RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency(RF) Radiation as specified in KDB 447498 D01 V06 and §1.1307(b)

CFR Title 47 §2.1091(b): (b) For purposes of this section, a mobile device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between the transmitter's radiating structure(s) and the body of the user or nearby persons.

FCC ID: 2A7VD-H5044 EUT Specification

EUT	Smart Gateway 1s					
Frequency band (Operating)	⊠WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz					
	□WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.24GHz					
	□WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz					
	☑Others: 2.402GHz~2.480GHz BLE & 912.375 MHz					
Device category	☐Portable (<20cm separation)					
	⊠Mobile (>20cm separation)					
	Others					
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2)					
	☐General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)					
Antenna diversity	☐Single antenna					
	⊠Multiple antennas					
	☐Tx diversity					
	☐Rx diversity					
	☐Tx/Rx diversity					
Evaluation applied	⊠MPE Evaluation					
	☐SAR Evaluation					

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure(MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power	Average				
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m) Density(mW/cm²)		Time				
(A) Limits for Occupational/Control Exposures								
300-1500			F/300	6				
1500-100000			5	6				
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrol Exposures								
300-1500			F/1500	6				
1500-100000			1	30				

Friis transmission formula: Pd=(Pout*G)\(4*pi*R2)

Where

Pd= Power density in mW/cm²

Pout=output power to antenna in Mw

G= gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi=3.1416

R= distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd the limit of MPE, 1mW/cm2. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.

Measurement Result

2.4GHz WiFi worst case:

Operating Mode	Channel Frequency	Measured Power	Tune up tolerance	Max. Tune up Power	Antenna Gain	Power density at 20cm	Power density
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/ cm ²)	Limits (mW/cm ²)
802.b	2462	16.32	16.32±1	17.32	2.42	0.0187	1

BLE worst case:

0	Channel	Measured	Tune up	Max. Tune	Antenna	Power density	D
Operating	Frequency	Power	tolerance	up Power	Gain	at 20cm	Power density
Mode	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/ cm ²)	Limits (mW/cm ²)
1M	2480	2.33	2.33±1	3.33	2.42	0.0007	1

912.375MHz case:

Channel	Field	Measured	Tune up	Max. Tune	Antenna	Power density	Power density
Frequency	Strength	Power	tolerance	up Power	Gain	at 20cm	Limits
(MHz)	dBµV/m	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/ cm ²)	(mW/cm ²)
912.375	82.66	-12.60	-12.60±1	-11.60	1.48	0.00002	0.61

Note: E=EIRP-20logD=104.8

Where:

E=electric field strength in dBµV/m

EIRP=equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D=specified measurement distance in meters

Note:

- 1. BLE and WiFi cannot support simultaneous transmission.
- 2. The 912.375MHz and BLE can support simultaneous transmission: 0.00002/0.61+0.0007/1=0.00003+0.0007=0.00073
- 3. The 912.375MHz and 2.4G WiFi can support simultaneous transmission: 0.00002/0.61+0.0187/1=0.00003+0.0187=0.01873

Test Result: Pass