

SAR TEST REPORT

Product Name: 2G Feature Phone

Model Name: U13

Family Model: A13

FCC ID: O55184923

Issued For : SWAGTEK

10205 NW 19th Street STE101 Miami, FL33172

Issued By : Shenzhen LGT Test Service Co., Ltd.

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Report Number: LGT23L046HA01

Sample Received Date: Dec. 14, 2023

Date of Test: Dec. 17, 2023 ~ Dec. 18, 2023

Date of Issue: Dec. 19, 2023

Head: 0.464 W/kg

Max. SAR (1g):

Body: 1.348 W/kg

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Contents
00	Dec. 19, 2023	Initial Issue

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TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant SWAGTEK

Address 10205 NW 19th Street STE101 Miami, FL33172

Manufacture SWAGTEK

Address 10205 NW 19th Street STE101 Miami, FL33172

Product Name 2G Feature Phone

Trademark: UNONU, LOGIC, iSWAG

Model Name: U13

Family Model: A13

Sample number LGT2312065-4

APPLICABLE STANDARDS					
STANDARD TEST RESULTS					
ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)	PASS				
IEEE 1528: 2013					

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Manager

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1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name:	2G Feature Phone				
Trademark:	UNONU, LOGIC, iSWAG				
Model Name:	U13				
Family Model:	A13				
Model Difference:	Only different in model name and	d Trademark			
Device Category	Portable				
Product stage	Production unit				
RF Exposure Environment	General Population / Uncontrolled				
Hardware Version	FD18_MB_V2.0				
Software Version	U_U13_OM_V1.0_20122023				
Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824 ~ 849 MHz PCS 1900: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz				
Max. Reported	Mode Head (W/ kg) Body (W/				
SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg)	GSM 850	0.408	1.348		
Test distance: Head:0mm	PCS 1900	0.464	0.415		
Body:10mm	BT ^{Note1}	0.116	0.116		
1-g	Sum SAR	0.580	1.464		
Battery	Rated Voltage:3.7V Capacity: 800mAh				
Description test modes	SIM 1 and SIM 2 is a chipset unit tested.	and tested as single chip	oset, SIM 1 is used to		
Operating Mode:	GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS Bluetooth: GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8Ε	PSK			
Antenna Specification	GSM: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: Monopole Antenna				
Operating Mode	Maximum continuous output				
SIM Card	Support dual-SIM, dual standby, the multiple SIM card with two lines cannot trans mitting at the same time				
Hotspot Mode	Not Support				
DTM Mode	Not Support				
Note 1: The BT value wa	s Estimated.				

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1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (°C)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

Company Name:	Shenzhen LGT Test Service Co., Ltd.
Address:	Room 205, Building 13, Zone B, Chen Hsong Industrial Park, No.177 Renmin West Road, Jinsha Community, Kengzi Street, Pingshan New District, Shenzhen, China
Accreditation Certificate	FCC Registration No.: 746540
	A2LA Certificate No.: 6727.01
	IC Registration No.: CN0136

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2. Test Standards and Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial- Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	<u>Partial-Body</u>	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	<u>Partial-Body</u>	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

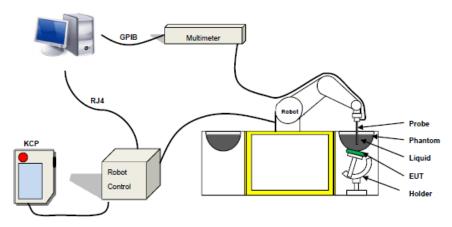
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue;

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}$ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



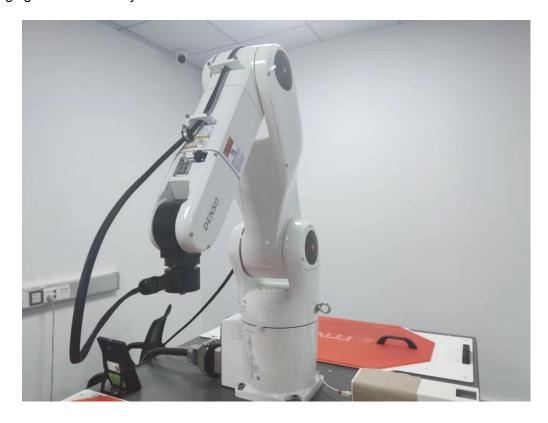
COMOSAR is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The COMOSAR system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

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The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 1g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 04/22 EPGO364 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 600 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- -Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

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3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 06/22 SAM 148



3.2.3 Device Holder

Figure-SN 06/22 ELLI 51



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

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4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The uncertainty due to the liquid conductivity and permittivity arises from two different sources. The first source of error is the deviation of the liquid conductivity from its target value (max _ 5 %) and the second source of error arises from the measurement procedures used to assess conductivity. The uncertainty shall be assessed using a rectangular probability For 1 g averaging, the maximum weighting coefficient for SAR is 0,5.

