

## 5.8. RF Exposure

### 5.8.1. Limit For Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

This product can be classified as mobile device, so the 20cm separation distance warning is required.

In this section, the power density at 20cm location is calculated to examine if it is lower than the limit.

#### (A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

#### (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S ( minutes )
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

F = frequency in MHz

\*Plane-wave equivalent power density

### 5.8.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E \text{ (V/m)} = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$

$$\text{Power Density: } Pd \text{ (mW/cm}^2\text{)} = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

**E** = Electric field (V/m)

**P** = Peak RF output power (mW)

**G** = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

**d** = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=20cm, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

### 5.8.3. Calculated Result and Limit

· Modulation Type: CCK

Channel No.	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
Channel 01	2	1.58	20.600	114.8154	0.0362	1
Channel 10	2	1.58	20.300	107.1519	0.0338	1
Channel 13	2	1.58	20.500	112.2018	0.0354	1

From the calculated result shown in above table, the power density is lower than limit at location 20cm far away.



· Modulation Type: OFDM

Channel No.	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Peak Output Power ( mW )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
Channel 01	2	1.58	18.400	69.1831	0.0218	1
Channel 10	2	1.58	18.100	64.5654	0.0204	1
Channel 13	2	1.58	18.300	67.6083	0.0213	1

From the calculated result shown in above table, the power density is lower than limit at location 20cm far away.