

Report No.: 18220WC20263805 FCC ID: 2AL2MTRT-5380-10

FCC SAR Test Report

Teguar Corporation Client Name

2920 Whitehall Park Drive, Charlotte, NC **Address**

28273, United States

10.1 inch Full Ruggedized Tablet Product Name

Jan. 04, 2023 **Date**

Compliance Lago and **Anbotek** Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited





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TEST REPORT

Applicant : Teguar Corporation

Manufacturer : Teguar Corporation

Product Name : 10.1 inch Full Ruggedized Tablet

Model No. : TRT-5380-10, TRT-5380-10S

Trade Mark : TEGUAR

Rating(s) : Input: 19V-3.42A(with DC 7.4V, 5000mAh battery inside)

Test Standard(s) : IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020; FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093;

ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005; Reference FCC KDB 447498; KDB 248227;

KDB 616217

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005 and Reference KDB 447498, KDB 248227, KDB 616217 requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Receipt	Nov.15, 2022
Date of Test	Nov.21 ~ Nov. 22, 2022
	Ella Liang
Prepared By	Anbor Book Anborek Anbores Anb
	(Ella Liang)
	(de morin
Approved & Authorized Signer	Kingkungsin
Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Ar	(Kingkong Jin)

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Version

	Version No		Date	Description
e.jk	R00	Anb	Jan. 04, 2023	Original
otek	Anbotek	P	nborek Anborek	Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek Anbotek
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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

Francisco Dand	Highest	Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test Limit
Frequency Band		Body-worn(0mm)	(W/Kg)
WIFI 2.4G	Sk Aupo, by	0.694	Anbotek 1.6 Anbo
WIFI 5.2G	otek Anbote	0.700 Andrew	1.6
WIFI 5.8G	botek Anbotes	0.648	1.6
Test Result	anbotek Anbotek	PASS	pore Amarek

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.





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2. General Information

2.1 Client Information

Applicant	:	Teguar Corporation
Address	:	2920 Whitehall Park Drive, Charlotte, NC 28273, United States
Manufacturer	:	Teguar Corporation
Address	:	2920 Whitehall Park Drive, Charlotte, NC 28273, United States
Factory	:	Teguar Corporation
Address	:	2920 Whitehall Park Drive, Charlotte, NC 28273, United States

2.2 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name	: 10.1 inch Full Ruggedized Tablet
Model No.	TRT-5380-10, TRT-5380-10S : (Note: All samples are the same except the model number, so we prepare "TRT-5380-10" for test only.)
Trade Mark	TEGUAR
Test Power Supply	: DC 7.4V Battery inside
Test Sample No.	: 1-2-2(Engineering Sample)
	Department of the proof of the
Product Description	BDR+EDR: 79 Channels BLE: 40 Channels WiFi 2.4G: 11 Channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) 7 channels for 802.11n(HT40) WiFi 5.2G: 4 Channels for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20) 2 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40) 1 Channel for 802.11ac(HT80)







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An hotek Anbote	WiFi 5.8G:
Ant stek ant	5 Channels for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20)
Anbo, M.	2 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40)
ek Anbore	1 Channel for 802.11ac(HT80)
otek Anbotes	BT BDR+EDR: GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK
otek Anbotek	BT BLE: GFSK
Madulation Turkled	WiFi 2.4G: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS;
Modulation Type:	64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM
Anbotek Anb	WiFi 5G:
A Anborek A	OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
Antenna Type:	BT/ WiFi 2.4G/WiFi 5G: FPC Antenna
otek onbotek	BT/ WiFi 2.4G: 2.70 dBi(Provided by customer)
Antenna Gain(Peak	x): WiFi 5.2G: 5.95 dBi (Provided by customer)
Ambore Air	WiFi 5.8G: 7.91 dBi (Provided by customer)

Remark: 1) For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.