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head and body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table.

Frequency	εr	10g S/m
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1800 to 2000	40.0	1.40
2100	39.8	1.49
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.96
3000	38.5	2.40
3500	37.9	2.91
4000	37.4	3.43
4500	36.8	3.94
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.5	5.07
5800	35.3	5.27

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LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Data		nbient			D	T4	M	Deviation %	Limited %
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity %	Frequency (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target Measured			
2024-01-12	22	22 57	835	005 04.0	Permittivity	41.50	42.47	2.34	±5
2024-01-12	22	57	033	21.6	Conductivity	0.90	0.91	1.11	±5
2023-12-18	21	58	1900	20.7	Permittivity	40.00	40.51	1.28	±5
2023-12-10	21	36	1900	20.7	Conductivity	1.40	1.45	3.57	±5

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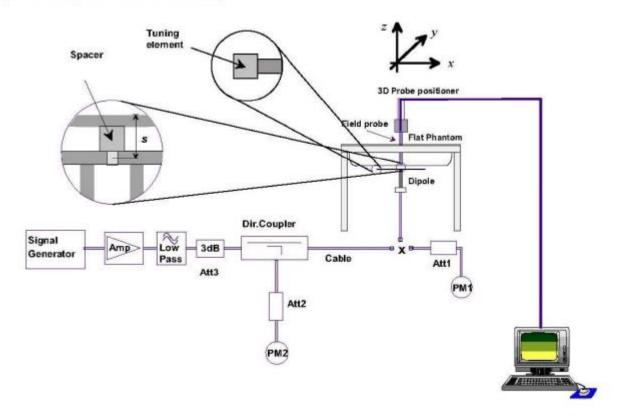


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



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5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of ± 10 %.

Date	Freq.	Power	Tested Value	Normalized SAR	Target SAR	Tolerance	Limit
	(MHz)	(mW)	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	1g(W/kg)	(%)	(%)
2024-01-12	835	100	0.962	9.62	9.75	-1.33	10
2023-12-18	1900	100	3.896	38.96	40.85	-4.63	10

Note:

- 1. The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.
- 2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- 3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

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6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps: The following steps are used for each test position.

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 guoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

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7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a Smart phone, support GSM/BT mode.

122mm

Left side

WWAN Antenna

BT Antenna Location Right side

Front side (Back view)

48mm

Top side

Antenna Separation Distance(mm)									
ANT	Back Side	Front Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side				
BT	5	5	35	5	65	35			
WWAN	5	5	5	5	88	5			

2 abc

<u>1</u>

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

The WWAN/BT SAR evaluation of Maximum power (dBm) summing tolerance.

	Wireless Interface	GSM850	PCS1900	ВТ
Exposure	Calculated Frequency (GHz)	836.6	1850.2	2402
Position	Maximum Turn-up power (dBm)	27.5	29.5	4.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	562.34	891.25	4.79
	Separation distance (cm)	5	5	5
Back Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	16.40	11.03	9.68
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	5	5	5
Front Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	16.40	11.03	9.68
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	5	5	35
Left Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	16.40	11.03	67.75
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	5	5	5
Right Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	212.13	212.13	212.13
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	88	88	65
Top Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	288.63	490.28	246.78
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO
	Separation distance (cm)	5	5	35
Bottom Edge	exclusion threshold(mW)	16.40	11.03	67.75
	Testing required?	YES	YES	NO

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Note:

calculation.

