TEST REPORT

DT&C Co., Ltd.

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1. Report No: DRTFCC1909-022	2				
2. Customer					
• Name : LG Electronics USA, Ir	лс.				
• Address : 1000 Sylvan Ave. Er	nglewood Cliffs, New Jersey, United States 07632				
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Gr	ant				
4. Product Name / Model Name : M FCC ID : ZNFKA1935	lobile Phone / KA1935				
5. Test Method Used : KDB905462	D02v02 , KDB905462 D03v01r02				
Test Specification : FCC Part 15	.407				
6. Date of Test : 2019.08.21					
7. Testing Environment : See appe	nded test report.				
8. Test Result : Refer to the attache	ed test result.				
Affirmation Name : JaeHyeok Bang	Reviewed by Name : GeunKi Son (Signature)				
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,					
2019.09.06.					
DT&C Co., Ltd.					
If this report is required to co	onfirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net				

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1909-0222	Sep. 06, 2019	Initial issue

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APPENDIX I

1. GENERAL INFORMATIONEUT DESCRIPTION

1.1. EUT Description

Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)				
Mobile Phone				
KA1935				
NA				
DFS				
DC 3.87 V				
Conducted Conducted				
802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz 802.11n/ac		c: 40 MHz	802.11ac: 80 MHz	
U-NII 2A(5250 ~ 5350 MHz)		U-NII 2C(5470 ~ 5725 MHz)		
 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5260 ~ 5320 MHz 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5270 ~ 5310 MHz 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz 		 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5500 ~ 5720 MHz 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5510 ~ 5710 MHz 802.11ac(VHT80): 5530 ~5690 MHz 		
OFDM				
 Master mode Client mode without radar detection Client mode with radar detection 				
Antenna type: PIFA Antenna				
Antonna gain	U-NI	I-2A	-1.61 dBi	
			-2.00 dBi	
	Mobile Phone KA1935 NA DFS DC 3.87 V ⊠ Conducted 802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz 802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz • 802.11a/n/HT20)/ac(VH 5260 ~ 5320 MHz • 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VH 5270 ~ 5310 MHz • 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz OFDM □ Master mode ⊠ Client mode withou □ Client mode with ra Antenna type: PIFA Ar Antenna gain	Mobile Phone KA1935 NA DFS DC 3.87 V ⊠ Conducted 802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz U-NII 2A(5250 ~ 5350 MHz) • 802.11a/n/Ac: 20 MHz • 802.11a/n/Ac: 20 MHz • 802.11a/n/Ac: 20 MHz • 802.11a/n/Ac: 20 MHz • 802.11a/n/HT20)/ac(VHT20) 5260 ~ 5320 MHz • 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5270 ~ 5310 MHz • 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz OFDM □ Client mode without radar d Antenna type: PIFA Antenna Antenna gain U-NI U-NI	Mobile Phone KA1935 NA DFS DC 3.87 V ⊠ Conducted 802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz • 802.11a/n/HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5260 ~ 5320 MHz • 802.11a/(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5270 ~ 5310 MHz • 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz • 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz OFDM □ Master mode ⊠ Client mode without radar detection □ Client mode with radar detection □ Client mode with radar detection □ Antenna type: PIFA Antenna	Mobile Phone KA1935 NA DFS DC 3.87 V ⊠ Conducted 802.11a/n/ac: 20 MHz 802.11a/n/(HT20)/ac(VHT20): 5260 ~ 5320 MHz • 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT40): 5260 ~ 5320 MHz • 802.11a/n(HT40)/ac(VHT40): 5270 ~ 5310 MHz • 802.11ac(VHT80): 5290 MHz OFDM □ Master mode ⊠ Client mode without radar detection □ Client mode withradar detection □ Client mode withradar detection □ Client mode withradar detection □ Antenna type: PIFA Artenna Antenna gain U-NII-2A -1.61 dBi U-NII-2C -2.00 dBi

Note1: The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer. Note2: Refer to UNII report