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2.3 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.4 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005
- FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
- Reference FCC KDB 447498; KDB 248227; KDB 616217

2.5 Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

2.6 Test Configuration

For WIFI and Bluetooth SAR testing, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.







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2.7 Description of Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

FCC-Registration No.: 184111

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited, EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No. 184111.

ISED-Registration No.: 8058A

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited, EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (ISED) Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada. The acceptance letter from the ISED is maintained in our files. Registration 8058A.

Test Location

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

1/F, Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.518102





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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt isthe exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

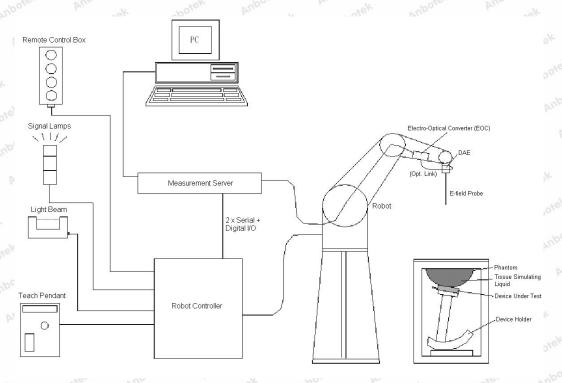






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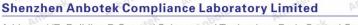
4. SAR Measurement System



DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- > A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder



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- > Tissue simulating liquid
- > Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

4.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	nbot An
\$	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	tek nboti Ant
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	þ
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	botek potek



Photo of EX3DV4

E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

4.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter









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and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



Photo of DAE

4.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- > High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- ➤ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Photo of DASY5





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4.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Photo of Server for DASY5

4.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	tek vupp
) ·	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	P
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	xe ^k
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.







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<ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis:400 mm Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.





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4.6 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε = 3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Device Holder





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4.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

Conversion factor ConvF_i
 Diode compression point dcp_i

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to







Report No.: 18220WC20263805 FCC ID: 2AL2MTRT-5380-10 correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field Probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i,(i = x, y, z)

Norm_i= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution

aii = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot}= total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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5. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medal	Carial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1160	Oct. 02, 2021	Oct. 01, 2024	
SPEAG	SPEAG 2450MHz System Validation Kit		910	Jun. 15,2021	Jun. 14,2024	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sept.06,2022	Sept.05,2023	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7396	May 06,2022	May 05,2023	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023	
SPEAG	DAK AM	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004AA	2058	NCR	NCR	
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023	
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023	
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023	
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O-10	COM5BNW1A2	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023	

Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it





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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Fr	equency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity	
	(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(εr)	
	For Body									
poter	2450	68.6	potel ^k 0	Aupo 0	O otek	31.4	0,,,,,,	1.95	52.7	
Anbote	5200	78.6	up Ook	10.7	0	10.7 _m	0 40	5.27	49.0	
Ant	5800	78.5	Ootek	10.8	0	10.7 AN	oter O	6.00	48.2	

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

	Measured	Target Tissue			Measured Tissue			Liquid	
Tissue Type	Frequenc y (MHz)	٤r	σ	٤r	Dev. (%)	σ	Dev. (%)	Temp. (°C)	Test Date
2450MSL	2450	52.70	1.95	52.01	-1.31	1.88	-3.59	22.3	11/21/2022
5200MSL	5200	49.00	5.27	48.18	-1.67	5.25	-0.38	22.5	11/22/2022
5800MSL	5800	48.20	6.00	48.94	1.54	5.69	-5.17	22.2	11/22/2022





7. System Verification Procedures

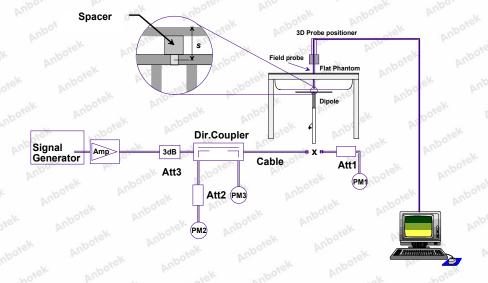
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:







Report No.: 18220WC20263805 FCC ID: 2AL2MTRT-5380-10 Page 23 of 84 System Setup for System Evaluation



Photo of Dipole Setup

Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Frequenc y (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviatio n (%)	Test Date
2450	Body	250	51.8	12.65	50.60	-2.32	11/21/2022
5200	Body	100	77.8	7.59	75.90	-2.44	11/22/2022
5800	Body	Anbo 100	78.3	7.91	79.10	1.02	11/22/2022

Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized





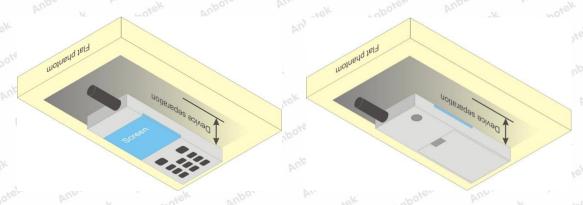
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8. EUT Testing Position

8.1 Body Worn Position

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.



Body Worn Position







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9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid

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- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		100
	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding device with at least one





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9.4 Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Thore Mu	L#7	- ntek anbo	rak abore	Alle L -oi	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	ition, antom	resolution, 1st two points closest to phantom to phantom to phantom surface		≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·Δ <i>x</i>	z _{Zoom} (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.





When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.





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10. Conducted Power

<WIFI 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequen cy (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
	Ann 1 rek	2412	18.65	17.14	17.50	1 Mbps
802.11 b	6	2437	18.58	17.43	17.50	1 Mbps
	11nbore	2462	18.41	17.09	17.50	1 Mbps
	kek 1 mbc	2412	22.68	20.42	20.50	6 Mbps
802.11 g	6	2437	22.60	19.98	20.50	6 Mbps
	11	2462	22.51	20.44	20.50	6 Mbps
	Napot 1	2412	22.64	19.23	20.00	MCS0
802.11 N(HT20)	6	2437	22.46	19.52	20.00	MCS0
14(11120)	711 otek	2462	22.42	19.21	20.00	MCS0
000.44	3	2422	18.77	16.58	18.50	MCS0
802.11 N(HT40)	ek 6 Anbo	2437	20.46	18.47	18.50	MCS0
14(11140)	1 oto 4 9	2452	18.74	16.65	18.50	MCS0

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the test distance less than 5mm
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.





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<WIFI 5GHz Conducted Power>

Band 1

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
botek Anbore	5180	19.07	19.50	6M
11A botter	5200	19.11	19.50	6M
	5240	18.91	19.50	6M
Anbo tek abot	5180	19.08	19.50	MCS0
11N20	5200	18.86	19.50	MCS0
	5240	18.77	19.50	MCS0
otek 44N40	5190	19.81	20.00	MCS0
11N40	5230	19.79	20.00	MCS0
Anbo sek shotek	5180	19.09	19.50	MCS0
11AC20	5200	19.06	19.50	MCS0
	5240	18.78	19.50	MCS0
11AC40	5190	19.82	20.50	MCS0
11AC40	5230	19.68	20.50	MCS0
11AC80	5210	20.07	20.50	MCS0

Band 4

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
All All	5745	18.29	19.00	6M
nboten 11A	5785	18.61	19.00	6M
	5825	18.22	19.00	6M
abotek Anbore	5745	18.28	19.00	MCS0
11N20	5785	18.50	19.00	MCS0
	5825	18.22	19.00	MCS0
11N40	5755	18.66	19.00	MCS0
boker 11N40	5795	18.29	19.00	MCS0
botek Anbote	5745	18.24	19.00	MCS0
11AC20	5785	18.42	19.00	MCS0
	5825	18.20	19.00	MCS0
11AC40	5755	18.59	19.00	MCS0
TIAC40	5795	18.33	19.00	MCS0
11AC80	5775	18.19	19.00	MCS0





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Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D02 v02r01, the test distance less than 5mm
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 5 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 5 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.





