

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

WLAN and Bluetooth Module on M.2 card

MAYA-W161-00B-00

FCC ID: XPYMAYAW161
IC: 8595A-MAYAW161

Test Report Reference: MDE_UBLOX_2222_FCC_02

Test Laboratory:

7layers GmbH
Borsigstrasse 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12140-01-01
D-PL-12140-01-02
D-PL-12140-01-03

Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator (Digital Device / Spread Spectrum).

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 (10-1-21 Edition) and 15 (10-1-21 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.207 Conducted limits

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

Part 15, Subpart E – Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices

§ 15.403 Definitions

§ 15.407 General technical requirements

Note:

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice “Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E, 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01, 2017-12-14”.

ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for UNII / LE-LAN (e.g. WLAN 5 GHz) equipment from FCC and IC

UNII equipment

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.403 (26 dB) / § 15.407 (e) (6 dB)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 6.2.1.1, 6.2.2.1, 6.2.3.1 (99%) RSS-247 Issue 2: 6.2.4.1 (6 dB)
Maximum conducted output power	§ 15.407 (a) (1) to (8), (11)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 6.2.1.1, 6.2.2.1, 6.2.3.1, 6.2.4.1
Maximum power spectral density	§ 15.407 (a) (1) to (8), (12)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 6.2.1.1, 6.2.2.1, 6.2.3.1, 6.2.4.1
Transmitter undesirable emissions; General Field Strength Limits, Restricted Bands	§ 15.407 (b) § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13/8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 3.3/6.2 6.2.1.2, 6.2.2.2, 6.2.3.2, 6.2.4.2
Frequency stability	§ 15.407 (g)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.11/8.11
Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	§ 15.407 (h)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 6.2.2.1, 6.2.3.1, 6.3
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204 § 15.407 (a) (9)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	-	-

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart E §15.407

FCC §15.31, §15.407 (a)(1)

Maximum Conducted Output Power

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10, chapter 12.3.3.2

Final Result

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
WLAN a, high, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, high, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, high, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-3	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, mid, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-11-03	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15
Subpart E §15.407
FCC §15.407 (b), (1),(2),(3),(4); FCC
§15.205, §15.209, §15.407 (b) (5),(6)

Undesirable Emissions; General Field Strength Limits

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10, chapter 6.4, 6.5, 6.6.5

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range, Subband				
WLAN a, high, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-3 Remark: conducted measurement	S01_AA01	2022-12-13	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, 30MHz - 1GHz, U-NII-3 Remark: conducted measurement	S01_AA01	2022-12-19	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, 9kHz - 30MHz, U-NII-3 Remark: conducted measurement	S01_AA01	2022-12-19	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, 30MHz - 1GHz, U-NII-1 Remark: radiated measurement	S02_AA01	2022-10-31	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, 9kHz - 30MHz, U-NII-1 Remark: radiated measurement	S02_AA01	2022-10-31	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-2A Remark: radiated measurement, harmonics only	S02_AA01	2022-11-10	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, mid, 1GHz - 26GHz, U-NII-1 Remark: radiated measurement	S02_AA01	2022-11-10	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15
Subpart E §15.407
FCC §15.407 (b), (1),(2),(3),(4)

Band Edge

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10, chapter 6.6.5

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Subband				
WLAN a, high, U-NII-2A	S01_AA01	2022-12-13	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, high, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-12-13	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-12-13	Passed	Passed
WLAN a, low, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-12-13	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-12-15	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 20 MHz, low, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-12-15	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-1	S01_AA01	2022-12-15	Passed	Passed
WLAN n 40 MHz, low, U-NII-2C	S01_AA01	2022-12-15	Passed	Passed

N/A: Not applicable

N/P: Not performed

2 REVISION HISTORY / SIGNATURES

Report version control			
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity
initial	2023-01-04	--	valid
--	--	--	--

COMMENT: The module MAYA-W161 mounted to the M.2 card has already been tested against this standard and according to the applicant corresponds to the previous setup in regards to the radio part. Due to this, only spot checks have been performed.
Report Reference: MDE_UBLOX_2110_FCC_02



(responsible for accreditation scope)
Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik



(responsible for testing and report)
Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall



7 layers GmbH, Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen, Germany
Phone +49 (0)2102 749 0

3 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

3.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH
Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

The test facility is accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAKKS D-PL-12140-01-01 | -02 | -03
FCC Designation Number: DE0015
FCC Test Firm Registration: 929146
ISED CAB Identifier: DE0007; ISED#: 3699A

Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik
Report Template Version: 2022-05-25

3.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall
Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report: 2023-01-04
Testing Period: 2022-10-31 to 2022-12-19

3.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: u-blox AG
Address: Zürcherstrasse 68
8800 Thalwil
Switzerland
Contact Person: Filip Kruzela

3.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see Applicant Data

Address:

Contact Person:

4 TEST OBJECT DATA

4.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	WLAN and Bluetooth Module M.2 card																																																																																																														
Product name	MAYA-W161-00B-00																																																																																																														
Type	MAYA-W161-00B-00																																																																																																														
Declared EUT data by the supplier																																																																																																															
Voltage Type	DC																																																																																																														
Voltage Level	3.3 V																																																																																																														
Tested Modulation Type	OFDM																																																																																																														
Specific product description	The EUT is a Bluetooth and WLAN module. In the 5 GHz band it supports SISO Mode only. Supported WLAN modes are a and n with a 20 MHz BW, n with 40 MHz BW. The U-NII bands 1, 2A, 2C and 3 are supported.																																																																																																														
Ports of the device	Enclosure Data DC Antenna The EUT is a module on an M.2 card. No cables were connected to the EUT itself except for u.fl to SMA adapter cables that were used for measurement or termination of the ports.																																																																																																														
Antenna 1	2 dBi (No antennas were provided for the tests, radiated measurements were performed with 50 Ohm terminations)																																																																																																														
Tested Datarates	WLAN a: 6 Mbit WLAN n: MCS 0																																																																																																														
Special software used for testing	Scripts and labtool were provided on a computer board by the applicant.																																																																																																														
Used output power	<table><tr><th colspan="2"></th><th colspan="16">5 GHz</th></tr><tr><th>Mode</th><th>Ch.</th><th>36</th><th>40</th><th>44</th><th>48</th><th>52</th><th>56</th><th>60</th><th>64</th><th>100</th><th>104</th><th>108</th><th>112</th><th>116</th><th>132</th><th>136</th><th>140</th><th>149</th><th>153</th><th>157</th><th>161</th><th>165</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td></td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>18</td><td>18</td><td>18</td><td>18</td><td>18</td><td>16</td><td>14</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>18</td></tr><tr><td>N20 SISO</td><td></td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>15</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>14</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td><td>16</td></tr><tr><td>N40 SISO</td><td></td><td>14</td><td></td><td>16</td><td></td><td>16</td><td></td><td>14</td><td></td><td>13</td><td></td><td>16</td><td></td><td>N/A</td><td></td><td>13</td><td>N/A</td><td>16</td><td></td><td>16</td><td></td><td>N/A</td></tr></table>			5 GHz																Mode	Ch.	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	100	104	108	112	116	132	136	140	149	153	157	161	165	A		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	18	18	18	18	18	16	14	16	16	17	18	18	N20 SISO		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	16	16	16	16	16	N40 SISO		14		16		16		14		13		16		N/A		13	N/A	16		16		N/A
		5 GHz																																																																																																													
Mode	Ch.	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	100	104	108	112	116	132	136	140	149	153	157	161	165																																																																																									
A		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	18	18	18	18	18	16	14	16	16	17	18	18																																																																																									
N20 SISO		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	16	16	16	16	16																																																																																									
N40 SISO		14		16		16		14		13		16		N/A		13	N/A	16		16		N/A																																																																																									

4.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
EUT aa01	DE1015169aa01	
Sample Parameter	Value	
Serial No.	M416C1DEB9105A40400	
HW Version	04	
SW Version	W16.92.21.p22-16.92.21.p22-MXM5X16298_V0	
Comment		

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

4.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-

4.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
AUX01	UBLOX, M.2 card universal adapter, Rev. A, - , -	M.2 adapter
AUX02	Toradex, Ixora, V1.2A, - , 10629969	Board Computer for setting modes
AUX03	LogiLink, AU0002E, -, - , -	USB - RS232 adapter for remote control of AUX02
AUX04	Fujitsu Ltd., Lifebook U758 , 2018-07, Win10 Pro Engl. , DSAL009811	Laptop remote controlling AUX02

4.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S02_AA01	EUT aa01, AUX01,	Radiated Setup
S01_AA01	EUT aa01, AUX04, AUX02, AUX01, AUX03,	Conducted Setup

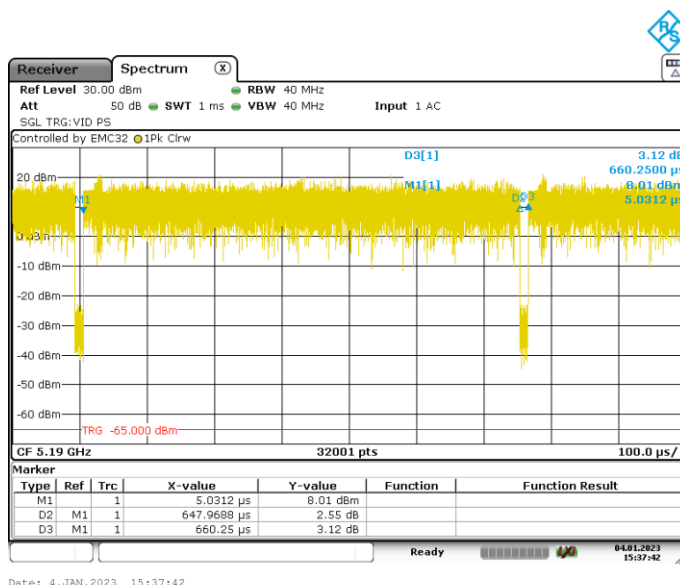
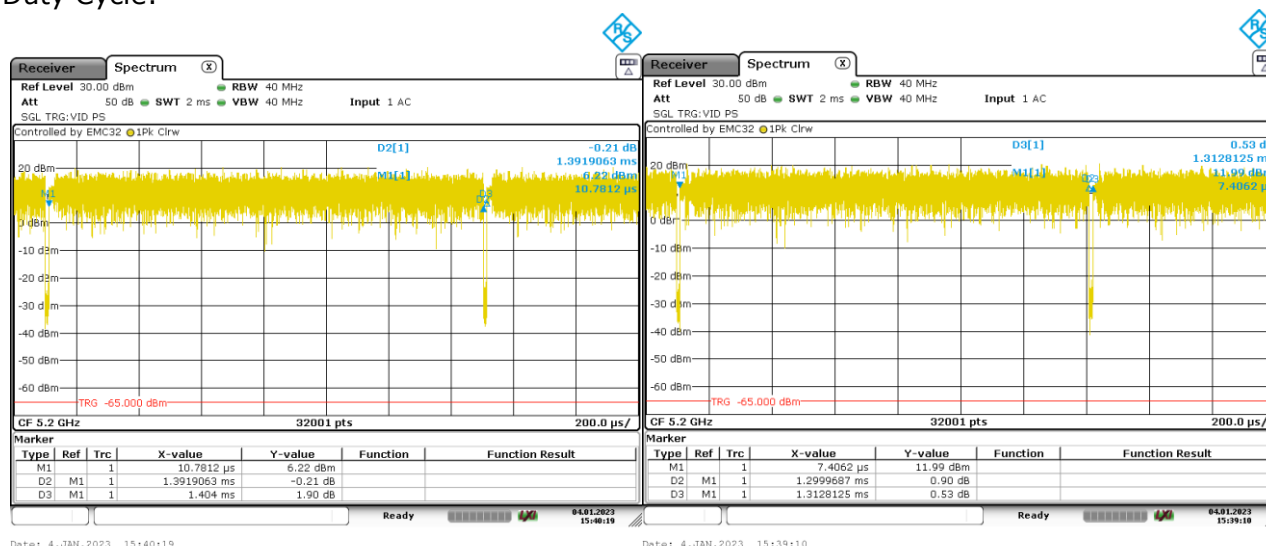
4.6 OPERATING MODES / TEST CHANNELS

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

U-NII-Subband 1 5150 - 5250 MHz			U-NII-Subband 2A 5250 - 5350 MHz			U-NII-Subband 2C 5470 - 5725 MHz			U-NII-Subband 3 5725 - 5850 MHz			Nom. BW
low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	High	low	mid	high	20 MHz
36	40	48	52	60	64	100	116	140	149	157	165	Ch.-No.
5180	5200	5240	5260	5300	5320	5500	5580	5700	5745	5785	5825	MHz

low	mid	high	low	mid	high	low	mid	High	low	mid	high	40 MHz
38	-	46	54	-	62	102	110	134	151	-	159	Ch.-No.
5190	-	5230	5270	-	5310	5510	5550	5670	5755	-	5795	MHz

Duty Cycle:



Mode	Full Period [ms]	Burst Length [ms]	DC
WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz	1.404	1.391906	0.991
WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz	1.312813	1.299969	0.990
WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz	0.66025	0.6479688	0.981

No Duty Cycle Correction applied to test results since Duty Cycle > 98%.

