

RF Exposure evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{\text{(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\text{(min. test separation distance, mm)}} \right] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$$

 ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,
where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2480 MHz 3.323 dBm (2.15mW) output power]

$$(2.15\text{mW} / 5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.480(\text{GHz})}] = 0.68 < 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR}$$

Then SAR evaluation is not required