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<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

TestMode	TestMode Channel Peak Power (dBm)		Average Power(dBm)	Maximum Tune-Up(dBm)
CECK/DT	2402	9.61	7.62	8.50
GFSK(BT BDR)	2441	9.77	7.67	8.50
שטא)	2480	10.19	8.08	8.50
-/4 DODOK	2402	8.52	6.87	7.00
π/4-DQPSK	2441	8.59	6.88	7.00
(BT EDR)	2480	8.53	6.90	7.00
ODDOK	2402	8.68	6.18	7.00
8DPSK	2441	8.75	6.21	7.00
(BT EDR)	2480	8.75	6.52	7.00
OFOK/DT	2402	5.70	3.56	4.00
GFSK(BT	2440	5.91	3.50	4.00
BLE_1M)	2480	5.98	3.77 Anbore	4.00
GFSK(BT	2402	5.71	3.14	4.00
	2440	5.91	3.56	4.00
BLE_2M)	2480	6.01	3.91	4.00

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Blu	uetooth Max Turn-up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
potek	8.50	Anbotek 5 Anbo stek	2.480	2.230

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 2.230 which is<= 3, SAR testing is not required.



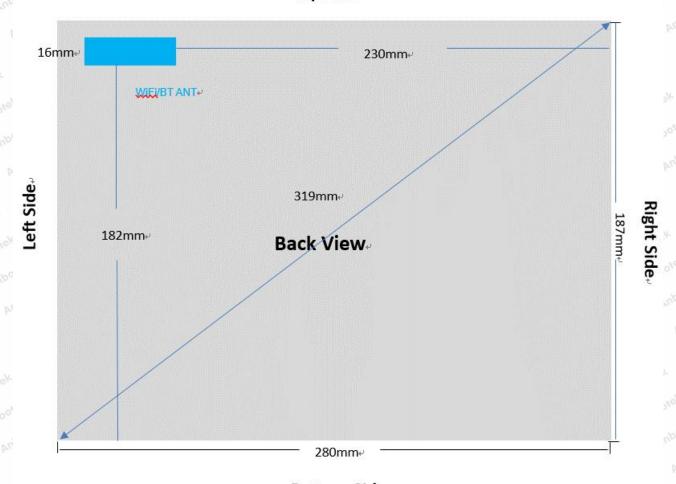




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11. Antenna Location

Top Side.



Bottom Side

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge											
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side										
WiFi/BT	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm					





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12. SAR Test Results Summary

General Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Scaling Factor

2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary

<WIFI 2.4GHz>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz	е	p Limit	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#1	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Back	0	P1100	2462	20.44	20.50	1.014	0.07	0.684	0.694
-xeV	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Front	0/0/10	110	2462	20.44	20.50	1.014	0.03	0.578	0.586
upo.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Right	0	11	2462	20.44	20.50	1.014	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pupo	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Left	0	_× 11	2462	20.44	20.50	1.014	0.12	0.441	0.447
D.	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Тор	0	11	2462	20.44	20.50	1.014	0.02	0.671	0.680
-	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Bottom	Oper	11	2462	20.44	20.50	1.014	N/A	N/A	N/A

<WIFI 5GHz>

Plo No	⊢ Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz	Δ .	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#2	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(HT80)	Back	Oprilo	42	5210	20.07	20.50	1.104	0.06	0.634	0.700
otek	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(HT80)	Front	0 1	42	5210	20.07	20.50	1.104	0.11	0.511	0.564
rbotel	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(HT80)	Right	0	42	5210	20.07	20.50	1.104	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anb	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(HT80)	Left	O tel	42	5210	20.07	20.50	1.104	-0.10	0.375	0.414
P	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(HT80)	Тор	O _{nb}	42	5210	20.07	20.50	1.104	0.09	0.613	0.677
Nek-	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(HT80)	Bottom	0	38	5210	20.07	20.50	1.104	N/A	N/A	N/A