4.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

4.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

5 TEST RESULTS

5.1 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10, chapter 12.3.3.2

5.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power

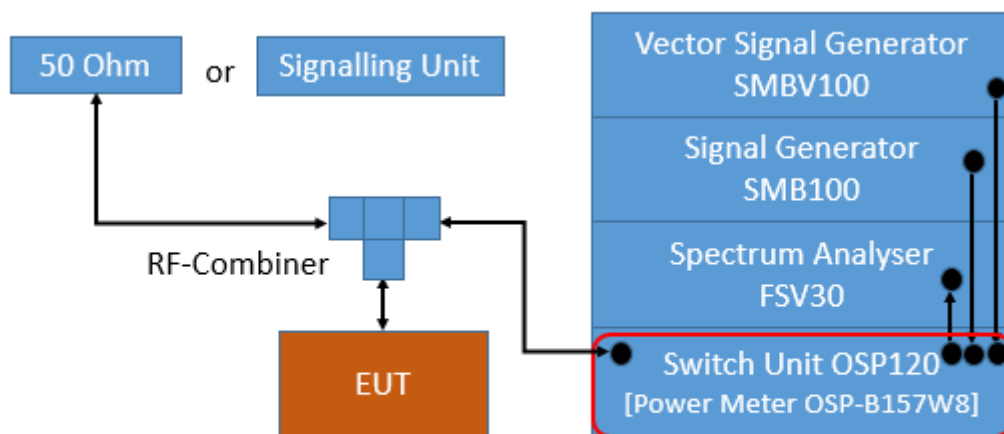
For U-NII bands 1, 2A, 2C, 3:

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

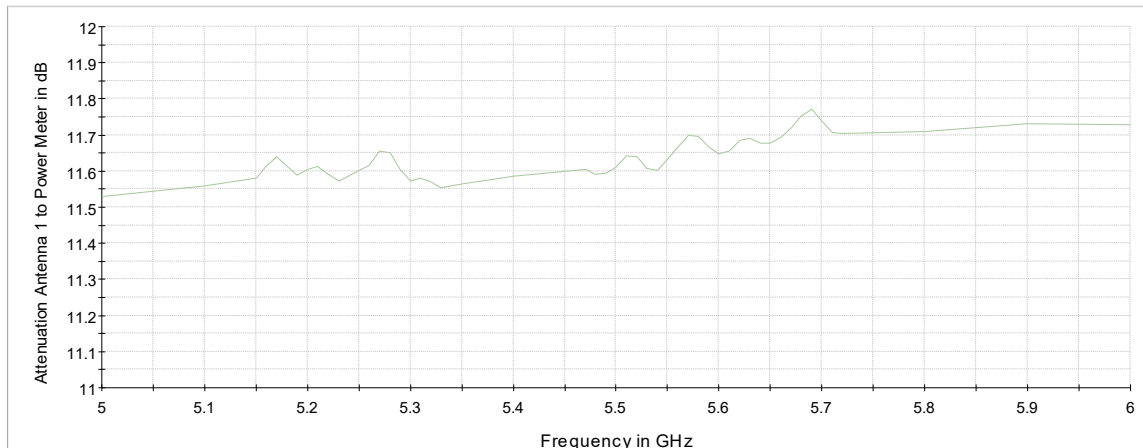
The OSP-B157W is a gated RF average power meter with a signal bandwidth > 300 MHz.

Note:

The measurement was performed according FCC Public Note "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E, 789033 D02", method **PM-G**.



TS8997; Maximum Conducted Output Power



Attenuation of measurement path

For U-NII bands 5,6,7,8:

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

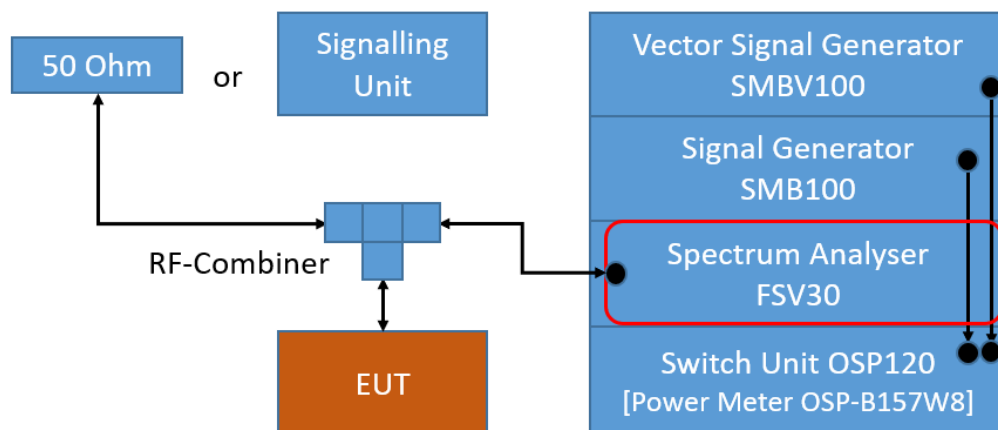
Analyzer settings:

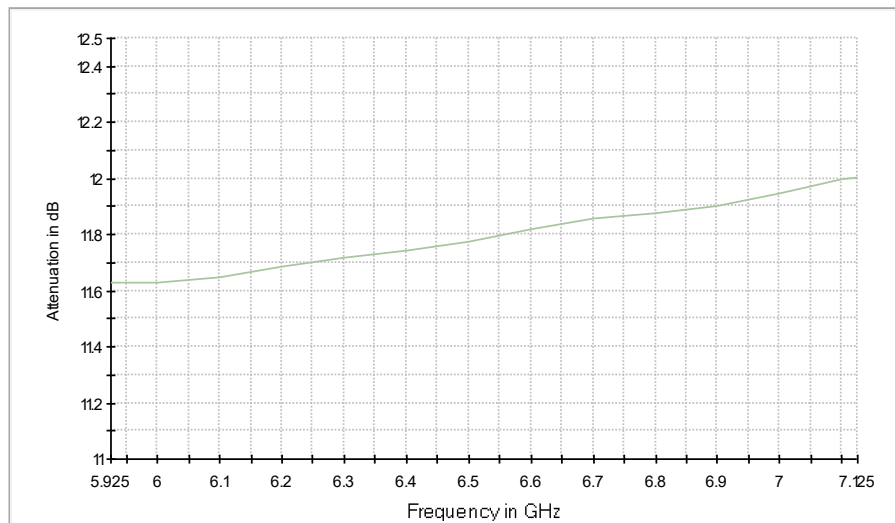
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Average, RMS power averaging mode
- Sweeps: at least 100
- Sweep time: Auto
- Detector: RMS
- Trigger: free run (DC > 98 %) or gated mode (DC < 98 %)

See worst case result plots for details

Note:

The measurement was performed according FCC Public Note "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E, 789033 D02", method **SA-1**.





Attenuation of measurement path

5.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

A) FCC

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (1) (i): Outdoor access point:

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.15 – 5.25 GHz bands:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

§15.407 (a) (1) (ii): Indoor access point:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

§15.407 (a) (1) (iii): Fixed point-to-point access points:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 23 dBi.

§15.407 (a) (1) (iv): Client devices:

Limit: 250 mW (24 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (2)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.25 – 5.35 GHz and 5.47 – 5.725 GHz bands:

Limit: 250 mW (24 dBm) or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log (26 \text{ dB bandwidth/MHz})$ whatever is the lesser.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (3):

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 5.725 – 5.850 GHz bands:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm) provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. The antenna gain limitation is not applicable for fixed point-to-point devices.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (4):

For a standard power access point and fixed client devices in the 5.925 – 6.425 GHz and 6.525 – 6.875 GHz bands:

Limit: 4 W (36 dBm) e.i.r.p.

For outdoor devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (5):

For an indoor access point in the 5.925 – 7.125 GHz bands:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm)e.i.r.p.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (6):

For a subordinate device operating under an indoor access point in the 5.925 – 7.125 GHz bands:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm)e.i.r.p.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (7):

For a client device, except for fixed client devices, operating under standard power access point in the 5.925-6.425 GHz and 6.525-6.875 GHz bands:

Limit: 1 W (30 dBm)e.i.r.p.

The client device must limit its power to no more than 6 dB below its associated standard power access point's authorized transmit power.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (8):

For client devices operating under the control of an indoor access point in the 5.925 – 7.125 GHz bands:

Limit: 250 mW (24 dBm)e.i.r.p.

FCC Part 15, Subpart E, §15.407 (a) (11):

The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.

B) IC

Different frequency bands and limits apply, as compared to the FCC requirements.

All frequency bands: B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.1.1, Band 5150-5250 MHz, indoor operation only, except for OEM devices installed by vehicle manufacturers:

Limits:

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW. (e.i.r.p.)

Other devices: 200 mW (23 dBm) or $10 + 10 \log_{10} B$ [dBm], whichever power is less.

RSS-247, 6.2.2.1, Band 5250-5350 MHz:

Limits:

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

Devices, other devices than installed in vehicles:

Maximum conducted Power: 250 mW (24 dBm) or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$ [dBm], whichever power is less.

e.i.r.p.: 1.0 W (30 dBm) or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$ [dBm], whichever power is less.

Outdoor fixed devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with the following e.i.r.p. at different elevations, where θ is the angle above the local horizontal plane (of the Earth) as shown below:

- i. -13 dBW/MHz for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 8^\circ$
- ii. $-13 - 0.716 (\theta - 8)$ dBW/MHz for $8^\circ \leq \theta < 40^\circ$
- iii. $-35.9 - 1.22 (\theta - 40)$ dBW/MHz for $40^\circ \leq \theta \leq 45^\circ$
- iv. -42 dBW/MHz for $\theta > 45^\circ$

RSS-247, 6.2.3.1, Bands 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz:

Limits:

Maximum conducted Power: 250 mW (24 dBm) or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$ [dBm], whichever power is less.

e.i.r.p.: 1.0 W (30 dBm) or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$ [dBm], whichever power is less.

Note: Devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

RSS-247, 6.2.4.1, Band 5725-5850 MHz:

Limits:

Maximum conducted Power: 1 W (30 dBm)

e.i.r.p.: 4 W (36 dBm)

5.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: xx °C
 Air Pressure: xxxx hPa
 Humidity: xx %
 WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	FCC Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	IC Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]		Difference to initial MAYA-W161 certification 2) [dB]
1	36	5180	15.1	15.1	30.0	14.9	N/A		22.2	7.2	1)	2.0
	40	5200	15.4	15.4	30.0	14.6	N/A		22.2	6.9	1)	1.6
	48	5240	15.3	15.3	30.0	14.7	N/A		22.2	6.9	1)	1.9
2A	52	5260	15.3	15.3	24.0	8.7	23.2	7.9	29.2	13.9	1)	1.8
	60	5300	15.7	15.7	24.0	8.3	23.2	7.5	29.2	13.5	1)	1.5
	64	5320	14.4	14.4	24.0	9.6	23.2	8.8	29.2	14.8	1)	2.0
2C	100	5500	15.3	15.3	24.0	8.7	23.2	7.9	29.2	13.9		0.5
	116	5580	17.5	17.5	24.0	6.5	23.2	5.7	29.2	11.7		0.4
	140	5700	13.5	13.5	23.9	10.5	23.2	9.8	29.2	15.8		0.4
3	149	5745	15.7	15.7	30.0	14.3	30.0	14.3	36.0	20.3		0.5
	157	5785	16.8	16.8	30.0	13.2	30.0	13.2	36.0	19.2		0.2
	165	5825	17.8	17.8	30.0	12.2	30.0	12.2	36.0	18.2		0.0

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; MCS0; SISO

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	FCC Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	IC Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]		Difference to initial MAYA-W161 certification 2) [dB]
1	36	5180	16.3	16.3	30.0	13.7	N/A		22.5	6.1	1)	-0.2
	40	5200	14.5	14.5	30.0	15.5	N/A		22.5	8.0	1)	1.6
	48	5240	14.5	14.5	30.0	15.5	N/A		22.5	8.0	1)	1.7
2A	52	5260	14.5	14.5	24.0	9.5	23.5	9.0	29.5	15.0	1)	1.7
	60	5300	14.9	14.9	24.0	9.1	23.5	8.6	29.5	14.6	1)	1.5
	64	5320	13.6	13.6	24.0	10.4	23.5	9.9	29.5	15.9	1)	1.8
2C	100	5500	14.6	14.6	24.0	9.4	23.5	8.9	29.5	14.9		0.4
	116	5580	15.7	15.7	24.0	8.3	23.5	7.7	29.5	13.7		0.4
	140	5700	14.7	14.7	24.0	9.3	23.5	8.8	29.5	14.8		-0.4
3	149	5745	15.9	15.9	30.0	14.1	30.0	14.1	36.0	20.1		0.4
	157	5785	16.1	16.1	30.0	13.9	30.0	13.9	36.0	19.9		0.1
	165	5825	16.1	16.1	30.0	13.9	30.0	13.9	36.0	19.9		0.0

WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz; MCS8; SISO

U-NII-Subband	Ch. No.	Freq. [MHz]	Cond. Power [dBm]	EIRP [dBm]	FCC Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	IC Cond. Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	IC EIRP Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]		Difference to initial MAYA-W161 certification 2) [dB]
1	38	5190	12.3	12.3	30.0	17.7	N/A		23.0	10.7	1)	1.8
	46	5230	12.4	12.4	30.0	17.6	N/A		23.0	10.6	1)	3.8
2A	54	5270	14.3	14.3	24.0	9.7	24.0	9.7	30.0	15.7	1)	1.8
	62	5310	12.6	12.6	24.0	11.4	24.0	11.4	30.0	17.4	1)	1.7
2C	102	5510	12.4	12.4	24.0	11.6	24.0	11.6	30.0	17.6		0.3
	110	5550	15.4	15.4	24.0	8.6	24.0	8.6	30.0	14.6		0.4
	134	5670	12.7	12.7	24.0	11.3	24.0	11.3	30.0	17.3		0.3
3	151	5755	15.9	15.9	30.0	14.1	30.0	14.1	36.0	20.1		0.2
	159	5795	15.8	15.8	30.0	14.2	30.0	14.2	36.0	20.2		0.2

Remark: 1) No additional limit applies related to the elevation.