1.2. Auxiliary equipment

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Note
Access Point (Master)	DIR-868L	R3X81E6000093	D-Link	FCCID: RRK2012060056-1

1.3. Testing environment

Ambient Condition	
 Temperature 	+22 °C ~ +25 °C
 Relative Humidity 	40 % ~ 45 %

2. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION TEST DESCRIPTION

2.1. Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

	Operational mode			
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection	
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

2.2. Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

	Operational mode		
Requirement	Master or client with	Client without radar	
	radar detection	detection	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	
Channel Move time	Yes	Yes	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	

Additional requirements for devices	Operational mode			
Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master or client with radar detection	Client without radar detection		
J-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required		
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link		
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required		

the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.

The EUT was tested according to the following specification: 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedure New Rules v02 905462 D03 UNII Client Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02

2.3. Requirements of client devices

- a) A Client Device will not transmit before having received appropriate control signals from a Master Device.
- b) A Client Device will stop all its transmissions whenever instructed by a Master Device to which it is associated and will meet the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements. The Client Device will not resume any transmissions until it has again received control signals from a Master Device.
- c) If a Client Device is performing In-Service Monitoring and detects a Radar Waveform above the DFS Detection Threshold, it will inform the Master Device. This is equivalent to the Master Device detecting the Radar Waveform and d) through f) of section 5.1.1 apply.
- d) Irrespective of Client Device or Master Device detection the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements remain the same.
- e) The client test frequency must be monitored to ensure no transmission of any type has occurred for 30 minutes. Note: If the client moves with the master, the device is considered compliant if nothing appears in the client nonoccupancy period test. For devices that shut down (rather than moving channels), no beacons should appear.

2.4. DFS response requirement values

Parameter	Value	
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes	
Channel availability check time	60 seconds	
Channel move time	10 seconds See Note 1.	
Channel closing transmission time200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 millisecond remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.		
Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The		

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

2.5. DFS detection thresholds

Below provides the DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices as well as Client Devices incorporating In-Service Monitoring.

Maximum Transmit Power	Value	
	(See Notes 1, 2, and 3)	
EIRP \geq 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm	

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

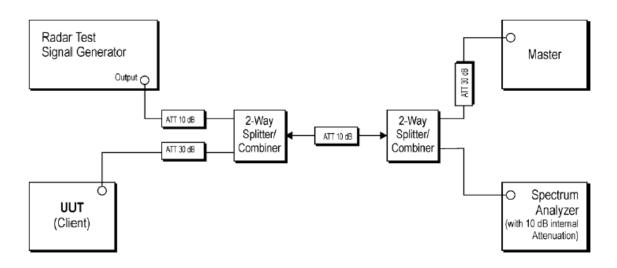
2.6. Radar test waveforms

Radar type	Pulse width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of pulses	Minimum percentage of successful detection	Minimum number of trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
		Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in section 2.6.2.	$\operatorname{Roundup}\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{PRI_{\mu sec}}\right) \right\}$		
1	1	Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518- 3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A		60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregat	Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)80%120				
 Note 1: As the EUT is a Client Device without Radar Detection, only one type of radar pulse is required for testing. The Radar Pulse type 0 was used to evaluate the Client device to measure the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time. Note 2: This report was applied Short Pulse Radar Type 0. 					

3. Test procedure

3.1. Setup for Client with injection at the Master

The setup method is shown below diagram. The method according to the 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedure New Rules v02 - section 7.2



3.2. Spectrum analyzer setting parameter

The setting parameter is shown below and it according to the 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedure New Rules v02 - section 7.5

- 1) RBW /VBW ≥ 3MHz
- 2) Detector = Peak
- 3) Span = zero span
- 4) Sweep time $\geq 12s$

3.3. Conducted test procedure

- One frequency will be chosen from the Operating Channels of the UUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands.
- 2) The Client Device (EUT) is set up the above diagram and communications between the Master device and the Client is established.
- 3) Stream the channel loading test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the test Channel for the entire period of the test. (The MPEG file specified by the FCC ("6 ½ Magic Hours"))
- 4) An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the DFS Detection Threshold, accounting for equipment variations/errors.
- 5) Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 12 seconds for Radar Type 0 to ensure detection occurs.
- After the initial radar burst the channel is monitored for 30 minutes to ensure no transmissions or beacons occur.
 A second monitoring setup is used to verify that the Master and Client have both moved to different channels.