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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)		Freq. (MHz	م ا	Tune-U p Limit (dBm)	Scalin g Factor	r Drift	Measure d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reporte d SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
#3	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 n(HT40)	Back	0 %	151	5755	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.04	0.599	0.648
po,	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 n(HT40)	Front	0,00	151	5755	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.06	0.435	0.470
Vu-	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 n(HT40)	Right	ArilOtel	151	5755	18.66	19.00	1.081	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 n(HT40)	Left	0//20	151	5755	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.09	0.258	0.279
ek .	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 n(HT40)	Тор	0 %	151	5755	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.03	0.578	0.625
Poter	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 n(HT40)	Bottom	0	151	5755	18.66	19.00	1.081	N/A	N/A	N/A





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Measurement Uncertainty 13.

	apole All	10/01	AND			Yar	holo	bu.	
NO	Source	Uncert.	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (1g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (10g)	Veff
Anbo.	Repeat	0. 4	VupOtek	1 ^{Anl}	otek 1	Anbo	0. 4	0. 4	Anbores 9 shore
Pri	nbotek Anbertak	anbotek	Instru		VUD	ek A	Anbotek	Anbote	ant Ant
2	Probe calibration	7 ^{botel}	N Anbo	2	1.0	potek	3.5	3.5	o ^{telt} ∞
3	Axial isotropy	Anbo	R R	√3 ⁻¹	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	Anbotek Anbotek
4	Hemispherical isotropy	9.4	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	k ∞ Aup
5	Boundary effect	1.0 Anbo	R An	√3	Ant 1	rup Jek	0.6	0.6	otek o
6.0	Linearity	4.7	Anbo R ^k	_ √3	otek otel	Anbor	2.7	2.7	Anbotek
7 An	Detection limits	1.0	Anboren R _{Anb} ore	√3	Anbate	1	0.6	0.6	∞ Anbo
8	Readout electronics	0.3	ek N Ant	otek 1	Anb	o. Jek	0.3	0.3	∞
nbotek 9	Response time	0.8	R.	_ √3	re ^k 1	ATOOF	0.5	0.5	Wpo,
10	Integration time	2.6	And R	√3	botek botek	Ant	1.5	1.5	∞
11	Ambient noise	3.0	k R Anb	√3	Aup	nek 1sk	1.7 otel	1.7	∞ My
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	o ^{tek} R	√3	e ^k 1	Art Potel	1.7 ^{Anbr}	rek Ar Sore1.7	00° € 6 € 6 € 6 € 6 € 6 € 6 € 6 € 6 € 6 €
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.4	R	√3 ⁻	potek nbolek	Anb	0.2	0.2	Anboten &





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YU/p	otek	Probe positioning with	k Ant	nbotek p	Anbo	ek	Anbote	otek Anbi	upotek v	Anbotek
	14 Anto	respect to phantom shell	2.9	Ani Riek	√3	oote 1	1 ^{Anu}	1.7	Ant 1.7	∞
4	b	upor Ar. Potek	Anboren	AMB	Yor	nbo	iek.	Aupo,	br.	ek An
orel	15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0 Ambore	R Ambi	√3	1	botak	0.6	0.6	potek∞