2) Positive Difference = lower value than in original certification, negative value = higher value than in original certification.

5.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Power Meter Measurement. No plots provided.

5.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

5.2 UNDESIRABLE EMISSIONS; GENERAL FIELD STRENGTH LIMITS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10, chapter 6.4, 6.5, 6.6.5

5.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Radiated Measurement with 50 Ohm termination at antenna ports

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The measurements were performed according the following sub-chapters of ANSI C63.10:

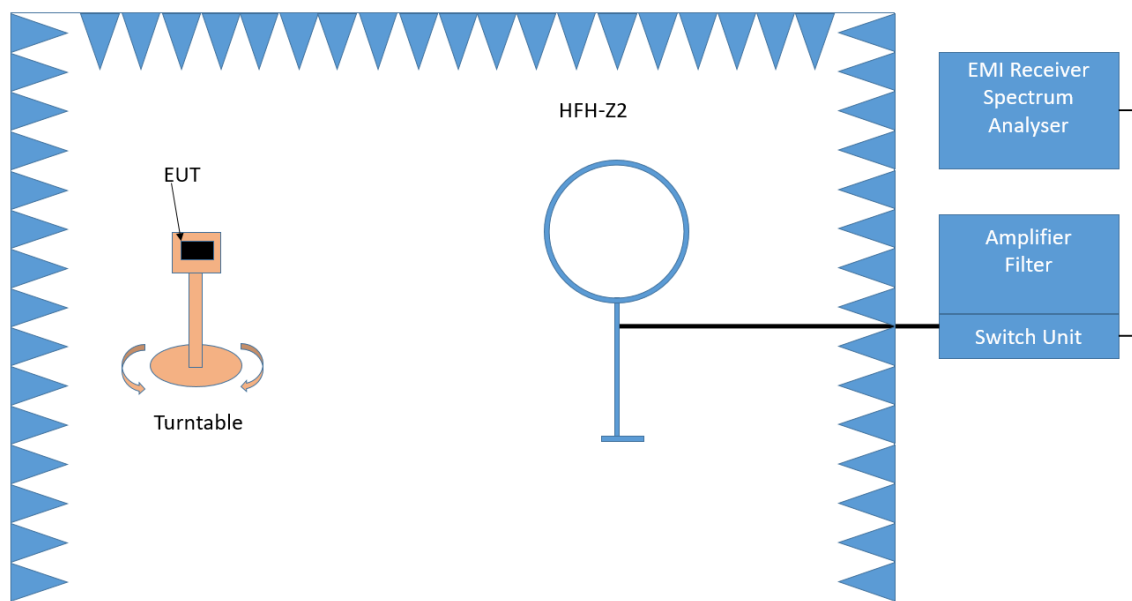
- < 30 MHz: Chapter 6.4
- 30 MHz – 1 GHz: Chapter 6.5
- > 1 GHz: Chapter 6.6 (procedure according 6.6.5 used)

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered.

Below 1 GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 9 kHz – 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement

- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

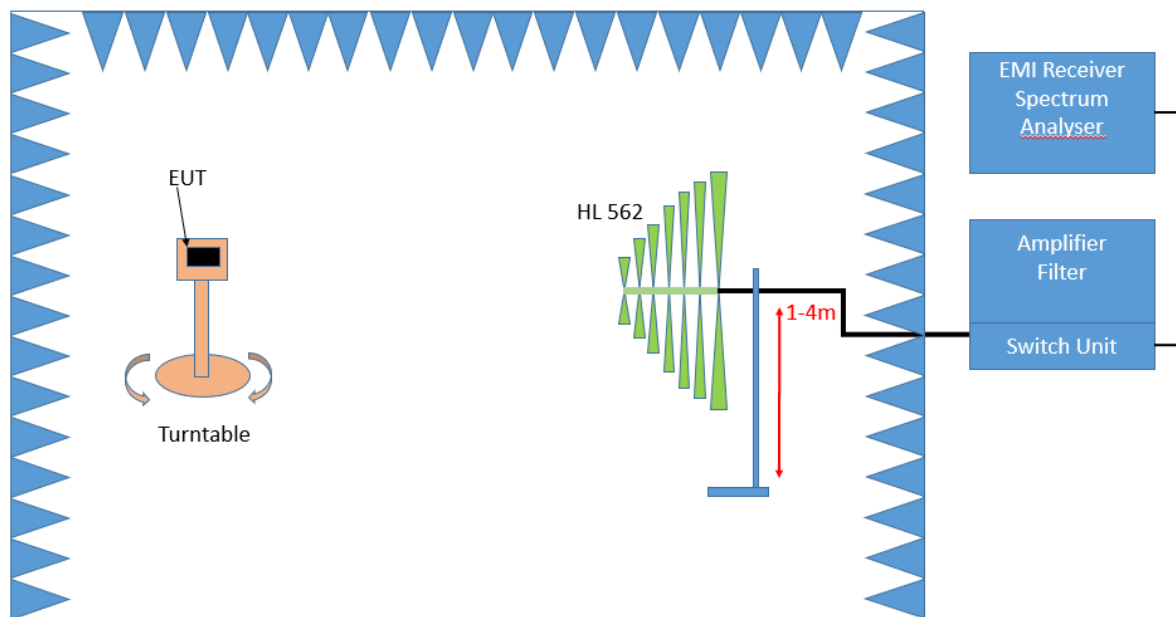
Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

- Open area test site
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Height variation step size: 1.5 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by 360°. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by 1 – 4 meter. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: 360 °
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 2, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 3:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

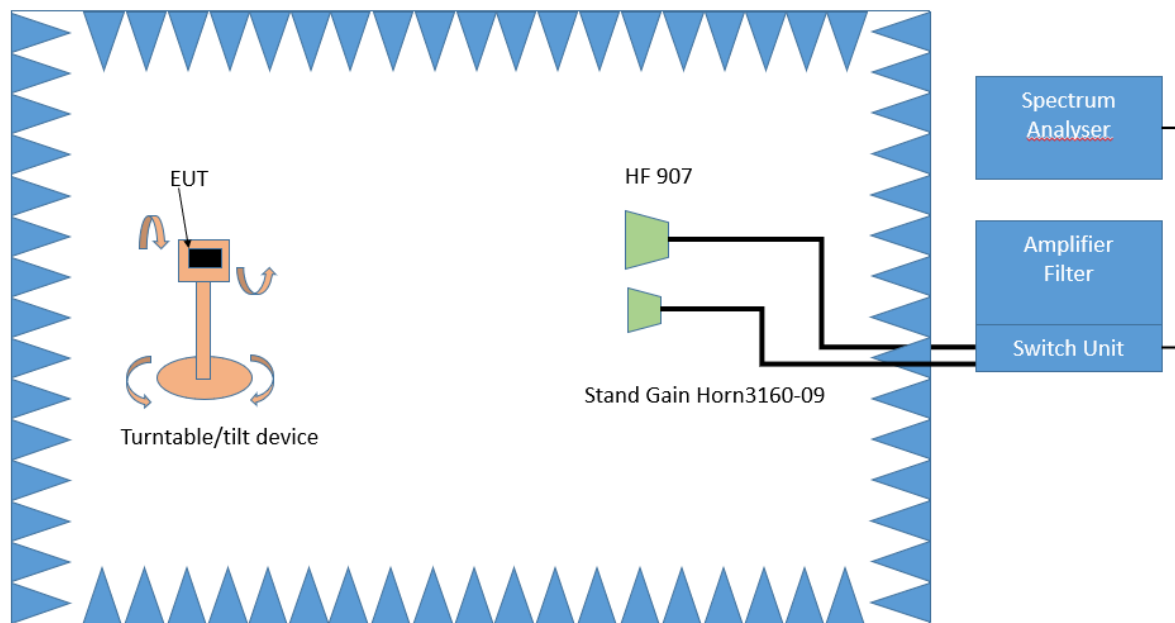
After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

Above 1 GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

3. Measurement 1 GHz up to 26.5 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna in step 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size $\pm 45^\circ$ for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

Step 3:

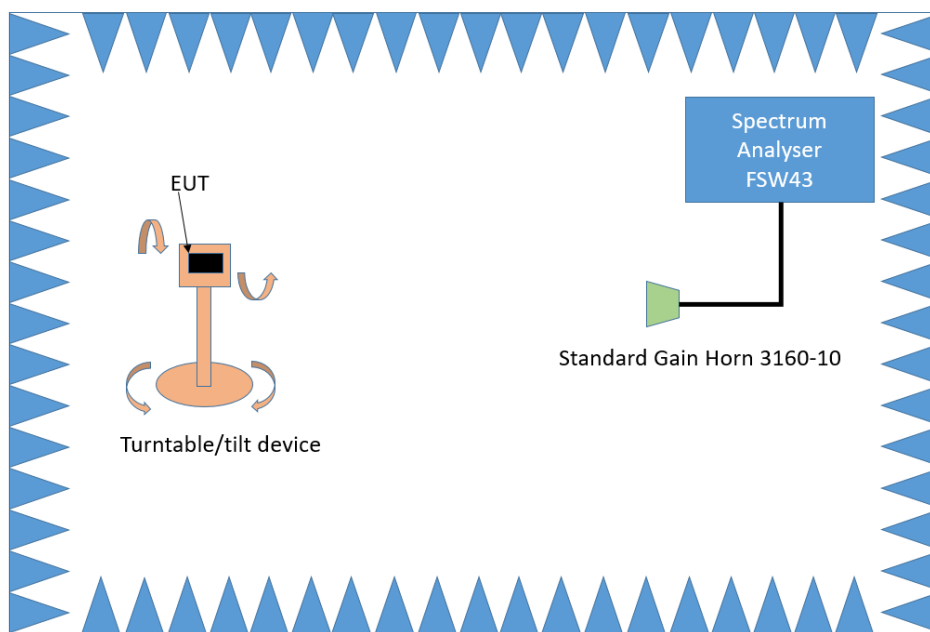
Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4. Measurement above 26.5 GHz up to 40 GHz

The following modifications, compared to the frequency range 1 GHz – 26.5 GHz, apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 26.5 GHz:

- Measurement distance: 1m

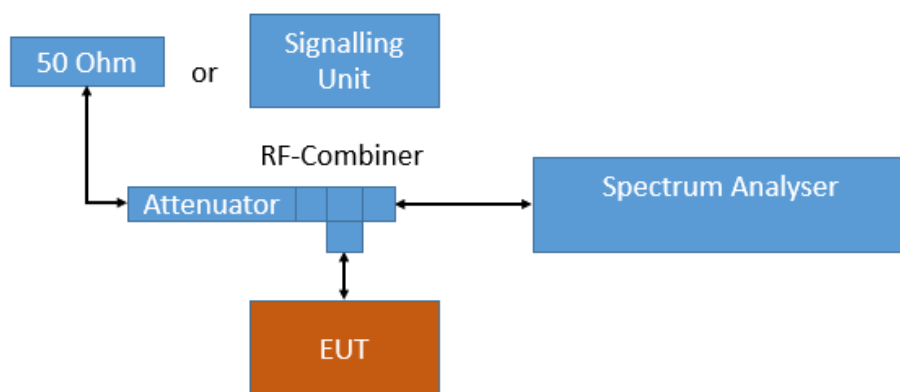


Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 26.5 – 40 GHz

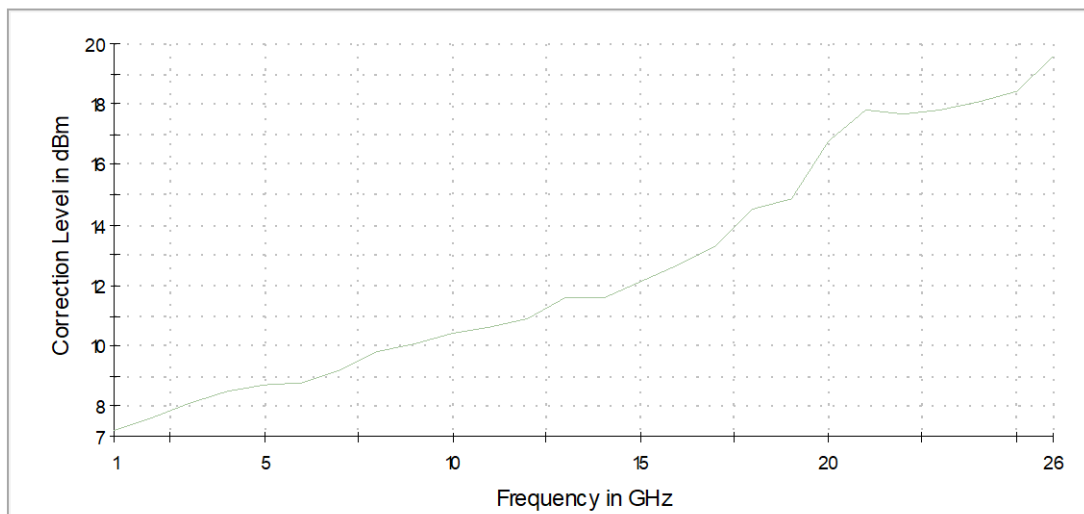
Conducted Measurements at antenna ports

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.