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <25mm,25mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[√f(GHz))≤3.0 for 1-g SAR and≤7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare
- per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

 a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]mW, at 100 MHz
 to 1500 MHz
 - b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at>1500MHz and≤ 6GHz

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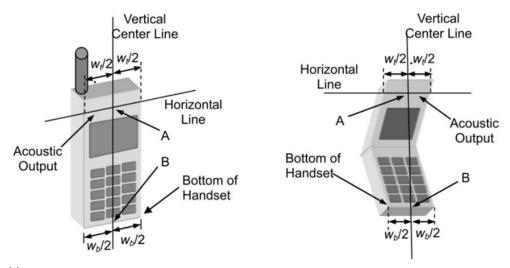


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

8.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Cheek Position

- 1) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 2) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost



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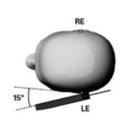


Title Position

- (1) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

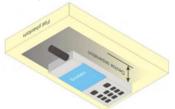






Body-worn Position Conditions:

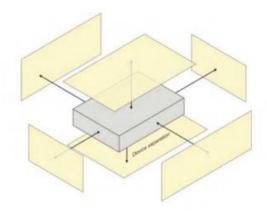
Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.





8.2 Hotspot mode exposure position condition

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



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9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.											
Symbol	Uncertainty Component	Prob. Dist.	Unc. a(x _i)	Div. q _i	$u(x_i) = a(x_i)/q_i$	C _i	$u(y) = C_i$ $*u(x_i)$	Vi			
	Mea	surement	system e	rrors							
CF	Probe calibration	N (k = 2)	5.8	2	2.90	1	2.90	8			
CF_{drift}	Probe calibration drift	R	0.12	√3	0.07	1	0.07	8			
LIN	Probe linearity and detection limit	R	1.91	√3	1.10	1	1.10	8			
BBS	Broadband signal	R	0.15	√3	0.09	1	0.09	8			
ISO	Probe isotropy	R	0.18	√3	0.10	1	0.10	8			
DAE	Other probe and data acquisition errors	N	2.7	1	2.70	1	2.70	8			
AMB	RF ambient and noise	N	1.73	1	1.73	1	1.73	∞			
Δ_{xyz}	Probe positioning errors	N	0.81	1	0.81	2/δ	0.81				
DAT	Data processing errors	N	2.5	1	2.50	1	2.50	∞			
	Phantom and device (DUT or validation antenna) errors										
LIQ(σ)	Measurement of phantom conductivity(σ)	N	4.4	1	4.4	cε, cσ	4.40	8			
LIQ(T _c)	Temperature effects (medium)	R	2.9	√3	1.67	cε, cσ	1.67	8			
EPS	Shell permittivity	R	3.4	√3	1.96	See 8.4.2.3	0.49	8			
DIS	Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	N	0.8	1	0.8	2	1.60	8			
D_{xyz}	Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	N	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.50	5			
Н	Device holder effects	Ν	3	1	3	1	3.00				
MOD	Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	R	3.59	√3	2.07	1	2.07	∞			
TAS	Time-average SAR	R	1.73	√3	1.00	1	1.00	∞			
RF _{drift}	Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	N	2.89	1	2.89	1	2.89				
VAL	Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	N	1.45	1	1.45	1	1.45				
Pin	Uncertainty in accepted power (validation measurement only)	N	2.5	1	2.5	1	2.50				
	Correction	s to the S	AR result	(if applie	ed)						
C(ε',σ)	Phantom deviation from target (ϵ',σ))	N	2.31	1	2.31	1	2.31				
C(R)	SAR scaling	R	1.15	√3	0.66	1	0.66				
u(ΔSAR)	Combined uncertainty						9.53				
U	Expanded uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom					U =	19.06				

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10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result:

Burst Average Power (dBm)									
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900				
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8			
GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot)	27.45	27.46	26.88	29.21	28.90	28.05			
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	27.45	27.48	26.88	29.26	29.00	28.11			
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	26.97	27.09	26.49	28.30	28.16	27.26			
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	26.87	26.92	26.36	27.32	27.26	26.42			
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	26.63	26.71	26.16	25.65	25.78	25.00			

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme.

Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

Frame- Average Power(dBm)									
Band		GSM 850			PCS 1900				
Channel	128	128 190 251			661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8			
GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot)	18.42	18.43	17.85	20.18	19.87	19.02			
GPRS (GMSK, 1-Slot)	18.42	18.45	17.85	20.23	19.97	19.08			
GPRS (GMSK, 2-Slot)	20.95	21.07	20.47	22.28	22.14	21.24			
GPRS (GMSK, 3-Slot)	22.61	22.66	22.10	23.06	23.00	22.16			
GPRS (GMSK, 4-Slot)	23.62	23.70	23.15	22.64	22.77	21.99			

