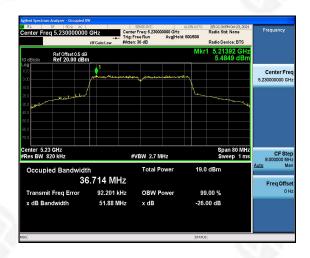
(802.11 ac40) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 38



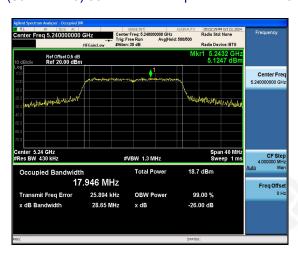
(802.11ac20) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 40



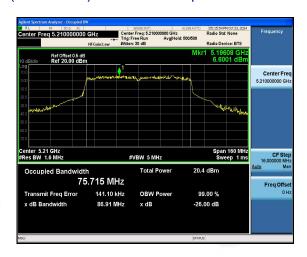
(802.11 ac40) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 46



(802.11ac20) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 48



(802.11 ac80) 99% Bandwidth plot on channel 42



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7.MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

7.1 PPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

According to FCC §15.407

The maximum conduced output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit 250mW	
5150~5250		
5725~5850	1W	

7.2 TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT was directly connected to the Power meter

1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

- a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.
- b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal.1 However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

- a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:
- The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle ≥ 98 percent).
- Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.
- (ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than ± 2 percent.
- (iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.
- b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
- (iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (v) Sweep time = auto.
- (vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".
- (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.

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(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

7.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

7.4 TEST SETUP

EUT	POWER	METER

7.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

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7.6 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :	26 ℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	TX		

Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum output power (dBm)	LIMIT	Result
TX 802	11 a Mode			
CH36	5180	10.85	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	10.78	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	10.91	23.98	Pass
TX 802 11	n20M Mode	£47a		0.753
CH36	5180	9.88	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	9.86	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	10.05	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 n40M Mode				
CH38	5190	8.52	23.98	Pass
CH46	5230	8.84	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11	ac20M Mode	Kara Dil		
CH36	5180	9.93	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	9.96	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	10.14	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 ac40M Mode				
CH38	5190	8.61	23.98	Pass
CH46	5230	8.93	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11	ac80M Mode			
CH42	5210	9.11	23.98	Pass





8.OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

8.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD

According to FCC §15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

(2)

(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

8.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

8.4 TEST SETUP

EUT SPECTRUM ANALYZER

Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwel Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China









8.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

8.6 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :	26 ℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz

5.180~5.240 GHz

(802.11a) Band Edge, Left Side

| Second | S

(802.11a) Band Edge, Right Side