Measurement 1 GHz - 26 GHz



Analyser settings:

- Frequency range: 1000 – 26000 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1000 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3000 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold, Average Power
- Sweeps: 500
- Sweep Time: coupled
- Detector: Peak, RMS

For the conducted emissions in restricted bands the Value is measured in dBm and then converted to dBµV/m as given in KDB 789033:

1. Measure the conducted output power in dBm.
2. Add the maximum antenna gain in dBi. (Included in measurement result by offset)
3. Add the appropriate ground reflection factor
 - 6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz;
 - 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive; and
 - 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
4. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength level using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$
 Where E is the electric field strength in dBµV/m,
 EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm
 D is the specified measurement distance in m

Value [dBµV/m] = Measured value [dBm] (including gain and ground reflection factor) – 20 log D + 104.8

5.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

A) FCC

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(1)

For transmitters operating in the 5150–5250 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5350 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(2)

For transmitters operating in the 5250–5350 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5350 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(3)

For transmitters operating in the 5470–5725 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5470–5725 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(4)

For transmitters operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge
increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge
increasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge
increasing linearly to 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b) (5)

For transmitters operating within the 5.925–7.125 GHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5.925–7.125 GHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b) (6)

For transmitters operating within the 5.925–7.125 GHz bands:

Power spectral density must be suppressed by 20 dB at 1 MHz outside of channel edge, by 28 dB at one channel bandwidth from the channel center, and by 40 dB at one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth away from channel center. At frequencies between one megahertz outside an unlicensed device's channel edge and one channel bandwidth from the center of the channel, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 20 dB and 28 dB suppression, and at frequencies between one and one- and one-half times an unlicensed device's channel bandwidth, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 28 dB and 40 dB suppression. Emissions removed from the channel center by more than one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth must be suppressed by at least 40 dB.

B) IC

Different frequency bands and limits apply, as compared to the FCC requirements.

RSS-247, 6.2.1.2, Emissions outside the band 5150–5250 MHz, indoor operation only:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5250 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.2.2, Emissions outside the band 5250–5350 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5250–5350 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.3.2, Emissions outside the bands 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5470–5725 MHz.

However, devices with bandwidth overlapping the band edge of 5725 MHz can meet the emission limit of –27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. at 5850 MHz instead of 5725 MHz.

Note: No operation is permitted for the frequency range 5600–5650 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.4.2, Emissions outside the band 5725–5850 MHz:

- 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;
- 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;
- 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz above or below the band edges; and
- 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.

C) FCC & IC

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.405

The provisions of §§ 15.203 and 15.205 are included.

§15.407 (b)(6)

Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.

§15.407 (b)(7)

The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 – 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 – 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 – 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor:

- Limit (dBµV/m) = 20 log (Limit (µV/m)/1µV/m)
- Limit (dBµV/m) = EIRP [dBm] – 20 log (d [m]) + 104.8

Limit types (in result tables):

RB – Emissions falls into a “Restricted Band” according FCC §§15.205 and 15.209 *)

UE – “Undesirable Emission Limit” according FCC §15.407

BE-RB – Band Edge Limit basing on “Restricted Band Limits”

BE-UE – Band Edge Limit basing on “Undesirable Emission Limit”

*) Below 1 GHz the limits of §15.209 are applied for all frequencies.

5.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

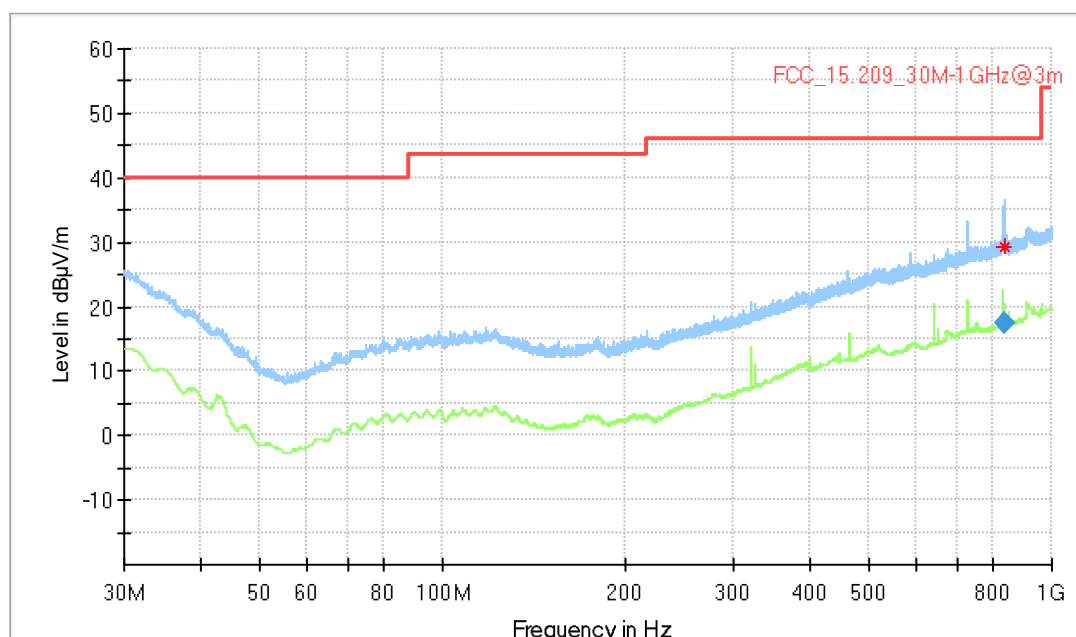
Ambient temperature: 24 °C
 Air Pressure: 1008 hPa
 Humidity: 40 %
 WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s
 Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

Measurement Method	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit Type
Radiated	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Conducted	5825	3884.3	63.5	PEAK	1000	74.0	10.5	RB
Conducted	5825	3883.6	51.5	AV	1000	54.0	2.5	RB
Conducted	5825	7766.6	59.1	PEAK	1000	68.2	9.1	UE

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOTS

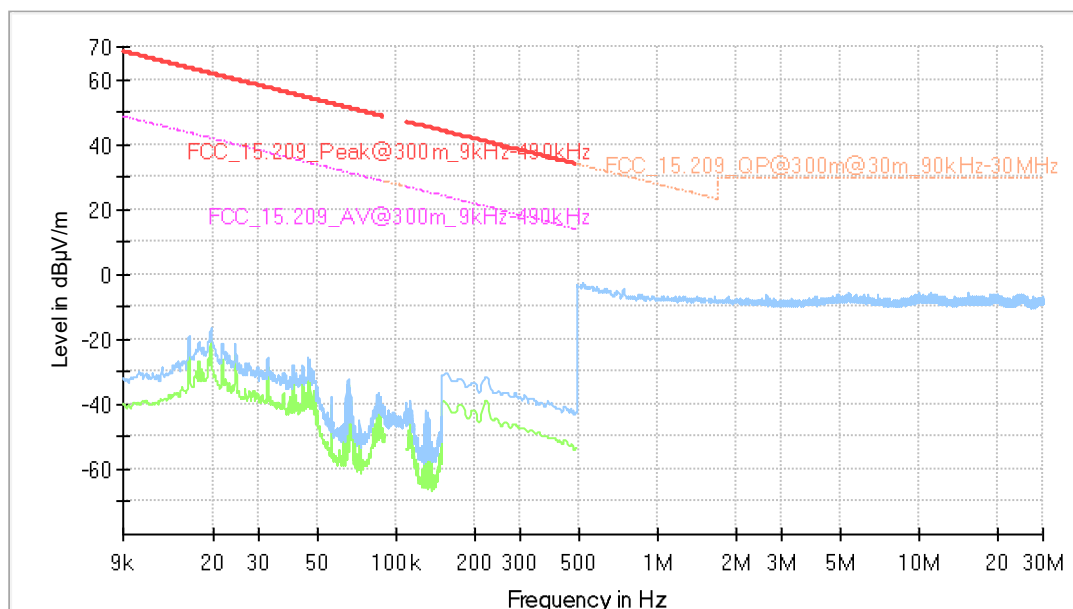
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = low, Measurement range = 30MHz - 1GHz, Subband = U-NII-1
 (S02_AA01)



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
835.200000	17.50	46.00	28.50	1000.0	120.000	146.0	V	-138.0	25.1

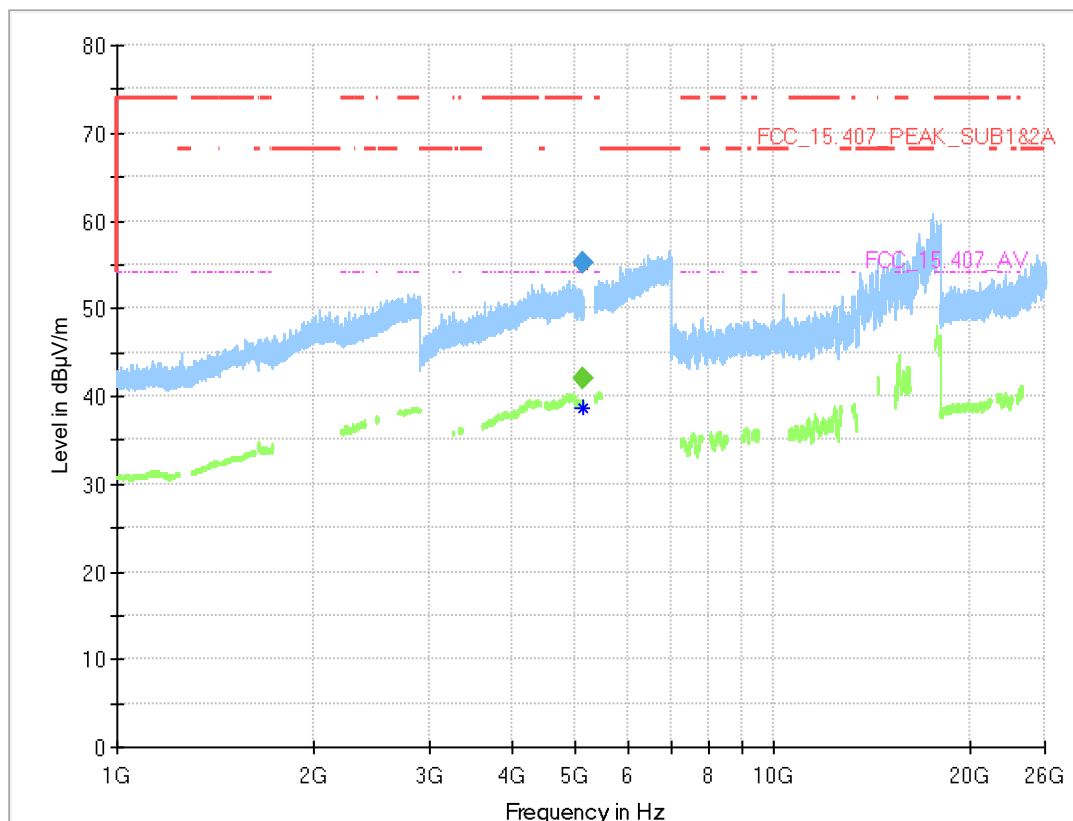
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = low, Measurement range = 9kHz - 30MHz, Subband = U-NII-1 (S02_AA01)