Remark:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

Burst - averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 TX Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 TX Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 TX Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 TX Slots) – 3.01 dB

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		ВТ		
Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
	0	2402	2.69	1.86
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	2.48	1.77
	78	2480	2.75	1.88
	0	2402	4.17	2.61
π/4-QPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	3.93	2.47
	78	2480	3.78	2.39
	0	2402	4.32	2.70
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	4.10	2.57
	78	2480	4.15	2.60

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11. EUT and Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photos





Back side



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Right Edge



Left Edge



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Top Edge



Bottom Edge

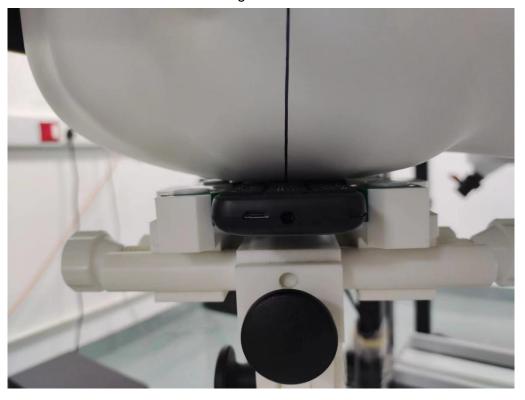


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11.2 Setup Photos

Right Touch



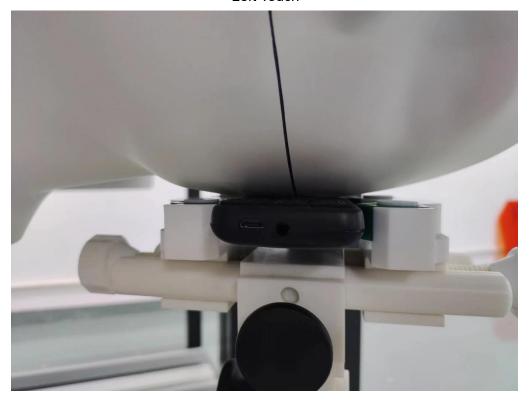
Right Tilt



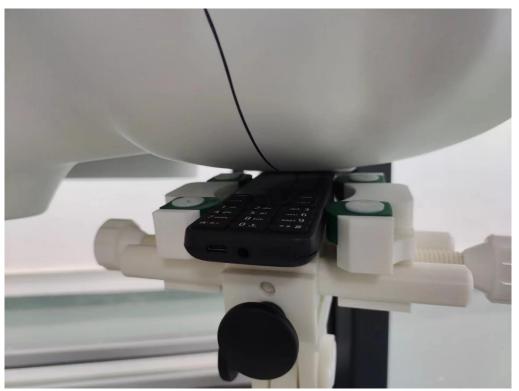
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Left Touch



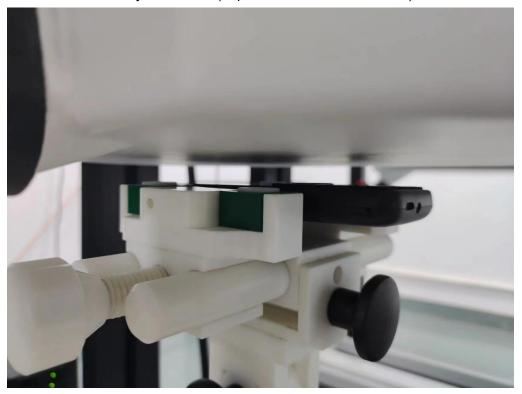
Left Tilt



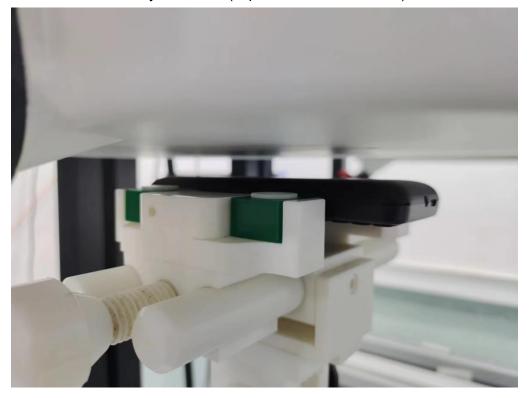
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Body Front side (separation distance is 10mm)



Body Back side (separation distance10mm)



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Body Left side (separation distance is 10mm)



Body Right side (separation distance is 10mm)



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Body Top side (separation distance is 10mm)