4. SUMMARY OF TESTS

Parameter	Limit	Status Note 1				
Channel move time	10 seconds	C Note 2				
Channel closing transmission time	200ms + aggregate of 60ms over remaining 10 second period	C Note 2, 3				
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes	с				
 Note 1: C=Comply NC=Not Comply NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable Note 2: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. Note 3: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 4: This test report includes the test data for FCC ID: ZNFX525EAW. The spot-check measurement was performed for FCC ID: ZNFX525JA and the RF characteristics of the two products was similar. 						

5. LIST OF EQUIPMENTS

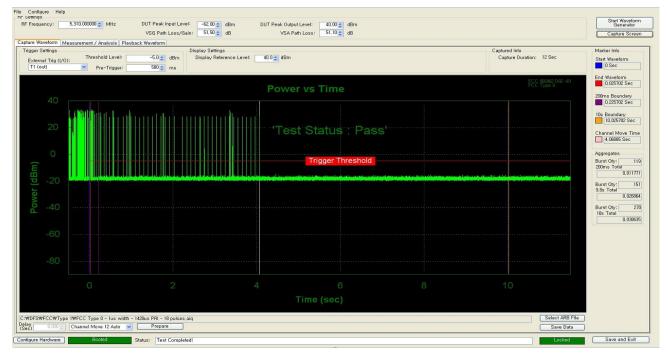
Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	18/12/20	19/12/20	MY50200828
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	18/12/18	19/12/18	26030065WS
DFS Bridge System	DTNC	DFS-01	18/07/06	19/07/06	- T001
			19/07/02	20/07/02	
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	18/12/19	19/12/19	255571
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	18/12/27	19/12/27	120612-1
PXIS-2670(G)	ADLINK	3025C	19/06/25	20/06/25	302581/834
PXIS-2670(G)	ADLINK	3035C	19/06/25	20/06/25	303581/927
Cable	Infinet	CABLE	18/12/24	19/12/24	RF-39
Cable	Infinet	CABLE	18/12/24	19/12/24	RF-40
Cable	Infinet	CABLE	18/12/24	19/12/24	RF-42
Cable	Infinet	CABLE	18/12/24	19/12/24	RF-51
Cable	Infinet	CABLE	18/12/24	19/12/24	RF-52

Note1: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.