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dB μ V/m)	Average (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
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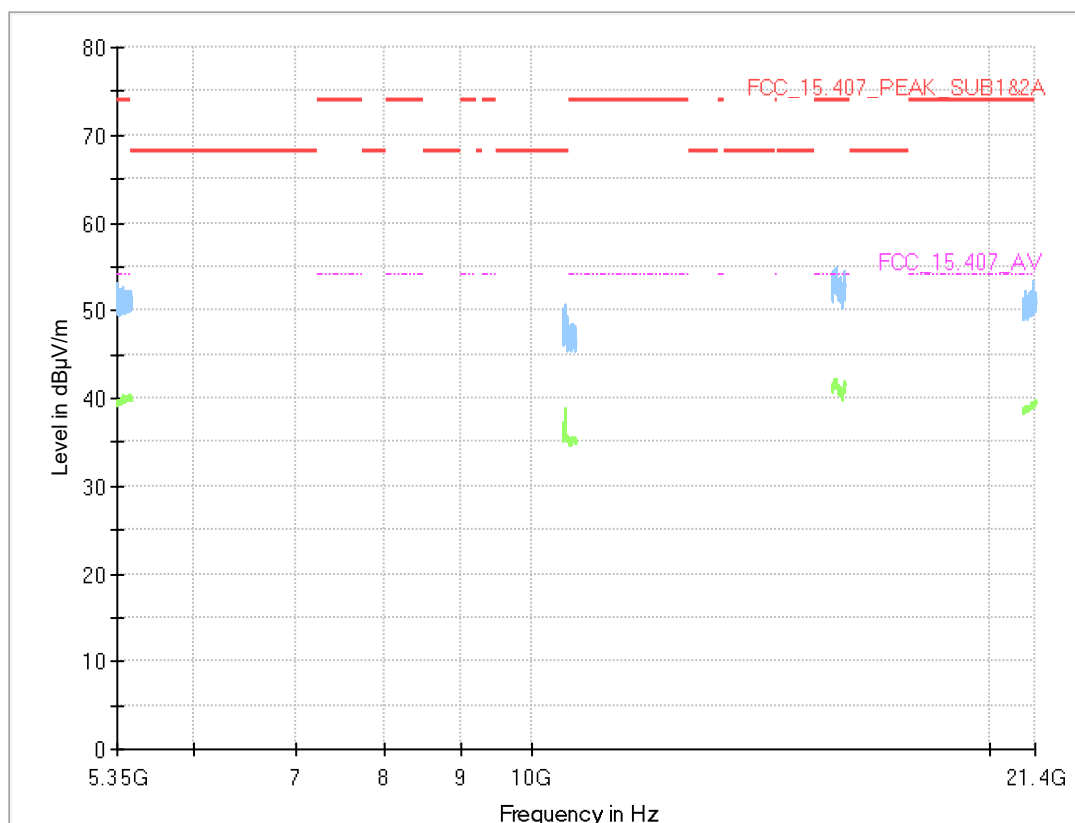
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = mid, Measurement range = 26GHz - 40GHz, Subband = U-NII-1 (S02_AA01)



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dB μ V/m)	CAverage (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
5149.838	---	42.0	54.00	12.01	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	101.0	98.0	13.5
5149.838	55.2	---	74.00	18.79	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	101.0	98.0	13.5

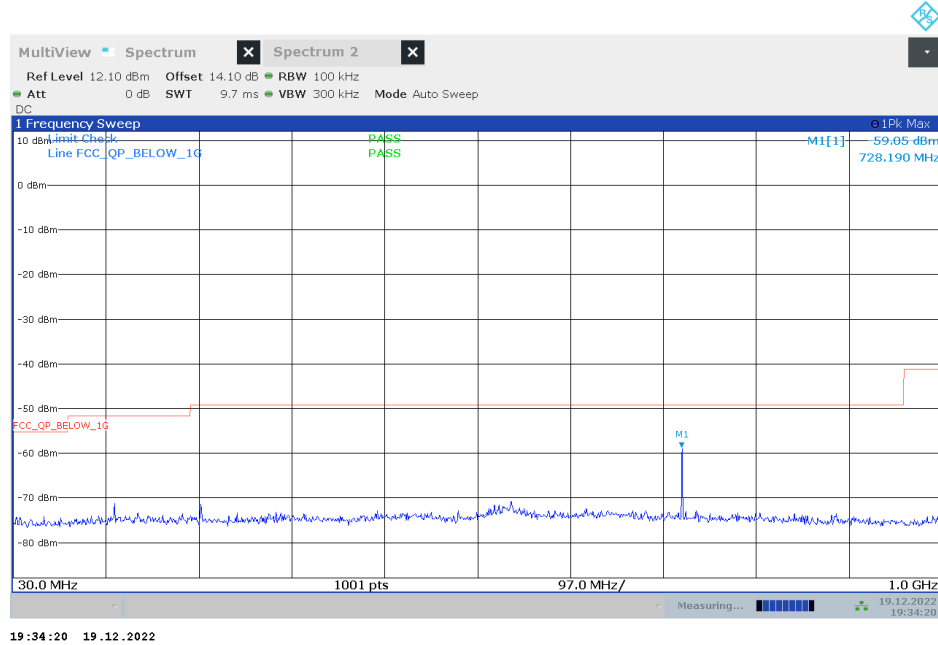
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = mid, Measurement range = 1GHz - 26GHz, Subband = U-NII-2A (S02_AA01)



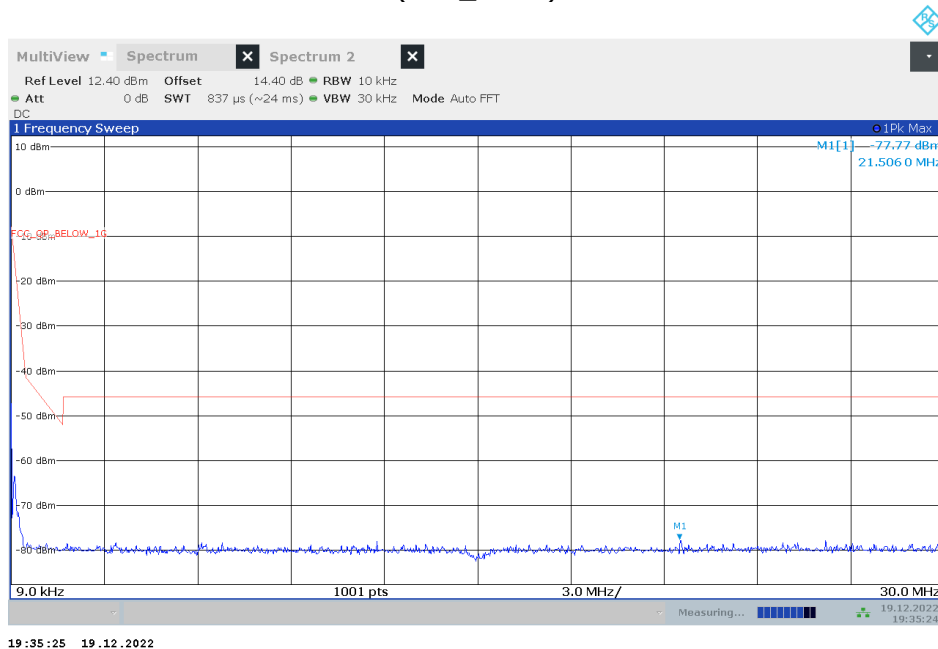
Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

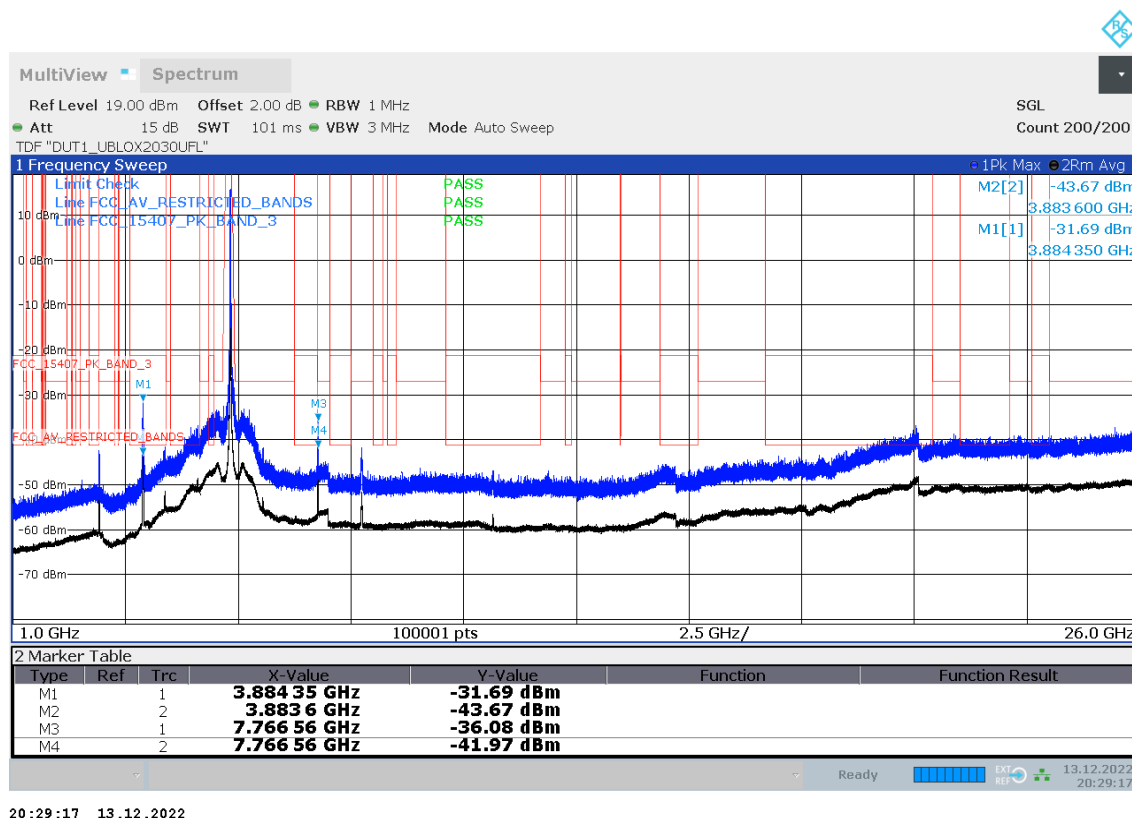
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement range = 30MHz - 1GHz, Subband = U-NII-3 (S01_AA01)



Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement range = 9kHz - 30MHz, Subband = U-NII-3 (S01_AA01)



Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement range = 1GHz - 26GHz, Subband = U-NII-3 (S01_AA01)



5.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997
- Radiated Emissions SAC H-Field
- Radiated Emissions SAC up to 1 GHz
- Radiated Emissions FAR 5 GHz FCC

5.3 BAND EDGE

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart E**

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10, chapter 6.6.5

5.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Radiated Measurement with 50 Ohm termination at antenna ports

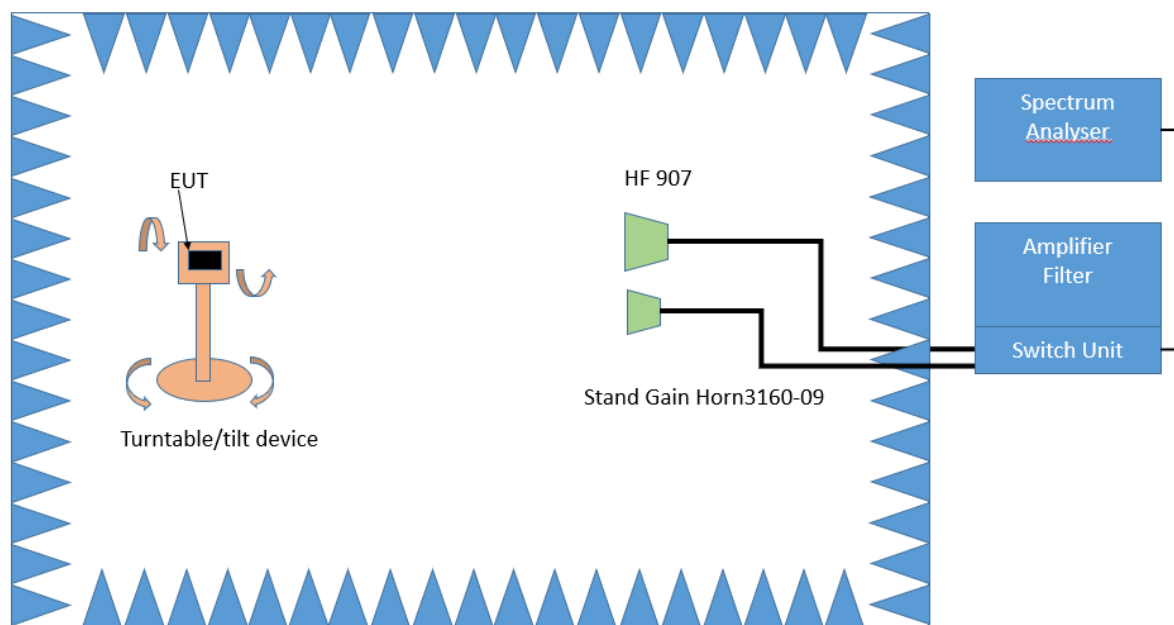
The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The measurements were performed according the following sub-chapter of ANSI C63.10:

- Chapter 6.10.5

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only (procedure according ANSI C63.10, chapter 6.6.5).