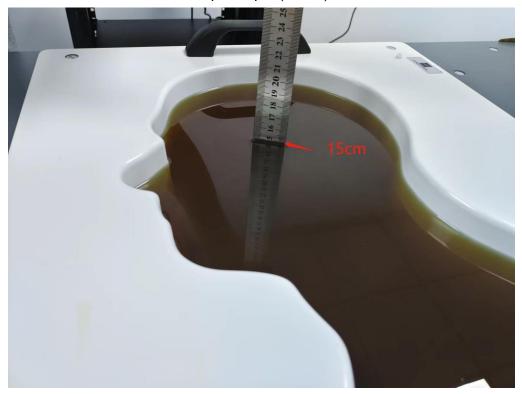
Body Bottom side (separation distance is 10mm)



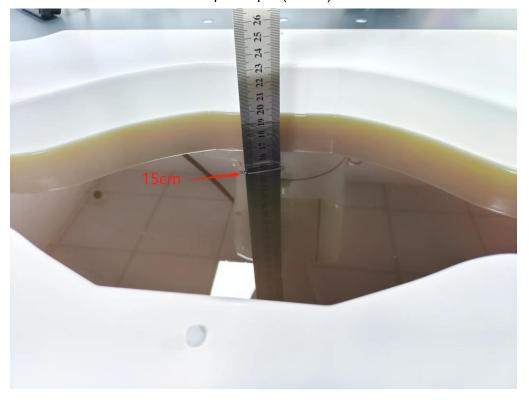
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Liquid depth (15 cm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)



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12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Head SAR

Band	Model	Test Position	Freq.	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Max. Turn-up Power (dBm)	Meas. Output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Right Cheek	836.6	0.327	1.40	27.50	27.46	0.330	1
GSM850	Voice	Right Tilt	836.6	0.201	1.15	27.50	27.46	0.203	1
GSIVIOSU	Voice	Left Cheek	836.6	0.404	-1.68	27.50	27.46	0.408	1
		Left Tilt	836.6	0.237	-3.25	27.50	27.46	0.239	1
		Right Cheek	1850.2	0.407	-3.37	29.50	29.21	0.435	1
		Right Tilt	1850.2	0.338	3.72	29.50	29.21	0.361	1
PCS 1900	Voice	Left Cheek	1850.2	0.434	-2.84	29.50	29.21	0.464	3
PCS 1900	voice	Left Cheek	1880	0.398	-0.52	29.50	28.90	0.457	1
		Left Cheek	1909.8	0.321	0.61	29.50	28.05	0.448	1
		Left Tilt	1850.2	0.358	-0.39	29.50	29.21	0.383	1

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
- a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

 b. Scaled SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) *Tune-up Scaling Factor

 2. Per KDB 865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.80 W/kg.

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12.2 Body-worn SAR

Band	Model	Test Position	Freq.	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Max. Turn-up Power (dBm)	Meas. Output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front Side	824.2	0.853	1.71	27.00	26.63	0.929	1
		Front Side	836.6	1.014	-1.82	27.00	26.71	1.084	1
		Front Side	848.8	0.831	-2.56	27.00	26.16	1.008	1
		Back Side	824.2	1.124	2.16	27.00	26.63	1.224	1
CCMOEO	GPRS	Back Side	836.6	1.261	-3.31	27.00	26.71	1.348	2
GSM850	Data-4 Slot	Back Side	848.8	1.033	3.13	27.00	26.16	1.253	1
		Left Side	836.6	0.573	0.61	27.00	26.71	0.613	1
		Right Side	836.6	0.256	-0.01	27.00	26.71	0.274	1
		Top Side	836.6	0.082	-3.07	27.00	26.71	0.088	1
		Bottom Side	836.6	0.207	-1.39	27.00	26.71	0.221	1
		Front Side	1850.2	0.294	-0.12	27.50	27.32	0.306	1
		Back Side	1850.2	0.398	0.51	27.50	27.32	0.415	4
DCC 4000	GPRS	Left Side	1850.2	0.201	2.27	27.50	27.32	0.210	1
PCS 1900	Data-3 Slot	Right Side	1850.2	0.168	3.61	27.50	27.32	0.175	1
		Top Side	1850.2	0.062	1.02	27.50	27.32	0.065	1
		Bottom Side	1850.2	0.189	1.02	27.50	27.32	0.197	1

Note:

- 1. The test separation of all above table is 10mm.
- Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. Scaled SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) *Tune-up Scaling Factor

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Repeated SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position	Freq.	Result 1g (W/Kg)	Power Drift(%)	Max.Turn-up Power(dBm)	Meas.Output Power(dBm)	Scaled SAR(W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front Side	824.2	0.849	2.51	27	26.63	0.925	1
	GPRS	Front Side	836.6	0.983	-0.52	27	26.71	1.051	/
GSM850		Front Side	848.8	0.809	0.22	27	26.16	0.982	1
GSIVIOOU	Data-4 Slot	Back Side	824.2	1.110	-1.98	27	26.63	1.209	1
		Back Side	836.6	1.204	3.40	27	26.71	1.287	1
		Back Side	848.8	0.985	2.70	27	26.16	1.195	1

Repeated SAR measurement

Band	Mode	Test Position	Freq.	Original Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio	Original Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	2nd Repeated SAR 1g	Ratio
		Front Side	824.2	0.853	0.849	1.005	-	-	-
		Front Side	836.6	1.014	0.983	1.049	-	-	-
CCMOEO	GPRS	Front Side	848.8	0.831	0.809	1.000	-	-	-
GSM850	Data-4 Slot	Back Side	824.2	1.124	1.110	1.017	-	-	-
		Back Side	836.6	1.261	1.204	1.049	-	-	-
		Back Side	848.8	1.033	0.985	1.025	-	-	-

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01,for each frequency band ,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2 and the measured SAR<1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45W/Kg.
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

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12.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous State
Head	1. GSM + Bluetooth
Body	1. GSM + Bluetooth

NOTE:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 2. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 3. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
- a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

	Ec	atimated SAP		n Turn-up wer	Antenna to	Frequency	Stand Alone	
	Estimated SAR		dBm	mW	user(mm)	(GHz)	SAR(1g) [W/kg]	
Ī	DT	Head	4.5	2 0 1 0	5	2.402	0.116	
	ВТ	Body	4.5	2.818	5	2.402	0.116	

Simultaneous	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR	1-g Sum SAR	
Mode	Position	iviode	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
GSM + Bluetooth	Head	GSM	0.464	0.500	
		Bluetooth	0.116	0.508	
	Body	GSM	1.348	1 464	
		Bluetooth	0.116	1.464	

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

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13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
835MHz Dipole	MVG	DIP0G835	SN 06/22 DIP0G835-639	2022.02.11	2025.02.10
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	DIP1G900	SN 06/22 DIP1G900-641	2022.02.11	2025.02.10
E-Field Probe	MVG	EPGO364	SN 04/22 EPGO364	2023.02.10	2024.02.09
Liquid Calibration Kit	MVG	OCPG 87	SN 06/22 OCPG87	2023.02.10	2024.02.09
Antenna	MVG	ANTA 73	SN 06/22 ANTA 73	N/A	N/A
Ellipsoid Phantom	MVG	ELLI 51	SN 06/22 ELLI 51	N/A	N/A
Phantom	MVG	SAM 148	SN 06/22 SAM148	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	MSH 117	SN 06/22 MSH 117	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	LSH 36	SN 06/22 LSH 38	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	SHW	SHWDCP	202203280013	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46418070	2023.03.27	2024.03.26
Multi Meter	Keithley	DMM6500	DMM6500	2023.03.27	2024.03.26
Signal Generator	Keithley	N5182B	MY59100717	2023.04.07	2024.04.06
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	137737	2023.04.14	2024.04.13
Power Sensor	R&S	Z11	116184	2023.04.13	2024.04.12
Temperature hygrometer	N/A	ST-W2318	N/A	2023.04.24	2024.04.23
Thermograph	N/A	TP101	N/A	2023.04.25	2024.04.24

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Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (835MHz)

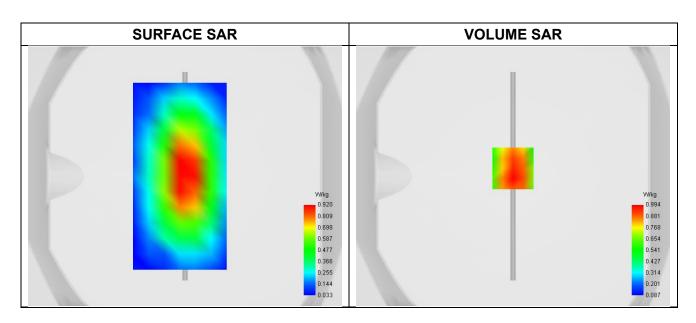
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2024-01-12