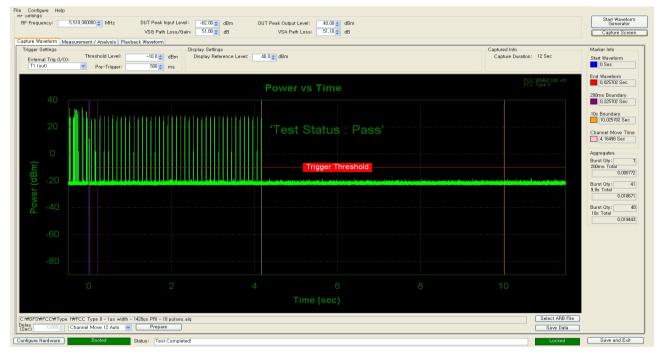
6. TEST RESULTS

6.1. Move time and aggregate time

6.1.1. U-NII-2A : 802.11ac(VHT40), 5310 MHz



6.1.2. U-NII-2C : 802.11ac(VHT40), 5510 MHz

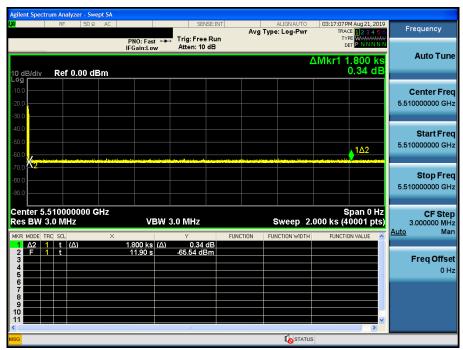


6.2. Non-occupancy period

6.2.1. U-NII-2A : 802.11ac(VHT40), 5310 MHz

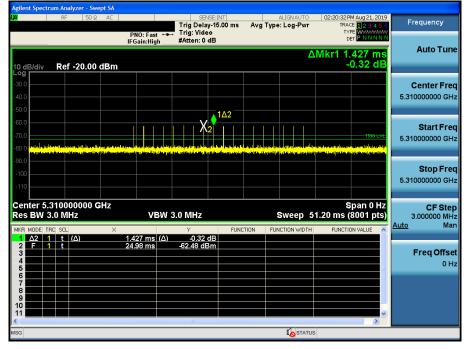


6.2.2. U-NII-2C : 802.11ac(VHT40), 5510 MHz

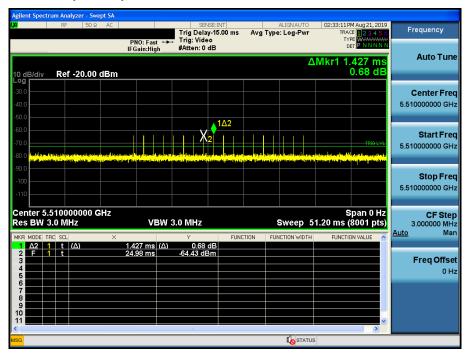


6.3. Radar simulation signal

6.3.1. U-NII-2A : 802.11ac(VHT40), 5310 MHz



6.3.2. U-NII-2C : 802.11ac(VHT40), 5510 MHz

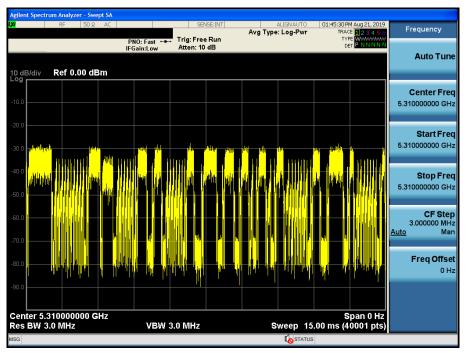


APPENDIX I

Channel loading

U-NII-2A: 802.11ac(VHT40), 5310 MHz

Timing plots: A minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater



- Spectrum Analyzer setting

1) Span: Zero

2) Sweep points: 40001

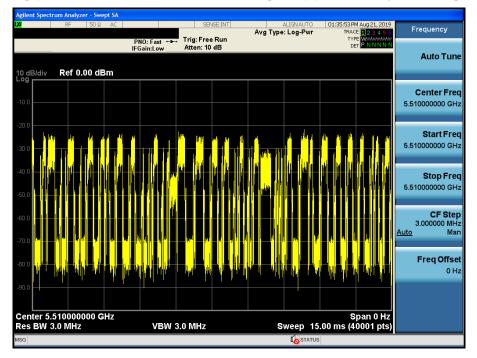
Calculation:

Channel loading = (Channel loading sweep points / Total sweep points) x 100 = (20304 / 40001) x 100 = 50.76 % Note: The Channel loading sweep points were extracted from the spectrum and calculated.

Channel loading

U-NII-2C: 802.11ac(VHT40), 5510 MHz

Timing plots: A minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater



- Spectrum Analyzer setting

1) Span: Zero

2) Sweep points: 40001

Calculation:

Channel loading = (Channel loading sweep points / Total sweep points) x 100 = (17146 / 40001) x 100 = 42.86 %

Note: The Channel loading sweep points were extracted from the spectrum and calculated.