3. Measurement above 1 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

Step 1:

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak, Average
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz

Step 2:

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak

Step 3:

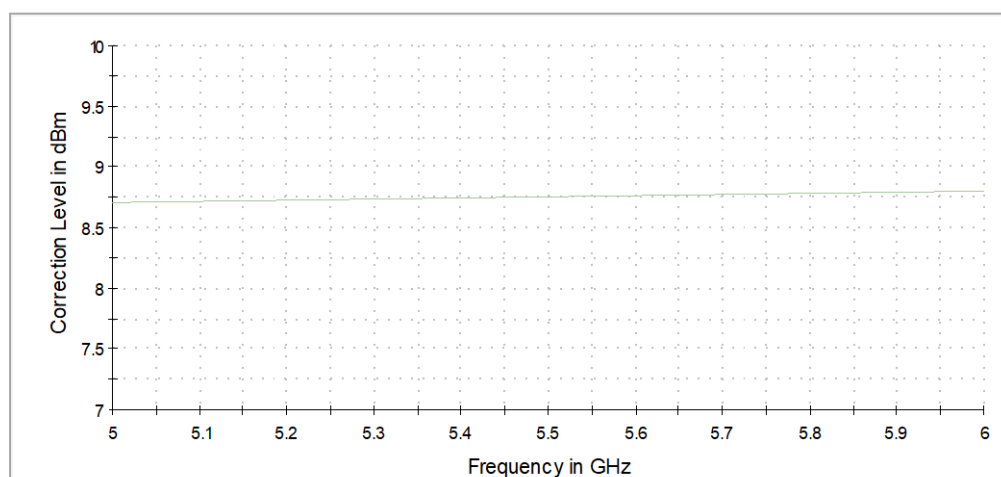
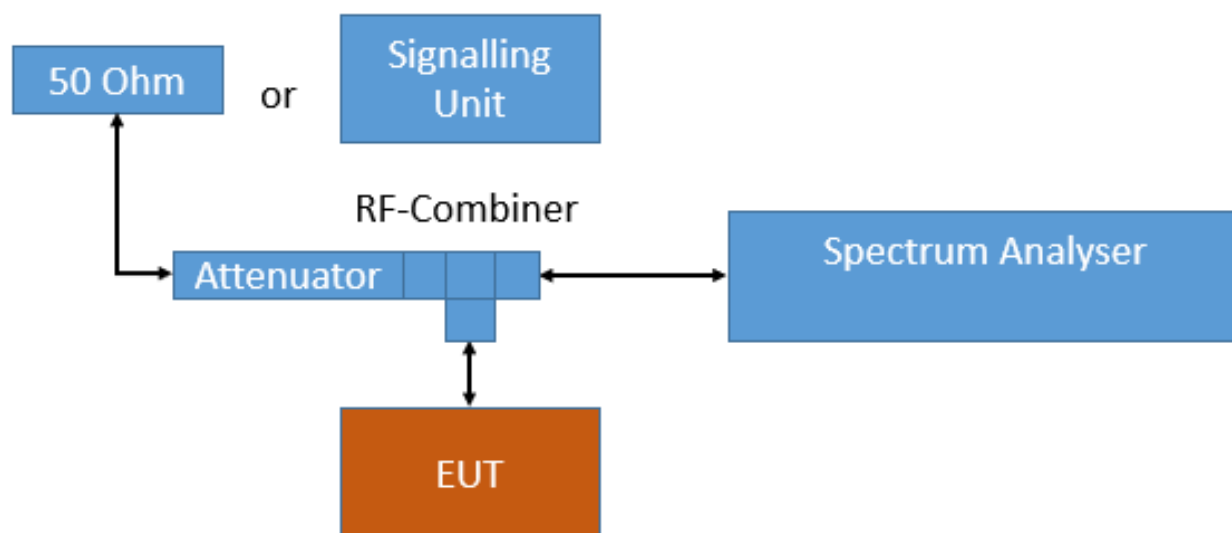
Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / CISPR Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

Conducted Measurements at antenna ports

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.



Analyser settings:

- Frequency range: 5100 – 5400 MHz (U-NII band 1/2A)
 5430 – 5530 MHz (U-NII band 2C low BE)
 5655 – 5755 MHz (U-NII band 2C high BE)
 5611 – 5811 MHz (U-NII band 3 low BE)
 5765 – 5965 MHz (U-NII band 3 high BE)
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1000 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3000 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold, Average Power
- Sweeps: 10000
- Sweep Time: coupled
- Detector: Peak, RMS

For the conducted emissions in restricted bands the Value is measured in dBm and then converted to dB μ V/m as given in KDB 558074:

1. Measure the conducted output power in dBm.
2. Add the maximum antenna gain in dBi. (Included in measurement result by offset)
3. Add the appropriate ground reflection factor (0 for measured range)
 6 dB for frequencies $\leq$ 30 MHz;
 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive; and
 0 dB for frequencies $>$ 1000 MHz).
4. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength level using the following relationship:
 $E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$
 Where E is the electric field strength in dB μ V/m,
 EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm
 D is the specified measurement distance in m

Value [dB μ V/m] = Measured value [dBm] (including gain and ground reflection factor) – 20 log D + 104.8

5.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

A) FCC

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(1)

For transmitters operating in the 5150–5250 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5350 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(2)

For transmitters operating in the 5250–5350 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5350 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(3)

For transmitters operating in the 5470–5725 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5470–5725 MHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b)(4)

For transmitters operating in the 5725–5850 MHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge
increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge
increasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge
increasing linearly to 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b) (5)

For transmitters operating within the 5.925–7.125 GHz band:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5.925–7.125 GHz.

FCC Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 (b) (6)

For transmitters operating within the 5.925–7.125 GHz bands:

Power spectral density must be suppressed by 20 dB at 1 MHz outside of channel edge, by 28 dB at one channel bandwidth from the channel center, and by 40 dB at one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth away from channel center. At frequencies between one megahertz outside an unlicensed device's channel edge and one channel bandwidth from the center of the channel, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 20 dB and 28 dB suppression, and at frequencies between one and one- and one-half times an unlicensed device's channel bandwidth, the limits must be linearly interpolated between 28 dB and 40 dB suppression. Emissions removed from the channel center by more than one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth must be suppressed by at least 40 dB.

B) IC

Different frequency bands and limits apply, as compared to the FCC requirements.

RSS-247, 6.2.1.2, Emissions outside the band 5150–5250 MHz, indoor operation only:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5150–5250 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.2.2, Emissions outside the band 5250–5350 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5250–5350 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.3.2, Emissions outside the bands 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz:

Limit: –27 dBm/MHz EIRP outside of the band 5470–5725 MHz.

However, devices with bandwidth overlapping the band edge of 5725 MHz can meet the emission limit of –27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. at 5850 MHz instead of 5725 MHz.

Note: No operation is permitted for the frequency range 5600–5650 MHz.

RSS-247, 6.2.4.2, Emissions outside the band 5725-5850 MHz:

- a. 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;
- b. 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;
- c. 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz above or below the band edges; and
- d. -27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.

C) FCC & IC

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 – 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 – 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 – 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: $\text{Limit (dBµV/m)} = 20 \log (\text{Limit (µV/m)}/1\mu\text{V/m})$

5.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 24 °C
 Air Pressure: 1002 hPa
 Humidity: 30 %
 WLAN a-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s
 Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

U-NII-Subband	Measurement Method	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit Type	FCC /IC?
1	Conducted	5180	5150.0	68.9	PEAK	1000	74.0	5.1	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5180	5150.0	50.4	AV	1000	54.0	3.6	BE-RB	FCC&IC
2A	Conducted	5320	5350.0	70.1	PEAK	1000	74.0	3.9	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5320	5350.0	49.3	AV	1000	54.0	4.7	BE-RB	FCC&IC
2C	Conducted	5500	5460.0	63.8	PEAK	1000	74.0	10.2	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5500	5460.0	48.1	AV	1000	54.0	5.9	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5500	5470.0	67.7	PEAK	1000	68.2	0.5	BE-UE	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5700	5725.0	66.9	PEAK	1000	68.2	1.3	BE-UE	FCC&IC

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; MCS0; SISO
 Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

U-NII-Subband	Measurement Method	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit Type	FCC /IC?
1	Conducted	5180	5150.0	70.9	PEAK	1000	74.0	3.1	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5180	5150.0	49.2	AV	1000	54.0	4.8	BE-RB	FCC&IC
2C	Conducted	5500	5460.0	63.3	PEAK	1000	74.0	10.7	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5500	5460.0	48.0	AV	1000	54.0	6.0	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5500	5470.0	68.1	PEAK	1000	68.2	0.1	BE-UE	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5520	5460.0	61.1	PEAK	1000	74.0	12.9	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5520	5460.0	46.7	AV	1000	54.0	7.3	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5520	5470.0	64.1	PEAK	1000	68.2	4.1	BE-UE	FCC&IC

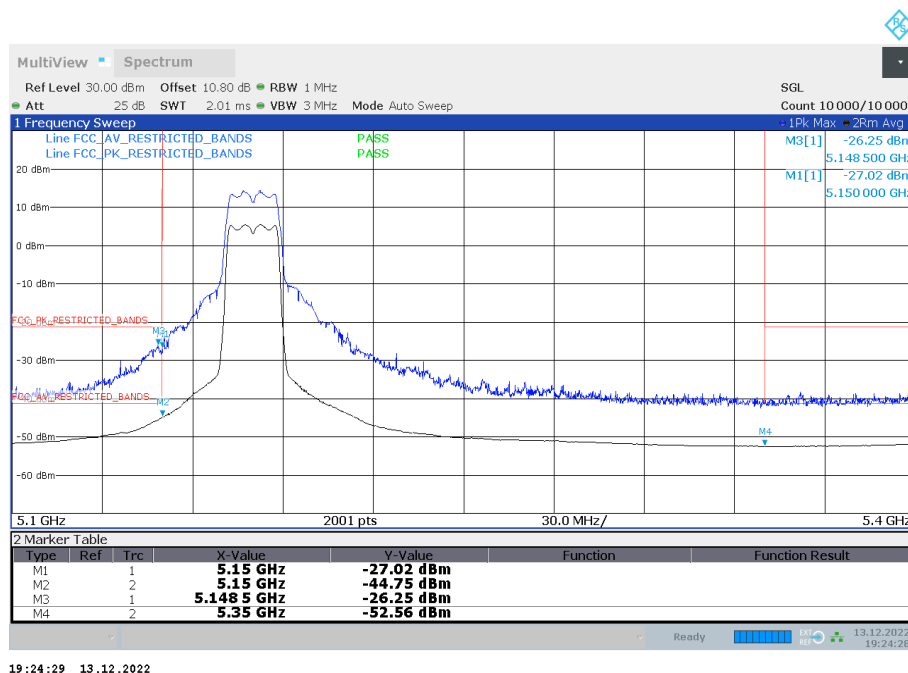
WLAN n-Mode; 40 MHz; MCS0; SISO
 Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

U-NII-Subband	Measurement Method	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Limit Type	FCC /IC?
1	Conducted	5190	5150.0	70.6	PEAK	1000	74.0	3.4	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5190	5150.0	49.0	AV	1000	54.0	5.0	BE-RB	FCC&IC
2C	Conducted	5510	5460.0	60.9	PEAK	1000	74.0	13.1	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5510	5460.0	47.7	AV	1000	54.0	6.3	BE-RB	FCC&IC
	Conducted	5510	5470.0	68.0	PEAK	1000	68.2	0.2	BE-UE	FCC&IC

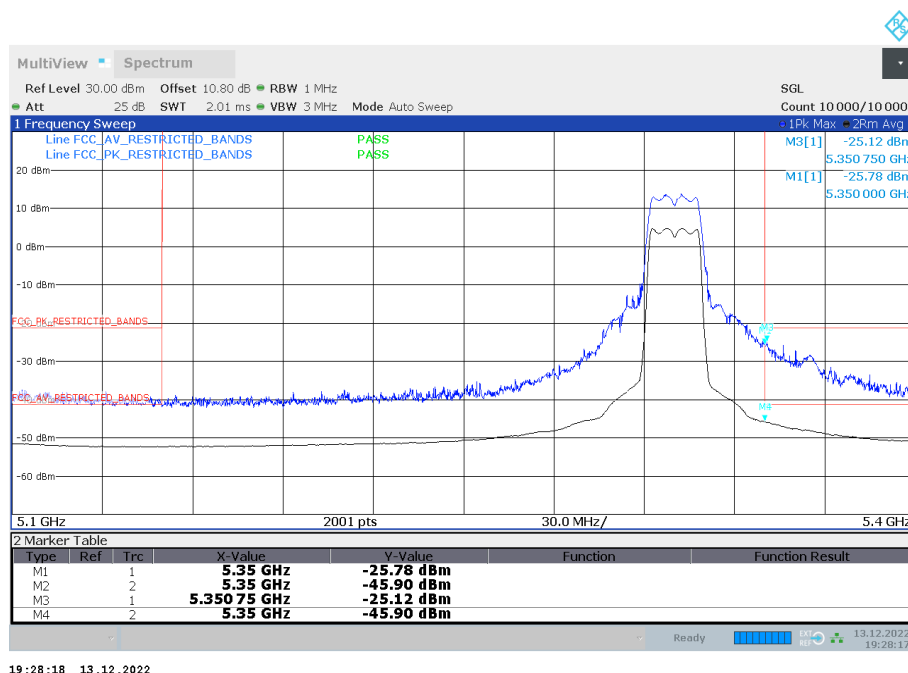
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