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	835.000
Relative permittivity	42.47
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Probe	SN 04/22 EPGO364
ConvF	1.72
Crest factor:	1:1



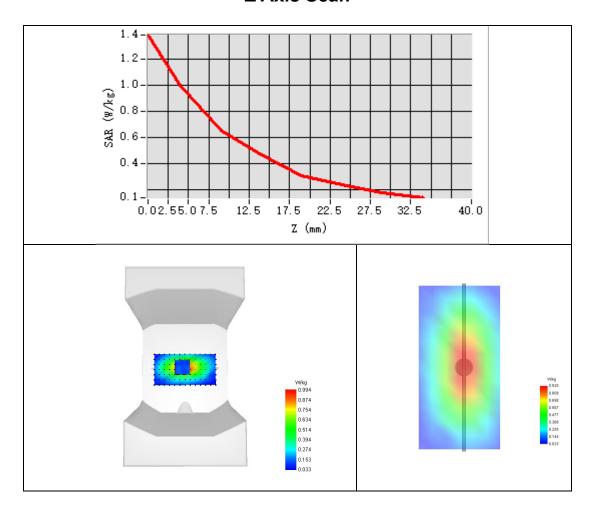
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00; SAR Peak: 1.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.653
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.962

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Z Axis Scan



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System Performance Check Data (1900MHz)

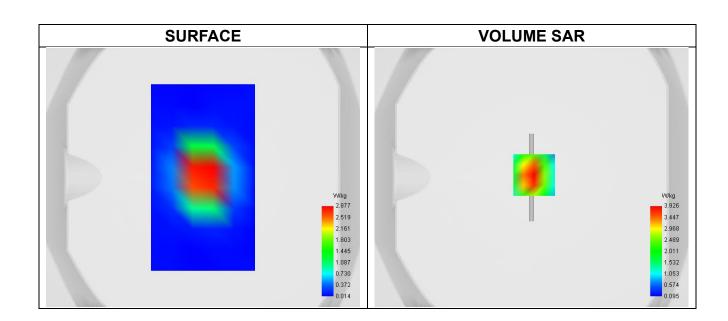
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2023-12-18

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permittivity	40.51
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45
Probe	SN 04/22 EPGO364
ConvF	2.25
Crest factor:	1:1



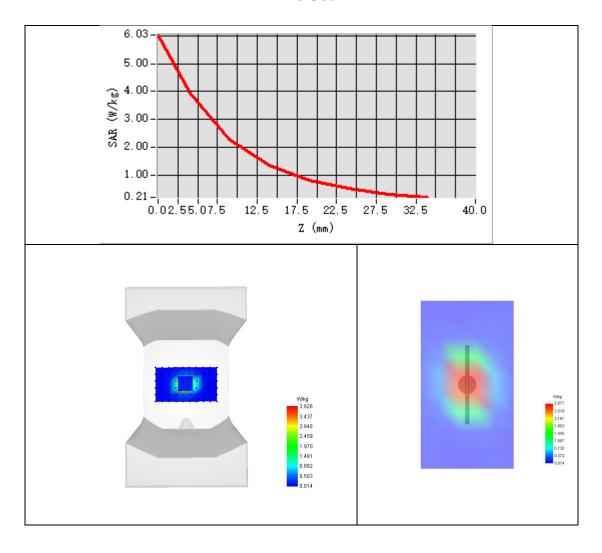
Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00; SAR Peak: 6.15 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.059
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.896

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Z Axis Scan



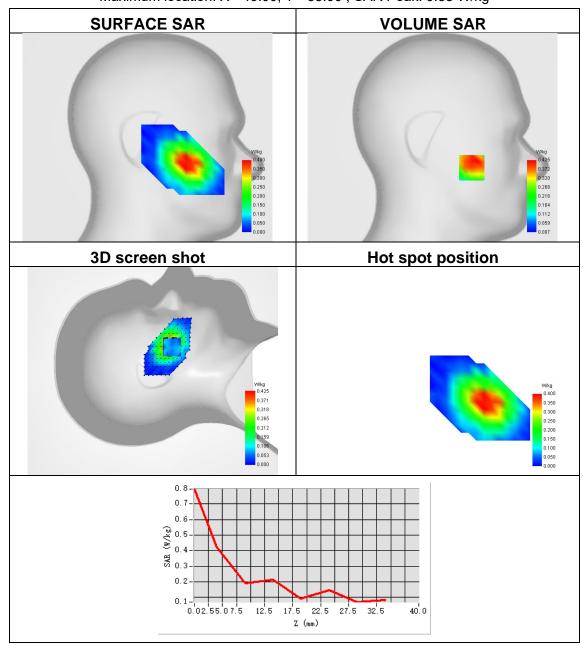
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Appendix B. SAR Test Plots Plot 1:

Test Date	2024-01-12
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Signal	TDMA (GSM)
Frequency	836.6
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.266
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.404
Relative permittivity	42.47
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
ConvF	1.72

Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-38.00; SAR Peak: 0.58 W/kg



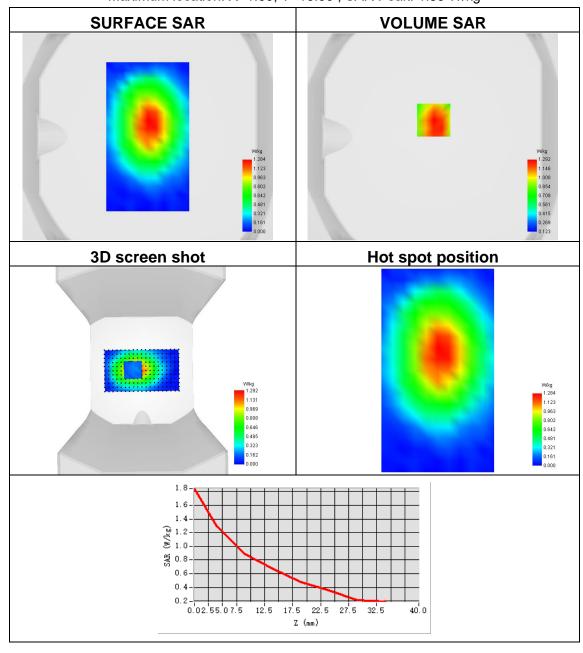
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Plot 2:

Test Date	2024-01-12
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back Side
Band	GPRS850
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)
Frequency	836.6
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.823
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.261
Relative permittivity	42.47
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
ConvF	1.72

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=16.00; SAR Peak: 1.83 W/kg



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Plot 3:

Test Date	2023-12-18
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Signal	TDMA (GSM)
Frequency	1850.2
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.257
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.434
Relative permittivity	40.51
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45
ConvF	2.25

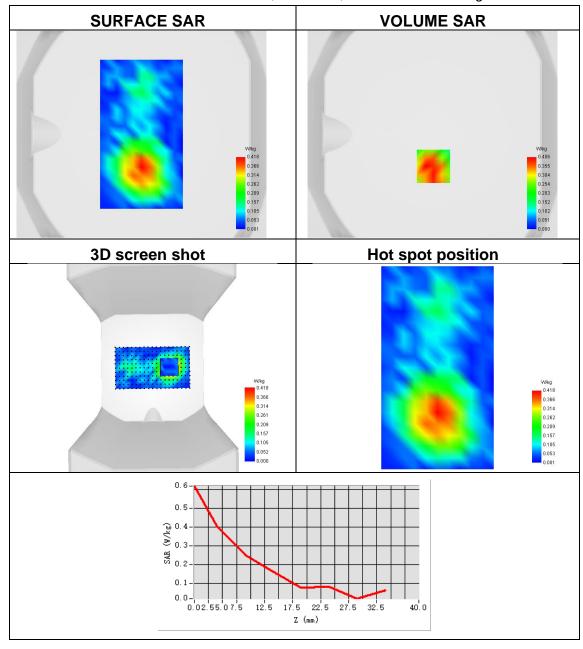
Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-37.00; SAR Peak: 0.65 W/kg **SURFACE SAR VOLUME SAR** 3D screen shot **Hot spot position** SAR (#//kg) 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.02.55.07.5 12.5 17.5 22.5 27.5 32.5 Z (mm)



Plot 4:

Test Date	2023-12-18
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back Side
Band	GPRS1900
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)
Frequency	1850.2
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.224
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.398
Relative permittivity	40.51
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45
ConvF	2.25

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-31.00; SAR Peak: 0.70 W/kg



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Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

*****END OF THE REPORT***

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