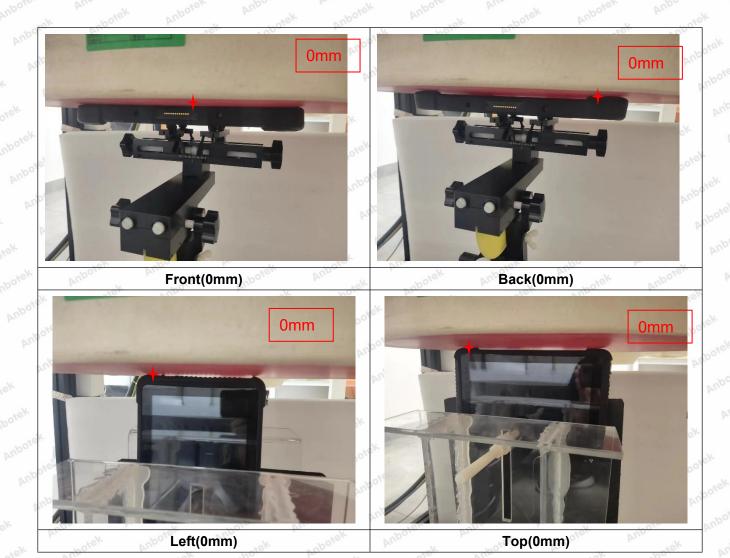
hot	Anbo. Ar	nek.	nbote	VUP	. ek	, in C	yek A	upo.	b. otek
Vu.	Dotek Anbotek Ant	nbotek	Test samp	ole rel	ated	Ann	nbotek	Anbotek	Anbore
16	Device positioning	3.8	N _{Anbo}	1	Aupo	rek note1	3.8	3.8	99
17	Device holder	5.1	hotek N Ar	100te	× 1	Ant Prek	5.1	5.1	unbotek 5
18	Drift of output power	5.0	Anbotek R	√3	otek obolek	1 Ar	2.9	2.9	Anbore ∞ _{Anb} ore
			Phantom a	and se	et-up				
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	ek R An	√3	, 1	potek nblitek	2.3	2.3	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	AmboR ^k	√3	0.64	0.43	M)	1.2	∞
21	Liquid conductivity (meas)	2.5	Anbotek N Anbote	^N 1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	∞ ^ ^
22	Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	ak Ant	√3	0.6	0.49	Anbote	otek 1.5	w w
23	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	2.5	Anbotek N	Anbo	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞
ek - otek	Combined standard	Anborek Anborek	RSS	U	$_{C} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}}$	$C_i^2 U_i^2$	11.4%	11.3%	236
unc	Expanded ertainty(P=95%)	otek An	Anbotek C	J = k ι	J ,k=:	2 Anb	22.8%	22.6%	Anbotek Anbotek





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Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos







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Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

2450MHz Body System Check

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.01$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

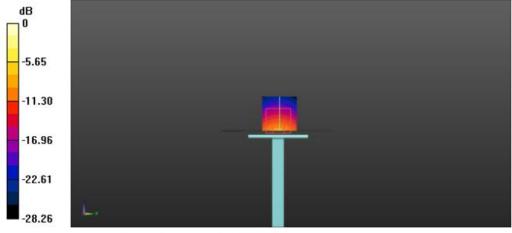
Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.873 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.94W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg





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5200MHz Body System Check

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.25 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.18; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.3 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.007 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg





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5800MHz Body System Check

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.69$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.94$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

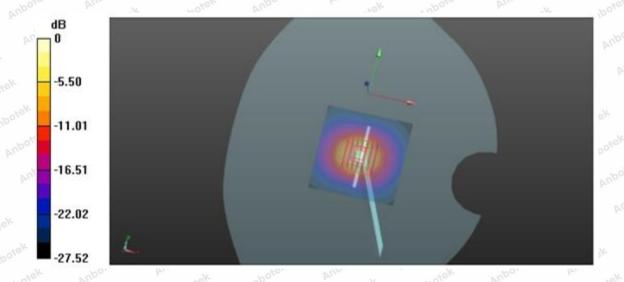
Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.7 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 56.168 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg





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Appendix C. Plots of SAR Test Data

#1 Date: 11/21/2022

2.4G WIFI_802.11g_CH11 BODY BACK

Communication System: UID 0, wifi (fcc) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.01$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

BODY BACK /Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.648 W/kg

BODY BACK /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.357 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.697 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.684 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.685 W/kg