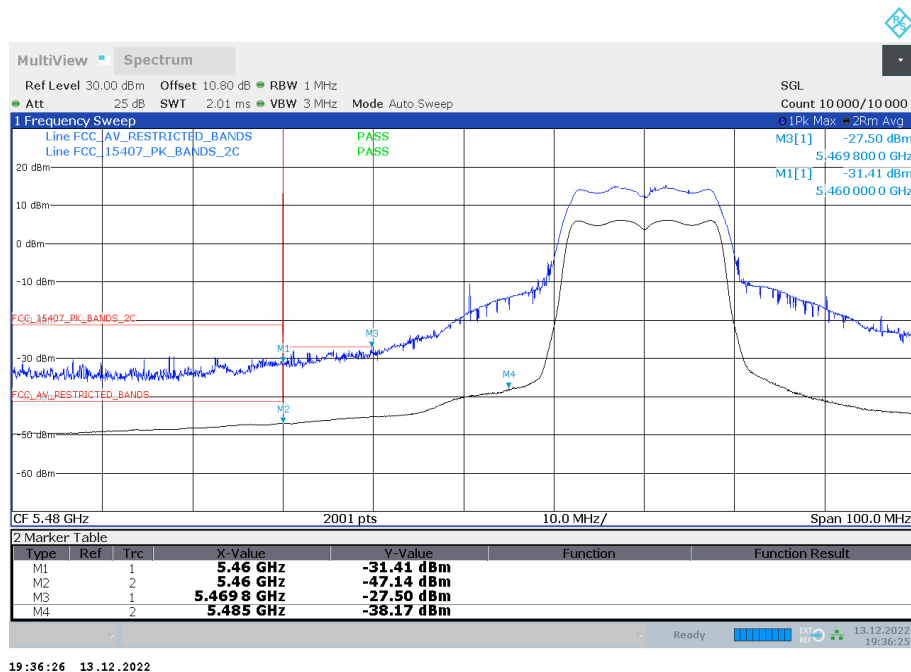
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = low, Subband = U-NII-1
(S01_AA01)



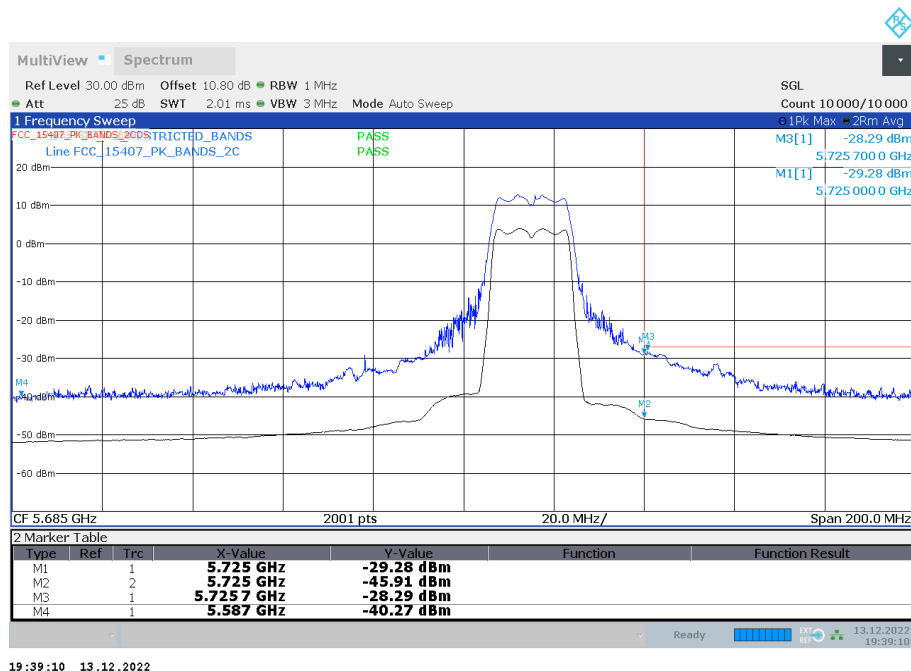
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = high, Subband = U-NII-2A
(S01_AA01)



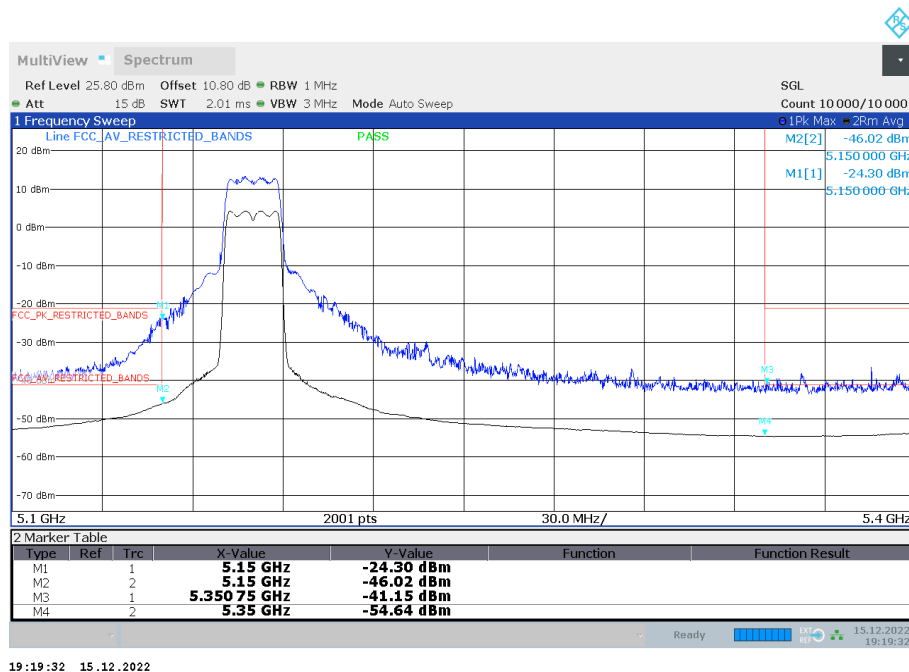
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = low, Subband = U-NII-2C
(S01_AA01)



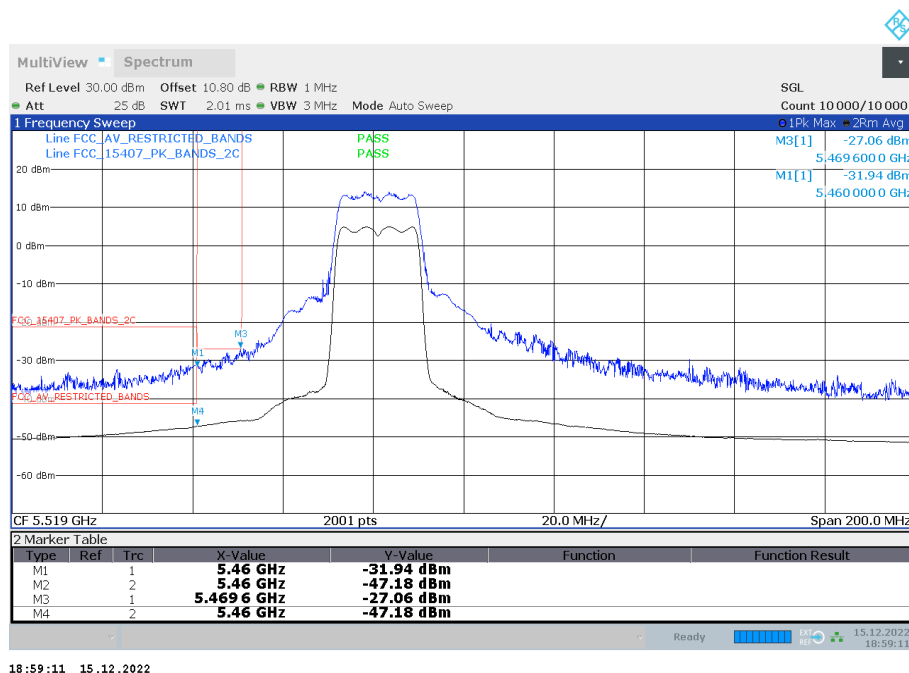
Radio Technology = WLAN a, Operating Frequency = high, Subband = U-NII-2C
(S01_AA01)

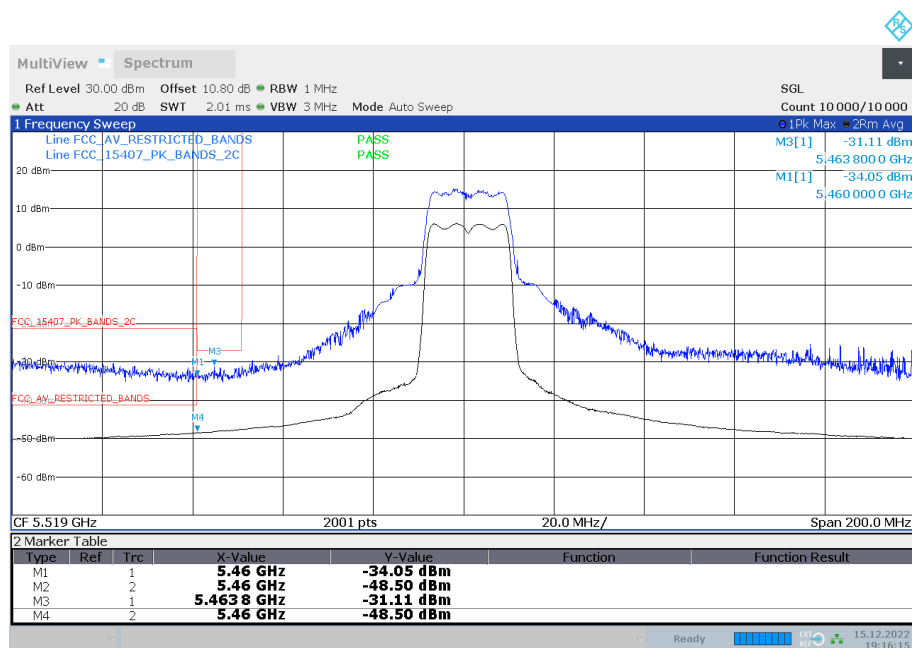


Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Operating Frequency = low, Subband = U-NII-1
(S01_AA01)



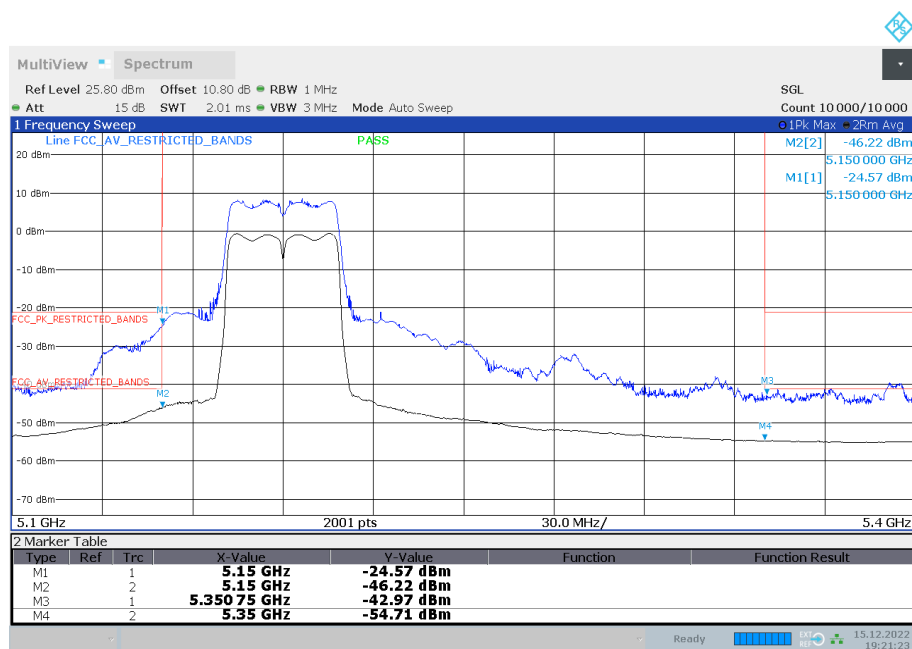
Radio Technology = WLAN n 20 MHz, Operating Frequency = low, Subband = U-NII-2C
(S01_AA01)





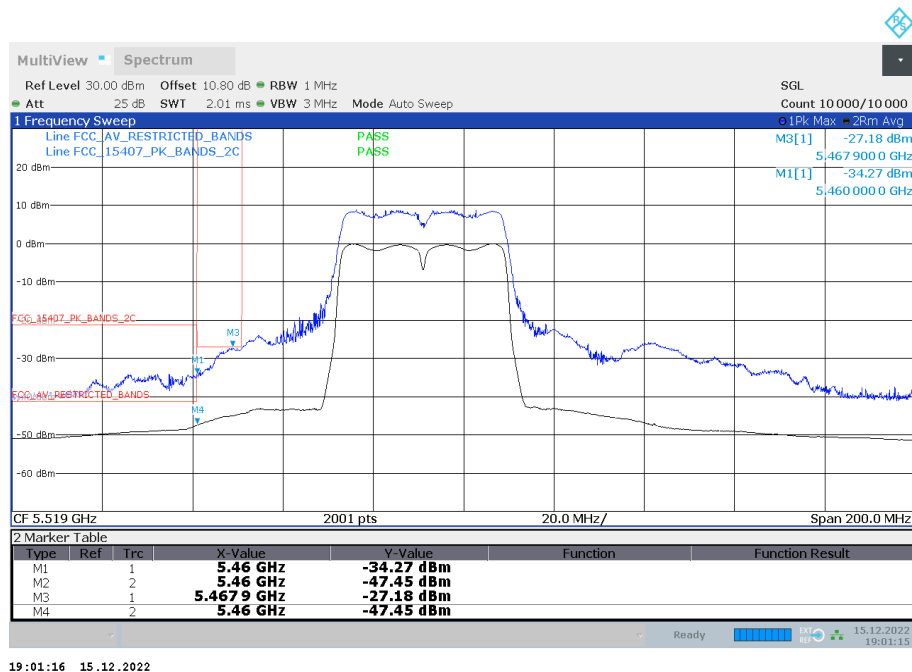
19:16:15 15.12.2022

Radio Technology = WLAN n 40 MHz, Operating Frequency = low, Subband = U-NII-1 (S01_AA01)



19:21:23 15.12.2022

Radio Technology = WLAN n 40 MHz, Operating Frequency = low, Subband = U-NII-2C (S01_AA01)



5.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997

6 TEST EQUIPMENT

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT HARDWARE

- 1 R&S TS8997
2.4 and 5 GHz Bands Conducted Test Lab

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
1.2	EX520	Digital Multimeter 12	Extech Instruments Corp	05157876	2022-06	2024-06
1.3	FSV30	Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 30 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	103005	2022-06	2024-06
1.4	NGSM 32/10	Power Supply	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	3456	2022-01	2024-01
1.5	FSW43	Signal Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	102013	2021-06	2023-06
1.6	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 14	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13993	2021-08	2023-08
1.7	OSP120	Contains Power Meter and Switching Unit OSP-B157W8 PLUS	Rohde & Schwarz	101158	2021-08	2024-08

- 2 Radiated Emissions FAR 5 GHz FCC
Radiated Emissions Tests for 5 GHz bands in a fully anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
2.2	AMF-7D00101800-30-10P-R	Broadband Amplifier 100 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq			
2.3	Anechoic Chamber 03	FAR, 8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001-PRB	2021-04	2023-04
2.4	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
2.5	JS4-18002600-32-5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785		
2.6	FSW43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	103779	2022-11	2024-11
2.7	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278		
2.8	3160-09	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00083069		

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.9	WHKX 7.0/18G-8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	09		
2.10	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-		
2.11	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00086675		
2.12	FSW43	Signal Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	102013	2021-06	2023-06
2.13	Opus 20 THI (8120.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	115.0318.0802.033		
2.14	TD1.5-10kg	EUT Tilt Device (Rohacell)	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5-10kg/024/3790709		
2.15	PAS 2.5 - 10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
2.16	AFS42-00101800-25-S-42	Broadband Amplifier 25 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	2035324		
2.17	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2021-09	2024-09

3 Radiated Emissions SAC H-Field
Radiated emission tests in the H-Field in a semi anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.1	N5000/NP	Filter for EUT, 2 Lines, 250 V, 16 A	ETS-LINDGREN	241515		
3.2	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
3.3	ESW44	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2022-01	2024-01
3.4	Anechoic Chamber 01	SAC/FAR, 10.58 m x 6.38 m x 6.00 m	Frankonia	none		
3.5	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
3.6	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 10	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12488	2021-08	2023-08
3.7	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278		
3.8	DS 420S	Turn Table 2 m diameter	HD GmbH	420/573/99		
3.9	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna + 3 Axis Tripod	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	829324/006	2021-01	2024-01

4 Radiated Emissions SAC up to 1 GHz
 Radiated emission tests up to 1 GHz in a semi anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
4.1	N5000/NP	Filter for EUT, 2 Lines, 250 V, 16 A	ETS-LINDGREN	241515		
4.2	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufth Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
4.3	ESW44	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2022-01	2024-01
4.4	Anechoic Chamber 01	SAC/FAR, 10.58 m x 6.38 m x 6.00 m	Frankonia	none		
4.5	HL 562 ULTRALOG	Biconical-log-per antenna (30 MHz - 3 GHz) with HL 562E biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	830547/003	2021-09	2024-09
4.6	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
4.7	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 10	Lufth Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12488	2021-08	2023-08
4.8	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278		
4.9	DS 420S	Turn Table 2 m diameter	HD GmbH	420/573/99		
4.10	AM 4.0	Antenna Mast 4 m	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT SOFTWARE

Semi-Anechoic Chamber:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10
INNCO Mast Controller	1.02.62
MATURO Mast Controller	12.19
MATURO Turn-Table Controller	30.10
Fully-Anechoic Chamber:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10
MATURO Turn-Unit Cotrolller	11.10
MATURO Mast Controller	12.10
MATURO Turntable Controller	12.11
Conducted AC Emissions:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.20

7 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

7.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency		Corr.	LISN insertion loss ESH3- Z5	cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten- uator)
MHz		dB	dB	dB
0.15		10.1	0.1	10.0
5		10.3	0.1	10.2
7		10.5	0.2	10.3
10		10.5	0.2	10.3
12		10.7	0.3	10.4
14		10.7	0.3	10.4
16		10.8	0.4	10.4
18		10.9	0.4	10.5
20		10.9	0.4	10.5
22		11.1	0.5	10.6
24		11.1	0.5	10.6
26		11.2	0.5	10.7
28		11.2	0.5	10.7
30		11.3	0.5	10.8

Sample calculation

$$U_{\text{LISN}} (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

7.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency	AF	Corr.	cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	d _{Limit}	d _{used}
MHz	HFH-Z2)		loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
			(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-40 dB/	distance	distance
			chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
			dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.009	20.50	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.01	20.45	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.015	20.37	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.02	20.36	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.025	20.38	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.03	20.32	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.05	20.35	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.08	20.30	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	20.20	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.2	20.17	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.3	20.14	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.49	20.12	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.490001	20.12	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.5	20.11	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.8	20.10	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
1	20.09	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
2	20.08	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
3	20.06	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
4	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
5	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
6	20.02	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
8	19.95	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
10	19.83	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
12	19.71	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
14	19.54	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
16	19.53	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
18	19.50	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
20	19.57	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
22	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
24	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
26	19.54	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
28	19.46	-39.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
30	19.73	-39.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

distance correction = $-40 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values

7.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 3 \text{ m}$)

Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
30	18.6	0.6
50	6.0	0.9
100	9.7	1.2
150	7.9	1.6
200	7.6	1.9
250	9.5	2.1
300	11.0	2.3
350	12.4	2.6
400	13.6	2.9
450	14.7	3.1
500	15.6	3.2
550	16.3	3.5
600	17.2	3.5
650	18.1	3.6
700	18.5	3.6
750	19.1	4.1
800	19.6	4.1
850	20.1	4.4
900	20.8	4.7
950	21.1	4.8
1000	21.6	4.9

cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d_{used} (meas. distance (used))
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 10 \text{ m}$)

30	18.6	-9.9
50	6.0	-9.6
100	9.7	-9.2
150	7.9	-8.8
200	7.6	-8.6
250	9.5	-8.3
300	11.0	-8.1
350	12.4	-7.9
400	13.6	-7.6
450	14.7	-7.4
500	15.6	-7.2
550	16.3	-7.0
600	17.2	-6.9
650	18.1	-6.9
700	18.5	-6.8
750	19.1	-6.3
800	19.6	-6.3
850	20.1	-6.0
900	20.8	-5.8
950	21.1	-5.6
1000	21.6	-5.6

0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 U = Receiver reading
 AF = Antenna factor
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
 $\text{distance correction} = -20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
 Tables show an extract of values.

7.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)		
dB	dB	dB	dB		
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79		
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38		
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33		
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31		
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40		
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47		
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46		

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (inside chamber)	cable loss 3 (outside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)	used for FCC 15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (High Pass)	cable loss 3 (pre- amp)	cable loss 4 (inside chamber)	cable loss 5 (outside chamber)	cable loss 6 (to receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

7.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (pre- amp)	cable loss 3 (inside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
18500	40.2	-23.2	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
19000	40.2	-22.0	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
19500	40.3	-21.3	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
20000	40.3	-20.3	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
20500	40.3	-19.9	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
21000	40.3	-19.1	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
21500	40.3	-19.1	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
22000	40.3	-18.7	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
22500	40.4	-19.0	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
23000	40.4	-19.5	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
23500	40.4	-19.3	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
24000	40.4	-19.8	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
24500	40.4	-19.5	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
25000	40.4	-19.3	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
25500	40.5	-20.4	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
26000	40.5	-21.3	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
26500	40.5	-21.1	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ – 40 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d _{used} (meas. distance (used)
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
26.5	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
27.0	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
28.0	43.4	-11.1	4.5				-9.5	3	1.0
29.0	43.5	-11.0	4.6				-9.5	3	1.0
30.0	43.5	-10.9	4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
31.0	43.5	-10.8	4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
32.0	43.5	-10.7	4.8				-9.5	3	1.0
33.0	43.6	-10.7	4.9				-9.5	3	1.0
34.0	43.6	-10.6	5.0				-9.5	3	1.0
35.0	43.6	-10.5	5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
36.0	43.6	-10.4	5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
37.0	43.7	-10.3	5.2				-9.5	3	1.0
38.0	43.7	-10.2	5.3				-9.5	3	1.0
39.0	43.7	-10.2	5.4				-9.5	3	1.0
40.0	43.8	-10.1	5.5				-9.5	3	1.0

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

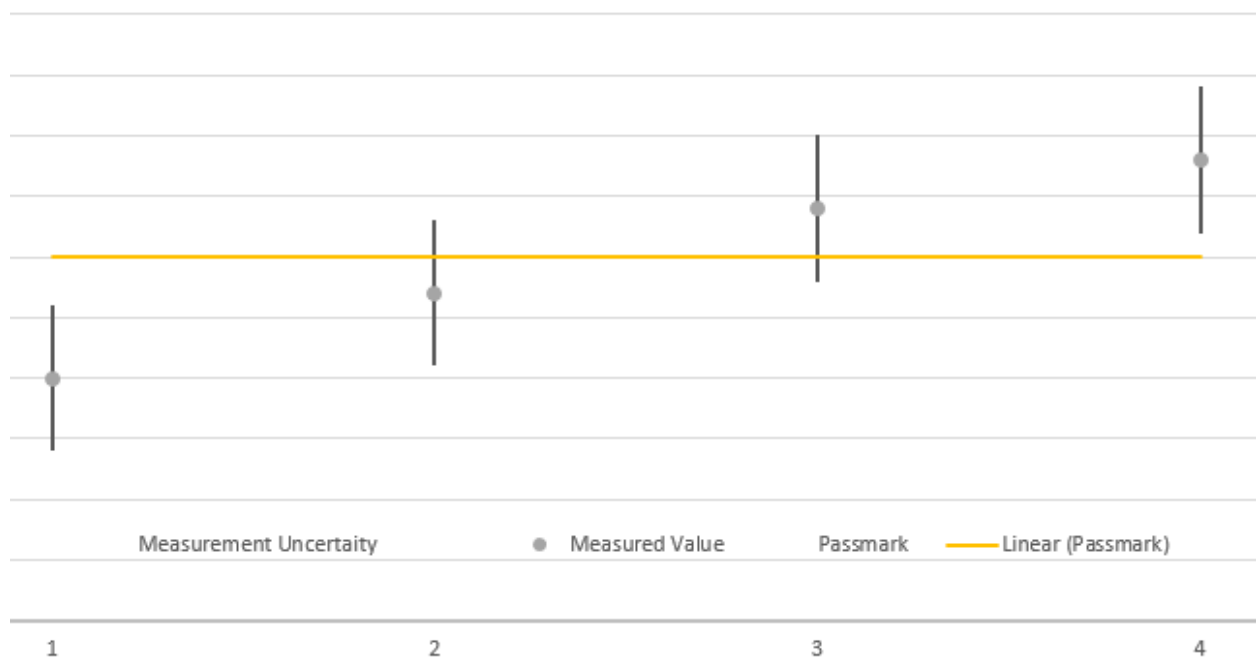
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

The measurement uncertainties for all parameters are calculated with an expansion factor (coverage factor) $k = 1.96$. This means, that the true value is in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.



The verdicts in this test report are given according the above diagram:

Case	Measured Value	Uncertainty Range	Verdict
1	below pass mark	below pass mark	Passed
2	below pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
3	above pass mark	within pass mark	Failed
4	above pass mark	above pass mark	Failed

That means, the laboratory applies, as decision rule (see ISO/IEC 17025:2017), the so called shared risk principle.

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.